

Tonight: Generally fair. Generally fair.

MONTANA—Partly cloudy and probably unsettled tonight and Wednesday, cooler Wednesday in south.

ATION PAYS HOMAGE TO MEN OF THE FIRST CITIZEN ARMY

at Demonstrations in Many Cities of the Country for the Men Called to Colors Under Draft

IDENT REVIEWS THE DRAFTS IN WASHINGTON 100 DEPART TOMORROW

Thousand Conscripted Youths March in Parades in New York City—Thousands Join on Their Way Into the National Army—Union Veterans and Confederates March Side by Side in Washington's Parade.

New York, Washington and scores of other large cities today the people honored the men of the new citizen army, the nucleus of which departs tomorrow night for the cantonments where active training will begin. Five per cent of the 625,000 men to compose the first army have been called to proceed at once to cantonments. President Wilson reviewed the drafted men in Washington. Foreign diplomats and high government officials occupied places in the reviewing stand. Members of the press and other officials took part in the great parade. In New York a letter from the president was read to the drafted men as they were lined up in the first "at attention" before their local exemption members.

100 MEN OF THE FIRST ARMY BEING DRAFTED TODAY

Many Points of National Guard Move to the Training Camps Tomorrow.

Sept. 4.—Drafted men from the first quota going to the cantonments were reviewed today by local boards in all districts. Instructions and rail tickets. Most of them were given permission to spend the night at home and are under orders to report to the board shortly before time tomorrow. Of the 100,000 men, most of whom were selected because of previous military training or experience as included in the first quota, tonight they will be in cantonments, except those at Ft. L. L. and Admiral, Md. Instructions are not completed. The draft quota will be placed in the hands of the men for their department warrants for transportation and meals and authority.

DATE PLOT TO SLAY CANADIAN PREMIER

Sept. 4.—Frustration of a plot to assassinate Sir Robert Borden, of Canada, and Arthur Meighen, solicitor general, and to the parliament buildings at Ottawa has been effected by the anti-conscriptivist agitators. They have been responsible for a plot about a month ago to kill Lord Athelstan. The plot was foiled by the late Laumiere, one of the 11 under arrest in connection with the conspiracy, removed the revolver from the plot. The plot was foiled by a person with strong German connections.

COUNTY EXEMPTION BOARD WILL GET ITS ORDERS

es Yet Certified From the General or Provost Marshal of the Drafted Men Are First to Leave for Training Camp.

The day of entrainment of the county is drawing close, a completion of the exemption orders has left exemption members of Silver Bow county a quandary that can be cleared up only by the receipt of instructions from the general or the provost marshal. The first 18 men of the

WEIRD RUMORS BRING SEVERE STOCK SETBACK

Market Prices Tumble as Crop of Alarming Reports Gains Currency.

New York, Sept. 4.—One of the most severe setbacks the stock market has had in several months occurred today when prices broke 5 to 10 points under feverish liquidation, the market being all but demoralized during the last hour. Persistent rumors were in circulation of government action looking to the taking over of railroads, of closing the stock exchange and others equally alarming to stock market traders, and those were the only reasons which observers could find to explain the selling. High grade railroad stocks fell 3 to 5 points, some recording lowest prices of recent years. New York Central, New Haven and St. Paul established new low records. U. S. Steel was hammered down from 111 1/2 to below 105. Anaconda was forced down to 65 1/2. The day's turnover of stocks reached more than 1,000,000 shares.

NEW TONNAGE TO OFFSET LOSSES FROM SUBMARINES

Rate of Construction Increasing Rapidly—Many Ships Commissioned.

London, Sept. 4.—Commenting on the rapid increase in shipbuilding to offset losses from the submarine campaign, the Cardiff correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company says that two supplements published by Lloyd's Shipping Register show that between June 3 and July 17 more than 100 steamers, of which 62 are British, were added to the register. Most of these vessels are of large tonnage. The rate of construction is understood to be increasing rapidly.

CITY EXEMPTION BOARD WILL GET ITS ORDERS

county's quota are to be sent to American Lake in five daily contingents of three or four men each, starting tomorrow night. On last Saturday the Butte city exemption board received orders to ignore the previous instructions concerning the sending of men in daily contingents beginning Wednesday, and to send all 40 of the first group on next Saturday evening. No such orders were received by the county board. The variance of orders to the city and county boards is further complicated by the fact that the county board has been unable to notify any men to appear tomorrow night for entrainment. The county board has forwarded (Continued on Page Two.)

PRINCIPAL SPEAKERS IN TONIGHT'S MASS MEETING AT COLUMBIA GARDENS



JUDGE JAMES W. GERARD, FORMER AMBASSADOR TO GERMANY, AND SENATOR W. A. CLARK. Judge Gerard, as the guest of the people of Butte, on a joint invitation of the city, the county, the Rotary club and the Chamber of Commerce, will address a mass meeting at Columbia Gardens this evening. He will urge unquestioning loyalty to the government at this period of the national crisis. Judge Gerard announced today that he will speak particularly to the men who have been drafted into the first national army. Senator Clark will preside at tonight's meeting and will introduce the distinguished visitor to his Butte audience.

James W. Gerard, former ambassador to the German empire from the United States, is a guest of Butte today. He will deliver an address at 7 o'clock this evening at a mass meeting in the ball park of Columbia Gardens. Judge Gerard arrived in Butte last evening at 7:35 o'clock over the

B. A. & P. from Anaconda. He rode via automobile from Hamilton to Anaconda. Judge Gerard expects to leave Butte on the morning train for Anaconda. He will return to Hamilton by automobile. The former ambassador had not made any special plans for the immediate future and

will probably remain in the Bitter Root Valley for some time. He has been ill recently, but said today that he was feeling fine. His address this evening will be especially for the benefit of the men who have been drafted from this city and county and (Continued on Page Ten.)

STRONG SUPPORT FOR GOVERNMENT BY AMERICAN BAR

Sweeping Resolution on War Issue Recommended to Association.

Saratoga Springs, N. Y., Sept. 4.—Resolutions pledging the loyalty of the American Bar association to the government were presented at the opening session of the annual meeting of the organization this morning by Elihu Root on behalf of the executive committee, with the unanimous recommendation of the committee that they be adopted. The resolutions assert that the future freedom and security of the country depend on the defeat of the German military power; approve the entrance of the United States into the war before it was too late to find success through the united action of the democratic powers; urge the most vigorous possible prosecution of the war and conclude as follows: "We stand for the dispatch of the American army wherever raised, to the battle front in Europe, where the armed enemies of our country can be found and fought and where our own territory can be best defended. We condemn all attempts in congress and out of it to hinder and embarrass the government of the United States in carrying on the war with vigor and effectiveness. Under whatever cover of pacifism or technicality such attempts are made, we deem them to be in spirit pro-German and in effect giving aid and comfort to the enemy." Boris A. Bakshmetoff, Russian ambassador to the United States, in an address expressed the opinion that the present condition of unrest in his country was "but one of the infant diseases which will disappear."

CHICAGO CITY COUNCIL COMMENDS GOV. LOWDEN

Chicago, Sept. 4.—The Chicago city council today in special session, after a three-hour discussion, adopted a resolution commending Governor Lowden for his stand against permitting pacifist agitation in Illinois and requesting the state's chief executive to prevent the holding of any meeting in the future which may be inimical to public safety or disloyal or treasonable to the United States. The resolution, which was presented by Alderman Tomlan, was amended before being adopted by a vote of 42 to 6. The council then adjourned.

BUT SINGLE BUYER OF WHEAT IN THE MARKET AND HE IS UNCLE SAM

No Bidding, No Discussion. Everybody Gets Check at Fixed Price.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—There was just one buyer in the Chicago wheat market today and he didn't even visit the board of trade. He was Uncle Sam and he had an office in the Otis building, two blocks from the board. There was one basis price, \$2.20, fixed by President Wilson. The methods pursued were very simple. The man who received the wheat had it placed in an elevator, obtained a receipt from the elevator, took his receipt to the Otis building and got his check. Through a misunderstanding a little spot wheat sold at slightly above the government basis, but the local representative of the food administrator issued a warning that there must be no repetition of the offense.

RUSSIANS STILL IN RETREAT ON THE RIGA FRONT

Petrograd, Sept. 4.—The Russian retreat in the Riga region is being continued along the coast in a northeasterly direction, the war office announced today. In the Kull district the Russians are retiring northward, having been dislodged by the Germans in the great Jaegel river region. Hostile ships are shelling the Riga coast, the announcement adds.

150 GUNS AND MANY RUSSIANS CAPTURED

Berlin, Sept. 4 (via London).—Several thousand Russians were taken (Continued on Page Three.)

AMERICAN SAILORS ARE ATTACKED BY CROWDS IN CORK

Men and Young Girls Walking With Them Are Insulted. Arms Stolen.

London, Sept. 4.—Attacks on American sailors Sunday night are reported in a dispatch from Cork to the Chronicle. It is said that gangs of young men paraded the streets and set upon the Americans, who were accompanied by their sweethearts. One instance cited is that of two Americans who were attacked on the chief street of Cork, a young woman with them being insulted and having her hat torn off. The correspondent reports that the sailors did nothing improper or contrary to good taste to invite the attack and as far as could be learned did not retaliate. They escaped on a tram car. All the girls who suffered at the hands of the crowds, the dispatch says, belong to the respectable middle class. An attempt was made at 11 p. m. to break into places where Americans are staying, the dispatch continues, but after a short siege the attackers departed. Several parties paraded the streets singing Sinn Fein songs and performing military evolutions. Some (Continued on Page Eleven.)

ASK SECRETARY FOR INFORMATION

House Passes Resolution Concerning Sending of Defective Ammunition.

Washington, Sept. 4.—Secretary Baker, by a resolution adopted in the house today, was called on for information regarding sending defective ammunition to American troops in Europe. The resolution, offered by Representative McLemore of Texas, was adopted without comment. Investigation also was proposed in another resolution introduced today by Chairman Dent of the military committee after a conference with Secretary Baker. While the secretary acquiesced in the inquiry he expressed the opinion that there was nothing serious in the situation and that every battlefield in Europe bore evidence of the same excellence on the part of the European belligerents.

107 NAVAL MEN ARE KILLED BY AERO RAIDERS

Six German Airplanes Bomb British Naval Base of Chatham.

MATERIAL DAMAGE WAS SMALL, ADMIRALTY SAYS

Machines Came in the Night and Escaped Without Losses.

London, Sept. 4.—In last night's air raid 107 persons were killed and 86 wounded at Chatham, it is announced officially. The victims were naval ratings. Six airplanes took part in the raid. Early reports on the air raids over the southeast coast on Sunday and Monday nights said they seemed to be more for the purpose of testing the possibility of attack by moonlight than the hope of doing any considerable damage. Like the single aviator who dropped bombs on Dover Sunday night, those who came last night kept at a very high altitude, and while their machines could be heard, they could not be seen. Nevertheless, British airplanes went up in pursuit. After dropping bombs over a wide area, many falling into fields or the sea, the raiders departed as quickly as they came.

EFFORT TO BOOST WAR PROFITS TAX LOST IN SENATE

Proposals of La Follette and Hollis Are Rejected on Vote.

COMPROMISE PLAN OF COMMITTEE STANDS

The Wisconsin Senator Would Levy 60 Per Cent of Net Profits.

Washington, Sept. 4.—The group of senators fighting to secure a higher war profits taxation scheme than that recommended by the finance committee was defeated again today when Senator Hollis' proposal to strike out the committee's new compromise provision extending the war profits tax to peace profits of over 10 per cent and estimated to raise \$428,000,000 additional taxes was rejected. Immediately after disposing of Senator Hollis' proposal the senate rejected, 50 to 18, an amendment by Senator LaFollette to levy a flat increase of 60 per cent on war profits, designed to raise not less than \$1,800,000,000. The amendment by Senator Hollis for a flat increase of 50 per cent on war profits later met the same fate as preceding proposals. It was rejected, 52 to 18.

SUFFRAGETTES ARRESTED NEAR THE WHITE HOUSE

Workers of Entente Must First Agree on War Aims, Says Resolution.

Washington, Sept. 4.—Militants of the National Woman's party made today's procession in honor of men drafted for the national army the occasion for more picketing of the white house. Pickets began appearing at the white house gates in pairs and as the police arrested them others took their places. The women announced they would keep up the battle as long as the supply of pickets held out. The supply of pickets kept steadily coming to the white house gates as fast as the police made the arrests, and an hour before the procession started, 10 had been taken in. The women's managers said they had enough pickets on hand to last all afternoon. Despite the announcement that there was an afternoon's supply of pickets on hand, the continued arrests seemingly dampened the ardor of the volunteers and after ten had been taken in the picketing stopped. All those arrested were bailed out for trial later. (Continued on Page Ten.)

DISLOYAL BIRDS OF A FEATHER FLOCK TOGETHER

Metal Mine Workers' Union Endorses Treasonable Society That Was Barred From Meeting. Invited to Send Delegate.

That the Butte Metal Mine Workers union is entirely consistent in its disloyal attitude toward the United States government is one of the few things that may be said in its favor. It doesn't make any pretenses to a patriotism it doesn't possess, and that is something for the public knows always were to find it. The organization was conceived at a time when some of its leading members were involved in a demonstration against the war and the draft—a demonstration that amounted to a near riot and required the activities of soldiers to suppress. Its latest act was the endorsement of the People's Council of America for Democracy and Peace—the organization that was denied a

BRITISH LABOR OPPOSES STOCKHOLM MEETING

Workers of Entente Must First Agree on War Aims, Says Resolution.

Blackpool, England, Sept. 4.—The Trades Union congress today placed itself on record as opposed to participation in the International Socialist congress at Stockholm, abandoning the idea of sending British delegates. By a vote of 2,894,000 to 91,000 the congress adopted the recommendation of the parliamentary committee that, although an international conference is desirable in principle, it would be useless in practice until an agreement as to war aims is reached among the workers of the allied nations.