



DIAMONDS

The Most Acceptable of Christmas Gifts

A LEYS DIAMOND—so well known for perfection in every detail, color, brilliancy and freedom from flaws—is a woman's gift. With over 90 per cent of our diamond rings—ABSOLUTELY PERFECT KIND—we are enabled to make a showing such as Butte has never seen before.

It Will Pay You to Make Your Selection At LEYS

Diamond solitaires of the popular medium-priced sizes, mounted in plain rings or in the latest hand-carved and filigree mountings. Priced from \$25.00 to \$100. Larger sizes, fine brilliant stones of pure quality, mounted in right up-to-the-minute rings. A very select group. Prices range from \$105 to \$250.

Our very best, large rich stones, unusual in their fine color and excellent quality, mounted in the best our stock afforded. Rare beauties every one of them. \$265 to \$1,000.

Money could not buy a reputation such as ours—it has been built carefully guarded jealously during nearly thirty years of business in Butte. It is so strong, so well known that the utmost confidence is inspired in every purchaser, and to the recipient of every diamond gift is carried the comfortable assurance that since it is from Leys, it must be RIGHT.

LEYS

Jeweler and Optometrist,
20 N. MAIN ST.

LABOR PARTY ON THE WAR TOPICS

Great Meeting is to Be Held in England in Month of January.

London, Dec. 9.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press).—British labor's attitude towards war and peace will be the chief subjects of discussion at the seventeenth annual conference of the labor party, beginning Jan. 23.

Among the resolutions to be submitted is one by British socialist party which says in effect that labor's participation in the government has not resulted in any tangible benefits to the mass of the people. The resolution adds that neither has the association of the labor party with the government assured that the coming peace will be made by the democratic rather than by capitalistic diplomacy. The document also refers to "the methods employed to remove Mr. Henderson from the war cabinet when acting in perfect accord with the decisions of the labor party which prove that participation in the government and fidelity to the labor movement are incompatible." It will therefore be urged by the socialists that members of the labor party now holding office be withdrawn.

Want Representation.

The independent labor party will submit a resolution for discussion which in part says:

"In the opinion of this conference, the war marks the breakdown of the old method of diplomacy which settled the international relations of the peoples without consulting or even informing them; it marks the end of statesmen who have used victories to impose terms of peace which left suspicion, hate and resentment behind and which were followed by military alliances and armaments that violated the principles of self-government in order to satisfy military demands and imperialist appetites; it therefore calls upon the government, if the sacrifices of the war have not been in vain, to provide for the direct representation of the organized democracy in every conference which discusses the conditions of peace, to reject war aims which give the war the character of an imperialist venture and to use its influence and authority in every possible way to remove the causes of war; to this end the conference declares that no obstacle would be put in the way of responsible representatives of labor conferring together with a view to arriving at such an understanding upon the problems of Europe as will receive the co-operative support of all the democracies, without which there can be no lasting peace."

Perhaps the most revolutionary of all the resolutions is one by the Amalgamated Society of Engineers, which said in part:

Revolutionary Plan.

"This conference, recognizing that the present system of financing the war has resulted in giving to the rich not only excessive profits during the war, but also a constantly increasing claim upon the national income after the war in the form of interest, calls upon the government to impose at once a levy of 25 per cent on the whole capital wealth of the country, to be levied on all persons in possession of more than £1,000, to be followed by further levies for the purpose of extinguishing the national debt and compelling the rich to repay to the nation the wealth which they have acquired, not in return for services rendered, but as the result of an unjust and vicious economic system."

A second resolution by the same organization advocates "the complete nationalization of shipping and transport," as well as the following:

"State purchase and control of all essential raw materials and food-stuffs.

"The fixing of maximum, but not of minimum, prices for all essential commodities, both for the government and for the civilian consumer.

"The elimination of all unnecessary middlemen's profits.

"The full utilization by the government of the resources of the co-operative movement for the purpose of distribution.

"The complete abandonment of the policy of bounties and subsidies to capitalist producers and the substitution of a system by which production is stimulated, not by bounties, but by increased state control of agriculture and industry."

GRADUAL DECLINE IN PRINT PAPER SUPPLY

Washington, Dec. 19.—Reports to the federal trade commission on the news print paper market for five weeks ending Dec. 2 show a loss of production, due principally to strikes on the Pacific coast and breakdowns at mills; a decline in mill stocks of about 4,000 tons, and show about 8,500 tons held at delivery points. A small decline in jobbers' stocks is indicated and also a decline of about 2,500 tons in publishers' stocks is shown.

Exports for September and October doubled.

GERMAN PATROLS ARE ACTIVE IN FLANDERS

London, Dec. 19.—German patrols were active last night in Flanders, the war office reports. The statement follows:

"The hostile reconnoiterers endeavored to approach our posts southeast and northeast of Passchendaele. They were driven off by our fire. We made a few prisoners. Elsewhere there was nothing of special importance."

GIFTS

That Abide
The joy of giving is vastly increased when you know that your gifts have that character and quality which makes it impossible for them to be a mere case of "here today and forgotten tomorrow." They do not have to cost much more, either.

See What \$2.50 and Up Buys

- CUFF LINKS
- RINGS
- TIE PINS
- CHARMS
- CHAINS
- FOBS
- FOUNTAIN PENS

- PENCILS
- CIGARETTE CASES
- BROOCHES
- BRACELETS
- LAVALLIERES
- VASES
- BEAUTY PINS
- KNIVES
- MANY OTHERS

Come In Now—Select Your Gift—A Small Deposit Will Hold It Until Wanted.

Towle - Winterhalter
Hannifin Company
Montana's Largest Reliable Jewelers.
101 West Park Street.

FORMER N. Y. GIRL AIDS WAR RELIEF



LADY ARTHUR PAGET

Lady Arthur Paget, who before her marriage was Miss Mary Stevens of New York, is one of the many American women in England who are leaders in war relief work.

ALL BUT HUMAN

A delayed shipment of beautiful photographs and gramophones just arrived, latest models and latest improvements. Really they are all but human. Sale price \$15 and upward. Big inducements. Cash or terms. Montana Piano Co., 219 North Main street, Butte.—Adv.

FOEY!

"When these Dry leaders power can wield,"
Remarked old Mr. Hammel,
"They'll take the Eagles off our shield,
And substitute the Camel."

HALF PRICE SALE

SUITS
OVERCOATS
MOTOR COATS
And All
Furnishing Goods
on Sale at
Half Price,
Cost or Less

The Clothery
31 North Main

CAMPBELL'S UNION CALLS OFF 'STRIKE'

Formal Action Taken Last Evening—Mines Working at Normal Capacity.

By a vote that was practically unanimous, the remnant of the metal mine workers' union last night formally called off the alleged strike against the mining companies operating in this district. For months the strike used to secure contributions from I. W. W. organizations and legitimate unions in various parts of the country, which subscribed under the mistaken idea that mining was tied up here and that there was an issue between the miners and the employing companies. For some time the mines have been working at practically normal capacity and last night the so-called union decided to keep up the pretense of a strike no longer.

Last night's action followed the report of a committee that had been sent to Seattle with a view to interesting Federal Labor Commissioner Wilson and his associates in the situation here. Mr. Wilson had been in the west, making a tour of those districts where strikes were in progress. He had visited Arizona, the shipyards on San Francisco Bay and plants at Portland and Seattle, where he was instrumental in adjusting labor disputes. An effort was made by the Butte delegation to get Mr. Wilson and his commission to stop in Butte on their way east. The commissioner, however, found there was nothing in the situation here that would warrant a visit or investigation and he passed through Butte on his way east last week without stopping.

The strike among miners in Butte was called last June, shortly after the disaster in the North Butte. The matter had been brewing for some time. I. W. W. agitators had been sent to Butte with the view of starting trouble. This developed on June 5, when the city was threatened with a riot over the matter of conscription on the evening of June 5 a demonstration took place in Butte in opposition to the draft. This was participated in by members of the I. W. W. and others. Some arrests followed, after which more agitators were sent to Butte. These worked at in particular with the Finn element. Out of the agitation grew the metal mine workers' union, dominated by Thomas Campbell, one of the charter members of the Butte I. W. W. propaganda league, who had had a part in the troubles in this district in 1914 and others, some of whom were prominently identified with the I. W. W. Campbell was a shrewd organizer. He advised against open violence and he adopted a course that undoubtedly prolonged the trouble.

The Butte union acted in conjunction with the I. W. W. organization in Arizona, where the trouble became acute and attracted national attention. In Arizona some of the strikes tying up properties were engineered by miners having nothing to do with the I. W. W. In this district the new union did not openly affiliate with the I. W. W., further than to accept I. W. W. cards in part payment of membership dues and to solicit and accept aid from I. W. W. organizations.

At one time some of the unions connected with the metal trades council did not openly affiliate with the I. W. W. Later these matters were adjusted and the Campbell organization continued to go it alone, receiving financial aid, however, from many organizations. Recently the money did not come in in as steady a stream as formerly. Even the Finns grew insubordinant when they saw the strike was lost and a few weeks ago voted to call the strike off, complaining that the I. W. W. had contributed more than \$15,000 to the Butte strike and were tired of putting up more money. The vote of the Finns was taken at their hall at 6 o'clock one evening. At 8 o'clock, the union meeting at the same place voted down the proposition of the Finns. Without the cordial support of the latter, however, the affairs of the union dragged and last night the end came.

MARINE SERGEANT WILL LEAVE CITY TOMORROW

Recruiting Officer Speer Called Back to the Office in Portland.

Sergeant George N. Speer, in charge of the marine corps recruiting office in Butte since Sept. 19, has been ordered to return to the headquarters office in Portland. His place here will be taken by Recruiting Officer Brown, who was in Butte last summer with Sergeant Rice. Sergeant Speer leaves Butte tomorrow night.

Since taking charge of the Butte recruiting office last September, Sergeant Speer has accepted 49 men for the marine corps and has rejected 144 men. The figures give some idea of the strict physical tests imposed for enlistment in the marine corps and of the high standard set for men in that branch of the military service.

During his stay in Butte Sergeant Speer organized the Marine Scouts, an organization of boys that will be continued under Mr. Brown and local backers. He also has taken into the marine corps a number of well known young men of the state, some of wealthy and prominent families. The sergeant served in the marines from 1903 to 1907, enlisting again in April of this year. He recently received a letter of commendation from Colonel A. S. McLemore of Washington, D. C., for his patriotic work for the marines and for giving up a lucrative business in Oregon to get back into the organization of the "Soldiers of the Sea."

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE POST

LAST TIMES TONIGHT!!

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

IN "THE ADVENTURER"

The biggest laugh of the year! You'll laugh—whether or not you want to! Don't miss it.

also

ELAINE HAMMERSTEIN

IN "THE CO-RESPONDENT"

A picture that holds your undivided attention from start to finish.

TONIGHT ONLY



TO SHOPPERS:—After making your purchases you can see a complete show at the Rialto (starting at 9:30 p. m.) and leave your parcels at the free check room. THE MANAGEMENT.

A STRANGE EPITAPH.

In Lincoln County, Kansas, there is an old graveyard that contains a monument that attracts attention because of the unique epitaph, as follows:

"W. S. Francier, died September 30, 1883, aged 78 years. Death had no terror for him. He died as he lived, an unbeliever in all creeds and church dogmas. He professed no knowledge of any other world and but little of this."

My son, you're certain to succeed if this advice you'll take: You should make fewer promises. And keep the few you make.

HEAVY LOSS IN BALTIMORE FIRE

Baltimore, Md., Dec. 19.—Revised estimates of the losses caused by the fire last night which destroyed the four-story building at 219 West Baltimore street, in the business center of the city, and damaged two adjoining buildings, placed the total amount at \$799,000.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE BUTTE DAILY POST

XMAS FURS HOENCK'S FOX FURS



RIGHT NOW—We can offer you choosing from the choicest display of Fox Sets and separate Scarfs of the entire season.

COLORS ARE Taupe, Silver, Gray, Georgette, Lucile, Sable, Brown, Amber, Silver Pointed.

THESE SPECIAL PIECES are made for us from the finest and largest Alaska skins, very thick and long, silky fur. They are the best we have ever shown.

PRICES ARE:

Matched Sets . . \$60.00 to \$250.00
Separate Scarfs \$25.00 to \$200.00

RICHARD P. HOENCK

206 North Main. Formerly A. Rauh.
Largest Fur House West of Minneapolis.

Open Evenings Open Evenings



THE IDEAL GIFT FOR HER

Phoenix Hose in All Styles and Qualities, Also Phoenix Scarfs and Caps.

To save money is to save life. Buy war savings and thrift stamps.
Fisher's Millinery
CORNER PARK AND MONTANA.

UNDISCOVERED LAND TO BE MADE A DOMINION AS A WAR REWARD

Boston, Dec. 17.—As a reward for the gallantry of the overseas forces, the Foundland, the oldest British overseas possession, has been designated officially as the dominion of Newfoundland, according to word received from St. Johns today.

Write for the Butte Daily Post.

WARNING FROM THE FIRE UNDERWRITERS

New York, Dec. 19.—A warning against placing lighted candles behind Red Cross flags on Christmas day has been issued by the National Board of Fire Underwriters.

Electric flashlights have been suggested for use in place of candles.

Misoula? Palace hotel, of course. Adv.

Gift Values

Start Open Until 9 o'Clock

PETTICOATS
All silk petticoats of a high grade quality, wide, fancy flounces and all colors. Specially priced.
Only \$3.95

SILK SWEATERS
A good assortment to select from. Specially priced at
One-fourth Off

CAMISOLES
Nowhere in the city will you find a line of camisoles like ours. Regular \$1.50 quality at
Only \$1.25

WAISTS
Dark plaids and stripes, plain colors in Georgette crepe and crepe de chine and the tub silks in tailored models; \$5 values for
— ONLY \$3.95 —

HOSIERY
Too much cannot be said of our hose stock, and the prices are reasonable. They start at
75c and up

UNDERWEAR
Kayser and Silk Maid quality. The prices start at
\$1.75 and up

War Savers Are Life Savers
BUY WAR SAVINGS and THRIFT STAMPS

The FLORENCE CO.
A. MUSSER, Manager