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Guaranteed Work. Prices Always Right.

BLACKSMITHS
H. H. Whitsell S. F. Urban

Give us your work.

KICKS STRAIGHT OUT.
The Cassowary is a Natural Boxer and Likes to Dance Too.

That natural boxer, the cassowary, is the only species of bird, except perhaps the ostrich, whose methods of defense and attack are forward kicks. The cassowary kicks "straight out," like a man, and his ability in this relation might well be envied by any athlete.

Another peculiar characteristic of the cassowary is seen in his fondness for performing a sort of war dance over any object that attracts his attention. A cassowary once came upon a piece of gaudy ribbon blown inside his inclosure in a zoological garden. Now, this cassowary was one of the smallest of the collection, but he was of a martial temper. After a careful examination of the ribbon he began his war dance, maintaining it with great vigor for some time.

While he was at the height of his pleasure a larger cassowary approached and endeavored to interfere with the dance. The smaller bird suffered this interference for a few minutes, but finally he determined that it was no longer to be endured. When the larger bird tried to oust him from the spot in order that he in turn might prance about the ribbon the younger resented the intrusion in no uncertain fashion.

The two creatures were ill matched in height, one being about five feet and the other a foot or more shorter. But the battle that ensued demonstrated that among birds, as among men, weight and height do not always turn the balance. Forward kicks were the main feature of the combat. At first the blows were delivered chiefly on the breast and did not do much damage, but eventually the smaller bird knocked the other out with a masterly stroke delivered by the long, sharp claw of the inner toe on the wattle of his antagonist.

No fatal injury was done, but the shock must have been terrific, since the big bird retired in confusion and the smaller resumed his war dance over the ribbon.—Los Angeles Times.

Mourning Colors.
Intending to symbolize the gloom of night, "when all men sleep," black is the color of mourning all over Europe. In Persia pale brown materials are worn for mourning, the color of withered leaves. Both sorrow and hope are expressed to the south sea islander in black and white stripes, while in Ethiopia the mourning color is grayish brown, which represents "the earth to which all men shall return." Purple and violet have been the mourning colors for cardinals and kings of France, and white is worn to express grief in China. In Syria and Armenia sky blue is worn at the death of a relative and is intended to express the belief that the deceased has gone to heaven. In Egypt and Burma yellow is worn to symbolize the sere and yellow leaf.

No Followers.
A country clergyman who interested himself in finding places in London for little workhouse girls belonging to his parish placed one of his proteges with the family of a small tradesman in the east end as a general servant. When the girl had been in her situation for a few months he wrote a kind note to her, saying that he would be coming up to town shortly and would call to see how she was getting on. To his surprise he received this curt reply: "Honored Sir—Amelia Jones is very sorry and should be pleased to see you, but no followers is allowed."—London Mail.

The Making of Words.
Dean Swift protested against "speculations, operations, preliminaries, ambassadors, palliades, communication, circumvallation, battalions," as newfangled expressions brought into common use by the war of his day. Today nearly all these are the most orthodox English. In his time "mob" seems commonly to have been written "mobb," and "phizz" also had the double consonant; hence his complaint that "we cram one syllable and cut off the rest, as the owl fattened her mice after she had bit off their legs to prevent them from running away."

Elevated Rivers.
The most elevated river in the world is the Desaguadero, in Bolivia. It is of a considerable depth, and its whole length, from the village Desaguadero, at the south extremity of Titicaca, to the north end of the lake Aullagas, is about 180 miles. The average elevation of the valley or tableland of Desaguadero above the level of the sea is about 13,000 feet. The river whose source lies highest is the Indus, which rises on the north of the Kailas Parbat mountain, in Tibet, 22,000 feet above sea level.

RAILROAD Wages

Shall they be determined by Industrial Warfare or Federal Inquiry?

To the American Public:

Do you believe in arbitration or industrial warfare?

The train employes on all the railroads are voting whether they will give their leaders authority to tie up the commerce of the country to enforce their demands for a 100 million dollar wage increase.

The railroads are in the public service—your service. This army of employes is in the public service—your service.

You pay for rail transportation 3 billion dollars a year, and 44 cents out of every dollar from you goes to the employes.

On all the Western railroads in 1915, seventy-five per cent of the train employes earned these wages (lowest, highest and average of all) as shown by the pay rolls—

	Passenger		Freight		Yard	
	Range	Average	Range	Average	Range	Average
Engineers	\$1747 3094	\$2195	\$1537 3076	\$2071	\$1056 2445	\$1378
Conductors	1543 2789	1878	1454 2933	1935	1151 2045	1355
Firemen	1053 2078	1317	751 2059	1181	418 1552	973
Brakemen	854 1719	967	874 1961	1135	862 1821	1107

The average yearly wage payments to all Western train employes (including those who worked only part of the year) as shown by the 1915 payrolls were—

	Passenger	Freight	Yard
Engineers	\$2038	\$1737	\$1218
Conductors	1772	1624	1292
Firemen	1218	973	832
Brakemen	921	1000	1026

A 100 million dollar wage increase for men in freight and yard service (less than one-fifth of all employes) is equal to a 5 per cent advance in all freight rates.

The managers of the railroads, as trustees for the public, have no right to place this burden on the cost of transportation to you without a clear mandate from a public tribunal speaking for you.

The railroads have proposed the settlement of this controversy either under the existing national arbitration law, or by reference to the Interstate Commerce Commission. This offer has been refused by the employes' representatives.

Shall a nation-wide strike or an investigation under the Government determine this issue?

National Conference Committee of the Railways

ELISHA LEE, Chairman.
P. R. ALBRIGHT, Gen'l Manager, Atlantic Coast Line Railroad.
L. W. BALDWIN, Gen'l Manager, Central of Georgia Railway.
C. L. BARDO, Gen'l Manager, New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.
E. H. COAPMAN, Vice-President, Southern Railway.
S. E. COTTER, Gen'l Manager, Wabash Railway.
F. E. CROWLEY, Asst. Vice-President, New York Central Railroad.
G. H. EMERSON, Gen'l Manager, Great Northern Railway.
C. H. EWING, Gen'l Manager, Philadelphia & Reading Railway.
E. W. GRICE, Asst. to President, Chesapeake & Ohio Railway.

A. S. GREIG, Asst. to Engineers, St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad.
C. W. KOUNS, Gen'l Manager, Atchafalaya, Topoka & Santa Fe Railway.
H. W. McMASTERS, Gen'l Manager, Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad.
N. D. MAHER, Vice-President, Norfolk and Western Railway.
JAMES RUSSELL, Gen'l Manager, Denver & Rio Grande Railroad.
A. M. SCHUYER, Resident Vice-Pres., Pennsylvania Lines West.
W. L. SEDDON, Vice-President, Seaboard Air Line Railway.
A. J. STONE, Vice-President, Erie Railroad.
G. S. WAID, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l Mgr., Sunset Central Lines.

Win Rodgers. Oscar Gilbertson.

THE CORNER
Ekalaka's Thirst Emporium

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NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Miles City, Montana, July 1, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Leo E. Barthelme, of Powderville, Mont., who, on July 5, 1915, made Homestead Entry, No. 01222, for E1/2 N1/4, SW1/4 NE1/4, Sec. 8, Township 18 N., Range 54 E., M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before S. J. Emswiler, U. S. Commissioner, at Ekalaka, Montana, on the 11th day of Aug. 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Evan O. Gresby, of Kimball, Montana.
Earl Davis, of Powderville, Montana.
Casey Barthelme, of Beebe, Montana.
Ole Jensen, of Kimball, Montana.
G. W. MYERS, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Miles City, Montana, July 1, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Christof Ramme of Ekalaka, Montana, who, on June 9th 1915, made Add Homestead Entry, No. 02510, for N1/2 SW1/4, S1/2 SW1/4, Section 35, Township 18 N., Range 54 E., M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before S. J. Emswiler, U. S. Commissioner, at Ekalaka, Montana, on the 11th day of Aug. 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Lyman F. Kennedy, Charles M. Peabody, Harry Labreck, Frank Bourn all of Ekalaka, Montana.
G. W. MYERS, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Miles City, Montana, July 1, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Vienna M. Wash, of Rema, Montana, widow of Joseph G. Wash, deceased who on Aug. 26, 1915, Aug. 8, 1915, made Homestead entry, No. 02526, 01590, for SW1/4 SE1/4, S1/2 SW1/4, Sec. 13, SE1/4 SE1/4, Sec. 14, N1/2 E1/4, Sec. 23, N1/2 W1/4, Sec. 24 T. 35, R. 60 E., M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before S. J. Emswiler, U. S. Commissioner, at Ekalaka, Montana, on the 15th day of Aug. 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Clarence W. Russell, Gaylord L. Webster, Mary L. Wash, William L. Wash all of Rema, Montana.
G. W. MYERS, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Miles City, Montana, July 1, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Elmer E. Figg, of Ekalaka, Montana, who, on Aug. 1, 1912, made Homestead Entry, No. 01523, for SW1/4, SW1/4, SW1/4, NE1/4, NW1/4, SE1/4, Section 4, Township 2 N., Range 56 E., M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before S. J. Emswiler, U. S. Commissioner, at Ekalaka, Montana, on the 15th day of Aug. 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Frank E. Kowitz, Alva T. Dague, Ole Markuson, Frank G. Gunther all of Ekalaka Mont.
G. W. MYERS, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, Miles City, Mont., July 1, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Roderick Munro, Jr. of Ekalaka, Mont., who, on May 6, 1916, made Homestead Entry, No. 02528, for E1/2, Section 4, Township 2 N., Range 57 E., M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before S. J. Emswiler, U. S. Commissioner, at Ekalaka, Montana, on the 11th day of Aug. 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses:
David Dinwoodie, John Carmichael both of Ekalaka, Montana, Nicholas C. Price, Walter G. Price both of Tee Dee, Montana.
G. W. MYERS, Register.

RESTORATION TO ENTRY OF LANDS IN NATIONAL FOREST. Notice is hereby given that the land described below, embracing 329 acres, within the Sioux National Forest, Montana, will be subject to settlement and entry under the provisions of the homestead laws of the United States and the act of June 11, 1906 (34 Stat., 233), at the U. S. Land Office at Miles City, Mont., on Sept. 2, 1916. Any settler who was actually and in good faith claiming any of said lands for agricultural purposes prior to January 1, 1906, and has not abandoned same, has a preference right to make a homestead entry for the lands actually occupied. Said lands were listed upon the applications of the persons mentioned below, who have a preference right subject to the prior right of any settler qualified to make homestead entry and the preference right is exercised prior to Sept. 2, 1916, on which date the lands will be subject to settlement and entry by any qualified person. The lands are as follows: The W1/2 SW1/4, the W1/2 SE1/4 SW1/4, the W1/2 E1/2 SW1/4, the W1/2 SE1/4 SW1/4, the SW1/4 NE1/4 SW1/4, the N1/2 SE1/4 SW1/4, the NW1/4 NW1/4 SE1/4, the W1/2 NE1/4 NW1/4 SE1/4, Sec. 13, T. 2 S., R. 60 E., M. P. 100 acres, application of Arthur Billings, Stoddard, Wisconsin, List 1915.
The W1/2 SW1/4, Sec. 11, the W1/2 NW1/4 Sec. 14, T. 3 S., R. 60 E., 100 acres, application of Frank Christenot, Ekalaka, Montana; List 1915, June 12, 1916. C. M. BRUCE, Assistant Commissioner of the General Land Office.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Miles City, Montana, July 1, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Harry L. Williams, of Ekalaka, Mont., who, on May 29, 1911, made Homestead Entry, No. 01220, for N1/2, Sec. 18, Township 11 N., Range 40 E., M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before S. J. Emswiler, U. S. Commissioner, at Ekalaka, Montana, on the 12th day of Aug. 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John McNary, Archie Franklin, Claud C. Teely, Perry K. Wilson all of Ekalaka, Montana.
G. W. MYERS, Register.

P. C. CORNISH
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

General Court and Land Office Practice

Office in Pearce Block
BAKER MONTANA.

S. J. EMSWILER
U. S. Commissioner Notary Public

Fillings, Final and Yearly roofs. All Homestead papers properly executed

EKALAKA, MONTANA

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