

The River Press

Published every Wednesday Morning by the River Press Publishing Company.

THE REPUBLICAN VOTE.

A striking fact revealed in every republican state which has had a presidential primary thus far is that the republican poll maintains its old ascendancy. There is no indication anywhere that the party is losing ground, comments the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. This is a welcome manifestation to all elements of the republicans. The supporters of Taft, Roosevelt, LaFollette and Cummins can all rejoice over this revelation of the strength of their party on the eve of the greatest national plebiscite. It means that if the ticket, whoever heads it, gets a fairly complete vote of the party it will carry the country.

Nobody will be surprised that the republicans held a long lead in the primaries in Pennsylvania, nor is there any cause for surprise at their ascendancy in Illinois, although the democrats have been claiming that state for November. But the republican lead in the primaries in Nebraska and Oregon is something which many republicans did not look for. Both of those states have been claimed by democrats all along. The democrats have half of Nebraska's congressional delegates in each house, as chosen in 1910, and they have a majority in the legislature. They have one of Oregon's senators, and they carried that state for governor in 1910. But in the primaries in each state a few days ago the republicans showed a good-sized lead.

There is a reasonable certainty, as indicated by the votes for delegates this far, that the verdict of 1910 for congress and president in 1912. This is just what democrats as well as republicans had a right to expect. While the result in 1910 was a republican defeat, it was not a democratic victory. Enough republicans in all the close congressional districts remained away from the polls in that year to give the democrats a majority in the house. No republican swung over to the democratic side. The aggregate democratic vote was much smaller in that year than it was for congress or president two years earlier. The interest shown in the primaries in the past few weeks, however, indicates that there will be no republican sulking in 1912.

As shown by the votes in the states which have held their primaries thus far, all the republicans are likely to go to the polls in November, which will mean that the party which has held the presidency in recent years will get an extension of its mandate.

PROGRESSIVES WILL INCREASE

From the far east end of Montana, Colonel Sam Gordon surveys the situation in this state with the erudition of a scholar and with the experience of a man who has seen more campaigns here than almost any other man who is now engaged in newspaper work. In his Yellowstone Journal, Colonel Gordon gives us the result of his observations, in these words:

That machine-made politics have seen their day in Montana is very evident to the careful observer of political conditions within the ranks of the republican party of the state. In all counties, the progressive republicans are organizing, and when it comes to counting noses, the majority of the delegates to the republican state convention will be found to be men who are in sympathy with the progressive republican movement.

The old line republican finds himself very much at home in this new order of things, for the party of his choice has always been one of progress and reform, and he will not stand for the grand old party to be gobbled up by the interests and the party machine prostituted for the benefit of a favored few.

No mere handful of crafty men can dictate everything politically in this state. The republicans want reform, and the progressive principles as proposed voice the true sentiments of seventy five per cent of the voters of the state.

Progressive republicans will continue to increase in numbers as the broad, general principles of the movement are understood by the voters, and if the party is to come into its own in this great state, it will have to be through the progressive organization. The people are tired of the dictatorial methods of the few men who think that the great body of free American citizens who have always stood by the republican party in this state are to be delivered hog tied to a set of men who are in politics only for what it pays them. Republicans stand for principles, and that is why the progressive movement meets with such general approval throughout the state.

PRINCIPLES vs. PERSONALITIES

The injection of personalities into a political campaign that should be devoted to a discussion of principles

is the subject of timely comment by a writer in the Outlook. Recent public speeches by the rival aspirants for the republican presidential nomination are used as a text for the article, which says in part:

Against this change from discussion of public questions to controversy over hidden motives the public opinion of the American people ought to set itself like a wall of granite. It may satisfy the ill temper of some subordinate politicians, it may supply with headline news some newspaper editors who gleefully enjoy any quarrel that does not endanger themselves, but it does no good to the country, it enlightens no voter as to his duty at the polls. It contributes nothing to the cause of public justice and social welfare.

Altercation in public over questions of personal motive is to be resisted on three grounds:

First, it is not given to any man to read another man's heart. Those who pass judgment on other men's motives are not thereby given proof of being actuated by high motives themselves. Certainly, neither any individual nor any company of men has been initiated into that place where the secrets of all hearts are revealed.

Second, in a public altercation over hidden motives the controversial advantage is always with the man who has least scruples about violating confidences. It is an uneven game, with the odds against the most conscientious. Public opinion should discountenance a contest of that sort.

Third, public controversy over private motives is of no service to the public. It is often necessary to pass judgment upon a man's actions in the light of his public record. But this is very different from passing judgment on a man's character and motives.

The issue before the country should be kept clear. It is twofold. On the one hand, it is an issue between two tendencies—the tendency to conservatism and the tendency toward progress; the tendency toward distrusting the popular judgment and the tendency toward giving the popular judgment larger play; the tendency toward restraining democracy and the tendency toward curing the ills of democracy by more democracy.

The people of the country should make it clear that what they wish is to study the relative merits of these two opposite methods of administration undisturbed by useless altercation over personalities.

Recent Public Land Decisions.

Upon the death of an entryman leaving no widow, his heirs have the right to make additional homestead entry under the provisions of section 3 of the "enlarged homestead act." The federal statute does not provide for the succession to the rights of a desert land entryman in the event of his death. Such succession is, therefore, controlled by the laws of the state in which the land embraced in the entry is situated and the land department will dispose of the case accordingly.

It is the established practice of the department to issue patent to the heirs generally of a deceased entryman, if there be no widow, or minor children entitled to the claim under section 2292 R. S. Or if it be shown in the record prior to issue of patent that the entryman has made a will purporting to devise his interest in the entry, then the patent is issued to the heirs or devisees of the deceased entryman when there is no widow, or minor children to claim under section 2292 R. S. It is left to the local courts to determine in such cases who the heirs are and what their individual interests may be.

New Grains of Hardy Merit.

Speltz and emmer are really two distinct grains, and differ practically as much as the pear differs from the apple. Both emmer and speltz are grown in Russia, and it is from Russia that the emmer has been introduced into the great plains region, stretching from the Canada line to the Gulf of Mexico west of the 98th meridian, where the annual rainfall is only 15 to 20 inches.

Emmer is really a species of wheat, with heads almost always bearded, very compact, and much flattened on the two-ridged sides.

It is a hardy plant, resists drought and rust, and is recommended by Prof. Carleton in Farm and Home as a valuable grain in the section above mentioned. It is in fact a grain for the semi-arid regions, but often compares well with other crops in the more humid sections because it stands up well, is comparatively rust, smut and fungusproof, and drought resistant. It is probably the least exacting of all grains so far as cultivation is concerned. It should always be drilled, at about the same rate per acre as oats and as early as possible, as it will stand a good degree of spring frost.

The yield is usually from 20 to 40 bushels per acre, although as high as 63 have been obtained. Its average yield probably does not differ much from that of oats, and it is preferable where oats are liable to rust or lodge. Its feeding value is probably less than that of either oats or barley.

GATHERING THE DELEGATES

Roosevelt Gets Maryland and Taft Wins in Nevada.

BALTIMORE, May 7.—Complete unofficial returns from the Maryland primaries today gave Theodore Roosevelt 68 delegates, or one more than necessary to control the state convention. Democratic primary returns, with only five precincts missing, gave Clark 81, Wilson 44, Harmon 4.

This means that both Roosevelt and Clark will take from Maryland to the national convention a solid block of 16 votes.

Estimates today of the presidential preferential vote of the state as a whole give Roosevelt a majority over Taft of less than 4,000. Clark's plurality in the city of Baltimore over Governor Wilson was about 12,700 and the vote in the counties, when it is counted, is expected to reduce this to a total of 11,000 for the states as a whole.

FALLON, Nev., May 7.—Taft adherents absolutely controlled the republican state convention today and named to the national convention six delegates instructed to vote for the renomination of the president. The Taft administration was endorsed and the convention warmly endorsed the conduct of Senator Nixon and Congressman Roberts. The vote pledging the delegates stood 80 to 17.

Astor Estate Worth Millions.

NEW YORK, May 6.—Counsel for the family made public today the will of John Jacob Astor, as drawn in this city September last, only a few days before his marriage to Miss Madeline Force and approximately seven months before he perished with the sinking Titanic.

Vincent Astor a son who will come to age within a year, is made the principal beneficiary and residuary legatee. No hint as to the value of the great estate is given and by the creation of trust funds the testator has followed, as near as possible, the custom of his forebears in keeping the vast Astor holdings intact.

Valuations of the estate run anywhere from \$75,000,000 to \$150,000,000. A close friend to the family said tonight that the smaller figure, in his opinion is nearer the correct estimate.

Workmen's Compensation Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The workmen's compensation bill was passed in the senate today, 64 to 15, substantially as framed by the employers' liability committee, and amended only to increase its benefits. The measure now goes to the house.

The principal changes would provide that compensation for accidental injury and death of railroad employes shall continue to children until they are 16 years old, and would extend payment in the case of daughters until they are 20.

In general the bill would provide an exclusive remedy and compensation for accidental disability or death to employes of railroads in interstate commerce or the District of Columbia, without reference to contributory negligence or any of the rules of the common law limiting employes' liability. It would provide medical service for the injured and means for money recovery proportioned to the pay of the victim.

Women Manage Big Ranches.

FORT WORTH, Tex., May 7.—All of the attendants at the meeting of the Cattle Raisers' association here recently were not cattlemen. There were some cattle-women, who have a prominent part in the industry of the southwest. There are those not men who mount their ponies and ride over their sections, inspect their herds and watch the "round-up." They watch every detail of the ranches. Theirs is a life for the most part "in the saddle," and they are as efficient as the men when it comes to riding a horse and helping in the round-up.

There are fifteen women in Texas, members of the Cattle Raisers association, who own big ranches in the state. Mrs. M. B. Hulling, of Lampasas, Tex., who owns 108 sections in Culbertson county, rides her pony over her ranch and knows every foot of it. Mrs. C. Adair of Palo Duro, Texas, who resides in New York and London, owns 46,000 head of cattle in her immense ranch in Armstrong, Donley, Hall and Briscoe counties.

Flood Conditions Improve.

NEW ORLEANS, May 7.—Citizens in flood menaced districts of the New Orleans were elated today by a bulletin issued by the weather bureau which lowered its previous estimates of the maximum flood stage that the crescent city must fight. The army of men working to strengthen the dykes will not cease their vigilance, however.

Scores of refugees who were brought to Monganza on the relief boats early today say there are hundreds more to be taken from their flood prisons. The majority of these people lived so far back in the country that couriers did not reach them. Or, in many instances, if they were warned, they scooped at the advice to leave.

Plan to Spend Your Vacation in
Glacier National Park
THIS SUMMER

¶If you want to live outdoors, close to nature, climb mountains, explore glaciers and see some of the most wonderful scenic beauties of the world, don't overlook Uncle Sam's newest National Playground when planning your summer vacation.

¶Up on the mountains of Glacier National Park the air is laden with the fragrance of pine and hemlock that grow tall and stately in the valleys and on the mountain sides, or it blows to you alive with vigor from illimitable space above the tallest peaks. Your eyes view a region of beauty at your feet, your ears hear the music of a primitive world and heed the silences of great places. Life is different in Glacier National Park—you can freshen up there.

EIGHT NEW HOTELS

Season June 15th to October 15th, 1912

¶The Great Northern Railway is constructing eight new hotel colonies throughout the Park for the accommodation of tourists. These hotels are built on the Swiss Chalet style of architecture and splendid meals and comfortable lodgings, can be had at \$3.00 per day American plan. These will be open for guests on June 15th. A three story hotel, which will accommodate 200 guests is now under construction at Midvale and will be ready for occupancy later in the summer.

Round Trip Summer Excursion Fares

¶Round Trip Tickets will be sold for one and one-third one way fare from all points in Montana to Belton, Browning and Midvale (Glacier National Park gateways) from May 15th to September 30th, inclusive, with final return limit of 90 days after date of sale. Liberal stopovers will be allowed in either direction within limit at any point Browning to Belton, inclusive.

¶Don't miss the opportunity to see this new playground. Let us help plan your vacation for you. Write for information and booklets regarding cost of trip through Glacier National Park to

J. T. MCGAUGHEY, Asst. Genl. Frt. & Pass. Agt., Helena, Montana



Bulls For Sale.

A few head of yearling and two-year-old Hereford bulls for sale. For particulars address J. O. PATTERSON, Fort Benton.

For Sale.

Six head of work horses, well broken; have been fed all winter and are in good condition for spring work. Also a three-inch wagon, good as new, and one set of harness, cheap. GEO. E. BARKLEY, Fort Benton.

For Sale.

A good old work team, also a fancy driving mare. Address NORTHWESTERN LIVESTOCK CO., Fort Benton, Montana.

Reward For Estray.

A small gray horse branded J.B. on left thigh, also a barb wire cut on right shoulder. Reward for recovery. J. F. LEE, Fort Benton.

\$100.00 Reward.

I will pay the above reward to any one for evidence that will convict any party of stealing or driving off their range or unlawfully tampering with horses branded 4-C on left shoulder and other marks. Range west of Alma postoffice, between Little Sage and Big Sage. I will also pay a liberal reward for information concerning above horses when any of them are away from their range. Address CHAS. J. HARBEC, Alma, Mont.

Ranch For Rent.

For rent, the Hansen ranch on lower Highwood, consisting of about 100 acres. Address MRS. MATHILDE GRAY, 61 Lull St., Pontiac, Mich.

NOTICE—BRANDS.

By an act of the 1911 legislature all owners of brands are required to re-record their brands by November 1, 1912. Any failure of owners to re-record will be considered an abandonment of the brand and it will be open for record for anyone applying. The fee for re-recording is 25 cents per brand. D. W. RAYMOND, Recorder of Marks and Brands, Helena, Mont.

Billiard Table For Sale.

A combination billiard table for sale; can be seen at Odd Fellows hall. It is nearly new and in good condition. For particulars apply to H. J. WACKERLIN, Fort Benton.

Stallion For Sale.

A Percheron stud, three years old, will be sold cheap. For particulars address O'HANLON LAND & STOCK CO., Fort Benton, Montana.

Order to Show Cause.

In the district court of the Twelfth judicial district of the state of Montana, in and for the county of Chouteau.

In the matter of the estate of Henry Koskimaki, deceased.

V. F. Blankenbaker, the administrator of the estate of Henry Koskimaki, deceased, having filed his petition herein praying for an order of sale of all the personal and the real estate of said decedent, for the purposes therein set forth:

It is therefore ordered, by the said court that all persons interested in the estate of said decedent, appear before the said court on Saturday, the 18th day of May, 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the court room of said court, at the court house in Fort Benton, county of Chouteau, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said V. F. Blankenbaker, as administrator to sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased Henry Koskimaki as shall be necessary.

And that a copy of this order be published at least once a week for four successive weeks in the River Press, a newspaper printed and published in said Chouteau county.

JNO. W. TATTAN, Judge of the District Court.

Dated April 11, 1912.

First publication, April 12, 1912.

All the news in the River Press.

EVERY CAN GUARANTEED
K C
25 OUNCES FOR
25

The Power behind the dough

The power behind the dough must be quick and positive in action—it must produce certain, satisfactory results and yet be pure and wholesome. **K C Baking Powder** is the scientific combination of all these desirable qualities. Hundreds of thousands of good housewives know that K C has made bake-day a pleasant one, and we ask you for your own sake to try **K C Baking Powder** at least once. Guaranteed pure under all pure food laws. Your grocer will return your money if you are not pleased. It will solve your bake-day problems.

How to get the Cook's Book Free
The K C Cook's Book, containing 90 tested, easily-made recipes, sent free upon receipt of the colored certificate packed in the 25-cent can. Send it today.

Jaques Mfg. Co., Chicago

Rambler Motor Cars

For demonstration and particulars of the various styles, apply to
H. J. WACKERLIN, Agent, Fort Benton