

WHILE RUSSIANS ARE IN RETREAT

REPORTS OF TERRIFIC FIGHTING IN POLAND ARE STILL CONFUSED—NEWS NOT GIVEN.

VICTORIES CELEBRATED IN VIENNA AND BERLIN

Disappointment Shown in Berlin Newspapers Because Details of Struggle Are Suppressed—Allies Make Advance Slowly in Flanders.

London, Dec. 21.—Although there seems no doubt the Russians are retreating and for the present any anticipations the allies may have held of an early invasion of Germany must be dismissed, considerable mystery surrounds the reported decisive victory by the Germans which Berlin celebrated.

Vienna gives few details of the fighting in the east. The claim is made that the Russians have been driven from the positions north of the Carpathian mountains from Krosno to Zakliczyn, which would indicate that part of the southern line of railway in Galicia again is in the hands of the Austrians and that Pietrkow and another central Poland town have been stormed.

Petrograd is Silent. Silence is maintained as regards Poland, where the German victory is said to have been achieved. The German official report dismisses the battle with the statement that "in Poland we are all pursuing the enemy, who continues to give way."

Amsterdam dispatches serve to heighten the confusion over the situation by quoting Berlin papers as expressing disappointments at the fact that no names of battlefields are mentioned, that no tangible results of the fighting are disclosed, and that no lists are given of the number of captured guns and prisoners. Some disappointment is expressed here at the silence of the Russians and advice from Petrograd are awaited eagerly.

Allies' Advance is Slow. The allies' offensive in the west continues to progress very slowly, according to the Paris communication, although the aggregate gains claimed during the past week indicate a considerable advance in Flanders and in the vicinity of Arras, where the allies seemingly are making their greatest efforts in the belief that penetration of the German lines would compel a general German retreat.

It is still, however, a matter of siege warfare in Belgium and France. Berlin says many of the attacks of the allies are being repulsed with heavy casualties, which are increased when the Germans mine trenches, which the allies are compelled to vacuate.

No British Ships Lost. The admiralty denies the German report that German ships which raided the east coast of England Wednesday sank two British destroyers, saying no British ships were lost.

In reply to a request from the corporations of Hartlepool and West Hartlepool to make an investigation of the raid, the admiralty has replied that this will not be necessary as the government is in possession of all the facts.

The coroners of the three towns which were bombarded still are busy holding inquests over the bodies of the victims, the numbers of whom continue to grow as injured persons succumb to their wounds.

Leaves \$1,000,000 Estate. New York, Dec. 19.—An estate estimated at more than \$1,000,000 is disposed of by the will of Richard A. Canfield, once the most widely known proprietor of gambling resorts in the country, who died of a fractured skull Dec. 11. The will admitted to probate, names as residuary legatees the widow, Mrs. Genevieve W. Canfield, a son, Howard, of Providence, R. I., and a daughter, Mrs. Grace Martin Hannan of this city.

Admiralty Denies Loss. London, Dec. 19.—The admiralty has issued a statement denying that any British warships were lost during the recent raid by a German squadron on the east coast of England. The statement adds that all German assertions to the contrary are untrue.

Belgium One Long Breadline. New York, Dec. 18.—"Tragic misery, the like of which the world has never seen," was the term applied to conditions in Belgium by Theodore Waters, secretary of the Christian Herald, who went to Belgium last month to supervise the distribution of the food cargo of the Dutch steamer Jan Block among the starving non-combatants, and who returned on the Transylvania. Belgium, he said, is one long breadline of starving men, women and children.

Austrian Training Ship Mined. London, Dec. 18.—The Austrian training ship Beethoven was blown up by a mine. Official announcement was made of the destruction of the vessel and the loss of its entire crew of naval cadets.

British Bombard Turk Troops. Athens, Dec. 18, via London.—A British squadron has bombarded Turkish troops, who had concentrated on the coast of the Gulf of Saros, the arm of the Egean sea north of the Dardanelles.

LATE WAR DEVELOPMENTS

Reports from Vienna and Berlin tell of the continued retreat of the Russian forces in Galicia and southern Poland but owing to the continued silence of Petrograd and confusing reports from Amsterdam, the situation in the east is still surrounded by mystery.

In the west the allies continue to make progress, only slightly each day, as announced by Paris, the advance during the past week has aggregated appreciable distance, especially in Flanders and Arras.

Great Britain has declared a protectorate over Egypt and appointed a new native ruler who takes the title of Sultan.

Germans and Austrians claim a great victory over the Russians along the entire battle front in Poland and Galicia.

Allies assert they have advanced their lines materially in the western zone of the war.

Berlin proclaims a holiday in honor of the victory of the Teutonic allies over the czar's forces.

The German raid on the British coast towns is declared worth two army corps to Kitchener.

ROADS GET RATE INCREASE

ADVANCES OF 5 PER CENT ON FREIGHT TARIFFS GRANTED.

Interstate Commerce Commission Gives Opinion—Means \$30,000,000 Increase Annually to Railways.

Washington, Dec. 19.—Increases in freight rates, approximately 5 per cent, on all the railroads between the Atlantic seaboard and the Mississippi, north of the Potomac and Ohio rivers, were granted by the Interstate Commerce Commission in a divided opinion, excepting upon certain heavy commodities, which comprise a large bulk of the traffic.

The increases will further apply to those railroads west of Buffalo and Pittsburgh, that were granted partial advances in the decision of last August, which denied them altogether to the roads east of those points. It is estimated the advanced rates will increase the annual income of the roads about \$30,000,000.

Confronted With Emergency. The commission made its decision upon the showing of the railroads that in addition to conditions from which they previously asked relief, they now are confronted with an emergency because of the war in Europe.

With Commissioners James S. Harlan and Judson C. Clements dissenting, the majority of the commission declared: "Whatever the consequences of the war may prove to be, we must recognize the fact that it exists; the fact that it is a calamity without precedent, and the fact that by it, the commerce of the world has been disarranged and thrown into confusion. The means of transportation are fundamental and indispensable agencies in our industrial life, and for the common weal should be kept abreast of public requirements."

Report Gives Three Causes. Summarizing the basis of its decision, the majority report of the commission said: "The facts disclosed, and occurrences originating subsequent to May 29, 1914, as presented at the further hearing, may be summarized under three heads—first, completed returns for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, and returns for succeeding months; second, the war in Europe and, third, results of the original order."

"When these cases were originally submitted, as also when the original report was prepared, the revenue and expenditure account for June, 1914, and the property investment account for that fiscal year were not available, the war was unforeseen and the results of our order were, of course, yet to come. Collectively, they present a new situation."

To Give Ten Days' Notice. The commission issued this order: "It is ordered that respondents herein be, and they are hereby authorized to publish and file, by not less than 10 days' notice to the Interstate Commerce Commission and to the general public, in the manner prescribed in section 6 of the act to regulate commerce, schedules of rates which do not exceed the limits or transgress the limitations stated and prescribed in said report."

"It is further ordered that the permission hereby granted does not waive any of the requirements of the commission's published rules relative to the construction and filing of tariff publications, nor any of the provisions of the act to regulate commerce, as amended, except as to the notice to be given."

Consider U. S. Coast Defense. Washington, Dec. 19.—Headed by Assistant Secretary Breckenridge, a special board of army officers of high rank has been in session at the war department for several days considering the state of the coast defenses of the country, and particularly the military situation in the Canal Zone. Proceedings of the board are secret, but the fact that it was sitting has become known. It is expected evidences of its work will soon be visible through recommendations to Congress for funds.

Farmers Sow Record Area. Washington, Dec. 18.—American farmers, influenced by the prospective heavy demand for grain by the warring countries of Europe, have sown a record area to winter wheat which the department of agriculture estimated at 41,263,000 acres. That is an increase of 4,135,000 acres over the area sown last year, which yielded the record crop of 684,390,000 bushels. The area sown is 5,255,500 acres more than was harvested this year. The condition of winter wheat on Dec. 1 was 83.3 per cent of a normal.

U. S. WILL CARRY OUT THREATS IF FIRING KEEPS UP

BULLETS CONTINUE TO FLY ACROSS MEXICAN BORDER AT NACO DESPITE WARNING GIVEN.

PRESIDENT WILL WAIT ANOTHER DAY, IS BELIEF

Then if Demands of the United States Are Not Complied With the Threat to Return With Artillery Fire Will Be a Reality.

Washington, Dec. 16.—Although both Provisional President Gutierrez and General Carranza assured the American government that their forces have been instructed to confine their fire to Mexican territory, nothing official has been received to indicate the receipt of such instructions by their respective commanders at Naco.

Officials here are unable to understand the delay in the delivery of the message, copies of which have passed through American telegraph lines to Naco. In the meantime intermittent firing continues.

The general belief is that President Wilson will wait at least another day, and then if the demands of the United States are not complied with the threat of the Washington government to return with artillery fire any firing into American territory will be carried out. As yet, however, no further orders have been sent to Brigadier-General Tasker H. Bliss, in charge of the situation at Naco, Ariz.

Shots From Mexico Regarded Hostile. Administration officials attached no importance to the statement of Carranza that if the United States fired into Mexican territory it would be "an act of hostility." Some officials pointed out that the American government was inclined to regard shots from Mexico into the United States in the same aspect. In view of the urgent tone of the message from Provisional President Gutierrez to General Maytorena officials believe the latter would remove his troops to avoid complications.

A Carranza force of 1,200 under General Turbe has taken La Paz, Lower California, and that quiet prevails there.

WAVES CAUSE HEAVY DAMAGE

Cost One Life and Work Havoc Along Southern Coast of California.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 18.—Heavy seas rolled up by a forty-mile wind along the southern coast cost one life and wrought damage amounting to more than \$100,000 at Long Beach and at Huemene.

John Caspola, a fisherman, was lost off the launch Roma, which went out to search for a motorboat, blown out to sea with six members of the family of J. H. Blake of Redondo. The Blakes were saved, however, by another vessel.

At Long Beach breakers dashed into the strand, tearing out bulkheads and cement walks, and wrecking several residences close to the water front. The greatest damage was sustained in the seaside park and Alamitos Bay district. Huge waves battered down houses, marooned families in their homes, and flooded streets and street car tracks to depths of from one to three feet. Several factories and two schools were among the buildings flooded and workmen and students took a compulsory holiday.

At Huemene a 1,000 foot section of a long wharf was smashed, causing damage estimated at \$50,000.

Fears Trouble With United States.

Mexico City, Dec. 19.—Provisional President Gutierrez has sent a second order to Governor Maytorena of Sonora demanding that he retire from the neighborhood of Naco. Gutierrez said he would prefer to lose a dozen daughters rather than cause complications due to firing across the border. General Angeles left with a large detachment of artillery. His destination was said to be Chihuahua state.

Welcome for Santa Claus Ship.

Berlin, via London, Dec. 19.—A hearty reception awaits the American Christmas expedition which will reach here from the Santa Claus ship Hober. There will be a reception for the Americans at the City Hall and also a public dinner in their honor. The German Red Cross will undertake the distribution of the gifts.

Increased Passenger Fares.

Washington, Dec. 16.—Increased passenger fares between St. Louis, Mo.; Chicago, Ill., and other similarly located cities and points in the eastern territory each of the Buffalo-Pittsburgh line have become effective. By terms of the tariffs filed by the railroads with the Interstate Commerce Commission all round trip tickets sold at reduced rates between points in classification territory and Central Passenger Association territory will be withdrawn and only straight fare tickets sold.

Singer Heads Relief Body.

New York, Dec. 19.—Mme. Marcella Sembrich, the prima donna, was elected provisional president of the American Polish Relief Committee, organized to help war victims in Poland, at a meeting of the organization. Cardinal Farley was among the vice-presidents chosen. Four thousand dollars collected by the women of the Polish committee was turned over to Mme. Sembrich to be forwarded to Ignace Jan Paderewski, the pianist, at Warsaw.

JAMES MARK SULLIVAN



James M. Sullivan, the Brooklyn lawyer who is now American minister to the Dominican Republic, has asked for an investigation of the numerous charges that have been filed against him, and President Wilson has directed Secretary Bryan to conduct an inquiry into Mr. Sullivan's official conduct.

CROP VALUE \$4,945,852,000

ESTIMATE BY DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Decrease of \$20,640,000 from Last Year is Shown—Wheat Production Increases.

Washington, Dec. 16.—This year's principal farm crops are worth \$4,945,852,000, the department of agriculture has announced. The year's principal crops are worth \$20,645,000 less than last year, when their value was \$4,966,492,000. Their value in 1912 was \$4,757,343,000 and \$4,589,529,000 in 1911. The values are based on the farm price of the crops on Dec. 1. The value of each crop, with last year's value for comparison, is announced as follows: Corn—\$1,702,599,000 \$1,692,022,000 Wheat—675,623,000 433,995,000 Spring wheat—298,067,000 176,127,000 All wheat—578,650,000 430,122,000 Oats—499,431,000 470,122,000 Rye—192,903,000 95,731,000 Barley—379,418,000 26,227,000 Buckwheat—12,832,000 10,445,000 Flaxseed—15,540,000 21,349,000 Rice—21,830,000 22,930,000 Potatoes—198,669,000 227,903,000 Sweet potatoes—41,294,000 42,881,000 Hay—779,068,000 787,077,000 Tobacco—190,411,000 122,481,000 Cotton—519,122,000 829,227,000 Sugar—27,950,000 32,250,000

In addition to these crops other farm products such as minor crops and animals and animal products, will bring the year's total close to \$9,750,000,000 as the value resulting from the efforts of husbandry.

Other details of the report show: Corn—Production, 2,672,804,000 bushels, against 2,446,988,000 last year. Acre yield, 25.8 bushels, against 23.1 last year. Dec. 1 farm price, 63.7 cents per bushel, against 69.1 last year.

Winter Wheat—Production, 684,990,000 bushels, against 523,561,000 last year. Acre yield, 19.0 bushels, against 16.5 last year. Price, 98.6 cents, against 82.9 last year.

Spring Wheat—Production, 206,027,000 bushels, against 229,199,000 last year. Acre yield, 11.8 bushels, against 13.0 last year. Price, 98.6 cents, against 73.4 last year.

All Wheat—Production, 891,017,000 bushels, against 753,380,000 last year. Acre yield, 16.6 bushels, against 15.2 last year. Price, 98.6 cents, against 79.4 last year.

Oats—Production, 1,141,060,000 bushels, against 1,121,768,000 last year. Acre yield, 29.7 bushels, against 29.5 last year. Price, 43.8 cents, against 39.2 last year.

Barley—Production, 194,955,000 bushels, against 176,189,000 last year. Acre yield, 25.8 bushels, against 23.8 last year. Price, 54.3 cents, against 53.7 last year.

Crop of Rye Larger. Rye—Production, 42,779,000 bushels, against 41,281,000 last year. Acre yield, 16.8 bushels, against 16.2 last year. Price, 86.5 cents, against 63.4 last year.

Buckwheat—Production, 16,881,000 bushels, against 13,833,000 last year. Acre yield, 21.3 bushels, against 17.2 last year. Price, 76.4 cents, against 75.5 last year.

Flaxseed—Production, 15,559,000 bushels, against 17,853,000 last year. Acre yield, 8.3 bushels, against 7.8 last year. Price, \$1.25, against \$1.20 last year.

Kaiser to Return to Front.

Berlin, Dec. 18.—The Kaiser's health is improving and he will be able to return to the front in a day or two, at most, says an official announcement.

Grafts One Man's Arm on Another.

Paris, Dec. 19.—Dr. Alexis Carrel, of the Rockefeller Institute, after years of experiment, has successfully grafted the arm of one man on to another. General Trumelet Faber, whose arm had been torn off by a shell during the fighting in Belgium, is the man on whom the arm was grafted and a private soldier whose life was despaired of sacrificed a good limb to make his superior a well man again. Dr. Carrel, from long and careful study, has been insistent that there was a chance for grafting operation on humans.

Victim of Bandit Dies.

Cincinnati, Dec. 19.—Policeman Edward Knaul, who was shot by Frank Hohl, the automobile bandit, while trying to arrest the latter after two banks had been robbed, died at the hospital from pistol wounds received in the duel with Hohl. Knaul was shot four times. The police are busy searching for another woman, whom they believe was the bandit's confederate and to whom they think he managed to give the \$13,100 that he obtained from the two banks.

STATE INCREASE OF RATE IS WAY TO PROSPERITY

BUSINESS MEN DECLARE RULING BY COMMISSION WILL TEND TO RESTORE PUBLIC CONFIDENCE.

MEANS REEMPLOYMENT TO THOUSANDS OF MEN

Belief is General That It Will Stave Off Feared Avalanche of American Securities From the Warring Countries—Railroad Credit Strengthened.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The results of the granting of a 5 per cent freight rate increase to Eastern railroads by the Interstate Commerce commission are estimated, in official quarters, as follows: Increases the gross revenues of 37 railway systems according to estimates to \$30,000,000 annually.

The total mileage affected in the eastern classification is 64,890 miles, or approximately 24 per cent of the country's total. Of the increase 1.6 per cent will go into wages, which item at present represents 44.5 per cent of the "railroad dollar"; 4.62 per cent into dividends and surplus; .66 per cent into capital and the remainder toward operating expenses, maintenance, etc.

The elimination of an increase in coal, coke and ore rates cuts the increase which had been asked by \$6,400,000.

Coal and Iron Excepted.

Increases approximating 5 per cent must be paid on all products and goods, excepting bituminous coal and coke, anthracite coal and iron ore and on articles the rates of which are held by unexpired orders of the commission on all lines in the territory between the Atlantic seaboard and the Mississippi north of the Potomac and Ohio rivers.

No increases are granted on rail-lake-and-rail, lake-and-rail and rail-and-lake traffic. The increase in rates on cement, starch, brick, tile, clay and plaster, not allowed in the decision of Aug. 1, are allowed.

Will Restore Public Confidence.

Heretofore by bankers, railroad men and business men as tending to restore public confidence. Millions of dollars worth of steel and equipment "resting orders" contingent upon such a decision, now expected to come into the market, meaning re-employment to thousands.

Predictions that every line of business will be sentimentally affected. Credit of railroads strengthened, which means that the \$57,000,000 of refinancing necessary to be done in the next two years will be easier, this in addition to other financing in that period.

A return of confidence on the part of investors, not only in the future of railroad securities but of the other industries of the nation. The belief that it will stave off the feared avalanche of American securities from the warring countries.

BULLETS FALL ON U. S. SOIL

Five Pass Close to Army Bombproofs—Troops Establish Two Flank Camps.

Naco, Ariz., Dec. 19.—Many bullets from the Mexican side are falling on United States territory in the siege of Naco, Sonora, by Villa troops. Five passed close to the army bombproofs. The United States army forces now have established two flank camps, one on the east and the other on the west side of Naco, to further assure border neutrality.

George C. Carothers, special agent of the American state department, visited Governor Jose Maytorena, commanding the Villa forces, and broached the subject of the coming visit of Brigadier General Hugh L. Scott. It is understood Maytorena favored meeting General Scott at the international boundary, opposite the Maytorena headquarters, east of here.

Entertain U. S. Belgian Society.

London, Dec. 19.—The members of the American commission for relief in Belgium were entertained by American business men at the Luncheon club. In introducing Herbert C. Hoover, the chairman, Ambassador Page gave high praise to the work of the commission. He said it was the only existing link between the great belligerent nations and the farmer of the Mississippi valley.

Celebrate Austro-German Victory.

Berlin, via London, Dec. 19.—The people of Berlin were aroused to enthusiasm by the announcement of a great Austro-German victory over the Russians in Poland. Within half an hour extra editions of the papers appeared and the whole city literally flashed into bunting. American visitors, who a few days ago commented on the non-display of flags, scarcely recognized the streets, which everywhere were gay with the Austrian colors.

Have Is British Base.

Havre, Dec. 18.—Thousands of British troops are arriving here daily on transports, and are being moved to the north as rapidly as possible. The British are making the port of Havre their main base of supplies. On the average, fifteen British transports arrive here daily from Southampton. Large camps have been leased on the heights along the Seine for periods varying from two to three years, and barracks are being built. Extensive supply depots have been established here.

SCANDINAVIAN RULERS MEET DISCUSS NEUTRALITY AND OTHER PROBLEMS OF WAR.

Royal Conference Being Held in Ancient Dwelling on Market Place of Malmo, Sweden.

Malmo, Sweden, Dec. 21.—Via London.—King Gustav of Sweden, King Haakon of Norway and King Christian of Denmark, arrived here for their conference, at which they are to formulate an agreement designed to combine their respective interests during the period of the war. The royal conference is being held in an ancient dwelling in the market place of Malmo. The greeting of the monarchs was of a most cordial nature. The town is profusely decorated and crowds lining the streets cheered the sovereigns. The rulers spent the greater part of the day in conference.

FRANK CURTIS IS ARRESTED

Brother of Ben Curtis, Accused in Clausen Murder, is Held by Police.

Minneapolis, Dec. 21.—Frank Curtis, a brother of Ben Curtis, whom the police claim may have some connection with the murder of Claus Clausen Saturday night, has been arrested and is held without charge in the city jail.

There is no intimation that Frank Curtis has any connection with the Clausen case. The police want to extract some information from him with reference to his brother.

This is said to have been the reason which prompted detectives to climb to the fifth floor at 610 Eighth street south and place Curtis under custody. Simultaneously the police arrested a 16-year-old girl in St. Paul and she also is marked "held." She is said to have been on probation. Curtis' alleged relations with the girl are said to be the basis upon which the police will formulate their demands for the information they desire from Curtis relative to his brother.

Neither Curtis nor the girl would divulge anything under the severe questioning by detectives and the grill will be resumed later. Gentry Smith was held to the grand jury without bail on a charge of murder in the first degree. He is charged with complicity in the murder of Clausen.

Business Boom Predicted.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—A business boom of wide proportions and far-reaching effect, with steel mills and factories running full blast and thousands of men now laid back to work, is the prospect of a result in the increase of rates granted eastern roads. Bankers, railroad men, car builders and representatives of railroad labor unions united in predicting that on our way will at once restore their normal working forces and place orders for millions of dollars' worth of supplies.

Germans to Go Through U. S.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Permission has been granted by the state department to about 500 German women and children who were stranded as war refugees at Shanghai, China, to pass through the United States on their way back to Germany.

Ask Wilson to Address "Ad." Clubs.

Washington, Dec. 21.—President Wilson was asked to deliver "a message to business" at the meeting of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World in Chicago next June. He promised to do so if possible.

GRAIN AND LIVE STOCK.

Minneapolis Grain. Minneapolis, Dec. 21.—Wheat, Dec. 1 \$1.17 1/2; No. 1 northern, \$1.16 1/2; No. 2 northern, \$1.15 1/2; No. 3 northern, \$1.14 1/2; No. 4 northern, \$1.13 1/2; No. 5 northern, \$1.12 1/2; No. 6 northern, \$1.11 1/2; No. 7 northern, \$1.10 1/2; No. 8 northern, \$1.09 1/2; No. 9 northern, \$1.08 1/2; No. 10 northern, \$1.07 1/2; No. 11 northern, \$1.06 1/2; No. 12 northern, \$1.05 1/2; No. 13 northern, \$1.04 1/2; No. 14 northern, \$1.03 1/2; No. 15 northern, \$1.02 1/2; No. 16 northern, \$1.01 1/2; No. 17 northern, \$1.00 1/2; No. 18 northern, \$0.99 1/2; No. 19 northern, \$0.98 1/2; No. 20 northern, \$0.97 1/2; No. 21 northern, \$0.96 1/2; No. 22 northern, \$0.95 1/2; No. 23 northern, \$0.94 1/2; No. 24 northern, \$0.93 1/2; No. 25 northern, \$0.92 1/2; No. 26 northern, \$0.91 1/2; No. 27 northern, \$0.90 1/2; No. 28 northern, \$0.89 1/2; No. 29 northern, \$0.88 1/2; No. 30 northern, \$0.87 1/2; No. 31 northern, \$0.86 1/2; No. 32 northern, \$0.85 1/2; No. 33 northern, \$0.84 1/2; No. 34 northern, \$0.83 1/2; No. 35 northern, \$0.82 1/2; No. 36 northern, \$0.81 1/2; No. 37 northern, \$0.80 1/2; No. 38 northern, \$0.79 1/2; No. 39 northern, \$0.78 1/2; No. 40 northern, \$0.77 1/2; No. 41 northern, \$0.76 1/2; No. 42 northern, \$0.75 1/2; No. 43 northern, \$0.74 1/2; No. 44 northern, \$0.73 1/2; No. 45 northern, \$0.72 1/2; No. 46 northern, \$0.71 1/2; No. 47 northern, \$0.70 1/2; No. 48 northern, \$0.69 1/2; No. 49 northern, \$0.68 1/2; No. 50 northern, \$0.67 1/2; No. 51 northern, \$0.66 1/2; No. 52 northern, \$0.65 1/2; No. 53 northern, \$0.64 1/2; No. 54 northern, \$0.63 1/2; No. 55 northern, \$0.62 1/2; No. 56 northern, \$0.61 1/2; No. 57 northern, \$0.60 1/2; No. 58 northern, \$0.59 1/2; No. 59 northern, \$0.58 1/2; No. 60 northern, \$0.57 1/2; No. 61 northern, \$0.56 1/2; No. 62 northern, \$0.55 1/2; No. 63 northern, \$0.54 1/2; No. 64 northern, \$0.53 1/2; No. 65 northern, \$0.52 1/2; No. 66 northern, \$0.51 1/2; No. 67 northern, \$0.50 1/2; No. 68 northern, \$0.49 1/2; No. 69 northern, \$0.48 1/2; No. 70 northern, \$0.47 1/2; No. 71 northern, \$0.46 1/2; No. 72 northern, \$0.45 1/2; No. 73 northern, \$0.44 1/2; No. 74 northern, \$0.43 1/2; No. 75 northern, \$0.42 1/2; No. 76 northern, \$0.41 1/2; No. 77 northern, \$0.40 1/2; No. 78 northern, \$0.39 1/2; No. 79 northern, \$0.38 1/2; No. 80 northern, \$0.37 1/2; No. 81 northern, \$0.36 1/2; No. 82 northern, \$0.35 1/2; No. 83 northern, \$0.34 1/2; No. 84 northern, \$0.33 1/2; No. 85 northern, \$0.32 1/2; No. 86 northern, \$0.31 1/2; No. 87 northern, \$0.30 1/2; No. 88 northern, \$0.29 1/2; No. 89 northern, \$0.28 1/2; No. 90 northern, \$0.27 1/2; No. 91 northern, \$0.26 1/2; No. 92 northern, \$0.25 1/2; No. 93 northern, \$0.24 1/2; No. 94 northern, \$0.23 1/2; No. 95 northern, \$0.22 1/2; No. 96 northern, \$0.21 1/2; No. 97 northern, \$0.20 1/2; No. 98 northern, \$0.19 1/2; No.