

Subscribers to the Bee who pay six months in advance are entitled to the Rand-McNally wall map of Montana and the world.

The Kalispell Bee.

Rand-McNally map of Montana, census of 1900 and map of the world. Useful, ornamental. Free to paid in advance subscribers.

VOL. III, NO. 67.

THE KALISPELL BEE, KALISPELL, MONTANA, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1903.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

GRIM TRAGEDY AMONG FINNS

Women and Children Victims of a Horrible Fire.

THE SCENE IS HEART RENDING

Rescue Was Impossible—Little Ones Thrown From Building and Women Jumped—Eleven Fatalities While Severe Wounds Were Crippled and Bruised.

Vancouver, B. C., Feb. 2.—Thursday evening witness a grim tragedy with dire results to the Finnish settlers of Malcolm Island. Some distance up the coast from Vancouver, in a terrible holocaust which broke out while the men were at a meeting in a common rooming house, in which 23 families were living. Three women and eight children were burned to death, and seventeen were badly injured. The anguish of the men, who were powerless in many cases to help the women and children, owing to the fact that there was no water supply, was terrible. As they stood outside of the burning building, children were thrown from the house at their feet, and the frantic women were falling about them, crippled and bruised, as they leaped from the second story of the doomed house.

COLLIDED IN DENSE FOG

Stock Train on Illinois Central in a Rear End Smash Up.

TWO TRAIN MEN WERE KILLED

And All of the Stockmen Were More or Less Seriously Injured—The Wreckage Took Fire and a Caboose and Five Cars of Cattle were Consumed.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Two men were killed, five seriously injured and six others slightly wounded in a rear end collision of eastbound stock trains on the Illinois Central at Cloverdale today. All but the conductor and fireman were stockmen. The collision occurred in a dense fog, which prevented the engineer of the second train from seeing the train ahead until almost upon it. The wreckage took fire and the caboose and five cars of cattle were consumed.

Father Hagerty Will Speak.
Father Hagerty, the great socialist orator, who was billed to speak at Kalispell Sunday afternoon, was tied up in a snow bank in British Columbia on he date named, and only got here yesterday. He will positively speak at the court house tomorrow, Wednesday, night, and everyone is cordially invited.

SERVICE RIFLE FOR MILITIA.

Entire Citizen Soldiery to be Furnished With New Weapon.

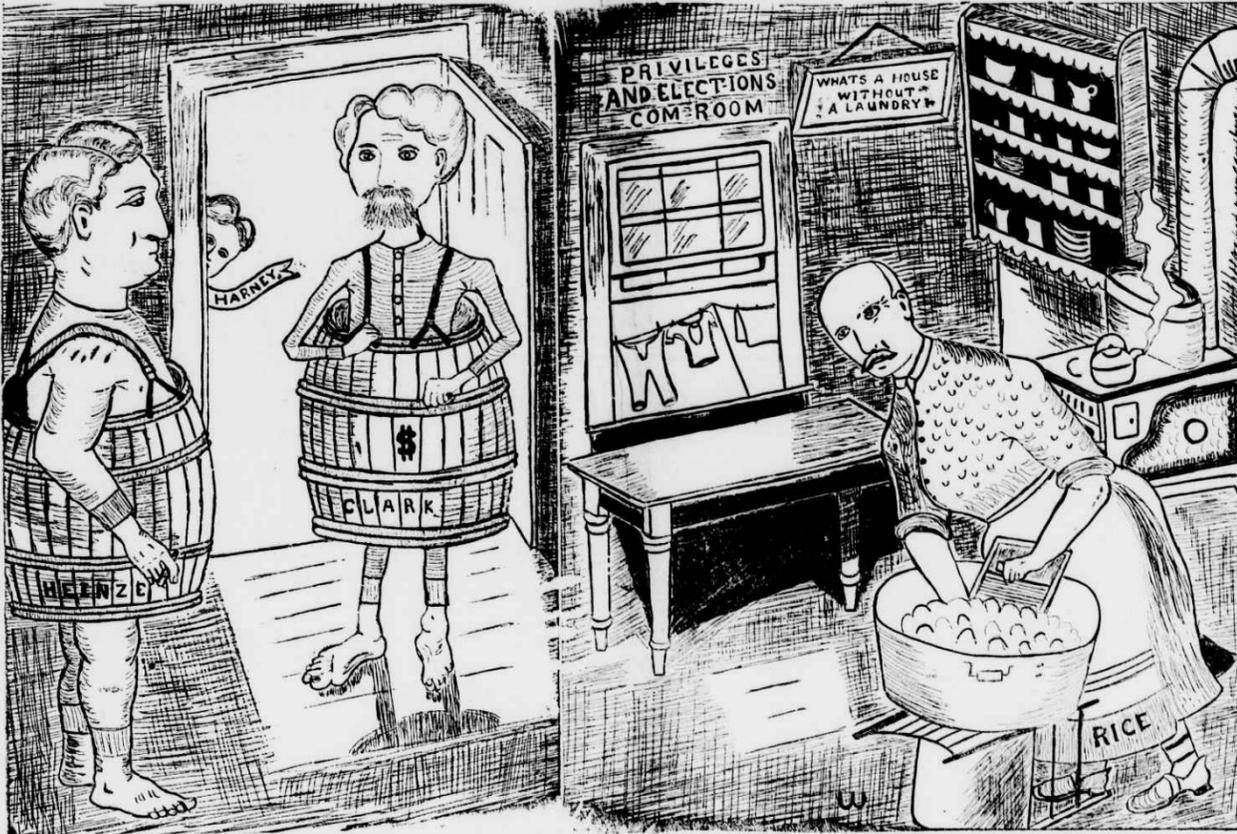
Washington, Feb. 2.—In accordance with the terms of the new militia law recently enacted by congress, the entire citizen soldiery of the country is to be supplied with the regular army service rifle. The state militiamen aggregate 150,000, nearly double the number in the regular army establishment. They will be furnished their new arms as rapidly as they can be manufactured by the national armory at Springfield, Mass.

In addition to this the war department is installing a plant at the Rock Island arsenal for the manufacture of the service rifle, though it will be some time before it will be ready for work. The department has on hand a large reserve supply of rifles, sufficient almost to equip the militia, but will rely mainly on the production of the armories, as the officials prefer not to draw on the reserve too heavily.

SCALDED NEWSBOYS TO DEATH.

Pittsburg, Feb. 1.—Three newsboys, Frew White, aged 14; Fred D. Reck, aged 12, and Harry Hess, aged 12, were so seriously scalded after midnight that White and Reck will die. They were sleeping in an arcaway belonging to the First National bank when some unknown person threw two buckets of scalding water upon them. Hess is the only one who can talk, but he is unable to give the name of the person who threw the water.

Chief Occupation of the Eighth Legislative Assembly.



Harney—Who's next?

Washing dirty linen for Silver Bow.

THE WOMAN DETECTIVE WHO LED HARNEY ASTRAY

Miss Josephine M. Waters, of Denver, is arrested at Judge Harney's Instigation.

CHARGING HER WITH PERJURY

Miss Waters Came Over From Denver in the Interest of the Anti-Harney Faction last Year, and Played an Engagement in Which Mary Maclane Red Predominated

Helena, Feb. 2.—Miss Josephine M. Waters, who became a prominent figure in Montana, through her affidavits relating to the relations between Judge E. W. Harney and Mrs. Ada N. Brackett, was arrested this evening as she stepped from the office of Judge Word, where she had been testifying in the Harney investigation before the house judiciary committee. It seems that after Miss Waters left Butte a year ago last August, a warrant was sworn out for her arrest on a charge of perjury. The warrant had not been served, and apparently no effort has been made to serve it. On learning that Miss Waters was in Helena, however, word was sent to Butte and a warrant was received by wire from Sheriff Quinn of Silver Bow county, ordering her arrest. When news of the arrest reached the committee room, C. F. Kelley, the attorney who is conducting the hearing in behalf of Representative Connors, who proposed the impeachment resolution, expressed much indignation. He said: "I am satisfied that Judge Harney and his attorney, Jesse B. Roote, are directly responsible for the arrest of Miss Waters. I heard Mr. Heimerlinger come in here and notify Judge Harney that Miss Waters was here. Immediately after Judge Harney left this room, Roote went out a moment afterward and was seen in telephone connection with some parties in Silver Bow county. The fact of her arrest is the best evidence of the truth of what I say. This charge of perjury was filed against her after she had left the state, and no effort was made by any one to get her. Roote disclaimed all responsibility for the arrest. "It lies between you and Harney," said Kelley. Before her arrest Miss Waters testified that she was a detective in the employ of Field's detective agency of Denver. She had been instructed at Denver to come to Butte and ascertain the relations existing between Mrs. Brackett and Judge Harney. She did not know for whom she was working. Her reports were all made to Mr. Pardee, the Butte agent of the company. Her testimony was in the main corroborative of the affidavits she made and which were published a year ago, last July and August. "Was Judge Harney in the habit of being drunk?" she was asked. "He was always under the influence of liquor," she said. "We were all of us drinking when we were together." "Did you ever drink too much on these occasions?" No, it is my business not to. Whenever possible I would throw my drink away." The witness corroborated the testimony of Fred Sutherland relative to the visit to the German village at the carnival and to the Alamo afterward. She said that before reaching the Alamo they went to a number of places. Judge Harney led the way up to where Fred McMahon said was one of the worst bad houses in the town, but the rest of the party balked and would not go up there with Harney. All the information she had relative to the mining cases, she said she got from Mrs. Brackett. The evening train for Butte being late, Miss Waters was taken to Butte on the train leaving here at midnight. She was accompanied by Sheriff O'Connell. Bonds are awaiting her arrival in Butte.

KILLED BY OLD MAN.

Dillon, Mont., Feb. 2.—During a saloon quarrel last night Ed Paterick severely beat John O'Leary, an old man. Early this morning O'Leary met Paterick in the street and took him to task for beating him, and the quarrel was renewed, and O'Leary stabbed Paterick fatally with a pocket knife.

NEW CARS TO CARRY COAL.

Cincinnati, Feb. 1.—While there has been an abundance of coal along the Ohio river during the winter, it has been impossible to help out interior points where coal famines existed because of the scarcity of cars. The break was made today, when a double header with 17 gondolas, carrying over 1,000 tons of coal, left Covington, Ky.

ON THE HOME STRETCH WITH TWO BILLS PASSED

The Second Half of the Legislative Session Must be More Prolific Than the First.

SENATE SNARLS, HOUSE WRANGLES

Anti-Corporation Bills Indefinitely Postponed—House Has Passed the Bounty Bill for H. L. Frank, Presenting Him With \$60,000 of Other Peoples Money.

Helena, Feb. 2.—Today's session of the senate reminded some of the older members of former sessions of the legislature, when a hot scrap was the order of every session. There was a lively engagement between Senators Kennedy and Meyer over the reference of so-called smoker bills in the judiciary committee. The senate spent much time in committee of the whole, considering senate bill No. 24, which it recommended for passage.

LEGISLATIVE DOINGS GLEANED FROM DAY TO DAY

Most Important Transactions of the Eighth Legislative Assembly Condensed.

Helena, Jan. 30.—The senate, in committee of the whole, today considered the Anderson game bills, and a number of amendments were adopted. One reduces the salaries of deputies to \$75 a month, as against \$100 in the bill. Biggs introduced a bill, principally of interest to Helena, providing that when a city has reached its constitutional limit of indebtedness, it may continue on a cash basis, but it must set aside money to meet interest on bonds and for the sinking fund. Another bill of interest to Helena, makes this the permanent seat for the state fair. The bill carries an appropriation of \$5,000, and a feature of the proposition is that local people agree to purchase and turn over to the state the fair grounds near this city, containing 80 acres, and which are valued at \$15,000. The fair is to be governed by a state board of agriculture, to consist of a president and one vice president from each judicial district. Several bills were introduced in the senate and a number were reported from the committee. The house, among other things, considered in the committee of the whole, favorably the bill to pay the Montana Building company \$57,258.58. It was recommended for passage by a unanimous vote, and after the committee arose, the rules were suspended, the bill was read a third time, put on its final passage and passed by a unanimous vote. The morning session saw another clerk added to the force, and her election raised the ire of Miller of Lewis and Clarke. Buchanan of the printing committee reported that he had so much work in his committee that he had found it necessary to employ another clerk, and he had selected Miss Lizzie Murphy, and he asked the house to confirm the appointment, which it did. Miller offered a resolution directing the clerk to furnish a list of the number of clerks on the pay roll. There was opposition to the resolution and he demanded a roll call, but Speaker White said the resolution was not in order at the time and that it would come up under its proper head later. It did not appear again during the day, though it possibly may Monday. In committee of the whole, a number of bills were considered. Among those favorably reported was the Word measure, repealing the law requiring the publication of license moneys; also the Miller bill, reducing the number of judges in this county; and also the bill changing

(Continued on page 8.)

WATERBURY IS RIOTOUS

Danger to Non-union Carmen From the Mob Causes Call of Troops.

TWO REGIMENTS WITH GATLINGS

Ordered to the Front By Governor Chamberlain—Scabs Are Handled Harshly and Sent Home on Stretchers—Other Watches at Waterbury Than the One Dollar Kind.

Waterbury, Conn., Feb. 1.—Eight companies of the First regiment of the Connecticut National Guard, and five companies of the Second regiment, with two Gatling guns, were called to Waterbury, Conn., today at the command of Governor Chamberlain, because of the "imperative need" occasioned by the trolley strike situation. The riots about the streets last night, coupled with threats of further disturbances tonight, led to the call for troops.

There was no repetition today of the violence of last night, but crowds congregated about the streets and had to be dispersed by the police, while there were rumors of an attack to be made tonight on the barn where the non-union motormen and conductors brought here by the Connecticut Railway and Lighting company are quartered.

During the day all the lines were operated as usual with non-union trolley men, but though there was some jeering from the crowds, the cars were not molested. No cars were run after dark. Companies C and G, of this city, a part of the Second regiment of the Connecticut National Guard, were called to their armory shortly before 6 o'clock this evening and remained there under orders.

Governor Chamberlain, when asked why the militia had been ordered out, said: "Because the situation demands it. I had hesitated about it, but every effort has been made by the local authorities in Waterbury to avert violence, and today it seemed apparent that wisdom dictated prompt and energetic action if law and order and the welfare of the city and state were to be conserved."

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 1.—The New Haven battalion of the Connecticut National guard was summoned to the Second regiment at 6:45 o'clock tonight by the ringing of the emergency call alarm. It is understood that the troops, five companies, will leave New Haven for Waterbury tonight to do duty in connection with the trolley strike in that city.

Fourteen companies of the First and Second regiments reached this city this evening, and together with two local companies, A and G, are under the command of Brigadier General Russell Frost of South Norwalk. With the visiting companies, which average 50 men each, and the local companies, a total of 800 arrived in the city between 9:40 and 10:15, on trains from New Haven and Hartford, and marched to the armory under police escort, amid the hooting and hissing of the crowds that gathered.

Five companies from Hartford, one from New Britain and one from New Bristol arrived under command of Colonel Edward Schulze. They brought with them two machine gun batteries. The companies from Manchester and Rockville also brought Gatling guns. When the Second regiment contingent, consisting of five companies of New Haven, arrived, the streets were crowded with people and there was a noisy demonstration, though there was no sign of active violence. Cries of "scab" were frequent along the line of march to the armory. There was great excitement among those who witnessed the arrival, but no outbreak occurred.

Violence continued today, though no damage was done. One of the non-union motormen, who is in a serious condition, was ordered to be removed to the hospital. Three non-union men were on their way to the hospital for a stretcher, when a mob of several hundred men and boys assailed them with rocks. The men ran and found refuge in the hospital. The mob surrounded the building and became so threatening that the superintendent telephoned to the police for protection.

Three officers were sent up and they succeeded in dispersing the mob. But when asked to escort the men back to the car barns it is said they refused. This evening a squad of officers escorted them to the car barns. About 20 non-union men have been injured in the riots.

Paris, Fe. 1.—A dispatch to the Matin from Mentone states that the crown princess of Saxony and her lover, M. Girou, intend going to the United States.