

The one great department store with a cash business may have noisy, but no actual competition.

SUMMER Underwear and Hosiery at prices that bring the Importers immense losses. The cool weather the cause. Men's and Ladies' glove-fitting ribbed "light-weight" Undershirts and Drawers at 60c instead of \$1 for wool; 35c instead of 50c, and 13c instead of 25c for cotton and lino.



The illustrations give an idea of the Ladies' Hose secured to distribute at only 25c a pair. The actual values are 35c to 50c a pair.

25c pair for superior Ingrain, dyed, Paris line tread stockings, in fancy effects and hosiery patterns, vertical stripes, etc. The illustration is one of the most desirable as those with embroidered fronts and narrow stripes. Only 25c pair for choice.

25c pair for black, russets, tan, grays, browns, and oatmeal, in best of 3/4 inch hose. Richelieu, Rembrandt and the new drop-stitched effects, as in the illustration. Our regular patrons who are accustomed to wearing 35c hose are especially requested to profit by this opportunity.

Summer Housefurnishings

EVERYTHING here for parlor, bedroom, kitchen, porch and garden. Reliable goods at prices guaranteed from 10 to 20 per cent less than prevailing.

97c instead of \$1.38 for Nickel-plated Double Gas Stoves with two double burners.

\$1.74 instead of \$1.98 for the All-nickel "Star" Gas Stoves, with three double burners.

64c instead of 90c for six-quart Water Coolers, with nickel faucet. Japanese in assorted colors.

\$3.24 instead of \$4.48 for Cooper & Moore No. 2 Refrigerator. Family size. Lined and oak finished.

98c instead of \$1.48 for two-quart Ice Cream Freezer. Choice of "Gem" and "Lightning".

13c instead of 19c for Porcelain-lined Dainty Washers in the lot, and so are the ultra-fashionable red waists, with detachable white-linen collar and cuffs. All styles, 69c for choice.

5c for Mason's Patent Fruit Jar, with porcelain-lined tops. First quality 5c each for pint, quart and half-gallon sizes.

1c each for "Bell-ringing" Table Tamblers. Full size. Three patterns.

15c dozen for first quality Jelly Glasses, with tin covers. Choice of one-third and half-pint sizes.

98c instead of \$1.48 for Iron Toilet Sets, consisting of pitcher, basin, soap dish and towel rack. Japanese in assorted colors.

29c for Berry Sets in cut glass patterns—large bowl and six saucers for only 29c.

9c instead of 15c for large crystal glass heavy bowls, half-gallon pitchers and cake servers.

\$1.98 instead of \$2.75 for English China Tea Sets of 16 pieces. Full size and artistically decorated pieces.

34c instead of 50c for first quality Stone China Pitchers and Basins. Only 47c for large size slip jars.

20c instead of 25c for extra heavy Turkish Bath Towels, 27x55 inches.

36c for Hemmed Sheets, \$1.90, for double bed. 6c for pillow cases.

\$6.50 instead of \$8.50 pair for the delightfully cool, All-India Hemstitched Sheets, 2x3 yards. \$1 pair for the pillow cases.

69c for Screen Doors with hardwood strips. 98c for the oil-hardwood doors. All sizes.

11c for Self-adjusting Wire Window Screens. Will fit any ordinary size window. All sizes here. Bring measurements.

5c for best Japanese Straw Stoop Seats. Only 1c for those with Denim top and oilcloth bottom.

\$1.35 instead of \$2 for Lawn Rockers, with rattan seats and big rest-inviting arms.

11c yard for 36-inch wide Dotted Swiss. All size dots. Only 7c for Silk-line, in newest designs and colors.

48c for Well-made Woven Hammocks. And ornamental ones up to \$5 each.

Important Sale of "Eagle" Shirt Waists.



SEGEL BROTHERS are makers of the famous Eagle brand of Ladies' Underwear and Shirt Waists—the finest possible to produce. They don't know how to make cheap goods. Their prices for Shirt Waists have always been \$9 to \$36 a dozen—until now they conclude to give up the making of them, disposing of their stock to The Palais Royal representative. Distribution will be the first time on record for such superb waists to be offered at such absurdly little prices.

Lot 1 at 96c. Lot 2 at 66c. Lot 3 at 47c.

350 dozen, made to retail at various prices, from \$1.98 to \$4.50 each. These best Swiss Organdy, Dimity, and Madras Waists are to be only 96c for choice. The linen collars and cuffs on each are alone worth 50 cents.

Summer Suits.



LET US write in big letters that no trashy Summer Suits are at the Palais Royal. Those of pure Irish Linen Crash are here from \$2.98 to \$10, the cheapest being thoroughly shrunken before making. The illustration to the left is one of the \$6.98 suits. The braiding comes both in the embroidery and plain effect, in linen color, white, black, red and navy.

Figure Suits are here from \$5.98 to \$14.50. Organdy suits are here from \$3.48 to \$35. Silk suits are here from \$10.98 to \$95. Separate Linen Skirts from 74c to \$3. Summer Wrappers are here from 69c to \$5.50.

The Wrapper—illustration to the right—is made of best French Organdy, in heliotrope, pink, blue and greens. White embroidery or lace trimming. The price asked is \$2.25; the value is \$3.95.



112 dozen, made to retail from \$1 to \$1.25 each. Note the correctly correct sleeves, the double pointed yokes, the detachable white-linen collar and cuffs. But they are not 47c waists. They are \$1 and \$1.25 waists—for 47c.

190 dozen, made to retail from \$1.25 to \$1.75 each. The most lovely imported Dimity Waists are in the lot, and so are the ultra-fashionable red waists, with detachable white-linen collar and cuffs. All styles, 69c for choice.

THE PALAIS ROYAL A. LISNER G and 11th Sts.

THE CLASSIFIED SERVICE

Two Views as to Its Effect on Indian Schools.

HALLMAN'S REPLY TO PRATT

The Superintendent of the Indian Bureau Defends the Merit System—He Submits Statistics in Writing to Support His Contentions—Other Testimony Adduced.

The special inquiry by the Senate committee on that subject into the working of civil service reform laws in the various Governmental departments, was resumed yesterday morning at the Mottly building, the greater part of the sitting being devoted to the Indian schools. The first evidence was given by Superintendent Pratt, of the Carlisle Indian School, he having already made a statement to the committee. Mr. Pratt expressed the opinion that the examinations for places were not a practical test. He had been in the service a long time, but he did not think that he could pass the examination now required to fill his position. A feature of the system, he said, was that it tended to make employes insubordinate to the extent, at least, of giving them the power to appeal to Washington. Mr. Pratt held that his views were shared in by other superintendents of Indian schools, from whom he submitted letters. He did not think that the regulations prevented removals in fact, they were frequently made, and as often as under the old system.

the schools for the Indian Bureau, took a different view of the present system. He spoke from an experience of forty-one years, and maintained that the merit system had been a powerful factor, not only in preventing arbitrary removals, but in securing a better class of employes. A strong point made by Mr. Hallman was that employes kept their positions under the civil service reform rules longer now than formerly. "First, the Sisseton school was organized in July, 1891, with three employes whose salaries exceeded \$400 per annum. The superintendent was still in charge of the school in 1896, when the number of employes had been increased to twenty. At the time of its organization none of the employes were in the classified service. "Second, The Seminoles school, Florida, quoted by Capt. Pratt, is not a school, but a pioneer station to attract the Indians to civilization, whose employes are paid from the school fund. It is true that in 1892 there were at this place ten employes, as stated by Capt. Pratt, but today there are only three, and two of these were in the service in 1892. "Third—The Santa Fe Training School, New Mexico, quoted by Capt. Pratt, was practically abandoned in 1893, which accounts for the disappearance of the names of the employes from the list. The fact that it was reorganized in 1894 does not detract from the evident impropriety of his using this school for the purpose of illustrating. "Fourth—The abandonment of the Kiowa Boarding School, Oklahoma, had been determined upon in 1895, and the employes then in the service were gradually transferred to other schools. Of the ten employes receiving \$400 or more, listed in 1896, all but two are in the service now in other schools. "Fifth—The Pipestone School was in

process of erection in '92, under the supervision of Superintendent Crandall, who is still in the service as superintendent of the Pima School. The mailing, listed in '92, never entered the service, and the farmer, the third and last of the three employes listed in '92, was separated from the service in June, '92. "Sixth—in a number of the schools named by Capt. Pratt, he gives higher numbers of employes than the facts warrant. The schools at Sisseton and at the Navajo agencies are typical of this error. Capt. Pratt counts at Sisseton nineteen employes. Of these were superintendents, three were matrons, two district teachers, two cooks and two night watchmen, each serving only for a fraction of a year. There were at this school only twelve positions paying \$400 or more, instead of nineteen, as Capt. Pratt states, and of these only five were in the classified service. "Similarly, at Navajo, there were only twelve positions paying \$400 or more, not twenty, as Capt. Pratt's statement would lead one to infer, and of these only five were in the classified service during the latter part of the fiscal year. Mr. Shelby Smith, a compositor, employed in the Government Printing Office, took the stand. "I should suggest," said Mr. Smith, "that the scholastic examination be abolished, and that it be made entirely practical. There are many printers who are good workmen who might not be excellent scholars." The witness would not object to a civil service reform if the examinations were purely practical. Commissioner Procter, on examination of the witness, called attention to a resolution passed at a Chicago union supporting a classified service. Mr. Smith was asked about a vote of Columbia Typographical Union repudiating the witness' position on the subject of civil service reform. The witness admitted such a vote, but said the vote was not that of Columbia Union, but the members of the Printing Office. The vote was by chapels, and Printing Office chapels out-voted the down-town chapels. "When were you discharged?" asked Commissioner Procter. "Which time?" tartly retorted Mr. Smith. "Well, the first time," said Mr. Procter. The witness gave the information, and when questioned as to the reason for his dismissal, said that the first time he was laid off it was for the abuse of the Postmaster General. The second discharge was because of a report by the foreman that he was a discordant element. Mr. Thomas H. Ingraham, colored, informed the committee of his difficulties in obtaining a place as letter carrier, he having taken the examination, making a percentage of 80.15. He was called for by Postmaster Willett, after waiting a year. He called, and Mr. Willett told him to come back again. Afterward, he stated, two men below him in grade received appointments. It was a case, he thought, where the postmaster had the sole prerogative of appointment. Mr. Ingraham complained to Postmaster General Gary, by whom he was referred to the Civil Service Commission. Col. W. W. White, of Kentucky, a former employe of the Treasury Department, was the next witness. Col. White is a Republican, who first entered the Treasury Department in 1876, and was made the object of a change in each successive administration. He was removed in 1885. At that time Eugene Higgins was appointment

COLUMBIAN PRIZE DEBATE

The Negative Wins After a Hard Forensic Battle.

It Decides Who Shall Be the First and Second Honor Men of the Society.

The prize debate of the law department debating society of the Columbian University, which took place in the lecture hall last night, was preceded by an interesting incident. The bust of Justice Harlan, which for some time has occupied a conspicuous place in President Whitman's reception room, was formally presented to the university by the students. The presentation was made by Justice Walter Cox, of the District supreme court, who referred in glowing terms to Justice Harlan's connection with the university. The speech of acceptance, in behalf of the university, was made by President Whitman.

FIVE CONSULS NOMINATED

The President's List of Favorites Sent to the Senate.

Andrew D. Barlow Goes to Mexico, H. S. Van Buren to Nice, and Carl B. Hurst to Vienna.

The President sent an unusually large number of nominations to the Senate yesterday, in the batch being the names of five consuls to important positions. The following is the list: Andrew D. Barlow, of Missouri, to be Consul general at the City of Mexico. Harold S. Van Buren, of New Jersey, to be consul at Nice, France. Carl Bailey Hurst, of the District of Columbia, now consul at Prague, to be consul general at Vienna. Henry H. Morgan, of Louisiana, to be consul at Brest, Switzerland. William W. Croft, of Indiana, to be consul at Vera Cruz, Mexico. Lewis A. Pradt, of Wisconsin, to be assistant attorney general. Stephen J. Weeks, of Nebraska, to be register of the land office at O'Neill, Neb. Postmasters—Arkansas, Benjamin M. Foreman, Texas, Connecticut, Eugene H. Merriman, East Hartford, Indiana, Oliver C. Gordon, Encinitas, Ill. Kidwell, Elwood, Morris E. Pote, New Harmony, John H. Daugherty, Frankford, Indian Territory, Benjamin L. Robertson, Purcell, Iowa, E. D. Powell, Extra, Michigan, W. W. Coffey, Wyandotte, Erie, S. Upper, Durand, Missouri, Frank S. Jones, Sarcoxie, Ohio, James R. Barr, Cambridge, Tennessee, George W. Farmer, Martins, West Virginia, J. E. Shields, Alderson. "Lieutenant colonels to be colonels, H. E. Koyse, Second Cavalry; Guy V. Henry, Third Cavalry; John I. Rogers, Second Artillery. Captains to be majors—William C. Forbush, Fifth Cavalry; J. A. Angus, Fifth Cavalry; James M. Ingalls, First Artillery. First Lieutenants to be captains—H. J. Goldman, Fifth Cavalry; A. C. Hancock, Fifth Cavalry; C. L. Best, First Artillery; H. Liggett, Fifth Infantry. Second Lieutenants to be first lieutenants—L. J. Fleming, Tenth Cavalry; J. J. Hornbrook, Second Cavalry; E. F. Meacham, Jr., Fifth Artillery; C. G. Clarke, Sixth Infantry, and Fergl L. Munson, Sixth Infantry, to be second lieutenants.

WANK AND BOWEN WILL DIE

Victims of Ohio Militia Cannot Recover.

Springfield, Ohio, June 5.—The latest news from Urbana this evening is that Zack Wank and Wesley Bowen, who were shot by the militia before yesterday's lynching, will die. Wank was shot in the hip and Bowen in the groin. The physicians attending them say tonight that there are no hopes for the recovery of the two. Their deaths are expected hourly.

EASIEST TERMS EVER KNOWN!

No notes—no interest—small monthly payments are all we want. This is the store of real accommodations—the store of reliable qualities; we back down nothing free; we make, lay and line all carpet, floor, and wall paper—no charge for waste in matching figures. Refrigerators in every size that's made. Solid Oak Chamber Suits \$10 up. Women Wire Spring... \$17.50. 40-lb. Hair Mattress... \$5.00. Oak Extension Tables... \$2.75. Baby Carriages... \$5 to \$50. All on easy weekly or monthly payments.

GROGAN'S Mammoth Credit House,

87, 89, 92, 93 7th St. N. W. Between H and I Sts.

Bicycles, Saddles and Tires Kept in Repair One Year FREE!

That's the guarantee we give with every bicycle sold by us—no matter what the price! It makes no difference whether what part is injured—or HOW—we ask no question—bring your bicycle to our repair shop and we will repair it absolutely free! You can get a bicycle here on the

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87, 89, 92, 93 7th St. N. W. Between H and I Sts.

THE GENUINE "KAYSER PATENT" Finger-Tipped Silk Gloves

Have the name in the hem and a GUARANTEE TICKET in each pair. It's good for a new pair FREE if the "Tips" wear out first. Blacks and all the newest colors. 50 cts., 75 cts., and \$1.00.

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Advertisement for Howard F. Johnson, Washington Loan and Trust Building. To Wesley Park at last we're bound, For there, at last, a home we've found; A home where dwelleth love and art, A home for head as well as heart.

Wesley Park and the American University, though in a measure synonymous, are in respect to their objects, distinct. One is the educational center of the continent—the other the home center of the Capital City, or Greater Washington. With all that pertains to the well-being of domestic life, and also to that which equips life for the highest pursuits, these two are identical and closely allied. In view of this, the cheapness of the lots in Wesley Park seems like a mockery. A lot there means a home, and a home, as above described, can never be estimated by figures, although one can be had now at a nominal price. Apply to

shown on the part of both. Col. Charles Anthony, of the Third Regiment, O. N. G., said: "The best way to get at the truth of the matter is to wait for the official report. What that report will say I do not know, but I do know that it will sustain Capt. Leonard and Sheriff McLean for their courage and soldierly conduct in the situation." G. A. R. ASSOCIATION. New Members Elected at the Regular June Meeting. The regular June meeting of the G. A. R. Association was held in the banquet hall of Willard's Hotel last night. After the transaction of routine business, Messrs. Charles F. Clagett, A. M. Thompson, J. E. Crouse, H. E. Weaver, Dr. Aaron Baldwin, George Smith, and Stephen Boker, were proposed and elected to membership in the association. Following this, a number of those present made brief addresses, among them being Gen. Spurling, of Maine; Col. L. E. Dudley, of Massachusetts; Col. F. E. Stephenson, of Kansas, and Col. Vaughn, of Illinois.