

For the District of Columbia, Maryland and Virginia. Increasing cloudiness and probably thunder-storms Tuesday afternoon; variable winds.

Here's a Run For Your Money!

This morning we put on sale one lot of Men's Summer Suits at a price that will make short work of them. We guarantee them in every particular—and warrant the colors not to fade.

\$10 While they Last, for choice of \$12 and \$15 Suits, in Scotch Cheviots, Cassimeres, Blue and Black Serges and Clay Diagonals.

They are single and double-breasted Sack Suits—perfectly shaped and elegantly trimmed. Every size is complete today. We give you our word that these suits—at this price—are rich bargains. Buy one today—and if our claim is not proven—don't ever spend another dollar here AS LONG AS YOU LIVE.

M. Dyrenforth & Co., 20th Century Clothiers, 923 Penna. Ave. N. W.

MR. MCKINLEY DUE TODAY

An Ultimatum Which Opened Baltimore to Newspaper Men.

DISCOURTESY SHOWN THEM

Mr. Vanderbilt's Representative Objected to Admitting Them and the President Refused to Consider the Invitation Unless They Were Included—Few Steps to Be Made.

Old Fort, N. C., June 14.—President McKinley and party have spent a very busy, but on the whole very enjoyable day, and will be back in Washington at 7:30 to-morrow, well pleased with their long trip. The excessive heat has been the only drawback to the pleasure of the journey. From the start at Nashville and Chattanooga the heat was almost unbearable and necessitated a change of the train program last night. Instead of leaving Chattanooga at 2 o'clock this morning the special train was run up to Sherman Heights, 300 feet above the city, where it remained during the night, and where it was possible to sleep with comparative comfort.

ROGERS & CO.'S

New York stock of men's and boys' suits now being sold by us at 60 Cents on the Dollar

offers an exceptionally good chance to secure strictly HIGH-CLASS clothing at merely nominal prices. There are neat plaids and checks in Tweeds, Cassimeres, Worsteds and Homespins, and plain blue and black Cheviot and Serge. All thoroughly tailored, perfect-fitting garments—all sizes.

All the proper THIN CLOTHES are HERE. Suits in Serge, Wool Crash, Linen Crash, and Tow Linen. Coats and coats and vests in Serge, Alpaca, Mohair, Pongee, Seersucker, Drap d'Ete, etc.

Neglige Shirts in rich, handsome patterns of Madras, Cheviot, Serge, &c. Thin Underwear, Summer Neckwear, STRAW HATS, and all other summer wearables. Proper styles and qualities at proper prices.

Just a few pairs left of those men's \$6, \$5, \$4, and \$3 shoes at \$1.00 per pair. Broken sizes only.

ROBINSON & CHERY CO.

Clothes, Furnishings, Hats, Shoes. 12th and F Sts. N. W.

The Finest Lumber, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th and N. Y. ave.

BIG FIRE ON ELLIS ISLAND

All the Government Buildings Go Up in Smoke.

STARTED AFTER MIDNIGHT

Almost Two Thousand Immigrants, Including All the Patients at the Hospital, Lost Their Shelter. One Hundred or More Tugs Go to the Rescue of the Unfortunates.

New York, June 13.—A fire started in the biggest of the Government buildings on Ellis Island, at 12:30 o'clock this (Tuesday) morning, and spreading with frightful rapidity, was, at 1 o'clock, sweeping over the whole island and it was almost certain that every building there would be doomed. The first known of the fire in this city was when the number three tug, the steam tug, was set by the belated sitters in the Battery Park.

At this time the fire was just coming out of the western end of the biggest of the Government buildings. It seemed to come out of the windows and out of the roof at almost the same time.

Within five minutes after it was first seen more than half the building appeared to be in flames, and within fifteen minutes the whole building was going.

The fire boat New Yorker, which is stationed at the Battery wall, plowed straight across the harbor, passing smaller tugs, and was close enough to the fire to get within halting distance. She was followed by two police launches, with all the force of harbor police, that could be gathered in a few minutes.

By the time the police had started a great crowd had gathered at Battery Park. The flames were then shooting a hundred feet in the air, and by their light hundreds of people could be seen on the island rushing hither and thither.

There are usually more than a thousand persons, most of them immigrants, who sleep on the island. The customs officials in the large office, nearby, thought that the number there when the fire broke out was between 1,500 and 2,000, most of whom arrived on three ships that came in today: the Spaniards, from Rotterdam, the Albatross, from Genoa and Naples, and the Pines, from Glasgow.

A few minutes past 1 o'clock the roof of the main building was seen to fall in, and a great shower of sparks shot up into the air more than 100 feet.

It seemed a moment after the fall of the roof that every tugboat in the harbor had started out to assist in handling the fire. The river was fairly black with them.

At 1:15 a great crash was heard and a moment later there was another tremendous shower of sparks flying up into the air.

When they had cleared a little it was seen that the two walls of the main building had fallen in. The sound of the crash was echoed from the hills on Staten Island and the heights on the Jersey shore.

For a few minutes after this crash the crowds that had been seen on the island rushing around with fire apparatus that were when the smoke that followed the falling of the walls cleared away, it could be seen that a hundred or more tugs had reached the island were crowded close to the shore, and appeared to be taking the people off.

At this time every building and every shed seemed to be burning, and there was absolutely no shelter for the people anywhere.

The fireboat New Yorker had been at work some minutes then, and many of the other tugs with fire apparatus that were not engaged in the rescue had arrived, and setting their engines going, were pouring great streams into the blazing mass without apparent effect, however.

At 1:30 o'clock the Ellis Island ferry boat John G. Carter, steamed up to the Battery with 200 immigrants and in addition had all the sick patients from the hospital on the island. As the boat got up to her pier the crowd in the park made a rush for her. The police charged on the crowd and fought their way to the boat, the officers of the boat standing on the upper deck, screaming:

"We've got small-ox patients aboard. Go back! Go back!"

The crowd took up the cry of "small-oxes" and got back. The officers said that, as far as they knew, there had been no loss of life on the island. The passengers were unloaded, the sick being taken off on stretchers and carried into the large office.

The patients were accompanied by all the nurses who are employed at Ellis Island, and by Mrs. White, the wife of the resident physician.

One of the officers of the boat said the fire originated in one of the towers on the main embankment building. At the time it started all the immigrants were asleep and most of the employees, there being only a few watchmen on duty.

The watchmen, of course, sounded the alarm to wake up the sleeping ones before they did anything toward fighting the fire, and in that way, it got such a great headway that by the time they could turn their attention to it, it was sweeping through the ramshackle building and was utterly beyond control of anything in the shape of water less than a deluge.

The loss is roughly estimated to be somewhere in the neighborhood of \$800,000.

FOUND DEAD IN AN ALLEY.

The Death of Washington Martin a Mystery to the Police.

The dead body of a colored man named Washington Martin was found in an alley between L and M and Fifth and Sixth streets northeast about 12:40 o'clock this morning.

The body was removed in the Ninth precinct patrol wagon to the morgue. The circumstances of Martin's death cannot be learned.

No marks of violence were found on Martin's body.

Charlotte Walter Dead.

Vienna, June 14.—Charlotte Walter, the distinguished tragedienne, who had been ill for a long time, died this evening.

Bargains—Cypress Boards, \$1.50 per 100 ft. Libbey & Co., 6th and N. Y. ave.

Bargains—Poplar Boards, Dressed, \$1.75 per 100 ft. Libbey & Co., 6th and N. Y. ave.

ATTEMPT TO KILL FAUR.

Another Bomb Found Near the Scene of the Explosion.

Paris, June 14.—The police have been trying to make light of the bomb throwing, even going so far as to assert that it was a flimsy joke. Facts do not support this contention.

Another bomb, similar to the one that exploded in the Bois de Boulogne yesterday, was found this morning near the scene of the explosion. M. Girard, the municipal analyst, examined the bomb and found that it contained gunpowder and shrapnel expertly mixed.

The reason that yesterday's explosion did no damage was probably because the missiles in the bomb did not scatter, but were aimed vertically.

THE AIRSHIP MOVES SOUTH.

It Is Now Revealing Itself to the Eyes of Mexicans.

Monterey, Mex., June 14.—The airship which created such a stir in the United States a few weeks ago has been seen here during several nights recently by scores of well-known and reliable people.

The airship was first seen on the mountain, near the city, last night, and persons could be seen moving about on the deck of the strange cigar-shaped craft.

END OF BARNEY BARNATO

The Prince of Speculators and Multi-Millionaire Kills Himself.

His Low Origin and Wonderful Career—Vast Sums Placed in His Enterprises.

London, June 14.—A dispatch to the Central News from Funchal, the capital of Madeira, says that Barney Barnato, the well-known South African multi-millionaire, while returning to England from South Africa, committed suicide by jumping overboard from the steamer on which he was traveling. The body was recovered.

Barney Barnato was reputed to be the richest man in the world, his fortune being estimated as high as \$300,000,000, but here he came from and how he laid the foundations of his fortune, are matters which have never been made quite clear.

He appeared in London about five years ago with his head full of great schemes, and within two years he launched a stupendous speculative movement in South African mining stocks, and he was known as the Kaffir King.

That his name was originally Isaacs, and that he was born of Jewish parents in London, there seems to be no doubt. During his early youth, Barnato drifted off to the South African mining country. There he is said to have been by turns a bootblack, a barber, a street fakir, a circus clown and an actor and a mining camp follower, according to fancy prompted or opportunity afforded.

Sir Edgar Vincent finally introduced him in European financial centers and the companies and shares which he was enabled to create and sell seemed endless.

Anything with South Africa and Barnato's name on it was accepted as a surmise of wealth-making power, and he was estimated a year or more ago that the British public had invested \$750,000,000 in his schemes.

Barnato lost \$15,000,000 in trying to prop up the stock in the Barnato Bank, Mining and Estate Corporation during an attack upon them by speculators.

Barnato's palace in Piccadilly cost \$1,000,000.

The Barnatos had three children, all born within recent years.

LONDON STREETS CROWDED.

The Jubilee Visitors Are Arriving in Large Numbers.

London, June 14.—The influx of visitors to attend the jubilee ceremonies was noticeable for the first time today. The streets were thronged until late at night with crowds of sightseers.

The official preparations are still incomplete. It is not yet known what the great feature of the celebration will be the public and official honors that will be paid to the colonial visitors.

One Killed, Several Injured.

San Francisco, June 14.—At Georgetown, El Dorado county, a fire broke out in the shops of the grocery store and spread, leveling the whole of the business district. Just before the fire was brought under control, some giant powder in the store exploded, killing Mrs. William Newell and badly injuring Mrs. McLain, and wounding several others.

New York Plasterers Strike.

New York, June 14.—The Plasterers' Union ordered a strike today. About 1,000 men went out. More strikes are to be ordered on buildings today. If non-union men are put to work, sympathetic strikes of the other trades will be invited.

Southern Cotton Spinners to Curtail.

Charlotte, N. C., June 14.—The Southern Cotton Spinners' Association and the Southern Textile Association are to be consolidated. Nearly every mill in the South has promised co-operation in carrying out the curtailment of production. This curtailment is to begin tomorrow.

Brakeman and Three Tramps Killed.

Backin, Mo., June 14.—The west-bound freight on the Santa Fe road was derailed last night while running down a steep grade. Nine cars left the track and a brakeman and three tramps were killed.

Byron McClelland's Funeral.

Lexington, Ky., June 14.—The funeral of Byron McClelland occurred at his late home here this morning. Many turnouts were present.

Buy your typewriter paper and supplies from us and save money. See our improved cabinets for all makes of typewriters. Typewriter Headquarters and Manufacturers Agency, 1807 F at N. W. Burke & Hewitt, Agents, Ribbons for all makes. 7510-6.

Ivy Institute Business College, 8th and K. The Finest Lumber, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th and N. Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th and N. Y. ave.

SPAIN'S HOPE FED ON LIES

So Declares Senor Celleruelo, a Deputy of Asturias.

DENOUNCES THE GOVERNMENT

Says That "Pacification" Is a Lie, the Reforms Are a Lie, and Good Relations With the United States a Lie—A Policy Which Is Leading to Ruin.

Madrid, June 14.—Senor Jose Celleruelo, a deputy of Asturias, has written a letter to the Imparcial, denouncing the government, the newspapers and statesmen for suppressing the truth in regard to Cuba. He says:

"We know now too clearly, what has been passing in Cuba, yet nobody dares to mention it, except secretly, and then, as it were, to merely relieve the horrible anxiety that is weighing down the heart. The result is that a deplorable condition of things will be revealed some day, amounting to cowardly weakness in the upper circles and quiet resignation, approaching indifferent stupidity, in the masses.

"I truly believe that the fault lies with the newspapers and the deputies. We have failed in our foremost duty—namely, to be the organs of opinion. If we had realized that our silence only fostered audacity in other quarters, it would have been known long ago that our soldiers nearly all die in Cuban hospitals, without honor or profit to the mother country; that the pacification of Cuba is a lie; that the reforms are a lie, and that our good relations with the United States and other American states are a lie, and that it is a lie to pretend that the policy now followed can lead to anything but discredit and ruin."

SUBURB OF HAVANA ATTACKED.

Spaniards Had to Get Reinforcements From the Capital.

Havana, June 14.—A suburb of Havana, has been attacked by the Cubans under Cardenas and Aranguera. The fight lasted several hours and the reinforcements from the capital had to come to the aid of the Spaniards. The losses on both sides were heavy.

Gen. Weyler has ordered the arrest of the Spanish Majors Antonio Torres and Antonio Lucades upon the charge of cowardice. They were put in prison on Saturday. The cause of their arrest is that at the plantation Goyo Ruiz, two miles from Santa Clara city, a Spanish guerrilla force of 100 men, commanded by Torres and Lucades, was nearly exterminated by the Cubans, commanded by Montenegro.

At Cana de la Para, near Sagua la Grande City, in Santa Clara province, Louison's Spanish forces lost twenty-five soldiers and four officers killed and many soldiers wounded, in a hot engagement with the insurgents, under Aleman.

The financial distress is the real cause, according to letters received here from Madrid of Sagasta's refusal to accept power at present. The liberal leader does not yearn to take upon his shoulders the responsibility of such a situation.

MAY ISSUE AN ULTIMATUM.

Mr. Calhoun Says the President Has Not Decided.

Danville, Va., June 14.—W. J. Calhoun, President McKinley's Cuban commissioner, was asked this afternoon if Mr. McKinley would issue an ultimatum to Spain as reported. Said Mr. Calhoun:

"He may and may not. I feel certain, from what the President has said to me, that his mind is not fully made up. Within a week President McKinley will have received my detailed complete report. I feel confident my mission to Cuba will not prove fruitless. That something must and will be done I fully believe."

"The President may regard my report as a recommendation, but I will not say there should or should not be interference by the United States."

AN EXPEDITION FOR CUBA.

Dauntless Leaves Key West With Men and Ammunition.

Key West, Fla., June 14.—The steamer Dauntless left Key West at 7 o'clock last night with seventy-five Cubans and a cargo of arms and ammunition.

She ran ashore on the Middle Grounds and was pulled off by the tugs Clyde and Childs and left at 9 o'clock. She cleared for Jacksonville.

TORPEDO BOAT FOR CUBA.

One Is Now on Its Way to New York Harbor.

Rochester, N. Y., June 14.—A submarine torpedo boat, designed for the Cuban Junta in New York, is on its way through the canal. It is expected that the boat will arrive in New York harbor by 10 o'clock tomorrow.

The boat was built by the Globe Shipbuilding Works of Cleveland. The mysterious visitor is in charge of Frank Lamson and William Blyden, from the builders. There are three Cubans on board. On the way south from New York she will be in charge of Regona Aguierre, Antonio Muzaro and Calisto Revell.

The outer shell of the boat is of steel. The motive power is steam, but it has no smokestack, as its generating apparatus consumes the smoke. The makers guarantee a speed of twenty-eight knots per hour. She passed through Rochester at a speed of ten knots an hour.

The boat will remain in New York but a short time, as it is thought the Federal authorities will try to prevent her departure.

State Bank of Fenton Closed.

Fenton, Mich., June 14.—The State Bank of Fenton was closed this morning by the bank examiner.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot.

Frank Libbey & Co., 6th and N. Y. ave.

BLACK GOWNS IN THE CHURCH.

Effect of the Decision of the Reformed Episcopal Council.

New York, June 14.—Members of the general council of the Reformed Episcopal Church are discussing in public and private the probable effect of the vestment resolution passed on Friday. Many were of the opinion that the church might suffer in Canada and the West on account of the adoption of the black gown, there being in those sections a strong feeling in favor of the surplice.

Bishop Fallows, however, said: "There will be no disruption of the church. It would have been better if the council could have acted more wisely, but the injury to the church will be only temporary. I think that the feeling will disappear. This is only a stinging resolution, anyway, and may be repealed at any time." The bishop said that if the action was found injurious a special council could be called at any time.

Bishop Cheney, about the likelihood of whose resigning altogether there have been some rumors, was in the council Saturday. He is thought that he will resign as bishop, and it was said by friends that he would probably reconsider his action in leaving committees. Bishop Campbell, the leader of the party in favor of the surplice, said he thought all would accept the ruling of the council and that all feeling would pass away.

TWO LIVES BARELY SAVED

Mr. and Mr. Perry in the Canal at Cabin John.

Their Boat Upsets and They Are Rescued Just in Time—Visitors From New York.

A narrow escape from drowning occurred in the canal near Cabin John Bridge last evening, and had it not been for the timely assistance of Mr. William Ridgway, manager of the Cabin John Hotel, Mr. and Mrs. Perry, of New York City, would have lost their lives in the waters of the canal.

The lady and gentleman in question have been visiting Washington, and during their stay here have been stopping at 808 K street northwest. Yesterday afternoon they went up to Cabin John's and while waiting for supper took a row on the canal. In midstream, when changing seats, the craft was capsized and the occupants thrown into the water. Both were unable to swim, and all of their efforts to right the boat or reach the shore failed.

Mrs. Perry became frantic in her struggles and clung to her husband with the madness of a drowning person. In her struggles she pulled Mr. Perry under twice and he was going down for the third time when Mr. Ridgway arrived and pulled him from the water. They were in the canal fully thirty minutes.

Owing to the isolation of the locality their cries were unheard by anyone at the hotel, and had it not been that a lady driving past the spot discovered their plight Mr. and Mrs. Perry would surely have been drowned. While in the water they were both in unconscious condition, but were resuscitated after hard work.

Mrs. Perry suffered a severe nervous shock, that is, she prostrated her that she could not be moved from the hotel last night. Word was sent to town for a fresh supply of clothing, and the unfortunate pair were made as comfortable as possible.

During his struggles to reenter the boat Mr. Perry lost a valuable diamond stud and a handsome watch and chain for the recovery of which he has offered a reward of \$50.

LOVE, NOT POLITICS.

Cause of the Feud Between Mayor Richards and Editor Hedley.

Bunker Hill, Ill., June 14.—The cause of the feud between Mayor John R. Richards by Capt. Fenwick Y. Hedley, yesterday, was Miss Ella Brown, and not politics.

Miss Brown is thirty years of age. She is a stenographer and very pretty. Richards, who is a widower, fell in love with her, and though he was sixty years of age, wanted to make her his wife. Miss Brown sang in a church choir. Hedley was organist, and a more than friendly feeling appeared to have grown up between them.

Richards forbade the woman, who was a distant relative, to have anything to do with Hedley. She disregarded the prohibition, and the feud was the consequence.

WEST VIRGINIA TORNAO.

Houses and Barns Unroofed and the Fruit Crop Damaged.

Parkersburg, W. Va., June 14.—West Virginia was visited by a tornado last night that did much damage. At Elkins it unroofed houses and blew down barns and big trees. Several people were injured, but none seriously.

In this section early it got as dark as midnight and the water came down in torrents; then it hailed so hard that it completely ruined the vegetation and fruit. It is estimated that the loss will reach several hundred thousand dollars.

MAY SUCCEEDED VON HOHENLOHE.

Dr. Miquel Summoned to an Audience With Kaiser William.

Berlin, June 14.—Dr. Miquel, Prussian minister of finance, suddenly returned to Berlin today from Wiesbaden, and had a long conference with Chancellor Von Hohenlohe. After the conference Dr. Miquel had an audience with the Emperor.

The facts have caused a sensation in political circles. Many speculations are indulged in, the most reliable of which is that Dr. Miquel is to be appointed vice-chancellor, to relieve Prince von Hohenlohe, who is burdened by his age.

Walcott and Tracy Fight a Draw.

Philadelphia, June 14.—Joe Walcott and Tom Tracy fought six rounds to a draw before the Quaker City Athletic Club tonight. From the beginning to the end the fighting was fast and furious.

Guests of Fall River.

Fall River, Mass., June 14.—The Pan-American delegates were Fall River's guests today, and spent the day in sight-seeing. Soon after noon they dined at the Casino, where the finest textile exhibits ever arranged here were shown.

The Finest Lumber, 1 Cent a Foot.

Frank Libbey & Co., 6th and N. Y. ave.

A STAR FROM THE PACIFIC

Hawaii May Soon Be Admitted to the Union.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY ALLISON

His Suggestive Remarks at the Republican Caucus—A Treaty of Annexation Will Probably Be Submitted to the Senate in a Short Time.

Last night's Republican Senatorial caucus developed the fact that an Hawaiian annexation treaty is being negotiated by the Administration. While no absolute statement of this character was made to the caucus, no other inference could be drawn from the remarks made.

The caucus met at 8 o'clock sharp and remained in session until 11:25 without positive action being taken on the subjects brought up.

At the outset, Mr. Allison suggested that it would be the part of wisdom to pass over the Hawaiian treaty clause for the present for the reason that an important communication was being expected from the President. Mr. Allison did not say that it was an annexation treaty, but he said it related to this subject, and was expected within a short time. There was a great deal of mystery surrounding his statement, and the caucus accepted it and decided that if the vote on this item was pressed today it should be passed over.

It is understood that the treaty was drawn by Judge Day, and is patterned after the Harrison convention, the United States assuming the Hawaiian debt, which is but a trifle of something like \$2,000,000. The pension granted to Queen Liliuokalani, previously provided, will not be included.

After this was disposed of, Mr. Gear suggested that, in order to satisfy the best-sugar people, a bonus of 1-2 per cent a pound be paid, but he afterward made the amount 1-4 of a cent a pound, diminishing one-fifth each year, and submitted this proposition in the shape of a motion. It was discussed for some time, and favored by Senators Thurston, Gear and Shoup, but was finally withdrawn, owing to the antagonism it aroused.

The remainder of the night was consumed in a discussion of the various anti-trust amendments to the bill. The principal amendments of this character are two general anti-trust proposals, by Senators Pettigrew and Nelson, and a third by Mr. Wilson, aimed only at importers. It was finally agreed to submit this subject to the Republican members of the Judiciary Committee. That committee will frame some anti-trust amendment that is not too general and submit it to the next caucus. If the vote on this is pressed today, it will be passed over by the solid Republican support.

Mr. Carter made the chief speech in favor of an anti-trust amendment. He declared that it was the great question of the future. The tariff was a subject that had come to be but a question of rates, and even the financial question, great as it was, would become secondary to this problem. The Republican party must face it and deal with it.

Mr. Carter's speech impressed the caucus, and there appeared to be a general sentiment in favor of action of some sort on this subject. It is quite probable that the Judiciary committee will frame an amendment that will meet the approval of the Republicans. It will not, however, be rushed through at the present time, the managers holding that it should more properly come in at the end of the bill, and not as a particular amendment to the sugar schedule.

What is true, therefore, that no positive results were obtained last night, there was a clearing of the atmosphere that leads to the conclusion that within the next week many of the obstacles now in sight will have disappeared altogether.

THE EARTHQUAKES IN MEXICO.

Great Damage Done and a Number of Lives Lost.

Oaxaca, Mex., June 14.—Additional reports of the serious effects of the earthquake shocks have been received here. In the town of Tehuantepec the cathedral and bishop's palace were demolished and a large number of other buildings destroyed. Many people narrowly escaped being killed under the falling walls.