

The Morning Times

(MORNING, EVENING AND SUNDAY.)

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The circulation of THE TIMES for the week ended Saturday, July 3, 1897, was as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Day, Circulation. Rows include Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday.

Washington, Tuesday, July 6.

Before leaving Washington for the summer...

The Rebuke Anteroactant.

We really must confess amazement at the strange and incomprehensible effort...

The Greets of Mr. Hanna.

The New York Journal quotes Senator Hanna as saying: "I regret that the coal mining troubles should come at this time..."

The Greek Captivities.

Although on several occasions The Times has been at pains to explain the meaning of the expression, it is very probable that many readers have been puzzled by references to our European dispatches to the repeated efforts of the Turkish government to have the "Greek captivities" vacated...

extended to all civilized nations, under the "most favored nation" clause of international treaties.

The system is identical with that imposed upon China, and until very recently, upon Japan by the Western powers. Under it foreigners are subject to the laws of their own country, and entitled to the protection of its diplomatic and consular officers. If accused of crime they have the right of trial in the consular court of their nation, and they cannot be brought into active courts under any circumstances, unless accompanied and the proceedings supervised by their own representative. Their domiciles only can be searched by permission of their consul, and in many ways they are practically exempt from local control; in Turkey being even exempt from all taxes excepting customs duties.

It is this state of things, as far as the Greeks are concerned, that the Sublime Porte is determined to end if it can. In that case the 200,000 Greeks resident in and around Constantinople would be left absolutely without protection against Moslem hatred and the fanatical fury of the Turkish lower classes. It is not a matter for wonder that their government should strenuously appeal to the conscience of Europe to avert such a doom.

Yet it may prove to be the portion of the unfortunate Greeks. The German Emperor has been understood as actively supporting the demand of the Sultan in this regard, and it is not certain that Russia is not favorable to the same design, though we hope it may not prove to be so at last. A vacation of the Greek captivities would be a crime against humanity.

Molasses for Fines.

What! Are we to have another lion tail-wasting manifestation from Mr. McKinley, similar to the Venezuelan war message of Grover Cleveland?

Reports are current that the present Administration is preparing us for just such a melodramatic surprise. It appears that a strong note has been sent to the British foreign office complaining of England's attitude and conduct in connection with the Bering Sea seal fisheries question. This note, it is said, will not directly charge Great Britain with bad faith, does charge exactly that by implication and inference. Further, it is alleged that a message, just heralding with fighting Americanism, shortly is to appear at the bar of the Senate, and that Messrs. Hanna and McKinley will avail themselves of the opportunity to show their admiring countrymen everywhere, but particularly in Ohio, that patriotism is their regular beverage and British blood their favorite food.

We may be forgiven for regarding the whole business with suspicion. If there is anything in it, the purpose is a British arbitration treaty, and not more. It is exactly like the game of Cleveland and Olney, and we are astonished that the united wisdom of Foster, Hamlin, Day and Rockhill, not to mention "Evole John" Sherman, could not have evolved something more original.

In the former case, the Venezuelan war message, which was a genuine surprise to the country, was not at all so to the British government. Indeed, it came as much from Lord Salisbury's office as it did from the American State Department. It was a sordid bit of Machiavellian diplomacy. It was designed to scare the business interests and women of the United States with the prospect of a sanguinary war. It accomplished that purpose, and then the way seemed open for signing the main object of the conspiracy, which was a general treaty of arbitration, providing for the extinction of the Monroe doctrine, revival of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, and to bring under the jurisdiction of a European monarchial tribunal the question of our liability to pay the foreign holders of American national bonds in gold coin.

The last and most important of these designs is alive and kicking today, and the Administration is firmly committed to the idea of fastening it upon the nation while yet the government of the gold and bond syndicates, the trusts and monopolies, is in power.

Any assumption, nominally made by Mr. McKinley, that the powers represented by him are ready to defy Great Britain will be accepted with doubt and perhaps abhorrence. We have been too often told that he, or his principals, could not take the risk of a peaceful, legitimate act of common humanity, like recognizing Cuban liberty, for fear that Spain might go to war with us. Now to tell us that the Administration will assume the chances of active hostilities with a first-class power, in consequence of differences about the fast-fading seal herd, is a little too much for popular credence.

But we need not worry ourselves into any state of dog-day madness or even nervous exhaustion. The first Salisbury-Cleveland war scare failed to work sufficiently to land the scheme of which it was the advance agent. If the high joint contracting powers of the present think they can work a bigger one, there can be no reason why they should not try it on.

But the American people have about reached the point where they neither will scare nor arbitrate!

According to a recent and, as reported, an expert estimate of the Wilson, the Dingley and the Senate bills, based on Wilson results in 1896, would show about the following comparisons:

Table with 4 columns: Wilson bill, Dingley bill, Senate bill, Ad valorem duties, Specific duties, Free cent.

Now would be a good time for Mr. Wellington to make a speech on the debt we owe to China for discovering the freetracker.

If the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations were to ask Mr. Barker, our consul at Sagua la Grande, about some of those Rockhill letters, and could guarantee him protection, a partial light perhaps might be shed upon a great mystery of state!

To vary the amusements of his "pacification," a number of prominent ladies of Guanabacoa have been seized and carried away from their homes by Weyler's orders and their friends are warned not to make

any fuss about it. Within a few days he has captured another Cuban hospital, butchered fourteen wounded inmates, with their nurses and surgeons, and five children. This is the "McKinley prosperity" Cuba gets.

Prince Bismarck's organ, the "Nachrichten," expresses anxiety over the alarming growth of the United States, but comforts Germany with the reflection that it is more likely to operate to the disadvantage of Great Britain than of any other power. There is considerable sense in Prince Bismarck's organ.

Well, really? If the Japanese are going to begin their reprisals against the United States by beating American young ladies in the streets of Honolulu, it is time that we were offering apologies. The Japs are quick to recognize the precedent of our "protection" of American citizens in Cuba!

WARNER AWAITS ACTION.

In the meantime Mr. Wellington is by no means idle.

A well-known member of the Senate Committee on Commerce, before which the nomination of E. H. Warner, Jr., to be consul at Leipzig, is pending, is authority for the statement that a favorable report will be made, and that Mr. Warner will be confirmed. Mr. Wellington, on the other hand, is quite confident that he can secure the young man's defeat. The case was taken up by the committee yesterday along with several other nominations in the course of the routine business, and was being disposed of except for a suggestion from Mr. Vest that the committee postpone action until Mr. Gorman was able to present.

"I have said all there is to say regarding the subject," said Senator Wellington, when questioned. "It is simply postponed, owing to lack of sending this young man to Leipzig, and I do not believe the Senate will consent to the appointment."

Messrs. Dudley and Michener, well-known Republicans, have joined in a letter to the Senate Committee on Commerce, testifying that their services rendered the Republican party in the last campaign by Mr. Warner. All the pressure that can be brought to bear upon the committee by Mr. Warner's friends is being used in the interest of young Warner.

Mr. Warner, while he would say nothing about the pending controversy, has prepared the following statement: "The statement contained in some of the papers regarding my visit to Annapolis during the Senatorial campaign is incorrect. I never visited Mr. McKinley's house with Mr. Peaga nor without him, nor went with Mr. Mudd and Mr. Peaga to call upon Mr. Wellington. No money was used by me or by anyone else with my knowledge to influence or bring about the election of Mr. Wellington as United States senator."

Mr. Mudd knows why he was induced to postpone his Senatorial aspirations, and I, of course, know the same thing, and I understand that other and several others know about the matter. Great injustice has been done me as well as Mr. Mudd and Mr. Wellington by the intimation that there was any improper influence exerted by us, or to which either of us was a party."

Mr. Warner states that he and Mr. Mudd understand each other, but that Mr. Mudd is not at all certain at that point. He says that Mr. Warner may understand him but does not exactly understand Mr. Warner.

Senator Wellington, referring to Mr. Warner's claim that he had been in the election possible, said: "Mr. Warner came to Annapolis after the fight was over and made a show of great activity."

"He called upon me to one side and talked to them in a mysterious manner, which might have created the impression that he was really doing something, but as a fact he did not affect a single vote, and could not have affected one had he been in Annapolis during the entire session of the legislature. It was merely a case of pretense upon his part, which should not have deceived any one."

A TRIO OF TRAGEDIES.

Old Farmer Suicides and Two Persons Jump From Trains.

Kenton, Ohio, July 5.—Kenton had three sensations today. Peter Pfeiffer, aged sixty-five, farmer, committed suicide by hanging. Ill health and financial reverses were the causes.

An unknown woman boarded the wrong train and jumped off while it was in motion. She told the conductor that she had committed suicide by jumping from the train.

An unknown man, having a ticket from Cincinnati to Detroit, Mich., jumped from a Big Four train shortly after midnight. The train was stopped and backed up, but no trace of the man could be found.

ATTACKED BY MASKED THUGS.

A Chicago Saloon-keeper and His Wife Fatally Shot.

Chicago, July 5.—Patrick Grace and his wife were fatally shot last night in front of their saloon by three masked men, who tried to hold them up. Grace grappled with one of the robbers, whereupon the other two made the mistake of shooting at him. The woman was hit in the right temple by one of the bullets, and the other entered the forehead of his wife. After the shooting the robbers ran into the stock yards and made their escape.

A NEW ENGLAND REGATTA.

Coxswain Sadler Drops Dead at the End of the Race.

Boston, July 5.—The eleventh annual regatta of the New England Amateur Rowing Association was rowed over the old Charles River course today. The principal interest centered in the senior eight-oared shell race, won by the Riversides, of Cambridge, with the Millstreams, of Chelsea, second. The coxswain of the latter crew, Sadler, dropped dead as he stepped from the boat from heart disease, brought on by the excitement and heat.

DRAPER GIVES A RECEPTION.

Entertains His Countrymen in Honor of the Day.

Rome, July 5.—A reception in honor of the Fourth of July was given at the Grand Hotel by Gen. William F. Draper, the American ambassador. About 250 Americans attended, as did also Sir Francis Clarke Ford, the British ambassador. The affair was a brilliant success. There was a sumptuous buffet lunch and the music was good.

Queen Margherita will receive Gen. and Mrs. Draper tomorrow.

Celebration at Hagerstown.

Hagerstown, Md., July 5.—Over 5,000 people were present at the dedication of Doubleday's Hill, Williamsport, Washington, today. Addresses were made by Judge Louis E. McConas, Washington; Hon. John Findlay, Baltimore; and State Senator Norman E. Scott, Hagerstown. A feature of the celebration was a sham battle between Maryland and West Virginia troops.

CAPITOL NEWS AND GOSSIP.

Senator Culbass yesterday introduced a bill previously introduced in the House and which interested people to indicate in the equity cases of the United States against Morris and others, now pending in the District supreme court, and to share in such awards as may be made by the court.

In accordance with the terms of the highway act, the United States Treasurer yesterday submitted to Congress a copy of the decree of the supreme court of the District in the case involving the subdivision known as Dennison and Lehigh, the subdivision of a part of Mount Pleasant and Pleasant Plains.

Assistant Secretary Roosevelt has gone on one of his "inspection" trips that form such pleasant outings for naval officials. He is looking after the naval reserves. After a tour of the East Mr. Roosevelt will start for Mackinaw, where he will join the Detroit, Saginaw and Bay City militia on board the Michigan, July 12. The chief secretary will make the trip from Mackinaw to Detroit with the reserves. This is delightful weather in which to "inspect" the reserves of the Northern States.

The speed with which the end of the tariff bill is reached depends upon the result of the caucus this morning. It is hardly expected, in view of the threats the Democrats have made on account of the proposition to revive the bounty sugar, that the tariff will be passed supporting the proposition. If it should so decide, however, there is no telling what the outcome will be. The Democrats are utterly opposed to the idea of a bounty on anything and will resist the proposition by every means in their power.

The Louisiana sugar planters, favors a protective tariff, and has a clear bill his support. If the caucus gives the scheme its sanction it is probable that several Senators will do as Mr. Teller did four years ago—bring their winter clothes with them. There are too many dangers in the pathway of the tariff, and the bill if the Republican caucus is sensible it will promptly and emphatically refuse to have anything to do with it. If it does not, President McKinley will have Congress on his hands for several weeks to come.

HACKED WITH A HATCHET.

Brutal Murder of His Mistress by Henry Shover.

Easton, Pa., July 5.—Mrs. Sarah Dendobson was hacked with a hatchet this morning by Henry Shover, a red farmer, with whom she was living. Ories of "Murder" from the Shover house attracted officers and led them to an upstairs room, where they found the woman in bed and bleeding from a deep laceration of the neck and back with a hatchet. The man sprang at Shover, and after a fierce contest the handcuffs on him. Mrs. Dendobson was found to have a fractured skull and ribbed cuts and gashes in her head, face, shoulders and arms. She lived until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

She was fifty years of age and besides her husband leaves two adult children. Shover, the murderer, has four grown children. His brother committed suicide several years ago. Shover declared after being in jail several hours that a big black man attacked the woman and he went to her assistance. He says he was not in the room when the officers arrested him.

This afternoon he was told the woman was dead. He was greatly affected by the announcement.

Shover says his financial affairs have troubled him for some time.

TURN CAPTURE KALABAKA.

Horrible Outrages Said to Have Been Committed by Them.

Athens, July 5.—Two thousand Turks and Albanians besieged the town of Kalabaka last Thursday. The Greeks defended the place until they were overpowered, several of the attacking force being killed. The Greeks fled to the mountains for safety. The remainder were massacred or imprisoned.

It is alleged that the Turks captured all the young women in a village near Karditza, and that they were violated by their captives.

It is stated that, in consequence of the protests of Greece, the ambassadors at Constantinople have been instructed to inform the Porte that the powers are determined to terminate the inopportune situation.

FEAR TROUBLE AHEAD.

Uneasiness Among Europeans on Account of the Chipitrop.

Calcutta, July 5.—The uneasiness caused by the recent killing of officials and the rioting of the natives at Chipitrop continues. Spies inform the police that further outbreaks are being organized, isolated assaults, especially upon European ladies continue.

The native casualties during the recent days are said to have been very large. A low estimate places the number killed at 600.

BOY'S PATHOS COSTLY.

Burglars Break into His Place While He Is Celebrating.

Three colored burglars broke into the laundry of Mr. Gop Sou, at No. 312 Third street northwest, about 10 o'clock last night. While the Celestial was celebrating Independence Day with his countrymen in Chinatown, and about \$23 from Mr. Gop Sou's. Entrance was effected by forcing a window in the rear of the place. The robbery was committed, evidently, by persons familiar with the place, but in their haste the housebreakers overlooked a considerable sum in the landlady's room. A colored woman residing in the rear of the place saw the men as they were making a hasty escape over the fence in the back yard, and notified the police.

Detective Weedon made a careful investigation of the circumstances, but no clues to the robbers could be discovered.

Fractured His Daughter's Skull.

During a family row in Mills' court southeast yesterday afternoon John Baxter, colored, struck his step-daughter, Eliza, colored, on the head with a stove lid, fracturing her skull. The woman was brought to the Emergency Hospital. An operation was performed later in the evening by the home surgeon, and it is expected that Eliza will pull through successfully.

Succession Committee Needed.

A resolution offered in the House yesterday by Mr. Ridgely of Kansas sets forth the fact that 2,000 pension bills have been introduced and requests the speaker to appoint the Committee on Invalid Pensions, so that it can sit during the recess and make the necessary arrangements. The House will act upon the bill when it meets in December.

Saks and Company.

Blaze Away Again

This morning with another volley. Small-money and big-value suit opportunities—for men who ride wheels—and men who don't. You know us and our ways well enough to know that the qualitis are safe and sound no matter how low the prices.

TODAY

Choice of 200 warranted All-wool Cheviot Sack Suits, in two different patterns—single-breasted regular patterns that are a sure fit, and made in our own workrooms. For comparison put up with the best you can find for \$7.50—and maybe \$10. They're grand, good suits, but special price—

\$5.00.

TODAY

We shall have on sale fully 300 Suits of All-wool Cheviots, Cassimeres, Tweeds and Humpreys in the latest patterns—single-breasted—worth \$10 and \$12.50, for

\$7.00

SAKS AND COMPANY,

"SAKS' CORNER."

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This morning with another volley. Small-money and big-value suit opportunities—for men who ride wheels—and men who don't. You know us and our ways well enough to know that the qualitis are safe and sound no matter how low the prices.

TODAY

We can duplicate the offer of a week ago—and give you three great choices in three great lots of Wool Bicycle Suits—

\$2.50

TODAY

All-wool Brown English Plain Suits, regular \$5 value. Sizes 33 to 35—

\$3.50

Lot 1600 and 1902—Nobby Brown Plain All-wool Cheviot Suits, made in the latest style—nearly all sizes—a \$4.50 suit for—

\$3.25

SAKS AND COMPANY,

"SAKS' CORNER."

WOODWARD and LOTHROP,

10th, 11th and F Sts. N. W.

Following our annual custom, beginning today and continuing until September, store will be closed at 5 o'clock; Saturdays at 1.

July Opens the Outing Season

and we were never so well equipped to meet any demand that might be made of us in the way of Outing Requisites and Sporting Goods and Clothes to wear when using them. Clothes for travelers, helps to travelers' comfort and convenience. The very best of every sort—and the prices were never quite so low.

Navy Blue Fabrics,

Suitable for street and traveling dresses, for seashore, mountain and general outing purposes, and especially desirable for business women's wear.

Harper's Bazar says: "Serge and Mohair are in great favor for Bathing Suits this year. The reason for this is that they do not retain the water, and consequently do not cling to the figure when wet, which is certainly a great advantage."

Our assortment of these fabrics is now splendidly complete.

Navy Blue Storm Serge.

42-inch Per yard ..... 50c

46-inch Per yard ..... 75c

Navy Blue Cheviot.

50-inch Per yard ..... 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25

Navy Blue Marine Serge.

Manufactured in England; fine twill; rough surface—

42-inch Per yard ..... 75c

46-inch Per yard ..... \$1.00

50-inch Per yard ..... \$1.25

Navy Blue Mohair Siellian.

44-inch Per yard ..... 85c

48-inch Per yard ..... \$1.00

Navy Blue Mohair Brilliantine.

44-inch Per yard ..... 50c

48-inch Per yard ..... 75c

50-inch Per yard ..... \$1.00

Black Mohairs.

Fashion calls for the silk-like Mohairs for street and traveling dresses, separate skirts, bathing suits and bicycle skirts. We have a complete line of these goods in the best English makes, and they are finished with a very rich and high luster.

Black Mohair Brilliantine.

36-inch Per yard ..... 37 1/2c

42-inch Per yard ..... 50c

46-inch Per yard ..... 75c

48-inch Per yard ..... \$1.00

Black Mohair Siellian.

40-inch Per yard ..... 50c

47-inch Per yard ..... 75c

48-inch Per yard ..... \$1.00

50-inch Per yard ..... \$1.25 and \$1.50

Black Mohair Grenada.

54-inch Per yard ..... \$1.25 and \$1.50

Housekeeping Departments.

Today we offer a number of unusual values in Sheet, Bed and Toilet Linens, Muslin Sheets and Pillow Slips, etc., and name in part the following at prices which should prove of interest to all concerned:

Linen Department.

Heavy Cream Damask Fringed Cloth, with red borders—

2x2 yards, \$1.15. Regular price, \$1.50

2x2 1/2 yards, \$1.50. Regular price, \$2.00

2x3 yards, \$1.80. Regular price, \$2.50

Fringed Boyles to match ..... \$1.00 doz.

Fine Bleached Damask Pattern Cloth, extra wide, at a third less than regular prices—

21-2x2 1/2 yards ..... \$2.50

21-2x3 yards ..... \$3.00

72-inch Cream Table Damask, extra heavy, Per yard ..... 60c

Remmed Huck Towels, all linen and a very superior quality. Size 22x26

Inches Each ..... 25c

Cotton Bedwear Dept.

A special purchase of ready-to-use Muslin Sheets and Pillow Cases at the following exceptionally low prices:

Sheets.

1 1/2x2 1/2 yards, Each ..... 33c

2x2 1/2 yards, Each ..... 37 1/2c

2 1/2x2 1/2 yards, Each ..... 42c

2 1/2x2 1/2 yards, Each ..... 50c

Pillow Cases.

45x36 inches, Each ..... 10c

50x36 inches, Each ..... 11c

54x36 inches, Each ..... 12 1/2c

White Goods Dept.

500 yards Silk and Linen Batiste, very fine and sheer; natural flax color, with green, pink, lavender and black silk stripes. A very beautiful fabric for waists and full suits. Special price.

37 1/2c yard.

Reduced from 75c

Woodward & Lothrop.

Second floor.