

THE DEATH ROLL SWELLED

Twenty-one Killed in the Luzerne County Riot.

SEVEN OTHERS LIKELY TO DIE

The Strikers Secure Warrants for the Arrest of Sheriff Martin and Most of His Deputies on the Charge of Murder—The Testimony of Eye-Witnesses.

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 11.—With the arrival of the first detachment of the 33rd Brigade this morning and the settlement of the differences between Superintendent Lawall and the men of the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, the backbone of the most fatal strike in the annals of the strike history of Pennsylvania is broken. This city is still in the greatest excitement on account of the shooting at Latimer yesterday. According to the last accounts twenty-one were killed and forty wounded.

Dr. Keller, superintendent of the Mine's Hospital this city, reports tonight that he has thirty-five wounded men under his care, and of these at least seven are likely to die.

The strikers had their things today when they secured warrants for the arrest of Sheriff Martin and most of the deputies on the charge of murder.

A great many of the warrants were served tonight.

The wounded and dead men, on close examination, show the terrible work of the Winchester rifles and magazine shot-guns which the sheriff's deputies were armed with. Some of the men had as high as seven bullet wounds. One man was shot in the head four times, while another was pierced on either side of his breast with bullets.

Your correspondent interviewed four reputable men of Hazleton, who saw the assault of the deputies on the marching Hungarians yesterday, and all agree in their statements and in their declaration that Sheriff Martin was alone to blame for the terrible scene of bloodshed. Jonathan Lehnberger, a contractor, said:

"I saw the whole occurrence. The men were marching toward Latimer mine, when they were met by Sheriff Martin, who was a little in advance of his men. The sheriff ordered the men to disperse and at the same time drew his revolver. A Hungarian grabbed the officer's arm and the revolver was discharged. Then Martin gave orders to fire. The first volley was over the miners' heads. The next was fired at short range and with deadly aim, as the men turned to flee. The fact that the sergeants found that most of those wounded were shot in the back corroborated this story."

"The deputies displayed a degree of inhuman feeling that was surprising. They paid no attention to the dead or the wounded. One man was lying in the road seriously hurt. A man named Costello, who was passing by, said: 'Why don't you take care of this man?' A deputy replied: 'If you don't shut up I will give you the same,' and he pointed his gun at the man's head."

A meeting of the strikers of all nationalities was held at the south end of Wyoming street on a vacant lot at 5 o'clock this evening. It was addressed by fifteen persons, among them John Fahy, president of the Anthracite United Miners' Workers of America, Matthew Leoz, of Hazleton; John Shea, a prominent lawyer of Wilkes-Barre; John Nemeth, a Hungarian merchant of this city; Father Aust, the Polish priest of this city; Father Morjusz, Father Stan and Father Homer, Slavonian priests of Freeland; and others.

Resolutions were passed condemning the course of the deputies, and calling on all people to contribute to execute them for the killing of the mining strikers. They also asked for financial aid to relieve the distress of the widows and orphans, and a committee was appointed to prosecute the sheriff and deputies.

Fully 3,000 persons were present at the meeting, which was very orderly. The priests and labor leaders have been very active today in counseling submission to the law.

FEAR NO FURTHER OUTBREAK.

The Soldiers All Packed in the Strike Region.

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 11.—Gov. Hastings received reports tonight to the effect that the soldiers all packed in the strike region, and Gen. Gobin fears no further outbreak. Eight of the victims of the encounter between the deputies and the strikers will be buried tomorrow, when more trouble may be expected.

In addition to the 33rd brigade the City Troop, of Philadelphia, was hurried forward this afternoon, owing to the necessity for more mounted men. The first brigade is ready to move at an hour's notice. Tonight the governor issued a proclamation authorizing all good citizens to assist in any way in the maintenance of the law, and in settling any unlawful proceedings. He notified them that their lives and property of all others will be protected, and that the humblest citizen will be protected in his right to earn a livelihood.

THOUBLES OF REPUBLICANS.

Race Question in Maryland Giving Them Much Concern.

Baltimore, Sept. 11.—The race question is giving the local Republicans much concern. They had decided to give the colored men representation on the legislative ticket, but now had the outcry against this course from the part of the independent class at a caucus held last night it was decided to postpone action and make no nominations this time until the colored element should have been consolidated.

It was agreed by the ward leaders that at the legislative convention held this afternoon only members of the State central committee should be appointed, and that they should be then an adjournment until next week. The colored men, however, were determined not to be put off in this way. They were well represented this afternoon at all three conventions, and when the motion to adjourn was made, protested and threatened to vote against the ticket if ignored. That objection was overruled, however. The whites outvoted the blacks.

It is now proposed to concentrate the colored men by offering them other places, but it will require some fine work to bring about harmony. Should the party be compelled to put the blacks on the ticket, the independents, who are nearly all Virginians, may not vote at all.

Tonight the Republican city convention authorized William T. Malster for mayor.

By Institute Business College, etc. and K. None Better, \$25 a year; day or night.

A MOUNTAINEER ASSASSINATED.

"Big John" Aiken Follows in Capt. Strong's Footsteps.

Jackson, Ky., Sept. 11.—"Big John" Aiken, one of the best-known men in the mountains, was assassinated from ambush last night. He was riding to his home in Upper Breathitt county from this place, and was shot down while riding along a narrow road. Two bullets took effect in his body and he died instantly. It is supposed that four or five men composed the ambushing party, but no arrests have been made.

His identity is pretty well known, for "Big John" had some determined enemies. He belonged to the notorious band of mountaineers known as the "Kukluxes," which had for its sole object in life the annihilation of the "red strings," another faction. The leading spirit of the "Kukluxes" was Capt. John Strong, who was killed a few months ago, after peace had been declared. John Aiken was a friend of his and expressed himself so freely about his death that the "red strings" marked him for their next victim. The feud between the two bands has cost many lives and fresh trouble is now apprehended.

"PRACTICES THE BLACK ART."

Strange Charge Made by a Husband Against His Wife.

Louisville, Sept. 11.—O. F. Woodruff, a well-known young lawyer here, whose domestic infelicities have brought him frequently into the courts, has sued his wife for divorce on the grounds that she is immoral and practices the black art. He says he has discovered she possesses the power of foretelling future events and of injuring any person at will, or of inflicting pain by secret use of mixtures or decoctions of roots, herbs, flesh of animals, insects and reptiles, with chemicals, powders, acids, poisons, etc.

Woodruff charges that she placed her description in his food and thereby caused him to become seriously ill for several periods; that she made sachets, filled them with her powders and novel luge dent, which she placed around his picture, about his bed and in other locations.

GEN. RUGGLES IS RETIRED

Succeeded at the War Department by Gen. Samuel Breck.

Incoming Officer Has an Excellent War Record, and a Host of Friends in This City.

Gen. George D. Ruggles retired from active service yesterday at about reaching the age limit of sixty-four years. He was succeeded by Gen. Samuel Breck.

The new adjutant general has been known in Washington since the war. He was born in Middleburgh, Mass., in 1834, entered West Point in 1851 and became attached to a regiment in Florida in 1855. His next post was at Fort Mifflin, S. C., where he was assistant commissary of subsistence. Then he served at Fort McHenry, Fort Clark and other places. In 1860 he was again at West Point, but as principal assistant professor of geography, but when the war broke out he went into it and served as assistant adjutant general in McDowell's division from 1861 to 1862, in this vicinity. He was brevetted twice during the war for gallant service.

From 1870 to the present he has filled many important posts, at San Francisco, New York city, or assistant to the adjutant general here, and in the Department of the Atlantic.

From February, 1893, until two years ago, he was adjutant general of the Department of the East. He came here permanently in his late position upon the promotion of Gen. Miles as general of the Army.

There are, of course, a number of promotions growing out of the retirement of the adjutant general. Lieut. Col. Thomas Wood becomes a colonel, Major W. P. Hatfield becomes a colonel, and Capt. H. O. S. Heistand, the President's military secretary, becomes a major and assistant adjutant general.

The principal assistant to the new adjutant general will be Col. Corbin, of New York.

Lieut. John C. Gilmore takes Gen. Breck's place on the staff of Gen. Miles. Gen. Breck is about to take his vacation during which Col. Corbin will act in his position.

SECRETARY ALGER IS ILL

Says Cabinet Meeting Tuesday Will Be Very Important.

Secretary Alger returned to the city on Friday from Sonnet, Pa., where he spent Friday in consultation with the President. He announces that the President will return to Washington in time to hold the regular cabinet meeting next Tuesday when matters of the greatest importance will be considered, chief of which is section 22 of the tariff law, regarding 10 per cent discriminating duties on imports passing through Canada.

The President desires to have the frank advice of his advisors on this subject before he signs the opinion already reached in favor of enforcing the duties by the Treasury officials and the Attorney General.

The second matter to be discussed is the MacDelgado opinion of the Attorney General upon the San Pedro Harbor appropriation, about which there is much doubt in the minds of certain cabinet officers. It is also likely that the progress of Cuban affairs during the past two months will be discussed, but no action is contemplated in that affair until Minister Woodruff makes some advance at Madrid.

Secretary Alger was confined to his bed yesterday with illness attributed to his trip and the heat. He says the President is not in the best of health. The terrible ordeal he has passed through the past few weeks incident to his Ohio sojourn, where he got no rest from the crowds, and the hot weather at Sonnet, have weakened him materially, and he will not be himself again for some days yet.

Bakers Thinking of Striking.

New York, Sept. 11.—A large number of bakers discussed the question of a strike at a mass meeting at the New Irving Hall last night. The men complained of long hours and poor pay. It was decided to give a week's time to the boss bakers to accede to the men's demands for shorter hours and more pay.

How to Get a Wheel.

Shan & Co., 1407 G street, are now selling the Wilhelm Bicycles at private sale at auction prices. It

Lacy's pure food ice cream, none better, 90c per gallon. 601-603 N. Y. ave. a.w.

LAUREL MYSTERY SOLVED

Mark A. G. Cliff Committed Suicide in the Dark Woods.

IDENTIFICATION IS COMPLETE

Doctors Finally Agree That the Skeleton Is That of a Man—Cliff's Parents Are Positive in Their Recognition—Theory of Murder Abandoned—A Case of Suicide.

The Laurel mystery is a mystery no more.

The skeleton found in Keillogg's woods last Sunday has been proved to be that of Mark A. G. Cliff, the Norfolk drug clerk, who has been missing since August 1.

The skeleton, after critical examination yesterday afternoon, was determined to be that of a male. The teeth were identified last night by the parents of Cliff to be his, and the wife of the missing man identified the clothing, which was found near the death spot in the woods.

Any inquest, which will convene at Laurel on Thursday night, will probably find that Mark A. G. Cliff came to his death on or about August 8 by his own hand.

Justice Jackson was determined to end the uncertainty as to the sex of the skeleton. In the forenoon he telephoned the Maryland University at Baltimore and explained the situation briefly. The university people referred him to Johns Hopkins Hospital, and the hospital referred the justice to Doctor J. Williams Lord, demonstrator of anatomy at Johns Hopkins University.

He accepted the call, and arrived at Laurel in the afternoon. He was driven by Mr. Walter Miltstead to the city hall, in which place the skeleton had been kept since it was exhumed. A large crowd of citizens collected there. Dr. W. Franklin Taylor and Dr. Emory Volk were present to assist in the examination. These physicians made an careful examination of the skeleton as was possible Friday night, and gave it as their opinion that it was that of a male, though they said till the bones were cleaned and decapitated it would be almost impossible to determine for a certainty the question of sex.

Dr. Hun and Dr. Beverly, of Laurel, who had stated their reputation on their positive assertion that the skeleton was that of a woman, or not present, though they had intended to be. Dr. Beverly was called out of town by patients, and Dr. Hunt was also unavoidably absent.

Dr. Baldwin, of Laurel, who gave it as his opinion that the skeleton was that of a woman, was present and insisted in the examination. The skeleton was taken into the court chamber and placed on the table at which the fathers of the town of Laurel met. The skull and teeth were critically examined. The femurs were scraped and the arms taken off. Every bone was closely studied. Then the work of cutting up the skeleton began. This was an unpleasant operation. After its removal, careful and exact measurements were made of it. The examination lasted an hour.

Then the doctors said: "It is our opinion that it is the skeleton of a man." Dr. Taylor and Volk said: "Although it is our opinion that this is the skeleton of a male, before we give sworn testimony in this case, we would like to have the bones cleaned and articulated."

Dr. Lord said: "There is no unvarying or iron-clad rule by which the sex of a skeleton may be determined. If the skeleton had been brought to me and I had heard nothing of the dispute as to its sex, I would have pronounced it directly to be that of a male. The measurements of the pelvic bones go to establish that it was a man. The pelvis are very large for a skeleton of that size. All the bones are large compared with the height of the skeleton. The teeth are large for a woman. The hand is small but it has shrank very much since death. The remaining finger nail on the right hand is a very large nail. There is long hair on the legs. I think I am safe in pronouncing it a man's skeleton."

The Times man placed a photograph of Cliff before Prof. Knowlton. Knowlton is the professor who saw a naked man seated in the woods on Sunday, August 7, on the spot where the skeleton was found. After looking at the picture Prof. Knowlton said: "This is a picture of the man I saw. He was not dressed, and his hair was wavy and his mustache was longer than it appears to be in this photograph, but I am positive this is the same man."

Editor Goudey, of the Laurel Journal, carried the skull and the clothing found in the old graveyard to Baltimore last night. The skull was shown to Mr. and Mrs. Cliff, parents of Mark A. G. Cliff, at their home, No. 613 William street.

The parents identified the teeth as those of their son. They also compared them with those of their other son, and the formation was identical. There was no doubt about it. The skull was not exposed to Mrs. Cliff, who is a very broken-hearted and very nervous condition. She was, however, asked to look at the clothes. She identified the coat, shirt and the found in the old graveyard and the body as the clothes which Cliff wore when he left Norfolk on August 1.

She explained the absence of underclothing and vest by stating that when he left Norfolk he had no underclothes and that he did not wear a vest in summer.

The widow is grief-stricken.

Reported Sale of the Chaffee Estate.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 11.—It is reported here that the Chaffee estate, of Denver, owned by L. M. Lawson, of New York, Senator S. B. Elkins, of West Virginia, and R. C. Keene, of St. Louis, owners of the Ortiz Mine grant, in South Santa Fe county, have sold the property to a New York and London syndicate for \$1,500,000. The property covers 69,000 acres, which includes much of the best gold-producing territory in New Mexico.

Enthusiastic for Oilett.

New York, Sept. 11.—District Attorney Oilett was formally put forward tonight as a Republican candidate for nomination for mayor by the representatives of the Republicans of Mr. Oilett's own assembly district. The proceedings were most enthusiastic throughout.

Go to Congress Heights today to find the \$50 in gold that awaits in the woods. You can see it twenty feet away. Stay for the concert by members of the Marine Band, and hear the great female singer.



THE INTRINSIC VALUE OF GOLD.

DENOUCE IT AS MURDER

Shooting of the Hazleton Miners Discussed by Labor Men.

SHERIFF MARTIN A MONSTER

Representatives of Organized Labor Deplore the Fatal Shooting and Declare It to Have Been Unnecessary and Unwarranted—Will Not Aid in Ending the Strike.

The shooting of the coal miners in the Hazleton district by deputy sheriffs on Friday was the general topic of discussion yesterday in labor circles. The leaders of all factions of organized labor were unanimous in denouncing the shooting as brutal and uncalled for, and a thing much to be deplored.

Mr. Terence V. Powderly, chief of the Bureau of Immigration, said the killing of the miners, to say the least of it is inexcusable. The law should be upheld at all times, he said, but he did not think this was the proper way to do it. Mr. Powderly was for many years the general master workman of the Knights of Labor, and his experience in labor matters taught him, he said, that such affairs as the shooting of the men at Hazleton has no influence on strikes, either in lengthening or shortening them. Cheap labor, he said, is not economy, and in the end is the dearest. He is opposed to taking human life.

Mr. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, said:

"Murder—cold-blooded, brutal, malicious murder—is the only term in my mind which fittingly describes the butchery of Sheriff Martin and his henchmen through the deputies. The men were marching in the public highway; they were not guilty of the slightest overt act. They had as much right to march to Latimer or any other place on the public highway as the sheriff or governor of Pennsylvania, or the President of the United States.

"The mine operators, in the madness of their supposed power, and in their effort to enforce law, have used judges and courts to give the color of law to the most flagrant violation of the constitutional rights of the people. Sheriffs and deputies, taking their cue from their superiors, have carried out this policy, and in cold blood brutally butchered nearly half a hundred men, exercising their rights under the Constitution and the law.

"The monster Martin claims to have been assaulted, yet cannot even show the ruffian of a single hair on his despicable carcass."

"In his published explanation Martin makes an effort to deceive our native Americans and secure their favor by repeatedly emphasizing his statement that the miners he killed were foreigners. It may be true that these men, who met such an untimely and brutal end were not native Americans, but they were the men brought here by the greed and cunning of the mine operators, and no longer as they submitted to being starved so word as to their foreign birth was heard."

"When they sought to leave their claims as human beings—as workers—considered the cry of foreigner, foreteller, is raised, and now that they have been massacred in cold blood and with no provocation this cry of foreigner is like a cloud of dust raised to obscure one of the most dastardly crimes ever committed in our enlightened

FORAKER PRAISES HANNA

The Junior Senator in His Turn Praises Foraker.

A PUBLIC AVOWAL OF ESTEEM

The Two Senators Open the Campaign in the Western Reserve by Speaking From the Same Platform—Indicate That They Have Great Esteem for Each Other.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 11.—The Republicans of the Western Reserve opened the campaign today at Burton, a little town in Geauga county, three miles from any railroad. The two Senators from Ohio—Foraker and Hanna—were the attractions, with Ex-Gov. Foster and National Secretary Dick as minor stars. Senator Foraker said in part:

"Senator Hanna is entitled to the honor of a ratification by the people of the indorsement which our State convention has already given him. His services to the party have been conspicuous. Not trained to political, party or public business, simply a straightforward, plain, blunt, business man, he took up the work of supporting President McKinley's candidacy for nomination as a labor of love, and, triumphing over difficulties that would have been too much for men of less courage and determination, he won his first great national contest.

"Senator Foraker then praised Hanna's work in the passage of the tariff bill, and said:

"He may not be an orator, but he is a good, plain, straightforward talker and a sound thinker. There is the highest need for such men in the Senate."

Of President McKinley's Administration, Senator Foraker said:

"Every promise embodied in the national Republican platform of 1896 has been kept by McKinley with religious fidelity. As a result confidence has been restored to the business world and prosperity is scattering its blessings throughout all the land."

In his opening words Senator Hanna stated that it was from no selfish motives he had engaged in politics.

"My life's work has been in Ohio. I saw the dangers to my beloved country. I vowed to give myself to the cause, for my friend McKinley. I knew that he was called upon to do the valiantly which threatened our nation, and to that cause and nearly my life. I therefore appear before you to plead for the Administration issue. The so-called solid element that was strong enough last year to divide the party into two hostile camps has been almost completely extinguished. Robert Treat Paine, Jr., chairman of the executive committee of the State Democratic committee, said today that the Winchester convention will be straightforward and unflinching in its stand on the principles of the Chicago platform."

MASSACHUSETTS DEMOCRATS.

Unflinching in Their Adherence to the Chicago Platform.

Boston, Sept. 11.—The Massachusetts Democrats have made up their minds to stand by the Chicago platform, and will run their State campaign this year with the free currency of silver as a square out issue. The so-called solid element that was strong enough last year to divide the party into two hostile camps has been almost completely extinguished. Robert Treat Paine, Jr., chairman of the executive committee of the State Democratic committee, said today that the Winchester convention will be straightforward and unflinching in its stand on the principles of the Chicago platform.

Precious Bibles of the Paris Fair.

Paris, Sept. 11.—Diamonds valued at \$7,000 and \$3,000 in value, found in the ruins of the Paris Bazar fair and unclaimed, will be sold for the benefit of the public treasury.

How to Get a Wheel.

Shan & Co., 1407 G street, are now selling the Wilhelm Bicycles at private sale at auction prices. It

FEAR OF FEVER SUBSIDING

People in New Orleans Recovering From Their Panic.

NEW CASES AT OCEAN SPRINGS

They Are All Light, However, and Supposed to Be Dengue—Destitution Caused by the Shutting Off of Communication—A Marriage That Had to Be Postponed.

New Orleans, Sept. 11.—The scare yesterday over the fever has materially subsided here today. A number of those who had arranged to go away changed their minds, and it now looks as though very few persons would leave, and mainly those who wish to avoid quarantine. The scare seems to have collapsed as suddenly as it arose.

At the conference at the mayor's parlor this morning the city council appropriated \$10,000 for cleaning up the city, and announced that it would give more if it was needed.

Mayor Flower issued a proclamation today calling upon citizens to assist in the work by cleaning up their premises.

Ocean Springs reports six new cases of fever today. All are light, and are supposed to be dengue, but are reported as suspicious. There are now thirty-eight sick in the town, but only two of these cases have been pronounced yellow fever by Dr. Guilan.

At a conference held today the United States Marine Hospital officials offered to take charge of the quarantine cordon around Ocean Springs, which is now under the control of the Mississippi State board of health. The arrangements have not yet been completed, but the change will probably be made Monday. A canvass of the town of Ocean Springs shows fifteen white families, numbering eighty-seven, and twelve negro families, numbering sixty-two, or a total of 149 persons destitute because of the epidemic and quarantine and the closing down of all work.

Fontainebleau, formerly known as Bellefontaine, has been selected as the site of a camp of detention, which will be under the charge of the United States Marine Hospital. It is five miles east of Ocean Springs. The camp is likely to be crowded, as 50 persons from Ocean Springs and 100 from Sorrento have already announced their intention to go into camp in order to be freed from the quarantine. They will be detained in camp eight days, to enable it certain that they are not infected with the fever, and then they can go on to New Orleans.

Bloxix reports two new cases of fever. Neither is pronounced yellow fever, but merely suspicious, and it is thought both are dengue. There are twenty in all sick with fever in town, and only three of these have been officially reported as sick of yellow fever by the United States Marine Hospital doctors.

A multitude of towns have declared quarantine against New Orleans today. Meridian, Co. Virginia, by St. Louis and Pass Christian, are also among the quarantining towns that have failed to quarantine. Even Fort Eads, at the head of the jetty, has shut out New Orleans.

The health officers of both Texas and Florida have refused to quarantine, but some of it is certain that certain of these do so. The Mississippi board of health has given notice that no one from New Orleans can pass through that State without a health certificate, even if their destination be Chicago or New York. All the excursion trains have been discontinued.

Fishermen have been warned against going to the Rigolette, the great fishing place, as a quarantine station has been located there.

Most of those who have been caught in quarantine at the Rigolette, are traps and bobbers, who complain of the delay to which they are subjected. Among those detained at this place is a young lady who was to have been married in Bloxix a few days ago. The quarantine shut out the bridegroom, and she started to New Orleans to meet him and marry him, and is horrified to find that she has run into another quarantine at Rigolette, and will remain ten days there.

TELEGRAMS OF INSTRUCTION.

Surgeon General Wynnan Sends Several to His Assistants.

The following telegrams of instructions were sent out by Surgeon General Wynnan yesterday to the Marine Hospital Service physicians in the fever districts.

"All persons must be detained in camp ten days. Your selection of camp site and other arrangements are a matter of detail. Complete outfit, including all bacteriological, except medical, which can be sent later if required, shipped to Ocean Springs today for use of Passed Assistant Surgeon Washburn. Commence investigation of yellow fever in same line of investigation as characterized by this epidemic."

"Detail Dr. Tomman Gaines, when camp is ready for duty at hospital connected with camp. He is immune. Have him report to White."

Surgeon White, who left Washington this week for the yellow fever section, telegraphed to Dr. White that his arrival at Fontainebleau.

"Reported here today, and in consultation with Surgeon Murray now."

Dr. White is an immune and has had much experience with the fever.

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