

Fairly warmer; northerly winds.

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ONE CENT.

CARLIST CIRCLES AWAKE

Pretender Reaffirms His Rights to the Spanish Throne.

MANIFESTO SOON EXPECTED

Don Carlos Expresses His Opinion That Cuba is Lost to Spain and His Adherents Are Gathering for a Practical Showing of What They Regard the Monarchical Rights.

Madrid, Sept. 23.—Don Carlos, the pretender to the Spanish throne, has written a letter emphatically denying that he has abandoned his claims to the throne of Spain. He declares that after the sacrifices which have been made in his behalf he would be a coward to renounce his rights. Moreover one hundred thousand volunteers are ready to take up arms in his cause.

It is the belief of Don Carlos that Spain must stand or fall with Cuba, and that the loss of the island will emphasize the existing deep discontent. It is expected that the pretender will shortly issue a manifesto. El Eco del Castilla says it has reason to believe that the Carlists are preparing for an early uprising and that they are confident of success. The Carlist circle here has been joined by 2,000. To escape from the fact that the circle will be closed and a new club will be opened under a different name.

Referring to Gen. Woodford, El Liberal says: "The best way to show that there is truth in the friendly words of diplomacy is not to surrender a post, large or small, of our right, but to yield, for anything of anybody, to unjust demands."

"All friendly relations between Spain and America will cease to exist from the moment that we consent to pay indemnities, or to be imposed upon in regard to affairs which exclusively belong to our sovereignty, such as detronizing the king of Cuba to be applied to Cuba."

"There can be no friendship between him who exists and he who yields. The compliments passing between them cannot be sincere, as long as there is a sincere consideration. All protests of affection are deceitful which conceal a purpose to wound the dignity and the right of a noble people, generous enough to forget and forgive and ready to believe that it is approached in good faith."

"Let the government exaggerate, if it wishes its courtesy toward the American representative, but let that be all. To do otherwise would be insulting the dignity without which the friendship which Gen. Woodford pretends cannot exist. Let the government now abstain from such professions. These will be discussed when the war is over, and, above all, let not success own any American claims against rights and justice."

DEATH OF JUDGE KILGORE.

The Former Texas Congressman Dies in Indian Territory.

Jules, Texas, Sept. 22.—Private telegrams from Ardmore, I. T., this evening announce the death of United States District Judge Constantine Buckley Kilgore, formerly the Texas congressman familiarly known as "Black" Kilgore. Judge Kilgore had been sick for several months and for the last ten days had been in a critical condition. He began sinking this morning and died about 2 o'clock this afternoon. He retained consciousness about an hour before his death, recognized all his acquaintances present, called for his wife and children, conversed with and kissed them, then slowly lapsed into a sleep again, from which he never awoke.

The funeral will take place tomorrow at Willis Point, Texas, a few miles east of Dallas.

Judge Kilgore had a large practice in the State and Federal courts here. He was an active and prominent Democrat, and was a familiar figure in conventions and the gatherings usually sent as a judge to the Indian Territory.

DIGGING UP THE STREETS

The Filthy Condition of F and Other Streets.

WHAT CAUSES THE DELAY?

Why Should the Asphalt Not Be Re-laid Along F Street?—Surely Time Enough Has Elapsed—An Eyewitness to the City and a Menace to Life.

"I don't see why it is that F street should be left so long in its present condition," remarked Mr. Pettit to the news-gatherer yesterday.

It was during the heavy rainstorm that the night of the 21st made his visit, and for once he found the great provider taking a breathing spell.

"It's months now since F street was dug up—as far as Seventh street, anyway—and I can't for the life of me understand why the asphalt should not be laid again."

"It is not only the mud I object to and goodness knows that is bad enough, because, if it does not rain, they take care to sprinkle the street with the water-carts—but it is a constant source of danger to life and limb."

"Everybody naturally rides or drives on the other side of the street, and collisions are imminent all the time."

The reporter suggested that they were probably waiting until the freshly-dug earth had again settled to its normal level.

"Well, perhaps that's so, but it seems to me that it had time enough by now," answered the merchant.

"I do hate to see anything disgrace our beautiful streets."

"I take a personal interest in the town. I am proud of it, and I want it to always look its best. But I don't like to see things in a mess."

"Do you know, I keep a woman in the store here to do nothing but dust off the furniture and keep things tidy?"

And to be sure, there is no cleaner & better red-store in town than the great double store and annex, 415-417 Seventh street.

Frank Libbey & Company, Sixth and New York avenue, n.w.

WILD SCENE IN REICHSBRATH.

Opposition Members Indulge in Howls and Coarse Epithets.

Vienna, Sept. 23.—The scene in the Reichsrath today was the worst of the many that took place during the last session.

The ultra-German group, led by Herr Schoenerer, were the noisiest. They greeted Prime Minister Badeni on his entrance with howls, epithets, and vulgar criticisms of his person, which caused the premier to blush.

Father Zurkan, an aged priest, who was acting as provisional president, appealed for order, invoking the gods of peace. This elicited derisive laughter from the opposition, who immediately launched their invectives against him and the cabinet, yelling "traitors" and "swindlers."

The re-election of Herr Kathrein as president of the Reichsrath again excited the fury of the Schoenerers. Herr Schoenerer howling "Hunkey" and "Knaves," which led the chorus of epithets.

Herr Kathrein tried to shout down his opponents until he dropped exhausted into his chair, leaving the noisy gesticulating, screaming and banging their desks.

The session promises to be a repetition of the last one.

T. STIMONY OF STRIKERS

Evidence Before the Coroner's Jury at Hazelton.

Witnesses Declare That There Was Nothing to Justify the Shooting by the Sheriff's Deputies.

Hazelton, Pa., Sept. 23.—The inquest into the killing at Hazelton was begun before Coroner McKee here this afternoon.

Robert D. Cox, of Philadelphia, representing the Austrian consulate, was present. None of the deputies had been summoned, and all the witnesses testifying to the actual occurrences at Hazelton were from the ranks of the strikers. Their testimony was to the effect that the strikers had gone from West Hazelton to Hazelton to induce the men there to cease working; that they carried the deputies across the road just outside the village, and that there was a scuffle between men in the front ranks of the strikers and the sheriff.

Some of the witnesses testified that they heard the sheriff order them to turn back and that they had refused to do so. Others in the rear ranks had heard no such order and had pressed forward to pass the sheriff. All agreed, however, that the deputies had continued shooting after the men had started to run away. The testimony of John Slegel, a rather disreputable Hungarian, who speaks English quite well, being that the leaders told the men to take no weapons of any kind along, and they did not. He did not see any one strike the sheriff. The crowd pushed past the sheriff and then all at once the firing began. The witness whose testimony was given and remained on the ground until the firing stopped. It lasted for two minutes. The firing continued, he said, after the men had started to run away.

All the witnesses said that they had seen no attempt at any violence toward the sheriff or any of his deputies, nor did anyone use threatening language toward either of them. All testified that there was no intention of committing any acts of violence at Hazelton; that they were under the impression that they had a perfect right to march from West Hazelton to that place, and that they thought that since they were on a public road no one had any right to order them to turn back.

Several testified that they did not know that there was a sheriff, what his functions were, or that he and his deputies were officers of the law. Several had heard a command to fire given; others had not.

The hearing will be continued tomorrow afternoon.

COLLEGIATES OPENING UP.

Full Forces Resuming Work at Lehigh Valley Plants.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Sept. 23.—The Silverbrook colliery of J. S. Weniz & Company, at Hazleton, resumed work today with 1,000 men. The Jacksonville colliery of the Lehigh Valley Company, employing about the same number, is now the only one of any importance in the entire Hazelton region that is idle, and it is expected that this will resume by the end of the week. The Hazleton colliery is not yet working with a full force. The Poles and Hungarians of this mine were the chief sufferers from the bullets of the sheriff's deputies, and their companions who escaped death and wounds do not yet feel like resuming their work.

It was stated today that a strong attempt will be made to have the Secretary of War establish a military post in Hazelton as a branch of the regular service, but to be recruited from this section, and as far as possible from the present Third Brigade.

AN IMPORTANT ENGAGEMENT.

Gen. Elles Captures One of Hadda Mullah's Camps.

Simsa, Sept. 23.—Gen. Elles, who commands one of the wings of the punitive expeditions against the Tribesmen, captured the camp of Hadda Mullah, the priest, who was one of the chief instigators of the troubles. The camp, which was located in the Bedawal Pass, was only taken after a stiff fight. No details of the engagement are given in the dispatch announcing the capture, but it seems to have been an important one.

Pennant for the Son of Wales.

London, Sept. 23.—The Times says that the Duke of York will hoist his pennant on the cutter Terrible in April as a commemorative of a squadron of three cruisers, two of which are yet to be chosen. He will cruise for a year, visiting the principal colonies. The Duke of York, who is the only son of the Prince of Wales, is at present a captain in the royal navy.

Three Men Killed, Ten Injured.

Oregon, Sept. 23.—The small steamer of E. G. Dev, three miles from Livermore, blew up this morning. Three men were killed and ten injured. Cold water ran into the boiler causing the accident. The mill was totally wrecked.

\$1.00 Baltimore and Return via B & O.

Good going and returning on all trains Sunday, September 26. \$21-54, m

Florida Cypress Shingles, \$4.50 per 1,000. Every one perfect.

The Best Florida Shingles, \$4.50 per 1,000. Guaranteed perfect.

\$3 Another Grand Excursion to Ft. Monroe, Norfolk & Va. Beach.

Via Norfolk & Wash. steamer from 7 st. wharf, Saturday, 7 p. m. Tickets \$3, good to return Sunday night. Schedule, page 6. 14

Philadelphia and Return via B & O.

Sunday next, \$2.00. \$21-54, m

YELLOW JACK'S RAVAGES

Thirty-Seven New Cases and Five Deaths Reported.

MOB GATHERS IN NEW ORLEANS

Threaten to Burn a School Building Set Aside as a Yellow Fever Hospital—The Disease Spreading Among the Negroes on the Plantations in the Vicinity of Edwards.

New Orleans, Sept. 23.—A large mob assembled tonight in front of the Beau regard school, which had been set apart as a yellow fever hospital, and refused to let the board of health officers or Sisters of Charity enter the building. The school is now in charge of the police, as the mob threatened to burn it.

The yellow fever record stands: New Orleans—New cases, 9; suspicious cases, 4; total cases, 82; deaths today, 3. Mobile—New cases, 2; total cases, 58; deaths, 1.

Ocean Springs—New cases, 5; total cases, 37.

Edwards—New cases, 18; total cases, 100.

Mobile—New cases, 3; total cases, 58. One of the deaths in New Orleans today was that of an Italian, who died a few hours after the case was reported. It had been concealed for several days. This is the third death of the kind reported in as many days.

It is found impossible to induce the Italians to report their sick, they are so unwilling to submit to the quarantine laws of the board of health.

The police today closed all second-hand clothing and furniture stores.

At Edwards the disease is spreading among the negroes on the neighboring plantations.

Mayor Flower today closed the Beau regard Public School for the yellow fever hospital. It is in the suburbs of the city, but one of the handsomest school-houses in New Orleans. The public schools will probably not open until late in November. All the private schools have been closed by order of the board of health.

Another large party of Italians were moved today from the infected houses in the Italian quarter to the detention camp at Oakland Park. They were thoroughly fumigated and disinfectant before being moved. A strong demand is being made for the closure of the theaters. The schools have been closed, public meetings prohibited and even ministers advised not to hold night services, but the theaters are open and doing a splendid business. A proposition is also before the board of health to stop debt collectors from going from house to house.

Several large factories here threaten to shut down if the quarantine is kept in longer, as they cannot sell their goods away from here. A number of New Orleans merchants, particularly in dry-goods, have opened temporary offices in New York and advertise here to supply Southern purchasers from their New York branches.

The yellow fever flag is half red and half yellow at a distance and looks very much like a Spanish flag. Several Spaniards have officially complained of the use of Spain's colors as a warning of pestilence, and seem to imagine that it was purposely done.

The suspicious cases of fever at Delhi, California and Tallahassee, in north Louisiana, refugees from Ocean Springs, and pronounced by local doctors as yellow fever, were examined today by an expert from the Louisiana board of health, and pronounced malarial fever.

NO SCARE IN THIS REGION.

Health Office Sees No Present Necessity for Extra Fever Cautions.

The permit office of the health department is to be open from 9 until 11 o'clock every day, from New Orleans and for the issue of bills of health. There has been an unusual demand on the permit office recently from the number of people going South. Several of the Southern States have issued regulations requiring travelers from the North to furnish bills of health.

Health Officer Woodward has no explanation of this move by the Southern authorities. He says that Washington does not require health certificates from people even coming from districts where yellow fever has been discovered.

Many people are arriving from the South every day, from New Orleans and other points where fever is known to exist, but as yet no action has been thought necessary to guard against them. Dr. Woodward does not consider it necessary as yet at least.

FATAL FEVER IN LOUISVILLE.

Recent Arrival From Mobile Dies in the Detention Hospital.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 23.—John McDougall, the machinist, who came here from Mobile on September 9, and developed a case of yellow fever last Wednesday, died this morning at the detention hospital, to which he was conveyed yesterday.

He was greatly frightened from the start as he had said many of his relatives had died from the fever in 1878. The body was buried privately this afternoon. As the case was isolated, and killing frosts fell here this week, there is no apprehension of other cases, unless from refugees. McDougall was a native of Canada.

King Corn's Revelries.

Atholton, Kan., Sept. 23.—Atholton is celebrating her third corn carnival with great splendor. The corn carnival is the outcome of the great corn crops of Kansas. The streets are filled with revelers from all parts of the country. The costumes worn by most of them entirely of corn, are handsome and amusing.

Bank Note Companies Consolidate.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 23.—A certificate of consolidation of the Franklin Bank Note Company with the Home Life Bank Note Company, forming the Franklin-Lee Bank Note Company of New York city, with a capital of \$100,000, was filed today with the secretary of state.

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GETTING AWAY FROM TROUBLE.

TRACY WILL BE NOMINATED

New York Republicans Select a Candidate for Mayor.

FAVORED BY SENATOR PLATT

The Anti-Low Men in the Republican Ranks Regard the ex-Secretary of the Navy as Worthy of the Suffrages of Their Faction—A Fling at the Citizens' Union.

New York, Sept. 23.—Gen. B. F. Tracy, former Secretary of the Navy and president of the Greater New York charter commission, is to be nominated for mayor by the Republican city convention if he will agree to accept. The Republican leaders have had several conferences about the situation during the past twenty-four hours. District Attorney Ocott does not want the nomination, and had reluctantly consented to take it if he was the judge of the convention. He prefers a nomination for district attorney, and last night it was decided to make an effort to induce Gen. Tracy to accept the nomination. He has the matter under consideration, and his decision is expected not later than this week.

Gen. Tracy was the original candidate of the Republican organization. He was suggested by the party as a good man for first mayor of Greater New York as soon as the charter was passed. At that time he said that the office carried with it too much hard work, and he would not be a candidate.

Gen. Tracy left the city last night after a conference with the Republican leaders. During his absence he will decide upon the proper of the nomination, which was made to him formally. He was assumed that he would have all but 40 of the 350 votes in the convention. The forty will be for Sen. Low.

Gen. Tracy has an along been the favorite candidate of Senator Platt, and a week ago declined a proffer of the nomination. District Attorney Ocott was then selected, not, however, without reluctance by Mr. Platt. Since then conditions have changed. Prominent Republicans from out of town have taken up the political complication here and have joined with the local Republican leaders in urging Gen. Tracy to accept the nomination.

Gen. Tracy's friends believe to the belief that his answer will be a favorable one. Senator Platt took this fling at the Citizens' Union today.

"The Citizens' Union are the boy bandits of East Twenty-third street. They are trying to hold up the Republican party, and this change of candidate on the part of the worst agitators ever known in politics."

Saratoga, Sept. 23.—Gen. B. F. Tracy arrived here late this evening. He refuses to state whether or not he will accept the Platt nomination for Mayor of Greater New York and declines to talk politics. He said he was not responsible for any statement made in the newspapers about him. He is here to argue some cases before the appellate division of the supreme court.

HENRY GEORGE OR GAYNOR.

United Democracy Wish to Nominate One of Them.

New York, Sept. 23.—It was said today that the United Democracy has practically decided not to nominate candidates at their city convention, to be held at Lenox Lyceum next Monday night. The reason for this change of attitude on the part of the Middle-of-the-road Bryanites is said to be whiffersniggings which have been growing leader from day to day, that either Justice William J. Gaynor, of Brooklyn, or Henry George may yet be induced to accept the nomination as a candidate has been raised.

Justice Gaynor will return from his summer home in Great Barrington tomorrow and the Bryan men will confer with him at once and try to induce him to consent to run, which he has heretofore refused to do. The question of Mr. George's strength as a candidate has been raised. Physically he is not so strong as he was in 1888, when 65,000 votes were counted for him for mayor. With the voters he is quite as strong now as he was then. The workmen were dissatisfied with his joining the Democratic party in 1888 and his attitude in the case of the anarchists, but he has regained favor with them by

McKINLEY AT NORTH ADAMS.

He Passes the Day in Comparative Rest and Quiet.

North Adams, Mass., Sept. 23.—President McKinley spent today in comparative rest and quiet. This morning he and Secretary Allen and Long and Attorney General McKenna met in a conference until 12:30 o'clock.

Secretary Long said nothing of great importance was talked over, as much of the matters of vital importance had been attended to before leaving Washington.

Lunch was served at 1:30 o'clock, and at 3 o'clock a delegation from George F. Staples Post of Adams, waited on President McKinley to request him to attend the laying of the corner stone of the G. A. R. memorial building and possibly the library. Replying to the request, the President said:

"I am in your town, and if there is anything of interest going on I want to see it. I will attend the exercises and put the stone in position, but you must not expect me to make any remarks. I wish to be at perfect liberty."

The stone will be laid on Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock after the return of the President from a visit to Lenox, where he will be the guest of John Elmore. After the delegation departed the President drove to the Berkshire Cotton Company's \$1,000,000 mill and inspected it. Later in the afternoon the Presidential party took a drive along the base of the mountain.

The President will attend the Congressional Church here on Sunday. No program has been arranged for Monday. The party will leave for Washington on Tuesday afternoon or Wednesday morning.

To Baltimore and Return via B & O.

All trains Saturday, the 25th, and Sunday, the 26th, good to return until Monday, \$1.25. \$21-54, m

Lacy's pure food ice cream, none better.

90c per gallon. 601-603 N. Y. ave. n.w.

Large Schooner Load Just Arrived.

We are the only yard that have them.

The Florida Cypress is the Best.

Red and nearly all heart, \$4.50

KEYNOTES OF DEMOCRACY

The Campaign Opened and Issues Defined in Ohio.

OVATIONS FOR THE CAUSE

Nominations for Governor Received With Enthusiasm by a Multitude at Columbus—Broken Promises of the Republican Party Plainly Set Forth—A Great Meeting.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 23.—The Democratic State campaign in Ohio was opened tonight on an elaborate scale, meetings being held simultaneously in all the principal cities.

Reports received here are to the effect that for the most part they were a success both in point of attendance and enthusiasm. The meeting of greatest importance was held in this city, and the keynote of the campaign was sounded by Hon. Horace Chapman, the nominee for governor.

The meeting was presided over by Allen W. Thurman, and the attendance was estimated at 4,000. Mr. Thurman said the campaign would be continued upon the lines laid down in the party platform, which reaffirmed the Chicago declaration of principles without the change of a word.

Mr. Thurman introduced Mr. Chapman. The reception accorded to the standard bearer amounted to an ovation. He at once announced that he stood by the platform upon which he had been nominated and recognized the fact that the decline in the price of wheat and the decline in the price of silver, he said:

"As commodities, wheat and silver are governed by the same laws as other things, supply and demand. A demand for wheat exists by reason of the famine in India and the short crops in Europe, which is the sole cause of its advance and cannot be denied by any one, and as soon as normal conditions again exist in other countries, the price of wheat, as well as other farm products that have risen, will decline, and there is a change in our financial policy."

He declared that there were millions of people still in need in this country, and that the Democratic party was their only hope.

The other speakers were Gen. Warner of Marietta's Congressional Lents of this city, and Mayor Rice of Canton.

DEATH FROM INJURIES.

Accident to Lieut. Charles Gallup Results Fatally.

New York, Sept. 23.—Lieut. Charles Gallup, U. S. A., stationed at New Orleans, died at a hospital in Rochester today from injuries received some weeks ago near Macdon, N. Y., a short distance up the canal. Lieut. Gallup was watching the operations of a dredge along the canal when some of the machinery broke, striking him and knocking him into the canal. He was drawn out of the water with difficulty, and it was found that his skull was fractured and several bones broken.

Lieut. Gallup was home on a furlough when the accident happened. He was thirty-three years old, and the eldest son of the Hon. S. N. Gallup, of Macdon. He is survived by a widow and small child.

English Labor Movements.

London, Sept. 23.—The Lancashire, Cheshire and Yorkshire cotton wineries have decided to notify the mill spinners in their employ of a reduction of 5 per cent in wages. Similar notices will be given throughout the trade, and the actual estimates of the British cotton textile industry may be threatened.

Turkey's Sultan Reported Ill.

Constantinople, Sept. 23.—It is reported that the sultan is seriously ill.

\$2.00 Philadelphia and Return via B & O.

7:05 and 9:00 a. m. trains going, returning on all trains, Sunday next. \$21-54, m

\$2.00 Atlantic City via B & O.

Three p. m. Saturday next. \$21-54, m

The Florida Cypress is Long Leaf

and will last forty years.

Its Patriotic Issues a Statement of

Patriotic Work Performed.

New York, Sept. 23.—Ethan Allen, president of the Cuban League of the United States, has issued the following statement:

"To the Members of the Cuban League: A