

AGREEING TO THE TREATY

Seal Fishery Conference Will Soon Reach a Conclusion.

TO BE INDORSERD BY ENGLAND

Canada's Action in the Conference Not Free and Untrammelled—The Approval of Great Britain Must Be Received Before a Treaty Is Signed and Settled.

It is expected that some determination on the Bering Sea sealing question will be reached by the American and Canadian conferences next week. The deliberations so far have been confined to a comparison of information compiled by the American and Canadian experts and to an exchange of views as to proper recommendations.

The experts are the advisory part of the commission. The delegates proper, to agree upon a convention to be submitted to the English and American governments.

The conference held a short session yesterday morning at the State Department from which they adjourned to the St. James Hotel and resumed work late in the afternoon at the State Department.

It has been frequently and erroneously stated that the Canadian people came here with plenipotentiary credentials. The fact is that they were merely delegates.

It was further ascertained that the presence of Sir Julian Pauncefote on the opening day of the commission was an intimation that the whole proceedings as to the Bering Sea conference were limited to the negotiation of a seal convention.

There have been some meetings between Sir William Laurier and Mr. Kinnear, the commissioner on reciprocal treaties, and perhaps some other matters, but there is not the slightest evidence that there is any prospect on the part of the Canadiana to suggest a treaty on any subject other than that of the seals. This, too, is practically a suggestion of the other country.

It has also been officially denied that the seal convention is the only subject on which any convention in fact. As to reciprocal matters, there will be some further talk tomorrow.

One of the most interesting reports of the nature in which the agreement will be reached as to the seal question is that there will be some concessions, giving concessions by the Canadians to American fishermen. The conclusion as to the northern fisheries, it is stated, will be mutual.

The diplomats on the board of conference, it is understood, will have all the expert testimony before them, probably by tomorrow night. A draft of the terms of the proposed settlement should be ready by the middle of the week. It is likely that in case of the Russo-Japanese-American treaty, the terms of the British-American convention will not be given out, except in the most general terms.

DELEGATE LAWSON'S SEAT. Louisville Convention Ignores the Master Workman's Claim to It.

The news received from Louisville yesterday that Mr. A. M. Lawson, the master workman of District Assembly No. 66, K. of L., was not seated as a delegate in the general assembly of the order now in session in that city, was a great disappointment to the local members of the order.

A telegram was received yesterday stating that Mr. Lawson was on his way home and would reach the city this morning. At first it was understood by his friends here that he would arrive last night and a number of them were at the depot to meet him, but were disappointed, as he did not arrive.

The news from Louisville relative to the action of the general assembly of the Knights of Labor is variously interpreted by the members of the order in Washington. A number of the local K. of L. members, as a result, there are two factions, and as a result, the seat of the delegate from local District Assembly No. 66 is contested.

Among the general officers the fight was between John W. Hayes, general secretary, treasurer, and secretary of the one side, and General Master Workman Sovereign and H. E. Martin, a member of the general executive board, on the other. The failure of re-election of Messrs. Sovereign and Martin is generally accepted as a victory for the Hayes faction.

MR. SOVEREIGN'S RESIGNATION.

The Topic of Conversation at the K. of L. Convention.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 13.—The resignation of Mr. Sovereign was the topic of conversation this morning at the Knights of Labor convention, but it is evident that it was expected, and that the rumors of a strike in the order are unfounded.

Delegates strenuously denied that Sovereign of McGuffee, Martin and Brown, who returned to Louisville, Ky., on Saturday, had any account of trouble. I. D. Chamberlain, who succeeded McGuffee as general worthy foreman, said this morning that Sovereign begged with tears in his eyes at the Rochester meeting last year to be allowed to retire, and consented to another year only on the promise that he could then do so.

"Mr. Sovereign has a great work before him," said a delegate this morning. "He occupies the highest place in the order, that of past grand master workman, and is the only one with that title, all others having died or been expelled."

General Secretary and Treasurer John W. Hayes reported today, showing the order to be in excellent financial condition.

JESSIE LINCOLN'S HUSBAND

He is a Pitcher in the Texas Baseball League.

Known Among His Associates as a "Lady Killer"—Will Retire From the Diamond.

Dallas, Tex., Nov. 13.—Warren W. Beckwith, who eloped to Milwaukee with the daughter of Robert T. Lincoln a few days ago, is now known in Dallas, and in fact, in most of the larger cities of this State, as the pitcher of the Dallas club of the Texas League, having been signed as a pitcher by Manager McCloskey last spring.

Beckwith was popular not only with baseball patrons, but with a social circle of the city. He was known among his associates as the "lady killer," and he was noted for his ability to pitch without first confabing and brushing his hair. He always carried a pocket mirror and was in the habit of taking a look at himself just before starting from the clubhouse for the diamond.

Beckwith is a college graduate and well qualified for business life. All last season he received letters from Miss Lincoln. Much of their contents he communicated to Manager McCloskey in confidence. When the season ended Beckwith was asked to prepare for his marriage.

He informed McCloskey that it was useless for him to resign for next season, as he would not play ball professionally after he was married, that his social relations would be such that he could not afford to do so.

Mr. Chamberlain, the anti-semitic, never sent any suggestion here upon the subject and would never think of doing so. Of course, the colonial secretary has been made aware of the scope and extent of the conference at Washington between the Canadian minister and America. He knows all about it and has instructed Sir Julian Pauncefote accordingly. This is the usual course. But even the British ambassador's presence at the conference is merely a formal signification of Great Britain's part in it.

It is further provided that the twelve clubs shall be divided into four sections, as follows: North and East, Boston, New York and Brooklyn; South and East, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington; North and West, Chicago, Cleveland and Pittsburgh; South and West, St. Louis, Louisville and Cincinnati. No more than twelve games will be played by any club in any one section before returning to its own grounds.

The resolution was passed. It was decided that the former league players of good habits shall receive the preference for appointment as umpires. The effort to have the league issue souvenir passes good to all grounds, resulted in a failure.

The next meeting will be held February 28, at St. Louis, when the schedule will be adopted.

ON HISTORIC GROUND. Pennsylvania Civil War Veterans Assembling at Chattanooga.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Nov. 13.—Last night Grand Army veterans 2,000 strong, headed by Gov. Hastings began to arrive, and this morning's trains from the East brought in hundreds of veterans from the Kentucky States. The occasion is the dedication of the Pennsylvania monuments on the battlefields in this vicinity.

For the dedication, Pennsylvania made an appropriation of \$15,000, and provided free transportation for the veterans. At noon the regional dedication began and will continue tomorrow and Monday. Tomorrow the general dedicatory exercises will be held on historic Orchard Knob, when the formal transfer of the monuments to the National Military Park will take place.

FOUR BANKS CLOSE DOORS

A Disastrous Failure Affecting Two Counties in Indiana.

PUBLIC MONEY ON DEPOSIT

Every Man of Means in Crawford and Perry Counties Suffers Through the Unexpected Collapse—All the School Funds on Deposit in the Insolvent Banks.

Indianapolis, Nov. 13.—There is intense excitement at English and throughout Crawford and Perry counties tonight over the collapse of four banks, which will affect nearly every man of means in the two counties and seriously cripple the county treasurers and township trustees. All of whom deposited with the broken banks. The crash came upon the people without warning, for no one suspected that the four institutions which have gone under were not on a safe financial footing.

As late as yesterday afternoon each of the banks continued to receive deposits and when they failed to open their doors this morning, there were scores of their customers, among them the business men, some of whom had deposited so closely yesterday they did not have a chance to begin this morning.

The banks were owned by J. H. Withers and R. H. Willett. One had been established at English, another at Manly, another at Cannellton, and a fourth at Leavesworth. The revenue collected for school purposes was all on deposit in the banks, and it is now believed that all the public schools in the two counties will have to be closed, as the trustees have lost all their money. Treasurer Hartzel of Crawford county, had \$13,500 on deposit. The trustees' deposits run from \$1,600 to \$2,800, and nine of them have been carried in the four banks.

There is a belief among the people that the failure was imminent and there is much indignation against them. President Willett of the Leavesworth Bank, has not been at the office for several days, and it is expected by many that he remained at home on account of the impending failure. The excitement has been intense and many threats have been made by small depositors who have lost their all.

MADE NO RECOMMENDATIONS.

Dominion Secretary of State Denies a Newspaper Report.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 13.—In respect to the report published from London to the effect that the colonial secretary had forwarded recommendations on the future trade relations between America and Canada, the Dominion secretary of state said today that the cabinet appeared to him to be simply the concoction of some correspondent altogether ignorant of the political situation of Canada.

Mr. Chamberlain, the anti-semitic, never sent any suggestion here upon the subject and would never think of doing so. Of course, the colonial secretary has been made aware of the scope and extent of the conference at Washington between the Canadian minister and America. He knows all about it and has instructed Sir Julian Pauncefote accordingly. This is the usual course. But even the British ambassador's presence at the conference is merely a formal signification of Great Britain's part in it.

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ALL QUARANTINES ABANDONED AND BUSINESS ROUTINE RESUMED.

New Orleans, Nov. 13.—The president of the Louisiana board of health has here for the first time since the outbreak of the cholera epidemic, a meeting of the committee from the American Health Association, which will lay before President McKinley the advisability of sending a commission of bacteriologists to Havana to make a study of the yellow fever there.

The United States Marine Hospital service will stop the disinfection of freight in the next few days as there is no further need for it.

The New Orleans and Northeastern Railroad, from New Orleans to Meridian, is now completely open to traffic. Boston, Tex., closed the quarantine. The Monroe, Vicksburg and Lafayette, St. John, Assumption, Amite and La Fourche parishes have done the same.

BULLITT'S LIKING FOR CHESS.

He Had a Passion for the Great Game.

New York, Nov. 13.—John C. Bullitt, Jr., former assistant counsel for the Northern Pacific Railroad, who committed suicide in the Central Hotel last Thursday night, by drinking poison, was a man of peculiar mental habits. Not only was he strongly influenced by Buddhistical ideas, but he was extraordinarily fond of playing chess.

In a note to his brother, which was found by his bedside, he said incidentally that he was going to the Eden Musee to play chess with the automation before he ended his life. Inquiries at the Musee showed that Bullitt was very well known there. Except during the two weeks when he was away from the city, he went to the Musee almost every night to play with the figure, and often in the afternoon. He never won, but was not apparently discouraged in the least. He was always self-posessed and cool, and the opinion of the attendants, and he would laugh and pick back his chair when beaten, and go out. I have known him to play five games in one night."

DOUBLE UMPIRE SYSTEM

League Magnates Adopt it After Much Discussion.

HARD BLOW AT ROWDYISM

Penalty Imposed Upon Any Player Guilty of It to Be Expulsion Without Possibility of Pardon or Reinstatement—Four-Trip Schedule for Next Season.

Philadelphia, Nov. 13.—When the National League magnates assembled behind closed doors this morning, they set to work in earnest to clean up the slate. J. East Wagner made the motion for the adoption of the double umpire system which after a great deal of discussion, was adopted.

The change to a double umpire system was a hard blow to rowdyism. The double umpire system was a hard blow to rowdyism. The double umpire system was a hard blow to rowdyism.

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THE ENGINEERS' STRIKE.

Forty-One Thousand Penna. Disposed of \$5,000 Men.

London, Nov. 13.—The nineteenth weekly distribution of money to the unemployed was made today by the Amalgamated Society of Engineers. The amount disbursed was \$41,000, which was received by the 85,000 men.

The only present obstacle to the holding of a conference to arrange a settlement of the strike is the question of who will act as chairman. The employees insist that no outsider shall participate in the conference. The employers propose that representatives from each side sit in joint session and each have its own chairman.

GUATEMALA HERE AS SCHWARTZ BROTHERS WERE ARRESTED.

Says the Agents of Barrios Are Persecuting Him.

Sau Francisco, Nov. 13.—Gen. Fuentes, who led the recent revolution against President Barrios, in Guatemala, was arrested today for debt, but was released on his own recognizance. He is the victim of a conspiracy between the Guatemalan consuls, Carilla, and Schwartz Brothers, agents for Barrios.

Schwartz Bros. claimed that Fuentes owed them \$5,000, and that they feared he was about to leave the city. Fuentes says he has kept an open account with Schwartz Bros. for years, but does not know how the account stands. His arrest was an insult, he says, and he proposes to sue for damages.

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KING OF DUDES' NEW ROLE

Man With Forty Suits of Clothes Attempts Murder.

QUARREL OVER A WOMAN

Kirk's Alleged Relations With the Wife of the Man Whose Life He Tried to Take the Cause of the Trouble—His Career in New York.

New York, Nov. 13.—J. W. Kirk, the man with forty suits of clothes, who came from the West to show New Yorkers how to dress, shot Richard Mandelbaum twice at the Girard Hotel tonight with a revolver, wounding him in the groin and over the heart. Kirk was arrested and Mandelbaum was kept at the hotel.

The shooting occurred just before midnight in the hall in front of the door of Kirk's room on the fifth floor. Mandelbaum also lives at the hotel, and his room is on the seventh floor.

The hotel servants were aroused by hearing two shots, and on running to the hall found Mandelbaum on the floor with two wounds. One of Kirk's bullets had entered the groin and the other had entered the chest of the left side just above the heart. Mandelbaum's physician was called. He said he did not think his patient would die.

Mandelbaum and Kirk were acquainted and met frequently in the hotel. Kirk was arrested and locked up. Roundsman Paulding, who arrested Kirk, told the reporters that the shooting was the result of a quarrel following the discovery by Mandelbaum that his wife was in Kirk's room.

Kirk is the self-confessed king of the dudes, who came to New York from the West in May. He is well known in the city, and he is well known in the city, and he is well known in the city.

He wrote a book during the summer on his experiences in New York. He has offered a reward to the person who shall suggest a good title for it. When he arrived it was announced that he had a princely income, derived from mining interests in the West.

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DEPRIVED OF HIS SUPPORT.

The Duke of Teck Doubly Betrays the Duchess.

London, Nov. 13.—The recent death of the Duchess of Teck, a country house, however, has left her husband in a bad financial position and already it is being suggested that Parliament should vote him a pension. The duchess died intestate for the very simple reason that she had nothing to do with her own money. Her husband from the state died with her as did also the duke made to her by the Queen. The duke's principal source of income was the duchess, and now that she has been cut off, the duke finds himself in extremely shallow financial water. If an apoplexy that is not a state pension it would lead to a lively row in the House of Commons. Some years ago a house, after a hot debate, voted \$150,000 to be invested in behalf of the daughter of the Prince of Wales, on the death of the duke, that no further money requests should be made for any member of the royal family. The Duke of Teck is not a member of the royal family, save through his marriage with the late duchess, and it is only this slight connection that would afford an excuse for asking for a grant.

SPANISH OFFICIAL REPORTS

The Cubans Blow Up a Train With Dynamite.

An Alleged Victory Over the Insurgents in Pinar del Rio Province.

Havana, Nov. 13.—Two official Spanish reports, published this evening, have caused a sensation here. The first is the account of the blowing up of a Spanish train in Puerto Principe province and the second is the description of an important engagement in the province of Pinar del Rio.

According to the first report, the train running between the support of Nuevitas and the city of Puerto Principe was derailed yesterday by the explosion of a dynamite bomb, placed on the track by the insurgents. The train was going at full speed when the explosion took place. The armored car was shattered.

Ten persons were killed and twenty-five seriously wounded, almost all Spanish soldiers. The engineer is among the killed. The bodies of the killed were mutilated in the most beyond the possibility of identification and the wounds of those still living are of the most dreadful character.

The battle in Pinar del Rio took place at the Governmental Hill, well known since the days of Masoco. General Hernandez, who is the Spanish commander, reports that he has secured confidential news that the insurgent bands of Perico Diaz, Vidal, Ducaes, Uribe, Delgado, and other less important Cuban leaders, were encamped in that place, he resolved to attack them from several sides. He divided his column into three parts and charging bravely approached the hills.

The insurgents offered desperate resistance from their trenches. The fierce fight continued for four hours and at last the insurgents retired. It is stated that the possession of the camps of Diaz, Ducaes and Delgado and the other leaders, and captured considerable ammunition and some rifles.

According to the Spanish general's reports, the insurgent bands of 500-600 men killed and many wounded. He made also two Cuban prisoners. The general reports that one Spanish officer and thirteen soldiers were killed and three officers and thirty-nine soldiers wounded.

FEUENTES CHARGES CONSPIRACY.

Says the Agents of Barrios Are Persecuting Him.

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MYSTERY OF THE TENDERLOIN.

An Arrest in New York Regarded as of Great Importance.

New York, Nov. 12.—The police think they have in George Duval a key to several mysteries of the Tenderloin. Duval was arrested last night after he had dined with a woman known as Jennie Wilson. Another woman of the town, Sadie Miller, caused the arrest. Jennie was well dressed and decked out with diamonds. Sadie was not, because she said Duval had stolen them all on a previous occasion. Her telling the story of a detective was probably what saved the other woman's property for when Duval was searched he had a three-ounce bottle of chloroform and a sponge.

The police remembered how "Diamond Flossie" Murphy was strangled and all her jewelry stolen, and they began to look up Duval's record. The Miller woman is a positive Duval is the man who chloroformed her and stole everything she had.

TWO LABORERS KILLED.

Baltimore, Nov. 13.—This afternoon the sides of a trench dug by the water department on North Avenue, near Asquith street, collapsed, almost instantly killing two laborers who were at work at the bottom, and so seriously injured a third that he also may die. The dead men are George Phelps and Ben Gorman. The other was John Shoen. The cave-in is said to be due to the fact that insufficient timber had been placed for the purpose of supporting the sides.

JUMPED INTO THE ENGINE'S FIREBOX.

Minneapolis, Nov. 13.—A special to the Journal from Mandan, N. D., states that Joseph Williams, freeman, of the Northern Pacific transcontinental train, committed suicide by jumping into the firebox of his engine. Before the engineer could pull him out, his head and shoulders were consumed.

THE HANNA FORCES ROUTED

McKisson Faction Organizes Cuyahoga Delegation.

BUSHNELL'S RECEPTIVE MOOD

The Hanna Managers Badly Scared by the Outlook—Their Efforts Now Will Be Along the Line of Forcing the Ballots Into the Party Caucus.

Cleveland, Nov. 13.—The anti-Hanna faction organized the legislative delegation from Cuyahoga today, and the Hanna men are in a panic. The Foraker or McKisson faction was known to have three of the members, Bramley, Mason and Burke, but when it came to a vote, Bramley, the McKisson leader, received seven votes to five for Senator Dodge. Hanna's right-hand man in the delegation, the same faction elected the secretary, Representative Bowman.

The Hanna men on the delegation did not dare demand a vote pledging the delegation to Hanna, although that had been the intention before the vote on chairman. The McKisson men are wild with joy and say that Senator Hanna will be beaten by as many from the Foraker people as from Hanna. The man gave the name of Koepfer. He is unknown here. This is taken as absolute proof that the Foraker men have laid aside their mask of veiled hostility and are out after Hanna's scalp.

An interview comes from Springfield, Ohio. Bushnell's home, tonight that bears out this supposition. The governor does not mention Hanna, and conveys the impression that he is a receptive candidate. The men who voted against Hanna today were Burke, Bramley, Mason, Woodcut, Beck, Parker and Bowman. It is doubted if Hanna can hold any of these men in line, if the Foraker men make an open fight. The Hanna leaders are badly scared, but the Senator himself still asserts that he will win. He says that the caucus will be with him, and the Foraker men will dare not let the caucus, but will take their medicine.

The efforts of Senator Hanna will be along the line of forcing the ballots into the caucus. The stronger McKisson men on the local delegation will say whether they will go into caucus or not. Col. Dies, Hanna's manager, has men out to see every man who is regarded as doubtful or open to Foraker influence. The war between McKisson and Hanna is fast getting beyond the point where conservative Republicans can control it.

SATISFIED WITH BLANCO.

Minister Woodford for the Administration So Assures Spain.

Madrid, Nov. 13.—Minister Woodford had a very cordial interview yesterday with Senor Moret, minister of the colonies. It is understood that Mr. Woodford assured Senor Moret that the American Government was satisfied with the measures taken by Captain General Blanco, the new governor general of Cuba.

SHOT FROM AMBUSH.

Murder of a Farmer, His Wife and Sister.

Faerburn, Ga., Nov. 13.—This morning a daybreak gunner, Turner, an indolent farmer, his young wife and his sister went into the fields to hoe potatoes. They did not return home at noon for dinner, and friends, becoming alarmed, started in search of them.

A quarter of a mile from the house they discovered the missing ones, each face downward in the potato furrows, with bullet holes in their heads. Their position indicated that they had been taken by surprise and shot from behind, having no opportunity to defend themselves. There is no word as to the identity of the assassin.

A PETITION FOR ARBITRATION.

Representative of British Citizens on the Way Here.

New York, Nov. 13.—The steamship St. Paul arrived today after a stormy passage. Among her passengers was William Randall Cremer. Mr. Cremer is bound for Washington to present to the Senate a petition signed by 7,000 persons, representing 2,750,000 British workmen, asking the Senate to do all it can to promote the adoption of an arbitration treaty between America and England.

Mr. Cremer was formerly a member of Parliament, is editor of the Arbitration, and is first secretary of the International Workmen's Association.

BERGLER'S TALE OF MURDER.

Manuscript Found Among the Effects of a Convict.

Toledo, Ohio, Nov. 13.—William Woodford pleaded guilty to burglary and was sentenced to serve four years in the penitentiary. It is said that among his effects was the manuscript of a story written by himself, detailing the feelings of a man who committed murder while in the act of robbery.

The plot of the story corresponds with the details of the murder of an Adrian, Mich., man. After he had served his term for burglary he will be tried for murder.

REFUSED ENGLAND'S KIND OFFERS.

Berlin, Nov. 13.—The Neueste Nachrichten confirm the report that England offered to act as mediator in the dispute between Hay and Germany, and adds that the latter refused to accept the offer. The paper declares that the only mediation required is that afforded by German cannons and that any unasked interference in the dispute is nothing but impertinence.

Lawyer's Second Trial. Chicago, Nov. 13.—After a conference today State Attorney Dwyer and Attorney Phelan agreed that the second trial of Adolph L. Lustgard should begin one week from next Monday—November 22. The judge before whom the case will be tried, was not selected today.