who has just taken his seat did me great injustice. I said there are charges and there can be no doubt that such charges have been made."

Those who participated in the debate on this question were the Rev. Dr. Lyons, of Connecticut; Rev. Dr. McKim, of Washington; Mr. Saunders, of Massachusetts; Mr. Willmer, of Maryland; Rev. Dr. Hoffman, of New York; Rev. Dr. Elliott, of Washington, and the Rev. Dr. Rogers, of Texas.

The debate was interrupted by the chair, who stated that there were messages to be read from the House of Bishops, and that as the time for adjournment was near, the debate for the day would be suspended.

The following message was then read from the House of Bishops:

"Resolved, by the House of Bishops, the House of Deputies concurring, That a joint committee be appointed to whom shall be referred the question of increased responsibility devolved or to be devolved by this church, and also the questions of application for membership it may have from any countries in the Western Hemisphere."

The committee appointed by the House of Bishops for this purpose were the Bishops of Missouri, Chicago, New York, California, New Mexico and Arizona.

The House of Deputies concurred in the resolution.

The secretary then read the following resolution from the House of Bishops:

"Resolved, that technical difficulties at present encompassing the matter of constitutional revision, the subject of the consideration of the amendments reported by the joint commission be indefinitely postponed."

No action was taken on the latter resolution.

The secretary announced that there would be a meeting of the committee on new dioceses, church committee, and ecclesiastical committee immediately after the adjournment.

The announcement was also made that the magnificent sum of $80,475.55 was collected for missionary purposes at the meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary. This was said to be $25,000 more than collected at the last convention.

The meeting then adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock today.

IN THE HOUSE OF BISHOPS.

Extended Consideration of Proposed Constitutional Amendments.

The House of Bishops held a morning and afternoon session in secret, their afternoon session lasting until nearly 6 o'clock, Bishop Doane, of Albany, being the presiding officer.

In the morning session Secretary Hart announced the illness of Bishop Niles, of New Hampshire, whereupon a message expressing the sorrow of the house was sent him.

House of Bishops Committees.

The following standing committees were appointed by the House of Bishops:

On the prayer book—Bishop of Maine, bishop of Arkansas, bishop of Pittsburg, bishop of Georgia, bishop coadjutor of Springfield.

On amendments to the constitutions—Bishop of Pennsylvania, bishop of South Dakota, bishop of Kentucky, bishop of southern Virginia, bishop of Michigan.

On canons—Bishop of Missouri, bishop of Chicago, bishop of east Carolina, bishop of Maryland, bishop coadjutor of southern Ohio, bishop of Vermont, bishop of North Carolina.

On the pastoral letter—The presiding bishop, ex-officio; bishop of Alabama, bishop of New York, bishop of California, bishop of Tennessee.

On religious services—Bishop of Dallas, bishop of Western New York, bishop of Tokyo, bishop of Washington, bishop coadjutor of Connecticut.

On domestic missions—Bishop of Oregon, bishop of western Michigan, bishop of Florida, bishop of Duluth, bishop coadjutor of Rhode Island.

On foreign missions—Bishop of New Jersey, bishop of West Virginia, bishop coadjutor of Minnesota, bishop of New Mexico and Arizona, bishop of Michigan.

On christian education—Bishop of Minnesota, bishop of Kentucky, bishop of Spokane, bishop of Massachusetts, bishop of Indiana.

On the consecration of bishops—Bishop of Newark, bishop of southern Virginia, bishop of central Pennsylvania, bishop of western Texas, bishop of Nevada, Utah and west Colorado.

On the nomination of missionary bishops—Bishop of Montana, bishop of Mississippi, bishop of Eastern, bishop of Georgia, bishop of Texas.

On the admission of new dioceses—Bishop of West Virginia, bishop of Nebraska, bishop of New Mexico and Arizona, bishop of Los Angeles, bishop coadjutor of Arkansas.

On the general theological seminary—Bishop of Springfield, bishop of western Michigan, bishop of Delaware, bishop of Oklahoma, bishop of Shanghai.

On memorials and petitions—Bishop of Colorado, bishop of southern Ohio, bishop of Louisiana, bishop of Olympia, bishop of Lexington.

On unfinished business—Bishop of the Platte, bishop of West Missouri.

On dispatch of business—Bishop of southern Florida, bishop of Kansas, bishop of Marquette.

On rules of order—Bishop of Delaware, bishop of Ohio, bishop of South Carolina.

The house then proceeded to the consideration of the constitutional amendments of the joint committee, and adopted the amendment to the title and also to constitution 1.

The bishop from Japan presented a petition for a division of the missionary diocese there, and the appointment of another bishop.

Petition was also made from the diocese of Indiana praying for a division of that diocese, and the appointment of an additional bishop.

The bishops of Minnesota and Marquette were appointed a committee to wait upon the Canadian delegation now in the city.

A recess was taken at 1 o'clock, the house assembling again at 3.

In the afternoon the resolutions as read in the House of Deputies were adopted.

The secretary read a message from Bishop Wilmer, in answer to the message transmitted to him from the House of Bishops on the day previous. Bishop Wilmer said: "Hearty thanks for message you have sent. Regards and prayers that God may bless all work of convention."

A memorial was presented from the reform church in Brazil, asking that the bishops of this church consecrate their bishop as provided under article 10 of the constitution. This is not to be a missionary diocese, and the action on the part of the American church will be similar to that of the English church when the church of America was first established.

A committee of five bishops was appointed to report on the matter as follows: The bishops of Oregon, Kentucky, Montana, Oklahoma and Massachusetts.

Considerable discussion was had on the report of the committee on canons, the canon of ordination being the one particularly under discussion.

Today there will be a reception at 10:30 of the Canadian delegation, the two houses sitting together for the purpose. At 12 o'clock the board of missions will meet. This will also necessitate the two houses sitting together.

THE CROSS IN FOREIGN FIELDS.

Notable Gathering of the Woman's Auxiliary to Board of Missions.

Nearly 2,000 members of the Woman's Auxiliary to the board of missions, representing the various dioceses of the Episcopal church in America, attended the triennial Thanksgiving service of that body at Trinity Church yesterday morning, and the two business meetings which were held later at National Rifles Armory and Convention Hall. The service was held in connection with the triennial Episcopal convention in session in the Church of the Epiphany.

The service in the morning consisted of holy communion, followed by an address and the united offering of the Woman's Auxiliary, made every three years. The Bishop of Washington, the Rt. Rev. Henry Y. Satterlee, was the celebrant and preacher. The service was announced to begin at 9 o'clock, but long before that hour the church was filled to overflowing, and the delegates crowded the sidewalk and spaces in front of it.

The service began with the processional, the mixed choir in white vestments, the young ladies wearing black Oxford caps, entering the church from the parish house, followed by the bishop and the clergymen who assisted him. The procession moved down the side aisle to the chancel, the choir taking seats in front. Bishop Satterlee was assisted by the Rev. Joshua Kimber, who read the gospels; the Rev. R. P. Williams, rector of the parish, who read the epistles; the Rev. James G. Glass, of South Carolina, and the Rev. H. F. Saumenig, assistant minister of Trinity Church.

Bishop Satterlee's Address.

After the impressive communion service Bishop Satterlee delivered the address of welcome to the delegates. He found a theme worthy of his eloquence in the heroic work and magnificent results of the Woman's Auxiliary, and his talk was full of encouragement for even greater efforts in the future. To bring any real reform to fruition, he said, requires years of patient work and self-denial. By those means alone are the things of solid worth developed, and it was to the greater credit of the body he addressed that they had come up through trials and disappointments. The Episcopal church in America had accomplished more in the way of missionary work than the Church of England, and, he declared, the woman of the church possess the same heroic fiber that runs through the men.

The work of the women of the auxiliary, the bishop said, had taught him the meaning of self-sacrifice—the true self-sacrifice. In all that they had done, and it was much, they had spoken rather of the joys and pleasures their work has given them than of the sacrifices and labor it entailed. That was the true spirit, full of unselfishness, grit, heroism, and it was most prominent in the character of women.

Bishop Satterlee spoke of the changes which had taken place in church affairs and of the good work accomplished by the church. He touched upon lessons taught by these changes, were of the greatest value to humanity, and urged the members of the body to greater efforts in the future.

At the conclusion of his address the offertory hymn, "Holy Offerings, Rich and Rare," was sung by the choir, followed by the presentation of alms, during which "Old Hundred" was sung. The united offering, which was made at this time, was one of the most impressive features of the service.

While the hymn was being sung the senior officer present from each diocesan auxiliary, walked down the aisle and deposited their offering in the golden alms basin presented to the church in 1852 by the graduates of Oxford, and loaned to the body by its custodians of the general convention. The basin, filled to overflowing with offerings "rich and rare," remained in the chancel until after communion was over, when it was carried out in the procession.

Liberal United Offerings.

The offerings this year were the largest ever given by the auxiliary. At the last triennial $63,000 was donated, and the amount this year, as reported by Treasurer Stewart to the business meeting later in the day, was $80,475.69. In accordance with the resolution adopted by the body at the last triennial, which was held in Minneapolis, the sum donated this year is to be devoted to the furtherance of woman's work in the mission fields.

The communion hymn was sung after the offering, followed by the service of bread and wine, which lasted over an hour. The recessional hymn was then sung and the bishop and his assistants marched from the church as they had entered it.

Immediately after the service as many of the delegates as could assembled at the National Rifles' Hall, on G Street, where the business session were to have been held. Owing to the unexpected number of delegates, however, the hall was utterly inadequate for their accommodation, and an adjournment to Convention Hall was found necessary.

The First Business Session.

Before the adjournment, however, the preliminary part of the business program was disposed of. After the opening hymn, "O, Spirit of the Living God," the Bishop of Washington made a brief address to the delegates, welcoming them, and presenting Miss J. Wilkes, president of the auxiliary of the diocese of Washington, as president of the meeting.

Miss Wilkes, amid much applause, made a two-minute speech, assuring the delegates of her pleasure at seeing so many of them, and congratulating them upon the results of their work since the preceding triennial.

She made a special point in her address of calling attention to the kidness and help the president of the auxiliary of Maryland had shown the Washington auxiliary, and spoke of the former alliance of the two.

She was followed by Mrs. Satterlee, wife of the bishop, who also delivered a brief address. Among other prominent ladies who occupied seats on the stage were Mrs. Bishop Whipple, Mrs. E. H. Thompson, wife of the arch deacon of the Shanghai mission; Mrs. Patton, missionary to Nara, Japan; Mrs. Bishop Talbot, of Pennsylvania; Mrs. Millspaugh, wife of the bishop of Kansas; Mrs. Bishop Starkey, president of the Newark auxiliary; Mrs. Bishop Benton, of Kentucky; Mrs. Bishop Worthington, and Mrs. Ada Leigh Lewis, wife of the arch deacon of Toronto and the metropolitan of Canada.

The most picturesque figures on the stage were two pretty young Japanese ladies, prominent in missionary educational work in Japan, both of whom delivered addresses at the afternoon session. They were Miss Uma Tsuda, of Tokyo, and Mme. Fudeko Watanabe. They were sent to this country by the Japanese Board of Education to attend the convention of the Federation of Woman's Clubs at Denver, and later, by the express order of the Empress of Japan, were sent on to Washington to take part in the convention.

Both were dressed in the national costume, of prettily flowered silk, with broad belts, and their black hair, dusky skins and flashing eyes presented a striking contrast to the conventional appearances of their American sisters.

The reception committee at the armory was composed of:

Mrs. Grace Clay Goodloe, chairman; Mrs. W. H. Fox, Miss Bowen, Mrs. McMartie, Mrs. Randolph Coyle, Mrs. Todd, Mrs. Tittman, Mrs. W. F. Sicard, Mrs. Richard Goldsborough, Mrs. Ross Perry, Mrs. Elmer E. Payne, Mrs. Malcolm Henry, Mrs. John Stephens, Mrs. Fendall, Miss Mackall, Miss Eastman, Miss Todd, Miss Semmes, Miss Atkins, Miss Cromwell; Miss Birney, Miss Cobb, Miss Campbell, Miss Cox, Miss Coyle, Miss O'Reilly, Miss Small, Miss Gilbert, Miss Dodge, Miss Davis, Miss Valk, and Miss Fendall.

In Convention Hall.

The afternoon session of the auxiliary was called to order at 2 o'clock at Convention Hall, Miss Wilkes presiding. The honorary secretary, Mary E. A. Twing, sat on the right of the president, and on her left sat Mrs. Lewis, of Canada, and the national secretary, Julia C. Emery, of New York.

In addition to those who occupied seats on the stage at the National Rifles' Hall were Bishops Nelson, of Georgia; White, of Indiana; the missionary bishop of Spokane, the Rt. Rev. F. R. Graves, missionary bishop of Shanghai; the Rev. Charles H. Brent, of St. Stephen's Church, Boston; John W. Wood, secretary of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, and other prominent clergymen.

The reports of the national secretary and the honorary secretary were submitted and adopted, after which Bishop McKim, of Tokyo, Japan, read an address written by Mme. Watanabe to her American sisters. The address, couched in rather quaint but elegant English, was full of sympathy with American women and their missionary work. In part the address was as follows:

Mme. Watanabe's Address.

It was about two years ago when I was dining with our bishop at his home in Tokyo that he asked me if I would not like to go to America in 1898 to attend the general convention of the Woman's Auxiliary as a representative of the Ladies' Institute in Tokyo. My answer to him was that I could use the money to better advantage than by representing the cause in America. The question was not put seriously, it was entirely forgotten in time, but when I was ordered to undertake this journey, Mrs. McKim, the president of the Woman's Auxiliary in Japan, wished me to attend this convention.

Our visit is owing to the great interest that our empress feels in your country. It was at the request of Mrs. Alice Baird, the last vice president of the Woman's Clubs, to our minister of education on her visit to Japan.

I am quite embarrassed that I am favored with this mission, and regret exceedingly not to be able to convey to you the great interest of our empress in your country, because it is the first time that Japanese women have been sent for such a purpose.

My dear American sisters, please accept my hearty thanks, not only for the Ladies' Institute in which I have been in charge for five years, but for all of your generous efforts for our far eastern land. Before I came to this country I had a very high admiration for your earnest work for the sake of humanity. Since coming here my admiration has increased more and more.

This being my first visit to America, and my stay being only a few months, I have not had time enough to study well your country. However, in this short time I am already impressed with several things; for instance in seeing the colored porters on the cars so well trained. I thought that they were emblematic of your freedom and generosity. Had they remained in their fatherland they would be but savages; brought here so mysteriously, they are glorifying God, the maker of all human beings, through your Christian love.

Another impression is the marvelous industry of the people, so active, so busy, as not to loose even a minute. It is true. Those who help themselves, heaven helps; this industry, this energy of the people, will readily be the source of the wealth of the nation and the maintenance of this vast land in such an honorable way that your people say so proudly, I am in America. This tender sympathy for others, this vigorous, self-struggle, is the life of your independence, in which that great man's spirit, Washington, is always living; I can see it very clearly, and have admired often in visiting the public institutions as well as private families, by seeing the picture of your Father Washington decorating the walls.

While you have so much to do in your country how kind and generous you are to do so much good for foreign lands, although you will say so nobly that you are working in God's field, but in my place; can I not admire your indefatigable efforts? Can I not be grateful for such a generosity? How happy shall we be when we Japanese become able to work in Christian endless love, as you are doing now.

What we want now in Japan is Christianity. I am often told since I came in this country that there is not much hope for the Japanese to receive the gospel and for the empire to become Christianized. Of course, it is very difficult to make people Christians, as we cannot always meet real Christians in what they call a Christian nation.

The students sent from Japan to Europe approve mostly the theory of evolution, so there are evidently more materialists among the professors of our university than Christians. The people say they are learned, they are educated in Christian countries, and they do not believe any more in the Christian doctrines, therefore how can we adopt this new religion? It is a fact that the followers of Buddhism, Confucianism and Shintoism who were afraid of ever-growing Christianity, take advantage of those opinions of the professors and, exaggerating them, cause tumult, and make the mission work very hard.

This was the case before the war with China some four years ago, still we see this phenomena in various conditions.

Sisters Across the Seas.

The president next introduced Mrs. Lewis, who made a short speech to the ladies, basing her address on three clauses in the second chapter of the Ephesians, relating to past, present, and the ages yet to come. She was followed by Miss Tsuda, who is a teacher in the Peeresses' School of Tokyo.

Miss Tsuda said it was a privilege seldom given to a woman of her nationality to meet and mingle with such a body, inspired with one purpose, one faith, and one idea. She hoped that the bonds of sympathy between the Japanese and the American women would be strengthened and that the time would soon come when the one would seem more real and near to the other when there was more than the printed page and the speech of travelers to make them acquainted.

The Japanese women, she said, always enjoyed a freedom and respect immeasurably above that which was accorded their Asiatic sisters. Artists and scholars were found among them, and the greatest classic works of the land are from the hands of its women. At times circumstances have lessened their power and influence, but never to the extent which has been felt by other Asiatic women.

Even in the old days, she said, when woman's sphere was confined to the domestic circle, the Japanese women received instructions in literature and the arts as well as in sewing and other domestic attributes. Now that Japan has emerged from the darkness of the old feudal days, the sphere of woman has enlarged and broadened accordingly, and they are to be found in the most progressive walks of life.

School Movement in Japan.

She gave an interesting account of the school movement in Japan and the great interest taken by the present empress, who has founded a school and takes the greatest delight in a personal supervision of it. It was to the honor of the missionaries, however, Miss Tsuda said, that the first school for girls founded in Japan was founded by them.

Just previous to Miss Tsuda's address Secretary Emery had announced that owing to the limited time at the disposal of the convention the ten-minute rule would be applied to the speakers. Accordingly at the expiration of that time Bishop McKim touched the young lady on the arm and she was about to retire, but from every part of the house came cries of "No, no," mingled with vehemeht applause, and she was compelled to finish the address which she had prepared. She did so smilingly and gracefully and received an ovation at its conclusion.

Mr. John W. Wood was the next speaker. He talked for ten minutes on "The Laity a Body of Missionary Volunteers," and said that such a gathering indicated that there were many who realize that the laity should be a strong missionary factor. To call one's self a Christian, he said, is to be as far as one can a missionary. He spoke of the self-denial of the women and children, from whom came much of the means to carry on the work, and said that it was unfair for the men to sit back and merely applaud.

The Rev. Charles H. Brent followed with a short talk on "The Priest and His People at Work for Missions." Mr. Brent said that the parish, which was the unit of ecclesiastical life, which failed to have for its climax missions in the sense of work in foreign lands, was a failure. "We must make Christ's cause our own or fail utterly in Christian life."

Women in Mission Fields.

The program concluded with a series of brief talks on the general topic, "Women in the Mission Field." Bishop Rowe, of Alaska, was expected to talk on "The Training Needed for Mission Work," but he was delayed, and these talks were substituted for his address.

The Rt. Rev. Dr. White, Bishop of Indiana, was the first speaker, and the topic, "The Missionary Wife," fell to him. Bishop White declared that the missionary owes all he is and all he can accomplish to the efficiency of a missionary wife. Everybody is familiar enough now, he said, with maritime fleets to know that a skillful navigator is needed to insure success, and in the work of the church extension the skillful navigator is the missionary wife.

The missionaries need the aid of a brave, true woman, to keep them true to their duties and their faith when they meet with discouragements and disappointments.

The work of women in church extension is to keep faith alive and earnestness under consecration and bravery and fortitude true. The bishop's lot would be an easy one, he said, if he were permitted to select the wives of his clergy as well as the clergy themselves. If such were the case he would guarantee that the diocese of Indiana would not remain a missionary field very long.

Bishop White was followed by the missionary bishop of Spokane, Bishop C. K. Nelson, of Georgia, and the Right Rev. F. R. Graves, missionary bishop of Shanghai, who talked on "The Missionary Teacher," "The Medical Missionary," and "The Missionary Evangelist."

Resolution of Thanks.

The report on the united offering came next, after which a resolution of thanks to the ladies of Washington for their kindness and hospitality to the delegates was presented and unanimously adopted.

The bishop of Georgia pronounced the benediction and the meeting adjourned.

The general officers of the auxiliary are: Miss Julia C. Emery, general secretary; Mrs. A. T. Twing, honorary secretary. Those of the diocese of Washington are: Miss Jane Wilkes, president; Mrs. Henry Y. Satterlee, first vice president; Miss Olivia Buck, second vice president; Mrs. Addison Murray, third vice president; Miss Lillie McLeod, secretary; Miss Lillie Bell, assistant secretary; Mrs. Arthur Williams, treasurer; Miss B. C. Saxton, assistant treasurer.

The St. John's parish hall committee, which had charge of the hall used as the headquarters of the auxiliary, is composed of Miss B. C. Saxton, chairman; Miss Amelia Craig and Miss Ella Whiting, assisted by sixty-five ladies, who are on duty in pairs two hours each from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. at the headquarters.

THE SOCIAL FEATURE.

Bishop Satterlee Entertains Many of the Visitors.

The Bishop of Washington and Mrs. Satterlee inaugurated the social phase of the convention last night with a reception to the bishops and clerical and lay members of the House of Deputies and their families, which was attended by fully two thousand guests.

The handsome residence in Highland Terrace, Massachusetts Avenue, was fragrant with roses that met the eye at every turn, and throughout the reception hall and parlors were a profusion of cosmos blooms, and gracefully branching palms. Bishop and Mrs. Satterlee received in the drawing-room, the latter being richly gowned in purple satin and point lace. The ladies of the receiving party included Mrs. Henry E. Pellew, Mrs. Randolph McKim, Mrs. A. S. Johns, Miss Rogers of New York, and Miss Satterlee, the young daughter of the house, whose acknowledged beauty was accented by a girlishly dainty combination of white organdie and pink silk with La France roses clustered about her low bodice and in her chestnut hair.

The dining room was decorated with sylvan background of palm foliage. In the reception lobby lemonade was served from a massive silver bowl.

Prominent among the prelates—the majority of the members of the House of Bishops being present for a longer or shorter period during the evening—were Bishop Paret, Bishop Tuttle, Bishop Whipple, Bishop White, and the Bishop of West Virginia. Chief Justice Fuller, J. C. Bancroft Davis, Robert Treat Paine, of Boston, and J. Pierpont Morgan, of New York, were among the notable lay delegates in attendance, and among the local clergymen present were Rev. Dr. Randolph McKim, Rev. Dr. Elliott, Rev. Dr. Mackay-Smith, and Rev. Dr. Williams. Several distinguished military officials were present, and the navy was represented by Secretary Long.

THE GALLANT TENTH.

Colored Cavalry Regiment Will Parade Tomorrow.

The Tenth Regiment of regular cavalry will parade on Pennsylvania Avenue and pass in review before President McKinley at the White House tomorrow.

Arrangements for the reception of the colored troopers were made yesterday afternoon by a delegation of prominent colored citizens, consisting of Charles R. Douglass, P. B. S. Pinchback, Rev. J. A. Johnson, Lewis H. Douglass, W. H. Cole, and Robert Terrell.

The President issued an order that the regiment should be permitted to stop long enough in the city to parade and partake of a collation which will be served in Potomac Hall, corner of Eleventh Street and Maryland Avenue southwest. Adjt. Gen. Corbin sent a dispatch to the quartermaster at New York last night instructing him to so arrange his transportation schedule that the colored cavalrymen will reach Washington early tomorrow morning. The program will include an address of welcome to "the gallant Tenth, who won glory as American heroes in the desperate fighting before Santiago."

The hour of the parade will be announced as soon as the committee learn what time the regiment will reach Washington.

The citizens are requested to send contributions of cooked foods, fruit, and cash for the repast to Mrs. Charles G. Ayres, wife of a captain of the Tenth; Miss Neumeyer, or Charles R. Douglass, at Potomac Hall, Eleventh Street and Maryland Avenue southwest, today or early tomorrow morning.

The Ladies' Pension Office Relief Association has authorized Charles R. Douglass, son of the late Frederick Douglass, to solicit subscriptions, food and donations from the people of Washington for the reception to be tendered the returning cavalrymen during their stay in the city. All such donations should be sent to Potomac Hall, at the corner of Eleventh Street and Maryland Avenue, any time before tonight.

RECEIVED BY MR. HAY.

Members of the Diplomatic Corps Call on the Secretary of State.

Members of the diplomatic corps, by special invitation, called on Secretary Hay yesterday. By 11 o'clock, the hour appointed for the reception, more than half a hundred of the diplomatic body had assembled in the diplomatic anteroom, all in civil dress except the Oriental contingent.

None of the ambassadors was present. Sir Julian Pauncefote, the dean of the corps, is still in New London, slightly indisposed; Ambassadors Cambon, Fava and Cassini are absent from Washington. Mr. Ploda, the Swiss minister, headed the column of diplomats.

The representatives were presented to Secretary Hay by Assistant Secretary Adee. The reception only lasted a few minutes, in which cordial greetings were exchanged, and was rather informal.

How to Prevent Croup.

We have two children who are subject to attacks of croup. Whenever an attack is coming on my wife gives them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it always prevents the attack. It is a household necessity in this county and no matter what else we run out of, it would not do to be without Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. More of it is sold here than of all other cough medicines combined.—J. M. Nickie, of Nickle Bros., merchants, Nickleville, Pa. For sale by Henry Evans, wholesale and retail druggist, 928 F Street northwest; and Connecticut Avenue and S Street northwest, and 1428 Maryland Avenue northeast.

Removed.

DR. CLEMENS,

From 1411 Pa. Ave., Adj. Willard's Hotel,

TO

1407 New York Ave., adj. Y. M. C. A.

On and after Saturday, October 1, Dr. Clemens's office will be at the above address. All patients will find the new offices much more convenient in every way.

Daily Office Hours—From 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Saturday, 6 to 8 p. m. Sunday, 10 to 12 m.

CONSULTATION STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

THERE IS A CLASS OF PEOPLE

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over one-quarter as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15c and 25c per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

se27-1t

Don't take medicines unless you are sick. Nine times out of ten a little promptness and a little care are all that is needed to remove symptoms that threaten seriously.—MUNYON.

The tendency to rush for a doctor and begin dosing as soon as an ache develops or a pulse beat quickens does more to weaken constitutions than to remove disease.

Prof. Munyon would train every mother, every member of the family, to nip all the ordinary ailments in the bud. His remedies can be administered by a child. THEY CURE. Fifty-seven specifics for fifty-seven diseases. For sale at all druggists; mostly 25 cents a vial.

Mr. H. C. Sholes, 131 E Street northeast, Washington, D. C., says: "I was an awful sufferer from rheumatism for about a year. I had no rest day or night, and the pains were agonizing. In fact, it seemed at times that death would be a relief to me. I tried every remedy that held out any hope of relief, and used numbers of doctors' prescriptions, but all in vain. Finally Munyon's Rheumatism Cure was recommended to me, and one small vial gave relief, and in a short time I was entirely cured. There has been no return of the trouble. You may be sure that I am very thankful to Munyon for his great remedy."

Munyon's Inhaler.

With this inhaler you are enabled to treat yourself at your home, thus saving doctors' fees. It does away with taking unpleasant doses into the stomach and renders unnecessary any cutting, cauterizing, or burning. The seat of the disease is directly attacked and the germs destroyed.

The air passages are permeated with medicated, vitalized air, which soothes, heals, and invigorates, and a sense of relief immediately follows its use. If used in time it will positively prevent consumption.

Sufferers from Colds or Coughs, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, or any lung trouble are invited to call at our office and test the Inhaler absolutely free. If you wish to purchase one you can get it at our office or at any drug store for $1, with everything complete.

This is the largest health establishment in Washington. A family institution, where all forms of diseases are treated and where everybody is welcome. Eminent doctors from leading colleges are here to make examinations and give the best medical advice absolutely free. Open all day and evening. Sunday, 2 to 5. 633 Thirteenth Street northwest.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SPECIAL NOTICE—I will not be responsible for any bills contracted by my wife, Barbara Correll. MICHAEL A. CORRELL. oc7-2t

SPECIAL NOTICE—Coupons numbered 2836, 2586, 3458, 3793, 2274, 1263, 3521, 3519, 875, are entitled to the presents offered by the joint committee on Labor Day excursion to River View. Persons will call upon ANDREW MURRAY, 1107 Tenth Street northwest, between 6 and 7:30 p. m., and secure the orders necessary to get the articles. oc7-2t

SPECIAL NOTICE—THE CORCORAN GALLERY OF ART will be open to visitors on Sunday, October 9, 1898, from 1:30 to 5 p. m., and will be open every Sunday thereafter during the same hours until further notice. Admission free. By order F. S. BARBARIN, Curator. oc7,8,9

SPECIAL NOTICE—The undersigned have this day formed a limited partnership, pursuant to the Revised Statutes of the United States relating to the District of Columbia concerning limited partnerships. The name or firm under which said partnership is to be conducted is W. O. GINGELL & CO.; the general nature of the business intended to be transacted is horseshoeing; the names of all the general and special partners interested therein are as follows: Wm. O. Gingell, who resides at No. 1008 H Street ne., Washington, D. C., is the general partner, and John L. Newbold, who resides at No. 1722 P Street nw., Washington, D. C., is the special partner, and said partner has contributed $100 capital to the common stock. The said partnership is to commence October 1, 1898, and is to terminate October 1, 1899.

WM. O. GINGELL.
JOHN L. NEWBOLD.
oc3—mon-wed-fri—12t

IF YOU HAVE A SQUARE PIANO OF our make, "Chas. M. Stieff," you will hear something that will interest you by sending us your name and address. CHAS. M. STIEFF, Piano Warerooms, 521 Eleventh st. nw. sep6-3t-em

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA—CLARA FISHER THOMAS VS. HENRY GLENN THOMAS. EQ. NO. 19722. DIVORCE.

On motion of plaintiff it is ordered this 6TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1898, that the defendant, Henry Glenn Thomas, cause his appearance to be entered herein on or before the first rule day occurring forty days after this day; otherwise the cause will be proceeded with as in case of default. The object of this cause is absolute divorce on the ground of wilful desertion. Provided that this order is published in the Washington Law Reporter and the Washington Times once a week for three consecutive weeks during this time.

A. B. HAGNER,
Associate Justice.

True Copy—Test:
JOHN R. YOUNG, Clerk. oc7,14,21

CONFEDERATES' BOLD STAND.

Grand Camp of Virginia Claims the Right to Secede From the Union.

Richmond, Va., Oct. 6.—Grand Camp, United Confederate Veterans of Virginia, have placed themselves on record as claiming the right to secede from the Union at will. They refused today to reconsider the motion to adopt the history committee report with the clause left out renounces forever the right of secession.

The vote was nearly unanimous, though a considerable number of the members were in sympathy with the clause, but refrained from voting. The men familiar with constitutional enactments reminded the convention that Virginia was committed to just such a pledge in its new constitution.

William L. Royal, who declared his allegiance to a united country and gave warning that if the camp was of different mind he would part company with them, spoke the sentiment of the bulk of the Confederates in Virginia, and his stand is being indorsed all over the State. The camp will ask him to withdraw his resignation, but he will hardly do so, and the question may cause a disruption in the camp.

CHAPLAIN M'INTYRE ILL.

He Is Barely Able to Be Present at His Court-Martial.

Denver, Oct. 6.—The defense in the McIntyre trial rested at noon today when the examination of Dr. Wilson, the chaplain's physician, was concluded. Chaplain McIntyre was not able to appear when the court-martial convened, being confined to his bed in a state of physical collapse, as a result of the strain of the past three days. By 11 o'clock he was able to attend, but looked the sick man his physician declared him to be.

At the conclusion of Dr. Wilson's examination, Attorney Doud opened his argument in support of his objection to the procedure of the judge advocate in his attempt to impeach Chaplain McIntyre.

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Session begins September 28, at 9 a. m.

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The dean will be in his office at the university daily after September 12.

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Session begins November 15.

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Session begins October 3, at 8 p. m. Daily lectures thereafter at 5:30 p. m. The best facilities for laboratory and clinical work are afforded. The University Hospital is located at No. 1335 H street northwest. Fall and scholarship examinations on September 22, at 7:30 p. m. For further particulars address the dean, 1325 H st. nw. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 2 p. m. to 6 p. m.

DENTAL SCHOOL.
J. HALL LEWIS, D. D. S., DEAN.
Session begins October 3, at 8 p. m. The free dental infirmary opens October 3, at 1 p. m. Fall examinations on September 22, at 7:30 p. m. All students must matriculate before October 13. For further information address the dean, 1023 Vermont avenue.

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A post-graduate course of one year. For information apply to Dr. Charles F. Dawson, corner New Jersey Avenue and B Street northwest, Washington, D. C.

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Judges of the Court of Appeals.

The NATIONAL UNIVERSITY LAW SCHOOL will enter upon its thirtieth year by opening at its building, 518-520 Thirteenth Street northwest, on Monday, October 3, 1898, 6:30 p. m. As appears above, valuable additions have been made to the faculty. The course has also been improved in various ways, with the result that the previous high standard of the school has been materially advanced. The Secretary may be seen daily at 610 Thirteenth street northwest, Office District Title, and after October 3, at the Law School Building, from 6:30 to 7:30 p. m. As heretofore, two years' study will be required for graduation, with a Post Graduate Course of one year. For circulars call upon W. H. Morrison's Sons, 1226 F street northwest; W. H. Lowdermilk & Co., 1424 F street northwest; John Byrne & Co., 1222 F Street northwest; Washington Law Book Co., 1422 F street northwest, or the undersigned. E. D. CARUSI, Secretary. se30-18t-em

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