THE ANTI-IMPERIALISTS

A Secret Meeting of the Leaders Held in New York City.

May Hold a Convention After the Democratic Platform Has Been Adopted at Kansas City—An Independent Party May Be Formed—A Statement From Edwin R. Smith.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Anti-imperialists from various parts of the country met at the Plaza Hotel today and took action which may result in the formation of an anti-imperialist party which will conduct a campaign of its own upon its own lines. In any event the anti-imperialists will probably hold a convention shortly after the Democratic Convention. Whether or not they will ratify the anti-imperial plank in the Democratic platform depends upon whether the plank suits them or not.

Today's meeting was made up of the members of the Executive Committee of the American Anti-Imperialist League and was private.

The attendance had a strong New England tinge, such Down Easters as Edward Atkinson, Erving Winslow, Gamaliel Bradford, Samuel D. Bowles, Charles Godman, and ex-Governor Boutwell, of Massachusetts, being present. The meeting was called to order in the afternoon by E. A. Smith, of Chicago, Chairman of the committee, and Mr. Boutwell was chosen chairman.

The main object of the meeting was announced to bring about united action between the anti-imperialists of the league and the unattached anti-imperialists. The matter of the probable anti-imperialist plank in the Democratic platform was then discussed, after which a resolution was unanimously adopted directing the Executive Committee of the league to call a "general conference of anti-imperialists to consider a plan of campaign, to the end that we may carry into effect our condemnation of the imperialistic policy of the present Administration."

It is understood this general conference will be nothing but a party convention. The matter of a formal call for the convention will be left to the Executive Committee, which will decide upon the time and place. The convention will certainly not be held until after the Kansas City Convention on July 4, and the places mentioned are Chicago, Cincinnati, and Indianapolis.

Within a few days there will be a meeting of the executive committee in Chicago to decide on these matters. After today's sessions Chairman Edwin R. Smith, of the Executive Committee, said the meeting had decided that it was not for the best interests of the cause to make a formal statement at this time. He explained informally the purposes of the gathering. He said:

"We do not want to form an independent party unless the action of the Kansas City Convention makes it necessary. Until the Convention at Philadelphia the Republicans had never made a stand on imperialism. When they adopted their platform we saw at a glance that we had nothing to hope for from that party. We do not intend to take hasty action or go off half-cocked. Consequently we shall not call our general conference till we see what the Democrats are going to do at Kansas City.

"Many of us hope that they will give us a broad, liberal plank on the subject of imperialism. If they do that our general conference will probably do nothing except ratify that plank. If not, we shall have to do something ourselves. If the Democrats do not bring out clearly the anti-imperialistic idea, then definite action will probably be taken by us and an independent party formed to conduct a campaign on anti-imperialistic lines.

"It is the wish of the anti-imperialists to prevent the ratification by the people at the coming Presidential election of the imperial policy carried on by the present Administration. If the Administration receives the sanction that a re-election will give it then we are forever bound to an imperialistic policy and are to be classed among the imperial nations.

"It is our wish to unite as far as possible the independent voters of the country to prevent the enactment by ballot of such a policy and to keep the present Administration from retaining its hold on the Government. There is a difference of opinion between leading anti-imperialists as to the best course to pursue to bring about this unity and to render effective the opposition to the present Administration. It is a matter of political history that the independent voter, when closely united, can overthrow the party in power. That has happened five times in this country. We hope to make it happen a sixth time."

INVITED BY GENTRY.

A Plan to Harmonize Kentucky Democratic Factions.

LEXINGTON, Ky., June 25.—Gen. W. H. Gentry, of this county, has a novel plan for getting into line all the Democrats of the State by means of a social gathering at his home tomorrow night. He has invited nearly all the Democratic leaders of the State, including the men who left the party on account of the passage of the Goebel election law, such as Major P. P. Johnson, ex-Representative W. C. P. Breckinridge, ex-State Senator Charles J. Bronson, and ex-Gov. John Young Brown. Many of them have signified their willingness to come.

Of the straight-out Goebel men, Judge William E. Cantrill, Governor Beckham, Representative June Gayle, United States Senator-elect J. C. S. Blackburn, and others have been invited. General Gentry proposes to bar the discussion of politics, so say his invitations. He has an immense loving cup which he proposes to keep filled for his guests during the evening, and he proposes to have his guests sip frequently of its contents.

General Gentry says that he is satisfied that this meeting of Democratic leaders, together with the proposed amendment to the Goebel election law, will unite the party and that Governor Beckham will be nominated and elected this fall.

Mertz and Mertz Say Today

Special

two days' sale Trousers to order $6 and $5 values, some tailors ask $7, our special price,

$3.66.

906 and 908 F St.

MR. CROKER'S PLANS.

Tammany's Position Toward Mr. Bryan to Be Emphasized.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Mr. Croker had another busy day today talking to the members of Tammany Hall. He has been at work ever since his arrival in this country on Saturday morning trying to find out what the exact situation within the ranks of the organization is. He had a long talk with John F. Carroll this afternoon at Tammany Hall. Early callers at the Democratic Club missed Croker because had gone to his office at 111 Broadway, where he met ex-Senator Murphy, of Troy, who went with him to luncheon.

Mr. Croker has made a change in his plans. Tomorrow afternoon there will be a Tammany executive meeting at which he will be present. It is called to make final arrangements for the excursion of Tammany braves to Kansas City. It was said this evening that Croker would make a little talk to the committee, in which he would tell its members to be loyal to Bryan and the Chicago platform and to let everyone they met in Kansas City know their loyalty. It may be said authoritatively that no effort will be made by Tammany at Kansas City to secure a modification of the Chicago platform.

Ex-Senator Hill is going to start on Friday for Kansas City with Chairman Danforth, of the State Executive Committee. It is Mr. Hill's purpose to have the Chicago platform modified if possible in its currency plank. It was declared that he would get no help from Croker. Mr. Croker believes that Colonel Bryan would lose more votes by dropping 16 to 1 than he could possibly gain.

After talking to the executive committeemen at Tammany Hall Mr. Croker will go to the club once more and spend the evening there. He hopes to go Wednesday to Senator Murphy's summer home and to spend Thursday there resting. Mr. Croker wants to stay in Long Branch until Friday afternoon, when he will start for Kansas City.

BAY STATE PROHIBITIONISTS.

Delegation Leaves for the National Convention at Chicago.

BOSTON, June 25.—The New England delegation to the National Prohibition Convention at Chicago on Wednesday, June 27, left today at 2 p. m. on the regular Chicago express, going via the Boston and Albany, New York Central, and Michigan Central roads. They will arrive at Chicago tomorrow afternoon. The Leland Hotel will be their headquarters.

SENATOR HOAR'S POSITION.

He Declares He Will Support the Republican Ticket.

WORCESTER, Mass., June 25.—Senator George F. Hoar came out today with a vigorous statement announcing that he would support with all his influence the Republican national ticket.

The Senator declares that he believes the future of the Philippines will be much safer with President McKinley than with Mr. Bryan. The effect of Democratic success, he alleges, would be disastrous to the country's present prosperity. Every consideration, he says, leads him to work for the election of McKinley and Roosevelt.

TROLLEY WIRES MELTED.

Fearful Heat of a Fire in Bayonne, New Jersey.

NEW YORK, June 25.—One of the hottest fires ever known in Bayonne, N. J., started tonight at 10 o'clock in the ice house of the Consumers' Coal and Ice Company at Avenue E, Twenty-second and Twenty-third Streets. The big three-story ice house, the two-story grain warehouse, the office and the coal sheds that occupied the entire block were destroyed.

The heat melted the trolley wires of the Twenty-second Street line and also destroyed the telephone and telegraph wires. When the electric light wires began to melt the company was ordered to turn off the power that fireman might not be hurt. The town was consequently in darkness. For a while it looked as if the frame railroad station of the Central Railroad of New Jersey would be burned, but it escaped. Mr. Brady, the principal stockholder of the ice company, places his loss at $100,000.

TEA TRADE SUFFERS.

The Troubles in China Has Affected Imports.

PHILADELPHIA, June 25.—Imports from China, particularly of tea, have been upset by the disturbed conditions in the empire. Shipments from this country to China, on the other hand, do not seem to have suffered.

J. W. McBride, of Irwin, McBride, Catherwood & Co. this afternoon received a cable message from his representative at Han Kow saying: "Political troubles interfering seriously with tea from the interior." Mr. McBride said that the first two words of the cable were code words, and no doubt meant the Boxer troubles. "Tea comes into Han Kow from the interior by the rivers and canals," added Mr. McBride, "and our agent probably finds that the tea growers are unable to get their product through the disturbed region to Han Kow."

On Saturday Mr. McBride received another cable from his agent in Shanghai notifying him that the trouble at Tientsin was interfering with freight shipments and that the coast boats which are used to bring freight from Tientsin and Taku to Shanghai, where it is placed aboard ocean steamships, were unable to get cargoes. All shipments of Chinese goods from north China are suspended according to this cable message, and steamships of the Mogul Steamship Line are sailing from Chinese ports light, or with very small cargoes, which are put on board at ports in southern China.

Conditions are reversed with regard to the export trade with China. The steamship Astoria, of Funch, Edye & Co.'s United States, China and Japan Line, is to sail from this city on Thursday for Japanese and Chinese ports, with a full cargo. Her holds contain hundreds of tons of machinery and railroad iron for China. She has steel rails, locomotives, and other equipment for Shanghai. Alfred H. Post & Co. are shipping 1,500 tons of machinery. Mr. Porter said this forenoon that his agents in China had directed him to forward the shipment without delay, as the Astoria would not reach Shanghai within sixty days. She sails via the Suez Canal route, and makes several stops in the Indian Ocean.

Mail advices received today in this city by merchants and by the different missionary societies from their representatives in China did not refer to trouble with the Boxers. The letters delivered today came by the steamship Doric, of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and all were dated on or before May 19. The Doric stops regularly at Honolulu, and this stop adds from seven to eight days to her voyage. The next mail from Chinese ports will arrive in Vancouver this week, and is due here on Tuesday or Wednesday of next week.

Census Examination.

Mental work made easy. Payson's Tonic Wine. A nerve tonic and brain stimulant. Atkinson's, corner 11th and G nw. je23-7t

Use Allen's Foot-Ease in Your Gloves

A lady writes: "I shake Allen's Foot-Ease into my gloves and rub a little on my hands. It saves my gloves by absorbing perspiration. It is a most dainty toilet powder." We invite the attention of physicians and nurses to the absolute purity of Allen's Foot-Ease. Dr. W. C. Abbott, editor of the "Chicago Clinic," says: "It is a grand preparation; I am using it constantly in my practice." All drug and shoe stores sell it; 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

E. G. RATHBONE REMOVED

Formal Order Depriving Him of His Office in Cuba Issued.

Martin C. Fosnes Appointed Temporary Director of Posts for the Island—The Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Now En Route to Washington to Make a Report.

Postmaster General Smith yesterday afternoon issued an order removing from the position of director general of posts in Cuba Estes G. Rathbone, who had been suspended from the duties of the office by a previous order. The Postmaster General has also relieved Joseph L. Bristow, Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, from the duties of acting director general of Cuban posts and has appointed Martin C. Fosnes, a postoffice inspector, to perform the duties of the office until further orders.

Mr. Bristow is relieved because his investigation of Cuban postal affairs has been completed, and he will resume his duties in Washington after making his report to the Postmaster General.

"This action is taken because of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General's departure from Cuba," said Mr. Smith yesterday. "Mr. Bristow left Cuba Saturday, directing Mr. Fosnes to assume control until the Department should have named some successor to Mr. Rathbone. His course met with the full approval of the Department and Mr. Fosnes was accordingly selected to continue as director until a permanent successor to Mr. Rathbone shall have been selected.

"There are no new charges against Mr. Rathbone. We have no new facts which would indicate anything criminal in the conduct of his office. But it was necessary some one should assume control, and it was deemed wise to make the change absolute. From time to time Mr. Bristow has sent us reports on the situation in Cuba. His full report is not to be made, however, until he can present it in person. He should arrive in Washington, I think, about the latter part of the week."

SUMMONED FOR CONTEMPT.

Per Capita Tax Disturbs Junior Order American Mechanics.

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 25.—When Judge John H. Weiss decided in favor of the protesting councils and against the State and national councils of the Junior Order American Mechanics in the matter of imposition of the per capita tax of 15 cents, he ruled that pending an appeal to the Supreme Court the status quo of the case should be maintained. Recently, however, the National Council met in Philadelphia within its charter jurisdiction and again imposed the tax, which the State officers have notified the subordinate councils they must pay or be debarred the privileges of the State council, which convenes at Lancaster tomorrow.

This afternoon the insurgent councils executed a flank movement by going before Judge Weiss and stating these facts in a petition. He immediately granted a rule on the State officers of the order to appear in court here tomorrow and show cause why they should not be imprisoned for contempt of court in thus violating the order of the court. The case is of special interest owing to the fact that the State officers and delegates are already gathering at Lancaster for the annual session tomorrow.

KILLED OVER A POKER GAME.

Two Men and a Woman Dead—The Slayer Escapes.

WICHITA, Kan., June 25.—Granite, the new town in the Kiowa and Comanche reservation, had its first shooting scrape Saturday night, and as a result two men and one woman are dead, and the killer has escaped. John Gilmore, Bill Anderson, Bill Williams, and the woman, whose name was not learned, were engaged in a game of poker in the rear of the gambling resort.

The woman was winning heavily with her partner, Bill Williams. Gilmore accused them of cheating, and the woman slapped him. The game was again resumed and she continued to win. Gilmore renewed his assertion, and his partner sided against him. Gilmore, who is an official cattle inspector, drew his gun and killed his partner without warning. A general fight followed, in which the woman and Williams were mortally wounded. Gilmore was hit several times, but managed to escape the crowd.

A posse started in pursuit but the cattle inspector reached Wichita Mountains, where he is now supposed to be hiding. Granite is filled with miners who have congregated to wait for the official opening of Wichita Mountains. The news of the killing came in a special despatch from El Reno this morning.

A DUEL ON HORSEBACK.

The Pursuing Rider Killed by a Bullet From a Revolver.

VANDALIA, Ill., June 25.—News has been received here from Louden township of the killing of Munroe Tipsward by Willis Lily, his brother-in-law. It was a fight on horseback. Both men were riding at breakneck speed, Tipsward following close behind Lily and slashing him with a knife when able to reach him. Lily dashed ahead of Tipsward and when a few feet away drew a revolver and fired. The ball entered Tipsward's head and he fell from his horse dead. The killing was the culmination of a family quarrel which has existed for several years.

FIRE IN CHICAGO.

Business Houses Suffer a Loss Estimated at $200,000.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Fire, which started shortly after 6 o'clock this morning in the Strong Building, at State and Adams Streets, gutted the American Restaurant in the basement, Perry's candy store, and Goodrich & Potter's jewelry store on the State Street side. It also damaged to a great extent all stores on the Adams Street side of the building, the loss being estimated at $200,000.

Captain Ehrett, of the Thirty-fourth Fire Engine Company, was severely injured about the hands and arms by falling glass. Mrs. A. N. Clevery was carried out of the building overcome by smoke.

GENERAL WOOD'S DENIAL.

Repudiates a Statement Attributed to Him by a Local Newspaper.

Adjutant General Corbin yesterday made public the following despatch from General Wood at Havana:

Havana, June 23.

Adjutant General, Washington:

Ludlow telegraphs that "Washington Post" publishes article stating I charge Ludlow's administration, ninety-nine, with extravagance. This or any other similar statement is false and without foundation. Officially deny it.

WOOD.

A Railroad Brakeman Hurt.

Lewis Hawkins, thirty years old, a brakeman employed by the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, and living at 129 Heckman Street southeast, was thrown from a train in the New Jersey Avenue freight yards last night about 12 o'clock and seriously injured. He was shifting cars with other employes of the road at the time of the accident. The police of the Fifth precinct station called the ambulance and Hawkins was taken to Providence Hospital. An examination of his injuries disclosed severe bruises of the left hip and several slight cuts.

UNFAVORABLE TO COLWELL.

Report of the Naval Board of Enquiry on His Case.

The court of enquiry appointed by Secretary Long at the request of Lieutenant Commander John C. Colwell, formerly naval attache of the United States Embassy at London, who was rebuked for an alleged failure to obey orders to proceed to the United States for assignment to duty, and who asked for an investigation to secure vindication, has submitted the following opinion to the Navy Department:

"There was no valid reason to prevent Lieutenant Commander Colwell from taking the steamer of April 7, 1900, and returning to the United States in obedience to his orders. The probable effect, under the circumstances, of a journey to the United States at this time, it is believed, would have been beneficial and that he would have had opportunities for efficient treatment on his arrival, comparable with the treatment he received in England.

"We find, furthermore, that subsequently, viz.: April 12, Lieutenant Commander Colwell was prostrated by some nervous debility that prevented his taking the steamer of April 14 and while awaiting his recovery that he entered a hospital and was operated on for some nasal affection. It does not appear that this operative procedure, which is stated to have been of very minor character, prolonged his delay in obeying his orders, or that the performance of the operation at this time was imperative."

The official orders to the board directed it to investigate "the facts and circumstances connected with the action of Lieutenant Commander John C. Colwell, United States Navy, in subjecting himself to a surgical operation in London, England, on or about the 20th day of April while under orders of the Department to proceed to the United States to report for duty, to which he had been assigned."

Secretary Long approved the findings and opinions, which will be spread on Lieutenant Commander Colwell's official record.

THE CITY SWELTERED.

Humidity and High Temperature Combined Cause Discomfort.

Although the records of the Weather Bureau indicate that the thermometer reached a maximum of only 87 degrees Fahrenheit at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, it will be difficult to shake the confidence, born of suffering and perspiration, among Washingtonians that the temperature of yesterday did not pass the century mark by a considerable margin.

The Weather Bureau points to the register of the humidity for the day in explanation of the suffering that was experienced. The relative moisture in the atmosphere was recorded at 2 p. m. at 65 degrees. At 8 o'clock in the morning the humidity, due to the rain then falling, was at 96 degrees, and once around the clock in the evening recorded 83 degrees. This, it is claimed by the solons of the Weather Bureau, amply accounts for the sensations of intense heat experienced.

Scientifically inclined citizens who could seize the time from the business of mopping brows and discussing the heat, and who had retained the smoked glass apparatus recently employed in viewing the eclipse of the sun, devoted some time in searching the face of old "Sol" for the 25,000-mile spot purported to have been discovered by a disciple of Protagoras and Galileo at Paris, and which, it had been predicted, would be the cause of unprecedented heat during the summer of 1900. The effect was notably manifest, whether the causes be ascribed as explained by the weather men as the result of excessive humidity or due to solar spots.

Not a breath of air stirred the leaves of the trees through the day, and the fitful showers of the morning served to make the heat more intense. Notwithstanding the general discomfort only one person is known to have been prostrated by heat.

DROWNED IN THE RIVER.

Dodson Bronaugh Sinks Before Aid Reaches Him.

Dodson Bronaugh, colored, sixteen years of age, was drowned in the river while bathing yesterday afternoon about 5 o'clock. His body was recovered about an hour later and sent to the Morgue. Coroner Carr was notified and he will view the remains this morning.

Bronaugh lives at 1816 Riggs Street northwest. In company with Julius Brooks, who resides in an adjoining house, and Alfonso Bundy, 1715 Nineteenth Street northwest, he went to the river yesterday to bathe. Near the Aqueduct Bridge the boys entered the water and spent half an hour in swimming and diving. Bronaugh was a good swimmer. He went out some distance from the shore and was suddenly seized with cramps. As he threw up his hands his companions tried to save him, but he disappeared under the water before they could reach him. Several men secured a boat along the shore and searched for the body, which was finally recovered. Word of the accident was sent to the friends of the drowned boy, and they are expected to take charge of the remains for burial. Bronaugh lives with friends and did various jobs for a livelihood.

ANOTHER NOTE TO TURKEY.

A Third Demand Made for the Payment of American Claims.

The statement was made at the State Department yesterday that the third demand had been made upon Turkey for the $100,000 indemnity due this Government for the losses of American citizens during the Armenian troubles. Secretary Hay would not make any statement in regard to the matter.

At the Navy Department it was stated that the cruiser Albany had been ordered from Southhampton to Gibraltar, and it is said that she will be used to enforce the demand.

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root**, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co. Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

TURRETS OF BATTLESHIPS

A Compromise Report by the Special Board on Construction.

The Superposed Type Recommended for Three New Vessels and the Ordinary for Two—Minority Reports Submitted by Constructor Taylor and Rear Admiral Barker.

Secretary Long yesterday read and approved the report of the special Board of Construction, which recommends that superposed turrets be installed on the battleships Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Georgia, and ordinary turrets on the two battleships authorized, to be called the Virginia and the Rhode Island. It is regarded as somewhat strange that the majority of the board, after voting in favor of superposed turrets, should have been willing to compromise with the minority and agree to report in favor of installing ordinary turrets on the Virginia and Rhode Island. Five of the eight officers appointed to the board as tactical experts voted for superposed turrets, and only two for the ordinary turrets, the eighth member favoring just such a compromise as was finally agreed to. It was understood that the special board's decision would settle the question whether the navy is to install superposed or ordinary turrets on all battleships. The explanation given in the proceedings for the compromise is the desire of the board to present a harmonious report.

Its conclusion and the Department's approval leave the turret question practically hanging in the air, and it will have to be fought over again when more battleships are authorized. The compromise report is signed by twelve of the thirteen members. Naval Contractor Taylor submitted a minority report. Rear Admiral Barker also submitted a report giving reasons why, in his opinion, it was not wise to put superposed or ordinary turrets on all the five battleships. The compromise report is merely a four-line recommendation that three battleships have superposed and two battleships ordinary turrets. Admiral Barker's report of his suggestion that there be a compromise is as follows:

"It is admitted by all the members of the board that both plans are excellent, and that battleships built on those plans will be most efficient vessels. Without an exhaustive trial at target practice or better still, in actual war, it is, in my opinion, impossible to state positively which of the two classes of battleships is the better, as there are advantages and disadvantages in both.

"Without before going into a long discussion of the merits and demerits of each class, I am of the opinion that of the five battleships which are to be built three of them should be built without superposed turrets and two of them with superposed turrets."

The board, as has been shown, switched this around so as to give two ships without and three ships with superposed turrets.

Constructor Taylor, in his minority report, says:

"The matter before the board is one of prime importance, involving the principal features of five battleships, much larger than any previously undertaken by us, practically equal in size to the largest in the world, and to cost, complete, in round numbers, thirty million dollars. Of the two plans before the board, one must be the better, and I believe that we should build all five vessels upon it, or if there is any reasonable doubt as to which is the reasonable plan, we should spare neither time nor cost to determine this point, obtaining incidentally the by no means small advantages of uniformity in the construction of five such important vessels. We have four turrets on two vessels of the superposed principle which are complete and in working condition. Tests made with these turrets so far have practically no bearing upon the essential points at issue. While all of these points cannot be decided by tests, many of them can, and I believe that if thorough and exhaustive experiments were carried out by this or some other equally representative board upon each of the four superposed turrets of the Kearsarge and Kentucky, the board would then be practically unanimous in finally accepting or rejecting the superposed principles for our battleships.

"To divide these vessels between two types is to definitely advertise to the world that although we have completed two superposed turret vessels, we do not know whether or not they are better than if they had been built with separate turrets. I believe that we are at last in a position to settle this question, which has been such a vexed one in the navy for five years, and that such settlement should be no longer delayed."

Denied by President Young.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The Brooklyn officials have received a letter from President Young, who positively denies the statements attributed to him that the Brooklyns are to be transferred to Washington.

Almost Equal to the Census of 1790.

Greater New York has a population only 221,000 less than the total population of the United States at the taking of the first census in 1790. In great cities, America leads the world, though it is debatable whether this is a gratifying sign. In beers Heurich's lead all others in the United States in age, purity, and strength. Maerzen, Senate, and Lager are the most popular of all malt and hop beverages. It is always found to be so, the purer the article the more popular it will become. 'Phone 634, Arlington Bottling Co., for a case of this popular beer.

$15 Reward.

The Consumers' Brewing Co. is desirous of securing an appropriate name for its new Beer, which is now ready for the market. This Beer is one of the finest productions of old German brewing ever introduced in this country. It is well aged and absolutely PURE. These conditions should be kept well in mind by those who compete for the prize offered—as the names suggested will be judged solely on their merits as expressing the character, age, and purity of this new product. All answers must be received not later than Wednesday next, June 27th, as the Beer will make its first pubic appearance on Thursday, June 28. Address all communications to Box 735, Times Office, Washington, D. C.

Try Your Hand at Naming This New Beer!

Agitate your "think-works" a little—and earn $15. Consumers who wish a fine high-grade, well-aged beer will welcome the introduction of this new product. It is brewed with the greatest care, and we warrant it to be the superior of any dark beer in this market—and the equal of any in the WORLD! Although this beer will cost dealers considerably more than other beers, the demand for it will prove that it is indispensable. It is now ready for delivery—but will not be formally announced until next Thursday morning. In the mean time see if you can suggest an appropriate name for the new beer.

Consumers' Brewing Co.

Telephone 1229.

DIED.

PADGETT—On Monday, June 25, 1900, at Garfield Hospital, MRS. ELIZABETH PADGETT.

Funeral from residence of her brother, Charles E. Brady, 1109 Virginia Avenue southeast, Wednesday, June 27, at 3 p. m. Friends and relatives invited. It

WALLACE—Departed this life on Sunday, June 24, 1900, at 10 minutes of 2 o'clock, MRS. KATE WALLACE.

She is resting in Jesus.

—By her DAUGHTER AND GRANDSON.

Funeral will take place Tuesday evening, June 26, at the Third Baptist Church, Fifth Street, between P and Q Streets northwest, from her residence, 432 O Street northwest. Interment at Harmonia Cemetery. 1t,em

IN MEMORIAM.

MATTHEWS—In loving remembrance of our dear LUCINDA MATTHEWS, who departed this life 6 years today, June 25, 1894.

The flowers will bloom in the summer,
In winter it will rain;
But our Lucy we will
Never see again.

Loved in life, remembered in death.
1t,e By Her Mother, DINAH.

UNDERTAKERS.

J. WILLIAM LEE,
Undertaker and Livery.
822 Penn. Ave. N. W., Washington, D. C.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—EXECUTIVE OFFICE COMMISSIONERS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, Washington, June 25, 1900. The citizens of the District of Columbia are invited to attend a meeting, to be held in the National Rifles' Armory, on G Street, between Ninth and Tenth Streets northwest, at 8 O'CLOCK, on the evening of FRIDAY, the 29th INSTANT, for the purpose of effecting an organization to arrange for the entertainment of the delegates to the annual encampment of the Union Veteran Union, which is to be held in Washington from the 2d to the 5th of next October. Commissioner Henry B. F. Macfarland will preside at the meeting. HENRY B. F. MACFARLAND, JOHN W. ROSS, LANSING H. BEACH, Commissioners of the District of Columbia. je26-4t

HERMAN BAUMGARTEN'S, Headquarters for Rubber Stamps and Seals is at 525 Seventh St. N.W. No branches. je21-tf-em

AUCTION SALES.

S. H. LUNT, Auctioneer.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE SUBURBAN PROPERTY IN ALEXANDRIA COUNTY, VIRGINIA.

The undersigned, special commissioners of sale appointed by the Circuit Court of Alexandria County, Virginia, will offer for sale at public auction on the premises, on TUESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JUNE, 1900, AT 5:30 P. M., all that tract of land containing about twenty acres, of which the late Richard Norris died seized and possessed, situated on the main road leading from Georgetown to Falls Church, near Wunder's Cross Roads, and about two and one-half miles from Washington, in Washington, District of Alexandria County, Va., and bounded on the south by said county road, on the west by Sherrier's, on the north by Cussick's and Boteler's, and on the east by Dr. J. Tabor Johnson's and Weaver's land.

This land is improved by a new six-room dwelling, tenement house, out-buildings, fruit of all kinds, etc. Is very desirable for small fruit, truck, or poultry farm, or would sub-divide to advantage. Within one mile of the W. A. and F. C. Electric Railway, and three-eighths of a mile of proposed electric railway.

Terms of sale: One-third cash, balance in three equal payments at six, twelve, and eighteen months with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum until paid or all cash at the option of purchaser. Title to be retained until all of purchase money is paid. All conveyancing, including revenue stamps, at cost of purchaser.

A deposit of $100 required at time of sale. Terms to be complied with, within twenty days of day of sale.

For full particulars call or address
A. W. ARMSTRONG, Alexandria, Va.
WILL W. DOUGLAS,
930 F St., Washington, D. C.
je16-10t,em Special Commissioners of Sale.

THOMAS DOWLING & CO., Auctioneers.

SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION OF A VALUABLE PIECE OF REAL ESTATE ON THE EAST SIDE OF TWELFTH STREET, BETWEEN N AND O STREETS NORTHWEST, KNOWN AS NO. 1341 TWELFTH STREET NORTHWEST.

By virtue of a deed in trust and the authority therein given to us, from Ann Hall and others, dated February 26, 1897, and recorded on the 29th day of June, 1897, in Liber 2223, folio 197 et seq., one of the land records of the District of Columbia, the undersigned will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, in front of the premises, on MONDAY, JUNE 18, 1900, at 5 O'CLOCK P. M., the following described valuable piece of real estate, situate on the east side of Twelfth Street west, between N and O Streets north, in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, viz: All that part or parcel of lot numbered six (6), in square numbered three hundred and thirteen (313), contained within the following metes and bounds: Beginning for the same at a point on Twelfth Street west forty (40) feet south from the northwest corner of said lot, thence running east ninety-five (95) feet, the full depth of said lot; thence running north twenty (20) feet; thence running west ninety-five (95) feet to the line of said Twelfth Street, and thence running south, by the line of said Twelfth Street, twenty (20) feet to the place of beginning, containing one thousand nine hundred (1,900) square feet.

Terms of sale: One-third of the purchase price in cash, and the balance in two equal installments, payable at six and twelve months, with 6 per cent interest, to be secured by deed of trust on the premises sold, or all cash, at the option of the purchaser. All conveyancing, recording, and revenue stamps to be at the purchaser's cost.

The terms of sale must be complied with within fifteen days, otherwise the property will be resold at the risk and cost of the defaulting purchaser.

CLIFTON M. BIGELOW, Trustee,
404 Louisiana Avenue.
MASON N. RICHARDSON, Trustee,
314 D Street northwest.
je5-d&ds

The above sale is postponed until THURSDAY, JUNE 28, 1900, same hour and place. By order of the trustees. je16-d&ds,em

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je26-2mos Atlantic City, N. J.

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Of the Plaza Hotel, New York.
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