

THE JOURNAL.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

Any of our readers who may require the services of a Notary Public, or Commercial Agent in Philadelphia, will find a competent and accommodating gentleman in ALEXANDER MERRIN, Esq. No. 6, Goldsmith's Buildings.

It not infrequently happens that our citizens have conveying, and land business in Philadelphia. If so, we would recommend them to call on G. W. COLADAY, Conveyancer and Land Agent, No. 3, Goldsmith's Hall.

Those desiring to purchase the most excellent city furniture, at the lowest prices, will do well to call at the splendid Ware Rooms of H. C. SCENESBY, 177 North Second St. Philadelphia.

Although the price of leather and shoes has risen alarmingly, within a few months, yet country dealers will be agreeably surprised to discover how low they can purchase every variety of HENRY COPE & Co., Nor. West Corner of 2nd and Arch. Phila.

It is said that some of our Clearfield Merchants are selling Groceries, lower than they can be purchased in the cities. They find it very difficult, however, to sell as low as FRANKLIN PEASE & Co., at 43, Nor. Water St. Philadelphia. They have constantly on hand a splendid stock of Groceries, unsurpassed in quality and price, by any other stock in market.

All lovers of the beautiful, as well as those desiring to purchase China or Glass-ware of any description, should call at BOND & STROUD'S, splendid Queensware Store, No. 26, Nor. Fourth St. Philadelphia.

We are not sufficiently acquainted with liquor, nor do we desire to be, to speak of their good or bad qualities; but WHEELER, KLINE & ELLIS, enjoy the reputation of keeping the largest and best liquor store in Philadelphia. No. 193, North Third St. Those desiring a good article for medicinal, culinary, or sacramental purposes, will do well to try them.

The prospects of Clearfield were never brighter than at present. In view of the growing prosperity of our borough, no opportunity to secure property should be permitted to escape, and it will be seen, by reference to another column that Mr. W. W. REEDY, has three lots for sale.

Our friend GEORGE W. ORR, whose health is failing, and who fears he will be compelled to relinquish entirely his present business of Blacksmithing, calls upon those indebted to him to come forward and settle up.

As new firms are the order of the day, it will be seen that ORR & KLINGER have entered into co-partnership in the Blacksmithing business. They are good mechanics, and clever fellows. For every pound of iron, may they get in two pounds of the "white and yellow boys."

It is frequently difficult to obtain Account Books such as we desire, and for Justice to obtain Books to suit them. They are made to order at the Wholesale Book and Paper Store of J. HOLLIGHERTY, No. 24, North Front St., Philadelphia.

Our Blacksmiths, Merchants, and others, desiring to purchase Figs, Bar, and other Irons, or those wishing to obtain Water Pipes, can do so at CHAS. R. CAMPBELL & Co's, No. 199, North Water St. and 54 North Wharves, Philadelphia.

The Emperor Nicholas is said to have expressed considerable apprehensions of an attack on St. Petersburg, by the allies, and MOYER ULMAN feels that the crowds continually rushing to his New and Cheap Clothing Store, will take it by storm. His goods are the cheapest in the country—at least he says so. Go and try them.

It is an old maxim that "Competition is the life of trade." If so, "trade" in Clearfield has considerable vitality just now, and R. SHAW & Son have just received the most excellent and elegant Stock of Goods, brought into the country, which they sell cheap for Cash, at their New Store in the West end of the Mansion House.

Prince Paul, of Wurtemberg, is now in this country, selecting botanical and ornithological specimens; but we doubt if he has met, in all his travels, with more beautiful, excellent and cheap specimens of furniture, than are to be seen at the Ware Rooms of DANIEL BENNER in this borough. Call and take a look.

Yankee Lumbermen in Canada.

Since the close of the Baltic to a valuable timber trade, a great impetus has been given to that on the American side of the Atlantic; great quantities have been shipped from the Pacific during the past winter, for France, and the Maine Lumbermen never were so busy as they have been during the past season. But the greatest scene of lumber activity on our continent, for the past two years, we understand, has been in Canada. About two years ago the Canadian Government threw open to competition an immense tract of timber land, lying on the bank of the St. Maurice, midway between Montreal and Quebec. The Government of Canada was liberal in the terms which it offered. A tract of territory consisting of two thousand square miles, covered with red and white pine, was divided into portions of fifty square miles, and the right to cut for a given number of years was sold at auction in Quebec in the month of July of each of the last two years. And a number of our Eastern lumber merchants availing themselves of the advantages then held out, bought tracts, and began operations on a grand scale. Messrs. Nacross, Phillips, & Co., of Lowell, we understand, have now one of the largest lumber establishments in Canada. They have extensive sawmills at the junction of the St. Maurice with the St. Lawrence, and it is said had a thousand men employed by them in cutting logs the last winter. There were employed last winter in the timber territory named six hundred pair of horses, and five thousand men, and never before did such activity exist in the North American timber trade. The old saying "it is an ill wind that blows nobody good," may be aptly applied to wars in Europe; although they do immense evil to the people in other countries, which are the scenes of strife, they benefit us in America, by increasing our commerce, and calling fourth greater industrial effort.—Scientific American.

Physiologists have not only discovered that man is an engine, gliding along the track of life often at the rate of sixty miles an hour; but he is also a steamship—a chemical laboratory—a distillery (not, however, of alcohol)—a forcing pump—a grist mill—an iron mine—a manufactory—a commercial city—an electric telegraph—in short, he is a crystal palace, where we can go and examine the choicest works of art—the most exquisite development of science.

Iron and Coal.

Potosi may boast of silver, and California of gold, but our men of metal have greater cause to congratulate themselves in possessing Mines of iron, with which all our emporiums are likely to be benefitted. We have built buildings and household furniture of iron—ships, and marbelized iron.—The cheaper this precious metal is rendered, the more general will be its applications. For the Cause of Iron, like Proteus, can assume any shape, while its utility is ever on the alert among our plastic spirits of enterprise. All we want are men with iron constitutions to carry out those gigantic projects which are destined to distinguish our land of refuge as the mightiest Republic ever established since the world was created.

In anthracite regions, beyond the mountains of Allegheny, in Tennessee, and in Ohio, the metal abounds. Ages must pass away ere Pennsylvania's veins are exhausted, producing from 30 to 60 per cent. of metallic iron; but even there, an impotent government might check the progress of skill and science, by withdrawing protection, and years may elapse before the price of material is reduced which can only be effected by multiplying mechanical contrivances for reaching it. Every means should be provided to facilitate the progress of miners and founders. Pittsburg, alone supplies the whole Union. Importations from the old country cannot much longer be depended on; her resources are beginning to fail, and at the present state of political anarchy in Europe should warn us to look at home and feel conscious of our wealth teeming in Cuyahoga's treasure house which cannot be too highly appreciated.

The popular mind has been dazzled with golden visions of Eldorado, but we should remember all is not gold that glitters, and those who possess a surplus capital may easily excel in alchemical pursuits, by extracting gold from iron. No safer investment exists, as our traffic in this useful metal will be in a few years be independent of England.

Steam machinery and railways must be applied more extensively, not only for the transit of ore, but coal also which is the fuel that feeds the flame of science. Liberal outlays will ensure large dividends. The improved mode of navigating the Ohio, and the adoption of half iron and half wood vessels, has reduced the expenses of freightage from Pittsburg, the Birmingham of America. Like Sinbad, let us not roam in a valley of (black) diamonds, without being able to work them to the fullest extent. Geologists are our pioneers, whose reports may be fully depended on. Under primitive forms beneath the hydrographical basin of Ohio—the beds are inexhaustible, where shafts have never been reached. Through Pennsylvania, Virginia and Ohio, a continuous strata, varying from five to nine feet in depth, has been traced to the extent of 225 miles—100 miles wide.—The consumption for the present year will increase considerably. From Pittsburg alone, exports will average not less than 1,200,000 tons. Gas works and steam engines are now indispensable to an energetic race of utilitarians, so while adventurers are rocking their cradles, containing gold idols, let us keep pace with the march of intellect, rule the world pacifically, with rods of iron, and in the subterranean treasuries of old King Coal.

Baltic Theatre of the War. The Baltic promises to become soon the theatre of the most destructive naval warfare yet recorded. In regions of gigantic murder, means yet untried will be brought to bear, rapid and terrible in their execution, and destined to mark an era in naval contests. On the Baltic especially they will be a novelty.

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Disastrous Fire at Hollidaysburg, June 21. A destructive fire broke out in the grocery and liquor store of F. H. Douglas & Co., in Junata street, at half-past 11 o'clock last night. Before the flames could be checked ten buildings were destroyed. The following are the places destroyed: Rock's shoemaker shop, Douglas & Co.'s grocery, Martin's paint shop, the confectionary store of Mrs. Lewis, A. P. Baker's saddlery and harness shop, Gans and Keimport's clothing store, the barber shop of George Haas, Doctor Rodriguez's drug store, Black's confectionary and bake house, and the stable of Dr. Rodriguez. The whole corner of Montgomery and Junata streets is in ruins. The flames spread so rapidly that very few goods could be saved. The loss will not, probably, fall short of \$20,000, on which there is a partial insurance. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary.

It is said that the eldest daughter of Mr. Henry Ludlam, of New York, is about to be espoused by the Hon. Lewis Gass, Jr. our charge at Rome, where the fair fiancee is at present sojourning.

A College Student being examined in Locke, where he speaks of our relation to the Deity, was asked, "What relation do we most neglect?" He answered with much simplicity, "Poor relation, sir."

THE COLNS OF THE CALIFORNIA ASSAY OFFICE NOT LEGAL TENDER.—The coins made at the Assay office in California are not legal in payment of post office dues.

The Administration.

President Taylor has signified his Administration thus far, by efforts to REPEAL THE MISSOURI COMPROMISE and get up a WAR WITH SPAIN! The government is evidently in the hands of rash men—who cannot realize the responsibilities of a great Republic like this, but who sport and trifles with the greatest and gravest questions. The recent course of the President and his organ is the more remarkable, when we remember the following conservative language in the Inaugural Address:

"We have nothing in our history or position to invite aggression; we have everything to beckon us to the cultivation of relations of peace and amity with all nations. Purposes, therefore, at once just and pacific, will be significantly marked in the conduct of our foreign affairs. I intend that my administration shall leave no blot on our fair record, and trust I may safely give the assurance that no act within the legitimate scope of my constitutional control will be tolerated, on the part of any portion of our citizens, which cannot challenge the justest reprobation of the tribunal of the civilized world. An administration would be unworthy of confidence at home, or respect abroad, should it cease to be influenced by the conviction that no apparent advantage can be purchased at a price so dear as that of national wrong and dishonor. The great objects of our pursuit, as a people, are best to be attained by peace, and are entirely consistent with the tranquility and interests of the rest of mankind.—Penna. Ledger.

The Trade of Lake Erie.

The report to the Legislature of this State upon the Sumbury and Erie Railroad presents some facts in regard to the increase of tonnage in the State of Ohio, and Lake Erie. In 1840, the aggregate population of Ohio, Indiana, Michigan and Wisconsin was 1,456,295. In 1850 the population of the States named was 4,525,370, exhibiting another increase in ten years of about 1,700,000. The population of Ohio alone was only 51,006. The increase in fifty years is nearly four millions and a half. In each period of ten years the population has nearly doubled. To these States must be added the trade, travel and commerce of Lake Erie, that vast region of country which reaches from the Saint of St. Mary's to the western prairie States, and which is rich in mineral wealth and of great agricultural capacity, and presenting an extent of inland ship navigation, by means of internal improvements, nowhere else to be found. By means of the Welland Canal, now enlarged for vessels, Lake Ontario and the river St. Lawrence are added to Erie, Huron, Michigan and Superior. It is shown to be practicable that the Mississippi river may also be connected with Lake Michigan by a canal for vessels of deep draught. When that is accomplished, the trade, travel and commerce thereby thrown upon the lakes may itself exceed by many per cent. the present apparently extraordinary business of Erie.

The Plundering. If any body supposes that the plundering of the Public Works has ceased since the bill authorizing their sale has become a law, they suppose a very silly thing. Operations in this way go on as usual, or perhaps more briskly than before, in view of the threatened sale, which would cut short the business. The Tax-payers will understand they have no right to stop the plundering, and they are not to be stopped. Economy is a word that has no place in the vocabulary or practice of the dynasty now in power. Plunder—plunder—plunder—appears to be their never-ceasing thought and occupation.—Hollidaysburg Register.

An Explanation.—The New York Commercial explains by a singular hypothesis the vast and ready preparation of arms and munitions which has entered upon the war. These preparations were, to a great extent, made several years ago, when there were rumors of a disposition on the part of the French to "avenge Waterloo," and when even a French invasion was talked of, and the best modes of meeting it were discussed. The Commercial says that the French and English governments, both of which were aware of the designs of Russia upon Turkey, and both of which perfectly understood each other. The English Government could not go on with preparations for war, without a pretext; the French labored under such disadvantages, and could not get out any other reason than the will of the ruling power, and thus both, under pretence of arming against each other, were making ready for a united attack upon a common enemy.

Sympathy for Russia.—It is very satisfactory to perceive, that the extraordinary attempt of the Washington Intelligencer, and the London Standard, to excite sympathy in this country in favor of Russia, and in opposition to Turkey and her allies, England and France, has signally failed. Although these two papers, as political organs, stand among the highest in the United States, it is gratifying to know that they possess no influence to commit the great organs of the country to a course of inherent principles of the American people in favor of Right and Liberty. In this diabolical effort, these papers stand alone; and to the everlasting honor of the press of the country, be it known, that so far as we are cognizant, the proposition has either met with silent contempt, or has met with the most decided opposition. When partisan newspapers exhibit their independence of action in so emphatic a manner, they should not only exercise a powerful sentiment for good, but command the respect of all whose respect is worth having.—German-town Telegraph.

CLARION Co.—An assignee's sale was made in Clarion on Monday, 21st ult., of "Clarion Furnace," "Martha Furnace," and the "Reed Land," late the property of Judge Moyers, J.N. Hetherington, Esq., became the purchaser. "Clarion Furnace" and six thousand acres of land, sold for \$10,000; "Martha Furnace" and property attached, for \$8,610; the "Reed Tract" containing two hundred acres, for \$650. All for \$14,140. Martha Furnace is very valuable, being now in successful operation. Clarion Furnace is not now in blast, but offers rare inducements for those desiring to enter into the manufacture of iron.—A man named Daniel McDaniels, died on Monday, 1st inst., at Sligo Furnace, from excessive drinking.—The crops throughout Clarion county are very backward. A very short harvest is expected.

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Congressional Bullies and Blackguards.

The Senate of the United States is partially redeemed from the disgrace of WELLES and others, because it is overshadowed by yesterday's proceedings in the House of Representatives, by two members from Tennessee, Mr. W. M. CHURCHWELL and his colleague, Mr. W. A. CULLOM, had made a charge in the report published in the Globe of that morning, which he did not make in the debate of the previous day, and which was false. Amid much confusion and cries of "order, order!" Mr. CULLOM leaped over the desks which separated him from Mr. CHURCHWELL and reached towards him. He was immediately seized by the surrounding members, and while they were holding him he made the most violent efforts to get free, at the same time shaking his fist at Mr. CHURCHWELL, exclaiming—"You are a liar! a d-d liar! a d-d scoundrel!" Great confusion ensued, and the Sergeant at Arms went with his lance towards Mr. CHURCHWELL, but it was some time before order could be restored. During the height of the excitement Mr. CHURCHWELL had a pistol drawn and cocked. Is there not self-respect and dignity enough left in the House to expel both these Honorables by courtesy—CULLOM for his blackguard language, and CHURCHWELL for drawing a pistol, and being a bully? There is no village debating society in the land which would not kick a fellow out for using such language, and thus outraging all decency.—Phila. Sun.

Anti-Nebraska Meeting in Indiana.

CINCINNATI, June 15.—A large and enthusiastic anti-Nebraska meeting was held at Madison, Indiana, yesterday, composed chiefly of Democrats. Resolutions were passed, repudiating the Democratic platform manufactured at Indianapolis, recently, on the ground that it pledged the Democracy to the extension of slavery to the territories. It was also recommended to hold a Mass Convention at Indianapolis, on the 13th of July.

The Hon. John Pettit attempted to address the people of Lafayette, on Monday, on the Nebraska bill. He met with a stormy reception, and during his speech, he was groaned and hissed. A resolution was passed, and the series of resolutions offered, the confusion and excitement was so great that the question could not be decided. The people of his district exhibited unmistakable marks of their disapprobation of his course on the Nebraska bill.

Not Bad.—It is generally customary on the occasion of the adjournment of our State Legislature, for the members to have a good time; and they are apt to indulge in offering resolutions, and making motions truly funny, if not really witty.

On the adjournment of the late session several good things were said and done, not the least of which was this. An honorable member from our city offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That a Committee be appointed to inquire how many members of this honorable body are qualified to be members of the "Know Nothing" Association.

The gentleman who offered the resolution, and who was in the large majority of parties in the House, informs us that on inquiry it was found that about two-thirds of the members were found to be qualified.—N. O. Pickaywnee.

The Know Nothings.—The New York Herald of Thursday says: "The Know Nothings in Washington and Kingston, are only the forerunners of a revolution which will be liable to upset the best laid plans of politicians for the next year or two."

Official Directory of Clearfield County. PRESIDENT JUDGE: Hon. JAMES BERNISIDE - - - Bellefonte. ASSOCIATE JUDGES: Hon. RICHARD SHAW - - - Clearfield. Hon. JOHN P. HOYT - - - Lumber City. PROTHONOTARY &c: WILLIAM PORTER - - - Clearfield. SHERIFF: WILLIAM POWELL - - - Clearfield. DEPUTY SHERIFF: R. F. WARD - - - Clearfield. JAILOR: HENRY STONE - - - Clearfield. COMMISSIONERS: ROBERT MERRIFEE - - - Dover. SAMUEL SCHOFF - - - Jeffries. PHILIP HEVNER - - - Pennfield. COMMISSIONER'S CLERK: GEORGE B. GOODLANDER - - - Luthersburg. TREASURER: JOHN McNEESON - - - Clearfield. PROSECUTING ATTORNEY: L. JACKSON CRANS, Esq. - - - Clearfield. COUNTY SURVEYOR: THOS. ROSS, Esq. - - - Curwensville. COUNTY AUDITORS: GEO. W. SCHOFF - - - Jeffries. C. KRATZER - - - Clearfield. J. H. SEVLER - - - Luthersburg.

Arrival and Departure of the Mails at the Clearfield Post-Office. TYRONNE MAIL.—Leaves every day, Sunday excepted, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Arrives at 6 P. M. KATHOUSE.—Leaves Clearfield, Friday at 8 A. M. Arrives Saturday at 6 P. M. SMITH'S MILLS.—Leaves Clearfield, Friday at 6 A. M. GRAMMONT.—Leaves Saturday at 9 A. M. Arrives same day at 4 P. M.

Markets.

PHILADELPHIA. FRIDAY, June 23. Flour, per bbl. \$9.12 to \$9.50. Rye Flour, " " 5.50 to 5.75. Corn Meal, " " 3.75 to 4.00. Wheat, per bush 2.60 to 2.15. Rye, scarce at " 80. Corn, scarce " " 60. Oats, scarce " " 50.

CLEARFIELD. TUESDAY, June 27. Flour, per bbl. \$10.62. Wheat, per bush 1.25. Rye, " " 1.12. Corn, " " .62. Oats, " " .62.

LUMBER TRADE. Lumber is selling at Port Deposit, at from 10 to 14c. Slow sales. The most of small bill stuff. But little of any kind in the market.

EPISCOPAL VISITATION.—There will be a sermon preached in the Catholic Church of Clearfield on the 9th of July, 1854, by the Bishop of All persons are welcome.

W. A. WALLACE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Clearfield Pa., will attend faithfully to all business entrusted to his care. [May 26, '54]-ly.

J. H. LARIMER—Attorney and Counselor at Law. Law Office with John L. Cuttle, Esq., next door to Dr. H. Lorraine's Drug Store, Clearfield, Pa. [May 26, '54]-ly.

100 Bags of Coffee, just received and for sale at the New Store of A. M. HILLS. June 14, '54.

ATTENTION REGULARS.—You will meet for drill on Saturday the 1st of July, at 4 o'clock P. M., and for Parade on Tuesday the 4th day of July at 8 o'clock, A. M. You will appear in Summer uniform with twelve rounds of blank cartridges, and all your equipments in good order. By order of the Captain. D. F. ETZWILLER, O. S. June 27, 1854.

SABBATH CONVENTION.—Those in favor of the better observance of the Christian Sabbath are requested to meet in Convention in the Presbyterian Church at Curwensville, on Saturday, the first day of July next, at 11 o'clock. We earnestly hope that every worshiper in the County will be largely represented. Benjamin Spackman, John B. Hisey, Henry Anghinbaugh, W. A. Bloom, J. B. Caldwell, J. H. Fleming, G. R. Wolf, W. H. Thompson, D. S. Fleming, W. H. Robertson, W. A. Reed, T. H. Fleming, M. Woods, W. M. Keese, Rev. R. Hamilton, Rev. C. Diehl, Rev. S. M. Cooper. June 15, 1854.

DANIEL BENNER, Cabinet maker, Shop Clearfield, Pa., keeps constantly on hand at his Furniture Ware-rooms, and manufactures to order at City prices, all kinds of Cabinet ware, Dining and Parlor tables, Dressing cases, Cupboards, Bedsteads, Wash Stands, Spring bottomed Chairs, Sofas, Sevens, Bureaus, Marble Topped Exciters, &c. &c. Coffins made, and funerals attended on short notice. June 27, 1854.—ly.

BLACKSMITHING.—The subscribers would inform their friends and the public, that they have entered into co-partnership, and intend carrying on the business of Blacksmithing, in all its various branches, at the old stand of GEORGE ORR, on Third St. Clearfield. They hope, by strict attention to business, and being supplied with a good assortment of Iron, to be able to render satisfaction to all who may patronize them. Every effort will be made to have their work done according to the terms of a substantial manufacturer. Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for work—and cash never refused.

Their shop will be open from daylight on Monday morning until 4 o'clock P. M. on Saturday, of each week. GEORGE ORR, JOHN KLINGER. June 27, 1854.

SPLENDID NEW STORE.—R. SHAW & Son have just returned from the city with an entire new stock of Goods, which they offer for sale on the very lowest terms. The old stand lately occupied by A. M. Hills, West end of the Mansion House, Clearfield, Pa. Their stock of goods has been selected with great care, and a better or cheaper assortment was never brought into Clearfield county.

They defy all competition, and invite the public to call and examine their goods. Every article is entirely new, and as cheap as if not cheaper than can be purchased elsewhere. R. SHAW, A. H. SHAW. June 27, 1854.

BANK NOTICE.—We the subscribers intend to make application to the next Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for an Act of Assembly to incorporate a Banking Company, with Banking and discounting privileges, to be called the "Clearfield Bank" and located at the borough of Clearfield, with a capital of One hundred thousand dollars. A. K. WRIGHT, JAMES T. LEONARD, RICHARD SHAW, JAMES B. GRAHAM, JONATHAN DOWNTON, ELLIS INWITS, J. W. WEAVER, J. B. McNEALY. June 27, 1854.—6m.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.—I believe it a good maxim that people should purchase goods wherever they please. But they should not buy too hastily, before they ascertain where they can get the best quality and lowest prices. I would most respectfully invite all (Ladies in particular) to call at GLENAN'S Store and examine his splendid assortment of goods that cannot be excelled in this section of country for neatness, durability or style. They consist of Gentlemen's Boots of all descriptions and prices. Ladies and Gentlemen's gaiters of the latest style. Boys and Girls boots, shoes and gaiters. Children of all ages can be accommodated. R. GLENNAN. June 27, 1854.

JUST ARRIVED.—The splendid stock of Cloth, Cassimeres, Vestings, Trimmings, &c. recently purchased by the Subscriber, which he will sell or make up to order, in the most fashionable and durable manner, at his store, at the corner of the material and "Rite" warranted. No charge for showing his cheap and beautiful goods. He would inform the trade in Clearfield, that he is the authorized agent for Devere's London and Paris Fashions. THOS. SHEA. June 27, 1854.

NEW CLOTHING STORE.—MOYER ULMAN, would inform the public that he has opened a new and splendid assortment of Clothing, of the best quality and lowest prices, at his store, next door to the office of L. J. Crans, Esq. Clearfield, Pa. Every variety of Clothing, Hats, Caps, and fancy articles. He will sell cheaper than any other store in the county. He defies competition. Call and see his stock. Highest prices paid for Deer Skins. June 27, 1854.—3m.

SETTLE UP!! SETTLE UP!!—The Subscriber earnestly requests all persons who have unsettled accounts with him to come forward immediately and make settlement at his health will not permit him to continue the Blacksmithing business, and he is desirous of closing all his accounts. Legal proceedings will be instituted against all who neglect this notice. GEORGE W. ORR. June 27, 1854.

FOR SALE.—Three Lots of Ground, No. 24, 25, and 26, in the Mospoff plan, in the borough of Clearfield, all enclosed. For terms, apply to WM. M. REEDY. Curwensville, June 27, 1854.

T. J. McCULLOUGH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, G. B. BARRETT, Esq., may be found at the office of L. Moore, Deeds and other legal instruments executed with promptness and accuracy. June 27, 1854.—ly.

50,000 EIGHTEEN INCH SHINGLES of best quality, for sale at the Sign of the Red Flag. Price \$3.50 per thousand. June 27, 1854.

GEORGE W. COLLADAY, Conveyancer and Land Agent, No. 3, Goldsmith's Hall, Philadelphia, will faithfully attend to all business entrusted to his care. June 27, 1854.

M. A. FRANK, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, Clearfield, Pa., Office in "Shaw's Row." June 14, 1854.

JAMES CROWTHER—JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, Curwensville, Pa. Office opposite the "Good Intent Hotel." [June 15, 1854].

20 Barrels New Orleans Sugar, at Sixpence per pound, for sale at the Cheap Store of A. M. HILLS. June 14, '54.

THOMAS H. FULTON & CO.—Merchants, and extensive dealers and manufacturers in Lumber, Balldhills' Post Office. [May 26, '54]-ly.

H. BUCHER SWOOPÉ—Attorney at Law. Fortington, Pa. Office next door to, and over Ego, Wrigley's, Clearfield, Pa. [May 26, '54]-ly.

WE ALL TAKE HOBENSACK.—Hobensack's Compound Syrup and Liver Pills, for sale by MOSSOP & POTTARFF. June 13, '54.

100 CHEAP GOODS WM F IRWIN June 14, '54.

PURVIANCE'S Stock is now complete. From little cases, very neat. Up to those of large dimensions. Suitable for high pretensions. Come on, Ladies, come on, Gentles! Create an every man of sense! And get impressions of your faces. To show your friends your many graces. The dress is better to be dark. But brown or red is just the mark. For these the contrast plainly shows. Between the person and the Clothes. It's well enough the Sun should shine. Those little Smokers, 'rcept Ladies. Should never come 'midst clouds and shades. But when the monarch of the skies. His shining robes puts on, arise. And bring your little ones to me. And brighten pictures you shall see. Another theme the muse suggests, To put all gloomy doubts to rest. Such honest men as scruple less. Lost wicket craft from the deck. Should be invoked in place of art, And made to act a wily part. Are told with consciences clear of evil. We have no death in the devil. Gallery, 2nd St., 2nd door north of Powell & Co's Store. June 13, 1854.—4f.

Great Excitement.—Starting Announcement. THAT the largest, cheapest, and best assortment of Goods ever brought into Clearfield county, has just arrived, and are offered for sale, at the New Store of the subscribers, near the Journal Office, Clearfield, Pa. Never before has a more brilliant, and at the same time a cheaper lot of Goods been offered in this county. They have all been selected with a view to the wants and necessities of the people of this particular locality, after long experience, and intimate acquaintance with their business connections. Dry Goods of every variety. Dress Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, and Clothing; Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Bonnets and Shawls, together with a large and splendid assortment of Queensware, Hardware and Groceries. Defying all competition, they solicit their friends and the public to give them a call and examine their stock. MOSSOP & POTTARFF. June 12, 1854.—ly.

S. CHIRAP AS THE CHEAPEST, AND AS GOOD AS THE BEST, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.—Isaac Johnson would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has just returned from the East, where he has purchased the most splendid assortment of Boots & Shoes ever brought to Clearfield. Every variety of Ladies slippers, gaiters, pumps, &c. &c. Men's fancy shoes, and gaiters, with an excellent assortment of heavy stock, all adapted to the wants of the people of Clearfield. He has also returned with a large stock of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c. &c. He hopes his friends will give him a call at his store in "Shaw's Row" and examine his stock. June 13, 1854.

NEW FIRM.—GRAHAM & WATSON, have just opened a new and splendid assortment of goods, at their Store in Grahamton, consisting of Ladies Dress Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, Hardware, Queensware and Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, and every other article usually kept in a country Store, where they offer for sale as cheap, if not cheaper than any other Store in the County. All kinds of produce and lumber taken in exchange for Goods. All of Dr. Jayne's family medicines for sale. C. M. GRAHAM, JAS. E. WATSON. Grahamton, June 14, '54.

NEW FIRM.—TROUTMAN & ROWE, House, Sign and Ornamental Painters, Glaziers, Chair makers, and Paper Hangings offer their services to the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity. Shop next door to the Jew's Store. They keep constantly on hand, and make to order every variety of Chairs, Lounges, Sofas, &c. &c. Chairs, and Sofas made equal in beauty to any that can be obtained from the City, and more durable in workmanship and material. JOHN TROUTMAN. June 14, '54.—ly. ROBERT ROWE.

THE GOOD INTENT HOTEL, and Stage Office, Curwensville, Pa. The Subscriber would inform his friends and the public that he has just repaired and re-furnished his house and is prepared to render every attention to the travelling community. His bar contains liquors of the first quality, and his table will always be supplied with the best in market. He respectfully solicits his friends and others to give him a call. WM. R. FLEMING. June 14, '54.

A. M. HILLS, D. D. S. Office adjoining his Store, Clearfield, Pa. Artificer in the most approved modern style. Filling, Filing, and Cleaning done with care and neatness. Teeth extracted with all the care and dispatch modern science can furnish. DR. HILLS can always be found at his office, as he is now devoting his whole attention to his profession. June 14, '54.

LEBO'S COMMERCIAL HOTEL, No. 18, South Sixth St. Philadelphia. The subscriber has recently enlarged and fitted up his house, and is now enabled to accommodate comfortably, with an establishment in the City. His rooms are comfortable and well ventilated, and his table furnished with the best in the market. He respectfully solicits the large circle of Clearfield friends to give him a call when they visit the city. JACOB G. LEBO. June 13, 1854.—ly.

JOHN R. MORROW, Cabinet Maker, Shop opposite M. H. Church, Clearfield, Pa. Keeps constantly on hand and makes to order, all kinds of Furniture, such as Tea Tables, Card Tables, &c. &c. Bureau, Wash Stands, Spring Seated Chairs, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Wash Stands, Cupboards, Safes, &c. &c. Coffins made on the shortest notice, and funerals attended. JOHN R. MORROW. June 13, 1854.—ly.

JAMES BIDDLE GORDON—Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa., will attend to all business entrusted to his care. [June 13, '54]-ly.

J. E. DUNDY—Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa. G. B. BARRETT, Esq., will attend to all professional business entrusted to his care. [June 13, '54]-ly.

J. B. McNEALY—Attorney at Law. Office nearly opposite Judge Wright's Store, Clearfield, Pa.—practices in Clearfield and adjoining counties. [June 13, '54]-ly.