

THE JOURNAL.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

Letters of administration have been granted to JOHN CARLIE, Esq., on the estate of Hiram E. Carlie, late of Brady township deceased.

Those persons desirous of purchasing a valuable property in the vicinity of this place, will find an excellent opportunity by referring to the advertisement of JOSEPH LANSCH in another column.

Our merchants and others visiting the city will do well to call at BAILY & BROTHERS, 252 Chestnut St. and examine their splendid assortment of carpeting, floor oil cloths, matings, &c. &c.

Our friend ROBERT WELCH has just received a new and splendid assortment of jewelry. We hope our friends will give Robert a call.

The attention of Lumbermen and others is invited to the sale of a lot of splendid timber lands on Clearfield Creek. Apply to EDW. SHOEMAKER, Ebensburg, Cambria Co., Pa.

Although a good deal of business was done during Court week, the new, splendid and cheap assortment of goods just received by W. F. IRWIN, was by no means exhausted. He offers for sale, emphatically, the best and cheapest goods in the county. Call and see.

An extensive purchase was lately effected by GEO. D. MORGAN & CO., of all the lands in Centre and Clearfield counties belonging to HARMAN PHILLIPS. They are now offered for sale on easy terms, in lots, or otherwise to suit purchasers. See advertisement.

It will be seen that our young friend JOE SHOWERS has disposed of his interest in the firm of PATTON & SHOWERS, to E. A. HIPPLE. The business will be hereafter conducted under the style and firm of PATTON & HIPPLE.

A large assortment of all kinds of lumber, plastering lath, &c., may always be found at the "Pioneer Mills," of Capt. Henry Groe, on the Moshannon. Those who desire bills saved, will find the Capt. a prompt business man, and true to his promises.

It is said that money is exceedingly tight, but nevertheless M. A. FRANK, has just purchased a large, new, and splendid assortment of Gentlemen's dress goods and ready-made clothing. As Frank is a pretty clever fellow, he deserves to be patronized. Store two doors East of Journal office.

The shoemaking business is prospering, and C. S. BLACK advertises for six journeymen. Who wants a good berth?

Get your life insured, and thus insure to your family a sufficient competence in the event of your death. The Susquehanna Company at Harrisburg, offers every inducement. Dr. R. V. WILSON of this place is the examining physician, and Dr. A. T. SCHARTZ, is the agent for Clearfield county.

A horse, buggy, and harness, can be bought cheap of W. M. RASER, at Curwensville.

Our lady readers who desire to send to Philadelphia for Millinery, &c. &c., will find the establishment of JANE MILLER at No. 8 South Sixth St., upper side, where all orders will be punctually attended to.

It will be seen in another column, that BLAIN & BARRETT have opened the MOUNT VERNON for the reception of visitors. We wish them abundant success, and have no doubt our Clearfield friends visiting the City, will call where they will always meet a warm and welcome reception.

"Secure the shadow, 'ore the substance fades," and call at PURVIANCE'S Daguerreotype Gallery on 2nd st., two doors north of Powell & Co's. Store.

It is always a good plan for men in business to settle up their accounts regularly. JAMES B. GRAHAM, adopting this course, calls peremptorily upon those having dealings with him to come forward and settle up.

Those of our farmers who have orchards, should procure one of Hickok's portable cider mills, which are represented as one of the very best articles of the kind ever invented. L. R. CARTER, is the agent in this place.

The "Corporal" in his perigrinations a few days since, while searching for the "Know Nothings," observed a crowd pouring into the room next door to the Journal office. Of course he followed, but discovered the cause of attraction to be a splendid and cheap assortment of boots and shoes, recently opened there by C. S. BLACK. From the excellent quality of his work, the "Corporal" came to the conclusion that CHARLEY did not belong to the Order.

It will be seen that D. W. ROBBINS & CO., at Lumber City, have dissolved partnership. The Books and accounts are in the hands of D. W. ROBBINS for settlement.

M. A. FRANK Esq., informs his friends and the public, that he has removed his business stand two doors east of the Journal office, in Graham's Row, where he will be happy to attend to those who may give him a call.

We call the attention of painters, and others to the fact, that a large and excellent supply of White Lead and Linseed Oil, has just been received at MOSSOR & POTTS'.

We request the attention of our readers to the card of HUGHES & IRVIN in another column, the proprietors of the Tyrone City Hotel. Give them a call, when you visit Tyrone, if you wish to be well treated, and get acquainted with a couple of clever fellows.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING AT MOUNT JOY.

Mr. Editor:—In consequence of a tremendous excitement in our "burg," on Saturday evening, I was naturally led to inquire the cause, and being told that there was to be a grand demonstration of the democracy at Mountjoy School-house, I began to think of being present. After much parlying with the better feelings of my nature, I came to the conclusion that in the event of my going, I might learn something new; so accordingly I joined in with a "cattle" of the wildest crowd that could be scared up, the actions of some strongly indicating that they had a little of the critter on hand. On entering the house, I found about thirty or thirty-five individuals present, and the Hon. G. R. Barret engaged in reading a portion of Bigler's late address. After he had read that part of it relating to the school system, he invited Mr. R. Wallace to take the document and read the balance, which was dedicated to the Know Nothing, and which, by the way, gave general satisfaction to a few old Locos present. Barret was then loudly called for to address the meeting. He arose and stated that as this was an age of both "Old and Young America," he would move that Young America take the lead, and if there were any points that the advance thought impregnable or were afraid to attack, he would bring the main force to bear against them, so that nothing should be left standing that would in any way conflict with their interests involved in the present conflict, and therefore moved that R. Wallace be called upon to address the meeting.

The speaker appeared upon the stand and commenced by acknowledging his utter inability to say anything in support of his party. He adverted briefly to the Kansas and Nebraska bill, but unfortunately this question was of too great magnitude for his comprehensive genius, he, therefore, cut the subject short by stating that one of the orators of the Whig meeting the preceding week, had asserted that popular sovereignty was a grand "humbug." The Orator took his seat and Barret was again loudly called for; he responded by saying that there were some specimens of Young America who would address them, he therefore moved that Mr. Sackett take the floor. That individual, however, thought it prudent to decline, well knowing that the team to which he was hitched was not very strong at backing up hill. To make good his deficiency he observed that there were other persons present who would undertake to put "em" through safe, so he moved that Dr. Wm. A. Rote take hold of the rope. The Corporal was very much elated that he had the privilege of standing before such an audience, as the advocate of the principles of the Locofoco dynasty.

He immediately brought his gun to a dead level, and fired a terrible broadside into the Natives and Know Nothings. In his zeal to expose the mysterious foe, he forgot, eventually, to give the followers of Bradford their portion, but the Know Nothings got jesse.

He represented them as the allies of the Whigs, and instead of coming out openly and above board to battle against the great Locofoco party, they might be seen sneaking and jinking round in the alleys and by-paths, pigpens and chicken-coops, in cellars and in garrets, laying their plans to defeat their opponents and ride into office, or subvert the institutions of our country. After divesting himself of this exposition, he brings another charge to pile on to the Whigs.

He somehow or other conceived the idea that the whigs had got on to the abolition platform, and between the Know Nothings and abolitionists, their song is down with the "Catholics," and up with the "niggers," anything and everything so they get into office.

At this critical juncture, the Dr. thought it prudent to withdraw, and as he was doing so, I began to look round to see what havoc the big gun had made, but not perceiving the effect of the discharge, I naturally came to the conclusion that the load had got into his breeches. The Judge then appeared, to patch up old sores, he said that he was glad that Young America had made such a complete "bust up," and he would follow in their wake as "Young America," and it took but a short time to demonstrate the truth of his assertion.

After giving the Know Nothings a broadside, and expressing his desire that the next election would kill them so dead that the resurrection would never reach them, which constituted the base and substance of the harranguing, he concluded by telling an anecdote of the jackasses in the Democratic party, and of Benjamin Rush Bradford's "Ball."

About this time the meeting "busted" up and I began to leave, perfectly satisfied that it was a perfect failure. OBSERVER.

Electioneering Documents.

The "Platform," a Democratic campaign sheet, published in the office of the State Printer, for gratuitous circulation, is sent out by thousands into every part of the State, under frank of the office holders on the hill, at an immense expense to the tax-payers of the Commonwealth. For misrepresentation and scurrility, the "Platform" is about equal to the "Democratic Union," or the "Iron Gray," published here in former years. This Seminal electioneering document is printed under the direct supervision of the Administration, and is circulated broadcast over the State, with a view of poisoning the minds of the people, and misrepresenting and falsifying the position of the Whig candidates. The circulation of this infamous sheet will cost thousands of dollars, and the people of the State will have to "foot the bills." The Heads of Departments and their Clerks are all busy in sending out the "Platforms," instead of attending to the legitimate duties of their offices.—Telegraph.

FATAL ELECTION RIOT.—At an election in the 13th Ward of Cincinnati, lately, one hundred and fifty more votes being cast than there were voters in the Ward, the offence was charged upon the Irish residents, and a riot ensued in which a policeman named Heghington was struck on the head with a club by Jerry Cronan, an Irishman, so that he died the next morning. Cronan was arrested and committed to jail.

Department of Common Schools.

HARRISBURG, September 6, 1854. To County Superintendents: As much misapprehension very strangely prevails in regard to the construction of the thirty-sixth section of the School Law, your attention is respectfully called to its provisions and the necessity for making prompt explanation.

The section in question provides, that as soon as the Schools of any district have been kept open and in operation at least four months subsequent to the first Monday in June preceding, the President of the Board of Directors (or Controllers) shall certify the same, under oath or affirmation, &c., and that upon the receipt of such certificate, together with the report required by the twenty-third section of the act of 8th May last, the Superintendent of Common Schools shall draw a warrant for the share of the State Appropriation to which such district is entitled. Many Directors, and others, have most strangely construed the provision quoted above, to mean that the certificate of the President should set forth, that the Schools were kept open and in operation four months during the School year which expired on the first Monday in June, 1854. This construction is erroneous. The provision is clear, that the certificate must set forth that the Schools have been kept open, &c., four months subsequent to the first Monday in June preceding the time at which the affidavit is made. It is difficult to conceive how there can be no doubt as to which June is referred to. The last June, is of course meant. In the present instance, the certificates and affidavits must set forth that the schools have been kept open and in operation four months between the first Monday in June, 1854, and the first Monday in June, 1855.

A difficulty is in some instances raised as to what is meant by "the Schools"—that is, whether the affidavit can be properly made, unless a School has been opened and kept in operation four months in every part of the district where one may be deemed advisable. The law will be fulfilled, and hence the affidavit may be properly made, whenever every pupil of the district has had a reasonable opportunity of obtaining four months schooling.

Under the law of 1849, the districts were entitled to a warrant for their pro rata share of the State Appropriation, whenever they made report of their operations under the law the previous year, and certified that they had levied tax sufficient to put and keep their schools in operation three months for the year to which the appropriation applied. Under this provision, gross frauds were committed by making false reports, when no Schools had been in operation—issuing duplicates and never collecting them, or any part of them—not keeping the Schools in operation as the law required—employing incompetent and ignorant teachers, and not carrying proper branches to be taught, &c., and in some instances expending the State appropriation for making roads and other illegitimate purposes. Hence the provision in the present law, that the Schools must be kept open four months in the manner required by the several provisions of the act of 8th May, 1854, before the appropriation will be paid. When the reasons for their adoption are understood, the provision will no doubt be approved by every honest man, and particularly by the friends of Education by Common Schools.

As extensive misapprehension prevails on this subject, it is suggested that it would be well for you to make a full explanation of it through your county papers.

Very Respectfully, Yours, &c., H. L. DIEFFENBACH, Dep. Supt. of Common Schools.

Missouri on Kansas. We have the St. Joseph (Missouri) Gazette of the 6th inst. It is a Democratic paper published on the western line of Missouri and of course its views are in favor of the "Whigs." We find in it the following:

"Emigrants are pouring into Kansas. Many of them, we learn, from the States. Missourians are wide awake; scores of them have gone and are still going into the territory. Hundreds, we learn, are going in from Arkansas and Tennessee. Most of those who are settling in Kansas from the western States, such as Indiana and Illinois, are in favor of making Kansas a slave State. Kentucky too is turning out her due proportion of emigrants for Kansas, all of whom are in favor of making it a slave State. We think there is but little doubt that Kansas will be a slave State, while we believe Nebraska will be free.

PENNSYLVANIA.—A private letter just received from Pittsburgh, dated the 14th, contains the following, which confirms our previous advices from all parts of the State: "Loco-Focoism is most decidedly defeated in this part of Pennsylvania. In the Convention which met here a short time since for the purpose of nominating a County ticket, 'thirty-five' of the delegates, in all about one hundred, are openly opposed to the reelection of Bigler. In one of the wards of the city two avowedly Anti-Bigler Delegates were elected by a vote of eighty-one to eighteen for the Bigler Delegates. 'You may set down this county as good for a majority for Pollock of 5,000 and upward.'—N. Y. Tribune.

Gen. Cass, in a speech before the late State Convention of Michigan, thanked God that he lived in a free State! He ought to have thanked God, also, that the men of 1787 had more conscience and less political piliancy than he has. They could not be misled by such flimsy plans as are used to justify the Nebraska bill, but prohibited Slavery in Michigan by an act of Federal power which he refuses to imitate or sanction, and so secured for him the freedom which he affects to be so thankful for.

ANTI KNOW-NOTHING.—A mass meeting was held in Washington, D. C., on Tuesday evening, in opposition to the Know-Nothing. When the vote was taken on the resolutions, the negative seemed to preponderate largely. Col. T. B. Florence, of Philadelphia, was introduced to the meeting, and endeavored to get a hearing, but was hoisted down.

AMERICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR, BENJAMIN RUSH BRADFORD, Of Beaver County.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE, THOMAS H. BAIRD, Of Washington County.

CANAL COMMISSIONER, BLOOMFIELD M. SPICER, Of Bucks County.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR ASSEMBLY, ALEXANDER CALDWELL, Of Pike township.

FOR COMMISSIONER, JOHN SHIREY, Of Bradford township.

FOR AUDITOR, DANIEL LIVINGSTON, Of Curwensville.

READING THEM OUT.—The Galena Jeffersonian calls for a general Convention of the Democrats of Illinois, for the purpose of reading Senator Douglas and his adherents out of the party.

At the municipal election in Sharpsburg, Maryland, on Tuesday last, the Know Nothings elected their entire ticket by a handsome majority.

Arrival and Departure of the Mails at the Clearfield Post-Office.

TYRONE MAIL.—Leaves every day, Sunday excepted, at 7 o'clock, A. M. Arrives at 6 P. M. KANTON.—Leaves Clearfield, Friday at 8 A. M. Arrives, Saturday at 6 P. M. SMITH'S MILLS.—Leaves Clearfield, Friday at 6 A. M. GRESHAMTON.—Leaves Saturday at 9 A. M. Arrives same day at 4 P. M.

Markets.

Table with columns for Philadelphia and Clearfield markets, listing prices for various commodities like Flour, Rye, and Corn.

LUMBER TRADE.

Table listing lumber prices for various types of wood and products like Select Com. and Panel, Do., Cuttings, Samples, Hemlock Boards, and Hemlock Joist and Scautling.

Marriages.

On the 14th ult., by the Rev. Jas. Hamilton, Mr. E. J. Dale to Miss Nancy Smith, both of Pike Township, Clearfield county.

On the 12th ult., by the Rev. S. M. Cooper, Mr. Alexander Adams, of Boggs Twp., and Miss Margaret E. Sizem, of Philadelphia.

On the 23rd ult., by the same, Mr. James A. Haggerty to Miss Sarah Haggerty, all of this county.

CONGRESS.—Under favorable inducements and encouragements, I have consented to be a candidate for Congress. I want it to be distinctly understood that I will not be elected, ever again to the extension of slavery in any way whatever; I shall do the best that I can to establish the Government on its original basis. R. ARTHURS, September 13, 1854.

DEDICATION.—The new M. E. Church at Lumberville, by Divine permission, will be dedicated to the worship of God, on Sabbath, the 8th day of October. The Rev. Geo. Gubert, and others are expected to officiate. JOHN POISAL, P. E. October 1, 1854.

WAR IN AMERICA.—Not against foreign nations, but against high prices and high prices. R. R. WELCH, has just returned from the city with a splendid stock of 6000 and Silver Watches, open and hunting-cased, gold chains, keys, seals, and a variety of other articles usually kept by Jewelers.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS who are indebted to Letters of Administration of HIRAM E. CARLIE, DEC'D, late of Brady Township, dec'd, have been granted to the subscriber, in due form of law. All persons indebted, are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present same, properly authenticated, for settlement. JOHN CARLIE, Administrator. October 4, 1854-55.

VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale on reasonable and easy terms, his farm in Lawrence township, containing one hundred acres, and allowance. The buildings are, a good log house, frame barn, and other out-houses. Here is also, on the place a promising young orchard of choice fruit trees, in fine bearing order. Also, a never failing spring of water. About sixty acres cleared. Two miles from Clearfield. Here is also, on the premises, F. E. BUTLER, Clearfield, or the subscriber on the premises. JOSEPH LANICH, October 4, 1854-5m.

BAILY & BROTHER.

No. 252 Chestnut Street. PHILADELPHIA. Have now open a large assortment of the Newest Styles and colors of Rich English Velvets, Tapestry, Ingrain, and Carpeting. OF THEIR OWN IMPORTATION, JUST LANDED.

Also a full assortment of Super and Medium quality AMERICAN CARPETINGS. Many of which being their own manufacture, can be recommended as the best in the market. Good Carpetings for a Low Price. FLOOR OIL CLOTHS & CANTON MATTINGS, of every width and quality.

BAILY & BROTHER, Importers and Sole Dealers, for sale cheap, by No. 232 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia. Oct. 4, 1854-5m.

DEDICATION.—The Methodist Episcopal Church at Tyrone, will be dedicated to the worship of God, on the 22d or 23d next. The Rev. J. POISAL, and other prominent ministers will be present. September 27, 1854.

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between H. D. Patton and J. S. Showers, was this day dissolved, by mutual consent. said Showers having disposed of his interest to E. A. Hipple. H. D. PATTON, J. S. SHOWERS, Curwensville, Sept. 1st, 1854.

The business will hereafter be conducted by Patton & Hipple, who will pay all debts contracted by the former firm. This arrangement will require no new settlements. The firm will continue on with the old books. H. D. PATTON, E. A. HIPPLE, September 1st, 1854-5m.

FIRST ARRIVAL.—FALL AND WINTER GOODS, AT THE CHEAP CASH STORE. Just received, a large and splendid assortment of goods of almost every description, suitable for the season, and selling off at very low prices. Ladies, Gentlemen, and every person wishing to buy goods at the very lowest prices, are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. Produce of all kinds received in exchange for goods. WM. F. IRWIN, Clearfield, Sept. 27, 1854.

TO SHOEMAKERS.—A fine lot of Spanish Kips Men and Women's Morocco pink trimmings, and Sole Leather, for sale cheap, by June 13, '54. MOSSOR & POTTS.

WASHINGTON L. BLADIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, No. 67, South State st., Philadelphia. August 9, 1854.

ATTENTION LUMBERMEN.—THE MAINE COMP. LANDS ARE NOW FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale the following Tracts of Land, situated on, and near the Clearfield Creek, in Clearfield county, Pa. to wit:—A tract, warranted to "Lake Morris," containing 475 acres and 45 ps. A tract, warranted to Joseph Holland, containing 435 acres, 165 ps. A tract, warranted to Robert Gray, containing 435 acres, 155 ps. A tract, warranted to John Brinkhous, containing 420 acres, 135 ps. A tract, warranted to "Small Ward," containing 435 acres, 153 ps. A tract, warranted to "Geo. Eddy," containing 455 acres, 155 ps. A tract, warranted to Mount Wharton, containing 435 acres, 153 ps. A part of a tract, warranted to Geo. Ashton, containing 215 acres.

These Lands are too well known to the lumbermen of Clearfield County, to render a description of them necessary—it may be safely said, that this decidedly the best body of pine lands in Clearfield County. For terms, &c., apply to EDW. SHOEMAKER, Ebensburg, Cambria Co. September 26, 1854.

TIMBER LAND FOR SALE.—The subscribers having purchased a large tract of land, belonging to Hiram E. Phillips, situated in Clearfield, Cambria and Centre counties, comprising some of the best timber lands in those counties, offer them for sale in lots to suit purchasers, at reasonable prices and terms of payment. All other information respecting them, will be furnished by Wm. Bagshaw or David Hough, at Phillipsburg or Josiah W. Smith, Clearfield. GEO. D. MORGAN & CO. September 27, 1854-5m.

BOROUGH ORDINANCE.—BE IT ENACTED, ETC. That it shall not be lawful for any swine, hogs, shoats, or pigs to go at large in the Borough of Clearfield, and if any such swine, hogs, shoats or pigs, shall be found running at large, such swine, hogs, shoats or pigs, shall be forfeit to the said Borough, to be sold by the Constable of the said Borough at public sale, and the proceeds arising from the sale of them, after deducting expenses of sale, shall be paid to the Treasurer of said Borough to be appropriated for Borough purposes.

On failure of said Constable to take up said swine, hogs, shoats or pigs, found running at large, any citizen of said Borough is authorized to take the same up, and make public sale of same as aforesaid. The said Constable or other person making sale on the shortest notice. These mills shall be allowed on each sale made, the sum of one dollar,—with expenses of keeping the same,—and fifty cents for taking up each hog, shoat, or pig, and be it also provided, that the Chief Burgess may, at any time before the sale of said swine, hogs, shoats and pigs, remit the forfeiture of the same on application of the owner, if on hearing the claimant, he thinks the case requires such a remission. This ordinance to go into operation on the 12th of Sept. 1854, and the former ordinance on the same subject is repealed. C. POTTS, Burgess. Attest, WM. PORTER, Sec'y. September 6, 1854.

LIFE INSURANCE.—SAVE YOUR LIVES, AND YOUR MONEY, by having your life insured in the Pennsylvania Mutual Insurance Company of Harrisburg, Pa. CAPITAL \$100,000. CHARTERED March 24d, 1834. Any person can have their life insured, or that of a friend, from one to ninety years. Per year of 21 years of age, pay \$1-50 per \$100. yearly for 30 years, \$9.00 for \$1000.00, yearly for life. The whole premium for life in ordinance is \$250, at the age of 25 years, premium ditto, on \$100, is \$25.85. Dr. R. V. WILSON, of Clearfield, Medical Examiner. Any information may be obtained from Dr. A. T. SCHRYVER, Agent. September 6, 1854.

PIONEER MILLS, MORRIS TOWNSHIP, CLEARFIELD COUNTY.—The subscriber keeps constantly on hand, at his mills, lumber of all description, sorts, and sizes. Mastering lath and bills sawed on the shortest notice. These mills can run at any time during the season, having a never failing supply of water. All kinds of produce taken in exchange for lumber, and the cash never refused. HENRY GROE, Kyrletown, P. O. September 20, 1854-5m.

WANTED.—Six Teachers, competent to instruct an English school, to be employed for four months, by applying to JOHN THOMPSON, President, or D. J. CATHCART, Secy. of the Jordan District School Directors. A list of names will be given by order of the Board. D. J. CATHCART, Sec'y. September 20, 1854-5m.

STRAYS.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Lawrence township, about the 4th or 5th of August, two heifers about one year old. The owner is requested to come and prove his property and take them away, otherwise they will be disposed of as the law directs. JAMES FOREST, September 20, 1854-5m.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing, or in any way meddling with a two horse wagon and a pair of bob sled now in the possession of P. H. Booz, as the said property belongs to me and is in his possession as loan only. JOHN BRUBAKER, September 20, 1854.

NEW ARRIVAL.—M. A. FRANK, has just returned from the East with a large assortment of Cloths, Cassimers, Neck Ties, Trimmings, Ready made Clothing, &c., which he will sell cheap for cash, at his store, two doors east of the Journal office. Fashionable tailoring still done to order, with neatness and dispatch. He invites the public to give him a call and examine his stock. Sept. 13, 1854.

MOUNT VERNON HOUSE.—No. 95 North Second St., Philadelphia. The undersigned has leased the above named House, and has been renovated and re-modelled throughout, and has just opened it for the reception of visitors. The furniture is all new, and has been selected with care from Henkle's well known establishment in Chestnut Street, and is of the latest and most fashionable style. The location for Merchants and others coming to the city is convenient, being in the centre of business. Their friends in Clearfield are respectfully solicited to give them a call. D. BLAIR, I. L. BARRETT, Proprietors. Aug. 20, 1854.

REMOVAL.—MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.—JANE MILLER, respectfully informs her Friends and the Public in general, that she has removed from her old stand, having located herself at No. 8 South Sixth Street, upper side, Philadelphia, where she will be happy at all times, to supply her customers and friends, with all kinds of MILLINERY, &c. &c., and hopes by strict attention to business, to give increased satisfaction to a liberal share of custom. Her friends and the public is invited to call, before purchasing elsewhere. Very Respectfully, JANE MILLER. No. 8, 1854-5m.

TYRONE CITY HOTEL.—HUGHES & IRVIN, would respectfully inform the public that they have very greatly improved their House, and are now able to afford the travelling public, the most comfortable accommodations. Their bar is furnished with the very best liquors, and the luxuries of the Philadelphia market are to be found on their table. They respectfully invite their numerous friends in Clearfield to give them a call. August 9, 1854.

PURVIANCE'S DAGUERRETYPE GALLERY, SECOND ST. 2 doors north of Powell & Co's Store, Clearfield, Pa. August 23, 1854.

BEIDLEMAN & HAYWARD.—Wholesale Grocers, Tea Dealers, and Commission Merchants, No. 275, Market Street, Philadelphia. D. BEIDLEMAN, A. HAYWARD. June 15, 1854-5m.

YOUNG AMERICAN'S LIBRARY.

A useful and attractive series of Books for young people; embracing events connected with the early history of the country, and lives of distinguished men, written with much care and in an entertaining and instructive manner, with illustrations of important events, and beautifully illuminated pages. Containing the life of DANIEL WEBSTER, the Great American Statesman; with numerous anecdotes illustrative of his character, and the following illustrations: Young Daniel in the Senate, Webster fishing at Fryburg, Webster declaiming the Declaration, Webster expounding the Constitution, The Banker Hill celebration, Webster at Faneuil Hall, Marshall the residence of Webster, Webster on his farm. The life of Henry Clay, the Mill Boy of the States—nine illustrations. The life of Benjamin Franklin, nine illustrations. The life of General Washington, nine illustrations.

The life of Marion, nine illustrations. The life of Lafayette, nine illustrations. The life of Wm. Penn, nine illustrations. The life of General Taylor, nine illustrations. The life of Andrew Jackson, nine illustrations. The life of Napoleon Bonaparte, nine illustrations. The Bell of Independence; or Philadelphia in 1776, nine illustrations. The Yankee Tea party and other stories of the Revolution, nine illustrations. Containing in all over a hundred illustrations.

Each volume is well written, possessing a high moral tone, and can safely be placed in the hands of young people; they contain numerous anecdotes illustrative of the early history of our country, and are well adapted for family or school libraries. Price per set, handsomely bound in cloth, gilt backs and neatly put up in boxes, \$6.75. Price per volume, neatly bound, cloth gilt 50 cts. Colporteurs, Agents or School Libraries will be supplied at a liberal discount. Copies will be sent by mail, postage free, upon the receipt of the price of the set, or of any volume. Wm. B. ANSLY, Publisher, 25 South 6th st., Philadelphia, Aug. 25.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.—HICKOK'S PATENT IMPROVED CIDER MILL, AS ARRANGED FOR 1854.—WARRANTED, IF DIRECTIONS ARE FOLLOWED, AND NOT OTHERWISE.—A Medal was awarded the Inventor from the World's Fair, New York. It took the First Premium at the Pennsylvania State Fair at Pittsburgh, 1854, and also of a large number of County Fairs. Read the following certificate: JACKSON, June 15, 1854.

W. O. HICKOK.—I have one of your Improved Cider Mills; I used the Mill last October, and on trial I ground fifty bushels of apples per hour. I keep the ground apples twelve hours, and I can press out two barrels of cider per hour with two men. I can recommend your Improved Cider Mill to all fruit growers, for speed and a saving of labor. I can make one barrel of cider from nine and a half bushels of common apples. The cider can be pressed from the pomace without using water now. Cider will keep one year when water is not used at the press. JOHN M'CONNIE, Farmers examine this newly Improved Mill before you buy any other!

From personal indications it will be difficult to supply in demand, and persons wanting them had better send in their orders soon. The price of the Miller is \$10. Upon application by mail, post paid, to the undersigned, at Tyrone, a pamphlet containing full particulars, will be sent. The Mills will be kept for sale at L. R. CARTER'S, Clearfield, Pa. Address your orders to A. H. BOWMAN, Tyrone, Pa., sole Agent for Clearfield co. August 23, 1854-5m.

IMPORTANT REDUCTION IN POSTAGE.—We congratulate our subscribers and the reading public generally, on the cheapness with which they can now receive their favorite mail. The postage on this paper, though gradually reduced since 1844—has always operated as a discouragement to their circulation in places inaccessible by express or other modes of regular private conveyance. Hence, as yet they have obtained but a comparative meagre circulation. We hope now that this postage is merely nominal, a new impetus will be given to these valuable works, and that no Post Office within the United States will remain unvisited by at least one copy of the four Reviews and Blackwoods Magazine. The Postage on Blackwood and the four Reviews is now but 72 cents a year, and the subscription price is but \$3. and when taken with any of the four Reviews but \$2. a year!

Present subscription prices to the London Edinburgh Westminster, and North British Quarterly Reviews, and Blackwoods Magazine. For any of the four Reviews, \$3.00. For any two of the four Reviews, 5.00. For any three of the four Reviews, 7.00. For all four of the Reviews, 9.00. For Blackwood Magazine, 3.00. For Blackwood and three Reviews, 9.00. For Blackwood and four Reviews, 10.00. Payments to be made to all cases in advance. Remittances and communications should be always addressed, post paid to the Publishers, LEONARD SCOTT & CO., 79 Falcon Street, Entrance on Gold Street, New York. Aug. 23.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.—The subscriber would respectfully inform the public, that he has just opened an entire new stock of boots and shoes, in Graham's Row, one door east of the Journal office, Clearfield, Pa. Every variety of Ladies and Gentlemen's gaiters, leech boots, pumps, congress boots, childrens shoes, &c., &c., cheap for cash. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Boots and shoes made to order. C. S. BLACK, Aug. 18, 1854.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between D. W. ROBBINS, THOMAS MCCRACKEN, and ELLI MENDESHALL, under the firm of D. W. ROBBINS & CO., at Lumber City, Clearfield co., Pa., has been dissolved by mutual consent. The books and accounts of the firm are left in the hands of D. W. Robbins for settlement, where those indebted will please call immediately. D. W. ROBBINS, THOMAS MCCRACKEN, ELLI MENDESHALL, Lumber City, 15, 185