

Raftsmen's Journal.



S. J. BOW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA., APRIL 27, 1870.

Times change, and men with them. Among the orators at the colored men's celebration of the Fifteenth Amendment at Ann Arbor, Michigan, was ex-Governor Alpheus Felch, one of the oldest, ablest, and best Democrats Michigan has ever known.

Robert G. Harper, Esq., one of the editors of the Gettysburg Star and Sentinel, died at his residence on April 15th, in the 72d year of his age. Mr. H. was one of the oldest editors in the State—having edited the Sentinel for a period of 53 years.

In reference to the charges brought against O. O. Howard, of the Freedmen's Bureau, by Hon. Fernando Wood, the Chicago Post wittily observes: "Fernando Wood accuses O. O. Howard of stealing. Now, we don't believe O. O. did steal, but we do believe Fernando Wood."

The Philadelphia Press says that when policemen take to maltreating peaceable citizens, as two of them did a few days since, they are about low enough down in the scale of brutality to meet the congratulations of the Democracy. A-hem! that's pretty severe on the Democracy.

The Savannah Republican thinks "some what remarkable" that no Southern man is named by either party in connection with the nomination for the next Presidency, and it enters its emphatic protest against the "slight" so far as the Democrats and Conservatives are concerned in it.

Fishing and politics are appreciated by the enfranchised negroes. The Nashville Banner the other day asked an old negro, who was fishing in the river, "What luck?" He replied: "De fish is like de Democrats arter us niggers' vote. Day wants all de bait, but won't hang on de hook." A quaint, but truthful illustration.

The N. Y. World succumbs at last, and virtually pledges the acquiescence of the Democratic party to the Fifteenth Amendment. It makes this point: "The Constitution is practically what the Supreme Court construes it to be; and considering the life tenure of the judges, there is no great encouragement for further agitation of the question."

One Daniel Pratt is urged by many Alabama papers as the Democratic candidate for Governor of that State. Is he a certain "Great American Traveler" of that name? If so, he is rather open to the imputation of being a "carpet bagger," which is always a serious objection with the ex-rebels unless the man is of unquestionable Democratic antecedents.

On Wednesday last the U. S. Supreme Court made a very summary disposition of the Hepburn-Griswold case, better known as the legal tender case. The petition for a rehearing was dismissed, and leaves the former action of the court in doubt; but independent of that action, legal tenders are not sufficient to satisfy a debt contracted previous to 1862.

The House has decided that the election in the First Congressional District of Louisiana was not valid—thus disposing of Mr. Sypher's claims very summarily. The disaffected Democratic press are in the habit of declaiming that a seat will always be given by this Congress to any Republican claimant. Will they make a note of this action, and give the lie to their former assertions?

Hon. Benjamin G. Harris announces himself as a candidate for the next Congress from the Fifth district in Maryland, and takes for his platform some relics of antiquity recently discovered in Cheops. In other words, he announces himself as a Democratic State-rights anti-Fifteenth Amendment candidate. Poor Harris! He had better direct his mind of his antiquated ideas, and submit to passing events.

The Philadelphia Inquirer in its money column tersely says: "Until Congress adjourns or takes some definite action on the money measures now pending, merchants and manufacturers will hold back money from their enterprises, contracting their operations, for fear of some change in the financial policy that might involve them in serious loss if not in ruin. While the present uncertainty continues, trade proper will be dull."

Chief Justice Chase, it appears, has two strings to his Presidential bow. One of the Republican journals of Chicago says that his Fifteenth amendment letter is a bid for Democratic party; another Chicago Republican organ says this letter is a bid for the African party. We apprehend that while said letter is clearly for the African party, and has a strong leaning to the Democratic party, it will avail nothing with either party. Because why? Both are on another tack.

As a party, the Democracy have no love for soldier's orphan's homes—notwithstanding a few conspicuous individual exceptions. A significant illustration of this partisan ill-will was afforded in the Ohio Senate, on the 16th of April, when, to defeat the organization of a State "Home," for the little children in blue, the Democratic members attempted to break up the session by deserting their seats in a body. This game was shrewdly foiled, and Ohio provides a home for her soldier's orphans, in spite of Democratic spite.

The Democratic Desertion of Georgia.—The Pittsburg Gazette says: "We have to thank seven Democratic Senators—Messrs. Casserly, Davis, Hamilton, McCree, Sausbury, Stockton and Thurman—for renouncing Georgia to military control, and excluding her from present representation in Congress. Had they voted the other way, the Pomeroy substitute would have been beaten, 31 to 30. Having engrained these extreme Radical ideas upon the bill, these Democratic Senators objected to a postponement, insisting that it should be passed forthwith. Also by the aid of Democratic votes, the President was empowered to suspend the writ of habeas corpus. Having thus perfected the measure to suit their views, they suffered its final passage by the Senate, 27 to 25, when, by voting against it, instead of dodging as they did, they could have beaten it by a decisive majority.

"This is the latest phase of Democracy for us! Supporting a military Government, denying Federal rights to a State, suspending a process which is essential to political liberty—all sanctioned by Democratic Senators. It is all right, yet it is very surprising! These votes should not be forgotten."

"Hereafter, when the opposition talk of military satraps, Radical oppressions, and the wrongs perpetrated upon Southern rights," it will be answered enough to point to these Democratic votes, which have riveted such hateful chains upon the limbs of Southern freemen." That will render further argument unnecessary. Whether we have to criticize a political blunder, or chronicle a tardy conversion, it amounts to the same thing at last."

THE INDIANS.—The Pittsburg Dispatch says: "After all the outcry against Colonel Baker, for his attack on the camp of the Piegan Indians, his course is now justified by the indications that the Indians have only been waiting for spring and grass to commence again their war on the whites. Nothing is more clearly settled than that, during winter, the United States troops should wage decisive war against all Indians that do not give the most perfect guarantees for future good behavior. With the present spring, apprehensions are entertained of danger to the Pacific Railroad, from the Indians. The settlers are alert, and will not suffer themselves to be surprised, but it is impossible to guard so extended a line of road against the roving bands of marauders who will constantly cross and re-cross the track. Hitherto the Indians have had a superstitious regard for the railroad, which assumed in their eyes something more than material shape. But they have better knowledge now. A half breed, some six months ago, killed a white, and fled to the Sioux for safety, and he has improved the opportunity to instruct the savages in the means to be employed to obstruct the road, throw trains from the track, take up rails, and otherwise interfere with the operation of the line. There is good reason, therefore, for the apprehensions which are felt for the safety of the road."

AN IMPORTANT BILL.—On April 15th, Mr. Armstrong, of the Clinton District, introduced the following bill in the House of Representatives, which was read and ordered to be printed: "As Clearfield is one of the counties named, the bill will be perused with interest by our readers generally: "Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all process, in all actions and prosecutions, and all judicial proceedings at law or in equity, which shall hereafter arise, and in which the defendant or defendants shall reside in any of the following counties of the western district of Pennsylvania, viz., Wyoming, Union, Northumberland, Montour, Columbia, Sullivan, Bradford, Tioga, Lycoming, Snyder, Centre, Clearfield, Clinton, Cameron and Potter, shall be issued from and returnable to the courts of said district, to be held at Williamsport, and together with all suits, prosecutions, or business heretofore begun, pending and undetermined, arising from any of the said counties, shall be heard or tried there only; unless with the consent of the parties, the court shall direct the same to be heard or tried at the court to be held at Pittsburg or Erie, in said district."

A SHARKY TRICK.—On Wednesday morning, April 26th, the Treasurer's office of Vermillion county, Indiana, was robbed of a large sum of money. The despatch announcing the fact, also stated that the robbers had fled to the woods, nearly naked, having thrown off their clothing as they were pursued by hundreds of people. But it seems the fugitives were up to the emergency. Some time during the day, they presented themselves to two well-known citizens on the highway, and drawing a revolver, compelled the citizens to strip off most of their clothing, which the robbers put on and then "lit out." The semi-nude citizens were soon picked up by a number of men who were hunting the burglars, and having every external appearance of being the fugitive thieves, they were arrested and taken to Clinton or Newport for trial. They proved an alibi and got off.

DUTY ON PIGS.—The Absentee.—The Daily Miner's Journal says: "The following are the seven Pennsylvania members of Congress who were absent when the vote was taken in the House, on Monday evening, reducing the duty on pig iron from \$9 to \$5: Messrs. Haldeman, Stiles, Armstrong, Getz, Van Arken, Covode and Donnelly. Donnelly was paired off with Orth, and therefore is not censurable. If this figure stands in the bill, those members, unless their districts are free trade, or they can give a reasonable excuse for their absence may as well prepare for private life."

NEW GOLD MINES.—Reports of the discovery of wonderfully rich gold mines in New Mexico, have reached San Francisco. The ledges are represented as being from fifty to three hundred feet in width, and contain very rich quartz. The location of the mines is near the Sulist Liederoff Mountain, in the Virginia District, fifteen miles west of Burr's Mountain. Tucson is said to be nearly deserted. Colonel Dunson, commanding at Fort Bowie, has established a post at the mines for the protection of the miners. Parties are leaving San Diego and Los Angeles for the new mines.

HOMESTEADS FOR DISCHARGED SOLDIERS.—The bill lately presented in the House by Hon. G. W. Scofield, of Pennsylvania, entitled "an act amendatory of the homestead act of May 20, 1862" (says the Newark Courier), commends itself to all, inasmuch as it asks for no bounties whatsoever, but it is intended to give a real and solid encouragement to a large class of our discharged soldiers who desire homesteads upon the public lands in the Western States. Such provisions as therein contained will assuredly gain the approval of the Public Lands Committee, as the bill is especially designed to thoroughly protect and encourage actual settlement upon the public lands, whilst the inducements presented are such as should be held out to the ex-soldiers, many of whom have but little means, with large families to support, and would gladly avail themselves of the privileges therein contained. The conditions are much the same as under the homestead act, but grant much easier terms to the soldier at the commencement than is now obtained under that act.

The policy of the Government is that the remaining public lands shall be taken up by actual settlers. This bill will materially assist in accomplishing this great and wise purpose. The thanks of the discharged soldiers and the country are due Judge Scofield for introducing, at this opportune time, such a just, benevolent and most salutary measure, as it not only secures a home to applicants, but will very materially accelerate the settlement and improvement of the great West. Such a measure will be a long deferred act of justice to many of our brave boys who need homes. We hope the Public Lands Committee, to whom the bill was referred, will take favorable action at an early day.

THE CENSUS.—The ninth census of the United States will be taken on the first of June next. Citizens can do much to forward the work and insure its thoroughness by preparing statistics beforehand for the deputy marshal. The names, ages, numbers, sex, color, &c., of every family will be required; statistics of farm products, manufactures, etc., etc., must be furnished. Heads of families are the proper persons to give this information; but in their absence any member of the family over twenty may act as their agent. A refusal to furnish the information, or furnishing a false statement, with knowledge, renders the person so offending liable to a fine of \$30, to be sued for and recovered in an action of debt by the deputy marshal, or assistant to whom such refusal or false statement shall be made.

The Philadelphia Press says that General Forrest was recently at Greensboro, North Carolina, seeking negro laborers for the railroad, the construction of which he is superintending. He wanted a thousand, but obtained only thirty. While there he pompously announced he would have no rich bond negroes; he had tried a hundred of them, and found them, without exception, genuine Radicals. His ill-success in Greensboro would seem to indicate that Democratic colored laborers are scarce in the South. We are sorry for the General, but really don't see how he is to man his picks and shovels with an orthodox Democratic force, unless he shall relinquish entirely his idea of obtaining colored laborers, and apply, say in New York for a different article.

WHAT MAKES DRUNK.—They have been analyzing some whisky, gin and port wine in Stonington, Conn., and the result must be very comforting to the tipplers. The port wine contained oxide of lead and sulphuric acid, besides various coloring and astringent drugs. Prof. Stillman says of this precious decoction that it would be hard to find a "vile or more pernicious falsification of a wine or liquor than this sample."

REMOVAL OF WAR WITH SPAIN.—The telegraph reports a highly sensational rumor to the effect that we are on the eve of a war with Spain—and that immense orders for naval stores have been issued by the Navy Department. Such rumors should be regarded with a large margin of allowance. Spain has enough to do at home just now, and is not likely to seek a foreign war; and the United States are not likely to plunge into hostilities against a foreign nation without a good reason.

SENATOR SAUSBURY'S term expires on the 4th of March, 1871. Should the Republicans carry the Legislature of Delaware next fall, it is understood that Hon. George P. Fisher, recently nominated by the President as United States District Attorney for that District, will be the Republican candidate for the United States Senate. Judge Fisher is a native of Delaware, and proposes to resume his residence in that State.

REASON.—Gen. Raasloff, Danish Minister of War, has resigned his office on account of the failure of the United States to complete the bargain for the purchase of St. Thomas. He was the Danish Minister in this country when the negotiations for that island were commenced, and feels himself so far identified with the transaction, that its failure makes it necessary for him to go out of office.

THE WOUND.—M. Vivien de Saint Martin in his Geographical Almanac for 1869, estimates the number of yellow people in the world at 584,000,000; whites, 580,000,000; blacks, 130,000,000; Malays, 25,000,000; other races, 20,000,000; and aboriginal Americans at 12,000,000. This latter figure is well calculated to appal Gen. Sheridan, if he is credulous enough to believe everything he reads.

A Little of Everything. A bad go—Chicago. White pants and straw hats are coming. The best parlor game—sparking. It takes two to play it. Cincinnati is ambitious for the largest hotel in the country. A Nevada Judge has fined himself five dollars for tardiness. The Massachusetts House has passed the ten hour labor bill. Only ten dollars were contributed to the Stanton fund in all the western States. The fruit crop of Southern Illinois was badly injured by the cold winter last week. The mistake of a Detroit man, in taking white vitriol instead of salts cost him his life. The Mormons are organizing a corps of women lecturers to describe the glories of their faith. A good boy in Illinois went without paper collars all winter to buy his sister a blonde outfit. "Died from the effects of mixed collars" is the way they get at delirium tremens in Ceylon. A Marylander has hung himself because his whisky gave out and he had no money to buy more. A New Hampshire paper mourns that Fast Day is getting to be more and more a brevet Fourth of July.

To get rid of the importunities of a beggar, offer him a job of wood sawing or garden digging. It never fails. An Ohio girl has laid by the sum of six hundred dollars, all gained by making cork husk door mats at ten cents each. The famous silver mine, claimed to be the richest in the world, turns out to be in Arizona, instead of New Mexico. Jacob Poorman is a poor man now in consequence of being jayhawked out of \$4,000 at Harrisburg the other night. The Baptist Educational Convention, in session at New York, recommends that the Bible be retained in the common schools. Out west burglars are called "moonlight mechanics," and coffins are, known by the expressive title of "underground overcoats."

A temperance lecturer was asked, "If water runs the soles of your boots, what effect must it have on the coat of your stomach?" Since January 1 nearly thirteen millions of treasure have been shipped from the Pacific coast, two-thirds of which went to Europe. An out west burglar, being asked by a bachelor, "if not yourself, who would you rather be?" replied sweetly and modestly, "yourself truly."

It is advertised that "An old fashioned girl" can be had at all the respectable book stores, price \$1.50. Unmarried men should invest. Captain Wheeler, Consul at Kingston, Jamaica, died on the 8th inst. He was a lieutenant on the Keokuk when she sank the Alabama.

A Cincinnati lady proved the uselessness for food of silver-cleaning powder by drying a few minutes after eating some the other day. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue is trying to treat the vices of drinking and smoking like the cattle plague, and to stamp them out. A Maryland paper calls for the arrest of a man because he carries a Testament a Sunday school hymn book, and is regarded as a dangerous man.

Commissioner Osborn has decided that the Postmaster General can prevent the mailing being made a medium for the circulation of swindling circulars. A Dayton lady played a game of poker with her husband the other night, mistaking his entrance for that of a burglar. He is very badly bruised. A printer's devil, wanting to kiss his sweetheart, addressed her as follows: "Miss Lucy, can I have the pleasure of placing my imprint upon your bill?"

At a recent fire in Gratton a five hundred dollar piano was saved by an intelligent fellow, who sawed off the legs, because there wasn't any screw driver handy. The fly has uses. He serves to keep bald-headed sinners awake at church on a warm day, and to their unregenerated hearts may be touched by the preacher's word. An old lady in Germantown is so full of sympathy, that every time her ducks take a bath in the gutter she dries their feet by the fire, to keep them from catching cold.

Arkansas papers report the death of Lewis Ross, a prominent Cherokee, aged about seventy years. He was a brother of the chief, John Ross, and the last male member of the elder Ross family. A Georgia paper tells of two young ladies who recently marketed at Columbus two boxes of cotton, raised entirely by themselves. It is, perhaps, unnecessary to add that they are not "girls of the period."

Train wrote on the register of a Troy hotel recently, as is his custom, "George Francis Train on his 1,000th lecture course to the White House," when some Trojan vandal erased the "White" and made it "Red."

At Timmonsville, S. C. is the grave of Mrs. Florence Bodwin, of Philadelphia, Pa. She was a member of a Federal regiment, and as she was dressed as a soldier, her sex was not discovered till after her death. A Nashville last week conceived the idea that he could fly, and climbed a tree, waved his arms grandly, and struck out. Somehow the ground sprang up and hit him, and he crawled into the ground, convinced that flying was not his forte.

One of the oddest defenses on record has just been made at Hamburg by a man who had murdered his wife from motives of jealousy. According to his own account he had not murdered her, but had killed her in a fair and honorable duel, as he had placed a pistol in her hand and told her to shoot at him!

The Richmond Flag of Saturday, says: "The early spring flowers are blooming, and the trees and shrubbery are rapidly putting on their vernal attire. The grass is more than ordinarily luxuriant, and the flutter of insect life begins to be discerned. The fruit trees are in full bloom, and we think it may be safely said that, with the exception of the apricot, all of the fruit is thus far, safe."

It appears that the late Governor McDougall of Wisconsin, is down with the smallpox at his home in Cross Falls. Here seems an opportunity providentially provided for putting down the rebellion. Let the Governor be returned to Winipeg, and commence a vigorous visitation among his discontented subjects. Smallpox will clean out the country, whereas the country, if left to itself, will certainly elude the Britishers.

Mrs. Stanton has made a discovery, by which her audience goes maniacal for woman suffrage. She writes to the Revue: "I have a new way of putting the vote. Let all those who are in favor of woman suffrage, like inanimate objects generally, need some external force to put them in motion, and the mass of them would not rise up to save the nation."

Here is a story from the "Cape" which is rather fealy, for which the London Globe is responsible: A captain of an American man-of-war, just in from China, was invited by the Governor of the Cape of Good Hope to dine with the bishops of South Africa, who were then in Synod. "My Christian friend," said the American captain to his neighbor, "are you a Colonist, or a friend of the other chap?" "I am the other chap," replied the Bishop of Natal, "it happened to be Dr. Macrae."

A SNAKE STORY.—The Providence (R. I.) Journal is responsible for the following "big" snake story: "Mr. Ira Winsor, of Foster, has on his farm an old well, unused for seventy years or more, and for forty years filled up with stones, which has long been occupied by black snakes as a winter harbor. Last spring, Thomas C. Holloway, a boy of eleven years living with him killed twenty of these reptiles as they came out to enjoy the warmth of the sun, measuring ninety-six feet, and this year Mr. Winsor and the boy have taken up some five feet of the stones in the well, and found and killed eighty-two black snakes and two adders, from three to six feet long, measuring three hundred and sixty feet, or a total in both years of one hundred and sixty-six feet of clear snake, and 'not much of a town for snakes either.'"

The Louisville Commercial, in advocating a general amnesty, thinks "a healthy constitution can digest not only Rebels but rebels." The figure is a good one, but the analogy is imperfect. Healthy stomachs are often able to digest very tough food, provided it has been first properly prepared; but no constitution could bear the strain which would ensue upon swallowing several bushels of lobsters at one time, especially if their claws were left on. We can probably assimilate all the leading rebels in time, but shall have to take them at numerous sittings, and not too many at once. Even then experience teaches us that many of them have horns, and hoofs and claws, which cause a dreadful amount of distress afterward.

An eastern contemporary draws a sad contrast between the present status of the irrepressible Toombs, who once boasted that the good time would come when he should "call the roll of his slaves under the shadow of Bunker Hill Monument," and the detested chattel "nigger" of twelve years ago, who is now his own political equal. The black man Revels sits in the Senate, while Toombs, almost forgotten, vegetates in obscurity. Sic transit gloria mundi.

Advertisements set up in large type, or out of plain style, will be charged double usual rates. News.

EARLY ROSE-POTATOES.—The earliest and most productive of all potatoes, at \$1.25 per barrel. Also pure Goodrich and Harrison Potatoes, at \$1.75 per barrel. Orders filled promptly. ENGLE & BROTHER, Marietta, Pa. April 27, 70-21.

\$900.—WANTED an active man, in each County in the State, to travel and take orders by sample for TEA, COFFEE and SPICES. To suitable men will give a salary of \$900 to \$1,000 per year, exclusive of traveling and other expenses, and a reasonable commission on sales. Immediate applications are solicited from proper parties. Address, apply to, or address immediately, J. PACKER & CO., "Continental Mills," 354 Broadway, New York. Apr. 27-4t.

LIST OF RETAILERS, of Foreign and Domestic Merchandise, in the County of Clearfield, subject to the payment of license for the year 1870.

13 W. W. Bentley, \$10 14 James Wiggins, 7
14 A. Montgomery, 5 15 Wm. Wise & Son, 7
15 J. G. Glasgow, 10 16 LAWRENCE
16 J. M. Moore, 15 17 James Forrest, 10
17 J. E. Dillen, 7 18 MORRIS,
18 B. B. B. 12 19 J. M. Moore, 10
19 D. G. Goodlander, 10 20 LEONARD EYLER, 12 50
20 C. & G. Schwann, 12 50 21 Johnson & Co., 10
21 R. H. Moore, 10 22 TOSCH,
22 J. Kuntz & Son, 7 23 D. & J. Brubaker, 7
23 J. H. Schleich, 7 24 M. H. Brisson, 7
24 J. C. Tette, 10 25 Saml. Heger, 12 50
25 J. A. Schleich, 7 26 J. Henderson, 7
26 J. C. Tette, 10 27 J. M. Moore, 10
27 Jack. Patchen, 10 28 John M. Chase, 7
28 J. C. Tette, 10 29 C. C. H. Ritzler, 20
29 Jas. McMurtry, 10 30 Weaver & Betts, 20
30 Wm. C. Irwin, 10 31 L. L. Reizenstein, 7
31 R. H. Bridges, 10 32 J. M. Moore, 10
32 Robert Mealy, 7 33 Wm. Reed, 20
33 A. A. Korshakoff, 7 34 Mrs. Watson, 7
34 D. A. W. Reed, 7 35 J. Saxe & Son, 20
35 J. M. Moore, 10 36 R. M. Stapp, 20
36 J. B. Reed & Co., 7 37 H. P. Nangle, 7
37 J. M. Moore, 10 38 Graham & Sons, 12 50
38 Albert & Bro., 10 39 Wright & Sons, 12 50
39 E. H. Williams, 7 40 F. Bigler & Co., 10
40 J. M. Moore, 10 41 Kratzer & Sons, 15
41 H. S. Cranst, 7 42 C. C. H. Ritzler, 20
42 G. H. Gillard, 7 43 Arnold & Co., 12 50
43 J. M. Moore, 10 44 Thomson & Co., 12 50
44 P. A. Flynn, 12 50 45 Wm. H. Bisher, 10
45 T. A. Frideaux, 7 46 John Irwin, 12 50
46 H. H. Allen & Co., 10 47 E. A. Irwin, 20
47 J. M. Moore, 10 48 J. M. Moore, 10
48 R. S. Stewart, 7 49 Isaac Kirk, 10
49 A. G. Leconte, 10 50 J. M. Moore, 10
50 J. M. Moore, 10 51 J. M. Moore, 10
51 T. H. Heger, 10 52 NEW WASHINGTON,
52 E. L. Shaw, 7 53 M. C. Moore, 15
53 J. M. Moore, 10 54 M. C. Moore, 15
54 P. C. Bowman, 12 50 55 Mrs. T. Buckle, 7
55 H. W. Brown, 7 56 Ake & Kelley, 12 50
56 J. M. Moore, 10 57 Kopp & Bro., 7 50
57 Henry Swan, 12 50 58 J. A. Stonorod, 12 50
58 J. M. Moore, 10 59 Blatenberger & Co., 50
59 W. A. Watson, 10 60 J. M. Moore, 10
60 W. J. Hoffer, 7 61 Wells & Heins, 15
61 J. M. Moore, 10 62 John W. Waple, 7

RETAIL DEALERS IN PATENT MEDICINES.

4 T. H. Forcy, Graham township, 5
4 Dr. R. Good, Ocoela Borough, 5
4 J. M. Moore, Curwensville Borough, 5
4 J. A. Shaw, do do 5

13 Peter Shaffer, Ocoela township, 10
10 Charles Garber, Clearfield Borough, 15
10 Lipofit & Henssler, Clearfield Borough, 15
10 HILLIARD HANCOCK and TENNIS ALLEYS,
Solomon Newmeyer, Ocoela, one alley, 30
D. B. Barton, Clearfield Borough, 5 tables, 50
and one alley.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY BANKERS.

CONFECTIONERS AND GROCERIES.

APPEAL.—All persons are hereby notified not to meddle with two gray horses, harness and wagon now in the possession of David F. Coplan, of Denatur township, Clearfield county, Pa., as the same belongs to me, and are only left with the said Coplan on loan, subject to my order. JAS. C. WILLIAMS. April 20, 1870-3t.

House and Lot For Sale. The undersigned will sell, at private sale, Lot No. 21 in the Borough of Clearfield, situate on South 4th street, upon which is erected a large two-story plank dwelling house, 24 by 40 feet. This house is new, and has a spring of good water in the cellar. For further information apply to WALLACE & WALTERS, Real Est. Agts., Clearfield, Pa. ap 27-4t

Valuable Grist Mill Property For Sale. Is offered at private sale, the Caldwell Mill property, situate on Daniel Run, on the line of the Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad, and two miles West of Phillipsburg. The property consists of 22 acres of land, with a great mill, 31 by 45 feet, and three stories high land has two run of French burrs and double bolting stones; a frame dwelling house, with a small cleared lot; the balance timbered with Pine and Hemlock; and a first-class water power, suitable for a woolen factory—all in good order. The property will be sold very low and on easy terms. Apply to, or address by letter, WALLACE & WALTERS, Real Estate Agents, Clearfield, Pa. ap 27-4t

MISS H. S. SWAN'S School for Girls. Clearfield, Pa. The next Term of twenty-two weeks will commence on Monday, May 9, 1870.

Reading, Orthography, Writing, Object Lessons, Primary Arithmetic and Primary Geography, per half term, (of 11 weeks), \$5 00 History, Local and Descriptive Geography with Map Drawing, Grammar, Mental and Written Arithmetic, 6 50 Algebra and the Sciences, 12 00 Instruction in Instrumental Music, 12 00 Oil Painting, 8 00 For full particulars send for Circular. Clearfield, August 25, 1869-ly.

FULLERTON'S (formerly M. Gaughey's) Restaurant and Ice Cream Saloon, IN LEAVY'S NEW BUILDING, Second St., Clearfield, Pa.

Constantly kept on hand a Selection of Caudles, Cigars, Tobacco, Nuts, &c. Also—Fresh Oysters, received daily, and served up in any style, to suit the taste of customers. A full stock of goods just received from the East. Billiard Saloon in Second Story. D. R. FULLERTON. April 27-20t.

F. B. READ, M.D., PHYSICIAN and SURGEON, R. Kylertown, Pa., respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of that place and surrounding country. [Ap. 26-3m.]

NEW BAKERY. The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Clearfield that she has opened a Bakery on Fourth street a short distance above Mr. Shirk's tannery, where she is prepared at all times to furnish fresh BREAD, CAKES, and PIES, to families and others. [Ap. 26-3m.] Mrs. M. J. PURVIANE.

SINGER SEWING MACHINES. THE BEST SEWING MACHINES, FOR EVERY PURPOSE, IN THE MARKET. I have the Agency for this Machine, and will keep a full supply on hand. Clearfield, Pa. J. S. SHOWERS. Clearfield, Pa. 26, 70-1t

MILLWRIGHTING. H. T. FARNSWORTH, World Invented Mill owners, and those desiring of having Mills built, that he is prepared to build and repair either Greenock or Maitly Saw Mills and Grist Mills after the latest improved patterns. He has also for sale an improved Water Wheel, which he guarantees to give satisfaction in regard to power and speed. His motto is to do work and to give perfect satisfaction. Those wishing further information will be promptly answered by addressing him at Clearfield, Clearfield county, Pa. Write your name and address plain. April 20, 1870-ly.

WE, the undersigned, Blacksmiths of the Borough of Clearfield, hereby adopt the following rates for work and rates with regard to securing pay for our labor; and we each pledge our honor as men and mechanics, to adhere to and enforce the same, from and after May 1st, 1870.

All work done at shod horses must be paid for when the work is done, at the following rates: SETTING NEW SHOE, : : : 50 cts. RESETTING SHOE, : : : 20 "

E. K. SMITH, MERCHANT TAILOR, Clearfield, Pa.

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Clearfield county that he has purchased the interest of E. R. L. Slaughter, and is now prepared to make up, in the most fashionable manner, all kinds of clothing that customers may desire. He has CLOTHS, DOESKINS, AND CASSIMERES, of every style always on hand, from which customers can make their selections. One door East of the Postoffice. [April 20, 1870.]

HARRY F. BIGLER & CO., Clearfield, Pa. Have just received and offer for sale cheap, Single and double, iron and wood, SHOVEL PLOWS.

Patent, iron and wood, expanding CULTIVATORS. Patent-screw, steel CULTIVATOR TEETH. Solid steel, single and double, SHOVEL PLOW BLADES.

PINK AND WHITE LINING SKINS, AND ROAN SKINS. Clearfield, April 20, 1870.

NORMAL INSTITUTE.—The undersigned will open a Normal Institute, in Clearfield, in upper room of Town Hall, to commence the 2nd of May, 1870, and continue ten weeks. Pains will be taken to make the course THOROUGH and PRACTICAL. GEO. W. SNYDER, Co. Supt.

JAS T. BRADY & CO., (Successors to S. Jones & Co.) CORNER FOURTH AND WOOD STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA. BANKERS, BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, Gold, Silver and Coupons. Six per cent. interest allowed on deposits subject to check. Money loaned on Government Bonds. Bonds registered free of charge. May 19, '69-ly. JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

IN THE COURT of Common Pleas of Clearfield County, Pa.: HARRISON & O'ROURK, No. 111 March Term, 1869. JOHN TULLY, vs. Domestic Attachment. All parties interested are hereby notified that the final account of the Trustee in the above stated case, has been filed in my office. Ap. 15-21. A. C. TATE, Prothy.

IN THE COURT of Common Pleas of Clearfield County, Pa.: FIRST NAT. BANK OF CLEARFIELD, No. 118 March Term, 1870. GEO. W. SHIRREL, vs. Domestic Attachment. All parties interested are hereby notified that the partial account of the Trustee in the above stated case, has been filed in my office. Ap. 15-21. A. C. TATE, Prothy.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!! JOHN TROUTMAN, Having just fitted up a new and elegant Furniture Room on 4th street, East of the Allegheny House, Clearfield, Pa., notifies the public that he keeps on hand all kinds of Chamber sets, chairs, etc., which will be sold at a low price, and a share of patronage is respectfully solicited. April 15, 1870.

THE "SHAW HOUSE," MARKET ST., CLEARFIELD, PA. GEORGE N. COLBURN, Proprietor. This house was lately completed and just opened to the public—in newly furnished and provided with all the modern improvements of the hotel. It is pleasantly located in the public square, and near to the public buildings. (The bar is a continuation of the bar of the Shaw House.) Charges moderate. Refreshing saloon. March 29, 70-4t.

RULE OF COURT, adopted 21st March, 1870.—All persons interested are hereby notified that any cause placed on the trial list shall not be continued by consent of the parties or their Attorneys, unless the cause is taken off the trial list, and any party who has placed the cause on the trial list, may withdraw it without notice to the Plaintiff, and the Plaintiff will be giving notice in writing of said withdrawal to the Prothonotary, to be filed in the court. C. A. MYER, E. J. SAM'L CLAY, A. J. J. WILHELM, A. J. Apr. 13-21.

\$1140 Simple mail free. [April 13-2m.] HANTS ON HOUSE PAINTING, by J. W. Masury, Cl. 45 p. 40c. Free by mail on receipt of price. MASURY & WINTON, N. Y. [Ap. 13-2m.] HOW SHALL WE PAINT OUR HOUSES? By J. W. Masury, Cl. 27 p. \$1.00. Free by mail on receipt of price. MASURY & WINTON, N. Y. [Ap. 13-2m.] A GREAT OFFER.—