An Incident founded on Fact.

I was sitting at my window to-day, (Sunday) and I saw a laboring man passing on the side-walk rather poorly clad, and his clothes soiled with wear. I instantly remarked the contrast which his personal appearance presented to the fashionable throng that had just swept along in all the gay attire of a holiday. I was about to philosophise upon the contrast and speculate upon the chequered scenes of human existence, when I saw the man stoop and pick up two small pieces of coin. A smile of joy seemed to pass over his countenance as he looked at them and placed them in his pocket. I rejoiced with him, for he seemed to be happy. How little thought I, fills the poor man's heart with gladness That was a trifle, the loss of which a rich man would never know, and yet it has made this poor hard laboring man happy. Perhaps he had a family in want, and now enjoys the anticipated delight of relieving them. Possibly it was a little God-send to supply the necessaries of some amiable and beloved wife languishing upon a bed of sickness, or helpless infancy incapable of providing for itself. Indeed I felt so much interested, that I put on my hat and followed the man along the walk, to see whither he would go and what he would do. He passed only to the next corner, where the door of a grocery stood open, at which he looked wishfully but hesitatingly, and then entered.

I hastened to see what he would do. He addressed the man in attendance, saying he had found a prize. That it was small, but he must have a TREAT out of it, for his good luck, and with the remainder he wanted to get some delicacy for his wife, who was very sick and had a very poor appetite. The bottle was handed down and he drank—before he had any time to make any selection for his wife. an acquaintance entered. They shook hands, he told him of his good fortune, and asked him to drink to his "good luck," and again he drank. He soon appeared to feel quite social—they commenced talking. He seemed to have forgotten his suffering wife, and shortly after some more of his acquaintance stepped in, and again he told his good fortune, and again they drank. They all became excited, got into a dispute, and finally into a quarrel, which came to blows. This produced a noise, and the police came to the rescue, and the last I saw of this unfortunate man was that he was marched off in the custody of an officer to lie in prison until he could be tried for this breach of the peace.—*Buffalo Com. Adv.*

JACK SMASH.

Jack Smasher was one of the prettiest hands at coining; and more, he was blessed with a wife born, I should say, with a genius for passing bad money. She took a crown—one of her husband's base-begotten off-pring—and purchased with it the three-pennyworth of rhubarb from a chemist, who, undone man! handed over four-and-ninepence change. In due season the apothecary detected the guileful crown, and in his own clear breast, resolved to destroy it. However, it remained by the strangest accident in his till, and by an accident still more extraordinary, was given in part of change for a guinea to a gentleman a little the worse for liquor, who, on his way home to bed, took the precaution of dropping into Straightback's for a box of—his own patent—anti-bacchic pills. In the morning the vinous gentleman discovered the pocket-piece, but as he had changed more than one guinea, could not with certainty detect the giver of the counterfeit. No matter: it remained loose with other money in his pocket, and one day, to his own surprise, he found he had passed it. He had taken a journey, and it was very dark when, in the handsomest manner, he fee'd the coachman. The poor man who drove the Tallyho did not realize more than £400 per annum, and could not afford to lose five shillings; hence, Smasher's crown became, at a fitting opportunity, the property of a sandblind old gentlewoman, who, her loss discovered, lifted up her hands at the iniquity of the world, and put aside the brassy wickedness. The good old soul never missed a charity sermon. The Reverend Mr. Sulphurtongue made a sweet discourse in favor of the conversion of the Jews, and the churchwardens condescended to hold each a plate. To the great disgust of the discoverers, a bad crown was detected amongst the subscribed half-crowns and shilings. The beadle was directed to destroy it. He intended to do so, but in pure forgetfulness, passed it one day for purl; the landlady of the 'George' having, as she said, 'taken it, was resolved not to loose it,' and by some accident it was given to a pedlar, who, after a walk of twenty miles, entered an ale house, took his supper of bread and cheese—went to bed rose, and proffered for his account Jack Smasher's pocket-piece. The pedlar was immediately given into the hands of a constable, taken before a magistrate, and ordered to be imprisoned and whipped as a passer of counterfeit money.

HOW TO TELL BAD NEWS.

SCENE. Mr. G.'s Room at Oxford. Enter, his Father,s Steward.

Mr. G. Ha! Jervas, how are you my old boy? how do things go on at home.

Steward. Bad enough, your honor; the magpie,s dead.

Mr. G Poor Mag! so he's gone. How came he to die!

Stew. Over-ate himself, sir.

Mr. G. Did he faith? a greedy dog; why, what did he get that he liked so well?

Stew. Horse flesh, sir; he died of eating horse flesh.

Mr. G. How came he to get so much horse flesh?

Stew. All your father's horses, sir?

Mr. G. What are they dead too?

Stew. Aye, sir; they died of over-work,

Mr. G. And why were they over-worked pray?

Stew. To carry water, sir.

Mr. G. To carry water? and what were they carrying water for?

Stew. Sure, sir, to put out the fire.

Mr. G. Fire! what fire?

Stew. Oh, sir, your father,s house is burned down to the ground.

Mr. G, My father,s house burned down! and how came it set on fire?

Stew. I think, sir, it must have been the torches.

Mr. G Torches! what torches?

Stew. At your mother's funeral.

Mr. G My mother dead!

Stew. Ah, poor lady! she never looked up after it.

Mr. G. After what!

Stew. The loss of your father.

Mr. G. My father gone too?

Stew. Yes, poor gentleman, he took to his bed as soon as he heard of it.

Mr. G. Heard of what?

Stew. The bad news, sir, and please your honor.

Mr. G. What! more miseries! more bad news?

Stew. Yes sir; your bank has failed, and your credit is lost, and you are not worth a shilling in the world. I made bold, sir, to come and wait on about it, for I thought you would *like to hear the news!*

A HOT DINNER.—Sharks, it is said, will follow a vessel for days or weeks together, in hopes of catching a man overboard, or for the sake of any bits of offal, or the refuse of the table. On this subject Jack Taffrail tells a pretty tough story. "There was," said he, "a big shark that followed the Mary Ann for a whole month together. He knew when it was meal time as well as the best of us, and would always be ready for his share of the mess as soon as the ship,s crew had finished theirs. Well, there was Tom Staysail and myself, we laid a plan to outwit the fellow. About dinner time one day we heated a canon ball, a twenty four pounder, red hot; and having first tossed Mr. Shark a bit or two of meat to get him in the way of catching well, we threw him the red hot ball. He caught it, and swallowed it quicker than you could say Jack Robinson." "Did'nt it kill him,' asked a bystander. "I don't know, faith," returned Jack, 'but I believe he thought 'twas *a tarnation hot dinner*, for we never saw him afterwards."

A spendthrift, who had nearly wasted all his patrimony, seeing an acquaintance in a coat not of the newest cut, told him that he thought it had been his great grandfather's coat. "So it was," said the gentleman, "and I have also my great grandfather's lands, which is more than you can say."

CHANGING A NAME.—A western paper announces the marriage of Miss Polly Schrecongoast. We unite in congratulating her. She did well to change her name What a pity it is that John Ollenbauhenerapensteinershohenbicher—who, it appears, has a letter in the Baltimore Post Office—could not get rid of his name by an equally agreeable process. The ladies have the advantage in this respect.

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR HOUSE MOLASSES.—Of the best quality always on hand and for sale by
H. B. MASSERR,
Sept. 12, 1840.

BROWN SUGAR.—Of a good quality, for sale low by H. B. MASSER.
Sept. 12, 1840.

LIQUORS.—Of all kinds and of the best qualities, always on hand and for sale by
H. B. MASSER.
Sept. 12, 1840.

GREEN AND BLACK TEAS.—Of the best quality always on hand and for sale by
H. B. MASSER.
Sept. 12, 1840.

COFFEE.—Java, Rio and Laguira Coffee, constantly on hand and for sale by
H. B. MASSER.
Sept. 12, 1840.

SPERM OIL.—Winter and Summer strained Sperm Oil, of the best quality, always on hand and for sale by H. B, MASSER.
Sept 12, 1840.

STEEL.—Cast and Blister Steel, for sale by
H. B. MASSER.
Sept. 12, 1840.

SPRING STEEL.—Of various sizes for Eliptic Springs, for sale by
H. B. MASSER.
Sept. 12, 1840.

LARGE QUARTO BIBLES.—For sale at very reduced prices by
H. B. MASSER.
Sept. 12, 1840.

BLANK BOOKS.—Of all kinds, for sale by
H. B. MASSER.
Sept. 12, 1840.

BLANK DEEDS.—Bonds, Mortgages, &c. for sale by H. B. MASSER,
Sept. 12, 1840.

JUSTICES' BLANKS.—for sale by
H. B. MASSER,
Sept. 12, 1840.

CLOTHS,—Blue, Black. Invisible Green, &c., for sale by H. B. MASSER,
Sept. 12, 1840.

CASSIMERES AND SATTINETTS.—For sale very low by H. B. MASSER.
Sept. 12, 1840.

CARPETING.—For sale cheap by
H. B. MASSER.
Sept. 12, 1840.

BLANKETS.—For sale cheap by
H. B. MASSER,
Sept. 12, 1840.

UNBLEACHED MUSLINS.—For sale by
H. B. MASSER.
September 12, 1840.

COTTON YARN AND COTTON LAPS—For sale by H. B. MASSER.
September 12, 1840.

HEMP AND COTTON TWINE.—For sale by H. B. MASSER.
September 12, 1840.

TOWING LINES, CORDS AND ROPES.—For sale by H. B. MASSER.
September 12, 1840.

The Philadelphia Casket.

UNPARALLELED SUCCESS!

PROSPECTUS OF A NEW VOLUME.—The great increase in the subscription list of the Casket since the first of the year, warrants the most extensive improvements on the first of July next—at which time a new volume will be commenced with increased vigor. Nothing need be said of the firm basis on which the Casket stands, it being already the oldest magazine in the country.

TYPE—EMBELLISHMENTS.

The Casket is printed with a clear and silvery type, upon the finest white paper. The illustrations are not surpassed by those of any periodical at home or abroad; and beside the monthly steel engravings, a quarterly plate of colored fashions has lately been added. The style of these embellishments is unequalled, and they are always accompanied with an appropriate sketch. No wood cuts disgrace the work. Whatever appears in the casket is of the first order of the art.

LITERARY CHARACTERS.

The literary character of the Casket is well known. It is wholly original, of the highest order, and sustained by WRITERS OF THE FIRST RANK. Essays, Tales, Sketches, and Travels, compose its prominent prose articles; while the poetry is equalled by that of no other magazine of like character. The variety for which the Casket is celebrated, shall suffer no diminution; but on the contrary, every exertion shall be made to increase its interest.

SEVERAL ROMANCES OF THE REVOLUTION have already appeared, and others shall follow in the course of the volume, presenting when finished, a complete picture of the manners, and a historical account of the great battles at that time. Thus, the Casket, instead of being filled with sickly sentimentalities, aims at a true delineation of human nature in every variety of passion

TIME OF PUBLICATION.

The Casket is published on the first of the month in every quarter of the Union. The most distant subscribers consequently receive it on that day, as well as those who reside in Philadelphia. In all the principal cities agents have been established, by which means subscribers can obtain their copies free of postage.

FASHIONS.

The fashions are published in the Casket quarterly, or as often as any really new styles arrive from Paris. The engravings are colored, and executed from original designs No old, worn out plates are retouched and then published as the latest fashions. The truth of our designs may be tested by comparing them with the latest description of dresses from London and Paris.

TERMS:—THREE DOLLARS per annum, or two copies for FIVE DOLLARS. Published by

GEO. R. GRAHAM,
36 Carter's Alley, Phila.

Works of Nature.

IN a state of health the intestinal canal may be compared to a river whose waters flow over the adjoining land, through the channels nature or art has made, and improves their qualities; and to keep up the comparison of the river, so long as it runs on smoothly the channels are kept pure and healthy; but if by some cause the course of the river is stopped, then the water in the canals is no longer pure, but soon becomes stagnant. There is but one law of circulation in nature. When there is a superabundance of humorial fluid (scrocity) in the intestinal tubes, and costiveness takes place, it flows back into the blood vessels, and infiltrates itself into the circulation. To establish the free course of the river, we must remove the obstructions which stop its free course, and those of its tributary stream. With the body, follow the same natural principal; remove, by that valuable purgative medicine *Brandreths Universal Vegetable Pills*, which are an effectual assistance of nature, the superabundance of humors in the intestine canal. By persevering in this practice, the ways of the circulation will then be restored to the full exercise of their natural functions, and a state of health will be firmly established Remember, never suffer a drop of blood to be taken from you—Evacuate the humors as often and as long as they are degenerated, or as long as you are sick.

Dr. Brandreth's Office in Philadelphia, is at No. 8, NORTH EIGHTH street, where his pills can be had at 25 cents per box, with full directions.

☞ Only agent in Sunbury, is H. B. Masser Esqr.
Sunbury, Sept, 9, 1840.

Certificates of Agency.

THE following are the duly appointed agents in their respective counties, for the sale of *Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills.*

Northumberland county: Milton—Mackey & Chamberlin. Sunbury—H. B. Masser. M'Ewensville—Geddes, Green & Walls. Georgetown—F. Midlinger & Co.

Union county: Lewisburg—Wills & Geddes. Mifflinburg—Pellman & Beckly. New Berlin—John M. Benfer. Selinsgrove—Eyre & Co. Middleburg—Isaac Smith.

Lycoming county: Williamsport—John Smith. Newberry—M. & J. C. Funston. Muncy—W. A. Petrican. Jersey Shore—James H. Hepburn.

Columbia county: Danville—T. & E. B. Reynolds. Cattawissa—C. A. Brobts. Berwick—Shuman & Rittenhouse. Bloomsburg—John R. Meyer.

Sunbury, Sept. 9, 1840.

George W. Layng,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

CHESNUT STREET WHARF, HARRISBURG,

IS prepared to receive Goods and Produce at the new warehouse, which his arrangements will enable him to forward with despatch to Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre, Columbia, Lancaster, or any other point on the Pennsylvania and Union Canals, and the Pennsylvania and Harrisburg and Lancaster rail roads.

Goods from Philadelphia for Harrisburg, Carlisle, Chambersburg, &c. &c., forwarded with care and expedition

COAL, PLASTER, SALT and FISH, constantly for sale. Sept. 9.

Transportation Line

TO BALTIMORE.

(VIA TIDE WATER CANAL)

Warehouse foot of Chesnut Street on the Pennsylvania Canal.

A BOAT leaves the wharf of the subscriber every morning at 8 o'clock, running through to Baltimore in three days. Consignments of produce, iron, &c., will receive a despatch by this line, which has not hitherto been equalled by any other. Rate of freight as low as by any other regular line.

References:
JOHN W. BROWN,
BUCK & HERR,
KERNAN & STILLNIGER,
J. & A. H. HERR,
} Baltimore.

Goods intended for Pittsburg, or any point on the Pennsylvania Canals, will be shipped without delay on their arrival at Harrisburg, as this connects with the North American line of Portable Boats to Pittsburg daily, and with the Susquehanna Packet Line to Northumberland, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre, and all intermediate places.

GEORGE W. LAYNG.

Harrisburg, Sept. 9, 1840.

THE MOST POPULAR AND READABLE PERIODICAL OF THE DAY!

Burton's Magazine,

(THE GENTLEMAN'S,) AND AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW,

WILL present its Sixth and Seventh Volumes to the public during the course of the year 1840. Terms, $3 per annum, in advance, or $5 for two years, or two separate Subscriptions, or ten copies for $20, cash. Printed in large octavo, white thick paper, good type, etc. Each number contains as much matter as a volume of a novel; the illustrations are of the first quality. During the past year nearly fifty of the most superior Engravings, including three of Sartain's splendid Mezzotints, were engraved expressly for this work. Each number contains two or more Engravings. New Designs, executed on steel, by the first Artists, are in progress for the coming volume.

The list of contributors embraces the names of most of the principal writers in America, which are spectable sprinkling of English authors. Original articles have appeared during the last year from the pens of the following—Professor Ingraham, author of La Fitte; Pro. John Frost, Philadelphia; Pro. N. C. Brooks, Baltimore; Pro. C. F. Wines, Philadelphia, Author of Two Years in the Navy; Captain Marryatt, Author of Peter Simple, etc.; General G. P. Morris, New York; Leigh Hunt, England; Mrs. Fanny Kemble Butler, Phil.; Park Benjamin, New York; Douglas Jerrold, England; Joseph C. Neal, (Charcoal sketches,) The American Boz; James F. Otis, New York; R S. Elliott, Editor of Harrisburg Intelligencer, Pa; David Hoffman, Baltimore; Charles West Thomson, Philadelphia; Judge Tremper Dresden, New York; John Du Solle, Editor of Saturday Evening post; Grenville Mellen, New York; P. B. Elder, Editor of Columbia Spy, Pa; The Author of "Stanly," Mrs. L. Sigourney, Hartford; Miss Catherine H. Waterman, Philadelphia; Mrs. Ann Stephens, New York; Benson Hill, England, Editor of the New Monthly Magazine; Dr. J. K. Mitchell, Philadelphia; James Montgomery, England; A. M'Makin, and E. Holden, Editors of Saturday Courier, Philadelphia; J. Beauchamp Jones, Baltimore; J. E. Dow, Washington City; Mrs. E. F. Ellet, Boston; Dr Thomas Dunn English, Philadelphia.

The Steel Plates ready for the present volume, are Five Etchings by the celebrated Cruikshank. A Portrait of Mr. Vandenhoff, the tragedian, in the character of Adrastus. A Likeness of Miss Vandenhoff, as Juliet. The Gem of Hudson, one of the choicest specimens of American Scenery. A Portrait of William Cullen Bryant, the American Poet. Another of Sartain's exquisite Mezzotints, of equal beauty to his plate of "THE PETS," given in the May number of Burton's Magazine—a plate a knowledged to be superior to any other illustration ever given in a periodical work. Other Engravings of less value accompany every number.

☞ The public is requested to observe that the articles appearing in Burton's Magazine are written expressly for that work, and are not selected from daily or weekly papers. The Plates are also especially engraved, and are not the worn-out refuse of Annuals, either English or American.

All letters sent, post paid to W. E. Burton, Dock street, opposite the Exchange, Philadelphia.

*** To accommodate our country friends who may wish to subscribe for our work and any other Philadelphia periodical, we will receive a Five Dollar Bill, postage free, for one year's subscription to Burton's Magazine and Godey's Lady's Book (also three dollars a year) or the Saturday Courier, or the Saturday Chronicle, or Alexander's Weekly Messenger.

WILLIAM E. BURTON.
Publisher and Proprietor.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN SILK SOCIETY, AND RURAL ECONOMIST.

EDITED BY GIDEON B. SMITH.

THIS Journal was established by the American Silk Society, for the purpose of diffusing practical information on the CULTURE OF SILK in the United States. It has now been published one year, and may be considered a work of standard character.

The first year's publication, comprising the first volume, contains a mass of valuable information, and it will be the object of the editor to make the second equal in all respects, if not superior, to the first. The important fact is now established beyond any question, that the people of the United States can make silk CHEAPER and BETTER than any other nation upon earth. It has been proved by unimpeachable testimony, that the entire cost of producing silk ready for market, does not exceed TWO DOLLARS AND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER POUND, and its lowest value is FOUR DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS; also, that ONE ACRE of ground planted in morus multicaulis, will produce the first year the trees are planted, FOURTY-EIGHT POUNDS OF SILK, leaving a clear profit to the producer of ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHT DOLLARS! It has also been proved that the children and females of any farmer's family can, with the greatest possible ease, produce from fifty to a hundred pounds of silk every year, without any cost whatever to the expenses of the farm after the trees are planted; and therefore, that the whole amount of silk will be so much clear gain, say from $225 to $450. With these facts we submit to an intelligent people wether it is not a great and important object for them to introduce the culture of silk in every farmer's family in the Union. To enable all our farmers to make silk, the 'JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN SILK SOCIETY' was established; it contains plain practical directions for CULTIVATING THE TREES, FEEDING and REARING SILK WORMS, REELING THE SILK, and preparing it for market, &c. besides all other information that can be required to enable any person to enter upon the business, either on a large or small scale. Every friend of his country, into whose hands this paper may fall, will be doing a patriot and philanthropist's work by inducing his friends and neighbours to enter their names upon the list of subscribers.

The Journal of the American Society is published monthly, in pamphlet form; each number contains thirty two octavo pages, printed on new type and handsome paper, with a printed colored cover.

TERMS:—Two dollars a year, or six copies for ten dollars, always to be paid before the work is sent. All subscriptions to begin with the first number of the year, and in no case will the work be sent to any subscriber longer than it shall have been paid for.

☞ NEW SUBSCRIBERS, who take the first and second volumes, will be charged only THREE DOLLARS for the two years.

Removal.

BOOK-BINDERY.

THE undersigned have the gratification of informing the public, that notwithstanding they were so unfortunate as to have their bindery burnt down, in March last, they have opened a very extensive one, in Locust street, in the new building directly opposite Gleim's Hotel, and are prepared to execute all work in their line with despatch, and in a superior style. Their RULING APPARATUS and other Machinery are new, and of the first order and latest improvements; and they feel a confidence in their facilities for giving perfect satisfaction to all who may favor them with their orders.

Banks, County offices, Merchants, Mechanics and others, can be supplied with BLANK BOOKS of every description, which for neatness and durability, will be equal to any made by the United States. HICKOK & CANTINE.

HARRISBURG, Sep. 9.

ASTONISHING INCREASE.

FOUR THOUSAND NEW SUBSCRIBERS IN TWO MONTHS!!!

WHEN we first purchased the old and well known establishment of the

Saturday Evening Post,

we stated that the paper circulated so widely among the steady, reading portion of the United States, that we entered upon our labors with full confidence of the future. Our success has since been beyond our most sanguine expectation, as our weekly receipts overbalance those of any cotemporary paper. Our list has continued to swell up, with unexampled rapidity, and we have the confidence, that at the present rate of increase, we shall be enabled in a few months to boast of more than 35,000 subscribers! When we commenced our labors, we announced distinctly, that the tone of the paper should be decidedly moral, and that nothing should be admitted into our columns, which the most fastidious father could disapprove of, and determined that as an approved Family Paper, it should not contain a paragraph, with the spirit of which a parent would not wish to have a daughter familiar, and we therefore, with this view, announced that no theatrical notices should appear in our columns, and that we should be opposed to theatres as things calculated to injure the healthy action of an honest mind,—as creative of exhibitions demoralizing in tendency, and fearfully pernicious in fact. There were not wanting blusterers, who made a great parade of opposition. and Croakers, who predicted our speedy downfall, but we threw ourselves upon the sober, rational and experienced portion of the people of the United States for support, and we have been nobly sustained.

We thought and expressed the opinion, that however careless many might be upon this subject, that few, even if they did not entirely disapprove of such entertainments, cared about having the gross details forever paraded before the eyes of their children, and the sickening and nauseating eulogy of all kinds of characters made familiar to their minds.

We determined also, that while the paper continued under our control, it should be strictly neutral in politics, and that as news and literary journalists we had nothing to do with the matter; this determination has been strictly and rigidly adhered to, and while we shall continue to give our readers such public document as may be deemed of interest to all, and such a history of the progress of political events, as are strictly in keeping with our duty, and the character of the paper, we shall studiously and thoroughly avoid any contamination of partizan politics.

The paper is now printed in a new and beautiful type,—has received the praise of many editors of taste, as 'the handsomest family sheet in the Union.'

Our efforts have been directed to the combining of beauty and simplicity with utility and taste.

The Post is printed on a stout white paper, rendering it neat and durable for filing.

In addition to these efforts toward perfection in the mechanical department, and exterior of our paper, no labor, and no cost been spared in the developement of intellectual strength. The present variety of interesting tales, original, from foreign and domestic magazines, together with the valuable contributions of our own circle of literary friends will continue to give interest to the paper, while everything important and worthy of note that happens in the Old World or the New, shall be collected and collated for the taste of our readers.

The Ladies' Department shall always be choice and select, and shall receive strict attention, while such things as may interest our juvenile readers, and that important and large class of our readers, the Farmer will not be overlooked. In order to gratify, as much as possible, the laudible desire of our country readers, a portion of our attention will be devoted to the collection and diffusion of such News, Memoranda, Tables, Facts, Hints, &c. as may seem important to agriculturists, and the population resident without the confines of our great cities The state of the markets and the fluctuations in the prices, will be regularly and what is of more moment, correctly given.

We have ever been opposed to the constant bluster and parade made by some editors, about the excellence of their papers, and have resolved that the Saturday Evening Post, shall be conducted, as to speak for itself.

Our readers will always find in its columns the earliest and most authentic information, as well as the most choice and entertaining literary matter. We have totally discarded the system of filling the paper with quack advertisements, but prefer giving our readers from week to week, entertaining reading matter.

And we feel assured that we shall be no losers thereby, as but few readers care about having a paper filled with descriptions of these nauseating compounds.

The Saturday Evening Post, will be furnished for $2 per annum in advance, or one copy three years for $5. To those who wish to subscribe for a Philadelphia Magazine, we will furnish a copy of the Philadelphia Casket, and two copies of the Post for one year for $5 free of postage and discount.

No New Subscriber received without the Money.

To those who wish to subscribe, we would say, that the safest plan is to enclose the money in a letter and direct to us. Most postmasters will frank their letters if relating to nothing but the business of the office, and all postmasters who will be kind enough so to do, we shall be pleased to acknowledge as agents.

Address
GEORGE R. GRAHAM & CO.
No 36 Carter's Alley, Philadelphia.

THE NEW WORLD.

THE largest handsomest and cheepest newspaper in the United States. Edited by *Park Benjamin, Epes Sargent* and *John Neal*, and published in New York every Saturday, by J. Winchester, No. 23 Ann street; three dolless a year in advance.

The New World was commenced in October 1839, and has obtained a circulation of 20,000. It comains the best specimens of the literature of Europe and America, having hithrto given the first editions of the works of distinguished English writers such as Bulwer, Boz, Knowles, Moore, Talfourd, Miss Mitford, Mrs. Jameson, Marryatt, D'Israeli, Ainsworth, &c., and original communications from the best Native Writers, among which are those of Dewey, Bryant, Longfellow, Holmes, &c., all of which has been done without infringing upon its character as a complete and comprehensive newspaper.

THE NEW WORLD is specially valuable in the country from its affording to intelligent readers the best and newest works at the lowest possible price.

A work which costs in England a Guinea and here more than One Dollar in book form is given in a number of the New World for six cents.

For THREE dollars each subscriber is sure to obtain reading which costs in England Three Hundred Dollars, besides American productions, News, and a great amount of Editorial matter.

☞ All Postmasters, who will do so, are requested to act as agents for the NEW WORLD, and retain a commission of 50 cents on each subscriber, for their services.

☞ Clubs of ELEVEN persons, who remit at one time, in current money, $25, free of postage, will receive each a copy one year.

Letters must be addressed to the publisher, and, unless postpaid, will not be taken from the office.

The Brother Jonathan.

THE largest and most beautiful newspaper in the world—larger by fifty square inches than any other newspaper in the United States. Published Saturdays, at 162 Nassau street, New York. Price three dollars a year—two copies for five dollars.

☞ The proprietors of this mammoth sheet—the "Great Western" among the newspapers—have the pleasure of spreading before the reading public a weekly periodical containing a greater amount and variety of useful and interesting miscellany, than is to be found in any similar publication in the world.

Each number of the paper contains as large an amount of reading matter as is found in volumes of ordinary duodecimo, which cost $2—and more than is contained in a volume of Irving's Columbus or Bancroft's History of America, which cost $3 a volume—and all for Three Dollars a year. For $5 two copies will be forwarded one year, or one copy two years.

Since the publication of our original prospectus, the Brother Jonathan has been ENLARGED and its size, amply before, has been so much increased, that much more than the former quantity of the most interesting literature of the day is embraced in its immense capacity. Selections from all the most prominent and celebrated writers of the day assist in swelling its contents; and whatever is new, rich, or rare, is imediately transferred to its columns. All the contributions to periodicals of American writers of repute appear in its pages; and the issues of the foreign press are laid under contributions, as soon as received in this country. To the miscellaneous and Literary Department, the closest attention is paid; and in all the selections and original contributions, strict care is devoted to avoid all that may touch upon the opinions of any party in relgion or politics.

Experiance having taught us that we had marked out a path for ourselves, in which all sorts of people delights to follow, the Brother Jonathan shall continue, as it begun, to be a bold, gentle, weighty, light, grave, merry, serious, witty, smooth, dashing, interesing, inspired, and incomparable newspaper. It shall be a stupendous mirror wherein all the world will stand reflected. It shall contain the most beautiful of Novels, Romances and Stories for both sexes—Fairy Tales for lovers of the marvellous—Legends for antiquaries—Pasquinades for wit mongers—Nuts and raisins for short-winded readers—Serenades for musical lovers—Sonnets for Ladies—Sentiment for old bachelors—Statistics for politicians—and Lectures, Sermons, Criticisms, Epigrams, &c., &c., &c., for all the world.

Letters should be addressed to

WILSON & COMPANY,
Publishers of the "Brother Jonathan." N. Y.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK.

NINETY-SIX pages of reading matter, by authors whose names stand among the foremost in the literary ranks of our country, as follows:

Essayists.—Miss Mary W. Hale, Professor Walter, Mrs. Hofland, Mrs. Sigourney, Mrs. Hale, Mrs. E. F. Ellet.

Poets.—Miss Mary R. Mitford, Miss C. H. Waterman, Eliza Earle, Miss H. F. Gould, Mrs. Sigourney, Mrs. F. S. Osgood, Mrs. C. Baron Wilson, Wm. Cutter, James T. Fields, Isaac C. Ray, J. S. Dusolle, James Montgomery, Miss Juliet H. Lewis, Miss A. D. Woodbridge.

Novelists.—H. W. Herbert, Professor Ingraham, Richard Penn Smith, W. Landor.

Writers of Tales.—Mrs. Seba Smith, Mrs. Emma C. Embury, Mrs. Caroline L. Hentz, Mrs. Mary H. Parsons, Miss A. M. F. Buchanan, Mrs. H. Beecher Stowe, Mrs. M. St. Leon Loud, Seba Smith.

Of the above eminent writers, celebrated in our own, and most of them well known in other countries, each have had an article either in the January or February number of the Book. It is unnecessary for us to say that no such array of names can be shown by any other magazine in this country, of any paice.

We give three times as many embellishments as any other magazine, and each plate is equal, if not superior to the one of any cotemporary, and yet the price of the magazine is not increased Our edition is immense, therefore we are enabled to go to a greater expense than any other publisher. A better return may therefore be expected for the price paid for subscription.

In the two numbers just published we have given four Plates of Fashions, containing eleven Figures. One beautiful specimen of Lace work. One splendid Steel Plate beyond compare, the best line engraving ever published in an American Magazine. A new emblematical cover.

In addition to our usual well arranged embellishments, we always publish steel title pages twice a year.

The whole amount of engravings and embellishments of various kinds that the book contains, or will contain this year, may be estimated at about sixty.

A new series of papers of great value has been lately commenced by Mrs Hale. "The Domestic Department." This during the year will compose a great amount of usual matter.

For enterprize at least, we think we deserve some credit; we have been the first to give to an American public original articles from the pens of Mary Russel Mitford, author of "Our Village"—Mrs. C. Baron Wilson editor of London La Belle Assemblee, Mrs. Hoffland, author of several useful and valuable works;—James Montgomery, author of "Omnipresence of the Deity," &c.; Thomas Miller, author of Fair Rosamond and Royston Gower;—Ebeneezer Elliott, author of Corn Law Rhymes.

We do not particularly mention those names because they all date from London—our object only is to show that where there are good articles to be had, there will we apply. No author of any reputation in our own country has ever sought admission to "The Book" in vain.

Godey's Lady's Book is furnished at $3 per annum, the money invariably to be received before a single number is sent. The following system of clubbing may answer the purpose of many wishing to subscribe.

CLUBBING.

Walter Scott's Novels and Lady's Book, one year,	$10
Marryatt's Novels, and Lady's Book, one year,	5
Miss Austin's Novels, and Lady's Book, one year,	5
Lady Blessington's Novels, and Lady's Book, one year,	5
Pickwick Papers, &c. &c., and Lady's Book, one year,	5
Miss Leslie's Cookery, and Lady's Book, one year,	5
Two copies Lady's Book, one year,	5

All orders to be addressed to

L. A. GODEY,
211 Chesnut street, Philadelphia.

N. B.—The public will please be careful of travelling imposters.

HAZARD'S

UNITED STATES COMMERCIAL AND STATISTICAL REGISTER.—Containing documents, facts and other useful information, illustrative of the history and resources of the American Union, and of each State; embracing commerce, manufactures, agriculture, internal improvements, banks, currency, finances, education, &c. &c. Edited by Samuel Hazard.

Published every Wednesday, at 79 Dock street. The price to subscribers is $5 per annum, payable on the first of January of each year. No subscription received for less than a year. Subscribers out of the principal cities to pay in advance.