

The Influence of the Italian Upon the world Advancement

For the Italian immigration cause in America, we like to reprint from the "Houston Post" the following fine article written by Mr. Charles Edward Russell.

For my part I have heard enough of this cheap talk about superior and inferior races and can do very nicely (as they say in England) if I never get any more.

As a matter of fact there is no such thing as a superior race. All races are essentially alike, admitting that there is any such thing as a race. In some parts of the world, because of fortuitous circumstances, some of us have advanced a microscopic distance beyond some others less fortunate. But a reversal of conditions would have produced a reversal of results; any way there is no group nor tribe of the whole family that is out of hailing distance of the jungle.

You only have to look at the slum region in any city to see that

And another thing. While we are on this subject, I have heard enough of that word "dago", applied in a derogatory sense to a person born in Italy.

Here is a very good example, one of the finest of the whole world, of this idiotic and bone-headed thing called race prejudice. Let's take a good look at it as exhibited in the case of the anti-Italian feeling that runs riot in some parts of this country.

Superior Saxon, talking in this large, vague way about the undesirable nature of the Italian immigrant, are you aware that when we call Western civilization is nothing in the world but the Roman empire?

Do you ever reflect that all the culture we have drew from the shores of the Mediterranean and the Adriatic?

Do you know that we are indebted to Italy for the foundation of all we have in government, law, organized society, art, literature and every influence that makes life decent and above savagery?

Do you know that we are all Italians so far as we have in us any of the results of education, knowledge, restraint and the accumulated wisdom of the world?

Do you ever reflect that Rome was never really conquered by the barbarians, but conquered them, overcoming them with its civilization and spreading through them to the darkest corners of Europe the light of such culture as we have?

Do you ever stop to think that if there had been no such thing as the spirit of Italy we might all be barbarians this day?

When your ancestors and mine were skin-clad savages running about in the woods, killing with a club something for breakfast, Italy was writing immortal books and laying such foundation for the education of the race as can never be overturned.

When the people of England lived in filthy styles and had neither art, literature, decency nor ideas of progress, Dante was writing one of the world's eternal monuments of literature and a thousand schools in Italy nourished for the rest of the world.

For all the modern world, she was the mother of every art. We owe her music, painting, architecture and sculpture, poetry and the drama.

She even taught us to cook. In the face of this record, the

descendants of a nation of greasy hut dwellers that for centuries never did a thing except eat raw meat and carve one another look rather ill talking in an awesome manner about the inferior Italian race.

We can even go farther. What is it that the English-speaking people most brag about when contemplating their vast superiority to the lowly Latin?

Why, is it that we are pleased to call our achievements for human liberty and free government.

When I was a school boy they drilled that into me. The English revolution of 1688 was supposed to be the grandest event that ever happened; all progress took its date from 1688.

The American revolution, supplementing this, shed glory far around and proved that when it comes to struggles for liberty the English speakers are the only genuine. All others are imitations.

There is not a page in the history of the English-speaking people fit to compare for a moment with the most obscure record of the Italian revolution. We think we have made sacrifices for liberty, do we not? The truth is we are not fit to be torch-bearers to the Italians. All that we have ever done put together is childish compared with the unequalled story of that tremendous struggle that ended with a united Italy.

Those long years of dogged, ceaseless, unswerving, defeated and never turning back, betrayed in the hour of hard-won victory, fooled by the pope, tricked by Napoleon the Little, the soldiers of freedom horribly persecuted, hanged, imprisoned, tortured, subjected to the fiendish malice of the unutterable monster, Ferdinand II, and all this consuming not years alone, but more than a generation; and yet there was no turning back and no thought of giving up, but only persistent, ceaseless fighting. Where can you match such a record?

Where among the annals of mankind is a figure fitted to stand by the side of Mazzini?

We make overwrought heroes of Hampden and Cromwell, Sydney and Gladstone. They are but pigmies all compared with this wonderful man. With the single exception of Wendel Phillips, the English-speakers have never produced one man deserving to be classed with him. The poorest Italian village has its memorial of Mazzini. In America the name of Phillips is already obliterated. Are we really so superior?

As Phillips himself said, a fair test of ideals and aspirations of a nation is had from the monuments it erects.

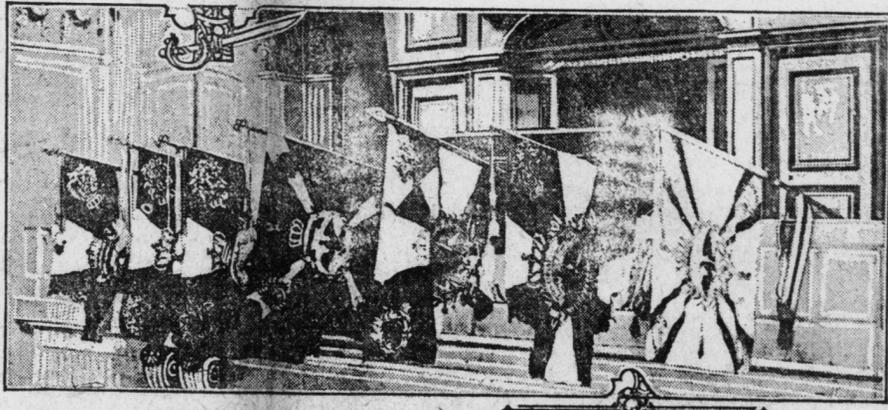
You go about the city of Washington and are edified with the sight of monument to military heroes. Where did this man fight? I forget. What was this man's contribution to the human cause? There is something about him in the school history, but I don't remember what it is. They are all very brave in uniform, with swords and pistols and things. What did they do? Well, nobody knows exactly but they were great fighters. Where are the monuments to the men that led in ideas of freedom and progress? I have not seen any of them in my native land, but wherever they are I will engage to find for each one of

(Continued to Page 4)

3 GERMAN SUBMARINES SUNK RAIDING BRITISH HARBOR

SINKING OF CRUISER COMPETES BRITISH VICTORY ON THE SEA

GERMAN FLAGS CAPTURED BY FRENCH.



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These colors, taken in the battle of the Marne, are on exhibition in the Chapelle des Invalides in Paris.

Unconfirmed Report Says Submarines Attacked Admiralty Harbor Unsuccessfully

DRESDEN IN MAGELLAN

British Officially Announce Nurnberg Destroyed by Sturdee's Squadron

London, Dec. 11.—Half a dozen German submarines made an attempt at 6:30 o'clock Thursday morning to enter the admiralty harbor, according to a Dover dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company and for half an hour the batteries kept up a furious fusillade, firing at least 200 shots. It is reported that two or three of the submarines were sunk, but no confirmation of this can be obtained.

Attack in Storm.

The attempt was made under cover of early morning darkness and during a heavy rainstorm. The first alarm, says the dispatch, was given by the firing of a naval gun, and soon all the batteries were in action.

The admiralty, to whom this dispatch was submitted, said that it had not received confirmation of the reported attack.

Dover is opposite the French town of Calais and is one of the chief ports of communication between England and the continent. The admiralty harbor, comprising an area of 610 acres, is the finest harbor of refuge in the channel. Its construction was begun in 1898 and completed in 1909, at a cost of \$17,500,000.

The western limit of the older commercial harbor and the admiralty harbor is the admiralty pier. The Commercial harbor is bound-

Wales pier, while the east arm of the Admiralty harbor is built out from the shore, to the east of Dover castle. There are numerous forts guarding the entrance.

Victory Is Complete.

London, Dec. 10.—The official bureau announced this afternoon that the German cruiser Nurnberg one of the warships which escaped from the English in the engagement of December 8, has been sunk.

The text of the official bureau statement reads:

"A further telegram has been received from Vice Admiral Sir Frederick Doveton Sturdee, reporting that the Nurnberg was also sunk on December 8, and that the search for the Dresden is still proceeding."

Holdup at Creekside.

James Walker, who conducts a small grocery at Creekside opened his store about 6 o'clock Friday morning and started the fires. A stranger entered and asked for chewing gum, then asked for a loaf of bread. When Walker turned around from getting the bread the man was pointing a revolver at him. Walker gappled with the fellow, who jerked loose from him and ran out of the store. Having no gun Walker did not follow him.

At 7 o'clock an American workman employed at the coal mines was held up, it is thought by the same fellow, at the point of a revolver and compelled to hand over \$5, all the money he had with him. The robber then escaped. He was an American, a big husky fellow; too lazy to work for a living.

No Stamps Necessary

J. Blair Sutton, recorder of deed for Indiana county, has been advised by the Department of Internal Revenue, that No Stamps will be required on deeds executed prior to December 1st, 1914.

All deeds executed prior to that date and not recorded will be exempt from the tax, and it is important that the people of our county make a note of this fact so that they may know that their deeds are valid if filed for record without any additional expense.

Advertise in The Patriot.

Name Attorney to

Defend Sam Mason

Attorney W. M. Mahan has been named to defend Samuel Mason, charged with the murder of his brother-in-law, John Roof. Mason told the Court that he had no money and that he would like to have an attorney.

Two miners from Scott Glenn, along the C. & C. branch of the Pennsylvania railroad, have been committed on charges of violating the mining laws.

John Zellinouza, of Parkwood, has been committed to jail on charges of larceny. He had in his possession some butter, apple-butter and other edibles and a stolen overcoat when arrested.

Farmers Bank Elects Officers

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Farmers' Bank of Indiana was held on Tuesday afternoon of last week and the following directors were re-elected: J. D. Ake, J. O. Clark, J. N. Langham, D. C. Mack, Godfrey Marshall, J. C. McGregor, Dr. R. F. McHenry, Robert Mitchell, D. B. Taylor, John B. Taylor and Harry W. Wilson. Attorney James W. Mack, of Indiana, was chosen a director to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of S. A. Rinn, of Punxsutawney. The meeting was presided over by Joseph D. Dickey, of White township.

New Captain for Normal

School Football Team.

Irvin Shick, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Shick, of East Chestnut street, was elected captain of the Indiana Normal school football team at a meeting of the athletic association of the school held on Saturday evening. Former Captain White and several of the other members of the team will graduate from the school in June.

MET Brother First

Time in 45 Years.

W. B. Stahl was surprised this week by an unannounced visit of his brother, Peter Stahl, of Prairie du Chien, Wis. It was the first meeting of the two brothers for 45 years. Mr. and Mrs. Peter Stahl were both natives of Cherryhill township and located in Wisconsin 30 years ago, at which time W. B. Stahl was located in another part of the west.

May Mean New Town.

Ward Calderwood has sold 135 acres of coal at Locust to Smith and Chapman, of Irwin, who have been active in that section. Tests are being made in the same section by the Bigler interests who have large holdings, and it is believed that a new coal operation will result.

Savings & Trust Company Checks.

The Savings & Trust Company of Indiana is this week mailing its checks to members of its 1914 club. The number of checks sent out was 1,385, aggregating \$31,009.

NEAPOLITANS IN A FINE CONCERT.

Italian Orchestra and Singers
Cave Splendid Program—Record Breaking Audience.

The Auditorium held the largest audience in its history since its renovation, for the second number of the Y. M. C. A. course Tuesday evening. The Neapolitans gave a most pleasing program of popular and lighter classical music, properly confining their numbers to such as can be successfully played by an orchestra of eight. The piccolo and trombone soloists were pleasing, and were warmly encouraged. As director, Signor Guarini, was effective, and the organization as a whole was even better than the Neapolitans of two years ago.

Signor Manetti and Madame Bellini sang numbers from "Il Trovatore" and "Chocolate Soldier," responding to numerous encores with Italian comic songs which pleased all, but were probably understood only by the Italians in the house. From all over Indiana county there was a large turn out of Italians to greet their fellow-countrymen. Special cars ran north and south after the concert.

No Clue to Gypsy

Safe Dynamiters

Indiana county officers have been unable to secure any clue to burglars who dynamited the safe in the F. V. Tyger store at Gypsy. The robbery was a daring one. The safe was removed from the back of the store to the front and a heavy charge of explosive tore away the door of the safe and wrecked the front of the building. About \$350 in cash was secured by the burglars. Tyger's loss is heavy. A number of persons heard the robbers at work, but thought it was only someone connected with the store unpacking stock until the explosion occurred.

Joe Cedro Paroled.

Sheriff George H. Jeffries left Thursday morning for the Allegheny Workhouse to bring back to Indiana Joe Cedro, who was recently paroled by Judge S. J. Telford. Cedro was implicated in a cutting affray at Ernest during last summer and was given a sentence of 12 months' imprisonment in the above mentioned institution.

Has Pneumonia After

Fight With Officer

Walter Blystone, a member of a prominent county family of near Creekside, is in the hospital department of the Indiana jail suffering from a serious attack of pneumonia. Blystone was arrested after a hard fight with Constable Griffith near Coral and was lodged in the county jail, where pneumonia developed. The prisoner is in a serious condition. Blystone is charged with surety of the peace.

Wilson Site for New

Indiana Postoffice.

Harry Wilson has received word from the United States treasury department that his residence site at Seventh and Church streets has been chosen as the site for the new Indiana postoffice. For years this has been the Wilson home. The price is \$18,000 and was selected from 15 available sites. The new postoffice will face the M. E. and Presbyterian churches on opposite corners of these streets and will abut the Dr. W. A. Simpson and G. P. McCartney residences.

WANTED—To buy a 6 or 7 passenger automobile; one that has been used but a few months. Apply at this office, giving make and price.