



Wm. H. Jacoby, Editor. Wednesday, July 10, 1867.

Democrat State Non-Resident. For Judge of the Supreme Court, Hon. Geo. Shearwood, of Philadelphia.

Who is Benefited by the War? The Republican asks the question, who was benefited by the war? and then answers by saying, "not the Democratic Party."

But to recur to the question, who was benefited by the war? The Doctor does not answer, and we will try to indicate the class of people who were so benefited.

That man now on Fifth Avenue, New York, who, previous to the war, was a pot-house politician, spending his afternoons and evenings with loafers, whose votes himself or his friends might soon want, while his wife and daughters occupied a garret, in faded calico, and in tears—this man, now owning and occupying that Brown Stone front, was made a Major General by his "friend," and he was benefited by the war.

Then again that merchant down town, who had the reputation of being a shrewd man, and of some influence as a politician in a local way, and who received that contract for a large amount of army clothing, and who has since moved into a large store room, and increased his stock to the extent of Fifty thousand Dollars, he was benefited by the war.

So also that Assessor of Revenue tax, with a salary of five thousand dollars a year; that gang of assistant assessors, that formidable brigade of collectors; in short, the locust-like host of government employees created by the war, they are all benefited by the war.

Our own little County of Columbia can furnish several illustrations in point.

But who else? certainly not the widows and orphans made such by merciless conscription; nor the numberless unfortunates with mutilated bodies, who are to be met with all over the land; none of these, SHODDY alone is benefited, and SHODDY, thy name is legion.

It was a copperhead prediction that to free the slaves was to incite to murder and every other crime. But the prediction has not yet been verified. Since their freedom the blacks have behaved themselves peacefully, and are, for the most part, industrious citizens, needing only education to make them ten fold more valuable to the society of which they form a part.—Republican.

Has not been verified? Look at the case of Mrs. Long, who was brutally ravished and then murdered, in her own house, last month, in North Carolina, by three negroes. Look at the case of Miss Weston, an educated and highly refined young lady of Georgia, who was lately dragged off her horse while taking an evening ride, by four negro soldiers attached to the Freedmen's Bureau, and kept by them two days and three nights in a swamp, and subjected to such pollution as makes the imagination revolt. We might continue this horrid catalogue, but we reflect that little good can be done to our readers by giving details of disgusting and human nature. When Dr. John says that the negroes since their freedom have behaved themselves peacefully, he either is ignorant of the facts, or is attempting to deceive his readers.

Hon. Wm. A. WALLACE—We cheerfully endorse the following from the Lancaster Intelligencer, in reference to the chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee:

"The unanimous re-election of Hon. Wm. A. Wallace as Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, and the extension of his term of office to January 1st, 1869, was a wise movement on the part of the State Convention. We have been thrown into very intimate association with Mr. Wallace since he has held the position of Chairman of the State Central Committee, and we bear willing testimony to his prudence, his political sagacity, his energy, his business capacity, his ability and fitness in all respects for a proper discharge of the duties of a most important position. He has marshaled the Democratic hosts in such a manner as must go far towards giving us the victory which now lies within our grasp. Having toiled faithfully without reward it was only right that he should be permitted to leave the toiling struggle."

It is said that through the agency of the "Nob Mountain Senator" the name of our late deceased friend Bob Clark, which for years stalked in the nostrils of the "Fishing-creekers," is beginning to bear among them an odor almost saintly. Indeed it is being reported that monuments are being showed down upon his head as copious as hail stones and coins of five once were! That is right. To forgive and forget is a Christian virtue.—Republican.

By what authority the editor of the Republican would connect Mr. Buckalew and Robert F. Clark politically, we do not know. Mr. Buckalew's political antecedents are matter of history, and the position of Mr. Clark, although a private citizen, is very well known. During the war, when that Brigade of soldiers were brought upon the citizens of Fishing Creek, Mr. Buckalew took a decided stand, so as to hinder as much as possible merciless and needless oppression. He used his best endeavors to procure the freedom of the Fishing Creek prisoners; and that the Doctor should attempt to connect him with that unfortunate affair other than as having used his good offices for the oppressed, is slanderous and villainous.

Democratic Candidates.

"As most of our people know, there will be elected this fall a Sheriff, County Treasurer, County Commissioner, County Auditor, and two Jury Commissioners. This last is a new office, created by an act of the Legislature of last winter, which act provides for the manner of drawing the respective jurors. This new fangled way is as follows: The wheel is filled by the two Jury Commissioners and one at least of the Judges of the Court. The Jury is then drawn by the two Jury Commissioners and the Sheriff. In selecting Jury Commissioners the citizens vote for but one—after the fashion of selecting Inspectors of Elections. Whether this is an improvement on the old-fashioned, time-honored plan, remains to be seen.

But the special necessity for careful selection on the part of the Democracy, in the selection of a County ticket is the thing to which we desire to call the attention of all good men and true. Shoddy has so firmly fixed itself in power that extraordinary exertion is necessary to unfix the hinges of its throne and send it toppling to the earth. The time has passed when it was thought that the selection of County officers could affect in any degree those grander questions which agitate the whole country. We now know that the ramifications of power reach the most remote districts, and disturb and influence the selection of incumbents of the most trifling municipal offices—as when a pebble is cast upon the water, the limit to its waves is unknown.

The war brought upon us most horrid experiences, such as were predicted in the Sacred Book—the turning of the son from the father, the husband from the wife. A large number of citizens of our own County had the bitter cup of merciless persecution placed to their lips, and the unfeeling men in power at that time, and their adherents, must expect no mercy from the true Democracy so long as the ballot box is a weapon in the hands of an outraged people.

In the selection of candidates for the various offices, then, let one cardinal principle be observed. Let no man be selected who affiliates in the remotest degree with the would-be cut throats who put their foot upon our necks four years ago. In the words of Washington, as applied by the Chairman of the Democratic State Com., let us have no "outangling alliances." There is sufficient inherent vitality in the Democratic Party to regenerate the country without asking assistance from any quarter. Sooner failing than acquire victory through the hired help of spies and traitors. Therefore let good men, Democrats of the deepest dye be nominated. Of course we have the strength in the County to elect the candidates judiciously placed in nomination, but the desirable moral effect—the severe rebuke will be lost if we select men of the "engineering," time serving class.

The destiny of our country is not uncertain. The principles of Truth, which are no other than the principles of Democracy, will prevail in due time. An inscrutable Providence allows the wicked to now hold the reins of power; but let us watch and work. In the mean time let us spurn the snake like embrace of faction, and by keeping ourselves to ourselves not lose the dignity which we have always maintained as the grand conservators of the civilized world.

Who is President of the United States.

Certainly not Andrew Johnson. Because: 1st.—The July session of Congress is convened, not by the President, in the White House at Washington, but by Thaddeus Stevens, in Pennsylvania. The Constitution says the President "may on extraordinary occasions convene both Houses—or one of them," but as the convening in this case is at the instance of Stevens, a good many people, naturally enough, are concluding that he must be President of the United States.

2d. Others think it must be Secretary Stanton, seeing that it is him, and not to Andrew Johnson, that some of the Southern Calphs are addressing their edicts, rescripts and communications. Thus to-day, the telegraph tells us, that Secretary Stanton has refused to receive the resignation of General Sickles. Andrew Johnson is not permitted to have any voice in the matter.

3d. Possibly, however, both of these classes of persons may be mistaken. The Express inclines to the conviction that Gen. Sheridan is President. No man who is not persuaded that he is invested with supreme power, would have dared to write such a letter as he did the other day to General Grant, respecting the President and the President's orders.

It may be, though, that instead of being but one President as prescribed by the Constitution, we have now three or four,—the one having the least power and the least respect paid to him being the one who occupies the chair in which Washington sat. A. Y. Democratic Express.

Montour County.

The Democracy of Montour County held their nominating convention on Saturday the 22d ult., and made the following nominations: County Commissioner, ANDREW C. RUSSELL; District Attorney, GEORGE D. BUTLER; Jury Commissioner, DANIEL BILMEYER, and County Auditor, ELIAS HAAS.

W. D. Weidenhamer and Dr. F. C. Kester were appointed Representative Congressmen with instructions to support THOMAS CHALFANT for re-nomination.

Jos. H. CAMPBELL, Esq., was appointed Chairman of the Standing County-Committee. The time was fixed for holding the next Convention on the first Monday of August, 1868.

Judge Shearwood.—The Harrisburg correspondent of the Chambersburg Repository (Radical) pays the following handsome and just compliment to the Democratic candidate for Supreme Judge:

"Of the nominee, George Shearwood, now President Judge of the District Court for the city and county of Philadelphia, I can but say, that while he is not regarded by the profession as an equal of the present Chief Justice as a jurist, yet he enjoys the respect and confidence of the people of Philadelphia, regardless of politics, and is known throughout the State as a gentleman of fine legal talent, spotless integrity, and dignity of character."

Beigham Young took only two dozen of his wives with him on his recent pleasure trip South.

SURRATT'S TRIAL.

The evidence for the prosecution in this case has closed. To the minds of unprejudiced, thinking men, there is no evidence to connect this young man with the killing of Lincoln. He may have been, at some time, connected with a plot to carry off the old gentleman and keep him concealed until something would "turn up," but that plan seems to have been abandoned, after which it does not appear that Surrott had anything to do with any conspiracy of any kind. The defence opened on Monday, and it is expected that it will be shown that Surrott was away from Washington at the time Lincoln died, and had no connection with the party who shouted so loudly for the tyrant, on the boards of Ford's Theatre.

NEGRO SUFFRAGE.

Let the people of Pennsylvania bear in mind that the Republican State Convention recently held in Williamsport, dodged the question of Negro Suffrage. During the last hour of the Convention, Mr. Nowlin, a delegate from Philadelphia, offered a resolution in favor of "impartial Suffrage," which resolution was referred to the appropriate committee without debate; and in the bosom of that Committee it now rests; the convention having adjourned without a report on the resolution being made. The convention was afraid to face the music.

It may do for the abolitionists to cram negro suffrage down the throats of the people of the subjugated South, but they are not quite prepared to attempt the thing with the sturdy yeomanry of Pennsylvania. This attempt, however, may be made soon. Let the people watch and work.

The Funeral of Hon. Chas. Dennison.

The Funeral of the Hon. Chas. Dennison, Member of Congress of this district, took place at 3 o'clock P. M., yesterday, at Wilkes-Barre. Although not present we are informed by several that the attendance of the Masonic Fraternity and other friends of the deceased was very large, reaching a number of thousands. The funeral services were held at the late residence of the deceased, and the body taken to the family burying ground at Forty Fort for interment.

The procession, composed of carriages and persons on foot, was very large, and was over one hour in crossing the bridge. Every possible demonstration was made to manifest esteem for the deceased.

The Union Railroad Company kindly sent up a train of four cars, to accommodate such in this city, as desired to show their respect for the deceased. Nearly one hundred members of the various Masonic lodges of this city, and probably one hundred and fifty other persons, availed themselves of the opportunity. A much larger number would have attended could seats have been provided. The return train left Wilkes-Barre at 6 and reached here at 7 o'clock last evening.—Scranton Register July 4th.

P. John says we are "mum" about the "Fishing-creek Conferency." Some of his followers and creatures called on us a few weeks ago and begged, for the sake of their families, not to expose them. They are now on their good behavior.—Columbian.

Have you reference to Bob Clark, or is it the late delegate to the Philadelphia "arm in arm" Convention who wanted neck ground for the "Fishing-creek Conferency"? Let us have the "history" and the "reason" for this so-called delicate deference. Who called on you? Who is begging? Who is on his good behavior.—Columbia County Republican.

P. John should really be ashamed of himself for asking a neighboring cotemporary such questions, when it relates to so serious a matter, concerning his then most intimate friends and assistants, in getting up that military raid on the Democratic people of Fishing-creek, all for a political purpose. Oh shame where is thy blush?

The attention of the travelers in the Cars between Williamsport and Philadelphia is directed to the Card in our columns of "Mr. Gilton's Phoenix Line of Omnibuses," by which will be seen that he is at all times ready, on the arrival of the trains at Rupert Station—opposite Bloomsburg—to convey parties to that place or any other section of the country they may desire to visit. Mr. Gilton keeps most excellent horses and vehicles, for the accommodation of the public, and we take pleasure in saying, that he is a very attentive and accommodating gentleman. On arriving at Rupert, look out for Phoenix Omnibus Coach and Match Horses.—Lycoming Standard.

The Cincinnati Enquirer keeps it before the people that 2,500,000 Radical votes have 216 members of Congress, while 3,500,000 Democratic votes have but sixty members. Well, what of it?—Times.

There is this about it: 1. It stops, or should stop the assertion of ignoramus that the people of the country are opposed to the President's reconstruction policy. They are not, but a majority of a million are in favor of it.

2. It shows that the pretended representatives of the people no longer represent their will, but flagrantly misrepresent it.

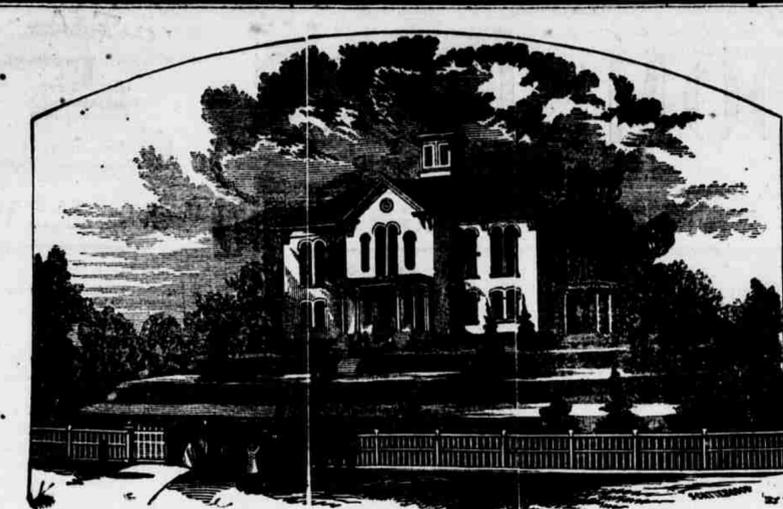
3. It intimates that there is something rotten in Denmark; something that must be corrected; or else we must abandon all claim to be considered a country under Democratic institutions.

4. It is pretty conclusive evidence that our government, as at present administered—though nominally a government of the majority—it is a big swindle, managed by and for the benefit of the few, at the cost of the many.

The Clinton Democrat came to hand last week in an enlarged form. It is now a thirty-two column paper and presents a fine typographical appearance. It is ably edited by our young friends, the Furey Brothers, and ranks second to none in the central part of the State. Before the advent of the above gentleman, the Democrat was not much of an honor to Look Haven, as it was a small sheet and nearly filled with advertisements. Under the present regime the local interests of the town are attended to and mongrelism receives proper treatment.

The above handsome notice is taken from the Columbia Herald and we heartily endorse it.

The ICE IS BREAKING.—There is one Republican paper, published at Newark Ohio. The True American, which has refused to give the negro suffrage plank. It is the first white Republican sheet we have heard of. Who comes next?



BLOOMSBURG LITERARY INSTITUTE.

THE NEXT TERM OF THE INSTITUTE WILL COMMENCE ON MONDAY, AUGUST 26, 1867.

FOR TERMS, &c., SEND FOR CATALOGUE TO HENRY CARVER, Principial.

BLOOMSBURG, Pa., July 10, 1867.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, July 7. It is expected that the President will tomorrow send to the Senate, in answer to a resolution of that body, copies of all orders, regulations, &c., transmitted to commanders of military districts in the South, for their guidance in the execution of the so-called reconstruction act. These documents have been called for with a view to aid the majority in framing an additional act, which shall overrule, in every particular, the liberal construction placed upon the original and supplemental laws, by the President and Cabinet, and especially to meet the recent incontrovertible opinions of the Attorney-General on the subject. There is some talk among the Radical leaders, of dropping the several amendatory bills.

The statement contained in the Washington correspondence of the New York Tribune and Baltimore Sun, to the effect that the Kentucky members are sanguine of being admitted to their seats to-morrow, is regarded here as rather premature. It is highly probable that several of them may be admitted ere the lapse of many days, but the disposition of the majority of the House is to exclude those who are charged by affidavits with disloyalty, &c., &c., pending an investigation as to the truth of the allegations. If, however, the Election Committee should report in favor of the admission, it is quite likely that such report will be adopted by a close vote.

At present there are no indications as to when the committee will submit their report. The only statement in regard to Mr. J. H. Bradley, Jr., yesterday, in behalf of Suratt, took the counsel for the government very much by surprise. They did not anticipate such a powerful array of evidence as Mr. Bradley referred to in his address. There is no doubt that, if allowed, the defense will prove more than Mr. B. intimated. But there is great danger that, by the adverse ruling of the Court, the prisoner will be deprived of a great deal of testimony necessary to his complete defense, as well as to the vindication of the memory of his murdered mother. A large number of witnesses are here for the accused, and it is confidently predicted that he will establish, beyond all question, the very important fact that on the 14th and 15th of April, 1865, he was several hundred miles distant from this city.

Hon. CHARLES DENNISON, member of Congress from the Twelfth District of this State, died at Wilkes-Barre on Thursday morning, at the age of 59 years. He had been in ill health for a long time. Mr. Dennison was a native of the Wyoming Valley, and was born in January, 1808. In 1839 he graduated at Dickinson College; then read law and entered on its practice. He represented his Congressional district in the 38th and 39th Congresses. He was a gentleman of decided ability, and of considerable success as well as political popularity. While in public life, he commanded the respect of all parties for his laborious and intelligent services. His death leaves a vacancy in this Democratic delegation of Pennsylvania, which it is to be hoped, will be filled by one of the same politics and equal intellectual fitness.—Reading Gazette.

Hon. Charles Dennison, the deceased Democratic member of Congress from the 12th Dist., was born in Wyoming Valley in 1808; graduated at Dickinson College 1839, adopted and practiced the study of law, was elected a Representative to the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Congresses. He was an honest and upright man, and largely enjoyed the confidence of the people of his district.—His enemies were few, because his life was devoted to usefulness.—American Volunteer.

THE BLACK CLOUD.—The registration in Norfolk, Va., is completed, and shows that there are of negroes 2,000, and of whites 1,846 voters registered. The registration in Petersburg, Virginia, this far, stands eight hundred and eighty one whites and one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven blacks. The following are the colored majorities in registration: Richmond, 113; Chesterfield county, 500; Henrico county, 200.

The Wheat Crop this year, it is anticipated, will be the greatest crop of that grain ever grown in the United States. A careful analysis of information from all the States shows that the total average in wheat is 10 to 15 per cent. greater than last year. In a majority of the States the breadth of the winter wheat is quite as wide as usual, and that of spring wheat much greater. The reports of the condition of the crop show that it is much better than last year, and the harvest is estimated at 200,000,000 bushels. The harvest has already begun in the North, so that the crop of the entire country may now be considered free from any ordinary danger.

It costs \$120,000 a day to register the Southern voters. In other words it will cost from ten to twenty million dollars to Radicalize the Southern States, and keep Stevens, Forney & Co. in office.

Receipts to the "Democrat" for the month of June 1867.

Table listing names and amounts: E. Ikeler, \$2.00; John C. Doty, 2.00; Jackson Ikeler, 2.00; John Billime, 2.00; R. Bomboy, 2.00; Jesse Coleman, 40.00; Andrew Hess, 2.00; John Bruner, 1.00; A. Evans, 2.00; J. B. Henry, 2.00; J. Shoemaker, 1.00; Wm. G. Quick, 4.00; Samuel Rimby, 1.00; Wm. Robert's Est., 4.50; John Jones, 2.00; Samuel All, 1.00; B. H. Jackson, 2.00; Andrew Hess, 2.00; Edward Henry, 2.00; E. Barringer, 2.00; Y. H. Koler, 2.00; D. W. Robbins, 15.00; Cornelius Bellas, 2.00; S. B. Johnson, 2.00; C. G. Barkley, 3.00; C. N. Savage, 2.00; T. C. M. Henry, 3.00; Robert Frut, 2.00; Robert Stout, 3.00; Jacob Schuyler, 3.00; A. J. Albertson, 3.00; C. McHenry, 2.50; Joseph Lilley, 5.00; M. Lemmon, 1.00; W. J. Ikeler, 2.00; David Brown, 2.50; W. H. Koler, 2.00; D. W. Robbins, 15.00; A. Young, 3.50; John H. Heller, 2.50; Robert Frut, 2.00; Wm. Gilmore, 10.00; Samuel Snyder, 12.00; Philip Knapp, 3.00; W. Erasmus, 2.00; W. H. Bartol, 2.50; G. Stine Miller, 3.25; E. C. Jones, 2.50; Albert Hunter, 2.68; J. C. Smith, 2.50; John Benge, 2.00; David Phillips, 2.50; M. Millard, 3.00; Jasper Demott, 2.50; Jeremiah Hess, 2.00; Wm. Graham, 2.50; J. M. Macallister, 5.00; Aaron Smith, 3.50; Lewis Roth, 1.00; Wheeler Shultz, 5.00; N. J. Hendershot, 9.00; Shipman, 1.00.

BASE BALL MATCH played July 4th, A. D. 1867, between Independent nine of Bloomsburg and Gazette Club of Berwick, Columbia County, on the ground of the latter.

Table with columns for Independent and Gazette scores: INDEPENDENT, O. R. (GAZETTE) O. R. Sloan, f. b. 4 11 Snodgrass, p. 2 7; Shutt, s. b. 3 12 Devenport, l. b. 9 9; Mendenhall, c. 2 13 Woodson, s. s. 1 7; Buckalew, p. 3 13 Jackson, s. b. 5 3; Billmeyer, s. s. 3 11 Hubbel, r. f. 3 4; Phillips, c. b. 5 11 Fowler, l. f. 2 6; Connor, l. b. 1 14 Brobst, 2. b. 4 5; Ward, c. f. 1 14 Opdyke, c. f. 4 3; Rupert, r. f. 3 11 Smith, c. 3 5; TOTALS, 24 110 TOTALS, 24 49; INNINGS, 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8; INDEPENDENT, 6 17 20 0 14 9 18 26; 11 10; GAZETTE, 4 5 16 12 1 3 4 4 9.

MARRIED.

On the 19th ult., at the house of the bride's father, by the Rev. Thomas H. Cullen, Mr. ALFRED ALBION KATZ, daughter of Caleb Barton, of Bloomsburg, by G. P. Driedbach, J. P., of Union M. AVE., to Miss PHOENIX MICHAEL, of Niffin, Columbia County.

On the 9th ult., by the Rev. T. M. Morris, Mr. DANIEL W. WEAVER, to Miss Willie Stricker, both of Catawissa, Columbia County, Pa.

On the 13th ult., in Hughesville, Pa., by the Rev. H. W. Buck, Mr. ABRAHAM BENNETT, of Greenwood, Columbia County, to Miss Elmira Lawton, of the same place.

At the residence of Abraham Dieterich at Catawissa, on the 24th ult., by Samuel Dieterich Esq., Mr. THOMAS H. H. THORNTON, to Miss ELLEN YORR, all of Columbia County, Pa.

On the 30th ult., by Rev. William J. Eyer, Mr. LLOYD FARRINGER, to Miss EMELINE GOTTSCHALL, both of Catawissa, Pa.

On the 4th ult., by the Rev. Wm. J. Eyer, Mr. William Snyder, to Miss Elizabeth Schultz, both of Franklin Township, Columbia County, Pa.

On Thursday morning, July 4th, at the Lutheran Parsonage, by Rev. B. F. Altemann, Elisha Driedbach, to Mary M. C. Betz, all of Columbia County.

DIED.

In Greenwood, on the 18th ult., SARAH E. MOORE, aged 11 years and 9 months. In Greenwood township, ELIA LYMONS, aged 6 months and 6 days.

CANDIDATE DEPARTMENT.

County Commissioners. We are authorized to announce the name of DAVID FRASER, of Locust Township, for COUNTY COMMISSIONER, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention, to be held at Bloomsburg, on Monday, the 26th of August, 1867. Locust Township, June 12, 1867.—p.

County Treasurer. Through the solicitations of my friends I have been induced to present myself as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. ROBERT STOUT, Madison Township, June 12, 1867.—p.

Sheriff. ANDREW J. ALBERTSON, of Greenwood Township, has been induced to offer himself as a candidate for SHERIFF of Columbia County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention, June 10, 1867.—p.

Sheriff. WE are authorized to announce the name of A. K. SMITH, of Madison Township, as a candidate for the office of High Sheriff of Columbia County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention, to be held at Bloomsburg, on Monday, the 26th of August, 1867. Centre Township, June 19, 1867.—p.

Sheriff. JOSIAH H. PULMAN, of Bloomsburg, has authorized us to announce his name as a candidate for Sheriff of Columbia County, subject to the decision of the County Convention, June 10, 1867.

Sheriff. PETER BILMEYER, of Bloomsburg, has authorized us to announce his name as a candidate for Sheriff of Columbia County, and if nominated and elected to please himself to perform the duties of the office as the law requires, and at the same time work faithfully and earnestly for the success of the Democratic Party, and the remaining candidates; subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention, June 10, 1867.—p.

Sheriff. WE have been authorized to announce that M. W. MILLER, of Centre Township, Columbia Co., will be a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of Columbia County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention, on the 26th of August, 1867.

Sheriff. AMUEL KLINE, of Benton Township, offers himself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of Columbia County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention, June 20, 1867.

Sheriff. WILLIAM APPELMAN, of Benton, has authorized us to announce his name for the office of SHERIFF of Columbia County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention, to be held at Bloomsburg, on Monday, the 26th of August, 1867.

Treasurer. WE are authorized to announce the name of FRANKLIN L. SHUMAN, of Catawissa Township, for the office of COUNTY TREASURER, subject to the decision of the County Convention, June 20, 1867.

Treasurer. WE are authorized to announce the name of JOHN W. HARTMAN, of Benton Township, as a candidate for the office of COUNTY TREASURER, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention, on the 26th of August, 1867.

County Treasurer. HAVING served the Democracy of Columbia County faithfully for a number of years in the capacity of editor and publisher of the Harrisburg Gazette, and believing that long and faithful service is entitled to consideration at the hands of the party, I have been induced to allow my name to be put forward as a candidate for COUNTY TREASURER, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention, to be held at Bloomsburg, on Monday, the 26th of August, 1867. J. S. SANDERS, Berwick, June 20, 1867, ad.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The interest of R. Stober in the partnership business of Stober & Widmayer in Bloomsburg having been sold to J. Widmayer, the said partnership is hereby dissolved as of the 1st day of July 1867. Notice is hereby given that the said partnership heretofore existing between R. Stober & J. Widmayer in the business of Baking and Confectionary in Bloomsburg Pa. was dissolved by mutual consent on said 1st day of July 1867. The books of the said partnership are now in the hands of J. Widmayer for settlement at the old stand in the Exchange Building, where a full and complete account of the partnership will be given by Frederick Widmayer & Sons, Jacoby & F. WIDMAYER, Bloomsburg, June 19, 1867.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The Co-Partnership heretofore existing between Hutchison & Ash, in the tanning business, in Fishing-creek, Columbia County, was dissolved as of the 27th day of March 1867, by mutual consent. Those having accounts to settle can present them for adjustment to either of the partners, to-wit: Hutchison & Ash, Fishing-creek, June 3, 1867.

BOROUGH CENTRALIA BOUNTY FUND.

AUDITORS STATEMENT. Dr. To principal on two Bonds at time of division, \$1054.24 Interest on Bonds to Apr. 15, 1867, 8.24 1062.48

By cash paid on Bonds by David Camp, Treas. 395.00 Cash in Treasurer's hands 75.00 Amt due from Stephen Thomas, Collector Bounty Tax, 305.70 775.76

Balance due from Borough or Township Bonds, 286.73 We, the undersigned auditors, do hereby certify that we have carefully examined the foregoing accounts and find them correct.

J. J. HOAGLAND, Auditors. T. MURPHY, Centralia, June 5, 1867.—3t

A NEW STOCK OF GOODS.

FOR THE HARDWARE TRADE OF COLUMBIA COUNTY, AT THE NEW STORE OF C. W. SNYDER, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Consists of every article found in a first class hardware store, including the following: IRON, NAILS, AND STEEL. WAGON SPRINGS AND AXLES. PAINTS, OILS, AND GLASS.

CHAIN AND GRASS BITTERS, AND ARTIFICIAL GRASS CRADLES, RAKES, &c., &c. KIRBY'S COMBINED REAPER & MOWER, HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED PATENT BAG-HOLDER, AND THE IMPROVED CHERRY SEEDER.

REBERGERS OIL POLISH at Wholesale and Retail. GIVE HIM A CALL, Bloomsburg, June 11, 1867.—p.

WELL-TRIED REMEDIES.

RUSSELL'S ITCH OINTMENT, an immediate and certain cure for scratches of the face, neck, and hands. RUSSELL'S SALT RHEUM OINTMENT. RUSSELL'S PILE OINTMENT, cures after all other remedies have failed.

These ointments are certain, safe, and reliable, and are sold by all respectable and medicine dealers. For sale by all respectable and medicine dealers. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, free of charge. Address DR. J. MILLER HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. June 5, 1867.—p.

DIED.

In Greenwood, on the 18th ult., SARAH E. MOORE, aged 11 years and 9 months. In Greenwood township, ELIA LYMONS, aged 6 months and 6 days.