

Salt Lake Evening Democrat.

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SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, TUESDAY, MAY 5, 1885.

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JOHN BULL'S BACKDOWN!

It Virtually Surrenders Penjdeh to the
Russians.

Earl Dufferin Resigns as Viceroy of
India.

Gladstone and Granville Make Some
"Honorable" Explanations.

The Peace Arrangement.

LONDON, May 5.—The Standard, commenting on Gladstone's speech in the House of Commons last evening on the Afghan question, says: "No doubt is now entertained that the arrangement between England and Russia includes

"THE SURRENDER OF PENJDEH TO RUSSIA. The statement regarding the cessation of Penjdeh to Russia, published in the Standard of April 15th, turns out to have been accurate, although the government pronounced the report unauthorized.

RESIGNED IN DISGUST.
LONDON, May 5.—It is rumored on the London Stock Exchange that the Earl of Dufferin has resigned the office of Viceroy of India.

ABOUT THE TRUTH OF IT.
The Globe of to-day says the so-called adjustment of the Anglo-Russian dispute is a poor shift, which amounts practically to nothing more than a truce for averting a collision, and which will result in nothing but a transfer of difficulty from Gladstone's shoulders to those of his successors.

ENGLISH AND RUSSIAN FINANCES.
LONDON, May 5.—1:20 p. m.—Consols opened this morning at 98 for both money and account. Russian securities of 1873 opened at 93 and are now 92. Home and foreign securities strong and steady; stocks are also steady.

2 p. m.—Consols for both accounts are now quoted at 98 1/4.

LORD GRANVILLE'S STATEMENT.
LONDON, May 5.—Granville, in the House of Lords this afternoon, stated on behalf of the government that he could conceive of nothing better than referring the dispute of the Penjdeh incident, involving the honor of two officers, to the decision of a third party in whom each side had perfect confidence. In this way the whole matter could be closed honorably for both sides.

LUMSDEN ORDERED HOME.
LONDON, May 5.—In the House of Commons this afternoon, Gladstone, in answer to questions, stated that Sir Peter Lumsden, British Afghan boundary commissioner, and Colonel Stewart, had been ordered to come home immediately.

QUESTIONING GLADSTONE.
LONDON, May 5.—Gladstone, in the House of Commons this evening, was asked how it was that Lumsden was recalled from the Afghan frontier by England while General Komaroff was retained there by Russia, and if these facts would not indicate a case of wrong on England's side in the Afghan dispute. Gladstone stated that there was no relation between the cases of Sir Peter Lumsden and General Komaroff. "The latter was not recalled because he was going to the Russian forces, while Sir Peter had been employed in a purely civil capacity. Lumsden, the Premier added, had not been recalled, but had been consulted upon the subject, and in conformity to his own views had been requested to return to England. As it had been decided to carry on in London all future communications with Russia about the main points on the Afghan frontier line, both Sir Peter Lumsden and Col. Stewart had been directed to come to London.

How Hale & Norcross Looks.
There is absolutely nothing new to report in regard to operations on the 2900 level of the Hale & Norcross. Notwithstanding the deep public interest manifested in the progress of the work of exploring the vein on these levels, the management are opposed to the publication of daily reports of the situation in the mine. "Everything is about the same as yesterday," is the answer the reporter received this morning at the Savage office. "You newspaper men are entirely too previous and impatient; you always keep your heads up," remarked the superintendent. "But," replied the reporter, "the public are anxious to catch the faintest breath of news wafted up from the 2900 and 3000 levels of the Hale & Norcross, and in order to satisfy this craving it becomes necessary for a live news-gatherer to make his diurnal visits at the risk of being fired out or reasonably discharging his fellow's life." "We do not want to bull the stock, and intend to give the facts in regard to the appearance of the mine, regardless of the fluctuations in the price." The reporter was finally permitted to state that the face of the north-south drift from crosscut No. 4 on the 2900 level, and of the north drift from crosscut No. 2 along the vein on the 3000 level, are both showing up fully as well as they did yesterday.—Virginia Chronicle, 3d.

It was at the second battle of Bull Run that a cannon-ball carried off a poor soldier's leg. "Carry me to the rear!" he cried to a tall Yankee companion, who had been fighting by his side. The Yankee caught the wounded soldier up, and as he was about to put him across and his shoulder, another cannon-ball carried away the poor fellow's head. The Yankee however, in the confusion did not notice this, but proceeded with his burden toward the rear. "What are you carrying that thing for?" cried the officer. "This!" returned the Yankee. "Why, he hasn't any legs," cried the officer. The Yankee looked at his load, and for the first time saw that what the officer said was true. Throwing down the body, he cried, "Confound him, he told me it was his leg!"

This Charleston News says that so soon as ex-Governor Moses, who is serving a term in prison for stealing money from Colonel T. W. Higginson, gets out of confinement he will take the lecture platform. This is very bad, indeed, but if he does not take the footlight scenery, and orchestra chairs, perhaps the platform charge will not be pressed.—Chicago Tribune.

Oliver Logan says she knows of swans that are 150 years old. "Ollie has doubtless observed them since her childhood," says a cruel slanderer.

KOMAROFF'S CUNNING.

How the Russian General Got
"Onto" the Afghans.

SIMLA, May 5.—Eye witnesses of the Penjdeh affair say that on March 29th Taib Salar, Afghan commander, received General Komaroff's ultimatum, in substance that unless the Afghans retired from the left bank of the Kuskik and the right bank of the Murghab before the evening of that date that the Russians would drive them out. Captain Yates then conferred with Colonel Zacharowski, as already reported. The same night Taib Salar,

AFTER CONSULTING WITH BRITISH OFFICERS, declined to evacuate the positions referred to, but offered to consider reasonable proposals regarding pickets and outposts. General Komaroff made no answer to this offer, and next morning, during a rainfall accompanied by heavy mist, the Russians advanced, Turcoman cavalry covering the infantry. This movement drew the Afghan fire, when the Turcomans opened out, showing battalions of the Seventh and the 10th, and two Cossack and eight guns. Two of the latter came into action and the infantry fired volleys for half an hour,

SWEETING THE AFGHANS DOWN
In files. The Afghans, with muzzled and wet powder, answered feebly, while two guns, badly positioned, replied to the Russian artillery. The Kuskik river was swollen and overflowing. The only means of retreat was by the Pul-Khishi bridge, seven feet wide. The Cossacks swept forward on the left flank of the Afghans, and the Russian infantry charged their intrenchments and carried them at the expense of the lives of hundreds of the defenders, who resisted bravely. After the first shot the British officers, five miles south, hurried to the spot and met the Afghans in full retreat, both from Ak-Tapa and Pul-Khishat. Col. Alkhanoff, with a strong escort crossed the bridge, and occupied the Afghan military governor's tent, but no pursuit was made. Colonel Alkhanoff ordered his Saruk Turcomans to attack Captain Yates' party, which arrived during the Afghan retreat. Captain Yates asked Colonel Zacharowski for an interview, and requested that troops be sent to guard the British camp. No answer was given the request. Some Tekke Turcomans appeared on the scene and the Saruk Turcomans with Captain Yates urged a retreat. The British were relieved under the severity of the Zairi chiefs. Taib Salar was badly wounded. The Afghans were demoralized. A copy of the telegrams giving the news of the agreement of March 17th was given Colonel Zacharowski March 27th.

ON THE FIELD OF GETTYSBURG.
President Cleveland Present at the
Gettysburg Centennial Yesterday.

GETTYSBURG, May 5.—The historical visit of the veterans of the Army of the Potomac to the battlefield of Gettysburg took place yesterday. The occasion was the third of a series of annual visits to certain battlefields of the late war. The President, after two months' trying labor at the capital, made this the occasion for his first holiday, and arrived at half past 11. His special car was the last of the special train of seven cars. With him came the Vice-President, Secretary and Mrs. Endicott and daughter, Secretary Whitney and Postmaster-General Vilas, Commissioner Black, General Frey, the Swiss Minister and General and Miss Rosecrans. The party were in charge of ex-Governor Curtin. Among the people of note on the train was the chief of the Union artillery at the battle of Gettysburg, General Braun and General Dudley, ex-Commissioner of Pensions. The President's carriage, containing the President and Vice-President, Governor Fallison and ex-Governor Curtin led the way through the village to the cemetery, three-quarters of a mile away, where the ceremonies of the day took place.

The Chinese Must Go.
TORONTO, May 5.—A special from Victoria, B. C., says: At a meeting of the citizens held here yesterday to consider the Chinese question, resolutions were passed setting forth the responsibility that would rest on the Dominion government if rioting and bloodshed ensued, and asking representatives of the province at Ottawa to withdraw their support from the government should it neglect to introduce and carry a bill for the report of a Chinese commission. The feeling here is intense against the continued flooding of this province with the pagans, and it is deemed imperative that the restrictive measures should be passed at once, so as to take effect by July 1st.

Bloody Work on the Isthmus.
PANAMA, via Galveston, May 5.—Sunday night last a fracas occurred between some Jamaicans and National soldiers at Culebra. The latter were disarmed and afterward retired. After procuring reinforcements they returned and broke into the barracks where the Jamaicans were sleeping, and in a most barbarous manner killed twenty-five of them and wounded twenty others. Only one Colombian was killed, and none wounded. The Jamaicans are leaving in great numbers, and their departure will delay the work of the canal.

Captain Phelan in Court.
NEW YORK, May 5.—The opening speeches in the trial of Richard Short for stabbing Captain Phelan were heard today, and Phelan proceeded to give his testimony. He stated that he never threatened the life of O'Donovan Rossa, but had said he would see that Rossa would not publish articles against him.

Indians and Holy Orders.
The Catholic mission in the Rocky Mountains are, it appears, being attended with very considerable success. One of the latest outcroppings of these missions is an arrangement, according to which six Indian boys are to be taken to Ireland during the coming Summer to be educated in the priesthood in the missionary college lately established near Limerick. If the young men should show a liking for the work with becoming self-denial and perseverance, they will enter into holy orders and return to their native West to labor among those of their own race.—Bellevue Chronicle, April 30th.

A CARNIVAL OF HORROR!

A Brooklyn Death-Trap Collapses with
Terrible Results.

Men, Women and Girls in the Blazing,
Rotten Ruins.

Scenes of Frenzy and Excitement in the
Streets.

A Black Day in Brooklyn.
NEW YORK, May 5.—Early this morning two houses, Nos. 55 and 57 Atlantic street, Brooklyn, fell in with a crash. A number of persons are reported killed and others are seriously injured.

The Abbott buildings, on State street, which are let out with steam power for various manufacturing purposes, together with a building in the rear, were destroyed. The rear building was undergoing repairs, and one of the props under the girders gave way, when the entire structure collapsed, burying the workmen beneath the ruins. Fire then communicated with the front buildings and despite the efforts of the firemen, they were destroyed. About fifteen workmen are supposed to be in the ruins.

Brooklyn, May 5.—Shortly after 9 o'clock this morning, there was a crash at 55 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, and people on looking up from the street saw that the roof of the building had fallen across a portion of the walls had fallen; they could hear

THE SCREAMS OF THE PEOPLE
Injured, and it seemed but a moment when a volume of smoke rolled up, showing that the building had taken fire.

HUNDREDS OF PEOPLE, MEN, WOMEN AND GIRLS.
Were at work at the various branches of business carried on in the building, which covered considerable ground, having wings and which extended through from Atlantic to State street. As soon as the crash was heard of the falling roof, hundreds of those employed in the building endeavored to make their way out by every avenue of escape, and some who were the last to reach the street appeared with begrimed faces and blood streaming from the wounds which they had received from falling timbers.

EXCITEMENT IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD.
Became very great, and in a short time the wives of the men who were known to be working in the building, and the parents of girls who were employed, blocked the streets. Three alarms of fire were sent out, and the speaker of a large number of police had to be called in to keep the people out of the way of danger. It was reported at first that about one hundred girls who were employed in Milo Hyndes' booting works, which were on the top floor, where the roof fell in, were killed, but it appears

SOME OF THE GIRLS MADE THEIR ESCAPE.
By climbing on the roofs of tenement houses. The buildings were occupied by twenty small manufacturing, and there were about 500 men and women employed therein. It was a five-story building erected twenty-seven years ago, and was a lumbering like timber. When the firemen arrived, they found many young women at the windows screaming wildly for help, their retreat being cut off. The firemen quickly ran up the ladders, but the girls were hemmed in and

MANY FELL BACK INTO THE FLAMES
Before help could reach them. The character of the building hindered the efforts of the firemen. It was ascertained that the engineer of the factory, Daniel J. Lowry, was one of the victims. He was killed by the falling of the left wall. The cause of the fire was the overturning of the boilers of the soap factory on the second floor. The west wall of the building wing on Atlantic Avenue had settled, and workmen were screwing it up with jacks. The middle jack had been screwed up too high, and it was lowered, when the whole weight of the wall came upon the two jacks at the end, and it fell with a crash.

Ten or twelve have been taken out severely injured. Chief Levenson said he thought there were

AT LEAST TWENTY-FIVE PEOPLE IN THE RUINS.
Buried bodies have been taken from the ruins, three beyond recognition.

IN FAVOR OF THE RAILROADS.
WASHINGTON, May 5.—In the Supreme Court the opinion was given in several Union Pacific and Kansas Pacific railway cases. The principal question involved in these cases is whether a suit brought in a state against a corporation of the United States may be removed by such corporation into the Circuit Court of the United States on the ground of its being a corporation organized under the laws of the United States. Mr. Justice Bradley delivered the opinion of the court, holding that corporations of the United States created by and organized by order of acts of Congress, like the plaintiff in error in these cases, are entitled, as such, to remove into the Circuit courts of the United States suits brought against them in State courts, under and by virtue of the act of March 3d, 1875, on the ground that such suits arise under the laws of the United States. The Court directs that judgments in all the cases be reversed, and that the causes be remanded within the instructions to enter judgment in accordance with the opinion of the court.

A New Treaty Concluded.
PANAMA, May 5.—It is reported here on trustworthy authority that a treaty has been concluded between the Government at Bogota and the Minister of the United States in respect to security of transit across the Isthmus. This treaty is said to confer on the United States Government certain rights of guardianship of all certain rights, either by rail or canal, across transits, either by Panama, with special duties of protection, to be exercised in accord with the Government of the United States with Colombia. It is understood by this treaty that the Colombian and United States Governments will co-operate to maintain freedom of transit and to prevent all attacks or attempts to obstruct or to give all required aid in maintaining transit routes for commerce, mail and passengers.

Wolsley to His Camel.
Now turn, my camel, turn thy stout
Unco English shire,
I've the mouth of the desert about;
I don't want any more.

O' me! mine, myself now bump,
And haste me from these sands;
These'll feed high if I see thee dump
In England—best of lands.

Vassar college girls have given up jangling. So many of them insisted on jabbing each other in the eyes that it got to be painfully monotonous.

Very few jewels are observed in the evening, there are leaders of fashion who wear scarcely any, others wear none at all, just as their own fancy dictates.

A Kansas schoolman committed suicide because she couldn't lick the big boys. It would have been better to set the schoolhouse afire and run off and get married.

IN MEMORY OF EDGAR A. POE.

Edwin Booth Makes the Memorial
Presentation Speech.

NEW YORK, May 5.—Three thousand ladies and gentlemen witnessed the unveiling of the Poe memorial in the main hall of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, Central Park, yesterday afternoon. Among those on the platform were Cyrus W. Field, Park E. Godwin, John Bigelow, Luther W. Marsh, Wm. Winter, E. C. Stedman, Carl Schurz, Dr. Philip Schaff, Prof. Theo. W. Dwight, Edwin Booth, Lester Wallack, and Rev. D. Ormiston. Rev. Arthur Brooks offered prayer. Hon. Algernon Sullivan closed the introductory address by saying: "In the name of American art,

IN THE NAME OF POETRY,
Ideal beauty, all letters and all art, I consecrate under the above the poets' corner." In behalf of the actors interested in the movement, Mr. Edwin Booth made a speech of presentation. At the conclusion of Mr. Booth's address the audience applauded for fully five minutes. The ceremony of unveiling the memorial was conducted by Mr. John Gilbert. A commemorative oration on the "Mission and Errors of Genius, as seen in the personality and works of Edgar Allan Poe," was delivered by Wm. B. Algar.

A Mother's Terrible Deed.
NEWARK, N. J., May 5.—At 11 o'clock this morning Lucy Gilchrist, wife of John Gilchrist, while insane from drink, seized her six-months-old baby, and placing it on a block chopped its head, neck and body with an axe, killing it instantly. Another of her children gave the alarm, and neighbors rushed in, but too late to save the baby. The woman is without doubt insane. She says she did the deed because the spirits told her to do so, and because she must save Ireland. When her husband arrived soon after the child was killed, it was with great difficulty he was restrained from attacking her. The woman is 38 years old. She has three remaining children, aged 14, 11 and 5 years. She was taken into custody.

To-Day's Stocks and Finance.
NEW YORK, May 5.—Bar silver 108 1/2. The stock market has been active during the past hour and firmer. Prices at noon were generally a shade higher than they opened.

Opening prices this morning were somewhat irregular, but generally 1/2 to 3/4 lower. There were good buying orders distributed throughout the active stocks, and further decline was immediately checked until shortly before 11 o'clock, when the market again weakened.

Chicago Grain Quotations.
CHICAGO, May 5.—Wheat ruled easy early, fluctuated, but finally advanced and closed a shade under yesterday's at 86 1/2 cash May; 88 1/2 June; 90 1/2 July. Corn steady at 47 cash May; 46 1/2 June; 47 1/2 July. Oats easy at 34 1/2 May; 47 1/2 June; 35 July. Whiskey, \$1.15.

Preston at More Deviltry.
PANAMA, May 5.—It has become known here that the robber, Preston, who burned Colon and then made his escape, has since then seized three steamers at Porto. With this help it is feared he may make trouble unless the United States naval forces shall capture him and his vessels.

Another "Busted" Bank.
BUFFALO, May 5.—J. D. Miner's banking house, at Dunkirk, closed its doors to-day. Liabilities are estimated at \$300,000. The failure of the bank has caused great excitement, as many poor people had all their savings in it.

Death of McDowell.
SAN FRANCISCO, May 5.—Brigadier-General Irwin McDowell died last night at midnight. Death was due to pyloric disease of the stomach. He has been in a critical condition for the past two weeks.

Another California Appointment.
WASHINGTON, May 5.—The President to-day appointed Stuart Taylor to be Naval Officer of Customs at San Francisco.

LOVE LIGHTENS LABOR.
A good wife rose from her bed one morn,
And thought with her
Of the piles of clothes to be washed, and more
Than a dozen months to be fed.
There were the men to be washed for the men in the field.
And the milk to be skimmed and churned;
And all to be done to-day.
It had rained in the night, and the wood
Was so wet as wet could be;
There were puddings and pies to bake besides
A load of cake for tea.
And the day was hot, and her aching head
Throbbled wearily as she said:
"If I could but know what good I could do,
They would be in no haste to wive."
"Jennie, what do you think I told Ben Brown?"
Called the farmer from the wood.
And a flash came to her sunken brow,
And his eyes had blushingly fell.
"Was it he?" he asked, and coming near
He smiled, and stooping down,
Kissed her cheek—" 'Twas this, that you were the best."
And the dearest wife in town.
The farmer went back to the field, and the wife,
In a smiling and absent way,
Sang catches of tender song,
She'd not sung for many a day.
And the pain in her head was gone, and the
Clothes.

Were as white as the foam of the sea;
Her head was light and her butter was sweet,
And as golden as it could be.

"Just think!" the children called in a breath,
"Tom Wood has run off to sea!"
He wouldn't, I know, if he only had
As happy a home as we."

The night came down, and the good wife smiled
To herself as the softly said:
" 'Tis so sweet to labor for those we love,
'Tis not strange that maids will wed."

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