THE DAILY HERALD.

Salt Lake City, Utah.

THURSDAY - - - - August 16, 1888

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ALL COMMUNICATIONS should be addressed to

THE HERALD,
Salt Lake City, Utah

MORMONS VOTING IN IDAHO.

It has come to be pretty generally understood throughout Idaho that the Mormon citizens of that Territory will vote at the coming general and Delegate election in November. That is to say, it is understood that those Mormons who were not disfranchised by the Edmunds law for offenses committed, will offer their votes. It is also accepted that they will vote as they always have done, for the Democratic ticket. This latter fact has aroused very pronounced opposition on the part of the Republicans, and their newspaper organs in our neighbor dependency are getting to be fairly beside themselves in their rage. Some of the editors openly declare that the Mormons will not be permitted to vote. It is also observed that certain officious if not official Republicans are urging through the press the registrars to refuse to register Mormons. It is argued, or rather urged, by these gentlemen, that the "test oath law" precludes members of the Mormon church from exercising the rights of electors. One gentleman who for years has figured somewhat prominently in Idaho politics, asserts over his own signature, that the only way by which the Mormons in that Territory can be re-enfranchised is by a public "recantation" on the part of the church "at Salt Lake in that great tabernacle." It is said that attempts to register and vote will be attended by arrests and prosecutions, and above all that the votes will not be accepted, the registrars and election judges being selected and designated with the view to their hatred of the Mormons and their determination to prevent the latter from exercising the right of suffrage at all hazards.

Now, it occurs to THE HERALD that all this bluster and all these threats are idle vaporings. The question is not one of sentiment; it is not a matter of opinion nor of individual or party wish. It is simply and wholly a question of law, and as such whatever disputes may arise in connection with it must be decided by the courts, and not by every Tom, Dick or Harry who may bob up with an opinion.

The Idaho Legislature passed a law prescribing the qualifications of voters. A portion of the law was in harmony with the Federal law bearing the name of Senator Edmunds, while in another place the act went on to prescribe a religious test oath. The Mormons, who comprise a large percentage of the population of southern and southeastern Idaho, protested against the statute as unconstitutional and against the lawful power of the Legislature to make such a law. They refused to subscribe to the oath, and thus lost their votes; meantime carrying the matter into the courts. A few months ago the Territorial Supreme Court handed down an opinion sustaining the constitutionality of the act, and thus ended discussion of the matter so far as the courts of the Territory are concerned. All must swallow the oath, whether or not they relish it, or they cannot exercise the franchise. This applies equally to Mormons, Jews and Gentiles, to Democrats and Republicans. And as we understand it, as all who are fair minded must understand it, the subscribing to the oath, the citizen possessing the qualifications of a voter, gives the individual the right to vote, in spite of his political or religious enemies. If the man shall swear falsely, if he shall swear that he is what he is not, or that he is not what he is, there is a way to reach him through a prosecution for perjury; and if he, by means of his false swearing, shall vote, doubtless the law provides for his severe punishment. But the law cannot be made to go further than its own provisions allow to proceed. In this instance it can be made to go to the length of requiring a man to swear that he is not a bigamist or a polygamist, that he is not a member of any order, sect, organization or association which teaches, advises, counsels or encourages its members, devotees or other persons to commit the crime of bigamy or polygamy, or any other crime defined by law, as a duty arising or resulting from membership in such organization; or which practises bigamy or polygamy or spiritual or celestial marriage as a doctrinal rite; furthermore, that he does not, either publicly or privately, or in any manner whatever, teach, advise, counsel or encourage any person to commit any of the crimes named; that he regards the Constitution of the United States and the laws thereof, and of Idaho Territory, as interpreted by the courts, as the supreme law of the land, the teachings of any other organization or association to the contrary notwithstanding.

If an individual shall offer to take the oath, it is not for another to say he shall not do it, whether or not that other may be opposed to the former in politics and religion. The registrar and the judge of election have done their duty when they have recorded the oath and accepted the vote of the applicant; if the latter has violated the law and sworn falsely, it is for the courts to deal with him criminally. The courts and all the machinery of the law are in hands of non-Mormons and anti-Mormons, and if the Mormons shall violate the election law it will be no difficult undertaking to impose punishment, just as it has not been found a hard task to inflict upon them the prescribed penalties for violating other statutes.

WHO ARE PROTECTIONISTS?

The declaration upon which the Republicans lay most stress is that a protective tariff is in the interests of the laboring classes. The profession of deep love for the American workingman is very earnest. If one believed the assertions of these politicians he would be forced to also believe that the high protectionists were veritable saints, whose hearts were bubbling over with love for the laborer, and whose brains were constantly giving birth to schemes for the improvement of the condition of the toilers. But intelligent men do not believe these professions and protestations. Intelligent men have some knowledge of human nature. They know that nature is in the main the same in rich and poor, in high and low, and that selfishness is one of its chief characteristics. Now and then a wholly unselfish person appears, who devotes himself to the bitterment of his fellows, in whom charity and benevolence are the controlling virtues, and who gives for the love of giving. There are rare exceptions to the rule, however as with the great majority of mankind self is uppermost. Politicians are not unlike others in this respect.

If protection is such a good thing for the workingman, why is it that the manufacturers and the employers are such firm friends of the system? In other matters have these same employers manifested great love and consideration for the laborers? Does Mr. Andrew Carnegie display affection for his men when he imports ignorant Bohemians because they will work for ninety cents a day, being able to support themselves with forty cents, while the intelligent American workingman cannot live and support his family on less than $1.50 per day? Mr. Carnegie is one of the most pronounced protectionists in the land. What other employer is so much in love with his men that he voluntarily increases their wages, and manifests a desire to give them more than their necessities compel them to accept? The employers, the manufacturers, are the protectionists. Those in Pennsylvania, the most "protected" State in the Union, have recently promised to Chairman Quay, of the Republican Executive Committee, one million dollars for the campaign. Is any one foolish enough to think these men are giving this money with the view to helping their employees? When did the Pennsylvania manufacturers give their men a million? When did they give them anything which the poor fellows did not work for?

If the employers thought that protection would help the workingmen by increasing their wages, they would spend their money lavishly for free trade. The selfishness of human nature is asserting itself in this campaign as it does in other matters of life. Those who derive the benefit from protection are contributing to the fund raised for the election of Harrison, and the poor people who are oppressed by high tariff are giving nothing for the correction of the system which adds 47 per cent. to the cost of all they wear, the furniture in their houses, the tools and implements which they use, and some of the very food which they eat.

CARPET MANUFACTURERS of this country say that were it not for the duty on raw wool, they would supply the markets of the world, and to justify themselves in this assertion, make a comparison of the expense of manufacturing carpets in the United States and England. Even the labor cost is less here than in England. The figures being correct free wool would increase the demand for that article to supply the increased demand for American carpets, and necessarily the wages of American labor would be increased correspondingly.

THIS THING has gone about far enough. Nobody complained when New York went wild over Blaine's home coming, nor did anybody object to the ovation all along the line, as it were; but when Nature takes a hand in the commotion, and marks Blaine's return to his State by a very vigorous earthquake, people must protest and declare it is time to stop.

MADAME ADAM, the French woman politician, says Bismarck is "the most impudent liar in the world." We suggest that the Madame in this matter takes a double advantage, first of Bismarck's age and second of her own sex. All that is left for "Biz" to do is to call names and make faces.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FULL WEIGHT PURE

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime, or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

NEW

SHORT LINE TO THE SOUTH.

THE TEXAS & PACIFIC R.R.

IN CONNECTION WITH

The Denver, Texas & Ft. Worth R. R.

(PAN HANDLE ROUTE)

—Now Forms the Direct Line from—

Denver, Pueblo Colorado Springs and All Points in Colorado, Utah, Wyoming and Nevada,

—TO—

Texas Points, New Orleans, and the Southeast.

Palace Sleeping Cars from Denver to New Orleans daily without change.

Meals served in Elegant Pullman Dining Cars between Denver and Ft Worth.

Unequaled Facilities for Rapid Transit of both Passengers and Freight

Close connection made at New Orleans with all rail and steamship lines, including the famous

CROMWELL LINE, FOR NEW YORK.

For rates of freight, tickets, or any other information regarding this Line, apply to any railroad agent, or to

WALLACE WOOD, T. F. & P. A., Denver, Col.
W. W. FINLEY, G. F. A., Dallas, Tex.
B. W. MCCULLOUGH, G. P. & T. A., Dallas, Tex.

JOHN A. GRANT, General Manager, Dallas, Texas.

SALE OF CITY BONDS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ON the first day of September, A. D. 1888, the City of Salt Lake will issue five hundred bonds of the denomination of one thousand dollars each, payable twenty years after date, but subject to redemption any time after ten years from date, at the option of the city. Said bonds to bear interest from date until paid at the rate of five per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of March and September of each year. At 10 o'clock a.m. on the twenty-fifth day of September, 1888, at the office of the Treasurer of Salt Lake City, three hundred and fifty of said bonds will be sold to the highest bidders for cash.

Bids will be received by me for the purchase of said bonds, or any portion thereof, from the eighth day of September, 1888, till 9 o'clock a.m. of the twenty-fifth day of September, 1888.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved in behalf of said city.

ORSON F. WHITNEY,
Treasurer of Salt Lake City.

SALT LAKE CITY, August 4th, 1888.

CITY TAXES.

TO THE TAXPAYERS OF SALT LAKE City:—You are hereby notified that the City Council of said city, in accordance with law, will sit as a Board of Equalization at the City Hall, on Tuesday, August 21st, 1888, at 4 p m. The business of said board will be to hear and determine all complaints which may be made in regard to the assessed value of any property, and if found necessary, to change and correct any valuation either by adding thereto or deducting therefrom; also to remit or abate the taxes of any insane, idiotic, infirm or indigent person to an amount not exceeding $5 for the current year

By order of the City Council.

HEBER M. WELLS,
Recorder.

SALT LAKE CITY, August 4th, 1888.

NOTICE.

PIONEER SAMPLING MILL

R. MACKINTOSH, PROPRIETOR OF the Pioneer Sampling Mill, burned Saturday night, informs the mining public that he has made satisfactory arrangements to Sample and Handle all Ores as heretofore; so shippers may forward as usual; the same Promptness, Accuracy and Dispatch can be relied on.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE stockholders of the Blackfoot Stock Company that there will be a meeting of the stockholders of said company for the purpose of amending said company's Articles of Association by increasing its capital stock from Fifty Thousand Dollars to Two Hundred Thousand Dollars

Said meeting will be held at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon of the 3d day of September, 1888, at the office of the Deseret National Bank of Salt Lake City, at Number 79, East Temple Street in said Salt Lake City, in Utah Territory.

JOHN SHARP,
President of the Blackfoot Stock Company and President of its Board of Directors.

HEBER M. WELLS,
Secretary of said Company and Secretary of its Board of Directors.

SALT LAKE CITY, August 8th, 1888

HIGHAM BAND INSTRUMENTS

Conceded by the greatest artists to be unequaled on either Hemisphere. Factory founded 1842 at Manchester, England. Catalogue free. LYON & HEALY, Chicago, Sole Agts. for the U.S.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BEST ADDITION!

—FOR—

Salt Lake City.

150 ACRES

Adjoining (north of) the

Jordan Driving Park.

ALSO SPECIALTIES IN HOUSES, LOTS AND FARMS.

FULLER & YOUNG.

Will Any of these Suit You

—Forty acres south of town; all or in pieces to suit; easy terms.

Forty acres north of town; all or in pieces to suit; easy terms. Or will exchange either of the above pieces for city property.

Four whole blocks on the North Bench.

One hundred lots on the North Bench.

Will exchange a nice little ranche for city property.

Will trade fifteen lots in Denver.

Will trade twenty-five lots in San Diego, California.

Will trade you something good for an equity.

Will trade you a fruit orchard in San Jose, California.

Will trade you eastern or western property assume an incumbrance, or pay cash difference.

Will sell you anything in any part of town or country. Only let us know your wants. We want twenty-five houses to rent.

ST. GEORGE & YOUNG,
44 E. Second South Street.

Bowman & Robertson

REAL ESTATE,

No. 159 Main St.,

(Western Union Telegraph Building.)

CITY and FARMING PROPERTY

FOR SALE

Call and See Us.

F. Y. TAYLOR M. W. TAYLOR. J. H. CLIVE.

Taylor Bros. & Clive,

REAL ESTATE.

Loan & Collection Agents,

HAVE REMOVED TO

119 MAIN STREET

—WE HAVE—

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE

IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

Also, a lot of

Choice Farms,

NEAR CITY LIMITS

Notary in Office.

T. P. MURRAY

WILL HOLD A

CALL SALE

AT HIS OFFICE,

24 W. THIRD SOUTH STREET.

Thursday, August 16,

At 8 o'clock p.m. sharp.

The following is a Partial List of Bargains that will be offered, viz:

No 1—6x10 rods, part lot 5, block 20, plat B.; nice orchard.

No. 2—3x10 rods, part lot 8, block 17, plat B.; new brick house, two rooms, summer kitchen and fancy picket fence.

No. 3.—Seven lots in block 111, plat C.; each lot 10x20 rods.

No. 4—Six lots in block 106, plat C.; each lot 10x20 rods.

No. 5—5x10 reds, part lot 4, block 51, plat B.; redwood frame house six rooms, large barn, fine orchard This property is only four blocks from business centre.

No. 6—5x20 rods, east half lot 7, block 13, plat F; finest view in the city.

No 7—30x14½ feet, lot 30, in subdivision block 95, plat C

No. 8—3x10 rods, east part lot 2, block 115, plat D.; frame house, adobe lined, four rooms, good concrete cellar, 5,000 gallon cistern, fruit and shade trees.

Additional pieces will be placed on the blackboard, and Investors are requested to call and examine the blackboard daily.

T. P MURRAY,
24 W. Third South Street.

WHITE HOUSE,

BEST FAMILY HOTEL,

Main St., Salt Lake City

RATES—$1.50 to $2.00 per day.
Special Rates by the week or month.

AUGUSTUS PODLECH, Proprietor

MISCELLANEOUS.

HO! FOR THE FAIR.

Those who expect to make exhibits at our coming Exposition, opening October 5, are invited to make their arrangements for their

SHOW CASES

AT ONCE,

as we have only a limited capacity and want to accommodate and please all.

We make all kinds of Regular and Curious Show Cases, and will have a limited number of Cases to Rent for the occasion.

We will Reduce our prices to encourage a fine display of our work, and take this means of offering as a premium a very Handsome Show Case, worth $100, for the best display of any kind which is exhibited in Show Cases.

Make your arrangements at once.

PIONEER SHOW CASE FACTORY,

20 First South Street,

G. F. CULMER & BROS.

F. AUERBACH & BRO.

SPECIAL BARGAIN SALE.

Throughout this Month we will offer Special Bargains in Every Department to make room for New Goods. For this Week we have placed on sale the following

EXCEPTIONALLY CHEAP BARGAINS!

Positively the Best Values ever known in Utah.

One lot double width, all wool French Basket Cloth, in black and colors, 9 yard lengths, $5.40.

One lot French Dress Patterns with embroidered panels, $7.50; worth double.

One lot double width Cashmere Dress Patterns, in black and colors, 10 yard lengths for $[illegible].

One lot each Pongee Dress Goods, 12 yards for $1.20.

One lot of 4 Turkey Red Stand Covers, 25c.; worth 40c.

One lot of 8 " " " " 85c.; " $1.

One lot of 4 " " " " $1; " $1.40.

One lot of 4 " " " " $1.20; " $1.50.

One lot of 500 dozen red and blue checked Doylies, 25c. a dozen.

One lot Turkey Red Napkins 25c. a dozen.

One lot Turkey Red Tablecloths [illegible] a dozen.

One lot each Linen Bucky Robes at 70c., 85c., $1 and $1.65 each.

One lot Marquisette Curtains at 40c.; worth $1.20.

One lot of Embroidered Remnants at half their real value.

One lot each Cream Spanish Silk Fichus, 25c. and 50c.

One lot Black Spanish Lace Ties, 25c.

One lot white hemstitched Japanese Silk Handkerchiefs, at 25c.

One lot embroidered Japanese Silk Handkerchiefs, at 50c.

One lot Fancy Embroidered Dinner Bibs, at 10c.

One lot Ladies' Linen Collars, at 5c.

One lot Ladies' Cream Cuffs (latest style) 5c. a pair.

One lot Ladies' Silk Thread Gloves, black and colored, at 10c. and 15c. a pair; worth 50.

One lot Metal Belts, at 5c. each.

One lot Leather and Canvas Belts, at 25c. each.

One lot Shawl Straps, at 20c.

One lot Leather-framed French Plate bevel-edge Mirrors, 25c. each.

One lot Alligator Hand Satchels, 30c. each.

One lot Needle Books, each containing all styles and sizes of Needles, at 10c.

—IN OUR—

BOYS' CLOTHING AND FURNISHING DEP'T.

—WE WILL OFFER—

One lot each of Boys' Knee Pants, ages 4 to 13, at 25c.

One lot each of Boys' Long Pants, at 50c., 75c., 80c., 85c., $1, $1.40, $1.60, $2 and upwards.

One lot each of Boys' School Suits, at $1.15.

One lot each of Boys' Pleated Suits, at $1.50; worth double. Only a limited quantity.

One lot of Boys' Linen Dusters, ages 12 to 16, at 75c.

One lot of odds and ends in Men's and Boys' Unlaundried Shirts, at the remarkably low price of 45c.

Plenty of other Bargains too numerous to mention. Now is your opportunity. All Summer Goods at a Sacrifice. Mail Orders will receive Prompt and Careful Attention. Goods sent C. O. D. or on receipt of Draft or Money Order.

ONE PRICE TO ALL. WE ARE NEVER UNDERSOLD.

F. AUERBACH & BRO.