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# THE SALT LAKE HERALD.

BY FAR THE BIGGEST!
BY FAR THE BRIGHTEST!
BY FAR THE BEST!

VOLUME XX, NUMBER 33. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH: SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1889. PRICE: FIVE CENTS.

## THE GREAT STRIKE.

### These are Strange Things Under a Protective Tariff.

### DORSEY SAID TO BE IN TROUBLE.

A Nevada Judgment Against Him—Pentecost Mormons—Water Gas—Sullivan's Extradition—Liverpool Sailors—Other News.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 12.—One hundred Pinkerton men armed with springfield rifles, arrived here this morning and were taken to Homestead, where the Bessemer steel works are. They will be placed about the mill to protect it and the workmen from the strikers. The sheriff will also swear in a hundred deputies for the same purpose. The struggle promises to be the most bitter in the history of strikes and lockouts in this section. Both sides are determined, and a long fight is anticipated.

At noon 125 deputies arrived at Homestead. They were immediately surrounded by strikers to the number of nearly a thousand and requested to return to the city. The deputies refused. The crowd would not allow them to enter the mill. At 1:30 o'clock they are still surrounded by the mob, but no outbreak has occurred. There is intense excitement.

Forty deputies had badges torn from their coats and were driven away. The others are still surrounded. Sheriff McCandless is now swearing in additional deputies and will have 400 or 500 more on the ground to-morrow. If necessary, he will increase the number to 2,000.

**Muldoon Plays the Indignation Game.**

CHICAGO, July 12.—AT LOUISVILLE last night an Associated Press reporter joined Muldoon, Cleary, Parson Davis, of Chicago, and others of the Sullivan party who escaped arrest at Nashville yesterday, and came with them to Chicago. They reached here at 7 o'clock this morning. At the outskirts of the city they left the train and took a carriage across to the southern end of the city, and took an outgoing train for the east, in order to avoid any chance of arrest. Muldoon escaped arrest at Nashville by playing virtuously indignant and declaring to the policemen that he was no prize fighter, and declaring that he was a gentleman. Muldoon says Kilrain was overtrained, and at least ten pounds too light.

Sullivan remained in Chicago to-night and arranged to leave for New York to-morrow at 9 a.m. by the Grand Trunk route, which will take him through Canada and is the road furthest possible from hostile Ohio. He kept himself secluded from observation as much as possible, but managed to reach two or three places where he could enjoy himself in private.

**Sullivan Hiding in Chicago.**

CHICAGO, July 12.—John L. Sullivan and Charley Johnson reached Chicago at 11 o'clock. They left the train at Twenty second street and disappeared. None of the sporting resorts of the city know his whereabouts. It is supposed that he has taken the train for the east, or is in hiding here.

**Gov. Hill to Extradite Sullivan.**

NEW YORK, July 12.—A rumor is afloat here that Governor Hill has already, on the request of Governor Lowry, granted an order for the extradition of Sullivan, and that the paper for his arrest is now in the hands of Superintendent Murray.

**To Supply Water Gas.**

CHICAGO, July 12.—Representatives of the London Gas syndicate are here. They propose to organize a company with twenty millions capital to promote water and gas companies in all the cities in the United States large enough to pay, taking in local capitalists. It is said that water gas can be manufactured and sold for about 25c a 1,000 feet.

**Pentecost Mormons.**

TUSCOLA, Ill., July 12.—This city is excited over the the workings of a pentecost band of Mormons. They have been holding meetings for six weeks and made some converts. Yesterday five members of the band were arrested for holding boisterous meetings up to 2 a. m. They will be given a hearing Monday.

**What Dorsey's Trouble Is.**

NEW YORK, July 12.—An evening paper says that the deputy sheriffs are in search of Stephen W. Dorsey. They hold an execution against his body on an order issued by Judge O'Brien, Nevada.

The bank of San Francisco brought suit recently, and obtained a verdict to recover $4,632. The judgment was not liquidated, so an order was granted by the court directing Dorsey to submit to a supplementary examination as to his property. This edict was disobeyed, so Judge O'Brien yesterday fined Dorsey the amount of the judgment for contempt of court.

At the sheriff's office it is denied that such an execution has been received. Dorsey was found by a reporter and said: "I supposed this case had been disposed of long ago. I am one of three endorsers of a note, of the proceeds from which I never received a cent. I want the other fellows to pay; that is all there is to it."

**John L. Keeps Very Low.**

EVANSVILLE, Ind., July 12.—John L. Sullivan and party passed through here at 1:20 this morning en route north from Nashville. None of the party showed themselves while lying at the depot. They intended to go via Chicago and Canada.

**Contract Laborers Returned.**

NEW YORK, July 12.—Secretary of the Treasury Windom this morning approved the course of the emigrant commissioner in detaining the emigrants sent to Agent Nell, of the Southern Pacific railroad, by Wright & Son, of London. He ordered the immediate return of every man sent to Agent Nell, under the law prohibiting the importation of contract laborers.

**Why Baltimore Sympathizes with Kilrain.**

[Special to THE HERALD—Examiner Dispatch.]

BALTIMORE, July 12.—There has been an entire change of sentiment in this city to-day regarding Jake Kilrain and his condition before the fight. From blame, the feeling has now turned to sympathy, and Mitchell is being bitterly criticized by many persons who know him well and carefully observed his methods in training Kilrain. Whether or not the water was drugged that Kilrain drank at the fight the Baltimore sporting men do not profess to know, but two of them know that two weeks before the fight Mitchell purchased a drug at a Baltimore street pharmacy. The name of this drug could not be learned, but it is said that it was one which would have the effect of deadening pains. It is asserted by some that this drug was cauiba indica, or the active principle of Indian cheep. This particle acts directly on the part and benumbs the nervous sensibilities.

"I saw Kilrain a week or so before the fight," said a prominent physician. "He was overtrained, and I believe the rapid reduction in his weight was not effected by hard work. His nerves were unstrung, his shoulder was bound behind, and, in short, he was no more in condition to go into the ring than I am. I don't know anything about Mitchell drugging his man, but if he had a drug in a liquid form it could easily have been poured into the water and administered as stated. I do not think Kilrain will ever fully recover from those blows over the heart, and I do not think he will ever go into the ring again in anything like his old form."

There is scarcely a man in Baltimore who does not think that Kilrain was shamefully neglected during and after the fight, and badly handled throughout his training.

**The Sailors' Strike Collapses.**

LIVERPOOL, July 12.—The strike among the sailors here has collapsed, the men accepting the terms offered by the employers.

**Berlin Bakers Strike.**

BERLIN, July 12.—Two thousand bakers have gone on a strike.

**A Gigantic Railroad Trust.**

CHICAGO, July 12.—A circular letter to the railroad managers from the New York financier, John J. McCook, was published here this morning. It suggests a gigantic railroad trust, or series of trusts, covering the entire country as the only solution of the railroad row. A New York dispatch to the Associated Press says: "McCook admits the authenticity of the letter and says that he received an acknowledgement of its receipt from several managers, but no one is pledged to it. McGowan, a partner of McCook's, says that such a scheme is on foot among the railroads."

**To Investigate Agricultural Statistics.**

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Prof. J. R. Dodge, statistician, has been detailed by Secretary Rusk to investigate the agricultural statistics of the states and territories of the Rocky Mountain region. He will leave Washington next week.

## THE TRANS-HONDUREAN RAILWAY

An English Syndicate will Build It—Its Influence on American Commerce.

[Special to THE HERALD—Examiner Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, July 12.—According to D. W. Herring, our consul at Tegucigalpa, the English have an enterprise which looks like an English colonization of Honduras, with possible annexation in the future.

"One of the great questions of the time," says the consul, "is that of effecting interoceanic connections across the American isthmus, thus opening to the world a most important highway for the trade and commerce of all countries. One of the possibly practical solutions of this great problem about to be undertaken is the construction of a railway across the republic of Honduras from Puerto Cortez on the Atlantic to Amaxalla on the Pacific."

An English syndicate last year obtained a concession to build an inter-oceanic railroad and organized in London with a capital of $5,000,000. The engineer of the English company has given assurance that the road will be completed in three years. "What a pity," says Herring, "that this great work will not owe its completion, as it does its design, to American genius and enterprise. If our people are to lose it by failing to grasp the importance of the enterprise, it is not the fault of the government or its representative here, for all necessary information thereon was given years ago by Squires, who was then our charge d'affairs in Honduras, designed the road and published to the world its superior advantages over all others for a transisthmian railroad."

"Aside from the Monroe doctrine," he says, "and however little interest as a government we may feel in the enterprise, and however well we may be guaranteed to complete a natural route and the equality of charges to people of all nations, though nothing is mentioned, the mere fact that Englishmen are to control this enterprise will give to them an advantage over the trade and traffic of Central America which will be of great commercial importance to this country, financially, politically and commercially.

The influence of the syndicate will be concentrated in London. This will bring to Honduras, to Central America and to all contiguous localities increased and an increasing number of Englishmen. They will have their connections established, credit affiliations and preferences in the old country, and this will of course appreciate the natural and manufactured products of their own country more than this. This people, like all Spanish American people (I am now speaking of the masses), are strongly affected by appearances and demonstrations of influence and power, therefore the mere fact that it is publicly known that such an important railway is to be built by Englishmen will raise them and their government in the estimation of the Honduranean people."

## THE PARNELL COMMISSION.

Where the Times Got the Letters on "Parnellism and Crime."

LONDON, July 12.—Before the Parnell commission to-day counsel for the Parnellites asked Soames, solicitor for the *Times*, to produce a list of the payments made to witnesses on behalf of the *Times* and all communications between himself and the *Times'* agents in America and Ireland. Attorney-General Webster declined to allow Soames to produce the communications. Soames was then recalled.

He testified that he had not made out a list of payments made to witness. There was no definite agreement as to how the witness should pay LeCaron. Several payments had been made to him.

McDonald, manager of the *Times*, said that he understood Le Caron would be provided for. He had lost his employment in the government service.

Houston, secretary of the Loyal and Patriotic union, testified that the articles on "Parnellism and Crime," published by the *Times*, were an elaborate reprint of "Parnellism Unmasked," and compiled by Pigott, for which the witness paid £95. Witness stated that he was willing to lay the books of the union before the court, but objected to their being seen by its political opponents. Witness borrowed £450 from Lord Stallbridge and Sir Roland Blen-Hassell and £850 from Dr. Maguire to buy the letters printed by the *Times*. Houston produced a voucher for £100 paid to Eugene Davis.

Sir Charles Russell: "Don't you believe that that voucher is in J. Pigott's handwriting?" Witness: "They wrote similarly. I don't believe it is in Pigott's handwriting." Under repeated questions the witness presented Davis' voucher, though obtained through Pigott.

Sir Charles Russell demanded the books of the Loyal and Patriotic union. He said he desired to prove that the whole indictment contained in "Parnellism and Crime," proceeded from the union; that Pigott had been used by a political organization to concoct the plan. Attorney-General Webster contended that the books were wanted in order to give the Parnellites free range upon other political matters. The court decided against the application.

**Parnell's Solicitor on the Case.**

LONDON, July 12.—George Lewis, solicitor for Parnell, in an interview to-day professed ignorance of an intention of Parnell to withdraw the case from before the special commission.

**Burke Will Come.**

OTTAWA, Ont., July 12.—It is now settled beyond a doubt that the government will grant the application of President Harrison for the extradition of Burke for the alleged murder of Cronin. The report of Judge Bain has not yet arrived from Winnipeg and in the meantime it is open for Burke's counsel to apply for a writ of habeas corpus, fifteen days being allowed for that purpose in order that Judge Bain's decision may be reviewed. It is rumored that such action will not be taken.

**English Troops for Malta.**

LONDON, July 12.—Nine hundred and fifty members of the Connaught rangers have been ordered to Malta to replace the troops who have been dispatched to Egypt. Four regiments at Aldershot have been ordered to place themselves in readiness to proceed to the front in Egypt at a moment's notice.

**An Important Russian War Note.**

BERLIN, July 12.—The *Cologne Gazette* gives prominence to the statement that the Russian war minister, who is staying at Vichy, has received a very important dispatch from the Czar. The missive was of such importance that it could not be entrusted to an ordinary military courier, but was delivered by an officer of the Russian guard, a relative of the war minister.

**Grain Depots on the Nile.**

CAIRO, July 12.—The government is forming grain depots along the Nile for the purpose of supporting fugitives fleeing before the advance of the Dervishes.

**Queensland's Gold Yield.**

BRISBANE, July 12.—The yield of gold in Queensland during the half year amounted to 350,000 ounces. This is an increase of 165,000 ounces over the preceding half year.

**A Scrimmage in the Chamber of Deputies.**

PARIS, July 12.—Thomson, member of the chamber of deputies for the department of Constantine, Algeria, became involved in a quarrel to-day in the lobby of the chamber with Laur, member for the department of the Loire, and struck him. Laur has challenged Thomson to fight a duel. During the fight in the lobby Thomson severely kicked Laur, who was so badly injured that it was necessary to call a surgeon to attend him.

## IN THE COURTS.

Legal Doings in the District, Police and Probate Courts Yesterday.

In the district court the following business was done:

William Hurst vs. Hiram Folsom et al.; thirty days' stay to file notice and statement for new trial.

William Dunford vs. Page & Isom; motion for new trial set for to-morrow.

Rebecca M. McGwan vs. Thomas J. McEwan; set for July 16.

Salt Lake city vs. Minnie Adams; twenty days' additional time allowed on appeal.

Rocky Mountain Bell Telephone company vs. Salt Lake City Railroad company; hearing on application for an injunction set for July 19.

Ida Gibbs vs. George F. Gibbs; decree of divorce granted to plaintiff; also the custody of the children, the house and lot which the defendant had deeded to her, and other real estate of the defendant, subject to the mortgage upon it, and alimony of $25 on the 15th of each month, and $100 attorney's fee and costs.

William Daniels vs. Union Pacific Railroad company; motion for new trial overruled.

**In the Probate Court.**

Estate of Alexander Brunken, deceased, bond of Isabella Brunken, administratrix approved.

Estate of George Handley, case continued until July 26th.

Estate of Jacob Gibson; order made for sale of real estate upon a bond in the sum of $3,200 being filed; order made of family allowance.

Estate of Marion D. Woolley; final discharge of administration made.

Estate of Carl A. Erickson; order made appointing time and place to hear petition for letters of administration.

Estate of John and Gardill Burdett minors; case continued.

In the matter of the incorporation of the Salt Lake Hardware company; an order was made directing the clerk to issue a certificate.

**In The Police Court.**

James Brown plead guilty to being drunk and was fined $10.

O. L. Peart, charged with drunkenness, plead guilty and was assessed $5.

Fred and Charles Hamilton were adjudged guilty of larceny, and were given thirty days and fined $100 each.

H. Franlimer was fined $5 for being under the influence of the spirits.

**Hymeneal.**

One of the most enjoyable social events that has occurred in this town came off on Monday evening at the residence of Mrs. Louisa Robinson Kirks, it being the marriage reception of her daughter, Miss May Robinson, who was married to Don C. Driggs, at Manti, last week. The groom is the son of B. W. and Olivia P. Driggs; the bride the charming little daughter of the late Lewis Robinson. One hundred and fifty guests were present. The presents were numerous and costly. The evening was spent in social games, recitations, speeches, etc. The young couple will start for Idaho, on Friday next. While Pleasant Grove loses two of its worthy young people Idaho will gain.

PLEASANT GROVE, July 9, 1889.

**Mother Eve.**

According to Milton, the first thing Eve did after leaving Adam's side, was to survey her charms in a silvery pool. No doubt she was a splendid creature, but beauty is not the heritage of all her daughters, and many of them resort to "Glenn's Sulphur Soap" to obtain the dazzling complexion which Eve received from nature. The great merit of this unexcelled cosmetic is that it leaves no traces of artificiality. Beware of counterfeits. Sold by druggists. But the most brilliant complexion with gray hair would be an anomaly, and therefore this blemish should be removed by the use of "Hill's Instantaneous Hair Dye," which is unsurpassed alike in cheapness and the perfection of color it bestows. *

**Bear Lake Items.**

A surveying party is engaged about the "outlet" of Bear Lake, locating a route for a canal from the lake connecting the water with Mud lake and so on to Bear river. The object is to store water in the lake by the means of a levy. Teams are engaged on the job and the projectors think they have struck a bonanza. It is the same company that is building the large canal from Bear river to Brigham city. The people of Bear Lake imagine they have been slumbering on their privileges.

A seven-year-old boy was drowned in Bear Lake "outlet" last week while bathing with several companions. He was one of the late immigrants from Scandinavia.

Crops through Bear Lake country are looking very well, and also along the Weber river.

The hay crop in Summit county is especially good. It behooves a man to give his boys a good education and instruct them to locate on the head of the ditch.

MONTPELIER, July 18, 1889.

**Morris & Co's Photographic Studio.**

No. 64 W. Second South street. Cabinets $3 per dozen. Crayon enlargements a specialty. *

Save your money by purchasing three-ply carpets at H. Dinwoodey's. *

## INCOMING STATES.

### Our Sister Territories Are Preparing for Statehood.

### A REMARKABLE ESCAPE INDEED.

By a Union Pacific Brakeman—Beggs' Petition Denied—Charges Against Constans—The Valkyrie Beaten—A Storm.

BISMARCK, July 12.—The meeting of the committee on judiciary to-day developed the fact that there will be considerable difficulty in settling the work of this committee. There is no question as to the supreme court, but the trouble lies between the county and district courts, and resolves itself into a fight on the part of would-be judicial lights for the emoluments of the offices.

When the convention assembled in the afternoon, a motion to authorize the joint commission in charge of the division of assets and liabilities, to settle temporarily the boundary line, was carried. Johnson offered a number of articles for the constitution, among which were provisions that counties lying north of the seventh parallel as they now exist, shall be declared counties of the new state; no new counties shall be established which shall reduce any county to less than 400 square miles or 2,000 inhabitants; no county shall be divided in any way without the consent of the majority of the voters thereof; no county seat shall be removed without the consent, at a general election, of two-thirds of the voters of the county.

Moore offered a resolution that the question of the right of the state to tax the roadbed and rolling stock of the Northern Pacific road, which is now exempt from taxation, be referred to the judiciary committee to report within one week. After some other minor business was transacted the convention adjourned.

The temperance committee stands partially pledged to submit the prohibition amendment to the popular vote; the majority of the members contract to that effect. This settles the temperance legislation of the convention.

**The Idaho Convention and the Mormons.**

BOISE CITY, Idaho, July 12.—The convention to frame a constitution for the admission of Idaho has been in session here one week. Congress failed to give Idaho an enabling act the same as the other territories, but there was such a strong sentiment in favor of statehood that the governor called for a convention. This was after he had been assured by members of Congress that a good constitution, ratified by the people, would secure admission early in the next session; also the payment of the expenses of the convention.

The chief difficulty likely to arise is upon the question of suffrage. The Mormons formerly held the balance of power, throwing their vote to the party thought most available for their uses. Two years ago the passage of a test oath cut them off as a last resort. Hundreds of Mormons withdrew from the church last fall and voted, and succeeded in Bingham county in electing Hart, their choice on the ticket. The fact that the Mormons are colonizing portions of Idaho makes this such a dangerous element that the anti-Mormon Republicans and Democrats of the convention insist that they shall be shorn of power to do evil. This question will come up in the convention to-morrow and will excite lively discussion. Woman suffrage, prohibition, the governing of corporations and trusts will also be considered.

**The Idaho Convention.**

BOISE CITY, Idaho, July 12.—[Special telegram to THE HERALD.]—After a two days' recess the convention was called to order by President Claggett this morning and immediately adjourned to give the committee an opportunity to work. It is probable that the same thing will occur to-morrow, and the public work of the convention delayed until Monday.

**The Washington Territory Convention.**

OLYMPIA, W. T., July 12.—A petition was presented to-day, signed by 594 men and 415 women in favor of womans' suffrage. By Dunbar, a petition in favor of prohibition; a memorial from J. Ramsey with a plan for the entire constitution; by Burke, a petition asking for the protection of the oyster beds; a petition from Lewis county in favor of female suffrage; by Jones, forbidding the legislature to grant divorces; by Griffits, in favor of an eight-hour law; by Joy, favoring a state civil service commission; by Kinnear, in favor of a soldiers' home; by Buchanan, establishing a supreme court, the judges holding office for six years, one going out every two years; by Dwyer, making it a penal offense for bankers to receive money after a bank is insolvent; by Shellman, allowing a separate proposition to be submitted to the people at the same time as the constitution; by Lillis, protecting laborers in dangerous places; by Prosser, favoring woman suffrage in school elections and forbidding the sale of school lands; by Newton, establishing the office of superintendent of mines and dividing the state into three mining districts; by Hicks, against sanitary laws and providing for the sale of school lands in quarter sections, one quarter every five years; by Weif, providing for the sale of lands abutting on water ways. The balance of the session was taken in discussing rules.

**The South Dakota Convention.**

SIOUX FALLS, Dak., July 12.—To-day's session of the constitutional convention lasted but half an hour. The only feature was an effort to reconsider the action of the convention yesterday in regard to the memorial to the President. It was tabled by a vote which indicated the absence or a change of heats in a number of opponents to the memorial. It is understood that an agreement has been reached by the committee as to the legislative apportionment which provides for one member in the senate for every 1,800 voters and one representative for every 800 voters or fraction thereof. This would increase the number of senators from thirty-three to forty two, and the representatives from ninety-eight to a hundred and twenty.

**Trouble in Oklahoma.**

KANSAS CITY, July 12.—A *Times* special Leavenworth says: Gen. Merritt, U. S. A., accompanied by an aide, has left for Oklahoma City. Trouble is reported at that place. The new settlers have resolved themselves into an opposition to the city administration and issued a call for a new election on the 16th. The situation is so threatening that Mayor Couch has issued a proclamation commanding the peace, and yesterday becoming alarmed, he telegraphed for Gen. Merritt.

**Great Britain Warns Hayti.**

LONDON, July 12.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* says that the blockade of the Haytien ports is plainly ineffective and Great Britain has therefore notified Hayti not to molest British vessels visiting the insurgent ports.

**Dervish Prisoners Arriving.**

CAIRO, June 13.—Dervish prisoners are arriving at Assouan. They are terribly emaciated, having suffered greatly from hunger and thirst. Among them are many women and boys. On the march many died and deserted, while many others were killed. Col. Wodehouse estimated the Dervish killed and wounded at 2,500.

**A Brakeman's Remarkable Escape.**

CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 12.—[Special telegram to THE HERALD].—A Union Pacific brakeman had a most remarkable escape from permanent maiming this morning. He fell from the top of a moving train and two wheels of a freight box car passed over his left leg without bruising the member. Hall bent his limb and the contraction of the muscles made it resist the great weight. He is on duty.

**Beggs Must Remain in Jail.**

CHICAGO, July 12.—Judge Horton, of the criminal court, to-day heard the arguments for and against the issuance of a writ of habeas corpus for John F. Beggs, now imprisoned in connection with the Cronin case. He held that the indictment was sufficient presumption of guilt to warrant holding the prisoner without bail, and refused to issue the writ.

**Charges Against Minister Constans.**

PARIS, July 10.—In the chamber of deputies to-night Martinire, on behalf of the party of the right offered a motion looking to the impeachment of Minister of the Interior Constans, while serving as governor of Indoo-China. Premier Tirard replied indignantly. He said it was a custom in Indoo-China to make presents, and if the charge of corruption was based upon the acceptance of them, the same charge might be made against himself. His reply to the motion was to move the previous question, which was agreed to.

**Shipping in Danger at Vera Cruz.**

CITY OF MEXICO, via Galveston, July 12.—A terrific storm is raging at Vera Cruz and the shipping there is in great danger.

**The Valkyrie Beaten.**

LONDON, July 12.—The Yarana beat the Valkyrie in the Bangor regatta to day.

## RAPACITY OF TRUSTS.

The Capitalization of Various Leading Monopolies Throughout the Country.

NEW YORK, July 12.—James Meeks, chairman of the committee on unlisted securities of the New York Stock exchange, has succeeded in learning the amount of certificates that the various trusts have outstanding. The biggest one turns out to be one of the newest—the Lead trust. Its officers sent word that there had been issued 830,788 certificates of the par value of $100 each, representing a capitalization of $83,078,800. Less than two months ago it was known that the capital of this trust was $32,000,000, but this increase of over $50,000,000 in so short a period has paralyzed Wall street. There was a rush to dispose of these certificates. This forced the prices down and made the Lead trust very weak and shaky.

The following table shows the capitalization of each of the five trusts: Lead, $83,078,800; Sugar, $49,857,300; Cotton Oil, $42,985,200; Distillers and Cattle Feeders' $30,726,000; American Cattle, $13,326,100. Total, $219,243,200.

**Harrison Leaves for Deer Park.**

WASHINGTON, July 12—President Harrison, Secretary Windom and family left for Deer Park, Md., this afternoon.

**The Chamber Passes the Panama Bill.**

PARIS, July 12.—The chamber of deputies has passed the Panama canal relief bill in the form in which it was adopted by the senate.

**Associated Elevators' Managers in Trouble.**

BUFFALO, July 12.—Reports are current on 'change that Sherman Bros. & Company, limited, managers of the Associated Elevators, are in a serious complication. It is alleged that certificates for a large amount of grain are out and that there is no grain to represent them in the elevators.

**Mrs. Tyler's Funeral.**

RICHMOND, Va., July 12.—The funeral of Mrs. ex-President Tyler took place from St. Peter's cathedral this morning. The remains were attended by distinguished personages of the state and city and followed by a large concourse of people. They were interred by the side of the remains of President Tyler.

**The Lutheran Church Suppressed in Russia.**

ST. PETERSBURG, July 12.—Government has totally suppressed the Lutheran church in Russia.

**The Chicago Bucket Shops Injunction.**

CHICAGO, July 12.—The circuit judges this morning declined to modify the injunction secured by the bucket shops against the board of trade. The board has asked that it be allowed to furnish quotations to its members fifteen minutes sooner than the bucket shops.

**The Grand Trunk Restores Rates.**

CHICAGO, July 12.—The Grand Trunk road, in the face of the trunk line agreement in New York yesterday, will restore the rates on everything except corn as reduced and the rate on all grain and grain products, including flour, to twenty cents per hundred, from New York to Chicago as a basis. The rates apply to all eastern and New England points, it is claimed, though the officials deny it. New England points are included.

**Johnny Griffin knocked Out.**

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12.—The fight to a finish to night between Johnny Griffin, of Boston, and Billy Murphy, the Australian featherweight champion, for a purse of $1,800, resulted in Griffin being knocked out in the third round by a right-hander on the chin, after a lively but bloodless contest.

**The Fastest Mile in a Race.**

CHICAGO, July 12.—The races to-day at Washington park were made notable by the fastest mile ever recorded in a race, Maori beating Little Minch and three others in 1:39 4-5, official time. Outside timers all made the mile faster, none making it slower than 1:39½, and the electric timing clock made it 1:39¼. The race was run under the scale of weights prevailing when Ten Broeck set the record at 1:39¾ and the winner was to receive $1,000 extra if his record was beaten.

Two-year-old fillies, four and a half furlongs—Tulla Blackburn won, Happiness second, Cancan third. Time—55 1-5.

Same conditions as the first—Alnella won, Sis O. Lee second, Lulie B. third. Time—55 1-5.

Three-quarters of a mile—Spalding won, Crespinor second, Dancing Kid third. Time—1:14¼.

Three-quarters of a mile—Steve Jerome won, Winning Ways second, Cupid third. Time—1:14 4-5.

One and one-sixteenth miles—Gaymede won, Champagne Charlie second, Annie Blackburn third. Time—1:48¾.

Mile—Maori won, Little Minch second, Laura Davidson third. Time—1:39 4-5.

One and one-eighth miles—Monita Hardy won, Cotillion second, Catalpa third. Time—1:55 4-5.

**Harrison Arrives at Deer Park.**

DEER PARK, Md., July 12.—The President arrived at 10 o'clock to-night.

**Butchers With Government Contracts.**

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Some of the butchers in this city who have secured government contracts have made complaint to the district attorney, alleging that the agents of several Chicago dressed beef houses, who do a wholesale business here, have combined to injure them by instituting what is practically a boycott. Representatives here of the Chicago houses deny emphatically that they have entered into a combination to put up the price. It is probable that the whole matter will come up in the courts.

**Editor Bowen Severely Injured.**

PUTNAM, Conn., July 12.—Henry O. Bowen, editor of the New York *Independent*, was badly bruised and suffered a severe shock by a carriage accident Friday afternoon. Bowen was taken to his home in Woodstock. As he is seventy-six years of age there are fears that the shock may prove serious.

**Baseball.**

AT BOSTON.

Boston 13, Clarkson, Bennett; Pittsburg 0, Galvin, Miller.

AT LOUISVILLE.

First game, Louisville 4, Hecker, Cook; Brooklyn 3, Terry, Visner.

Second game, Louisville 1, Springer, Cook; Brooklyn 8, Lovett, Reynolds.

AT NEW YORK.

Cleveland 3, Gurber, Zimmer; New York 4, Keefe, Ewing.

AT PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia 3 Sanders and Schriver; Chicago 2, Healy, Farrell.

AT CINCINNATI.

Columbus 5, Baldwin, O'Connor; Cincinnati 6, Vian, Earle.

AT KANSAS CITY.

Kansas City 0, Suartzell, Donahue; Baltimore 4, Kilroy, Cantz.

AT WASHINGTON.

Washington 7, Haddocck, Daly; Indianapolis 2, Boyle, Daley.

AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis 4, Chamberlain, Boyle; Athletic 2, Wyling, Cross.

Crismon-Scarff company, First South street, for anything in the drug line *

## MR. AND MRS. BOWSER.

**A Trip in a Horse Car Brings About Important Developments.**

In returning from a trip down town the other week I left my shopping bag in the car, and when I mentioned the fact to Mr. Bowser and asked him to call at the street railway office and get it, he replied:

"No, ma'am, I won't. Anybody careless enough to leave an article of value in a street car deserves to lose it. Besides, you did not take the number of the car, and they would only laugh at me at the office."

"Do you take the number of every street car you ride in?" I asked.

"Certainly. Every sensible person does. Day before yesterday I came up in No. 70. I went back in No. 44. I came up to supper in No. 66. Yesterday I made my trips in Nos. 55, 61 and 38. Today in Nos. 81, 77 and 15. The street railways contract to carry passengers—not to act as guardians for children and imbeciles."

"Mr. Bowser, other people have lost articles on the street cars."

"Yes—other women. You never heard of a man losing anything."

I let the matter drop there, knowing that time would sooner or later bring my revenge. It came sooner than I expected. Mr. Bowser took his dress coat down to a tailor to get a couple of new buttons sewed on, and as he returned without it, I observed:

"You are always finding fault with the procrastination of my dressmaker. Your tailor doesn't seem to be in any particular hurry."

"How?"

"Why, you were to bring that coat back with you."

"That coat! Thunder!"

Mr. Bowser turned pale and sprang out of his chair.

"Didn't lose it going down, did you?"

"I—I believe I—I?——

"You left it on the street car when you came up?"

"Yes."

"Mr. Bowser, anybody careless enough to leave an article of value in a street car deserves to lose it. However, you took the number of the car, I presume?"

"N-no!"

"You didn't! That shows what sort of a person you are. Yesterday when I went down after baby's shoes I took car No. 111. When I returned I took car 86. When I went over to mother's I took car 56. The conductor had red hair. One horse was brown and the other black. The driver had a cast in his left eye. There were four women and five men in the car. We passed two loads of ashes, one of dirt and an ice cream wagon. The conductor wore No. 8 shoes, and was near sighted. The street railways contract to carry passengers, Mr. Bowser, not to act as guardians for sapheads and children."

"But I'll get it at the office to-morrow," he slowly replied.

"Perhaps, but it is doubtful. As you can't remember the number of the car they will laugh at the idea, and perhaps take you for an impostor."

He glared at me like a caged animal and made no reply, and I confess that I almost hoped he would never recover the cost. He did, however, after a couple of days, and as he brought it home he looked at me with great importance and said:

"There is the difference, Mrs. Bowser. Had you lost anything on the car it would have been lost forever. The street car people were even sending out messengers to find me and restore my property."—Detroit Free Press.

**Wanted to Go Faster.**

"I was reading in a paper yesterday," he said as he halted a citizen in front of the soldiers' monument, "that a duck could fly ninety miles an hour. Do you believe it possible?"

"That is rather a strange question to ask me, sir!" replied the other, with considerable cold storage in his voice.

"Yes, I know, but I want to find out. There are occasions when I have to leave my house in a hurry, and if a duck can make this gait, and there is no patent on it, I'm going to catch on. Perhaps you never tried to outrun a flat iron, sir?"—Detroit Free Press.

**A Thoughtful Friend.**

"Who was that you bowed to on the car?" she asked of her friend as they stood in a store down on Woodward avenue.

"That's Katie ——."

"How sweetly she bowed back."

"Yes, we love each other dearly. When her father died last year I was the only friend she had thoughtful enough to count the carriages and tell her there were forty-seven."—Detroit Free Press.

**Mathematical.**

Professor B.—Mr. Addlepate, I notice that you invariably add up your column from the bottom, may I ask the reason?

Mr. A. (8)—Economy of time, professor. In the ordinary way you add from the top, and then, as a proof, add again from the bottom. Now, by my method the addition and proof are obtained at one operation.—Columbia Spectator.

We have a speedy and positive cure for catarrh, diphtheria, canker mouth and headache in SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50 cents. Sold by A. C. Smith & Co.

## THE POPE WILL STAY

### In Rome to Avoid Embarrassing The Austrian Government.

### THE PERSIAN MINISTER LEAVES.

He Will Sail Immediately for Havre—Knights of the Patriarchial Circle—Prisoners Suffocated in an Oregon Jail.

LONDON, July 12.—The Vienna correspondent of the *Times* says that Austria, through Cardinal Galemberti, papal nuncio at Vienna, has prevailed upon the Pope to remain in Rome in order to avoid embarrassing the government.

**The Persian Minister Departs.**

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Hadji Hasscin Ghooly Kahn, Persian minister, and his secretary, left this city on the limited express to-day for New York, where they will to-morrow take one of the French steamers for Havre.

**Attorney Sweet Disappears.**

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—William P. Sweet, a well known attorney, has disappeared, and is said to be an embezzler to the extent of $10,000.

**An Austrian Sugar Company Collapses.**

VIENNA, July 12.—The Magdeburg Sugar company, being unable to make a settlement, was compelled to ask a week's grace, which the sugar association declined to grant. Its collapse caused a fall of four marks in Hamburg yesterday.

**Kilrain's Whereabouts.**

INDIANAPOLIS, July 12.—Sheriff Smith, of Bartholmew county, makes the statement to-night that Kilrain and party are still in Indiana and a dispatch sent from North Vernon last night announcing that they had boarded the train there is pure fiction. The officer says he followed the party from Columbus to Edinburg, twelve miles north, but the citizens of that town did their utmost to conceal the fighters, their efforts being successful. Smith says they left Edinburg last night and drove to Farmer Cooper's residence, several miles in the country, where they remained until soon to-day, when they left in a carriage, their present whereabouts being unknown. Mitchell was heard to say that they would work toward Chicago, but would avoid Cincinnati.

**The Baltimore's Successful Trial.**

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—The steel cruiser Baltimore returned to the Cramp's yard this evening after a satisfactory test both of speed and sea maneuvring. The engines averaged nineteen knots on a development of 8,700 horse power.

**Knights of the Patriarchial Circle.**

CHICAGO, July 12.—The Knights of the Patriarchal Circle, resplendant in gold bespangled uniforms and representing a number of different cities, went through the entire temple manual to-day. There was a prize drill at the baseball park. The Occidental commanders of Chicago won the supreme temple prize, a Bloomington knight the $400 prize in the first class and a Des Moines knight the $200 prize in the second class.

The supreme temple to-day adopted a revised constitution and by-laws providing for a grand temple in each state and reducing the heretofore unwieldy supreme temple to a compact body of about twenty men.

**Suffocated in a Jail.**

JACKSONVILLE, Oregon, July 12.—The jail containing three prisoners was discovered to be on fire this morning, and before it could be reached to liberate them, the prisoners had died from suffocation. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

**Brighton Beach Races.**

BRIGHTON BEACH, July 12.—Five eighths of a mile—Reclare won, Mamie B. second, Lilly Kinney third. Time—1:05¾.

Three-quarters of a mile—Quesel won, Rodger second, Little Adie third. Time—1:17¾.

One and one-eighth miles—Wilfred won, My Own second, First Attempt third. Time—2 minutes.

One mile—Vigilant won, Dago second, Prospect third. Time—1:46.

One mile—Davis won, Henry George second, Kink third. Time—1:47.

**Refuses a Consulate.**

DETROIT, Mich., July 12.—Hon. H. G. Horr, recently appointed consul at Valparaiso, stated to-day that he would not accept.

**It Speaks Public Opinion.**

The Iowa *State Register* hits the nail squarely on the head in the following item: "It is a pleasure to the *Register* to recommend an article of merit, and this is the case with Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, as it has proven to be all that is claimed for it in many instances that have come under the writer's immediate notice, and the *Register* believes that every family should have a bottle of this sterling remedy at all times at their homes, as it may be necessary when least expected. Messrs. Chamberlain & Company present testimonials as to the virtue of the life-saving preparation, from nearly all of the states in the union, and many instances are given where death has been averted by its timely use. Three different epidemics are noted, in which this standard medicine has come out victorious, and this was the most successful of all the remedies employed. Too much care cannot be exercised to preserve the health of the children as well as the heads of the house, and it is always best to be prepared at all times. Arm yourself, so as to be ready to successfully combat disease when it appears. For sale by Z. C. M. I. drug department. *

Children's Clothing, all ages; we have made a cut in prices—overstock—nice goods, no shoddy. GOLDSMITH & CO., * Up-town Clothiers.