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TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. NO. 91. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH: SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1892---SIXTEEN PAGES. PRICE: FIVE CENTS

AT A STANDSTILL.

No New Cases of Cholera Were Reported Yesterday.

THE WYOMING'S PASSENGERS

Desire to Be Released—A General Resume of the Cholera Situation in This and Other Countries.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—The following bulletin was issued at the health bureau this afternoon.

No cases or suspected cases have appeared in the city since the last bulletin. The total number of deaths from cholera is five, the first on September 6th, and the last on September 12. Of the three cases heretofore reported as suspicious in the case of Edward Hoppe, a bacteriological examination of the clothing found it stained with dejecta. It failed to reveal the presence of spirilli cholerae asiatica.

Twenty-four Deaths from Cholera.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—The *Herald's* Valparaiso special: The steamer America arrived at Buenos Ayres from Genoa. She had on the voyage twenty-four deaths from cholera and has been quarantined.

All Well on the Etruria.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—The Cunarder Etruria has 508 first and seventy-five second cabin passengers, all well, and no steerage. Among her passengers are Mr. and Mrs. Augustin Daly and Miss Ada Rehan, Mr. W. Lane Booker, British consul general, and Hon. W. Endicott and Mrs. Endicott.

Confirmed the Rumor.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—A. G. Porter of Indianapolis arrived from Europe on the steamship Fuerst Bismark yesterday, and confirmed the rumor that he had resigned as minister to Italy before leaving for America. He said his resignation took effect last Thursday.

The Wyoming

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—The second cabin and steerage passengers of the steamship Wyoming, which has been held in quarantine since Sept. 6, have issued appeals to the public. They protest against the detention of 700 persons cramped in the unwholesome quarters aboard the ship, when the vessel came in with a clean bill of health, save the indisposition of a baby who had been delicate since its birth. They state that the detention resulted in the death of four children and a serious shock to the mother; that many other children aboard were threatened with sickness due to foul air of the ship; that though no cases of cholera have appeared since the ship left Liverpool, twenty days ago, yet, the close proximity to the infected ship is a constant menace to the health of the passengers. In view of the above facts, the signers to the appeal demand immediate release of the ship from quarantine.

News From Quarantine.

QUARANTINE, Sept. 17.—Dr. Sanborn, who returned from Lower Quarantine tonight, reports a new case developed on board the Scandia. The patient is Regina Weiskoopf, 65 years of age, and Dr. Byron transferred her to Swinburn Island today. She is very sick with cholera and it is unlikely she will live during the night.

Dr. Byron received news of a new case of cholera on board the Bohemia. The patient's name is Jeannette Chalmolwitsky, 25 years old. She was removed to-day from the steamer and taken to Swinburn Island.

P. T. Wall, in charge of the Surf hotel at Fire Island, sent Dr. Jenkins at 9:20 p. m. the following telegram:

"I received from the board of health of Islip notice to vacate the premises within three days, and that they would call on the citizens of the county to stop the landing of cargoes. Captain Cochrane, commanding the militia here, says that all steamship baggage received here will be properly protected. We are in every way prepared to give them a warm reception."

Dr. Jenkins wired Mr. Wall to resist to the utmost any attempt of the Islip people to take possession of the island. Captain Cochran telegraphed Governor Flower this evening that the Islip board of health had directed the sheriff of the county to take possession of Fire island, and eject all passengers and baggage, and prevent the landing of more. Governor Flower replied this morning that the Islip board of health had no jurisdiction over Fire island, and to protect the quarantine line established by Dr. Jenkins against all trespassers. The governor further said that if trespassers were needed to call on Adjutant-General Porter. The governor also telegraphed Porter to the same effect.

Later advices from Fire Island state that the excitement subsided when it was learned that the resolutions served were old, and were probably served in order to conform with the legal complications.

QUARANTINE, Sept. 17.—The passengers of the steamer Wyoming positively refuse to be transferred to Fire Island this morning, stating that the vessel was not infected.

Dr. Jenkins says he will have them removed tomorrow whether they will or not. The steamers Etruria, Furest Bismarck and City of Chester, will be released this afternoon. The Bothnia will be held till tomorrow for fumigation. One of the Bohemia's passengers died this morning.

To Confer with the President.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Secretary John W. Foster will leave here tonight for Loon Lake to confer with the president in regard to the letter of Mayor Grant requesting in his correspondence that some step be taken to restrict emigration during the cholera epidemic.

Cholera on Board the Baltimore.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—A dispatch to the *Herald* from Baltimore says: It is believed the steamship Baltimore from Liverpool, which arrived yesterday, has two cases of cholera on board. She is held at Quarantine station pending an investigation.

Quarantine Proclamation.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 17.—An extra edition of the Canada *Gazette* was issued today containing a proclamation of quarantine on the Canadian border against passengers and merchandise from the city of New York.

Secretary Elkins All Right.

WHEELING, W. Va., Sept. 17.—The rumor that Secretary Elkins was dead or seriously ill is denied in a telegram from his home at Elkins, W. Va., to night. Attorney-General Miller at Washington says Mr. Elkins is somewhat indisposed, and out of this fact the rumor probably grew.

Presumed to Mean Quarantine.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 17.—The United States minister to Norway and Sweden cables that Sweden declares United States ports on the east coast infected. It is presumed this means quarantine.

Cholera in the Old Country.

HAVRE, Sept. 17.—Only three new cases of cholera were reported in the city yesterday, as against fifteen for the day before. The deaths yesterday numbered five, two more than occurred on Thursday.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—The *Petit Journal* says cholera broke out in Naples several days ago: eight or ten deaths have occurred daily.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 17.—It was reported in St. Petersburg yesterday that there were forty-eight new cases of cholera and fifteen deaths, eleven less cases and seven more deaths than Thursday. Sixty cholera patients were discharged from the hospital yesterday.

HAMBURG, Sept. 17.—Official cholera statistics for yesterday place the number of new cases at 276, and deaths at 136. The doctors believe the general situation more favorable today.

HARD ON HAMBURG.

The Residents of That City Feeling Sore Over the Treatment They Have Received.

BERLIN, Sept. 17.—Residents of Hamburg feel very sore over the lack of sympathy and the abundance of hostile feelings with which they are treated by most of the German authorities, the press and the people during the present troubles. The leading Hamburg papers go so far as to advocate a commercial boycott of towns and wattering places which refused an asylum to residents who fled from Hamburg. Hamburg's business has suffered a terrible set back. The prompt action of Chancellor Von Caprivi in appointing an imperial health commission for the whole Elbe territory, and the no less prompt action of Herr Richtoff in supporting the commission through officers has done much to establish a feeling of security among the masses. During the past week six of the largest banks in Berlin have opened subscription lists for relief for cholera sufferers in Hamburg, the emperor heading them with a subscription of 30,000 marks. Professor Koch thinks rapid subsidence in the Hamburg epidemic is probable.

The Prussian diet, which meets the second week in November, will have an important measure to consider, the question of reforming the electoral system. The new bill retains the plan of grouping electors in classes, according to taxation, but lowers the qualifications of voters. The Freissinig party will raise a lively contest over what they claim an insufficient reform among the first bills introduced in the reichstag, but the one giving the imperial health office control of the sanitary regulations of the whole of Germany. The different laws now existing in each federated state makes joint action impossible. The epidemic of cholera has shown the necessity of central authority.

Negotiations for a commercial entente with Russia resulted in a definite project. Germany offers to reduce the tariff on cereals, alcoholes, hides, petroleum and other oils in exchange for lower duties on cloth, iron, coal, and all kinds of machinery. The foreign office expects an early agreement.

IMPROVING.

Mrs. Harrison's Condition Growing Better.

Yesterday the Most Favorable Day She Has Experienced Since Her Sickness —Doctors' Opinion.

LOON LAKE, N. Y., Sept. 17.—Today was the most favorable day that Mrs. Harrison has experienced since she was stricken down with pleurisy, nearly ten days ago. The physicians express confidence this evening of her recovery from particular complications. They gravely admit, however, that the terrible seeds of consumption are still present and are apt to continue a steady inroad on her constitution. The manner in which she has overcome the attendant complication encourages them to believe that she will be able to fight against the more serious malady with which she is afflicted. The report that she has cancer of the stomach is emphatically denied by both Dr. Doughty and Dr. Gardner.

President Harrison is feeling more cheerful this morning. Dr. Gardner after the examination of Mrs. Harrison stated that she was much improved. The balance of ilum was drawn from her chest yesterday. She stood the operation well, and now retains some nourishment, and for the first time since her illness is able to lie on her back.

WILL DO THE LEGITIMATE.

A Former Plunger at Monte Carlo from Chicago Starts a Show.

[Special to THE HERALD—Examiner Dispatch.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—Harry Rosenfeld, the young Chicago plunger whose winnings at Monte Carlo last year excited a good deal of gossip, has forsaken the green cloth, according to a letter from London received in this city. He has formed a partnership with Prof. Thomas A. Kennedy, the hypnotist, and the two, with their theatrical company, sailed from Northampton Sept. 3 for Cape Town, South Africa. It is their intention to make a tour of the British and Dutch possessions in Africa and then proceed to Australia. Kennedy, who is also an American, has for three years been giving exhibitions at the Royal Aquarium, London, and at one time was well known in the United States. Rosenfeld's relatives are still living in Chicago, but have kept little track of the young man's movements of late years.

BARON FAVA RECALLED.

The Italian Minister to the United State Not in Harmony with His Superiors.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—The *Eco d'Italia* in this city has received the following cable dispatch:

ROME, Sept. 17.

The *Tribuna, Diritto Pungolo* and *Mattino* published a statement to the effect that Baron Fava, the Italian minister to the United States, has been recalled from his post by reason of his action in connection with the differences of opinion in the Italian colony in New York in which he took sides against the Italian consul-general at New York. It is asserted positively that he will not return to Washington.

ROME, Sept. 17.—Several of the papers today publish a statement to the effect that Baron Fava, the Italian minister to the United States, has been recalled by reason of his action in taking sides against the Italian consul-general at New York in the differences of opinion which exist in the Italian colony there.

England's Financial Crisis.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—*Land and Water* today declares a financial crisis, which first found a series of expression in the Baring collapse, is becoming more acute. The situation, it adds, is rendered worse by the artificial efforts made during the past two years to postpone the inevitable result. Within the past twenty-four hours several clubs in the West End were definitely closed. Several London journals are on the verge of disaster, five of the largest and most important estates in England are shortly to be sold, several commercial firms of hitherto good reputation are now distrained and a number of well known men prominent as society entertainers are vanishing. The writer instances a collapse of the Lyric club, one of the "smartest" in London with an aristocratic and wealthy membership.

Old Officers Re-elected.

GETTYSBURG, Sept. 17.—The old officers were re-elected at the annual meeting of the Battlefield Memorial association.

SULLIVAN'S SENSE.

He Accepts a Rousing Benefit at Madison Square Garden.

CORBETT AND SULLIVAN SPAR.

The Ex-Champion Receives a Rousing Reception—Three Very Tame Rounds—Racing, Baseball, Etc.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—A splendid ovation was given John L. Sullivan in Madison Square garden tonight. Nine thousand men and also about three hundred women lent themselves to the occasion, and showered wild applause when the ex-champion appeared in the ring to wind up his benefit with a bout with Jim Corbett, his victorious opponent.

The applause as Sullivan's burly frame appeared was something awful. As Sullivan turned from right to left, and bowed his head, the cheering grew wilder. Sullivan folded his arms across his breast, and turned his eyes towards the roof, to conceal the moisture that dimmed them. Then Corbett leaped over the ropes and hastening to the center of the ring, took Sullivan's bare hands in his gloved ones and quiet was restored, and then the ex-champion spoke briefly, heartily thanking the people for such a reception after his defeat. He said he had nothing but praise for Corbett, and if he continued in the right path he could hold the championship as many years as he (Sullivan) did. He had no excuse to make for his defeat, saying that when a defeated man makes excuses he makes the great mistakes of his life. Corbett also spoke a few words, saying that he would try and hold the championship as long as Sullivan did.

Time was then called; if the crowd expected any heavy hitting it was disappointed, as the exhibition consisted of three very tame rounds. All sorts of advice was shouted at Sullivan, such as "Give him the right," "Now get in a good one for revenge," but the ex-champion smiled sadly and continued to exchange light blows. When the men left the ring Sullivan was

SURROUNDED BY A PERFECT MOB,

and the big basket of flowers he carried narrowly escaped destruction.

Sullivan may well be satisfied with his reception, as it not only showed him he still had friends, but netted him a handsome profit. Corbett tonight was given a reception at the Tenderloin club, and Mark Dwyer turned over to him $20,000 stakes he won at New Orleans.

Choynski and Godfrey to Fight.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—The Coney Island Athletic club has signed Joe Choynski of California to meet George Godfrey of Boston for a purse of $5,000 on Monday, Oct. 31. Choynski has signed the agreement and it was forwarded for the Boston man to sign.

Broke a Pacing Record.

TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 17.—Riley Medium broke the world's pacing record over a half-mile track here today, pacing three heats, the first in 2:17¼, the second in 2:13, and the third in 2:11¾. The quarter was made in :32¼, the half in 1:10, and the three-quarters in 1:38¼.

Racing at Gravesend.

GRAVESEND, Sept. 17.—One mile—Aloha first, Fairy second, Miss Dixie third. Time, 1:49¾.

Six furlongs—Nomad first, Fred Taral second, Walcot third. Time, 1:14¼.

Alderia stakes, six furlongs—Ajax first, Sir Francis second, Corduroy third. Time, 1:15¼.

First special mile and one-quarter—Lamplighter won by a length, Strathmeath second, Banquet third. Time, 2:09¼.

Five and one-half furlongs—Giroflé colt first, Young Arion second, Marcelus third. Time, 1:09¾.

Mile and one-sixteenth—Equity first, Strephone second, Homer third. Time, 1:49¼.

Closing Day at Homewood.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 17.—At the closing of the fall meeting at Homewood park the conditions were first-class.

The free-for-all trot, unfinished from yesterday, was won by Lakewood Prince in 2:15¼.

The unfinished 2:16 pace was won by J H L in 2:16.

2:20 trot—Constantine won, Gertrude second, Nellie Mason third, others drawn. Best time—2:16¼.

2:37 pace—Raven King Heiro won, Wilkie Knox second, Harry Hoyes third. Best time—1:18¼.

2:33 trot—Egyptian won three straights, Hildebrun second, Winterset third, Fletawest fourth. Best time—2:24¼.

Races at Latonia.

LATONIA, Sept. 17.—The track was very fast.

Six furlongs—Odrey won, Kildare second, Empress Frederick third. Time—1:15.

Four and one-half furlongs—Susie Nell won, Belfast second, Kentucky Lady third. Time—:56¾.

Free handicap—El Rayo won, Falero second, Tomatough third. Time—:53¾.

Tobacco stakes, mile—Bob L won, Salina D second, Melody third. Time—1:41½.

Free handicap, five furlongs—Afternoon won, Dutchoven second, Judge Cardwell third. Time—1:02¾.

Six furlongs—Virgie Johnson won, Happiness second, David third. Time—1:16¼.

Bicycle Records Broken.

INDEPENDENCE, Ia., Sept. 17.—John Johnson of Minneapolis broke the world's bicycle records for one-half mile and one-quarter mile, going the half mile in :52¼ and the quarter in :26 3-5. He was accompanied by a runner in both heats.

YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL GAMES.

AT BALTIMORE.

Neither pitcher gave a base on balls. Baltimore bunched their hits and won.

Baltimore, 5; Pittsburg, 1. Batteries—Cobb, Gunson; Baldwin, Miller.

AT WASHINGTON.

The Senators batted Gumbert at will.

Washington, 10; Chicago, 3. Batteries—Killen, McGuire; Gumbert, Schriver.

AT PHILADELPHIA.

Gleason was a soft mark and was poorly supported.

Philadelphia, 8; St. Louis, 1. Batteries—Carsey, Clements; Gleason, Buckley.

AT NEW YORK.

The Giants took the finest game of the season by hard batting.

New York, 8; Cleveland, 1. Batteries—Pulsie, Ewing; Davis, Zimmer.

AT BROOKLYN.

Brooklyn suffered an ignomenious defeat.

Brooklyn, 15; Louisville, 2. Batteries—Haddock, C. Daily; Clawson, Merritt.

AT BOSTON.

Sullivan was hit hard, but the Bostonians earned but one run.

Boston, 7; Cincinnatti, 4. Batteries—Stivetts, Gausel; Sullivan, Murphy.

Surrendered Himself.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—Francis Gonzales, charged by the Venezuelan minister with fitting out the steamship South Portland with the intention of using her as a cruiser against the Venezuelan government surrendered himself to the United States commissioner today. The prompt action of the United States is commended in a dispatch from the Venezuelan government.

CROWDS CONGREGATING.

Washington Already Receiving Large Numbers of G. A. R. Men.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—It can safely be said that never before has Washington been as gayly dressed and shown such enthusiasm as upon the accession of the Grand Army, preparations for which are practically completed. All through last night trains arriving at the two stations brought visitors to the city, and no small number of them were G. A. R. men. If the crowds today form a basis for an estimate, the city will be thronged next week by a crowd of people larger than ever gotten together in Washington before.

The Blair post of St. Louis serenaded Secretary Noble tonight. Secretary Noble and General Bussey spoke. The post then marched to the residence of Mrs. John A. Logan and presented her with a silver medallion bearing a bust of Frank P. Blair in relief. Vice-President Morton arrived tonight to take part in the dedicating ceremonies Monday.

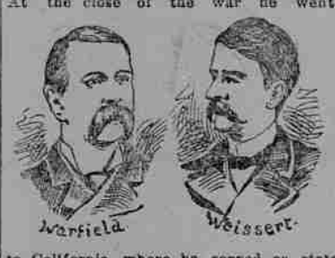
MRS. GENERAL JOHN A. LOGAN.

Mrs. General John A. Logan will probably be chosen national president of the Woman's Relief Corps G. A. R., at its meeting in Washington next week. She is the widow of General John A. Logan of Illinois, and has been a member of the relief corps since 1884. She is now editing a woman's magazine. Mrs. Logan's career is one of thrilling interest, beginning with the breaking out of

the war, when she was practically the aide-de-camp to her husband, the general. She was in charge of the hospitals at Cairo and Marion. When her husband was in the senate, Mrs. Logan was, as she still is, a leader in Washington society, and later assisted him in the great canvas for the vice-presidency.

CANDIDATES FOR COMMANDER G. A. R.

The G. A. R. encampment Sept. 20, will attract several hundred thousand visitors to Washington. One event of special interest will be the election of a grand commander to succeed Commander-in-Chief John M. Palmer. California and Wisconsin have presented the strongest candidates. The one is Colonel R. H. Warfield. He is a New York veteran, having enlisted from a Rochester regiment. At the close of the war he went



to California where he served as state commander for the G. A. R. A. G. Weissert is Wisconsin's candidate. He was born in Canton, O., in 1844 and was educated at Ann Arbor. He enlisted in the Eighth Wisconsin and rose to the rank of captain. In 1866 he joined the G. A. R., has repeatedly been national delegate from his state and at the Milwaukee encampment was elected senior vice-commander-in-chief, serving while General Algar was commander.

PECK'S PREDICAMENT

New York's Labor Commissioner Pleads Not Guilty.

The Charges Preferred Against Him—Governor Flower Interviewed in Regard to Peck's Removal.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 17.—Labor Commissioner Peck and his stenographer, Albert Rodgers, appeared before Police Justice Gutmann this morning, and each one after pleading not guilty to the charges against them, was held in $1,000 bail and the case was adjourned until Sept. 29.

The Associated Press reporter asked Governor Flower tonight if he had taken any action regarding the removal of Labor Commissioner Peck. The Governor replied that he was not yet entirely familiar with the facts in the case, that he had had Peck's resignation in his hands since last winter, but never considered it. If Peck committed a misdemeanor in destroying public documents, it saved him (the governor) the necessity of accepting his resignation.

Regarding the infernal machine the governor said that last Wednesday he received a letter telling him that he was to get a package and not to open it until it had been thoroughly soaked in water. The governor turned the letter over to the police. This was all he knew about it.

DYING FROM FLUX.

A Kentucky Farming Community Suffering from the Terrible Disease.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 17.—A special to the *Courier-Journal* from Roverton, Ky., says: Reports received late this evening from Garner, a farming community twenty miles from here, states that the flux is raging there to such an extent that the entire community is alarmed. Twelve deaths have occurred during the past two days and others are hourly expected. Physicians seem unable to cope with the disease, as patients get no relief from the treatment given them. The victims are seized with horrible pains in the bowels and subsequent purging and vomiting, which continues until death, which usually occurs in from three to five days. In some cases the screams of the patients, forced by the agony, can be heard half a mile.

Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 17.—The convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen passed a resolution favoring federation of all railway unions.

WORLD OF POLITICS.

Weaver and Field Issue an Address to the Public.

BOTH ACCEPT THE NOMINATION.

And Set Forth Reasons Why the People Should Support Them—Politics in General.

PENSACOLA, Fla., Sept. 17.—General Weaver and General Field, the People's party candidates for president and vice-president, have issued an address to the people of the United States. In part they say:

"We take this method of formally notifying the public of our acceptance of the nominations, and our appreciation of the honor conferred upon us. We are heartily in accord with the platform of principles adopted by the People's party convention and if elected will endeavor to faithfully carry out the demands in letter and spirit. We are requested by the national committee to visit the various states of the Union. Already one-third of us have visited fifteen states, and if health and strength is spared, we intend to continue the work until the campaign is closed. We have been received with marked cordiality and enthusiasm everywhere, without parallel and it extends to every part of the Union we have visited. By contact with the people we have become acquainted with their wants and sufferings, and have been brought face to face with the manifold perils which so seriously threaten our civilization and overthrow of the popular government. The people are in poverty, the substance being devoured by heartless monopolies, trusts, pools and money sharks. We trust for the people that all who desire highways between states shall be rendered subservient to the popular good, and finally, all who desire restoration of fraternity among the people and the obliteration of animosities, should at once regard it their conscientious duty to align themselves under the banner of this great industrial and fraternal movement. It seems to us quite impossible that the liberty and justice-loving people of the country should longer cast their ballots for corporations and money changers. It would seem impossible that they should refuse to make a common cause with the fair-minded majority of the people of the south, who have risen up to demand justice and good government in the respective states. The new party has its face turned to a glorious future: Its sublime mission is to usher in an era of fraternity and justice among men. In the presence of such an opportunity to emancipate our country from misrule of every kind, let party lines be forgotten and the generous flame of common patriotism nerve every heart and move every soul.

Labor is largely unemployed and where work is obtainable the wages paid for the most part are unremunerative and the products of labor are not paying the costs of production. The leaders of heretofore dominant parties are everywhere controlled by the great monopolies and money centers, and manifest an utter disregard for the wants and wishes of the people. They are hostile camps arranged on sectional lines, but vie with each other in subservience to capitalistic and corporate greed. Upon the general economic questions of the age they are differing just enough to enable them to carry on a battle, while the work of robbery and spoilition continues unabated. We hold the right of free ballot and a fair count of the rights preservative of all rights, and upon their inviolability rests the perpetuity of free institutions and a representative government. We are pained to discover in the public mind of the southern states a widespread loss of confidence on the part of the people in the integrity of judges of elections in receiving the ballot of the people, and counting them for the candidates of their choice. We think the evils must be corrected by the intelligence and integrity of the people. Otherwise scenes of violence and perhaps bloodshed may follow the efforts of parties in charge of the ballot boxes to defraud the will of the voter. After consultation with the people, we believe it to be true, beyond a reasonable question that a majority of the white voters are with the People's party in every southern state thus far visited, and information leads us to believe that this is true in other states also. We are informed that at the recent state election in Alabama Captain Kolb was chosen governor by over 40,000 majority, and yet his opponent was counted in by a majority of 10,000.

County tickets throughout the state have been counted out and others counted in. By the the same unblushing methods, we are informed that in the state election in Arkansas on the 5th of September that at least 50,000 qualified voters of the state were deprived of their right of suffrage. The only thing our friends in the state have to guide them is in the few counties where they are able to force an honest count. In every one of these counties our vote was fully up to expectations. In some populous white counties the People's party hold an immense vote, the ticket leading the Republican largely and about equal with the Democratic. We believe a fair count would show similar conditions throughout the state. Frauds and irregularities though local, yet are matters worthy of the consideration of the people of the whole United States. It is apparent that neither the Republican party nor the Democratic party can, or will accomplish the restoration of the ballot to a fair and honest basis. The People's party alone can secure the desired end. All who desire a revival of business, all who wish for a return of prosperity, all who desire to relieve depressed industries and the wage workers of our common country, all who desire an adequate increase of our currency and free coinage of silver, all who desire an abolition of planks, issue and constitutional control of great instruments of commerce by the government of the United States, all who desire that the laws of taxation shall be equally adjusted to the property of the country, and all who desire that the public domain shall be secretly held, should unite in support of the People's party ticket.

Adlai Stevenson in North Carolina.

CHARLESTON, N. C., Sept. 17.—General Adlai Stevenson spoke this morning to 20,000 people. It was the greatest political meeting in the history of the state.

Latest Returns From Maine.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 17.—The latest returns indicate that the legislature will have a Republican majority of ninety-six, on a joint ballot a gain of two. There will be but one Democrat in the Senate, a Republican gain of three.

RESOURCE OF REPURLICANS.

An Idaho County Convention Compelled to Fill Out Its Ticket with Democrats.

MONTPELIER, Ida., Sept. 17.—[Special telegram to THE HERALD.]—The Republican county convention convened here at 10 o'clock today. W. Hoge was chosen chairman. After the several committees had reported the nominations began. The chairman announced that the first should be for representative to the legislature. Hoover was at once on the floor and asked to hear from Mr. Bagley, who, by the way, was not a delegate, but stepped to the platform and said it was perfectly safe to nominate him, and if the test case now pending should be adverse to the Mormons, he and any others could resign and their places be filled by appointment. Hoover gave a very pretty little speech of acceptance before his name was ever mentioned. Hoover and Bagley were finally placed in nomination, resulting in the nomination of Bagley. The balance of the nominations are as follows: Assessor, Joseph McCart; sheriff, H. G. Allen; treasurer, J. R. Shepard; surveyor, E. A. Austin, coroner, Joseph Lewis, jr.; county commissioners, Walter Ackroid, James Beeson and C. G. Gray. At this point precinct officers were nominated and, having exhausted the names of the entire party, they nominated T. J. Smalley, a well known Democrat, for justice of the peace.

Reid's Reception.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—The reception at the Union League club, Brooklyn, tonight to Mr. Whitelaw Reid was the event of the Republican campaign thus far. Previous to the reception Mr. Reid reviewed the parade containing 6,000 uniformed Republicans, then, after shaking hands with gentlemen in the club house, Mr. Reid addressed the assemblage, reviewing the issues of the campaign.

SIXTY YEARS IN JAIL.

A San Francisco Footpad Receives a Sentence For That Number of Years.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 17.—Sidney Bell, a footpad who acquired notoriety through a sensational trial resulting in his conviction for the murder of Samuel Jacobson a trunk manufacturer of this city, was today sentenced on three charges of highway robbery to an aggregate of sixty years imprisonment. His second trial for the murder of Jacobson, a new trial having been granted him, begins two weeks hence.

Fire in the Navy Yard.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—A fire in the navy yard has destroyed the machinery of the new cruiser Cincinnati. The loss is about half a million.

The efforts to save the machinery were futile. The inefficient police service in the yard is said to be responsible for the spread of the flames before the discovery.

Reunion of Naval Veterans.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 17.—The first reunion of naval veterans, held in Baltimore, was a great success. There was a splendid parade today and the bombardment of Fort McHenry by naval vessels in the harbor brought the exercises to a brilliant close.

A Perpetual Holiday.

MADRID, Sept. 17.—The government has decided to declare Oct. 12 a perpetual national holiday in commemoration of the discovery of America.

CRAZED WITH LIQUOR.

An Unsuccessful Suitor Jumps from a Third Story Window.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 17.—While crazed with liquor, Gustus Gustong, a young sailor, tonight fatally shot Mary Koch, 18 years old, and slightly wounded her father, Charles Koch, after which he turned the revolver on his own head, pulling the trigger. He then jumped out of the third story window, dashing out his brains before a crowd of horrified spectators on the pavement below. Gustong had been paying attention to Miss Koch, but she gave him no encouragement.

OFFERED A BRIBE.

Another Phase in the Garfield Racing Troubles.

A Justice of the Peace Makes a Sensational Statement In Open Court—He Was Offered $300 for His Honor.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—The alleged offer of $50,000 to Chief of Police McClaughry by representatives of the race track for the political campaign fund if the rival track at Garfield was suppressed, has a counter bribery sensation today with Garfield as the alleged bribe offer. Justice Charles W. Woodman in open court declared that M. C. McDonald, one of the heavy stock holders in the Garfield track, had called at his home asking him to dismiss the cases against the people arrested in police raids on Garfield. McDonald, according to the justice, spoke of using his influence in certain political contingencies to have Woodman reappointed. On departing he handed the justice a roll of currency in a dark hallway with the remark, "I owe you some money." The magistrate, assuming that it was the balance due on bail bonds, took it, but on entering a lighted parlor after McDonald had gone found $300. After making the statement in court Woodman asked if McDonald was present, and receiving no response he handed over $300 to Police Inspector Lewis. Justice Woodman then announced his decision of imposing fines varying from $100 down to $5. McDonald is one of the most widely known men in the sporting world, and in view of the tragical results of the police raids, the dramatic contradictions under oath by Mayor Washburn and Chief McClaughry, and the dragging in of the question of politics and highly wrought antagonism of the church going people in the best division of the city against racing and gambling, the affair is causing no end of comment. McDonald emphatically denies Woodman's statements.

VIGOROUS PROTEST.

The Colombian Government Severely Censured for Its Actions.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—At a meeting at the office of the Pacific Mail at which were present consular representatives of most of the Central and South American republics, a vigorous protest was unanimously subscribed against the action of the Colombian government placing an embargo on vessels from European and United States Atlantic ports. The Panama Railroad company has notified the Colombian government that the action is in violation of the chartered rights, and that it will hold the government responsible for money damages.

Prostrated by Paralysis.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 17.—David A. McKinley, from 1881 to 1885 United States consul at Honolulu, and for the past seven years Hawaiian consul-general at this port, was prostrated by paralysis today. He is a brother of Governor McKinley of Ohio.

Odd Fellows Enjoy a Clam Bake.

PORTLAND, Or., Sept. 17.—The first day of the assemblage of the Odd Fellows was celebrated by an excursion to the mouth of the Columbia river where a clam bake and luncheon was given. After spending several hours at the beach the excursionists returned to Portland, arriving at midnight.

Complete Returns from Arkansas.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 17.—Complete official returns of the state election show the vote for governor as follows: Fishback, (Democrat), 90,115; Whipple, (Republican), 23,644; Cunahan, (Peoples), 31,177. Fishback's majority over both, 25,294. The balance of the Democratic ticket is two hundred to six hundred ahead of Fishback.

Terrible Boiler Explosion.

TORONTO, Sept. 17.—A terrible boiler explosion occurred this morning at the Dickinson Stave mills and staples, four miles from this city. Killed eight men. The boiler was blown fully two hundred feet.

Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—The bank statement shows a reserve increase of $97,600. The banks now hold $4,570,000 in excess of legal requirements.

SEEKING HIS LIFE.

Governor Flower the Recipient of an Infernal Machine.

SOME CRANK DESIRES TO KILL HIM

A Letter of Warning Probably Saves Mr. Flower's Life—The Apparatus a Queer Contrivance.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—The life of Governor Flower has been threatened by an infernal machine sent him at Winter hotel a couple of days ago. The police officials are very reticent over the affair, but a large number of detectives are working on the case. A box was sent Flower by mail, but he being absent, it was not touched for a couple of days. When the wrapper was taken off the box it was such a queer contrivance that it was deemed best to turn it over to the police. The inspector after soaking the box in water for two hours, raised the lid and discovered within a cigar box filled with giant powder and matches, so arranged that if the box had been opened under ordinary circumstances it would have exploded. The deadly machine contained enough giant powder to have blown the governor into eternity. It is said a letter was received by Flower before the package was left at the hotel, warning him to be careful if he received a box and implying that an attempt would be made on his life. This aroused his suspicion when the box was received.

There was great activity at the detective bureau this morning. The inspector would not admit anything in connection with the infernal machine. He claimed that the box contained nothing but seed for oysters, hence there was no mystery connected with it.

Chief Inspector Steers at a late hour this afternoon sent for reporters at police headquarters and told them the box was a veritable, unmistakable infernal machine, ingeniously contrived to kill the governor or whoever might open it. It was not mailed in the postoffice, but left on a lamp post letter box.

BURNED TO A CRISP.

Heroic Efforts of a Mother to Save Her Children.

MISSOURI VALLEY, Ia., Sept. 17.—Four children of Mrs. Eckenback were burned to death this morning. They were sleeping upstairs. The mother tried to fill a lighted gasoline stove and the explosion followed. She threw the stove down stairs and ran down herself to extinguish the flames, but the fire spread rapidly, and before help arrived the house was a mass of flames. The bodies of the children were burned to a crisp.

Assessed for Campaign Purposes.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Sept. 17.—Theo Roosevelt of the United States civil service commission, after examination of several employees of the postoffice, decided to lay before the commission in Washington the charges preferred against the late postmaster, Charles E. Ernst and Assistant Postmaster Brown of assessing the post office employes for campaign purposes.

MARRIED TO MANSFIELD.

Richard, the Actor, Weds His Leading Lady, Beatrice Cameron.

[Special to THE HERALD—Examiner Cable.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—Richard Mansfield, the actor, and Beatrice Cameron, his leading lady, were married Thursday afternoon. The wedding was almost a private one, and besides a few friends the only others present were people who chanced to be in the church. The bride, whose name in private life was Susan Hegeman, is the daughter of Hegeman of Albia, N. Y.

The bride was dressed in a handsome gown of white satin and carried a large bouquet of lilies of the valley. The bridegroom wore a conventional frock coat, gray trousers, patent leather shoes, and carried a silk hat. A simple breakfast was served at the Plaza hotel and included only the party at the church. Mr. Mansfield announced about a year ago that he and Miss Cameron, or Mrs. George Pnoebos—she was divorced from her first husband—were to be married in London, where, with several friends, they spent last summer. Owing to their haste to get back to America the wedding was postponed and proved to be a great surprise to the theatrical world.

Mr. Mansfield is a son of Mme. Pirdersdorf, a famous teacher of singing, who formerly lived in Boston, where Mansfield was born.

Charged With Conspiracy.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 17.—Assignee A. E. Stockwell and Treasurer John Henry Hayes of the Mutual Banking Trust and Deposit company, were arrested this afternoon and held in the sum of $10,000 bail on warrants sworn out by George S. Graham, receiver from the Iron Hall, charging them with conspiracy to divert the moneys of the Iron Hall into various unlawful channels, and also with obstructing justice by deceiving the judges of the common pleas courts.

INSTANTLY KILLED.

A Ranchman Struck by a Freight Train on the Southern Pacific.

OGDEN, U. T., Sept. 17.—[Special telegram to THE HERALD.]—William Benson, while walking along the Southern Pacific track about four miles west of Terrace, was struck by freight train number 5 and instantly killed at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The body was taken to Terrace. It is understood Benson was a ranchman.

SITUATION IS CRITICAL.

Dissatisfaction Expressed with the Peace Agreement.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 17.—A message from Indian Agent Bennett, Choctaw Nation, dated Thursday, states that the situation there is critical; that a hundred Jones men, heavily armed, had appeared that afternoon and demanded the surrender of the prisoners, which was refused.

Two hundred Jones men congregated two miles south in command of Green McKurkine. They expressed dissatisfaction with the peace agreement, and declared their determination not to abide by the same. Unless this force disbands tomorrow he will have to appeal to the military for aid.

Order of Iron Hall Troubles.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17.—Assignee and Counsel A. E. Stockwell, of the Mutual Bank Trust Surety and Safety Deposit company, was arrested at the instigation of George E. Graham, receiver of the Order of Iron Hall for Pennsylvania. Stockwell is charged with conspiracy to divert the funds of the Iron Hall into an unlawful channel.