

NEWS, POLITICS, LITERATURE, TRADE AND COMMERCE—BUT FIRST OF ALL, THE NEWS.

CLEVELAND AGREES WITH GRESHAM.

Policy To Be Pursued in the Case of the Deposed Queen.

SHE WILL BE RESTORED

Gresham's Letter Excites Comment in All Quarters.

Interviews with Prominent Men—The President Talks Freely to a Relative—Hawaii in San Francisco Are Greatly Excited.

Washington, Nov. 11.—The state and navy department officials are extremely reticent regarding what action is to be taken to carry out the policy announced by Secretary Gresham in Hawaii. The navy department professes to know nothing of any order issued to carry out the restoration of the queen. If the United States minister has instructions to carry out a policy of the government, he can call upon the government naval forces to assist him; but in this case that would devolve upon Minister Willis, and the duty of presenting his credentials to the present government and then proceeding to take steps to restore the queen.

The embarrassment is pointed out by persons conversant with diplomatic methods as sufficient to preclude that method of procedure. There are almost as great embarrassments in the other possible course which has been suggested, which is that Minister Willis may have been admitted to whom was known to himself and to the former government.

Gresham argues that the provisional government espies by its own limitation and that might involve the legitimacy of the present government, but the present government has been equally recognized by the United States as the government de jure. These are only considerations that are suggested by persons well versed in the possible course of such a question.

The probable instructions of Minister Willis are ascertained. As yet the provisional government of Hawaii will consent to retire peacefully and make way for the restoration of Queen Liliuokalani. If the instructions of Minister Willis will probably vary for further instructions. Minister Willis was due to arrive in Honolulu last Saturday. The United States is now represented at Honolulu by the flagships Philadelphia and the corvette Adams. They are regarded as sufficient to enforce any contention of this government. So far known to yet have been taken by the navy department to reinforce them in anticipation of trouble following the execution of the new policy of the government.

In case more ships are needed it is regarded by some people as a strong probability that the Yorktown at Callao, the Albatross at Honolulu, the Monterey, Mohican and Bangor, at San Francisco, will be sent, all of which vessels could be concentrated at Honolulu in from two to four weeks time. Expressions of opinion by public men now in Washington upon the letter of Secretary Gresham on the Hawaiian affair varied. Some are inclined to approve the sentiment expressed in the epistle and others denounce it with great vehemence. Many politicians and public officials are waiting for a policy, or policy, refuse to talk upon the question at all. Every one of them, however, are eagerly waiting further developments.

Senator Morgan, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, is not at all pleased at the turn of affairs. He said this government could not restore the queen. Two administrations had recognized the provisional government and accredited its representatives, and they could not be discredited under the circumstances. Congressman Hitt, of Illinois, takes a deep interest in the subject, and in reference to the government of Hawaii. The policy of interference of our government in behalf of monarchy is contrary to very tradition and impulse of the American people. As to the question of monarchy, it is a question of administration on the one side and Minister Stevens, Captain Wilts (now dead) and the five commissioners on the other. He said all of whom were appointed, we ought to have full testimony before holding them guilty of false statements and a conspiracy to be carried out by force of arms. He said we have no testimony whatever against them. Stevens bore a high character as a discreet and able representative of this government. The fact is, he was in another part of the world when the queen was restored. He did not reach Honolulu until noon on Saturday, the day of the queen's violent demonstration and the exciting scenes between her and the cabinet. The meeting on the Monday following, Jan. 16, of armed citizens is said to have been the most important event ever held in the islands, and the business of all kinds, and the diplomatic correspondence states there were many applications from Americans to the minister to have the marines landed to protect American interests and preserve order. This does not look like a secretly contrived conspiracy by the American minister and the American commander to overthrow a friendly government. The reports of that meeting in Honolulu newspapers indicate that the queen's government fell because of the almost universal detestation and dread in which it was held. American people will have but one opinion if they learn this cast of monarchy has been set up again by our armed forces. The state department, by Webster, Marr, Everts, Blaine, Freylinghuysen and Bayard have held but one tone. Our ministers have been instructed to encourage sentiments favorable to the United States and its interests, and to impress upon that government the overwhelming superiority of the government of the people of the United States in those islands, as compared with the interests of other nations, and that the ultimate destiny of that government is American annexation.

Representative Oates said the question presented in the report of the secretary of state is one of law as well as of fact. Certainly this government would not be justified in taking any steps toward the restoration of the queen if we were not directly responsible for her deposition. He opposed annexation, but the proposition to restore the queen presented a different question and he was not prepared to discuss it beyond this point.

Senator Faulkner, of West Virginia, had only glanced at Secretary Gresham's letter, he said, but inferring that the main idea of Secretary Gresham's statement was the restoration of monarchy in Hawaii, he could not understand how that could be brought about by the United States under existing conditions. Judge Turner, of Georgia, who is one

of the best lawyers in the House, said he early opposed the annexation of Hawaii and was inclined to agree generally with what the secretary of state had said in connection with the Hawaiian affair.

Representative Cobb, of Missouri, opposed annexation, but did not think we ought to interfere to restore the queen. Representative Botner, of Louisiana, said he did not think the government had any right to interfere in the former government of Hawaii, and if it appeared to be the case and the queen was deposed with the assistance of this government, we should do everything in our power to correct the wrong.

James Hyde Pratt, of Albany, is in the city. There is a family relationship between Pratt and Cleveland and Pratt, Cleveland's grandfather having been a brother to Pratt's mother. Pratt had a previous acquaintance with Cleveland, having often seen him while he was at Albany as governor of New York. Pratt also has a family relationship in the Hawaiian Islands, and he feels strongly disposed to agree towards the islands enunciated in Secretary Gresham's letter. He drove out to Woodley this afternoon, and had a half hour's talk with the president on the subject. A report is received that Cleveland approves thoroughly and wholly of Gresham's letter, and all contained in it. Pratt lived much of his life in Hawaii, and is well acquainted with Gresham's ideas or belief as to the facts in the case. He stated to the president that Gresham's letter read to him like a special plea of an advocate for his case. His statement that the deposition of the queen was accomplished by a man whose name he did not disclose, and who he had knowledge that most of the leaders of the revolution were Hawaiian born and the parents of many of them were American, was not disturbed.

He urged, also, that the best natives approved of the present government, and only the disorderly elements of the islands were in a state of rebellion. He stated to the president his belief that in order to re-establish Queen Liliuokalani, it would be necessary to disarm every white man in the islands. He believes the queen could be maintained on the throne a day without the influence of armed forces or the authority of the United States government. He stated that he believed the queen was in possession of all the arms and powers of authority; had his forces well organized and disciplined, and was able to maintain itself against internal disturbances. He then questioned the accuracy of the statement that Minister Stevens and Captain Wilts were instrumental in serving the revolution, and that the success of the revolution was dependent upon the aid they rendered. They did no more, he asserted, than was authorized by the instructions of Secretary Bayard to Minister Merrill in July, 1893, for guidance in a similar period of disorder.

The president asked Pratt whether he thought he had as good opportunities of information on the subject as the president, after a careful study of the subject for eight months. Pratt rejoined he thought he had, since he had been in intimate relations, by correspondence and otherwise, with the Hawaiian government, and the Hawaiian people, and that he had been present at the interview by saying he had absolute faith in the accuracy of all the conclusions drawn by Gresham and the president. Captain Wilts committed an act of usurpation and had done wrong to a helpless power, which it was the duty of the United States government to undo. Pratt consented to relate the substance of his interview with President Cleveland for publication by the Associated Press.

IT WILL BEAN BLOODSHED. Attempt to Overturn the Provisional Government Will Be Resisted.

Chicago, Nov. 11.—Lorrin A. Thurston, Hawaiian minister to the United States, is in Chicago, and today said in relation to the Hawaiian matter: "I do not hesitate to reiterate that the American troops took no part in the revolution which overthrew the queen and forced upon the people of Hawaii who, in self-defense, took action, terminating the condition of affairs and restoring life and property. The provisional government today is the only government of Hawaii and is regarded as such at home and abroad. There is no room for a second government by a foreign power in the nature of a declaration of war against a friendly government, which I understand is the consent of Congress. There will be no safety for the supporters of the provisional government if the queen is restored, and if the attempt is made I believe bloodshed will be inevitable. In a case Americans and American property and American interests in Hawaii will be most hurt."

HAWAIIANS EXCITED. All News Is Anxiously Awaited in San Francisco.

San Francisco, Nov. 11.—The Hawaiians in San Francisco are greatly excited over Secretary Gresham's letter, and the Associated Press office here is anxiously waiting for the latest news from Washington. Hawaiian Consul Wilder, when asked to express an opinion to the Associated Press, declined until he had carefully studied Gresham's communication. He said, however, that Secretary Gresham was laboring under a misapprehension of the facts, and was evidently not aware of the gravity of the situation on the islands.

For a Government Coaling Station. Washington, Nov. 11.—Senator Peffer, when asked about Gresham's letter on the Hawaiian question, replied that he had not yet read the statement on which Gresham based his conclusion and did not care to express an opinion about Hawaii. He said, "It is that it may be used for a government coaling station."

Washington Whispers. Washington, Nov. 11.—The net available balance in the treasury again sustained a loss today, falling below the hundred million mark, and showed a reduction of about half a million dollars. Second Comptroller Mannur rendered an opinion overruling those of the former comptroller refusing to allow the claim of First Lieutenant G. Bingham, of the United States cavalry, for the loss of a horse, his private property.

EVIDENTLY A FRAUD. How Chinese Were Brought Here Under False Pretenses. Chicago, Nov. 11.—The Chicago federal authorities here are investigating the importation of the Chinese brought over as performers in the Chinese theatre in Midway Plaisance. The testimony shows that 450 men and women were brought from China as actors and employees, and the officials believe that many laborers were imported under the pretense they were actors. Chin Pau Qua, manager of the show, arrested charged with the embezzlement of \$30,000. The arrest was made

THE ANARCHISTS ACTING IN CONCERT.

Arrests for Complicity in the Liceo Explosion.

A BATTLE WITH BANDITS.

Montana Officials Indicted by the Grand Jury.

A Contractor Engaged in Government Work at St. Louis Absconds with a Large Amount of Cash.

Paris, Nov. 11.—A high Spanish police official has arrived here on a special mission connected with the recent dynamite bomb outrage at Barcelona. Several arrests of French anarchists suspected of complicity in the Liceo theatre explosion are expected today. It is believed an investigation will result in disclosures showing the anarchists of Europe are acting in concert and all the recent dynamite outrages and conspiracies have been carefully planned by the central committee, whose headquarters have not yet been located.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL HELD UP. Seven Thousand Dollars Vaguely Secured. Cairo, Ill., Nov. 11.—The Illinois Central train, due here at 1:30 this morning, was held up at Maxfield bridge, Ky., eight miles south of here, by five masked men, who are supposed to have boarded the train at Earlwell. One covered the engine with a revolver and secured a small amount of cash and a valuable package, the contents of which is unknown. The robbers then jumped from the train and made for the woods, followed by several pistol shots from the robbers of the express car, and a conductor but without effect. No clue.

Later accounts say that the stolen package contained about \$1,000. The robbery was so well planned that there was scarcely any excitement. Three men climbed up the engine tank. One covered the engine with a revolver and addressed him by his right name, saying, "polity."

"Mr. Clarke, pull out as soon as you can." He told the engineer he had no wish to hurt him, but would kill him if he disobeyed. Fireman Butler ran away and hid on the top of the engine. The robbers fired the engine, like an old-timer, from Bardwell to Port Jefferson. Here the engineer was instructed to stop the train. The robbers sent the engineer ahead of them at the point of pistols and shot guns to the express car. Engineer Clark called to the conductor to open the door as commanded by the robbers, and the engineer told the messenger not to shoot, the robbers using him as a shield. The robbers secured two packages of money, one of a small amount, the other said to contain \$1,000. The messenger had no money, and when an application was made to the hold up. It was so quiet the passengers on the train were not aware what was taking place ahead. The robbers escaped.

NEW YORK ELECTION FRAUDS. Judge Gaylor After McKean and the District Attorney. Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 11.—William J. Gaylor, judge of the supreme court, is after McKean and the district attorney for election frauds. He has sent a letter to Governor Flower, requesting the appointment of special prosecuting officers. He charges that the district attorney in court openly sided with McKean and other criminals in gross election crimes. The letter states McKean carried out the conspiracy to prevent an examination of the registers of Gresham, and when an application was made to the court the election inspectors concealed themselves to prevent the service of legal process.

CAUSED A SENSATION. Montana Officials Are Indicted by the Grand Jury. Kalispell, Mont., Nov. 11.—The grand jury has made a final report on the investigation into the doings of the county officers. Six indictments are returned against Sheriff Jaugner for perjury, two against Clerk Swaney for embezzlement and perjury, three against Assessor Graves for embezzlement and misconduct, two against Jailor McGowan for embezzlement and carelessness in allowing prisoners to escape, and eight against the county commissioners for misconduct in office in allowing numerous bills in excess of the amount that should have been paid. The finding of the jury caused a great sensation.

THE RUSSIAN CONVICTS. What Action to Take is a perplexing Question. Washington, Nov. 11.—The action to be taken by the treasury department in the case of the five ex-convict Russian convicts, recently landed at San Francisco, remains a perplexing problem to the officials. The case may yet assume a diplomatic aspect. It presents peculiar features which do not often present themselves in cases affecting immigration matters. The department has learned that the men are at large, but under surveillance in San Francisco.

WANTED TO ROB THE BANK. A Battle Between Bandits and Citizens at Paris, Ky. Paris, Ky., Nov. 11.—Last night eight strangers rode into North Middletown. It is supposed their intention was to rob the bank. They shot at every person on the street and mortally wounded Curt Morris, an old negro. One citizen opened fire on the desperadoes, who answered with a volley from their pistols. The desperadoes left, but returned an hour later and were charged upon by the citizens and driven out of town. Three of the robbers were badly wounded but were carried off by the others.

Why the Bank Failed. Boston, Nov. 11.—Warren P. Putnam, president of the National Granite bank, of Exeter, N. H., was this afternoon arrested charged with the embezzlement of \$30,000. The arrest was made

at the instigation of Arthur O. Fuller, receiver of the bank.

Disappeared with a Large Amount. St. Louis, Nov. 11.—Martin Heller, a contractor and builder engaged on government work here, has disappeared with a large amount belonging to the government and sub-contractors. It is believed he has gone to Australia.

A Postmaster Murdered at Denver. Denver, Nov. 11.—Postmaster Bemis, of Lansing, was murdered last night. It is reported the office was robbed and the murderer escaped.

A BIAZE AT FORT WAYNE. Loss of Over One Hundred Thousand Dollars. Fort Wayne, Ind., Nov. 11.—The world's museum building was destroyed by fire at midnight. The fire is still raging at 2 o'clock, and bids fair to make speed. The Aldine hotel caught fire and the guests are hurrying frantically out, while the baggage and valuables are being hurried from the windows. The Daily Gazette office, Hon. J. B. White's residence and other structures are threatened. The roof of the Aldine hotel fell in while many guests were in the rooms. The firemen were called at 11:30. It is not thought any persons were caught in the burning building.

At 3 o'clock the fire is under control. Total loss by fire, \$100,000. FIRE IN SAN FRANCISCO. Six Men Are Buried Under the Falling Walls. San Francisco, Nov. 11.—The huge furniture warehouse occupied by the Wisconsin Furniture company and the California Furniture company burned today. The California company had goods to the amount of a hundred thousand dollars stored in the building, which is a total loss; the Wisconsin company's loss is thirty thousand. Six firemen were buried under the falling walls, but were rescued. It is thought their injuries are not fatal.

A Tramp Killed. Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 11.—[Special.]—William Jackson, a tramp, of Chicago, was struck by the north-bound Denver Pacific passenger train five miles from Cheyenne at noon today. Jackson's right leg was cut off and he received other injuries that will likely prove fatal.

Bloody Work of a Burglar. Riverton, Ala., Nov. 11.—Early this morning a masked burglar entered the house of Mrs. Davis, reported to be wealthy, shot her and her daughter dead, and was himself shot to death by Mrs. Davis' 16-year-old son.

Killed Twenty-One People. Warsaw, Nov. 11.—A dispatch from the Russian Polish town of Litovsk says the explosion in the chemist shop killed twenty-one people and wounded many more.

A Roof Falls In. Welch, W. Va., Nov. 11.—The slate roof in the Crozier mines fell in today, killing James Bloch, John Jones and J. E. Davis.

IT LED TO ABUSES. No Return to the Former Practice of Endorsing Chinese Certificates. Washington, Nov. 11.—The treasury department today made a ruling adhering to the present practice of refusing to allow collectors of customs to endorse certificates issued by Chinese consuls in the United States to Chinese merchants and others entitled to return here, so as to facilitate their return on arrival. The request for the resumption of this practice, which was suspended by the department some time ago, came to the treasury department recently through the state department from the Chinese minister.

M'KINLEY CONGRATULATED. Thirty Citizens of West Virginia Make a Formal Call. Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 11.—West Virginia is the first state to send a body of representative citizens to Columbus to congratulate McKinley in person. Thirty citizens of Wheeling came here for this purpose on a special train this afternoon.

WAS A FRIEND OF PALLAS. This, of Itself, Would Be Enough to Condemn Him. Barcelona, Nov. 11.—Aragon, the French anarchist and one of the men arrested on suspicion of being connected with the outrage at the Liceo theatre, is found to have been a friend of Pallas, the anarchist executed for attempting the life of Captain-General Martinez Campo. The lodgings of the French anarchist were searched shortly after his arrest, and photos of the Chicago anarchist and other anarchists in prints were found by the police, who also seized documents which lead them to believe the bomb throwers were league with gang of thieves, as when the panic-stricken audience escaped from the theatre on the night of the explosion, numerous attempts to snatch jewelry and purses were made. So much alarm has been caused by the disaster at Liceo that theatres and places of amusement have been almost deserted ever since.

THE BRITISH NAVY. Lord Hamilton Is Anxious That It Be Bettered at Once. London, Nov. 11.—Right Hon. Lord George Hamilton, first lord of the admiralty during the last conservative administration, in speaking at Harrow today said: "I hope Great Britain is deprived of the command of the sea a large portion of her people will be reduced to a state of permanent destitution. The foreign navy is making great progress, and unless we make an immediate and determined effort we shall be at a disadvantage next year. I hope the government will soon intimate its readiness to

NEWS NOTES FROM OVER THE OCEAN.

Return to Berlin of the Greenland Explorers.

THE EMPEROR'S BOAR HUNT.

It Was a Mere Display and Farical in the Extreme.

Peizoto Purchasing War Vessels in Germany—A Decree Important to the Schleswig-Holstein Family—The New Building Frauds.

Berlin, Nov. 11.—[Copyright, 1893, by the Associated Press.]—Winter has fairly set in in the mountain districts of Germany, and snow is already quite deep, causing much delay to the postal service. It was field day of the Berlin Geographical society yesterday, when a banquet was given by Doctors Von Drygalski, Von Hoeffen and Slado, who have just returned from an expedition returned bearing a mass of valuable material, which is now being sifted and classified.

The newly unearthed gambling frauds will shortly occupy the attention of the criminal tribunal of Hanover. Regarding the new tax and bills, it is noted that instead of 60,000,000 marks demanded by ex-Minister Mallesch, Herr Schuler has demanded 100,000,000 marks extra, the 40,000,000 marks demanded being occasioned by new commercial treaties. In radical circles, however, it is asserted that a special meeting is intended for a reserve fund to cover the alleged projected increases in the army and navy expenditures.

The Reichsanzeiger has published the imperial decree promulgated at the request of Duke Ernst of Schleswig-Holstein, (whose sister, Princess Augusta Victoria, of Schleswig-Holstein, is the present empress of Germany) which recognizes the dual line of the Schleswig-Holsteins as the former reigning-house of the German empire.

The Tagblatt publishes alleged circumstances of the emperor's recent boar-hunting expedition in Hubeberg. Scherbert's Day hunt, the Tagblatt declares, was a mere court display, which in no way reflected credit upon the royal sportsman. The boar, it is said, was deprived of its tusks and the animal taken to the zoo. The boar, which was a mere court display, which in no way reflected credit upon the royal sportsman. The boar, it is said, was deprived of its tusks and the animal taken to the zoo.

Going After the Olympic Club. New Orleans, Nov. 11.—Attorney General Canning has filed an application for an injunction to prevent the Olympic club from giving the Charles Abbott glove contest on the 15th as advertised. The injunction was granted. The attorney-general has also filed a petition praying that the charter of the club be forfeited on the grounds that they violated the law in holding prize fights. The club has set aside a fund of \$5,000 to fight the matter.

Jacksonville Also Anxious. New York, Nov. 11.—Bowden and Mason are to arrive here tomorrow from Jacksonville, Fla. They come to complete arrangements for securing the Corbett-Mitchell fight. A check for \$5,000 to defray the training expenses of the pugilists has reached Manager Rouse of the Police Gazette, and it is thought the agreement will be signed by Monday evening.

The Nashville Track. Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 11.—The track at Cumberland park today was lightening fast. Five furlongs—Topic won. Ever second, Foot third, Time, 1:24. Five and a half furlongs—Golden Hope won, Willie G second, Foot third, Time, 1:30. Seven furlongs—Henry Young won, Pedestrian second, George Beck third, Time, 1:37. One mile—Flororoy won, Berro second, Foot third, Time, 3:15. Six furlongs—Shuttle won, Aibi second, Lady Gay third, Time, 1:15.

San Francisco Track. San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 11.—The Mulholland won, Fritz second, Porosile third, Time, 1:13. Six furlongs—Tigriss won, Parimetta second, Prize third, Time, 1:14. Mile and a sixteenth—Happy Day won, Don Euno second, Sir Reel third, Time, 1:49. Mile and a half—Cicero won, San Jose second, First Lap third, Time, 3:25. Five furlongs—Cocheco won, Jim second, Foots third, Time, 1:30.

Yale Downs Pennsylvania. New York, Nov. 11.—The Yale and University Pennsylvania football elevens met at Manhattan field today. It was not a championship game, and the University had withdrawn from the league. Great interest was manifested nevertheless and the well played game on both sides, ended in favor of Yale. Score, 14 to 6.

Dallas Is Anxious. Dallas, Texas, Nov. 11.—Twenty thousand dollars have been subscribed here for the Corbett-Mitchell fight, and travelling and training expenses guaranteed.

Dartmouth Wins. Hanover, N. H., Nov. 11.—Dartmouth won the inter-collegiate championship football game today by defeating Amherst today by a score of 4 to 0.

Yale the Victor. New York, Nov. 11.—Yale won the football game today, the score being Yale, 19; Pennsylvania, 6.

ANOTHER AD. FOR ADA. Her Scriptor Sued by His Wife for a Divorce. Chicago, Nov. 11.—Richard Park, the sculptor who modeled the famous Montana silver statue of Ada Rehan, has been sued by his wife for divorce on the ground that he has never contributed to her support. They have lived apart five years. She says he is well to do.

BANKS CLOSED BY THE BOMBARDMENT.

Heavy Firing Between the Rebels and Loyal Troops.

A TORPEDO BOAT SUNK.

Insurgent Guns Inflict Considerable Damage on Nictheroy.

Revolutionists, Four Hundred Strong, Marching on Juarez, Mexico, to Attack the City and the Custom House. New York, Nov. 11.—The Herald's Montevideo dispatch says: Word has just been received from Rio that all the banks were closed today and the bombardment renewed. There was some heavy fighting between the rebel forces and the loyal troops at Nictheroy. The rebel torpedo boat, though not before the insurgent's gun had inflicted considerable damage on Nictheroy. The Republican newspapers in Rio report the federal troops defeated in Marco Lopez. The British consul here has telegraphed to Nictheroy, that all goods now in the harbor, either on ships or lighters, will hereafter be protected by the commanders of foreign consuls.

Excitement at Juarez. Four Hundred Revolutionists Are Marching to Attack the City. St. Louis, Nov. 11.—A special to the Republic from El Paso, Tex., says: At 10 o'clock tonight the city of Juarez, Mexico, is in the greatest excitement and the military and civil authorities are busily engaged in arming the citizens. The cause of the excitement is due to the information that the city, and particularly the custom house, is to be attacked by the revolutionists. The revolutionists several days since issued a "pronouncement" against the Mexican government. No attention was paid until the attack and capture of the custom house at Las Palmas on Thursday. The authorities have information that the revolutionists are now on their way to Juarez from El Paso, about 400 strong, while other small parties are continually joining them.

THE G. A. R. Appointment of Officers Made by Order No. 2. Lynn, Mass., Nov. 11.—General orders No. 2 were issued from the Grand Army headquarters here at noon. In the orders are the following appointments: Inspector-general, Andrew W. M. Underhill, New York; Judge advocate-general, Leo Hasser, of St. Louis; assistant adjutant-general, J. L. Bennett, of Chicago; senior aid-de-camp, F. A. Barton, Waltham, Mass.; executive committee, R. R. Cochran, of Ohio; A. H. Dietrich, of Illinois; William Olin, of Massachusetts; S. N. Brown, New Hampshire; N. W. Day, of New York; G. H. Hopkins, of Michigan.

QUEEN OF THE NAVY. The Olympia's First Trial Trip Is Most Successful. San Francisco, Nov. 11.—The new cruiser Olympia on her first trial trip has established her position as queen of the navy. She made a maximum speed of 21 and 26 hundredths (21.26) knots, and averaged slightly under 21 knots on a run of 100 miles. Her builders believe she can be made to go 22 knots, and this would give the Union works a bonus of \$400,000 for extra speed.

THE WORKMEN'S INTERESTS. The Union Pacific Movements Are Being Closely Watched. New York, Nov. 11.—It is announced authoritatively that it has been decided on the part of the government to ask the court today to appoint J. W. Doane, of Chicago, and Frederick C. Condit, of New York, to be associate receivers of the Union Pacific. This will give the government three representatives. Receiver Clark will be placed in charge of the operating department and Receiver McKean will be in charge of the department of accounts in the department. It is understood that additional receivers are likely to be appointed to represent other security holders of the Union Pacific.

CUT RATES FROM THE COAST. The Canadian Pacific Knocks Off Forty Per Cent. Chicago, Nov. 11.—It is reported the Canadian Pacific has put into effect the cut of about 40 per cent. on existing rates between San Francisco and eastern points. The connections of the Canadian Pacific have received no notice of the reductions and the cut is probably in the arbitrary rates between Portland and San Francisco.

The Union Pacific Receivers. Omaha, Neb., Nov. 11.—A telegram from New York regarding the probability of the appointment of more receivers for the Union Pacific at the instance of the government was shown John S. Cowin, who is retained to look after the interests of the United States in relation to the Union Pacific affairs. Gen. Cowin said: "An appointment of more receivers is a question in the very near future on behalf of the government for additional receivers, and such action will undoubtedly meet with no opposition."

Kate Gets a Medal. Her Journal is the Exponent of Woman's Best Abilities. Chicago, Nov. 11.—Kate Field, who entered her paper, Kate Field's Washington, for competition at the World's Fair, has succeeded in winning a medal and honorable mention. The verdict of the jury declares that her journal is "the exponent of woman's best abilities and represents an unflinching spirit of patriotic adherence to American institutions."

For Work Among the Chinese. Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 11.—The general missionary conference of the Methodist church today made these appropriations for work among the Chinese: California, \$7,500; Oregon and Puget Sound, \$1,000; Southern California, \$1,000.