CASH FOR THE SCHOOLS.

The Second Apportionment Received by Auditor Caine.

FLOUR WILL GO UP AGAIN.

INCREASE IN THE PRICE OF WHEAT HE CAUSE.

The Deseret Savings Bank Pays Another Dividend—The Jarvis-Conklin Company—Mill Work for the Joint Building—From Utah's Dixie—Mining Notes.

Territorial Auditor Caine yesterday received from the territorial commissioner of schools the second apportionment of school money out of the taxes of 1893. The amounts due each county and city is as follows:

	School Popl'tn.	Apportionment
Beaver County	1,227	$ 2,613 51
Box Elder County	2,665	5,676 25
Cache County	4,355	9,297 45
Logan City	1,616	3,442 08
Davis County	2,505	5,335 65
Emery County	2,046	4,357 98
Garfield County	1,118	2,381 34
Grand County	145	308 85
Iron County	957	2,038 41
Juab County	1,595	3,397 35
Kane County	657	1,399 01
Millard County	1,584	3,373 92
Morgan County	952	1,988 76
Piute County	534	1,137 42
Rich County	671	1,429 23
Salt Lake County	5,566	12,579 78
Salt Lake City	11,291	24,056 23
San Juan County	144	306 72
Sanpete County	4,847	10,323 46
Sevier County	2,484	5,290 92
Summit County	2,622	5,584 86
Tooele County	1,258	2,679 00
Uintah County	1,129	2,405 69
Utah County	7,261	15,465 32
Provo City	1,823	3,882 99
Wasatch County	1,441	3,069 33
Washington County	1,451	3,090 43
Wayne County	681	1,450 53
Weber County	3,087	6,577 31
Ogden City	2,885	6,275 05
Totals	71,709	$152,740 17

This apportionment was made at the rate of $2.13 per capita of all persons of school age in the territory. The money is now held subject to the order of the various county treasurers. Auditor Caine will draw the warrants at once.

BREAKING THE RECORD.

Deseret Savings Bank Pays Two Dividends This Year.

Another of Salt Lake's heavy financial institutions has come to the front with a quarterly dividend, the second this year. It is the Deseret Savings bank and a dividend of 2½ per cent. on the capital stock of $100,000 is the result of the action of the board of directors at its meeting held yesterday morning. The dividend is payable at once.

The board of directors of the institution held its regular monthly meeting yesterday morning and after the members of the board had made personal examinations of the books and listened to the very excellent reports of the officials, a dividend in the amount named was declared. After transacting the usual routine business the board adjourned for one month.

The directors of the Deseret National and Commercial National banks also held their regular monthly meetings during the day but disposed of no other business except that which usually claims their attention on such occasions. The dividend meeting of the Deseret will be held next month and the indications are that the institution will declare the usually quarterly dividend of 3 per cent.

FLOUR WILL ADVANCE AGAIN.

Increase in the Price of Wheat the Principal Cause.

Another advance in the price of wheat has occurred and within the next few days the milling combine, effected for the purpose of protecting the local milling interests, will make another advance in the price of mill products. This increase will not be less than 10 per cent. and may be 15 per cent., or even 20 per cent., as was the case a short time ago. Wheat was selling two months ago for 42 cents, and shortly before the millers advanced the price of flour and other products of the flouring mills it went up to 52 cents. Shortly after there was another marked change in the market and holders of wheat were enabled to secure 58 cents for their holdings. Now they are obtaining 60 cents and the advance to be made by the millers is necessary in order that they may make a fair profit on their investment. The prices of breadstuffs have been scandalously low during the past season and millers claim to have been selling at a loss.

EFFECTING A REORGANIZATION.

Jarvis-Conklin Company Getting Into Shape Again.

Utah people are particularly interested in the news which was flashed over the wires yesterday morning to the effect that the efforts of the Jarvis-Conklin Mortgage Trust company people were evidently about to meet with success. Several months ago The Herald gave the exclusive information that negotiations looking to the reorganization were then on. The Jarvis-Conklin people have a vast amount of capital invested in this territory in one enterprise and another, and the reorganization of the company, which is to have a capital of $2,500,000, means that within a comparatively short time additional loans will be made in this territory and the west and more money will go into the enterprises at present in the hands of receivers, chief among which is the great Bear river canal system, at present so ably managed by William H. Rowe.

UTAH'S LAND OF FLOWERS.

Splendid Prospects of the Extreme Southern Counties.

"Dixie, Utah's land of flowers, is all in blossom and her prospects for the future are as bright hued as the flowers in which she is now so gorgeously dressed," said Hon. A. W. Ivins, of St. George, southern Utah's brainy representative in the recent House of Representatives, yesterday afternoon to a Herald reporter. The gentleman had just arrived from the south on a special business visit, although he may remain until next week. He is, naturally, very enthusiastic over the future of the southern tier of counties, and well he may be, for with railroad connections that section of the territory would prove a veritable treasure vault. It is at present such a storehouse, but practically undeveloped. Nothing is impossible to the people of Utah's Dixie, and they are just now feeling very much encouraged over the favorable outlook.

"Cattle and sheep in the south," continued Mr. Ivins, "never wintered better, and as soon as there is a fair market a large number of splendid beef steers will be for sale. We have some of the finest cattle in the world now ready for the buyer, at living prices, however. The losses on cattle and sheep have been comparatively nothing and the wool crop will be very heavy.

"The Dixie mines being operated by Woolley, Lund & Judd, are turning out their usual amount of very rich copper ores. Some time ago a rich strike of silver and lead ore was made in one of the upper workings, but on account of the present condition of the metal market, none of this ore is being taken out at present. The smelter will make another run in a few days. Several parties have outfitted and left for the Bull Valley gold district now being developed. The showings are extremely flattering and I am confident that within a short time the district will be a producer of no mean proportions."

UP WENT THE PRICE.

Silver Makes an Advance of Eight Points.

One full cent advance marked the history of the white metal, the strongest upward movement silver has been favored with for some time. The quotations moved up from 61½ cents to 62½ cents, showing a gain of eight points. Lead remains steady at $3.30.

Speaking of the fluctuations and present upward tendency of silver and the general mining situation, the Rocky Mountain News says:

It is doubtful if the London explanation will discuss the rapid growth of the trade in silver dollars between San Francisco and China. Weeks ago, as mentioned at the time in these columns, the chamber of commerce at Hong Kong, dominated by British merchants, passed a resolution asking the British government to provide in London for the coinage of a special dollar for the Chinese and eastern trade. No attention was paid to the request, and one result of this stupid neglect was the building up of this new demand at San Francisco. Senator Teller's resolution to provide for the coinage of the Mexican dollar at the San Francisco and Carson mints will greatly aid the San Francisco movement and will create on the western coast of the country a fair demand for silver bullion, thus reducing the supply in New York.

The Henry mountains, a gold district in the southern part of Utah, which excited much comment and some disappointment last year, are again in evidence. Samples are now coming out which assay from $20 to $28,000 per ton. The ore is not free milling. The five-stamp mill now in use on the Bromide property saves only 30 per cent. of the assay value. Placer mining is in progress along the Colorado river and is credited with paying about $5 per day to the man.

E. H. Taft, of this city, is examining sites in Gilpin county for the erection of a plant to handle refractory gold ores. The method of treatment is not stated.

Gold shipments from the Rocky Mountain National bank, Central, to the Denver branch mint, reached $34,000 for the month of March.

Chances for an immediate settlement of the Cripple Creek difficulty seem to recede rather than grow in size. About half the miners who were released by the closing of the productive mines are now at work on small contracts in other properties. Thus, while production is low in the district development is active, and is daily adding to the known supplies of gold ore. When the owners are quite ready the strike will end. The strikers' compromise, which was rejected without debate at Colorado Springs, is now viewed in a more favorable light. It gives the mine owner seventeen hours of solid work per day of two shifts, at a cost of $6.50, whereas he formerly secured from fourteen and one-half to fifteen hours per day of two shifts for $6. The men eat on their own time under the new Stratton arrangement, which the News commended as a basis of agreement.

THE OUTLOOK FOR BRICK.

Expensive Improvements Being Made in Local Plants.

With the advent of spring the various local brick manufacturers are preparing to resume the manufacture of that superior article which has become famous throughout the west. Three of the plants, two at Bountiful and the other at Mill Creek, will resume operations with full forces on the 10th of the month, and the others will fall into line within a very short time, or just as soon as their present supply of the manufactured article is decreased. Four Bountiful yards have closed for the season and are now for sale.

The Salt Lake Pressed Brick company has under consideration the making of improvements which will require the expenditure of not less than 20,000. Among them will be a down draft kiln of 40,000 daily capacity which will reduce the cost of the burning fully one-half. The works of the company are at Mill Creek and will be put in operation on the 10th.

Kirk & Bridge, of Bountiful, have just put in a new plant at a cost of $5,000 of 20,000 daily capacity and will commence operations next week. The Enterprise Brick company, of Bountiful, will also resume the manufacture of brick on the 10th.

The Utah Brick Manufacturers' association held its regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon. The reports submitted were of a very encouraging nature and indicated that the coming season will be a fairly prosperous one. A large number of contracts are being made and building operations will be more extensive than for several years. The association will work for the substitution of brick for the cement in the construction of the gravity sewer. This would give the local brickmen an opportunity of increasing the output of their plants and thereby give a great amount of employment to the local unemployed. It would also keep thousands of dollars at home. It is estimated that the completion of the sewer with brick would require 6,500,000.

THROWN OPEN TO COMPETITION.

Bids on the Mill Work of the Joint Building Requested.

Local mills will be given an opportunity of competing for the contract for furnishing the mill work in the joint city and county building. They have been asked for bids and the committee will take action on the matter at its next meeting. The reason for this change in the plans of the committee is necessary on account of the formal refusal of Parker & Depue, the contractors for the mill work, to proceed with the work under contract.

The committee made an attempt to hold a session yesterday afternoon, but on account of a lack of a quorum an adjournment was taken. The committee on mill work was instructed, however, to invite the various mills of the city to send in figures on the contract, which will involve in the neighborhood of $9,000.

EVER INCREASING INTEREST.

Many People Yesterday Visited the Home Industry Fair.

Interest in the home industry fair increases daily, and yesterday the attendance was very heavy, many eastern strangers being among the throng, as was the case on Monday. All of the splendid exhibits were examined carefully and expressions of surprise and gratification at the great showing made by the Utah manufacturers were heard on all sides. The exposition is taking immensely and no person who has the interest of the territory at heart will miss this opportunity of seeing just what is manufactured at home.

This morning the bureau of manufactures will hold an important business session at which several propositions which have been under consideration for some time will be thoroughly discussed.

WORKING ON LOW GRADE ORE.

Concentrator of the Horn Silver in Full Operation.

The new concentrator of the Horn Silver Mining company at Frisco is now running at its full capacity and shipments of concentrates will begin to reach this city this week. All of the low grade ore taken from the mine, much of which has been thrown away for years, will be worked in the mill and only the high grade rock is to be shipped. General Manager Farnsworth of the company returned yesterday from Frisco, where he went to superintend the starting up of the concentrator. Everything is working smoothly, he stated to a Herald reporter last evening.

The company's pay day comes on the 10th of the month.

REPAIRING THE PAVING.

Culmer-Jennings People Will Live Up to Their Contract.

The Culmer-Jennings Paving company yesterday put a force of men to work making the much needed repairs in the pavements on the west side of Main street near the corner of South Temple. The work will be pushed as fast as possible and Mr. Culmer assured a Herald reporter that the paving would be repaired wherever it was necessary and not turned over to the city for final acceptance until it is in perfect condition. This repairing will entail a considerable expense, as there are several long stretches of defective asphaltum which will necessarily have to be taken up and relaid. In explanation of the very defective of some of the paving Mr. Culmer stated that it was due to careless mixing of the ingredients and the burning of part of the asphaltum used. This faulty work was done by the superintendent. The splendid quality of the Utah asphaltum has been forcibly demonstrated wherever the material was properly prepared and laid. This is especially noticeable on the south side of Second South and on First South. There the paving is perfect and will need no repairs.

SIGNED THE ORDINANCE.

Operations to Be Commenced on the Underground System.

Mayor Baskin yesterday morning attached his signature to the ordinance granting a franchise for an underground system of telephone conections to the Rocky Mountain Bell Telephone company and last evening Manager Murray stated that he had just received a dispatch from President Wallace, who is now in the city of Boston, conveying the intelligence that the financial matters of the company had all been satisfactorily arranged and the necessary money for the completion of the new exchange building on State street and the commencement of the undergrounding would be ready at once. Within the next few days the erection of the building will be resumed and pushed with all possible speed. Now that he underground privilege has been granted, the company is very desirous of proceeding with the work in order that the building may be occupied during the summer.

FILLING WITH WATER.

Mines at Creede May Be Forced to Suspend Operations.

Creede, Col., April 3.—Because of inadequate pumping facilities, the producing mines are filling with water. The Amethyst is full to the top of the sixth level. If it rises much higher, all the mines will be filled, as the Amethyst pumps drain the other mines.

Went by Default.

His honor, the mayor, allowed the ordinance abolishing the office of assessor and collector of water rates, passed at last week's session of the council, to become a law by default. Yesterday morning the measure was returned by the mayor to the city recorder without his signature and without recommendation. This seemed a most singular course for the chief executive to take, inasmuch as he has always heretofore protested against any measure which he did not favor, and a Herald reporter asked his honor for an expression on the matter.

"I neither signed nor vetoed the ordinance," said Mayor Baskin, "although I do not favor its provisions and am adverse to crippling the service of the city. My reason for not signing the measure was that I felt confident the council would pass it over my veto, and so decided to let the members of that body have their own way without interference from me. The ordinance became a law by default. It remained upon my desk more than the statutory five days."

Goldsmith & Company's Affairs.

Present indications are that the Goldsmith & company matter will be settled within the next few days and the house will then be thrown open again to the trade of the public. The negotiations now on contemplate the releasing of the company from the attachments which closed the house and the revocation of the articles of assignment. Southern money is said to be pledged for the honor of the local members of the company.

COAST OPINION ON SILVER.

The Cause of the White Metal Strongly Advocated.

As was the case in Utah the president's veto of the Bland seigniorage bill caused no surprise throughout Nevada and the silver section of California. Commenting editorially upon the matter, the San Francisco Call, the only great silver paper of the coast, says:

The message of President Cleveland vetoing the seigniorage bill is a distinct assertion of his purpose to maintain gold payments as long as he can do so. But he did not consider a message vetoing a bill a proper place for the consideration of the question whether or not gold payments can be maintained. That Mr. Cleveland considers it desirable that gold payments should be maintained will be admitted. But neither the president nor his friends have suggested a plan by which such maintenance can be accomplished.

The statement has often been made that debtor nations can only maintain gold payments by exporting enough goods in excess of imports to pay the interest on the foreign debt. If this interest is not paid in goods it must be paid in gold or by a sale of securities which will each year increase its burden of debt. This is a proposition that cannot be denied except by discovery of error in the multiplication table. Let us suppose we owe in Europe or elsewhere $2,500,000,000, principal and interest payable in gold. Let us suppose also that our exports and our imports each amount one year with another to $1,000,000,000. Is there any escape from the conclusion that the interest on the debt of $2,500,000,000 must be plad in gold purchased for the purpose? It may be urged that as a gold producing nation we provide ourselves in part or entirely with the means of paying this interest. But the answer may be made that gold is a product like silver or wheat, and may be included in the sum of exports. In any case the gold produced after the demand for mechanic and art purposes is supplied is not sufficient to affect the force of the argument.

Mr. Cleveland insists that the law requiring the parity of the money of the two metals to be maintained can only be executed by giving the creditor the choice of the kind of money he will take. The act of 1890, under which the treasury notes were issued, gives the option to the treasury department. Mr. Cleveland admits that the law gives the option to the treasury, but assumes that the law can "mean nothing less than the maintenance of such parity in the estimation and confidence of the people who use our money in daily transactions."

There is no disposition to deny that a change in our financial policy will produce some disturbance. When the treasury begins to exercise its power to protect its gold by paying out silver, there will be an outcry from the money lenders. But there is nothing to be gained by putting off the change. The sooner it is made the better. Business will then be relieved from the menace of a constantly increasing money value, which is in effect a constantly depreciating property value. When the United States looks again in the direction of bimetallism the country will experience the sense of relief it experienced in 1879, when greenbacks reached parity with coin.

GOLD PRODUCTS OF EAST OREGON.

A Rich District in Which Utah People Are Interested.

There is a great deal of Salt Lake and Utah capital invested in eastern Oregon commercial and mining enterprises, and several local capitalists are interested in the new gold fields now being extensively developed in the vicinity of Baker City, the base of operations of the Oregon Lumber company, a Utah concern. Those gold fields are now turning out great quantities of the yellow metal. The Baker City Democrat of Friday gives the following account of the last month's run of one mill:

The arrival of John McNally, superintendent of the Virtue mine, in the city yesterday afternoon would have had no significance if it had not been accompanied by something substantial, the product of one of Baker county's chief industries—gold mining.

Mr. McNally drew up in front of the First National bank and unloaded from his buggy a ball of gold bullion retort and placed it on exhibition on the counter, which soon had the effect of causing a great gathering of people to view the beautiful sight.

The bullion weighed a fraction less than 500 ounces, worth $19.30 per ounce, giving the total value of the product at very near $10,000.

During the past month Mr. McNally has been hindered considerably by the improvements under way at the Virtue and other arrangements looking to an increased reduction capacity, so that this output of $10,000 is considered wonderful under all the circumstances.

Mr. McNally stated to a Democrat reporter that within the next thirty days an additional ten stamps will be added to the reduction capacity and when once in operation the monthly output would be $20,000 or more, and this, too, from average every-day ore in the mine.

The gentleman seemed to be in unusual good spirits over the splendid showing being made by the Virtue, and his feelings in the premises are in accord with the general hopeful inclinations of the people regarding the merit of the gold deposits in Baker county.

Smelter Negotiations Still On.

Negotiations looking to the formation of a smelters' clearing house for the interchange of ores between the smelters of Utah, Colorado and the middle west are still pending and the indications are that an agreement will be reached within a short time. The interested parties are nearly together.

Paying All Claims.

City Auditor Raybould is now prepared to pay all claims which have been allowed by the city council and placed upon the appropriation list. The claims which have been allowed by the presnt council aggregate over $200,000, not including the pay rolls.

Mining Notes.

Silver, 62½. Lead, $3.30.

T. R. Jones & Co., received; ores $2,500, bullion $7,000.

Wells, Fargo & Co., received; Pennsylvania bullion $3,202, Ontario bullion $14,878, ores $5,478.

The Clearings.

Yesterday's clearings were $214,360.

Real Estate Transfers.

United States of America to Manasseh Fitzgerald, part of section 3, township 3 south, range 1 west....$

Benjamin Gunn et ux. to Jane E. Burrows, part of lot 4, block 61, plat D.... 600

George A. Turner et ux. to Emma G. Crane, lots 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 4, First Burlington.... 4,000

H. B. Scott et ux. to Emma G. Crane, lots 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 4, First Burlington.... 800

John Barrell et ux. to Andrew J. Shores, part of lot 4, block 30, plat D.... 2,000

May E. Darling to W. A. Miles, part of lot 1, block 12, plat G.... 2,000

Helen Webber to A. R. Derge, lots in plat J.... 3,850

Solomon F. Kimball to William Stoneman, part of lot 3, block 134, plat A.... 25

Lucy A. Frain to E. J. Levi, part of lot 38 and all of lot 39, block 1, North Waterloo.... 2,500

Louisa C. Koenan et ux. to Pauline Miller, block 28, Brighton plat C.... 500

George Leroy to August Johnson, interest in Dexter placer claim.... 50

John A. Knight to Charles G. Plummer, part of lot 3, block 61, plat B.. 5,000

There is no claim made for Ayer's Sarsaparilla which cannot be endorsed by scores of testimonials. This fact plainly proves that the blood is the source of most disorders and that Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best blood-purifier. Try it this month.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

J. H. Leyson Co. accommodates the public by giving them the standard time in their show window all day and night.

THE RATE WAR.

Effects Salt Lake Over the Union Pacific.

Commencing March 1st, the Union Pacific will sell first-class tickets to Omaha, Kansas City, Sioux City, and all Missouri River points at $20. Round trip, $35.50. Two fast trains daily, reaching above points quicker than via any other line. The only dining car line.

To Parents.

Commencing with this issue of The Herald, an opportunity will be offered every father and mother to put in the hands of their children the most complete condensed descriptive history of persons and events ever published. It will be sold on the coupon plan only. Read the big descriptive ad in this issue.

To Picturesque Subscribers.

Successive parts to Picturesque America, received weekly.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

Mrs. William Lohr

Of Freeport, Ill., began to fail rapidly, lost all appetite and got into a serious condition from **Dyspepsia**. She could not eat vegetables or meat, and even toast distressed her. Had to give up housework. In a week after taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

She felt a little better. Could keep more food on her stomach and grew stronger. She took 3 bottles, has a good appetite, **gained 22 lbs.**, does her work easily, is now in perfect health.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pills. They assist digestion and cure headache.

SALT LAKE THEATRE

Chas S. Burton, Manager.

A GENUINE NOVELTY.

MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, April 2, 3 & 4

Freeman's Fun Makers.

Composed of High-Priced Specialty Artists. Presenting the Furiously Funny Farcical Play.

A Railroad Ticket.

An Unique Satire on Railway Ticket Brokers.

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE THE RAIN MACHINE AND THE ELECTRIC STREET CAR IN FULL OPERATION.

Prices—$1.00, 75c., 50c. and 25c. Seats now on sale.

NEXT ATTRACTION: Thursday Evening, the Great NAGARKAR'S LECTURE —ON THE— British Conquest of India. Price only 25c.

Next attraction, Friday evening, April 6th, "The Crimson Scarf," preceded by "Tears, Idle Tears," by the Home Dramatic Club.

Saturday and Monday, April 7th and 9th, "The Silver King," by the entire strength of the Home Dramatic Club.

Prices—$1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c. Sale of seats begins Wednesday, April 4th.

WONDERLAND.

2nd South St., next to Cullen Hotel

Week Commencing Thursday, April 5.

CURIO HALL.—New Features and Attractions.

BIJOU THEATRE—Fred. Gottlob and Stock in "Two High Rollers."

THEATORIUM—Specialty Performance.

10c ADMISSION. 10c.

In Uniform Excellence, Superior Workmanship and Perfect Operation.

Will do better work with less fuel and last longer than any other cooking apparatus made.

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Stencils, Seals, Steel and Rubber Stamps, Notary, Corporation and Society Seals a Specialty.

NO. 65 E. SECOND SOUTH STREET.

P. W. Madsen,

51, 53 and 55 East First South Street.

Has Just Received a very extensive assortment of

Carpets, Wall Paper, Curtains,

All of the Newest and Most Beautiful Designs. Several carloads of

Furniture

Have Also Arrived.

Greatly Reduced Prices in all Departments. Come and Examine Goods and Prices and be Convinced that I Sell the Cheapest.

How Much Do You Know?

We will start first by asking you something easy.

HOW MANY members are there in the President's Cabinet?

NOW CAN YOU name all of them, and the different departments they are at the head of

DO YOU KNOW how many Justices there are in the Supreme Court of the United States when the bench is full?

CAN YOU TELL how, when and where the Supreme Court of the United States was organized?

ARE THERE ANY murder cases tried in the Supreme Court of the United States?

HOW MANY Major-Generals are in the United States Army?

NOW TELL US how many Rear Admirals there are in the United States Navy?

WHEN DID the rank of "Admiral" in the United States Navy expire?

THE CAPITALS of all the States and Territories—there are 49 of them. Now just write them down, then buy the Portfolios of "The Higher Officials of the United States and Buildings Where All Laws Are Made," and see how many you missed. You will be surprised.

WHAT STATE in the Union has the oldest Capitol building.

OUT OF THE 49 States and Territories, how many of them can you name their Governor? Try it.

WHO IS the youngest Governor in the United States? Remember Russell of Massachusetts is out of office.

NAME the oldest Governor in the United States.

NOW what is the Governor's salary of your own State?

DON'T, don't say you don't care. If you do you are not a fit subject to ever cast a ballot.

The above information is only a very small part of what you can learn by purchasing THE HERALD'S Portfolios of

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Printed in Six Parts of 24 pages and 24 Fine Engravings to each Part.... Issued every week. Coupons for 'em printed daily—three coupons and ten cents for each number. Now on sale. Start with number one and get them all.

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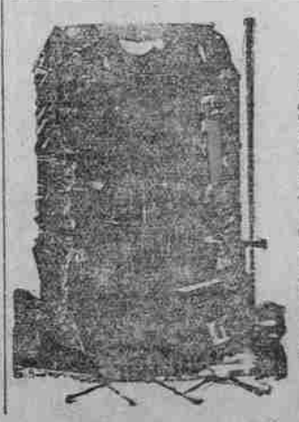

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Powerful Heating Furnace in Two Styles—Wrought Steel Tubular Radiator, Cast-Iron Revertible Flue Radiator. Five Sizes HERO for Hot Air and Hot Water, Hard or Soft Coal, Powerful, Durable, Economical. Manufacturers in Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron.

SALT LAKE HEATING CO.,

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BICKETT BUILDING.