CATCHINGS SAYS THE QUESTION IS SETTLED.

Tariff Bill Will Become Law on Monday Next at Midnight.

CONGRESS WILL COME TO AN END TUESDAY.

CLEVELAND MAY SEND A MESAGE ON THE TARIFF.

While Such a Proceeding Would be Unusual, It Would be Entirely Regular—All the Appropriation Bills Have Become Laws, the General Deficiency Bill Being the Last to Receive the Signature of the President.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 24.—The House today passed a joint resolution providing for the adjournment of Congress sine die at 2 o'clock next Tuesday.

Mr. Catchings asked unanimous consent to publish in the Record the titles of the bills passed the House that failed in the Senate.

Mr. English, (Dem.) of New Jersey, objected.

Mr. Terry (Dem.) of Arkansas, from the committee on judiciary, asked unanimous consent to consider Senator Hill's bill providing for the exclusion of anarchists. With it he offered an amendment which he said was designed to meet objections raised to the bill. He defined an anarchist as one "who advocated the destruction by violence of all government or the government of the United States."

Mr. English objected.

Two bills were passed by unanimous consent, one for the relief of certain Wind River Indians and the other for the relief of L. A. Hathaway and company.

Adjourned until Monday.

ITS BUSINESS ENDED.

Senators Are Already Leaving For Their Homes.

Washington, Aug. 24.—Today ended the executive business in the Senate Tonight, tomorrow and Sunday senators will be leaving in all directions. The senators who were recalled on what Democrats thought was the party expediency have left the city again or will have departed before Monday. Senator Harris recognized that further legislation was out of the question, and when the Senate was doing business behind closed doors, he had the order directing the sergeant-at-arms to compel the attendance of absent senators rescinded.

On Monday when the Senate meets there will be little or nothing done except to confirm nominations, to which there is no objection, and an early adjournment to meet again on Tuesday for the final adjournment.

In neither house will there be anything like a quorum on the two executive days yet remaining of the second session of the Fifty-third Congress.

If possible, the Senate wore a more deserted aspect than on yesterday, despite the fact that one Republican (Higgins) and two Democrats (Camden and Butler) had returned. George obtained indefinite leave of absence for his colleague, McLauren, on account of serious illness in his family.

Harris, without testing the presence of a quorum, moved that the Senate proceed to consideration of executive business. This was agreed to.

After the executive session, the Senate adopted the House resolution for adjournment on Tuesday.

WILL ADJOURN TUESDAY.

Tariff Bill Will Become a Law on Monday at Midnight.

Washington, Aug. 24.—President Cleveland's purpose on the tariff bill was the main reason for the resolution passed in the House today for final adjournment at 2 o'clock next Tuesday.

Representative Catchings called on Mr. Cleveland today and on reaching the capitol conferred with Speaker Crisp as to adjournment. The resolution was thereupon framed and introduced with the authority of the rules committee.

It is understood that Mr. Catchings outlined this plan to the president and it met with his approval.

Mr. Catchings would say little as to his talk with the president. He regarded it as settled that the bill would become a law next Monday midnight, without the president's signature. Mr. Catchings is also inclined to the belief that the president would send a message to Congress on the subject. It is said that while a message on a measure not signed or vetoed would be unusual, it would be entirely regular. If any positive action on the president's part had been contemplated tomorrow or Monday, the House managers would not have bound themselves to have postponed the adjournment until Tuesday next.

Chairman Wilson also went to the White House today, but did not see the president, as the cabinet meeting had already begun. Mr. Wilson accompanied a friend interested in an appointment, and it was not the purpose of the chairman to speak for the tariff bill unless the president desired a conference. Mr. Wilson has not seen the president since the bill passed.

Chairman Sayers, of the House appropriations committee, had a talk with the president, but not on the tariff. Mr. Sayers had the satisfaction of knowing that all the appropriation bills had become laws, the general deficiency being the last to receive the president's signature.

Bills Approved.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The president has approved the following bills:

Granting the Northern Minnesota Railroad company right of way through certain Indian reservations in Minnesota; empowering fourth class postmasters to administer oaths to pensioners; extending the time for completion of the railroad bridge over the Columbia river near Vancouver, Wash.; providing for opening certain abandoned military reservations; repealing House resolution 101—first session, Fifty-first Congress, granting the secretary of war permission to license the use of a pier at the mouth of Chicago river.

THE DIAMOND.

Brooklyns Outbatted.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Aug. 24.—The Reds outbatted the Brooklyns but did not win on account of their poor fielding. Score:

Brooklyn—15. Base hits, 11; errors, 3.
Cincinnati,—9. Base hits, 12; errors, 9.
Batteries—Kinslow, Kennedy; Merritt, Fisher. Umpire—Keefe.

Colonels Slaughtered.

New York, Aug. 24.—The Giants simply slaughtered the Colonels today and won as they pleased. Score:

New York—20. Base hits, 26; errors, 5.
Louisville—4. Base hits, 9; errors, 7.
Batteries—Wilson, German; Snell, Grim, Zahner. Umpire—Hurst.

Mercer Was Wild.

Washington, Aug. 24.—Profiting by Mercer's wildness, McGuire's errors, the visitors scored five runs in the first inning and were never headed. Score:

Washington—5. Bas hits, 6; errors, 2.
Chicago—10. Base hits, 10; errors, 5.
Batteries—McGuire and Mercer; Griffith, Schriver. Umpire—Emslie.

Pittsburgs Paralyzed.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 24.—The game started with promise of plenty of excitement, but after the home team forged ahead in the fourth inning it grew tame. Score:

Philadelphia—14. Base hits, 14; errors, 6.
Pittsburg—7. Base hits, 14; errors, 6.
Batteries—Buckley, Carsey; Sugden, Ehret, Gumbert. Umpire—Lynch.

The Orioles Won.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 24.—The Orioles won today from St. Louis in a prettily contested game. Score:

Baltimore—5. Base hits, 12; errors, 0.
St. Louis—2. Base hits, 8; errors, 2.
Batteries—Robinson, McMahon; Breitenstein, Miller. Umpire—Betts.

Boston and Cleveland Quit Even.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 24.—Boston and Cleveland quit even today, the visitors winning the first game by superior all-around work. In the second game, with a gift of seven bases on balls, seven singles, a double and three double plays, Boston scored fourteen runs and won the game. Score:

First game:
Boston—8. Base hits, 11; errors, 5.
Cleveland—10. Base hits, 14; errors, 1.
Batteries—Tenny, Ganzel, Staley, Nichole; Zimmer, Sullivan, Cuppy. Umpire—McQuaid.

Second game:
Boston—14. Base hits, 11; errors, 3.
Cleveland—4. Base hits, 8; errors, 5.
Batteries—Tenny, Hodson; Zimmer, Cuppy, Petty. Umpire—McQuaid.

THE WHEEL.

Ganymede Wheel Club Races—A Bicycler Beaten By a Horse.

Council Bluffs, Ia., Aug. 24.—The Ganymede Wheel club race meet occurred this afternoon at Union park in the presence of 2,000 people. The track was too dusty for extra time, but the numerous wheelmen did not complain.

One mile, novice—A. E. Yule, Lincoln, Neb., won; A. A. Rowe, St. Louis, second; Frank Scfken, Omaha, third. Time—2:39 1-2.

Half mile, open—Charles Ashley, Sioux City, won; J. P. Van Doosen, Divide City, Neb., second; H. C. Codke, Omaha, third. Time—1:13 1-2.

Mile open, class B—C. R. Coulter, Toledo, Ohio, won; M. H. Burt, Wichita, Kan., second; F. G. Barnett, Lincoln, third. Time—2:32 1-2.

Quarter mile, open, class A—H. C. Hallenhauer, Council Bluffs, won; Charles W. Ashley, second; G. A. Maxwell, Winfield, Kan., third. Time—0:32 3-5.

Time mile, handicap, class B—L. A. Callahan, Buffalo, won; James Loy, Chicago, second; C. R. Coulter, Toledo, third. Time—3:15.

One mile, Ganymede club championship—E. L. Duquette, won; B. H. Lewis, second; H. C. Hallenhauer, third. Time—2:59 2-5.

Two mile handicap, class A—Charles Binns, Red Oak, Iowa, won; W. A. Pixley, second; F. J. Yule, third. Time—5:04 2-5.

Won by the Horse.

Holstein, Ia., Aug. 24.—The race today between a horse and Paul Grove, an amateur bicycle rider, from this place to Battle Creek, a distance of fifteen miles, was won by the horse by one and a half minutes.

Tyler Smashes the Record.

Springfield, Mass., Aug. 24.—Two more records were broken on Hampden Park this afternoon. Harry C. Tyler made an unpaced half, flying start in :58 4-5. He made the quarter in :28 3-5. These marks smash the record, :28 flat for the quarter and 1:00 1-5 for the half, made yesterday. The trials were all made under official sanction.

Buffalo-Pittsburg Race.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 24.—Promptly at 4 o'clock this afternoon, the forty-eight riders in the Buffalo-Pittsburg race broke from the corner of Main and Seneca streets, in this city, on their 250 miles.

The feature of the contest that will most interest the general cycling public is the team race between Buffalo, Pittsburg and Cleveland, which will be run in connection with the road race. The Pittsburg wheelmen issued a challenge to any five men out of a team in the country to run a special race for a $200 trophy, donated by a Pittsburger. Cleveland and Buffalo accepted the challenge. Cleveland will be represented by C. M. Merrill, Louis Grim, Joseph T. Graves, C. F. Storey and Thomas Booth, of the Wheelmen's club of that city. The Buffalo team is A. Weinig, A. E. Klipfel, W. Steimel, Billy Blake, and Ben Cleveland, of the Ramblers.

On the Pittsburg team are George E. Williams, C. M. Wakefield, L. H. Thorp, George S. Weis and H. B. Watson. The other riders are mostly from Pittsburg. The roads are very dusty. The first man will not cross the line in Pittsburg much before 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

THE RING.

Ryan and Layton Will Meet.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Tommy Ryan yesterday signed articles of agreement to fight Billy Layton, the western welterweight champion, before the St. Joseph Athletic club, St. Joe, Mo., on the night of September 14. This agreement is to go twenty rounds with small gloves for a purse of $2,500 and a side wager of $1,000. If both are on their feet at the conclusion of the twentieth round, the referee must declare the winner on the showing made.

Slavin's Bluff.

London, Aug. 25.—The Sporting Life says: Frank Slavin has issued a challenge to Corbett or Jackson or to the winner of the match between them, for a fight for £3,000 a side and the largest purse offered in England or America.

BUDD FOR GOVERNOR.

Nominated on the Third Ballot in San Francisco.

San Francisco, Aug. 24.—When darkness closed upon the fourth day of the Democratic state convention, a platform had been adopted, a state committee appointed, and a candidate for governor nominated, but nothing more.

The entire morning and afternoon was consumed in the selection of a state central committee, and the naming of a candidate for governor.

For governor four candidates were placed in the field. They were Barney Murphy, of San Jose, ex-state senator; ex-Congressman James H. Budd, of Stockton; Congressman James G. Maguire, and Dennis Spencer, of Napa, who has long been prominent in state politics.

Murphy and Budd proved the stronger candidates, and throughout all the balloting were evenly matched, almost dividing the strength of the convention.

Maguire, who was next in point of strength, at no time received over eighty-four votes.

Budd was nominated on the third ballot, which resulted as follows: Budd, 335; Murphy, 269; Maguire, 13; Spencer, 29; scattering, 11.

Budd received sixty votes more than were necessary to nominate.

At 7:30 o'clock the convention adjourned until 7:30 tonight.

The convention reassembled at 8 o'clock. William F. Jeter, of Santa Cruz, was nominated for lieutenant-governor on the first ballot.

Ben Maddox, of Tulare, was nominated for secretary of state.

Maguire Renominated.

San Francisco, Aug. 24.—Congressman James G. Maguire was renominated by the Democrats of the fourth congressional district today.

EVERY MAN IS ARMED.

Situation in the Choctaw Nation Growing More Serious Hourly.

Paris, Tex., Aug. 24.—The situation in the Choctaw nation is growing more serious every hour. Every man is armed, and great uneasiness prevails among them all.

Last night a large body of Indians entered the house of Albert Jackson, in Cedar county, and dragged him from a sick bed into the yard and shot him to pieces. They then went away. In the morning they surrounded two other Indians, whose names have not been learned, and deliberately killed them. Both parties are searching for each other and there is no quarter shown or asked.

WAS A STATE SECRET BUT IT LEAKED OUT.

America Sadly Entangled With the United States of Colombia.

A RESULT OF THE RECIPROCITY TREATIES.

GOVERNMENT WILL HAVE A BIG BILL TO PAY.

Beside It, the Bering Sea Claims Will Appear Trivial in Amount—Steps Taken Looking to an Early Settlement of the Stanford Estate Embarassment Caused By the Suit of the Attorney-General.

Washington, Aug. 24.—A secret has leaked out from diplomatic circles to the effect that our government has become sadly entangled with one of the Central American republics as a result of the reciprocity treaties and will have a bill to pay, besides which the Bering sea claims will appear trivial in amount.

The country in question is the United States of Columbia, one of the Central American republics which steadily refused all efforts of the state department to induce it to become a party to one of these reciprocity treaties. Moreover, when her sister republics and Spain (as to Cuba and Porto Rico) began to ship their products duty free to the United States under the terms of their new treaties, Colombia claimed the same exemption for her staples—hides, coffee, sugars and molasses.

The state department rejected this claim, as it was obliged to do, else the whole fabric of treaties would have fallen, the United States being able to offer no inducements.

Colombia persisted in her claim and pointed to the treaty of 1846, which declares that the Colombians shall not be assessed any duty upon their products imported into the United States higher than on like articles imported from any other foreign country. That meant, they contend, if the staples above mentioned entered the United States free from Brazil and Cuba, they should enter free from Colombia, also, regardless of reciprocity treaties. They have never abated this contention; many letters have been exchanged on the subject, and at last the United States has been obliged to admit the strength and correctness of the Colombian position.

This being done, it follows that the government must refund to importers the amounts they have paid in duties on Colombian products which should have been free, or admitted at lower rates.

Just what the total will amount to, no one can tell at present, but steps are being taken to ascertain the amount from statistics.

The United States very recently induced Spain to order a refund of $5,000,000 collected erroneously in exports to Cuba.

TO RELIEVE MRS. STANFORD.

Steps to Be Taken Looking to a Speedy Settlement of the Government's Claims.

Washington, Aug. 24.—There is a possibility that steps may be taken by Congress early next session to relieve Mrs. Stanford as speedily as may be, of the embarrassment placed in the way of a settlement of Senator Stanford's estate by Attorney-General Olney's claim against it on behalf of the government, or the Pacific railroad debt.

A new method of proceedure, heretofore not contemplated, has been outlined at the suggestion of Representative Maguire, of California, who has advocated the enforcement of claims against the personal estates of the four great directors of the Pacific railroads, and he has been one of the strongest opponents of any plan for any extension of their debt. The proposition, briefly stated, is to authorize Mrs. Stanford to bring suit against the United States and thus cause an immediate adjudication of the government's suit. Under this proposed method of procedure, Mrs. Stanford would become the plaintiff and the government the defendant for the purpose of the suit. So long as the government suit is pending, the trustees of the state cannot make a distribution, and the funds of the Leland Stanford, jr., university, are in a certain measure affected.

In the regular course of litigation, the attorney general's proposed suit could not be tried, until the bonds of the road on which default of payment is inevitable, have matured.

Senator Hill, however, introduced a bill recently to require the prompt prosecution and speedy determination of the claim of the United States against the estate of the late Leland Stanford which would make it the duty of the attorney-general of the United States to cause to be instituted in the circuit court for the district of California such suits as may be necessary to enforce the claim, directing the court to give such suits precedence over all others, and also directing the attorney-general to first prosecute the claim in the state court if that may be necessary.

When Representative Culberson, chairman of the Judiciary committee, brought the bill up in the House yesterday, Representative Maguire sidetracked it by an objection to its consideration. Mr. Maguire says he objected to the bill because it was loosely drawn. Afterwards he told Mr. Culberson that he would draw a bill under which the same object might be accomplished partially. The Maguire bill will enable Mrs. Sanford to bring suit against the United States in the United States circuit court of California to determine the validity of the claim. It will contemplate a suit of the same character as the proceedings in equity which a real estate holder might institute to quit title against a party who asserted a title to his land.

Mr. Maguire will probably not introduce the bill himself, but says he will see that the measure offered is as ironclad one in its protection of the government's interests.

RELIGION AND RIFLES.

A. P. A's Organize a Militia Company, and Catholics Follow Suit.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 24.—Steps have been taken within the past two weeks by members of the A. P. A. and the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, a kindred organization, to form a company of militia and ask admission to the Third regiment. For two weeks a paper has been circulated among members after the lodge meetings of the J. O. U. A. M., binding the signers to form a company and to enlist for three years. About sixty young men have signed the paper. A similar movement has recently been started by certain members of Catholic organizations, and it is claimed by the A. P. A. that a Catholic company already is an assured fact.

TAYLOR MUST GO.

Civil Service Committee Urges the President to Promptly Remove the Receiver of Deeds.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The investigation of C. H. J. Taylor, recorder of deeds for the District of Columbia, was closed today. The report of the civil service committee, prepared by Mr. Proctor, of Kentucky, urges the president to promptly remove Taylor.

The latter, in a letter to the committee, denies the published interviews in which he was made to say that local political associations in Washington were guilty of assessing federal employees. He intimates that the commission is being made the tool of men to satisfy their personal enmity and principally by one who has a police court record. He also attacks Calvin Chase, editor of the Washington Bee. Taylor says he will tender his resignation as soon as it is asked for.

Rev. H. P. White, sergeant-at-arms of the Negro Democratic league, denies that he carried letters to government employees, ordering them to appear at league headquarters on penalty of removal. He claims the letters were to members of the league only, asking them to call at headquarters to arrange for deposit of membership dues.

Robert G. Still, chief of the Afro-American bureau of organization of the Democratic campaign committee, was also a witness today. His testimony was damaging to Taylor. Still testified that Taylor was a member of the advisory board of the bureau until the commission commenced its investigation of the assessment letters which bore the names of Taylor and Still. The full consent of the recorder, Still said, had been obtained before their names were used on the circulars.

The report was sent to the president today, signed by the full board, Messrs. Proctor, Roosevelt and Lyman.

The commission will leave its publication in the newspapers to the president.

RIDDLED WITH BULLETS.

Murderers Taken From a Deputy Sheriff and Lynched.

Pomeroy, La., Aug. 24.—At Mitchell station, thirty miles south of here, a band of masked men took Riley Walker and Richard Jordan from a deputy sheriff and hanged them to a tree, afterwards perforating their bodies with bullets.

The prisoners had been tried for murder and were convicted, Walker being sentenced to the penitentiary for life and Jordan for twelve years. Last year the agent on the Mobile & Girard at Suspension was killed. Two weeks later Mr. Hall was shot at the same place but not killed. The crimes were traced to a gang of murderers and robbers, of which Walker and Jordan were members.

FOUND BATHED IN BLOOD.

Brutal Attack Upon a Kansas Real Estate Man.

Iola, Kan., Aug. 24.—W. A. Cummings, a prominent real estate agent of Iola, was found in his office at 11 o'clock today, bathed in blood, which had flowed from a dozen wounds from his head, evidently inflicted by a hatchet, which was lying beside him. He still lives, but is unconscious and it is thought he cannot recover.

There is no clue to the perpetrator of the deed, which was evidently prompted by robbery.

DOMESTIC DOTS

Newsy Notes From All Portions of the Land Over Which the Stars and Stripes Wave.

New York, Aug. 24.—Willie D. Day, the champion five and three mile runner of the world, committed suicide by hanging himself from a tree.

Richmond, Mo., Aug. 24.—All the coal miners in Ray county are again on strike, demanding 4 cents per bushel for mining. They went to work Monday at 3½ cents under a contract holding good until May 1895.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The cash balance in the treasury today was $125,240,052, of which $54,553,490 was gold reserve.

New York, Aug. 24.—The United States steamer Cincinnati left Brooklyn navy yard today for a week's cruise to test her engines and guns.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The president has recognized Olaf Wulfsberg, as vice-consul of Sweden and Norway at Sioux City, Ia.

Fall River, Mass., Aug. 24.—There are no new developments in the shut down here. If any change comes it will probably not come before Sunday morning.

New Bedford, Mass., Aug. 24.—The great strike here will be ended in the course of a week if the statement of Hon. W. W. Crapo made to an Associated Press reporter tonight amounts to aught. Mr. Crapo said he thought that after Labor Day the end of the fight would be in view. He believed the manufacturers were at fault in the manner in which they posted their reduction. There were no disturbances today.

Frankfort, Ind., Aug. 24.—Frankfort was the scene of a frightful boiler explosion today, in which two men were killed outright and six injured, a majority of them seriously. The accident occurred at Cramer's saw mill and not only was all the machinery demolished but half a dozen residences in the neighborhood were more or less wrecked and the occupants injured by flying brick and timbers. Killed—John Vermillion, engineer; William Jackson, helper.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

Brief and Newsy Cables From all Portions of This Terrestrial Sphere.

Gothenburg, Sweden, Aug. 24.—Lindholm, the late assistant secretary of the state of Michigan, who disappeared from Ispheming in March, has been arrested here.

Teheran, Aug. 24.—Russia has rescinded the prohibition against the import of Persian silver coin into the Caucasus and central Asia.

Palmero, Sicily, Aug. 24.—A fresh earthquake shock was experienced yesterday at Santa Catarina. The people fled in terror to the fields.

Cape Town, Aug. 24.—Advices from Pretoria say the unexpected submission of Chief Malaboch has been joyfully received throughout the Transvaal. Malaboch, under cover of a white flag, accompanied by his brother, two young sons and four Indunas, emerged from the caves in which they sought refuge and surrendered to the Boers.

THEY DRANK THEIR BLOOD.

Details of the Recent Double Murder in Bolivia.

New York, Aug. 24.—A special from Panama gives the following details of the recent double murder in Bolivia by Indians. The Indians of Karangas killed the magistrate of the court of Oron, Senor Arce, and his son. In the presence of the father they clipped out the son's tongue, extracted the eyes and otherwise tortured him until dead. As the blood flowed from the body they caught it in horn cups and drank it with avidity. Then they put the father to death in a like horrible manner. A carnival of cannibalism was then held over the bodies until the flesh was eaten to the bone.

SOLD HER CHILD.

A Woman Who Values Her Offspring at $6.

Wabash, Ind., Aug. 24.—Mrs. William G. Harvey, whose relatives live in the southern part of this county, has sold her eighteen months old child to her husband for $6.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey quarreled and separated a month ago and since then a controversy for possession of the child has progressed. Harvey renewed his efforts for possession of the offspring, and the woman consented to surrender all claim for $6, which was paid and the child was handed over to the husband.

MONUMENT FOR THE MURDERED.

Citizens of Sacramento Express Their Sympathy in a Substantial Form.

Sacramento, Cal., Aug. 24.—A fund of $500, subscribed by the citizens of Sacramento for the purpose of erecting a suitable monument over the graves of Privates Dugan, Clarke, Byrne and Lubberding of the Fifth United States artillery, who lost their lives on July 11 last at the railroad trestle near this city through the act of the striking train wreckers, has been turned over to Colonel William M. Graham in command of the United States troops here.

The federal troops are still guarding the Central Pacific railroad from Davisville, twenty miles west of Sacramento to Truckee, near the Nevada state line, and sentries are posted at the bridges, culverts, tunnels and other exposed places. The force is gradually being withdrawn, however, and it is probable that all the troops will return to the Presidio San Francisco about September 1.

BLOODHOUNDS ON THE TRAIL.

Washington, Aug. 24.—An unknown man this afternoon ravished the fourteen-year-old daughter of E. B. Carter, a wealthy farmer, and escaped to the woods. Bloodhounds are aiding the excited citizens in the search for the brute, whose capture means a lynching.

IS NO SUCH THING AS A REAL BLACK LIST.

Names, However, Were Submitted to the General Managers' Association.

NO UNIFORM SCALE HAD BEEN ADOPTED.

RAILWAYS INTENDED TO SETTLE THE TROUBLE BY FORCE.

The Story That the Railways Employed Men to Burn Up Cars and Other Property Denounced as Absurd—Wright Carries and Uses a Pullman Pass—A Northern Pacific Back Down—Bondholders' Objections—Slashing Rates in Texas.

Chicago, Aug 24.—General Manager St. John, of the Rock Island, was recalled by the strike commissioners today.

"You have said," said Commissioner Kernan, "that your road has no black list. Now, is it a fact that the General Managers' association has a black list?"

"No such thing as a real black list exists among the railroads, to my knowledge," was the answer. "There was, however, I believe, a list of the names prepared for the General Managers' association. It contained the names of the most active of the strikers and has, I think, been submitted to the various railroads by the association. It cannot properly be called a black list, however."

St. John was asked to tell what he knew of the story that all the railroads had adopted a uniform scale of wages.

"The rumor is untrue," he said. "I believe something of the sort was submitted to the General Managers' association, but it was not universally adopted. In fact, it was rejected by all but one road, and on that line put into only partial effect."

Mr. Egan's Duties.

John M. Egan, strike manager of the General Managers' association, was questioned regarding his duties during the strike. He said it was his duty to receive reports from the various railroads of the progress of the troubles, and to submit the same to the association.

After other preliminary questions, Commissioner Wright asked Mr. Egan if, in his official capacity, he had made any effort to settle the strike peaceably.

"I did not," answered the strike manager.

"Is it the purpose of the railroads to settle such trouble by force?"

"In this case, at least, it was," the witness replied frankly.

The commissioner asked the witness for his views regarding measures for the prevention of strikes.

Mr. Egan said that he thought all railroad employees above common laborers should be licensed and be compelled to wear uniforms plainly indicating the positions they held. Such means, he believed, would tend to put reliable, level-headed men in service and would prevent such troubles as those of the present summer.

Commissioner Kernan, by a shrewd question, succeeded in badly mixing up the witness and his theories, and Mr. Egan finally admitted that even with a system of license conditions might arise that would necessitate outside assistance or arbitration.

"Mr. Egan," said Mr. Wright, "a witness has stated before us that you used railroad men and employed men to burn and otherwise destroy property during the strike? Is this true?"

The Story Absurd.

The witness grew angry and straightening up in his seat, said emphatically: "Considering the source from which that testimony came, it seems to me that it should be apparently almost foolish rot. I will, however, enter a general denial to any and all such stories. I never employed men for such work and I can state authoritatively that no one else connected with the General Managers' association hired or commanded any one to burn or destroy railroad property. The story is absurd."

This afternoon Superintendent Dunlap, of the Rock Island, was called and testified briefly regarding the alleged black-list, which he declared had no existence.

Superintendent of Police Brennan was the next witness. He was asked to tell how the disorder growing out of the strike was handled.

"On June 26, the mayor directed me to use the entire fore to protect property and prevent violence. Until the arrival of troops on July 3, the force had handled it without any great violence and practically no destruction of property. Complaints were made that policemen did not do their full duty in suppressing lawlessness."

The chief said that many complaints made against the police were made by deputy marshals, who were more in the way than of service.

D. D. Doty said he was in the employ of the Pullman company as a civil engineer and also a statistician and historian. He testified that the Pullman rents were not high compared with rents at other places. Other witnesses, all of whom gave unimportant evidence, testified before the adjournment.

HE CARRIES A PASS.

Wright Can Ride Free on a Pullman Anywhere in the United States.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Labor Commissioner Carroll D. Wright, chairman of the special labor commission appointed by President Cleveland to investigate the Pullman strike, was interviewed to day as to a report that he was in the habit of using a Pullman pass. He scarcely gave the reporter time to finish his question.

"Yes, I have an annual pass on all Pullman cars," said he, with emphasis, "and I use it whenever I want to."

"Did you use it in coming to Chicago?"

"I did not, and the government would have been the gainer if I had."

"Are you in the habit of traveling on it?"

"I use it whenever I please. The pass was given to me by Mr. Pullman, who is a personal friend of mine, and I have had it for several years—ever since the first Pullman investigation I made, for I suppose that's what you are driving at. I never knew Mr. Pullman until then, but I met him at that time and he has been a warm friend of mine ever since. He gave me passes and invited me to ride on his cars whenever I wanted to—just as a man would invite another to take a ride in his carriage."

Commissioner Wright's pass entitles him to ride free in any Pullman car at any time in any part of the United States.

N. P. THIRD MORTGAGE.

Bondholders Issue Their Objections to the Proposed Plan.

New York, Aug. 24.—The Northern Pacific third mortgage bondholders' protective committee, of which E. R. Dick is chairman, has issued a circular, defining objections to the proposed plan of reorganization as follows:

"The earnings of the mortgaged property are more than sufficient to pay interest on all prior liens and, therefore, there is no necessity for the holders of this bond to make any sacrifice to protect their interests; the securities junior to the third mortgage and the value of the equity in the property are so great that the holders of the securities must protect the third mortgage bonds rather than see the property sold under foreclosure."

The circular states that the New York Guaranty and Indemnity company will act as depository for the third mortgage bonds, and that copies of the agreement under which they are to be deposited are to be had from the committee or depository. This agreement provides that the committee shall not accept less than par and interest for the bonds.

A CLEAN BACK DOWN.

Northern Pacific Quits Because It Lost Money.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—The Northern Pacific has backed down from the position it has maintained since the beginning of the year against Canadian Pacific differentials from trunk line territory to Pacific coast points. The Canadian Pacific was allowed originally a $7 differential on first-class and $5 on second class, the understanding being that the differentials were to apply only on business sent from Victoria down by water. The Soo line immediately claimed, on the strength of the allowance made the Canadian Pacific, a differential of $3.50 from both the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern. They immediately cut their St. Paul rates $3.50 to correspond with the tariff issued by the Soo line, and the argument has been hot ever since, rates being kept in a state of constant demoralization. The Northern Pacific has now abandoned its position, not because it believes its position unjust, but because it loses more money in keeping its own salaries down than it will lose by allowing the differentials to remain in effect.

Slashing Rates in Texas.

Houston, Tex., Aug. 24.—Three hundred and sixty-two miles from Houston to New Orleans, via the Southern Pacific, is the distance that persons can travel for 25 cents. Scalpers are today selling tickets for $20, allowing a rebate at New Orleans of $19.75.

DID HE ATTEMPT RAPE?

CAL BEAN, THE HACKMAN, ARRESTED ON THAT CHARGE.

Miss Anderson, a Young Lady From Ogden, Says He Drove Her to East Waterloo on Monday Night and in a Lonely Spot Assaulted Her.

The office of Chief of Police Pratt was last evening the scene of a strongly dramatic incident, in which an alleged villain and an injured girl played the leading parts. The facts which led up to the climax were that last Monday evening Miss Lulu Anderson came in from Ogden, arriving at the Rio Grande Western depot about 9 o'clock. She expected to be met at the depot by friends, but for some reason they failed to connect. Miss Anderson, after waiting at the depot a reasonable length of time, took a hack and ordered the driver to go to the residence of her friends, Twelfth South and First West streets. Instead of going where he was ordered, the man drove away east, right across the city and south to Liberty park. When the girl saw the lights of the city fading from view, she became alarmed and asked the Jehu if he hadn't made a mistake, but he quieted her fears by assuring her that it was all right; that there was a big excavation that he couldn't cross and had to go a long way round. He continued his course until he got right away to the southern extremity of East Waterloo. Miss Anderson by this time was thoroughly alarmed and insisted upon getting out of the hack, upon which the driver descended from his seat and, putting out the lights, made indecent proposals to the girl and, being indignantly repulsed, he seized her and attempted to force her to submit to his desires. Miss Anderson fought with the strength of desperation and finally eluding his grasp, ran to the nearest house with the fellow in hot pursuit. Arriving at the house he demanded his fare, $2. She having only 50 cents in change gave him that and he drove off.

Miss Anderson was taken care of by the occupants of the house and afterwards put on the car and taken to the home of her friend.

The affair was afterwards reported to Chief of Police Pratt and the girl gave a description of her assailant and on that description Cal Bean, the well known hack driver, was arrested. The chief arranged that Miss Anderson, her mother and two other friends would be at his office at 8 o'clock last night, the hour at which he had fixed that Bean would be brought in. Shortly after the hour named Bean was brought in by a policeman, having been told that the chief wanted to see him, and was at once ushered into the presence of the young lady who, the moment she saw him and heard him speak, called out, "that's the man." She was excited and trembling but stoutly maintained that Bean was the man. The girl's mother became very much "worked up" at the sight of the man whom her daughter identified as her assailant and things looked stormy for a minute or two. Bean mildly inquired what he had been arrested for; admitted that he had driven the girl from the depot on Monday night but denied having taken any liberties with her and explained his getting so far out of the way by saying that he took the course he had done because the roads were better that way than by the direct route. He was locked up last night, and this morning Miss Anderson will swear to a warrant charging him probably with assault with intent to commit rape.

Miss Anderson is a young girl of petite figure and a handsome face and is about 20 years of age, but looks younger. She is the daughter of an Ogden lawyer and came to Salt Lake to attend school, and is unacquainted with this city.

LIGHT DAY WITH THE POLICE.

No Cases of Importance In the City Justice's Court.

It was a very light day with the police court and no cases of special interest received attention. The court was in session but a few minutes during the afternoon.

Thirteen members of the army of tramps which is just now causing such uneasiness in the west, were rushed into the court room and given ten days each so quickly as to make their heads swim. The fellows were rounded up early yesterday morning at the depots.

Ah Sam, a pugilistic Chinaman, forfeited $5 upon his failure to appear and answer to the charge of fighting.

Two drunks were discharged, having thoroughly sobered up.

Robbery at Mill Creek.

The house of John A. Hill, at Mill Creek, was burglarized on Thursday night, the thieves carrying off a large number of carpenter tools. The matter was reported at police headquarters yesterday morning.

Offenders In the Jail.

There are now thirty-one prisoners confined at the county jail and fifty-three at the city bastile.

CONFESSED GREAT JUDGMENTS.

Pottsville, Pa., Aug. 24.—Judgments aggregating $141,000 were today confessed by the Pottsville Iron and Steel company, one of the largest industrial establishments in this region. The officers of the company refused tonight to give out any statement of assets and liabilities of the concern. It was stated, however, the amount of judgments represents only a very small part of the resources of the company.

JAPANESE SUFFER ANOTHER HEAVY LOSS.

Heavy Fire From Chinese Artillery Creates Great Havoc.

OVER ONE HUNDRED STRAGGLERS BEHEADED

CHINESE CAVALRY MEN ARE SCOURING THE COUNTRY.

British Steamship About to Leave New York With Arms and Ammunition For Japan—Japanese Fleet Patrolling the China Sea to Intercept Vessels and Prevent Any Tribute of Rice Going North.

Shanghai, Aug. 24.—A letter from Chemulpo, Corea, received at Choo Foo today reported that nineteen Japanese warships and thirteen transports arrived on the Tatung river on the 18th. Six thousand men, who proceeded to land, were attacked by 1,000 Chinese cavalry, who succeeded in dividing the Japanese force into two parts. The Chinese artillery, located on an eminence, poured a heavy fire into the ranks of the Japanese, making great havoc. The Japanese were compelled to retreat to the seashore, where the guard of the fleet prevented further pursuit by the fleet. The Japanese loss is reported to have been over 1,300 men.

Chinese Reinforcements.

Tien Esin, Aug. 24.—Reports from Ping Yan say that troops at Chung Yo from August 18 to 20, were reinforced by 10,000, swelling the army there to 34,000. A council of war was held on the 20th, and it was decided to attack the Japanese on about the 22nd. The Japanese are holding a pass eight miles south from Chung Yu. It is reported they are reembarking their heavy baggage in Tatung bay.

Chinese cavalry are scouring the country and have captured and beheaded a hundred stragglers.

Arms For Japan.

New York, Aug. 24.—The British steamship Cam, which is alleged to be loading with arms and ammunition for Japan, will not be prevented from sailing, so far as any interference by the British consul at this port is concerned.

Acting Consul General Gilbert Frazer said today:

"I could not refuse her clearance. If she loads with arms she does so at her own risk. She forfeits all rights to the protection of the British government."

Are Landing Troops.

London, Aug. 24.—The Times printed the following dispatch:

Shanghai, Aug. 24.—A number of Japanese troops have been conveyed to the mouth of the Tatung river near Chung How and are landing troops.

To Intercept Chinese Vessels.

Yokohama, Aug. 24.—A Japanese fleet is patrolling the China sea for the purpose of intercepting Chinese vessels and preventing any tribute of rice from going north.

The Japanese troops in Corea number, it is estimated, between 35,000 and 50,000. Large numbers of reinforcements were forwarded by rail today.

Negotiating for Munitions.

London, Aug. 24.—The officers of the Hong Kong and Shanghai bank, this city, entirely discredit the report that China attempted to raise a loan of 1,000,000 taels upon security of China's merchant fleet. It is reported that China is negotiating with Birmingham firms for a large supply of war material, and the agent intends to ship the supplies to some Spanish or South American port, and thence transport them to China.

No Serious Recent Battle.

London, Aug. 24.—Advices from Tokio assert that no serious battle has recently occurred between the Japanese and Chinese forces in Corea. On August 17 a skirmish took place at Chunghwa, in which one Japanese officer was killed and five privates injured.

Was Killed by Chinese.

Shanghai, Aug. 24.—The report that Rev. Mr. Wylie, a Presbyterian missionary, died from the injuries received at the hands of the Chinese soldiers at Liao Yang is officially confirmed.

Defended by Torpedoes.

Yokohama, Aug. 24.—The harbor at Nagasaki is defended by torpedoes and submarine mines. Neutral vessels will be piloted in by boats of the Japanese warships.

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