BUSINESS AND MINING.

The White Metal Drops Nearly a Cent.

SOME FACTS ABOUT WOOL.

SHAFT OF THE WEST MOUNTAIN PLACER COMPANY.

Electric Light Company Improvements—Bullion-Beck Ore Tests—University Lands—The Ibex Smelter—The Stock Market—At the Ophir Hill—Real Estate Transfers.

Silver went off a full three-quarters of a cent yesterday, the close being 75 cents, and in consequence the producers of the white metal were not in the highest of spirits. They would not have been surprised at a drop of one or two points, but six points took the wind out of their sails and left them floundering in great uncertainty. This slump does not necessarily mean, however, that the metal will long continue in its downward course. Some of those who are carefully watching the market even predict an early and permanent advance. There are many indications which lend color to that view, one of them being the great progress being made by bimetallism in England and all Europe. Baron Richthopen, of London, is now in Denver and gives great encouragement to the cause of silver by his sanguine assertions. The baron is one of the prominent figures in European financial circles and his views are very worthy of attention. To the Rocky Mountain News the baron said:

"All England is suffering under the silver depression the same as the rest of the civilized world, but in London the Bimetallic league is making a valiant campaign of education with marked results. They are holding meetings two and three times a week in London, which are attended by the bankers and prominent men of the city. Lectures in bimetallism are delivered by university professors and others who have made the subject a study, and the number of those who are interested listeners is constantly increasing.

TAKING A FIRM HOLD.

"This shows that the subject is beginning to take hold of those who have hitherto remained in ignorance of it, but whose interests have been vitally affected through the blow given to silver. In this way the educating process is going on all the time, and in my opinion it is not difficult to forecast the ultimate result.

"The remonetization of silver depends upon London. The people of the manufacturing districts are bimetallists to a man. They see how the present position of silver affects their interests. Their business is practically dead, and they do not believe it will revive until silver is restored to its place in the circulation of the world. If London would say the word, bimetallism would be operative at once. France and Germany are ready for it, and with the United States and England in favor of silver, bimetallism would be a fact. Hitherto the London financiers have been monometallists through force of education, and they have been utterly indifferent to the silver question; but now their pockets are affected by the universal depression and they are forced to look at the attitude of the country toward silver as one of the causes of this depression, and are thus set to thinking. It is only a question of time when they will recognize silver.

"The new government, when it comes in, which may be this year or next, or the year after, will undoubtedly make a change. The present government itself is not by any means united in its financial policy. The landed interests, represented more particularly in the house of lords, have suffered so much from the existing conditions that they will favor bimetallism when the matter comes up.

A FORCED VALUATION.

"In India they have had to establish an arbitrary value for the rupee, the silver unit of currency in that country; but they will not be able to maintain it. They have tried to fix the valuation at 1 shilling and 4 pence to government officials, in order that their remittances to England may approximate face amounts, but a system of this kind cannot last, when the real value of the rupee is but slightly above a shilling. So something will have to alone with the question very soon.

"Germany is largely an agricultural country, and the people are ardent bimetallists. France, too, is the same, and they would all hail with joy the international declaration of the restoration of silver to its true place in the money of the world.

"Before I left London, I endeavored to interst a number of English capitalists in American enterprises, but found them somewhat averse to putting any more money here at the present time. They have received so little return the past year for investments already made that they are rather wary of sending what they regard as good money after bad. However, it is my intention, when I return, to organize an investment company for the purpose of buying inside property in Denver. I find, however, that, even with the depression of the past year, this class of property has suffered much less than was expected, and that it has held up in prices wonderfully well. I hope to get a number of good options on desirable property, and will take them back with me."

NO FEAR OF AUSTRALIAN WOOLS.

Price of the Staple Higher Than in the United States.

One of the stock arguments of wool buyers and Republican orators has been that with wool upon the free list this country would be flooded with cheap Australian wool and wools from the South American countries. The reason given for the present depressed state of the market is that there are great quantities of foreign wools, and especially that from Australia, now being offered upon the eastern markets at 8 cents and less, it having been admitted free under the new tariff act. In consequence of that argument, or rather fallacy, Utah wool growers are being asked to sell their product for from 8 to 9 cents, the former being the more usual figure, and in a number of cases they are doing the very thing requested by the buyers. It is estimated that there is still in the neighborhood of 250,000 pounds of wool unsold or unconsigned in this territory, and it is for this that the buyers are rushing around so frantically.

Proof incontrovertible was received in this city yesterday that the claims of both the buyers and the orators for the n. o. p., to the effect that wool is cheaper in Australia than in the United States, are false in every particular, and it is very plain that the Utah wool producers, in common with their fellow growers all over the United States, are being made the victims of a combined business and political game. For some time past William Armstrong, of this city, son of Hon. Francis Armstrong, and a gentleman well posted on matters pertaining to the sheep industry, has been in Australia, and at the request of his father, who desired the information for his own benefit, he visited all of the principal wool markets on the continent and made himself familiar with the prices and characters of the wools traded in. In a letter received in this city yesterday from the gentleman, he announced that the lowest price received in Australia for common range wools, which are about of the same grade as the Utah common wools, is 12½ cents, while the better grades run as high as 18½ cents, all unscoured. It would be impossible, he says, to send wool from Australia and sell it in the United States at the same prices now being received by the Utah growers. The latter have no reason to fear an inundation of cheap Australian wools, for they are not to be had. The clips of the Australian flocks have been above the average, but this fact has not reduced the price very materially. In the letter came some samples of the several grades of wool raised in the province, and they are pronounced by experts to be no better than the Utah wools. The advantage Australia has over the United States in the wool industry is her great numbers of pure breed sheep. This gives a greater product and a better all around staple.

UNDERGROUND PUMPS AT WORK.

Shaft of the West Mountain Placer Company Being Pushed Down.

The pumps of the West Mountain Placer Mining company at the bottom of the shaft, being put down on company property at Bingham, are now hard at work and it is expected that bedrock will be reached before the end of the present month. Some delay has been occasioned by the lack of connection pipes, but everything is now in proper shape and the work is progressing favorably. The shaft is down eighty-three feet, having been put down thirteen feet in three shifts. When the pumps are stopped some three of water rises in the shaft and the presence of the fluid prevents the progress of the work. With the pumps steadily going there will be no further difficulty experienced and the shaft can be pushed downward very rapidly. For some time past the cut has been through gravel and sand in which can be found colors and this fact is giving great encouragment to the promoters of the enterprise. They feel certain that when bedrock is encountered a stratum of heavy gold-bearing gravel will be found. It is the intention to set up the sluices at once and when the shaft has been put down a few feet farther to raise the gravel and sand and put the material through the washers in the hopes of taking out gold in sufficient quantities to pay, even before bedrock is reached.

Colonel Spooner, of the company, is just back from Bingham and feels very well pleased at the outlook for the enterprise.

INCREASING ITS CAPACITY.

New Heavy Engine For the Electric Light Company.

In accordance with its recent plans of improvement the Salt Lake and Ogden Gas and Electric Light company is increasing the capacity of its plant in this city by the addition of a 600 horse power engine, which it located in a new engine house built on the south side of the old plant. This machine is now being put into position and by the middle of the coming week it will be in operation. As soon as the great engine is steamed up and put into proper shape for operation the old style engines, of which there are in the neighborhood of a dozen, will be covered up and only used in case of dire extremity.

The improvement will give the company the latest improved plant and increase the capacity materially. The engine has been upon the ground for some time past but for some reason or other it was not deemed best to set it up until within the past week.

BULLION-BECK ORE TESTS.

Returns From Bingham Expected Early in the Coming Week.

It will be another week at least before the Bullion-Beck people receive the returns from the test of 100 tons of ore to be sent to the lead mill at Bingham for the purpose of determining upon the process best suited to the treatment of the ores taken out of the company's mines. The ore is now being sampled at one of the samplers south of the city, but probably by today or tomorrow the reshipment will be made. Three days are necessary to place the ore in the bins of the lead mill and one or two more days in the treatment of the rock. Just as soon as the results of the tests are received it is the intention of the company to proceed with the construction of a mill of 200 tons capacity. Since the opening of the mine the low grade ores have been thrown upon the dumps and there are now about 60,000 tons of the rock ready for treatment in the mill. It is being added to at the rate of 1,000 tons monthly. It is for the purpose of utilizing this ore that the mill is to be constructed.

The output of the mine is now on an average of sixty tons daily, with the character of the rock becoming better almost constantly. Messrs. Beck, Bamberger and Ryan will go out to the mine this morning on a tour of inspection.

Ready to Sell Lands.

Chairman Seegmiller, of the board of commissioners to locate university lands, returned yesterday from the south, where he has been for the purpose of posting notices of sale of lands in Piute county. The lists of the lands which are now offereed for sale are being published and copies have been posted in every one of the four counties. It is now possible for the actual settlers upon the school lands to make the purchase at the appraised valuations, and in order to afford them every opportunity the office of the commission will be kept open from now to the expiration of the advertising periods. The rush will be very heavy, if indications are anything to go by.

Will Locate Tracks.

This morning General Manager Williams, of the Ibex syndicate, accompanied by an engineer in the employ of the Union Pacific, will leave for Leamington, there to locate the tracks and switches which the company is to put in at the new Ibex smelter. It will require about a third of a mile of the company's iron for the main line and there are the switches and sidetracks necessary to meet the requirements of the plant. Just as soon as the track locations are made the shipment of machinery, which is now held in this city, will commence.

Sold Some Prime Steers.

The local officials of the Clover Valley Land and Cattle company, whose ranches are in eastern and northern Nevada, yesterday received returns from a sale of beef steers recently made from the main ranch of the company. The cattle, of which there were 120 head, averaged in weight 1,218 pounds, and the price paid by the Omaha buyers was $3.85. These returns were very gratifying to Mr. Wallace and the other gentlemen who are interested with him. The animals were of the best grade and in splendid condition.

Increasing Its Output.

The output of the concentrator of the Ophir Hill mill has been increased to 60 tons of concentrates daily and in consequence the company is making a better showing than ever before, considering the price of silver-lead ores. The product of the mill is being sent in to the Germania smelters.

Millard County Blade Notes.

The Juniett and Blue Cap onyx quarries, owned by R. A. McBride, C. Anderson and F. C. Melville, out in the Detroit district have been bonded to F. H. Scott, of Fort Scott, Kan. The bond is for half interest for $5,000, to be paid in cash or its equivalent in machinery for working purposes.

B. T. Hutchinson, of Minneapolis, Minn., and Chris Overson, of Leamington, went out to Detroit yesterday, with instructions to contract 100 feet of work on the Rattler mine and the same amount on the Pat Mehan group, also, to erect company buildings at once.

Dr. Baily is driving a tunnel on the Queen of Sheba in Spring Creek district and at a distance of fifty feet has discovered a nice body of quartz impregnated with peacock ore, the assay value of which varies from $20 to $70 in gold per ton.

The Blade is informed that a carload of machinery for the Leamington smelter— reached Juab on Monday. This looks like business.

J. Jacaway brought in from Detroit district on Monday last 2,500 pounds of ore from the George Busby mine, for shipment to Salt Lake.

The Cumberland and Osceola Gold Mining & Milling company have abandoned the cyanide process of reduction of their ores. There has just gone out to Osceola for the Cumberland company a new mill which weighs 6,300 pounds. It is somewhat similar to the Crawford mill, but instead of doing its crushing by traveling balls within the mill, the grinding will be done by several small corrugated cone shaped "runners" working inside of corrugated casings. The capacity of the new mill will be from ten to twenty tons daily. The results from the new mill will be watched with interest. The Cumberland people have some rich properties, and if the mill now on the way out in charge of Joseph Gilbert is what they need, Messrs. Millick & Co. will make a fine showing before snow flies.

Work at the Annie Laura.

The Richfield Advocate says the Annie Laura mine is being opened up by a force of men constantly at work. The mill is up and was intended to be started last week. This mill will go to work on $80 ore free milling and free from base metal. As soon as the mill is started a largely increased force will be put into the mine.

BELLE GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Incorporated Yesterday With a Capital of One Million.

Articles of incorporation were filed at the county court yesterday under the name of the Belle Gold Mining & Milling company, with a capital stock of $1,000,000, divided into 200,000 shares of the par value of $5 each.

The object of the incorporation is the buying and selling of mining property, furnishing mills with steam and water power; doing custom work and reducing their own ores. The establishment and place of conducting the business will be at Osceola, Nevada, with offices in this city.

Following are the names of the incorporators, with the number of shares of each:

F. Rehrman, Salt Lake	25,000
George Peal, Osceola	25,000
E. C. Howell, Salt Lake	18,000
William Schade, Salt Lake	10,000
W. W. Phillips, Salt Lake	10,000
J. M. Howell, Salt Lake	5,000
W. H. Hofheimer, Salt Lake	2,000
W. M. Risley, Salt Lake	2,000

Mining Notes.

Silver, 64⅝. Lead, $3.15.

Wells, Fargo & Co. received yesterday: Pennsylvania bullion, $4,790.

T. R. Jones & Co. received: Silver and lead ores, $1,800; bullion, $3,500.

McCornick & Co. received: Hanauer bullion, $3,200; silver and lead ores, $6,550; gold bars, $5,000.

COUNT DES GARETS.

A Distinguished Frenchman Visiting Salt Lake.

The name of a grand nephew of General Lafayette graced the register of the Walker yesterday. It was that of Count Des Garets, who registered from Paris. As before stated, he is a grand nephew of Lafayette, and is the same gentleman who was honored with an invitation from the United States government to be present, as a guest, at the opening of the Columbian exposition in Chicago. He was prevented from accepting the invitation, as he was secretary of the French embassy at St. Petersburg at the time and was unable to leave his post of duty.

Accompanying the count was Louis Pelatan, a French capitalist and mining expert, who is now spending a considerable fortune in the erection of a testing plant at Denver for the purpose of convincing the mining world that he has discovered an easy and successful method of treating refractory ores.

The gentlemen came down from Idaho, where they are interested in mining and spent the day circulating among the prominent mining people of the city. They left for Denver last evening. These gentlemen are members of a French syndicate which has recently obtained some great mining interests in various sections of the west. They are here on an inspection tour.

"We have been spending some time on the coast and in Idaho," said Mr. Pelatan, when seen yesterday, "and will leave at once for Denver. Count Des Garets is interested with myself in a new process that I have discovered for reducing refractory ores. There have been a good many processes invented at various times for the handling of refractory ores, but they have all been more or less of a failure. My discovery is a success. I do not know what results I will have with American ores. That is what we are to determine with the testing plant which we are now erecting at Denver. We will first experiment with Cripple Creek ores. Our testing plant will be able to put through two tons a day."

There are not many men in the country who possess a domain of 800 square miles on which they can hunt big game, but the members of Count Des Garets' syndicate are among the list. They hold the title to a tract of land 20x40 miles in size in Boise county, Ida., covering the entire Boise basin. It is a very valuable mining property. It has 155 miles of flume in operation.

"The count is a great sportsman," said Mr. Pulatan, "and has hunted lions in Abyssinia and tigers in India. In fact he has hunted all the big game of the world."

PERSONAL MENTION.

Ex-Governor Stevenson, of Idaho, is still sojourning at the Knutsford. He however, leaves today, and on Monday will begin a thorough campaign of the state of Idaho in the interests of Democracy and in furtherance of his own candidacy for the governorship. He feels very sanguine of success and laughs at the overweaning confidence of the supporters of McConnell.

Mr. Stevenson referred in complimentary terms to the Herald's correnpondent, Ray Raymond, and the increasing favor in which the paper is received in Idaho.

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Frank Wilson, of Pioche, Nev., A. J. Powers and J. C. Hudson, of Portland and Dr. Lawson and wife, of Neosho, Mo., are at the Grand Pacific.

H. N. Standish, of Bingham, a delegate to the county convention, is in town.

J. S. Wales is down from Idaho, registered at the Walker.

Mr. and Mrs. Hollister, of Denver, are guests at the Knutsford.

George A. Gratiot, a railroad man, is registered at the Templeton.

J. D. Wood, a prominent stockman from Idaho, is at the Cullen.

D. E. Young, a commercial man from Denver, is registered at the Cullen.

T. Z. Cushing is in from Bingham, stopping at the Cullen.

M. Oronke, of Chicago, O. H. Brown, of Philadelphia, are commercial men stopping at the Templeton.

Louis Schneider and Frank Hicks, of Bingham, and J. B. Huryon and C. H. Edmitro, of Tintic, are miners at the White.

Mrs. M. B. Sink, of Chicago, and Mrs. T. Cohlie, of Omaha, are registered at the Templeton, after a two weeks' ramble in northern Utah.

A. W. Hall and J. M. Pemberton, of Portland, Ore., and Mr. and Mrs. A. Schraubstadter, of St. Louis, are tourists registered at the Cullen.

Walter E. and Hettie F. Faber and N. W. Younger, of New York, and William T. Handy, of Kentucky, are stopping at the Knutsford.

A. Dilukey and W. B. Glidden, of San Francisco, and A. P. Jackson, of Texas, are commercial men at the Templeton.

Mrs. J. H. Barney, of New York, F. N. Stewart and wife, of Galveston, Texas, H. T. Loomis, of Cincinnati, and W. G. Borny, of Idaho, are registered at the Knutsford.

Lawyer C. O. Whittemore and John Busby have returned from a two weeks' vacation on the Provo river with reports of good fishing and plenty of birds in that locality.

Mrs. F. J. Hocyking returned last evening from the Park, where she has been the guest of Dr. and Mrs. W. J. Schmidt, for two weeks past.

C. H. O'Brien, of the O'Brien Bros., representing Cerson, Pirie, Scott & Co., of Chicago, was in Salt Lake yesterday, and went east last night.

"Don't you," said the summer boarder, "sometimes envy the city people who come here with nothing to do but recreate?" "No," replied Farmer Corntossel, "I dunno's I do. I swing the scythe till I git right tired an' imagine it torn tennis, an' set out on the front porch ter get bit by the mersquiters of evenin's, an' manage ter have 'bout as good a time ez the rest of 'em."—Washington Star.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Gathering of the G. O. P. Adherents Here Yesterday.

THE DELEGATES CHOSEN

TO ATTEND THE TERRITORIAL CONVENTION AT PROVO.

Complete Report of the Proceedings—Some Funny Incidents—Colonel Nelson Elected Chairman of the Delegation—Several Speeches Made—A County Central Committee—A Caucus.

Yesterday was Republican Day, in the afternoon. The place of assembling was in the old Federal court room in the Wasatch building. They were all there, every one of 'em. Willy Brown, for whom there is no duplicate, Jim Glendinning, Alf Ecklund, Harvey Hardy, Bert Raybould, Colonel Kaighn, George M. Cannon, John J. Daly, W. G. Van Horne, William Showell and, say, let's quit. Gaze upon the list below and see for yourself. They assembled for the purpose of selecting delegates, who will assemble at Provo on Tuesday next for the purpose of choosing a victim who will be sacrificed on the 6th of November next. It was warm, exceedingly warm, from start to finish, the temperature increasing as time progressed, and at the finish every one present was in a sweat. Not that there was any contest over anything. Oh, no! On the contrary. It was an unanimous affair in which every body was satisfied—except Ike Woolf, of the Second precinct, who was selected as alternate instead of delegate. But Ike will get there. Bet your life! Ike will discover some impecunious person who cannot afford his hotel bills while absent and will obtain his proxy. And his resonant voice will cut the fetid atmosphere of the Garden City as he exclaims, "Mr. Chairman, etc."

By the way, Allen was there, of course. The president of the "John P. Jones club of the Fifth precinct" could not be absent. So was James. James, you know, was chairman of the county committee. As a matter of fact he is yet.

But a truce to generalities which are always more or less glittering. Here goes for detail.

The Proceedings.

It was 2:13 4-5 by the stop watch of the official time keeper when W. F. James, president, and George M. Cannon, secretary, mounted the rostrum. It is supposed to be a rostrum, although any other term will do as well. At any rate, Mr. James used it as such and announced that "The Salt Lake county would come to order." In the language of William Nye, "they came." The convention then amused itself by herding the various precincts together, an easy task, with the exception of "the John P. Jones club" of the Fifth precinct, which was somewhat scattered. Finally order was restored and Mr. James, in a few remarks, informed the audience what it was there for.

Louis Cohn, who is short—in stature—interrupted to request that the tall delegates in front, who were standing up, sit down. They sat.

Chairman James then resumed. The convention, he said, met with an eye single to the selection of ninety-two delegates, who would represent Salt Lake county in the territorial convention at Provo. All of which was of an important duty character. "Because," said Mr. James, "they will have to vote upon a candidate for delegate to congress." Then Mr. James enlarged upon his subject and added that the convention had an additional duty. Excellent material must be chosen for the territorial Republican committee. Men of rank, station, position, influence and withal Republicans, should be selected. As to the county committee, all should embody the qualifications enumerated, and in addition possess elements which combine to create harmony, rest and untiring vigilance. "See to it that this county, Salt Lake county is dealt justly by. See to it that no injustice is dealt out to any county, but above all things see to it that the people are represented, no matter what other considerations merit attention." Mr. James then indulged in a sort of prediction, a prophesy redundant with colors, hues, tints and shades, anent the glorious halo which would shed its effulgence over the Republican party upon the "thirteenth" of November next, and sat down, to rise again for the purpose of announcing that a satisfactory statement from the secretary and treasurer would be given.

SECRETARY CANNON PREDICTS.

Secretary George M. Cannon recited that while no precinct books had been furnished; that while reports from all over Utah were of a nature chiefly unofficial, that the committee were confident of carrying Salt Lake county by a majority of from 1,000 to 1,500. Then everybody swung their hats and howled for joy. When the noise subsided, Mr. Cannon resumed to the effect that the only matter requiring attention was registration. Republicans were apathetic about registration. This had a dampening effect, and silence reigned as second lieutenant for quite a while. Noticing the effect of his declamation Mr. Cannon revived his auditors by asserting that the registration was much larger than anticipated, which was greeted with more cheers in planissimo instead of fortissimo. Reports, concluded Mr. Cannon, were still coming in, and the outlook is very nopeful.

THE FINANCES.

Treasurer Hill succeeded Mr. Cannon. Mr. Hill's report was purely of a figurative nature and read:

Cash received from October 31, 1892, to March 1, 1894 ..... $1,209.00
Cash paid out 1,193.58

Balance ..... $ 15.42
Cash from August 16, 1894, to September 6, 1894 ..... $ 190.65
Paid out 8.00

Balance ..... $ 198.07

The statement that nearly $200 was available, was greeted with prolonged cheering, during which Mr. Hill sat down, while Chairman James volunteered the explanation that any one wishing to satisfy themselves as to the accuracy of these accounts could look at the vouchers, orders and receipts, for which there was one for every bill paid out or contribution received. More cheering was then indulged in, during which Mr. James' voice was heard proceeding from the din announcing that "the next thing in order was the announcement of the temporary organization." As chairman, Hon. George P. Squires, of Bingham, was chosen. In presenting him to the delegates, Mr. James edified them by stating that Mr. Squires was a member of the C. C. Goodwin Republican club, of Bingham; and further, that of 390 registered voters in Bingham 300 were members of that gr-r-r-rand old party whose name is a household word. This caught the crowd, and amid a volley of plaudits, Mr. Squires reached the platform to discover, while climbing up the steps, that his selection had been made unanimous.

TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN SQUIRES.

Squires was brief. Like Rienzi, he came not there to talk. He thanked the convention for the honor bestowed upon him; said that Bingham was known as the "Old Reliable," and would prove such in November; that if every precinct in the county and territory would do the same careful work as Bingham was doing that the next Republican delegate to Congress would be elected. This closed Mr. Squires' speech, and the announcement of Mr. F. B. Platt, of the "John P. Jones" club, of the Fifth precinct, as temporary secretary, was made.

Reading the call was then indulged in. "Shall I read it all?" whispered sotto voce Mr. Platt to Chairman Squires. "Read it all," was the reply, in a voice like the final note in "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep." Orders were obeyed.

CREDENTIALS.

The temporary organization having been effected, Colonel M. M. Kaighn caught the speaker's eye and moved the appointment of a committee on credentials, one from each precinct. Ex-Chairman James and Frank Pierce engaged in some forensic sparring as to the delegates from the outside, the result of which was that Colonel Kaighn's motion was amended to read—"One from each precinct of Salt Lake city, and two from the county at large." Thus did the city Republicans assert their rights. It was understood that each delegation should name its members and the city precincts announced:

Precinct.	
First	Frank Pierce
Second	A. W. Raybould
Third	A. S. Geddes
Fourth	Levi Axtell
Fifth	E. D. K. Thompson

But when it came to the country that was different. The outsiders were caucussing on this question, but the chair relieved them and appointed D. Perry, of Sandy, and F. L. Cushing, of Bingham.

ORGANIZATION.

A motion to recess for twenty minutes was turned down to admit of the appointment of a committee on permanent organization and order of business, Allen, of the "John P. Jones" club, throwing a sop to the outside precincts, which were evidently disgruntled by the action of the convention regarding credentials, by an amendment, making the number on the permanent organization 9, instead of 7. The committee consisted of the following:

First precinct, Sam J. Kenyon; Second precinct, H. G. Button; Third precinct, W. L. Dykes; Fourth precinct, H. G. McMillan; Fifth precinct, E. E. Ritchie.

County at large—Joseph J. Stebbins, of South Cottonwood; J. J. Williams, of West Jordan; John A. Sharp, of Brighton; Tom Ferguson, of Farmers' ward.

Recess was in order, but the irrepressible Jake J. Greenwald, like Banquo's ghost, wouldn't down, so as a sequence he arose. When upon his feet, Jake moved a committee of nine on apportionment of delegates, which committee should consist of five from Salt Lake city precincts, one from Bingham and three from the county at large, amid ejaculations of disapproval.

MR. ALLEN PROTESTS.

C. E. Allen, of the "John P. Jones" club, protested. This committee, he said, would be useless inasmuch as it was the promise of the committee on organization and order of business who had the matter in hand, which body had associated with it that eminent gentleman E. E. Ritchie, who had given the statement careful study.

There is no telling what might have been said on this point had not Barlow Ferguson rose to a point of order that no such committee could be appointed until after it was decided who the delegates were. The point was declared well taken and a recess of twenty minutes was indulged in.

THE DELEGATES.

When the session was resumed the committee on credentials reported the following as entitled to seats in the convention:

First Precinct—J. E. Wiscomb, J. E. Chapman, C. H. Wilken, J. H. Brown, Glen Miller, Albert Tracy, G. S. Holmes, Willard Done, I. N. Hicks, J. E. Lynch, E. J. Mitchell, George Olson, Joseph W. McGurrin, O. H. Hewlett, James H. Smith, W. H. Sells, Frank Pierce, W. T. Proudfoot, J. D. H. McAllister, T. H. Cartwright, Bruce Johnson, William Showell, L. Dahlquist, Mort G. Taylor, William Everett, J. J. Greenwald, E. S. Carpenter, H. C. Wallace, J. G. McAllister, Eber Case, D. C. Eichnor, H. S. Spiers, A. J. Pendleton, L. Hyams, C. Merrill, J. Moritz, S. J. Kendall, F. C. Bassett, John A. Street, Hyrum Strong, D. N. Straup, W. B. Moreton, Sol Crown, S. J. Paul.

Second Precinct—A. E. Bryan, John Taft, John Coray, F. P. Addleman, E. H. Collister, C. E. Cooper, W. J. Forbes, Charles Fallentive, H. G. Burion, J. A. Heiss, H. B. Burton, E. J. Eardley, James Anderson, W. M. Elliott, D. H. Wenger, Robert Smith, A. O. Woods, C. A. Carlson, H. T. Jones, Wiley Brown, W. J. Harvey, C. P. Mason, Ike Woolf, J. H. Harris, A. W. Raybould, M. M. Kaighn, A. H. Kelly, Harvey Hardy, F. H. Hill., W. G. Van Horne, William Nelson, Henry Denhalter, J. C. C. Glanfield, San Pete Armstrong, C. C. Merritt, N. D. Corser, James Johnson, A. L. Williams, J. E. Darmer, J. W. Skinner, R. S. Hamilton, George Camming, J. W. Wilson, William Anderson, E. M. Le Prohen, Barlow Ferguson, John Zane, George Swan, A. R. Carter, A. Stiefel, William Doxey.

Third Precinct—A. S. Geddes, Ethan Jeremy, D. S. Emery, William Sugden, Daniel Dunne, Willard Gard, H. M. Pitt, A. F. Doremus, E. B. Jones, W. A. Byer, D. L. Davis, E. B. Tyson, A. W. Winberg, A. N. Spooner, W. L. Dykes, George F. Adkins, Nicholas Treweek, H. E. Booth, W. McMillan, James W. Haslam, G. J. Spencer, J. Goodfellow, Joshia Lees, I. J. Starbuck, W. A. Holman, Centre, J. D. Wright.

Fourth Precinct—John J. Daly, G. E. Ellerbeck, Joseph Goeghegan, W. D. Brown, R. I. Campbell, D. J. Chadwick, R. S. Watson, J. T. Axton, J. E. Jennings, James Glendinning, L. M. Earl, Frank Knox, J. L. May, H. G. McMillan, F. O. Horn, S. W. Wert, John Offenback, J. G. Robinson, V. M. C. Silva, E. G. Rognon, C. H. Brink.

Fifth Precinct—C. E. Allen, Elijah Sells, Theo Burmester, F. E. McGurrin, Frank Hoffman, Charles H. Crane, J. H. Kelson, W. P. Lynn, E. D. R. Thompson, E. A. Kessler, Louis Cohn, W. L. Pickard, A. B. Miller, Chris Diehl, J. H. Henman, Emery Ward, Scott Crismon, J. H. Reinsimar, Andrew Campbell, Thomas Carter, Al C. Reese, Samuel Paul, C. E. Offenbach, L. U. Colbath, J. P. Gardner, J. H. Bacon, W. F. James, T. Ellis Browne, A. L. Simondi, E. G. O'Donnell, Peter Lochrie, H. H. Petersen, W. H. Paine, F. B. Platt, B. X. Smith, C. L. Haines, E. E. Ritchie, F. L. Holland, Michael Boyle, S. McDowall, B. B. Nesbitt.

County Precincts—Pleasant View—James Mickleson.

East Mill Creek—W. H. H. Spafford, Cecil T. Smart, C. F. Calvert.

Hunter—H. P. Burns, Peter Larsen.

Granger—David Mockie, Fred L. Kent, John D. Park.

Butler—W. McGilson, John H. Walker.

Brighton—John A. Sharp, Fred Senior.

Pleasant Green—Levi Walstenholme, John Brown.

Granite—George Thompson, James A. Muir.

North Point—Frank Rudy.

Taylorsville—Henry Harker.

Bingham—George B. Squires, Charles H. Squires, F. L. Cushing, M. W. Davis, Frank Hicks, H. Bonditch, T. E. Bates, Dan MacLeod, R. S. Julian, E. F. Kjelstrom, L. Senneider, H. N. Standish, J. H. Dahlen, George E. McLean, J. N. Scott.

Mill Creek—Samuel Chambers, A. MacFarland, James Walton, Melvin Rynerson, M. Shurtliff, James Carfrith.

Big Cottonwood—James Nelson, Hyrum Bagley, B. B. Belner.

Draper—Heber A. Smith, James H. Day, Alf Green, Franklin Johnson, William J. Terry.

Sugar House—George E. Ellis, George M. Cannon, S. H. Love, Daniel Harrington.

Union—William E. Cox, Hyrum Smith Charles B. Baker.

Sandy—S. Parry, W. W. Wilson, T. E. Marriott, R. H. Graves, J. T. Leonard, E. Hartwicksen.

West Jordan—Ben Cutler, J. J. Williamson, Lo Lawrence, Joseph Mills, W. H. Wardell, J. T. Larsen.

South Jordan—G. D. Beckstead, John A. Johnson, Albert Mabry.

South Cottonwood—James Wirchester, James Godfrey, John Gorden, J. H. Stratton, J. W. Cahoon, J. P. Cahoon, William Boice.

Farmers—Tom Ferguson, S. W. Tarbell, M. Christenson, Amos Gabbott, J. R. Bowdle, Henry Simons.

Union—W. E. Cox.

Mountain Dell—W. B. Hardy.

Silver—Jambes T. Monk, John Bamberger.

Bluffdale—James Madsen.

Herriman,—J. J. Stocking.

The report was adopted.

JONES OF NEVADA.

The committee on permanent organization and order of business not being in sight at the conclusion of the report of this committee on credentials, it was decided to indulge in a little speech making and our own W. G. Van Horne was called upon. Van protested but was forced to consent and opened up. Jones, of Nevada, was the burden of the preface. He was sorry that Jones had flown the track but anticipated that when the heat of the present struggle for silver had passed away and the cool of a white metal victory had wafted its zephyr-like way across the land that Jones would come back bringing with him the state of Nevada as a solid Republican trophy. Van then turned his attention to silver. The Democratic party, according to him, is not new, nor has it ever been a friend to silver, but he had every hope that it would. When men like Don Cameron, of Pennsylvania, and Thomas J. Reed, of Maine interested themselves there was hope. Mr. Van Horne, in language not accurately understood by The Herald man, then voiced a sentiment to the effect that if the Republican party didn't take up the cause of silver, may God help us.

MR. JAMES TALKS.

W. F. James spoke under protest but before he had finished the listeners discovered that he can talk at some length, no matter what conditions may be. In a rambling sort of address he derided the president's action in the Hawaiian matter in general and everything else in particular. All the trusts were protected by the Democratic party, except the breakfast table trust. The Democracy wants to enslave the masses and create a peasantry. He (Mr. James) had traveled 1,000 miles through the Confederacy during the late rebellion and never saw a school house. Mr. Cleveland sent a substitute. The doctrines and professions of Democracy were all false. The recent Congress had placed $40,000,000 in the pockets of the Sugar trust. Wool is down and the warehouses are full of it and will be full of it until the manufactured goods on hand are disposed of. Mr. James then described his fight for silver and lead, but didn't say anything about Jones, and was in the midst of an explanation of the conduct of that gallant silver advocate, the late Secretary Windom, when the committee on permanent organization appeared.

MADE PERMANENT.

This body recommended that the temporary organization be made permanent and that Glen Miller and William McMillan be appointed to assist the secretary; also that the apportionment of delegates be as follows:

First precinct, 15; Second precinct, 18; Third precinct, 9; Fourth precinct, 8; Fifth precinct, 15; Bingham, 5; Pleasant Green, 1; West Jordan, 2; South Jordan, 1; Herriman, 1; Draper, 1; Granger, 1; Farmers, 2; Mill Creek, 2; North Jordan, 1; Sugar House, 1; East Mill Creek, 1; Union, 1; South Cot, 2; Big Cot, 1; Buller, 1; Sandy, 2; Brighton, 1.

This report was adopted and the various precincts resolved themselves into distinct bodies to choose delegates. When they had completed their labors the convention was called to order and the following ratified:

DELEGATES TO PROVO.

Salt Lake city, First precinct—Arnux W. J. More, J. E. Wiscomb, Glen Miller, G. S. Holmes, C. J. Mitchell, O. H. Hewlett, H. J. Joseph, W. J. Proudfoot, J. J. Greenwald, William Showell, J. G. McAllister, A. J. Pendleton, Harrison Speirs, Sam J. Kenyon, C. W. Symonds. Alternates, W. H. Sells.

Second Precinct—E. H. Callister, J. W. Cory, Charles Fallentine, H. G. Button, James H. Anderson, E. J. Eardley, C. P. Mason, A. W. Raybould, Wiley Brown, Frank Carthey, S. H. Hill, W. G. Van Horne, William Nelson, Elias Morris, John Zink, Barlow Ferguson, E. M. Le Prohn, Richard Mackintosh, at large. Alternates—R. G. Lambert, Abe Grover, N. W. Sennedecker, Ike Woolf, J. C. C. Glanfield, George Cammey.

Third Precinct—A. S. Geddes, E. Jeremy, H. M. Pitt, A. F. Doremus, W. L. Dykes, E. B. Tyson, William McMillan, J. N. Haslam, J. J. Starbuck.

Fourth Precinct—Arthur L. Thomas, James Glendinning, John J. Daly, D. J. Chadwick, James E. Jennings, Arthur Stayner, F. O. Horn, J. N. Offenbach. Alternates—H. G. McMillan, C. B. Markham, Ralph Guthrie.

Fifth Precinct—C. W. Bennett, C. E. Allen, John H. Kelson, C. S. Varian, Theo Burmester, Scott Cusman, Thomas Carter, Emery Ward, J. M. Dart, Peter Lochrie, W. F. James, A. S. Simondi, F. D. Platt, Samuel McDowell.

Pleasant Green, Hunter and North Point—H. P. Burns.

Herriman—J. J. Stocking.

South Jordan—Albert Mahey.

West Jordan—L. Lawrence, J. J. Williams, sr. Alternates—B. Cutler.

Bingham—F. L. Cushing, G. B. Supires, H. M. Standish, Charles H. Roberts. Alternates—H. Bowditch, J. H. Dallen.

Sugar House—George M. Cannon. Alternate—S. H. Love.

Mill Creek—A. MacFarland, S. T. Shurtliff.

North Jordan—Thomas Harris.

Big Cottonwood—H. A. Bagley.

Butler—J. H. Walker. Alternate—William McGhie.

Sandy—W. W. Wilson, S. Perry. Alternates—W. A. Kuhre, T. E. Marriott.

Draper—J. W. Smith. Alternate—J. W. Greer.

Granger—F. L. Kent.

Brighton—J. A. Sharp.

On motion of C. E. Allen, the Salt Lake county delegation was instructed and authorized to fill any and all vacancies existing when it shall assemble at Provo.

A CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

The business of electing a county central committee was then indulged in. E. E. Ritchie, in a neat speech, nominated W. F. James, which motion was seconded by Wiley Brown without embellishment. The motion was carried with a whoop.

Colonel M. M. Kaighn arose to remark "that according to the eternal fitness of things the secretary should be similarly honored, and moved his re-election. This was seconded by Major George Swan, and likewise prevailed.

Colonel Kaighn, having once captured success, held her fast by moving to renominate J. H. Hill as treasurer. Mr. Hill's protest was drowned in a storm