

THE DAILY HERALD.

THE HERALD PUBLISHING CO.

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HERALD Calendar for November.

Calendar table with columns for S, M, T, W, T, F, S, D and dates 1 through 30.

THE HERALD

For Sunday, November 25, 1894, Will contain:

- CLARENCE—By Bret Hart. Illustrated. To be continued.
A LONDON LOVE STORY—By J. M. Battle, author of "A Widow in Thrums," "The Little Minister," etc. Illustrated.
THE HAPPY THANKSGIVING OF THE BURGAL AND PLUMBER—By Octave Thuriot. Illustrated.
CAPTAIN BILLY'S THANKSGIVING—By Harriet Prescott Spofford. Illustrated.
THE DUEL IN THE DARK—A Story of a Southern Thanksgiving in Buck Forest. By Nina Fitch. Illustrated.
THE LOST OPAL OF MYRORE, OR THE SECRET OF THE GIANTS—By William Murray Graydon. Illustrated.
FRENCH FASHION LETTER—Velvet Gowns and Fashionable Adjuncts of Evening Wear. By Ada Carr. Illustrated.
LITHEOTAL LUNCHEONS—Charming Entertainments to give in honor of Newly Engaged Couples. By Dinah Sturges. Illustrated.
ETIQUETTE OF MOURNING—Some of the interesting Social Laws Observed by those in Affliction. By Adele McAllister.
A GALLANT BOY—How Prince Edward of Wales, Won the Sobriquet of Black Prince. By A. S. Illustrated.

Hoke Smith continues to bother our morning constituency. It is unable to suffer or coax Smith, but it has come its best to hoax the public about the Secretary.

The University of Pennsylvania proposes to introduce the dormitory system. That would establish a beautiful harmony between it and sleepy old Philadelphia.

Rabbit hunters will be able to take their sport on Thanksgiving Day. The U. P. people are preparing to give them all a chance; that is, the hunters, we will not say so much for the rabbits.

The indications are that more people than Utah wants will be flocking into the territory soon. We have plenty of workers here at present. What is needed is more capital invested to give them work to do.

The Japs continue to pop it to the Celestials in great shape. "Civilization" has made more headway in Japan in a short time than in any other nation. A new war debt is also a sign in the same direction.

Grave-robbing seems to be one of the revived industries of the country, and it is one which ought to be suppressed. A prohibitive tariff in the shape of heavy fines with supplementary imprisonment would be the right thing.

A Chicago reverend by the name of Dramstadter has been allowing a ticket scalper to use his half fare permit, he no doubt "divvying" with the scalper. He has been deprived of his full permit and henceforth will have to pay full fare or walk. Evidently he has not walked according to the light he claims to have.

Oklahoma wants to be a state. Let her in. The sooner the territorial system is abolished the better. This should be a Union of sovereign states, each possessing the full rights of local self-government and all joining in one body for the common welfare. Territories are satrapies; they are anomalies in a government like ours. Give them all complete constitutional liberty!

Napoleon's methods as a historian, as shown in Professor Sloane's new life in the Century, were unique. He first attempted to write a history of Corsica offhand, but was driven to give some study to the subject by the admonitions of Abbe Raynal, to whom he showed the opening chapters. For the next few years of his life this history completely dominated his mind, except when he was engaged in unsuccessful political intrigues in Corsica. He recast and rewrote it several times, every revision making it responsive to his changing political beliefs. "His contents display little research and no scholarship," says Professor Sloane. "The style is intended to be popular, and is dramatic rather than narrative."

At the dinner given him by the Lotus club of New York A. Conan Doyle differed with some who had spoken and said there was no romance in America, for he thinks there is. "I do not know what they mean. Romance is the very air they breathe. You are hedged in with romance on every side. I can take a morning train in this city of New York. I can pass up the historic and beautiful Hudson. I can dine at Schenectady, where the Huron and the Canadian did such bloody work, and before evening I have found myself in the Adirondack forests, where the bear and the panther are still to be shot, and where, within four generations, the Indian and the frontiersman still fought for the mastery. With a ride and a canoe you can glide into one of the back eddies which have been left by the stream of civilization. I feel keenly the romance of Europe. I love the memories of the shattered castles and the crumbling abbey; of the steel-clad knight and the archer; but to me the romance of the redskin and the trapper is more vivid, as being more recent."

THE SCHOOL ELECTION.

So we are to have a partisan election for members of the Board of Education, after all. Our friends the Republicans are always willing to join in a citizens or non-partisan arrangement for the choice of public officers, when they are doubtful of getting their men into place. When they feel sure of their ground they want partisans of their own stripe in power even in the regulation of school affairs.

The Democrats of the Third and Fourth precincts should see to it that Democrats are elected from their wards. That can be done if due diligence is used and all "funny business" is guarded against. They are both Democratic precincts and there is no good reason why they should not return Democrats to the Board seeing that the Republicans are determined to be partisan in their selections.

Good men should be put up in all the precincts. There is no need to keep men always in office because they may have done good service in the past. Some changes are needed in the constitution of the Board. Notably that is the case in the Second Precinct. Rotation in office is a good thing if not carried to great extremes. For the efficiency of the Board of Education some new blood is wanted, particularly from the precinct named.

It is of the greatest importance that not only men who are favorable to the cause of education shall be chosen to fill the vacancies that will occur this year, but that they shall be gentlemen, who will not attempt to dominate or force their views and schemes upon their associates. Harmony among all the members of the Board is essential to the success of the body. Men of differing political opinions can work together in the cause of education without a clash. If they are of the kind that respect the rights and views of others and are not too opinionated and egotistical. Send gentlemen to the Board of Education. The people universally should take interest in the school election. The voting is generally too light on this very important matter. We hope in December the citizens of Salt Lake will do their duty in this respect, and that they will show by their ballots that they appreciate the value of education and the necessity of entrusting its conduct in this city into competent hands.

THE WATER RATES QUESTION.

There is a very general complaint from the taxpayers of this year's assessment of water rates. The question is repeatedly asked of The Herald, by telephone and otherwise: "Has the water rate been doubled this year, or what is the reason the assessment is twice as much this year as last?" The Herald has published the rates provided for by ordinance. The superintendent and his assistants have no authority to charge more or less than the rates fixed in the regular scale. Each water user can easily reckon from the figures given and taking the number of square yards of lawn watered, or the number of rooms supplied, or the various uses to which the city water is put, and find out if he has been unfairly assessed.

We do not think the officials connected with the waterworks department wish to do any injustice to the water users. At the same time they do want to look after the city's interests. They intend to see that everybody who uses the city water shall pay the lawful amount therefor. Their diligence will be evidence that they are doing their duty.

But it may be that in their zeal in the city's interests, overcharges may be made by mistake. All such errors should be rectified. Application should be made to the city council in such cases. If there is no special provision as to equalization of the assessment of water rates, the council has general powers over all such matters and can rectify wrongs in water rates as well as other taxes.

Everybody resents excessive taxation. Nobody regards being taxed as a pleasure. Officers who are authorized to make assessments have a delicate duty to perform and should be strictly just and fair, and also willing to explain the whys and wherefores when objections are raised as to their work. It is natural that some impatience is felt at repeated queries from disgruntled taxpayers, but courtesy will win every time, while irritability or an impatient or domineering attitude only excites rancor and further complaint.

We publish in another column a protest of a water rate payer who is only one of a number of kickers, who claim that their taxes for water have been doubled this year. We do not wish it to be understood that we endorse what is said about the water officers, we simply give space to the views of others with the hope that something will be done to rectify any wrong that has been wrought, whether by mistake or otherwise, and that the officials as well as the public may be dealt with justly and the right may be done on both sides.

THE A. P. A. IN MICHIGAN.

The introduction of A. P. A. into politics is in reality the introduction of religion into politics. This is always to be deprecated and can do no good to any one. Religion in politics is ever a cause of retardation rather than of advancement, and such will be the effect of A. P. A. in Michigan.

Up in Michigan it has become so powerful that it claims it will control the next legislature, and pass anti-Catholic legislation. State Senator Julius M. Jamison, who is a confessed member of the order and one of its leading lights, does not hesitate to openly avow the purposes of the order. Its purposes are distinctly anti-Catholic, and if the A. P. A. shall be able to carry them into effect it will tend to make the matter spread to other states where A. P. A. is more or less of a foothold and following.

Senator Jamison outlines the A. P. A. plank in Michigan as follows: The A. P. A. proposes to repeal, in the first place, that section of the statutes which provides that a bishop may hold title to real estate and other property for the use and benefit of the Catholic church or any other institution. We shall pass a law that will enable trustees to hold property not to exceed one year and not of more value than \$20,000. We shall force the Catholic institutions to incorporate and hold property themselves, if they hold it at all, and a move will be made to tax all church property not actually used for church purposes. We will go further than this, and try to fix a law so that any church organization hav-

OUR PEOPLE FROM ALL TARIFF TAXES, EXCEPT THOSE IMPOSED FOR REVENUE ONLY.

That is a more radical policy than would at first appear. It purports to make it impossible for a bishop to hold property in trust for the use and benefit of the Catholic church or any other institution. The policy of the Catholic church is to have the bishop hold all property within the diocese in his own name but in reality in trust for it. In fact Catholic bishops are the only recognized corporations sole in the United States. Here, then, is a blow aimed at a fundamental policy of the Catholic church.

Further on, Senator Jamison declares that the A. P. A.'s will "force the Catholic institutions to incorporate and hold property themselves, if they hold it at all." This latter clause is capable of various constructions, one of which is that Catholics, in an ecclesiastical capacity, shall not be allowed to hold property. This, of course, is an extreme view, but when religious fanaticism is once aroused and begins to play a part in politics, it is the extreme part that it always plays.

This Michigan programme may or may not be carried out, but it shows very plainly the trend of A. P. A. in that it will enter become a real danger to the country is scarcely probable, but it is a factor in politics that should be eliminated as soon as possible. No political party can afford to ally itself with such an order, for sooner or later the American people will repudiate it and all who uphold its doctrines, for it is contrary to their principles and sentiment.

THEY CHANGE LIKE THE WIND.

This is a world of change and the American people are as fickle as other folks. Two years ago they roiled up majorities for the Democratic party to the attainment of all parties. They wanted tariff reform. Before that could possibly be inaugurated the panic of 1893 set in. But the party went to work and passed a bill in accordance with what the country demanded, but not so radical as many expected. Before the effects of that change could be determined, and in spite of the patent fact that improvement was indicated as its result, the same people swelled up majorities for the party they rejected two years before and thus showed their instability.

You cannot count upon popular opinion nor what the masses will do under any circumstances. Today it is an ap- plause for public men, tomorrow cursings for the same individuals without any change of cause. This year a Republican flood may be next year a Democratic deluge.

At the general election on the 6th inst. there was a Republican majority in Hamilton County, Ohio, of 23,000. A few days ago there was a special election in the same county and the Democrats carried it by a majority of 3,300. Just see what a change can come over people in the course of a week or so!

We say to our friends in Utah, the Republican victory which has been achieved need be considered only as temporary. Another year may and can be made a Democratic triumph. Light must be shed abroad; efficient organization must be kept up and originated where necessary, and persistent effort must be put forth in preparation for the great, all-important struggle of 1895 in Utah.

A GREAT SCHEME.

The great railroad now being constructed by the Russian government across Siberia is likely to open up railway communication between Europe and America, which will do away with the miseries of sea travel for people able to take the route which will be established.

The railway from St. Petersburg across the Siberian country is nearly finished. This has prompted certain capitalists and railway magnates to open their eyes to the practicability of making connection with that road, so that by simply crossing Behring straits by ship, almost uninterrupted railway communication can be had between New York and the Russian capital, from which lines already extend to the great cities of Europe.

More than that; a railroad bridge is possible across the straits, and that is thought of as part of the scheme by which, eventually, train may be taken from New York all the way to Paris. Modern engineering has accomplished much more remarkable things than that, and by the opening of the next century it is not improbable that ocean travel from the United States to Europe may be dispensed with by wealthy tourists.

Every means of facilitating communication between nations will prove an aid to the extending of civilization, and the establishment of that harmony of feeling and union of interests that are desirable, as harbingers of the day when universal brotherhood shall bind all peoples together and peace shall extend its benedictions to the uttermost bounds of the earth.

ONE VOTE AGAINST.

Payson, Utah, November 20, 1894. To the Editor of The Herald: Dear Sir—Will you please answer through your columns the following question? Do any members of the Democratic party in Congress vote against statehood for Utah? If so give their names. Yours respectfully,

ENQUIRER.

Yes. One Democratic Senator voted against the bill. It was Senator Cockrell who had learned of some rumors from the Sugar Trust, through Colonel Clarkson, Colonel Trumbo and Bishop Clawson were interested in the admission of Utah on behalf of the Republican party, and that the scheme was to make Utah a Republican state, and place it under the control of the Trust and in the interest of Republican politics. Others heard of the report, but became convinced that it was only a rumor. Senator Cockrell was not so convinced and voted against the bill solely for that reason. This is how the matter has been explained by those who know, and Delegate Rawlins is familiar with all the facts in the case.

Vicious dogs that bite people ought to be killed either by Knight or day. There are too many worthless canines in the city anyhow and the purpounders should be lively at their duty.

The New England Tariff Reform league is not at all dismayed or discouraged at the result of the late election. It has changed its name to the New England Free Trade league, and makes bold declaration of its object. It says: "The object of the league shall be to free our trade, our industries and

OUR PEOPLE FROM ALL TARIFF TAXES, EXCEPT THOSE IMPOSED FOR REVENUE ONLY.

our people from all tariff taxes, except those imposed for revenue only. Its method shall be to enlighten the conscience, and to enlighten the patriotism of New England against the system called protection, which, at the dictation of organized wealth, taxes the whole American people for the benefit of a few."

There seems to be some doubt whether Mount Tacoma has been in eruption or not. We have not visited the spot, but we do know that there has been a great landslide all over the country, and why should it not have disturbed Mount Tacoma?

When Tom Reed says that protection cheapens goods he forgets that Ben Harrison holds the doctrine that some-how or other cheap clothes seem to make a cheap man. If protection makes cheap clothes, then protection makes cheap men, if Ben Harrison be right.

An exchange wants to know why it is that American women will not pattern after their German sisters and engage more freely in the good old fashioned game of ten pins. Simply because they pattern after their Parisian sisters which requires a whole paper of pins.

The maker of a New York baking powder insinuates falsely that it received highest honors at the Chicago Fair. The honor should be not raised by Ammonia powders were excluded from competition.

POLITICAL NOTES.

Up to the present time the President has not committed any act, so far as in line with the doctrine of a secretary of the United States government regarding neutrality and non-interference in the affairs of other countries—Chicago Herald.

The Democratic party has only three months in which to demonstrate a hearty desire to carry out the will of the people. The period is brief, but might be well spent in the interests of the party's honor and integrity in their keeping. It is not their obligations—Atlanta Constitution.

The reputation of John Sherman as a shifty statesman is unique. He can act on all sides of the question with more than the usual facility. He says now that he believes that the McKinley Administration is not in the wrong—Chicago Herald.

Although General Hastings received a larger plurality of votes than the combined pluralities of all the other governors of Pennsylvania chosen since the organization of the Republican party. In 1880, there are still some doubts about the election of the Republican party. He is engaged in selecting a new party, who are engaged in selecting the commonwealth, without regard to the rights of the state, that pro-rogative—Philadelphia Ledger.

There can be no interests in common between the east and west, until the east ceases its struggle for a dearer dollar for class legislation and for the control of our currency by banking corporations. The west and south have united in bringing a new party into the old policy outlined in the motto: "Equal rights and equal business—Chicago Times.

There is not enough gold in the world to do the world's work in the simple fact, and if a great nation like this double the burden already laid upon gold, it will be unable to carry it. It must be brought to the aid of gold, and that can only be done by a metallic system which will give the nation enough money to do its work, and which will be in the hands of the lender, making the former repay money of equal worth to that he repays, and making the latter accept it—Chicago Times.

It is a matter of history that third parties have exerted exceedingly little influence in our politics. What is worth noting is that they do eventually by one or other of the great parties. When free coinage of silver can be had, the chief majority of the country of Europe consent to join in with us in adopting it—both of the great parties will favor it, but until that consent is obtained neither of these parties will champion it, and the advocacy of a third party is a waste of time and of the cause—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

We repeat what we said immediately after the recent election that the first act of the incoming Republican legislature should be to pass a bill giving the mayor of New York the right to appoint all heads of departments. We repeat what we said immediately after the recent election that the first act of the incoming Republican legislature should be to pass a bill giving the mayor of New York the right to appoint all heads of departments. We repeat what we said immediately after the recent election that the first act of the incoming Republican legislature should be to pass a bill giving the mayor of New York the right to appoint all heads of departments.

PEOPLE OF PROMINENCE.

Mr. Barrie has been obliged to give up his plans of spending the winter in his beloved Scotch "Thrumms," and is on his way to New York. It is feared the novelist's health is irretrievably broken.

De Renke is a successful farmer as well as a famous tenor and has just won the Russian prize of 10,000 rubles for the best stout farm in the czar's dominions.

A currently reported utterance of Queen Victoria is to the effect that but two men were ever loved by her, but that she had flatly contradicted her. One was Mr. Gladstone, the other was her devoted servant, John Brown.

At the dinner given Dr. A. Canon Doyle by the Lotus club of New York, President Seth Law, of Columbia college, and Congressman Bourke Cochran both referred to "Mensch Curke" and "The Refractor" as being Dr. Doyle's best work.

Observers of the arrival at Windsor of Queen Victoria noticed that her Majesty's general weakness and lameness had visibly increased. She required assistance in passing up the slightly inclined gangway from the train to the lamiau which was in waiting.

THE DUKER OF ARGYLE, whose engagement to Miss Knox Little is announced in London, is over of a shabone. He is very dignified, wears a full, close-cropped Van Dyke beard of a brown color and commands respect. He is a good speaker. He will succeed Senator Ransom for the long term of six years. Senator Ransom is 62 and Marion Butler is 22 years of age. Butler is president of the National Farmers' Union and also editor of the Good-boro Caucasian.

D. T. Healey, steward of Pabst Hotel, Milwaukee, writes: "I regard Dr. Price's Eating Powder as far superior to any other brand. It is always uniform, has great leaving power, and the last spoonful is as good as the first."

A WATER RATE KICK.

A Taxpayer Sets Forth a Common Grievance. To the Editor of The Herald: Salt Lake, Nov. 23, 1894. Dear Sir—In justice to the taxpayers who have been so outrageously assessed by Mayor Dalley and his assistant, Mr. McIntyre, I would like to reply through your columns to their statement in today's Herald. Major Dalley says his assessment is law, and according to the ordinance I will reply by stating that Shylock's demand for his pound of flesh was according to law.

For two years past I have been assessed by Mr. Diehl on my double house \$14 in all and \$3 for lawn. This year the same property is assessed at \$50. The double house contains eight rooms and two bathrooms. Six rooms in the attic are not used except for lumber or storage purposes. There is one low pressure boiler for steam heating which is filled once a year and will not hold or exceed 100 gallons of water. Does the ordinance intend that I should pay \$10 for 100 gallons of water when the ordinance will give me 1,000 gallons for 25 cents? Does the ordinance intend I should pay \$5 for 100 yards of lawn all in one piece and fronting each house? Does the ordinance intend I should pay \$10 for wash trays in basement that are not used, and is it a fact the law intends that I should pay \$3.33 for each person living in each house for our own water and which the city has no legal or just right to exact a prohibitive tariff from? The taxpayers will stand this kind of business.

Regarding the ordinance itself there has never been any trouble over its enforcement till Mayor Dalley, unfortunately for the users of water, took possession, and according to his autocratic assessment makes the taxpayers for the mark. The ordinance enforced according to its spirit and the intention of its framers will not work a hardship. As a taxpayer I try to pay my way, and am willing to pay all that is just and right, but when a tax becomes burdensome and beyond what should be charged for carrying on the public their own water and the necessary care of the works and a percentage for wear and tear, it's time to appeal to the courts for justice.

What is charged in Butte and Virginia City is a justification to Mayor Dalley: the cost of plants, laying, water cutting, piping, etc. is so different no person of a fair mind would attempt a comparison. Trusting that the council will meet at once and sit down on the mayor's assessment so badly that he will resign and let the mayor to appoint a man who is just and fair to make an assessment in the future.

Respectfully, JOHN CONNELLY, 817 First street.

Poor Digestion.

Leads to nervousness, fretfulness, peevishness, chronic dyspepsia and great misery. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the remedy. It tones the stomach, creates an appetite, and gives a relish to food. It makes pure blood and gives healthy action to all parts of the body. Take Hood's, for Hood's Sarsaparilla cures.

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25 cents.

Only 25 Cents

A pound for the best candy in the city, at the old Koltz Kandy Kitchen.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with rheumatism and rheumatism; his stomach was disordered, his liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Cataloharrie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best result follow its use. That it would not be without it, if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best cough remedy that he has used in his family for eight years and it has never failed so do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested? Trial bottle free at Dr. C. M. I. drug department. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

Chas. S. Burton, Manager. Curtain at 8:15 Sharp. For Three Nights, Beginning THURSDAY, NOV. 22, First and Only Engagement in This City of MR. and MRS.

KENDAL,

(Under the direction of the... comedian) and their LION'S COMPANY, presenting THURSDAY EVENING, Sardou's "The Sign of the Cross."

A SCRAP OF PAPER.

FRIDAY EVENING, Piner's Famous Play, "THE SECOND MRS. TANQUERAY." SATURDAY EVENING, (Farewell Performance) Sidney Grady's Brilliant Comedy, "A WHITE LIE."

Prices—\$1.50, \$1.00, 50c. Stalls and Loges, 25c. Seats at the box office.

NEXT ATTRACTION:

Commencing Monday Nov. 25, FIVE PERFORMANCES. THOS. KEENE. Monday, Richelieu; Tuesday, Louis XI; Wednesday, Othello; Thanksgiving afternoon, Shylock; Thursday, night, Richard III.

Sale of seats begins Friday, November 23. Prices \$1.00, 75, 50, 25c. Stalls and loges \$1.50.

EVERY COOKERY STUDENTS. CANNOT PREPARE FOR THANKSGIVING & CHRISTMAS WITHOUT SUCH A DEPOT AS Z. C. M. I. TABLE. STAPLES. BUCKWHEAT, Prepared. PANCAKE FLOUR, Prepared. CRUSHED OATS. GERMADE, H. M. RACKERS AND CAKES, H. M. MAPLE SAP SYRUP. SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP. CHEESE, ALL SORTS. BUTTER AND EGGS. HAMS AND MEATS. NUTS AND CANDIES, ASSORTED. Dainties. OLIVES AND OLIVE OIL. JAMS AND JELLIES. CONDENSED CREAM AND MILK. SAUCES AND CATSUPS. RELISHES AND VINEGAR. PICKLES AND CAPERS. SALAD DRESSING. CORN STARCH AND GELATINE. COCAONUT AND BAKING POWDER. MUSHROOMS, PEAS, SOUPS, ETC. CLEANED FRUITS, All kinds; FLAVORING EXTRACTS AND PEELS, SPICES, MUSTARDS AND CURRY. THIS IS ONLY AN APPEZIZER. THE HALF IS YET UNTOLD. CALL AND PROVE US BY BUYING YOUR SUPPLIES. T. C. WEBBER, Supt.

DESERT WOOLEN MILLS COMPANY. Now Ready for Business. Office and Salesroom, 23 W. 1st South. NEW STORE! NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES! THE FINEST ASSORTMENT OF HOME MADE CLOTHES EVER DISPLAYED. A FIRST CLASS TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT IN OPERATION on and after MONDAY, Oct. 15. FRANK W. JENNINGS, Manager.

STOVES FOR \$3.00 AND UPWARDS AT JAMES SPENCER-BATEMAN COMPANY, 67 Main.

American Biscuit & Manufacturing Co. SUCCESSORS TO UTAH CRACKER FACTORY, MANUFACTURERS OF FINE CRACKERS AND CAKES. CREAM AND SNOWFLAKE SODAS IN ONE, TWO AND FIVE POUND BOXES. HENRY WALLACE, Manager. 442 South Second West Street.

WEBER COAL CO. (SUCCESSORS TO HOME COAL CO) Dealers in COAL from mines at Coalville, are now prepared to fill orders for LUMP, STOVE, NUT AND WINE SLACK COALS, by the ton or carload. Weights and Quality of Coal Guaranteed. All Coal screened. Yard 221 South Third West street. Telephone No. 411. W. J. Montgomery, Agent.

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