OVERSHADOWED ALL OTHER SHARES

Sugar Leads the Industrials Once Again.

GOVERNMENTS ARE FIRM

RAILWAY STOCKS QUIET AND MUCH EASIER.

Silver Certificates Were Dull, But Held Easy—Other Metals Quiet—Live Stock Markets of the West—San Francisco, London and Chicago Wheat.

New York, June 9.—The speculative movement today was in most respects a fac simile of that of yesterday except that the aggregate dealings were a few thousand shares greater. Sugar again completely overshadowed the other shares in point of activity, figuring for nearly one-third of the grand total. The industrial group attracted the principal attention owing to the great facilities offered in those stocks for manipulation. The high-priced leaders in this class moved in a wide range with the maintenance toward a lower level. On a reported decrease in the demand for iron, Colorado Fuel sold off 2¾, but recovered about half of the loss at the close. The railway stocks were quiet, but displayed an easing tendency with the more noteworthy concessions as a rule in the low priced shares. The recommendation of the usual quarterly disbursement on Western Union tomorrow, by the executive committee failed to exert any special influence on prices. The pressure against the list does not result in any important declines in the standard shares. In the final dealings some covering was noted in spots, which caused irregularity in the closing figures, but net losses were general.

Bonds developed heaviness, with decided pressure against the speculative issues. The sales were $1,037,000.

Government bonds lacked features but were firm on sales of $12,000.

Silver certificates were dull, but held steady on dealings of $20,000.

Money on call easy at 1½@2 per cent.; last loan 1½, closed 1½@2 per cent.

Prime mercantile paper 4@5½ per cent.

Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.88¼@4.88½ for demand, and 4.87¼@4.87½ for sixty days; posted rates, 4.88@4.88½ and 4.89@4.89½; commercial bills, 4.86½.

BOND LIST.

U. S. 4s reg and coup	112¾
U. S. 5s, regular	112¾
U. S. 5s, coupon	112¾
U. S. 4s regular	108
U. S. 4s coupon	109½
U. S. 2s reg. bid	94½
Pacific 6s of '95	100½
Ala., class A	104
Ala., class B, bid	100
Ala., class C, offered	100
Alabama currency	100
La. new consols 4s	98
Missouri 6s	100
N. Carolina 6s	124
N. Carolina 4s, bid	104
S. Carolina Non-fund	1
Tenn. new set 6s	83
Tenn. new set 5s, offered	108
Tenn. old 6s	60
Va. Centuries	99½
Va. Centuries deferred	5
Atchison 4s	78¼
Atchison second A	40¾
Canada Southern 2nds	104½
Cen. Pac. 1sts of '95	103¾
Den. & R. G. 7s	111
Denver & Rio Grande 4s	91¼
Erie 2nds	64
G. H. & S. A. 6s	105
H. & T. Cent. 5s	109
H. & T. Cent. 6s	101½
M. K. T. first 4s	82
M. K. T. second 4s	57
Mutual Union 6s	111
N. J. Cent. gen. 5s	118¼
Northern Pac. 1sts	117¼
Northern Pacific 2nds	114
Northwest Consols bid	137
Northwest S. F. deb. 5s bid	109
Rio Grande West. 1sts	76¼
St. Paul consols 7s	132
St. Paul C. & P. W. 5s, bid	114¾
St. L. & I. M. gen. 5s	77½
St. L. & S. F. gen. 6s, offered	118¾
Tex. Pac. 1sts	85
Texas Pacific 2seconds	20
Union Pacific 1sts of '96	104½
West Shore 4s	106½
L. N. 4s	77
O. R. & N. 1sts, offered	113½
Southern 5s	92½
N. P. 3rds	72

CLOSING STOCKS.

Atchison	14⅛
Adams Express	148
Alton, Terre Haute	60
American Express	111
Baltimore & Ohio	17¾
Canada Pacific	61½
Canada Southern	49¾
Central Pacific	14½
Ches. & Ohio	15
Chicago Alton	157½
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	77⅛
Chicago Gas	67⅝
Consolidated Gas	155
C. C. C. & St. Louis	33⅛
Colorado Coal and Iron	1½
Cotton Oil Certificates	11⅝
Del. Hudson	125½
Del. Lack & West	160
D. & R. G. preferred	46¾
Distillers & Cattle Feeders Co.	16¼
East Tenn.	14
Erie	24½
Erie preferred	30
Fort Wayne, bid	163
Great Northern preferred	118
Chicago & Eastern Illinois preferred	98
Hocking Valley	16⅞
Illinois Central	95
St. Paul & Duluth	22
Kansas & Texas preferred	24
Lake Erie & West	17⅞
Lake Erie & West preferred	70
Lake Shore	150
Lead Trust	24½
Louisville & Nashville	49⅛
Louisville & New Albany	8⅝
Manhattan Consolidated	104¼
Memphis & Charleston, offered	15
Michigan Central	95½
Missouri Pacific	22¾
Mobile & Ohio	19½
Nashville Chatt.	68
National Cordage	5⅛
National Cordage preferred	9⅞
N. J. Central	103½
Norfolk & West preferred	10
North American Co.	5
Northern Pacific	3⅝
Northern Pacific preferred	14
U. P., Denver & Gulf	1
Northwestern	104½
Northwestern preferred	148
N. Y. Central	95⅝
N. Y. & New England	40
Ontario & Western	13¾
Oregon Improvement	1
Oregon Nav.	14
Oregon Short Line & Utah Northern	5
Pacific Mail	24¼
Peoria, Dec. & Evans	11½
Pittsburg	163
Pullman Palace	158
Rio Grande Western	15
Rio Grande Western preferred	42
Rock Island	69⅝
St. Paul	75
St. Paul preferred	126⅝
St. Paul & Omaha	42½
St. Paul & Omaha preferred	124½
Southern Pacific	18½
Sugar Refinery	122⅝
Tenn. Coal & Iron	22¾
Texas Pacific	7½
Tol. & O. Cen. preferred	70
Union Pacific	7
U. S. Express	40
Wabash, St. L. & Pac.	6½
Wabash, St. L. & Pac. preferred	16⅝
Wells Fargo Express	97
Western Union	85
Wheeling & L. E.	9⅝
Wheeling & L. E. preferred	34
Minn. & St. Louis	16
Den. & R. G.	12
Gen. Electric	33¼
National Linseed	16
Col. Fuel & I.	26
Col. Fuel & I. offered	100
Tex. St. Louis & K. C.	5
Tol. St. Louis & K. C. preferred	10
U. S. Leather	8¾
U. S. Rubber	19
U. S. Rubber preferred	78
Southern	5⅝
Southern preferred	28
Tobacco	65
Tobacco preferred	97
A. T. & C. Co.	93
Commercial Cable Co.	150
U. S. Cordage, gtd	19¼
Sugar preferred	103¾

NEW YORK MINING STOCKS.

Bulwer	32
Choior	2.85
Crown Point	.65
Con. Cal. & Va.	2.80
Deadwood	1.65
Gould & Curry	1.00
Hale & Norcross	2.75
Homestake	37.00
Iron Silver	.16
Mexican	1.15
Ontario	11.00
Ophir	1.90
Plymouth	.20
Quicksilver	1.50
Quicksilver pref	14.00
Sierra Nevada	1.10
Standard	1.60
Union Con.	1.10
Yellow Jacket	.60

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS.

San Francisco, June 9.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows:

Alta	$ .20
Alpha Con	.22
Andes	.42
Belcher	.87
Ceo & Belcher	1.50
Bodie Con	.84
Bullion	.37
Bulwer Con	.35
Caledonia	.13
Challenge Con	.55
Choiar	3.40
Confidence	1.70
Con. Cala and Va.	2.85
Con. Imperial	.03
Crown Point	.72
Exchequer	.10
Gould and Curry	1.50
Hale and Norcross	2.65
Julia	.09
Justice	.11
Kentucky Con	.07
Lady Washington Con	.65
Mexican	1.25
Occidental Con	1.55
Ophir	2.00
Overman	.11
Potosi	1.70
Savage	1.75
Scorpion	.12
Sierra Nevada	1.15
Union Con	1.10
Utah Con.	.18
Yellow Jacket	.83
Silver bars	68¾
Mexican dollars	54@54¼
Drafts—Sight	12½
Drafts—Telegraph	15

THE TREASURY.

Washington, June 9.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balances, $265,765,495; gold reserve, $106,505,921.

FOREIGN FINANCES.

New York, June 9.—The Evening Post's London financial cablegram:

The stock markets were idle and dull today on the approach of the settlement. The mining settlement revealed a large account and Kaffirs and West Australians, after opening firm gave way on stiff contangoes. Something more than high contangoes, however, were required to check active dealings in these stocks. Home rails were dull on fears that large bull accounts will be shown in the settlement tomorrow. Americans were dull and indifferent to the settlement, there having been no business in them.

The Paris bourse opened unchanged, but closed dull on the setback in mines.

The Berlin market was firm.

CHICAGO GENERAL MARKET.

Chicago, June 5.—Wheat continued the break which started yesterday, was a fair speculative trade, but the markets did not exhibit the activity nor was the volume of business anything like that of yesterday. The feeling manifested was easier during the early half of the session and much weaker tone was developed later. The easier tone was attributable in a measure to the Michigan state report which while showing a decrease of 15 points, it was not as much off as the trade had looked for. Northwestern receipts were liberal, amounting to 685 cars and the Liverpool cables ¾d lower, all of which had a tendency to increase offerings and weaken the market. On the other hand there were some rather bullish private crop advices from Kansas, after inspection, and Beeborhom of May 29 reduced the estimate of the crop of France from 400,000,000 to 344,000,000. At 60 for July a good many scalpers took on some wheat, but when the market showed that it was not in a mood to advance these purchases were closed out and caused more weakness, which was augmented by a good many stop loss orders.

Corn was dull and weak, not only on its own account but also in sympathy with wheat. A very large crop was anticipated and the small estimated receipts for tomorrow had no effect.

Oats were comparatively steady during the early hours. A good demand existed and prices held well. The steady decline in wheat finally had its effect and the feeling became easier with more general selling.

Provisions were again dull and weak. Lower opening prices were the natural effect of a weak market and sympathy with the falling grain markets caused a steady downward tendency.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT—No. 2:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
June	60	60¼	58	58
July	60½	60½	58¼	58¼@58⅜
Sept	60⅞@61¼	61¼	59	59

CORN—No. 2:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
June	27⅜	27½	27⅛	27⅛@27¼
July1	28	28⅛	27¾	27⅞
Sept	29¼	29¼	28⅞	28⅞@29

OATS—No. 2:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
July	18	18	17¾	17¾
Sept	18¼	18⅜	18⅛	18⅛
May				18⅜

MESS PORK—Per barrel:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
July	7.10	7.10	7.02½	7.05
Sept	7.25	7.25	7.15	7.20

LARD—Per 100 lbs.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
July	4.22½	4.22½	4.17½	4.17½
Sept	4.37½	4.37½	4.30	4.32½

SHORT RIBS—Per 100 lbs.	Open.	High	Low.	Close.
July	3.85	3.85	3.77½	3.77½
Sept	4.00	4.00	3.92½	3.92½

Flour—Unchanged.

Wheat—Spring No. 2, 58⅝ No. 3 spring, 57½@58 No. 2 red, 61½@62¼.

Corn—No. 2, 27⅞.

Oats—No. 2, 17¾@18⅜; No. 2 white, 19¼@20¼; No. 3 white, 18½@19.

Rye—No. 2, 33.

Barley—No. 2, nominal; No. 3 f. o. b., 23½@31⅝ No. 4, 25@27.

Flax Seed—No. 1, 80.

Timothy—Prime seed, 3.12½.

Mess Pork—Per barrel, 7.00@7.05.

Lard—Per 100 pounds, 4.12½@4.15.

Short Ribs—Sides loose), 2.75@2.85.

Shoulders—Dry salted (boxed), 4.12½@4.25.

Shore Clear Sides—(Boxed), 4.00@4.50.

Whisky—Distillers' finished goods per gallon, 1.22.

Sugar—Unchanged.

Articles	Recets	Shipt
Flour, bbls	4,000	14,000
Wheat, bush	8,000	24,000
Corn, bush	325,000	205,000
Oats, bush	404,000	295,000
Rye, bush	1,000	2,000
Barley bush	56,000	5,000

On the produce exchange today the butter market was steady; creamery, 11@15; dairy, 9@13. Eggs, steady; fresh, 9@10.

NEW YORK GENERAL MARKET.

New York, June 9.—Flour receipts, 24,500 barrels; exports, 7,900 barrels. Market has turned weak again except for winters, which are held firm; demand for springs supplied last week. Minnesota patents, 3.55@4.10; Minnesota bakers' 2.65@2.90; winter patents, 3.65@3.75.

Wheat receipts, 196,000; exports, 121,400 bushels. Spot, weak; No. 1 hard 70⅝ afloat. Options opened weak under liquidation, foreign selling, lower cables, big spring wheat receipts and a better Michigan report that expected and after a brief rally on covering turned weak once more and declined with liberal liquidation, closed 2⅛ net lower; No. 2 red closed 65¼.

Hops—Dull.

Wool—Quiet.

Silver—68½.

Copper—Firm; brokers' 11¼; exchange, 11.40@11.75.

Lead—Steady; brokers' 2.90; exchange, 2.00.

Tin—Easy; straights, 13.20@13.30; plates, easy; spelter, dull; domestic, 4.05@4.10.

Coffee—Options opened quiet with prices unchanged to 10 points lower, closed quiet 5 points advance to 5 points decline. Sales, 2,000 bags, including: June, 11.95; September, 10.85@10.90.

Spot Rio dull, No. 7, 13¼. Mild, quiet; cordova, 16¼@18.

Sugar—Raw, steady; refined, quiet.

Choose

You have your choice between encouraging the sale and use of pure food and the impure food.

Will you support a health-maker, or a health destroyer?

Will you buy *Schilling's Best*, money-back tea, at your grocer's or will you keep on buying colored tea?

"If you don't like *Schilling's Best* coffee, soda, baking-powder, seasoning, flavoring extracts, tell your grocer so. He has money-back to give you.

A Schilling & Company San Francisco

15o

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 9.—Angus Steers, choice 1,239 pounds, brought 4.20, the top price noted. Not many were good enough to sell above 4.00, a good many plain steers selling around 3.80. Stockers and feeders met with better demand than last week. Cows were scarce and firm and veal calves sold about steady, best at 5.10.

Hogs—Choice butchers' weights went around 3.30, and fancy light at 3.45. Most strong weight mixed lots went at 3.15@3.25, and rough lots around 3.00.

Sheep—Good native sheep, 3.50@3.80; good to choice spring lambs, 5.25@6.00; some extra lots selling up to 6.25.

Receipts—Cattle, 2,500; hogs, 20,000; sheep, 10,000.

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK.

Kansas City, June 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,900; shipments, 2,200; market steady to strong; beef steers, 3.25@4.00; native cows, 1.75@3.50; stockers and feeders, 3.00@3.70; bulls, 2.20@3.00.

Hogs—Receipts, 14,000; shipments, 400; market opened strong, closed weaker; bulk of sales, 3.05@3.17; heavies, 2.50@3.15; packers, 3.00@3.20; mixed, 3.05@3.20; lights, 3.10@3.25; pigs, 3.10@3.20.

Sheep—Receipts, 900; shipments, 1,700; market stronger; lambs, 4.00@5.00; muttons, 2.00@4.00.

OMAHA LIVE STOCK.

Omaha, June 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,000; market dull and weaker; native beef steers, 3.35@3.90; western steers, 3.00@3.80; cows and heifers, 2.40@3.25; canners, 1.50@2.30; stockers and feeders, 3.00@3.75; calves, 4.00@5.50.

Hogs—Rceipts, 9,200; market steady to 5c lower; heavy and mixed, 3.00@3.05; light, 3.05@3.20; bulk of sales, 3.00@3.05.

Sheep—Receipts, none; market was strong; natives, 3.00@3.80; westerns, 3.00@3.50; common and stock sheep, 2.50@3.25; lambs, 3.50@5.00.

AVAILABLE GRAIN STOCKS.

New York, June 9.—Special cable and telegraphic dispatches to Bradstreets covering principal points of accumulation, indicate the following changes in available stocks of wheat last Saturday, as compared with the preceding Saturday:

Wheat—United States and Canada east of Rocky Mountains, decrease, 1,854,000 bushels; afloat for and in Europe, increase, 2,000 bushels; total decrease in world's available, 1,732,000.

Corn—United States and Canada, east of Rocky Muntains, increase, 847,000 bushels.

Oats—United States and Canada, east of the Rocky Mountains, decrease, 381,000 bushels.

SAN FRANCISCO WHEAT.

San Francisco, June 9.—Wheat—Quiet; December, 98⅝; new seller, 96¼.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT.

Liverpool, June 9.—Wheat—Quiet, demand poor; No. 2 red winter, 5s. 4d.; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 5s. 3d.; No. 1 California, 5s. d. Futures opened firm, ¾d. lower; closed 1d. lower; June, July, August, September, October and November, 5s. ¼d.

BOSTON WOOL.

Boston, June 9.—The wool market here is yet in a depressed condition, with small sales at prices nominal. Territory wools are moving slowly and prices in buyers' favor. There is a little business noted in Australian wools, but holders are finding it slow work to make much headway on the present market.

Territory Wools—Montana, fine medium and fine, 10@12; scoured price, 30@31; Utah, Wyoming, fine medium and fine, 9@11; scoured price, 30@31. California wools, northern spring, 10@12; scoured price, 30@31; middle county spring, 9@10; scoured price, 27@28.

Australian scoured basis combing, superfine, 48@50; combing, good, 43@46; combing average, 40@43; Queensland combing, 42@44.

FOREIGN WOOL.

Antwerp, June 9.—At the wool auction sales here today 2,700 bales were offered, of which 1,600 were withdrawn. There was a good attendance and a fair demand for all grades. Crossbreds were unchanged and Merinos, 5 centimes lower than the previous sale. Buenos Ayres, 954 bales sold at 62@165 francs per 100 kilos; Montevideo, 144 sold at 85@155 francs per 100 kilos. The offerings tomorrow aggregate 240 bales.

A BARBAROUS FAD.

Criminals Not Killed By Electrocution, But By the Knife Used Afterwards.

COLUMBUS, O., June 9.—Governor Bushnell has received a letter from Prof. E. D. Cope, of the department of comparative anatomy in the University of Pennsylvania, and president of the Society for the Advancement of Science, in which he deprecates the fact that Ohio is soon to adopt the electric method of executing the death sentence, which he says is a fad and a barbarism. The effect of the electric shock is, he says, uncertain and but little understood. In many cases persons have suffered severer shocks than are administered under the New York law and have recovered. The professor intimates that he thinks the persons who offered to resuscitate any of the persons executed in Auburn could do it and would if allowed. He says there is no doubt in his mind that several of the persons electrocuted have really died from the result of post mortem examinations.

Eczema is a frightful affliction, but like all other skin diseases it can be permanently cured by applications of De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. It never fails to cure Piles. For sale by Neiden-Judson Drug Co.

GREAT BRITAIN AND COLONIES

Unity of the Empire Discussed in London.

WHAT SHOULD BE DONE.

ADVANTAGES THAT WOULD NECESSARILY FOLLOW.

Chamberlain Cheered as He Expresses His Satisfaction That Further Knowledge May Tend to a Complete Agreement Between the Colonies and the Mother Country.

LONDON, June 9.—The third congress of the chambers of commerce of the British empire opened at 9 o'clock this morning, with Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies and honorable president of the congress, in the chair.

The hall was filled with delegates from all parts of the empire, those of each colony being grouped under their own banner. Canada had two tables and the others had one. The Canadian delegation was headed by Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Sanford Fleming. The gallery was filled with ladies.

Sir Albert Rollit, M.P., of the London chamber of commerce, welcomed the delegates at the head of the stairs. Mr. Chamberlain was accompanied by a number of notable colonists and agents-general, including Sir Henry Brougham Loch, Lord Knutsford, the Earl of Jersey, Sir George Baden Powell and many others.

CHAMBERLAIN CHEERED.

Mr. Chamberlain was enthusiastically cheered as he officially welcomed the delegates. Among other things he said he was rejoiced at every fresh indication of the essential unity of the empire upon which was founded all their hopes. The omens, he added, were never more favorable and he trusted their deliberations would result in an advance toward the goal to which all patriotic aspirations tended.

Continuing, Mr. Chamberlain remarked: "The existence of this congress is evidence that we have, to a great extent, annihilated space and that further knowledge must tend to a complete agreement between the colonies and mother country. The same note for closer union rings in all the resolutions, and all the proposals are dwarfed into insignificance in comparison with the proposals to secure the commercial union of the empire. Such a commercial union will necessitate a council of the empire to which will be remitted all questions of commercial law in which the whole empire is interested.

BUT THIS IS NOT ALL.

Imperial defense will also come within the deliberations of the united empire, and this question is a root of a problem with which we have to deal.

"So far, however, there has been a deadlock. The proposal of the British free traders have been rejected by the colonies, and the proposals of the colonial protectionists have been rejected by Great Britain. Consequently, we must find a third course and give and take on both sides will be found the terms for such a proposal."

Mr. Chamberlain then dwelt upon the resolution of the Toronto board of trade, which urges that "The advantages to be obtained by a closer union between the various parts of the British empire are so great as to justify an arrangement as nearly as possible of the nature of a zollverein, based upon principles of the freest exchange of commodities within the empire, and consist of the tariff requirements incident to the maintenance to the local government of each kingdom dominion, province or colony now forming part of the British family of nations."

Mr. Chamberlain said that the adoption of this plan would establish immediately and practically free trade

THROUGHOUT THE EMPIRE

while leaving the contracting parties free to make their own arrangements in regard to duties on foreign goods, except what the essential condition of the proposal was that Great Britain would consent to moderate the duties on certain articles largely produced in the colonies.

In the opinion of Mr. Chamberlain if this proposal was backed by any considerable support, it would not be met with a blank refusal on the part of Great Britain.

The honorary president also touched upon the resolutions adopted by other chambers of commerce throughout the empire, of which that of the Montreal chamber is a fair sample. He declared that in order to extend the change and consumption of home products in every part of the British empire

A DIFFERENT SYSTEM

should be adopted by the imperial and colonial governments in favor of the home productions against the imported foreign articles.

All these resolutions were presented to the congress in printed form.

A. B. Oler submitted the resolution of the Toronto board of trade which was first on the programme. It was seconded by the Marquis of Londonderry.

Mr. Donald Smith amended it by recommending steps to be taken by the governments to secure an interchange of opinion on the subject between Great Britain and the other governments of the empire. Nearly every chamber of commerce of importance in the British empire is interested in the congress and all those who have sent delegates have endorsed them one way or another looking to the establishment of a consultative imperial council to pass upon matters connected with its defence.

THE OREGON ELECTION.

PORTLAND, Ore., June 9.—In the first congressional district, Tongue (Republican) has a plurality of 74. Complete returns have been received from all counties in the district and from all but three official returns are in.

In the Second district with official returns from five counties missing, Ellis (Republican) has 452 plurality.

SHEEN WITHDRAWS.

Gets Out of the Race and Also the Party.

PEORIA, Ill., June 9.—Daniel R. Sheen who was nominated as a candidate for United States senator by the Prohibitionists at their Springfield convention has withdrawn from the race and the party. He does not fancy the one plank platform and the abandoning of the woman suffrage principle and therefore resigns his membership on the prohibition state central committee and withdraws as a candidate for United States senator. His resignation created quite an excitement in the local prohibition camp. In an interview he said:

"The woman suffrage principle has been maintained by the Prohibition party since 1882, and I do not like its being abolished from the platform. The party did not declare on the money question either, and it is too important a question to ignore. Every party speaks out on the money question and so should the Prohibitionists. It should declare itself one way or the other on these vital questions. I am a Prohibitionist but I could not consistently run on the platform amendment. I will join the Nationalist party, which was organized by a wing of the Prohibitionists at Pittsburg and whose platform declares on all questions. It was either abandon party or principles and I preferred the former."

BRAVE BLUE JACKETS.

Emperor of China Shows His Appreciation of American Manhood.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.—The emperor of China has testified his appreciation of the gallantry shown by the bluejackets of the American warships in rescuing drowning persons in the recent terrible disaster resulting from a collision at Woo Sung between the steamers Onwo and Newchwang, by presenting to the captain of each of Uncle Sam's cruisers in Asiatic waters, an elaborately engraved and highly complimentary testimonial.

The part taken by the American sailor lads in this disastrous affair which sent over 300 human beings to death is given in detail by Harry Walsh, one of the crew of the Boston in a letter to his mother who resides in this city. According to Walsh, the blue jackets of the cruiser Olympia did the most effective life saving work as she was riding at anchor within a thousand yards of the scene of the collision.

MIDSUMMER CARNIVAL.

VOLUNTEERS CALLED FOR BY THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Four Days More and the Voting Contest Will Be Over—The Queen's Ball—Preparing the Floats—Carnival Notes.

The need of volunteers in perfecting the arrangements for the carnival is now more apparent than ever before. The executive committee earnestly requests the assistance of men who have the best interests of the city at heart. In order to obtain the best results from the money subscribed rigid economy is exercised in every working department. This is noticeably so at headquarters. Up to date Director-General McGarvie and one secretary, who is also a stenographer, with the occasional assistance of President Rognon, have conducted all the correspondence. No merchant in the city has as heavy a mail pouch at the close of business hours as has the carnival headquarters. To attend to it is a task that Director-General McGarvie can no longer be equal to unless he is relieved from his many onerous committee duties. Men are wanted to act on committees that are daily being formed and all volunteers will be welcomed with open arms at carnival headquarters.

THE VOTING CONTEST.

Four days more and the voting contest for state queen will be over. The race is between Miss Jean B. Russell and Miss Vilate Peart. The winner, in addition to being crowned queen of all Utah, will be the recipient of many valuable tokens of esteem presented by enterprising merchants.

Miss Jean B. Russell	33,023
Miss Vilate Peart	17,027
Miss Clarissa Thatcher	2,572
Miss Laura Beebe	1,109
Mrs. A. J. Atkins	913

VOTING COUPON.

Cut this out and send to executive committee, room 327, Atlas block, city.

My choice for queen of the carnival is:

M.....

This coupon entitles the holder to one vote.

Carnival Notes.

Merchants are duplicating their orders for bunting and flags.

The school children will next be invited to choose a floral queen.

The Fort Douglas band will not go to Ogden on Independence day.

There will be a dozen or more bands in the Independence day parade.

Hotel rates will be the same during carnival week as at any other time.

Enterprising speculators are already arranging to conduct temporary lodging houses.

Miss Jean B. Russell is a native of this country, but her childhood was spent in Scotland.

Arrangements for a grand athletic tournament during carnival week are being perfected.

San Pete county is thoroughly organized and great enthusiasm is reported to be existing there.

The carnival buttons are in such demand that another order has been placed with the manufacturers.

Utah's best crop will be in evidence. Ten thousand school children will participate in the floral festival.

Bids for the construction of tribunes to accommodate 10,000 people are being solicited by the finance committee.

E. J. Palmer of Cedar city is chairman of the Iron county committee and not Frank Carroll, of Castle Dale, as has been announced by the committee.

Subscribers to the fund have been requested to forward the amount of money they have subscribed by mail and to not wait for the collectors to call on them.

Four electric lights have been placed in the Continental market building in order to enable the float decorators and builders to work by night as expeditiously as by day.

Director General McGarvie and Chairman Moritz, of the finance committee, have asked the city council to appropriate a sum sufficient to decorate the city buildings.

Oscar Lawrence has been appointed chairman of the Summit county queen contest committee and will soon issue a call for a mass meeting to arrange for representing the county by floats in the parades.

Merchants who intend decorating their establishments will be permitted to extend their decorations to the telegraph and telephone poles in the center of the streets, provided they are kept sixteen feet above the pavement.

The committee on decorations has decided to offer two medals, one gold, the other silver, as an incentive to merchants to decorate their business places lavishly. The gold medal will be the first prize, the silver medal the second prize.

The queen's ball will take place at Saltair on the evening of July 3d. Major V. M. C. Silva has been appointed floor manager and will prepare the dancing programme and appoint his assistants. It will be the grandest ball the west has ever recorded.

Bishop Kesler, in a communication in last night's News, suggests that the queen of the carnival be selected from among the daughters of the pioneers. The suggestion would have been an excellent one had it been made sooner. It is now too late to act on it.

Despite the opposition of the Ogden press to the carnival, Weber county will be represented by a queen of the people's own choosing. Coupons clipped from the Salt Lake papers are being forwarded to headquarters daily in great numbers. The majority of them bear the name of Miss Fannie Hammond.

Manhood Restored.

BEFORE AND AFTER USING.
Photographed from life.

NERVITAS, the Wonderful Remedy, is sold with a written guarantee to cure all Nervous Diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Atrophy, Emissions, Varicocele, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, caused by over-exertion, youthful indiscretions, or the excessive use of tobacco, opium, or stimulants, which ultimately lead to Infirmity, Consumption and Insanity. Put up in convenient form to carry in the vest pocket. Price $1 a package, or 6 for $5. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sent by mail to any address. Circular free in plain envelope. Address ROYAL CHEMICAL CO., Branch Office for U. S. A., 355 Dearborn St., CHICAGO, ILL. Or you can buy it of druggist below:

Neiden-Judson Drug Co., S. L. CITY, UTAH.

ADMISSION OF NEW MEXICO

Majority and Minority Reports Are Made.

FIVE MEMBERS OBJECT

A BASE REFLECTION ON WESTERN INTELLIGENCE.

Minority of the Committee of the Opinion That the People of New Mexico Have Not the Requisite Brains to Make Wise Laws, or the Power to Enforce Them if Passed.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—Delegate Catron, of New Mexico, has reported to the House from the Territories committee the bill for the admission of that territory to the sisterhood of states. Accompanying the bill is a long report, submitting reasons why New Mexico should be admitted into the Union. This report reviews the financial condition of the territory, speaks of its resources, based on the figures of the last census, assumes that its population at this time is not less than 200,000, and recalls that as far back as the Forty-third Congress a bill for admission passed both houses. The Senate, however, made amendments to the bill at that time and it reached the House too late in the session to secure action on the amendments. The report declares that the

PEOPLE DESIRE STATEHOOD

and the territory has persistently demanded it; says the passage of the bill is urged by both political parties in the territory; urges that there appears to be no reason why Congress should longer delay admission. Under the most adverse circumstances, subjected to the incursions of hostile Indians until a comparatively recent date and with foreign capital forbidden to invest in real property there, the territory, continues the report, has shown to the world a capacity for progress, and she has advanced much faster than the average ratio of progress in the United States in every material particular since annexation. It is confidently submitted that New Mexico has the resources sufficient to guarantee a stable and substantial state.

Five members of the committee have united in a minority report opposed to the passage of the bill.

Apart from the general objection to the admission of the territory as a state, the minority says:

"The specific objection to this pending bill is that it provides for the election of a member of Congress, state officers and legislature, which shall elect two United States Senators before the adoption of a constitution, the organization of the state government and the determination of the rights of citizenship and suffrage under their organic law." The

GROWTH OF THE POPULATION.

in numbers in New Mexico has not been, in the minority's opinion, such as to give promise of any great increase in the future. The report also asserts that if the power of the general government were removed, it is almost certain that the territory would invite the lawless and depraved and it would be an impossibility to execute the laws. And when it is further considered that the people themselves are not homogenous, but are made up of Mexican Indians, half-breeds and the balance Americans, in about equal proportions, it would not be even certain that they would make or seek to make wise laws, and would or could enforce them if they were made. The minority also says that undoubtedly the events of the past few years have called the attention of the American people to the Senate and to the representation in that body of states irrespective of their populations.

Any step which adds to the membership of that body so influential in legislation, it declares, should be taken with the greatest care and deliberation.

One of the principal uses of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the preparation of prospective mothers for the time of trial and danger that comes when a child is born. The "Prescription" is strengthening and invigorating, and lessens pain and danger. It insures the perfect well being and the perfect health of both mother and child. Every woman should know these things before she really needs to know them. There are many things in Dr. Pierce's "Common Sense Medical Adviser" that every woman ought to know. This celebrated work has reached a sale of 680,000 copies at $1.50 each. The expense of production having thus been covered, 560,000 copies are now being given away. A copy will be sent to any address on receipt of twenty-one (21) one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

DISGUSTED WITH LIFE.

NEW YORK, June 9.—A dispatch to the World from London says. Leon De Pougy, the pseudo actress of Les Folies Bergeres and the most beautiful woman of Paris and Monte Carlo, has just made an almost successful attempt at suicide with laudanum. She says she took the poison because of her disgust with her wretched mode of life. The Paris police say it was because of terror in consequence of threats of a gang of blackmailers.

DEMOCRATIC DELEGATIONS.

Various States Are Already Selecting Their Quarters.

CHICAGO, June 9.—The various state delegations to the national Democratic convention are already selecting their quarters.

The New York delegation will be lodged at the Palmer house. The headquarters will be in parlor F. The national committee will also have rooms provided for them at the Palmer.

Tammany will be located at the Auditorium. It will have as companions the delegations from Mississippi, Kentucky, Maryland and South Carolina. Over in the annex, West Virginia, Washington, Missouri and Rhode Island representatives will hold forth.

A number of eastern newspaper correspondents will also be located at the Auditorium annex. The Great Northern will house representatives of several of the New York and Philadelphia papers. Men who shout for Kansas have engaged twenty-five rooms at the Leland. A stampede for rooms is expected within a few days owing to the fact that so many of the state delegations delay the selection of their headquarters.

BRICK MARKET DEMORALIZED.

CHICAGO, June 9.—The Times-Herald says:

Since the collapse of the "brick trust" at the close of May the local brick market has been in a demoralized condition. This demoralization reached such a point yesterday that common brick were sold at $4.50 per thousand, and the firm which made the sale also paid 25 cents per thousand commission to the salesman who closed the trade. The brick trust began its career June 1, 1895, by selling brick at $5.75, of which the manufacturer got $5.25. Later in the season the trust raised the price to $6, which was the figure up to Monday of last week. Since that time there has been an indiscriminate cutting and sl