BUSINESS, MINING AND STOCKS

The Encouraging Showing Made in Camp Floyd Mining District.

NEAL MINING DISTRICT

A New and Promising Gold Camp in Elmore County, Idaho.

WILL WORK A DREDGER.

A Great Machine to Operate on the Snake River.

Mercur Miner Notes—Rich Silver Ore—Sale of the Leo Claim—The Sevier Mine and Mill—Republican and Sumner Claims Up City Creek Canyon—The Bob Ingersoll, Near Popperton Place—Sunbeam Consolidated—The Pan-American Dividend—Col. Templar Visits Mercur—The Gold Dust Showing—To Inspect the Shoebridge-Bonanza and Four Aces—Pollock's Weekly Letter—Ore and Bullion Receipts—Silver and Lead—Mining Notes and Personals.

Mercur, in Camp Floyd district, has followed close on the heels of Cripple Creek in the way of disasters; but the camp has risen, phoenix-like, from its ashes; it has survived its bank failures and has come up smiling after its cloud burst, and today there is not a gold district in the west that has a better showing for a great and glorious future.

Cripple Creek, in Colorado, has had a boom such as was never before experienced in this or any other country, and yet Cripple Creek has only three dividend-paying mines, and today miners and capitalists are leaving that camp much faster than they are going in; which fact, however, does not detract in the least from the value of the mines there or decrease the size of the ore bodies of the camp. It demonstrates the fact, however, that Cripple Creek has been overdone, and that it takes time, as well as capital, to open up a great mining camp.

Mercur, on the other hand, has never received the recognition it deserved, and yet it will develop into a greater and more permanent camp than Cripple Creek can ever hope to be, and even then Cripple Creek will be considered one of the seven wonders of the age.

Mercur is several years younger than Cripple Creek, and yet it has as big or bigger mines than Cripple Creek can boast of. Stratton, the Cripple Creek Bonanza king, may have a wonderful producer; but, in comparison with De Lamar's Golden Gate mine, at Mercur, it is not in it a minute. The Portland, at Cripple Creek, is a great producer, but its deposits of the yellow metal cannot be mentioned in the same breath with the mammoth ore bodies uncovered in the Mercur mine; and the Sunshine, the Marion, the Sacramento and the Geyser mines will compare most favorably with any gold producers in the west.

What Mercur has lacked has been capital for its thorough development, and had Camp Floyd district been in any other state in the Union, it would have had a population of 10,000 today, and the whole world would have gone wild over its magnificent and permanent deposits of the king of metals.

And yet, although in a measure slighted by capitalists, the town and district have made excellent showings.

During the short space of time that has elapsed since it has been demonstrated that the low grade gold ores of Camp Floyd district could be worked at an enormous profit by means of the cyanide process—a period not exceeding five years, a railroad has been built to Mercur, a road that is almost phenomenal in its engineering feats; the camp has been given a splendid waterworks service, and last but not least, the city of Mercur has been incorporated and now enjoys self government; five fine mills—the Mercur, Sunshine, Geyser, Marion and Sacramento, are treating hundreds of tons of ore daily, and there is every likelihood that within six months from now at least ten more will grace the hills and canyons of this rich and progressive camp.

What is regarded as the greatest mine in the district, the Golden Gate, is estimated to have at least ten millions in ore blocked out in its workings, and yet its owners have not milled a pound of ore excepting in an experimental way. The Golden Gate lacks a mill, and this defect will likely soon be remedied, for even now a spur is being built from the railroad to the mine, largely for the purpose of transporting lumber and machinery to the proposed mill site without the necessity of unloading while in transit; and when the mill is built, which it is believed will be done within ninety days, it will be the most complete and largest plant of its kind in this intermountain country, having a capacity, it is understood, of from one thousand to fifteen hundred tons of ore daily; and the profits to be derived from such an enterprise can be clearly understood when the assertion is made that the ore will range in value from $15 to $100 in gold to the ton, and that it can be treated, including all running and other charges and expenses, at from $2 to $3 per ton, at a saving of from 90 to 95 per cent of its value.

The Mercur mine, the pioneer of the camp, although not as yet so thoroughly developed as is the Golden Gate, is a proposition that, like a circle, has no end. This mine, on the 20th inst., will have paid $475,000 in dividends. In its various workings there has been no limit to the ore in this mine. It is a mountain of ore and the workings, with its pillars of ore left to hold up the superstructure, are more like those of a Pennsylvania coal bed than drifts and tunnels in a mine that produces the royal metal. Extensive as are the developments in the Mercur, they are but as gopher holes in comparison to the mammoth bodies of ore uncovered and exposed, and as the work progresses, and depth is obtained, the mineral is changing to a free milling quartz, and the belief is expressed that in time this property will develop into a magnificent producer of very rich free gold ore. The Mercur mill, at Manning, is working to its full capacity, which is insignificant when compared to the capacity of the mine. It is understood, however, that a much larger mill will be built at the mine this fall, and when this is done, there is no doubt but that the regular monthly dividend of $25,000 will be doubled, which can be easily done, and then not crowd the mine in the least in its output.

The Marion is another mine that demands more than special mention in this article. This property has been a steady producer for a couple of years, and its mill, though small, is giving excellent satisfaction. The company is a close corporation, but it is the general understanding that the net earnings of the property are more than satisfactory.

The Geyser, with its workings in large bodies of ore, is doing much for the reputation of the camp, and the product of its mill is flowing steadily into the channels of trade and commerce. The Geyser is a young producer, and the making of a great one; but like the Marion, the company is a close one, and the earnings of the property is not made public.

The Sacramento, adjoining the Mercur, although but still an infant when compared to its neighbors, is not the least among them, and with its new mill in successful operation, is rapidly coining money for its fortunate owners. The Sacramento, since the completion of its mill, has disclosed new and large ore bodies, which give promise of great permanency, and also proves the continuation of the great ore zone of the district.

The Sunshine mine and mill, three miles south of Mercur, although mentioned last among the producers of the district, is regarded as one of the richest and most promising propositions to be found in the west. The Sunshine is in the hands of conservative people who are well able to develop it to the fullest extent. Already, the mine is a strong rival, in the way of rich ore bodies exposed, to the Golden Gate and Mercur mines, and as to its mill, it is the most perfect and the largest plant in the district; and although it was only constructed and placed in operation less than eight months ago, it is now the intention of the company to still enlarge it in order to keep within hailing distance of the output of the property. The Sunshine, in its development, has been most ably managed, and in its workings discloses to view rich ore in astonishing and bewildering quantities.

These are the main producers of the district, and with every stroke of the pick, with every blast that is fired, and every time the miner hits a drill, new and extensive mineral zones are uncovered in their rock-ribbed breasts, and in the contemplation of their wealth of ore, and in the computation of what there yet may be disclosed, the human mind is lost in amazement and wonder.

And yet there are many other mines and prospects in the district that give ever indication of developing into magnificent producers.

The Brickyard is already in a large body of milling gold ore, and a plant for its reduction is now in contemplation.

The Gold Dust, but recently transformed from a prospect into a mine, is making a most encouraging showing with new ore bodies uncovered, and a plant for this property will soon be the order of the day.

The June Bug and Baby Elephant, on which the town of Mercur is built, and which are almost surrounded by producing and paying mines, give promise of developing into great dividend payers at no very distant day; and now that its new hoist is about ready for operations, our people will watch its working with great interest.

The Wonder is also a property of great promise, located as it is just next to the Golden Gate property. The Wonder shaft is now verging into the ore zone of the district, and it is the general belief that it will soon be listed among the other producing mines of the camp.

The East Golden Gate, with its fine equipment for the thorough development of its property, is another proposition that is deserving of mention in these columns, especially as it is just putting in a plant with which to drill a prospecting hole to a depth of a thousand feet or more.

Interest is also centered in the Hecla and the Seals, whose shafts are now cutting the hanging wall of the great blanket vein of ore that underlies the district, and hourly almost it is expected that this strata will be encountered.

The Overland, at Sunshine, a prospect a month ago—now a mine—is another illustration of what capital and application can do, for this mine can now be classed among the producers of the district, and a mill is now in contemplation for the property.

The great Northern Light, three miles north of Mercur, with $2,000,000 or more to its credit, will also add new lustre to the camp; for, with the discovery of large deposits of low grade gold ore in this mine, it took a new lease on life, and now it is freely said that this Lion Hill bonanza will yet equal in wealth and importance the greatest mines that the camp of Mercur can boast of.

These are but a few of the promising properties that grace the hillsides and canyons of Camp Floyd mining district, for they are many; and the work now going on in their development, if it could only be seen and realized, would surprise those who have spoken lightly of the camp.

Camp Floyd district is enjoying a steady growth. It has no crazy boom, yet it is today the greatest gold camp in the world, and future developments will prove the truth of this assertion.

POLLOCK'S LETTER.

His Weekly Review of the Mining Share Market.

James A. Pollock will say in his weekly mining share market letter under date of July 10, 1896:

The presence of the holidays in the week just closed had the effect of flattening the mining stock market out somewhat, and as a result business was only fair, taken as a whole. Toward the close there was a material improvement all along the line and the tendency was upward, with the exception of a few of the securities. This looks like a splendid time for investment and a very poor time for selling. The whole list should be materially stronger before the close of the month.

Ajax remained practically unchanged, although the offerings were limited. Some business was done at abodt the previous week's figures, making three weeks of practically unchanged quotations. Anchor picked up somewhat, bidding being more frequent and prices somewhat higher. The properties are still doing little, Bogan's sale of delinquents took place on Monday. Work is reported to be progressing. Bullion-Beck's directors will meet today and are expected to declare the usual dividend of 15 cents per share. The shipments are now heavy and the grade of ore put out first-class. Work with the diamond drill is now being prosecuted on the 900-foot level. Thus far the drill has not shown up any more bodies of worth, but it is proving a great aid in prospecting. There was some business done in the stock, which is looked upon as a buy.

This is the last day of the Centennial-Eureka option, and in the absence of definite information it looks as though the deal will not go. Such a result would not prove disappointing to the stockholders. The company is again shipping high grade ore in good quantities, with the properties looking extremely well. Dalton and Lark did comparatively nothing. Daly did not improve in the bidding quotation, the reason being the continued delay in the resumption of dividends. The properties are in excellent condition. Daly-West continued strong, with the demand quite active and the offerings light.

Four Aces and Eagle were both inactive. East Golden Gate is about to commence work with the diamond drill. The stock did little or nothing on the open market. Galena pays its July dividend of 5 cents per share today. The stock continued strong. The Geyser-Marion suits are nearing the close in the district court, although the final decision may be delayed for some weeks. Horn Silver was not active, and buyers and sellers failed to get together to any marked degree. The shipments from the properties are entirely satisfactory and the usual number of men are at work. Lucky Bill's delinquent sale takes place on Saturday. There is not a very large list of stockholders who have not paid up.

Evidently in sympathy with the other investment stocks, Mammoth did not maintain the strength that it should and the stock sold down from the previous week's quotations, although all of the conditions in connection with the company were as favorable if not more so than they have been for months past. Shipments are regular and heavy and the stock looks like a good buy at today's quotations. Mercur has declared its July dividend of 12½ cents per share, payable on the usual date. Developments in the properties have been of a very gratifying nature and everything is being operated to its capacity. The stock closed with the tendency upwards. There was no good reason why it should have sold off. Morgan is now receiving its new hoisting machinery and will soon resume full operations.

Ontario was quiet, although there were not heavy offerings of the stock. Silver King paid its July dividend of 25 cents per share on the 7th. The stock was held very firmly. The Sunshine directors have decided upon the increase in the milling plant, but just what the new capacity will be is yet a matter for adjustment. It will probably be between 150 and 200 tons daily. The properties are showing up in good shape and the mill work is an entire success. The stock was not offered as freely as during the previous week. Overland is looking well. Swansea was somewhat off and closed slightly weaker. The mines are reported to be looking well. South Swansea is making a good showing. Utah pays its July dividend of 2 cents per share today.

NEAL MINING DISTRICT.

A High Grade Gold Producer in Elmore County, Idaho.

Camp Neal, in Elmore county, is a producer. They do not have to depend on outside help on payday, says the Idaho Journal. They dig their pay out of the ground and on payday every man gets his money, and all bills are paid. Even the small producer has a chance to have his ore treated in one of the different mills of the district. There are no jealousies; every owner knows he has a good claim and that his neighbor's is just as good, and instead of staking off the whole district and trying to sell it they are working their claims with the result that Camp Neal is now an established gold producer, working steadily turning out ore which runs from $40 to $800 per ton. The High Five produced ore at the latter figure and has sold tons of their rock for $125 per ton.

Sam Gundaker, who has leased the Alsalle mill, is keeping the stamps dancing merrily. He has a force of seven men at work in the mill and mine alone, not counting teamsters and others indirectly engaged.

The 10-stamp mill on Black's creek has been temporarily shut down, as the boiler has been condemned. It was allowed to become dry and was heated red-hot.

De Powers is in camp superintending work on his claims and he piling up ore on the dump ready for the crusher. He is the owner of some valuable mining property in this district.

Ballnack's mill of ten stamps is steadily working with an increased force in the mine and mill.

UNDER ONE MANAGEMENT.

Mr. A. McDougall Purchases the Baker City Iron Works.

An important consolidation of the foundry business in this city under one management has been consummated. On Saturday last Mr. Alex. McDougall not only purchased the interest of his partner, Mr. Sage, in the business conducted by them as brass and iron founders, but, also, succeeds to the proprietorship of the Baker City Iron works, having bought out H. Egbert.

Hereafter both the founderies will be consolidated and all work will be done at the plant of the Baker City Iron works, one of the best equipped establishments of the kind in Oregon.

Mr. McDougall has been identified with the foundry business in this city since the first establishment of a plant here and his skill as a mechanic is so well known that he needs no further introduction to the people of the county. He intends conducting the foundry business in a manner that will meet with the patronage of all the public and that will obviate the necessity of mine and mill owners sending abroad for their castings or any other work in the foundry line.—Democrat, Baker City, Oregon.

Ore and Bullion Receipts

The ore and bullion receipts yesterday were as follows:

Wells, Fargo & Co., bullion, $14,585.

McCornick & Co., bullion, $4,000; ores, $4,800.

T. R. Jones & Co., ores, $5,500; bullion, $3,400.

Commercial National bank, ores, $4,500.

Ore and Bullion.

Bar silver was quoted yesterday at 68⅞ cents; lead, $2.90; casting copper, 10⅝ cents.

Bank Clearings.

The clearings of the associated banks yesterday were $155,649. For the same day last year they were $193,920.

"Mercur Miner" Notes.

Work on the Mollie Gibson has shut down for a short time. The bond on the property by eastern parties was about to expire, and to save their interest in the property they purchased from Mr. Wickersham his half interest in the mine. It is believed work will be resumed within a short time.

Frank Black, well known in mining circles in the camp, has taken a contract from the owners of the Mahoney group for a 500 foot tunnel on the property. The tunnel will be driven to tap the ledge recently struck at a depth of some 200 feet. They have a very large body of ore, assays from which run as high as $30 and $12.

Although a majority of the residents of Sunshine celebrated the Fourth in Salt Lake those left in the camp did not forget the day. A bowery was built, the Lehi band was engaged, ice cream, lemonade and other refreshments were provided, races and other sports being indulged in and a general good time was spent. The day finished with a dance and everyone voted the occasion a very enjoyable one.

The Gold Points property, just southeast of Sunshine, is being vigorously worked. A force of men under the able management of J. H. Wootton are going right down, and they expect to get the mother vein within a short time. They have obtained a depth of seventy-five feet in their new shaft, that was begun about six weeks ago. The black shale that is so familiar throughout the district has been encountered. Manager Wootton is quite sanguine over the prospects, and is confident that if he goes to the right depth he will get the ore.

Will Work With a Dredger.

An eastern company has been organized to work a bar a short distance below Cold Spring Flat, near More creek, about six miles below town. The ground was located by Fred McDowell and Ed. Pierce. McDowell bought Pierce's interest, and made an agreement with capitalists, by the terms of which they are to put on a dredger for a certain interest in the ground. The dredger has been ordered and will soon be on the ground. It weighs 12,000 pounds, and the weight of the smallest piece is 9,000 pounds. R. R. L. Poston, of Boise, has a contract for getting out timbers, and began work several days ago. The machine, it is claimed, will work 3,000 cubic yards of ground in twenty-four hours. Mr. McDowell says the enterprise will be a success if the machine will do all that is claimed for it. He has prospected the ground and knows it is good. It has never been worked. The ordinary methods of mining would prove unsuccessful, the ground being fine sand, not affording the dump necessary for working the old way. The men who will put the machine on the ground say it does better work than a steam shovel.—World, Idaho City, Idaho.

Mining Notes and Personals.

Eighty-five dollars in gold and $175 in silver is the assay returned on samples sent by William Morris and William Wardle from the Cantamara above Marysvale. The mine will be vigorously worked this season.—Richfield Advocate.

Ed. and Will Clark, Hi Barney and H. E. Taylor have located a coal claim about two and a half miles east of Annabella. The gentlemen have a three foot vein of what they believe to be anthracite coal imbedded in a lava formation. Specimens have been sent north to be assayed.—Richfield Advocate.

The drilling contest excited the most interest on the Fourth and was watched with considerable interest. Much money changed hands. The men from the April Fool mine got away with first and second prizes in the double handed contest and the first prize in the single handed contest. There was but one entry from the April Fool mines in the single handed contest.—Lode, De Lamar, Nev.

A. G. Smith departed last Friday evening for Australia, where he is to take charge of a gold mine belonging to an English company, under a salary of $5,000 a year and all expenses, including his fare from this place to Australia. Mr. Smith is an experienced mine manager, and while regretting his departure from Elmore his numerous friends join the Bulletin in wishing him all manner of success in his duties in a foreign land.—Bulletin, Mountain Home, Idaho.

L. L. Archer was rusticating in Mercur Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

The Galena and Utah companies will pay their regular monthly dividends today, amounting to $7,000.

A lot of provisions and supplies were sent out yesterday to the Stemwinder lode, near Silver City, Tintic.

The Mammoth made a shipment of rich ore yesterday, and it is reported that the Centennial-Eureka has resumed ore consignments.

George Dern will leave for Mercur this morning with the pay checks for the men at work at the Mercur mine and mill and at the Brickyard.

Mine Owner Pollock is in from Rush valley with a shipment of seven tons of ore that assays 200 ounces silver and $6 in gold to the ton. Mr. Pollock's mine is located between the Columbia and Erickson districts.

Mrs. W. W. Chisholm, the estimable wife of Secretary and Treasurer Chisholm, of the Centennial-Eureka mine, met with a painful accident yesterday, whereby one of the fingers on her right hand was seriously injured.

The Montana people who visited Mt. Nebo this week were more than pleased with the enterprise of the Mt. Nebo Land and Irrigation company, and as a result of the trip several contracts were signed for fruit lands under the company's canal.

A deal was consummated yesterday whereby T. A. Dunshee and C. H. Maguire, of this city, vested the title to the Leo claim in the Gipsey Queen Mining company, the consideration being $650. The Leo adjoins the Jones Bonanza claim at Mercur.

The Gold Dust, at Mercur, is looking exceedingly well, and the company is in excellent spirits over the outlook. In developing this promising property an incline is being run to make connections with the lower workings, and every foot shows up richer and larger ore bodies.

Anthony H. Godbe, the efficient telegraph agent at Bullionville, Nevada, who is in Salt Lake on a vacation, informs The Herald that it is the intention to erect a roaster at Bullionville this fall for the treatment of tailings in connection with the cyanide process, now in use there.

Colonel J. S. Templin, the well-known mining expert and operator, will leave this morning for Camp Floyd district, where he will make an examination of various properties, including the Sunshine, Mercur, Overland, Buckeye, Northern Light and Little Pittsburg. C. E. Hudson will accompany him.

Charles Ohlwilder, an old Colorado miner, who is prospecting in the State Line district for Dan Gurnsey and H. F. Kinkaid, writes his backers that he has made several locations and that now he is prospecting them. He speaks highly of the district and predicts that it will develop into a great gold camp.

The Sunbeam Consolidated company, of Silver City, Tintic, has ordered a twelve horse-power gasoline engine and hoist, and as soon as the plant is in place, will employ three shifts in the development of this fine property, which comprises some of the choicest mineral ground to be found in the district.

The Pan-American Mining company will pay its dividend No. 6 today, of $3,000. The company is in an excellent condition, financially, and has sufficient funds in the treasury for another dividend, which will be paid next month. The property of the company is also in fine shape and under the able and efficient management of Superintendent Beveridge will continue to pay dividends for a long time to come.

R. L. Colburn, J. R. Slater, Paul Rodenhouse, E. E. Crooks and Joseph Gries left for Silver City, Tintic, last night, for the purpose of examining the Shoebridge-Bonanza and Four Aces properties, and other prospects in which they are interested. Mr. Gries will also make arrangement for the development of the Spanish, Saffron and Diamond lodes, in that locality, and see if he can jigg the Shoebridge-Bonanza dump to advantage and at a profit.

George F. Atkins, who is developing the Bob Ingersoll mine, just north of Poppenton Place, informs The Herald that in this property he has uncovered twenty-seven feet of gold ore that will pay to work, and that he is considering the proposition of a Salt Lake capitalist who offers to put in a $16,000 mill for a half interest in the mine. The Bob Ingersoll is located in Hot Springs mining district, in which The Herald predicts that some great producing mines will yet be discovered.

Andy Campbell and Williams Bros., colored men of this city, are congratulating themselves over the fact that they are the owners of the Republican and Sumner claims up City Creek canyon, which have proven to be extensions of the mother lode recently discovered, on which the Free Bullion group is located. These men have held these claims ever since 1872, and will now most likely make something out of them. John W. Snell of this city also has locations in this locality.

Charlie Lammersdorf returned Wednesday night from the Sevier mine in Piute county, where a three-mile ditch is being constructed to carry water to the new mill now in course of construction. The fall, before the water reaches the mine, will be 750 feet, which will be sufficient to drive the dynamo that is to supply the power for the operation of the mill. This mill, Mr. Lammersdorf says, cannot be too large to suit him, as the larger the mill the greater the dividends, as the deposit of gold ore in the mine is inexhaustible.

D. H. Peery, jr., DeWitt B. Lowe, stock brokers, 10 West 2nd. South St.

E. E. Crooks, stock broker, 21 West Second South street. Telephone 97.

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CURLING CLUB OF AMERICA.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The annual convention of the Grand National Curling club of America was attended by delegates from Pennsylvania, Minnesota, New Jersey and New York. The officers elected were:

President, John H. McCulloch; first vice-president, Alex Thompson; second vice-president, George Gains; treasurer, James F. Conley; secretary, David Foulis.

In the matter of district medal matches for next year the St. Paul club was awarded a special match which will be competed for by its members. The other matches are as follows: Caledonian, New York, vs. Jersey City; St. Andrew, New York, vs. Thistle, Lackawana, Pa.; Wilkesbarre, Pa., vs. Boston; Utica, N. Y., vs. Albany City, N. Y.; Yonkers, N. Y., vs. Thistle, New York; Empire City, New York, vs. Manhattan, N. Y.; Long Island City, N. Y., vs. Van Cortlandt, New York; Empire of Albany vs. New York; Excelsior, L. I., vs. Ivanhoe, N. J.; Newark, N. J., vs. Inkermann, Pa.; United, Pittsburg, Pa., vs. John O'Groat, New York.

Small in size, but great in results. DeWitt's Little Early Risers act gently but thoroughly, curing indigestion, dyspepsia and constipation. Small pill, safe pill, best pill. Nelden-Judson Drug Co.

"TWO BITS."

"Hello, you've got a giant here," I said to my blue-coated guide as I wandered through the little military grave-yard at Camp Downing, and stopped by a big mound all alone in one corner.

The other fellow touched his cap in salute before the tall white headstone, and dropped a handful of smokebush blossoms on the grave.

"'Tain't no man, sir—it's a hoss; it's old 'Two Bits.'"

"But why is he buried here with the soldiers?" I questioned.

"Buried here, sir? Why you must be a stranger sure; I thought everybody knew about old Two Bits an' his savin' company A.

"It was two years ago when them Apaches, that eastern folk thinks so much of, was raisin' the devil. They raided the ranches below here an' killed a lot of women an' children, an' run off all the stock; an' company A was sent out after 'em.

"They ambushed us at Dirty Creek, more'n twice as many of 'em as we thought was this side of San Carlos; but we managed to git into a little clump of scrub-oaks an' held 'em off till sundown.

"Then our captain see it was all up with us if help didn't come from the post; an' he called for a volunteer to ride old Two Bits past them devils an' carry the word.

"Two Bits had been on the track in his young days, an' held the belt for long-winded runnin'. Many's the time I've seen Cap clean up a hatful of Mexican dollars racin' him ag'in the cowboys' ponies. He was a big chestnut sorrel, with white feet an' a white face; an' him an' Cap loved each other like twin brothers. I've knowed Cap to go hungry lots o' times scoutin', so's old Two Bits could have his hardtack; an' he'd hold up his head an' drink out of a canteen like a reg'lar—you bet it was mighty dry times if that old hoss didn't git his share.

"Well, mere'n a dozen of the boys offered to go, but Cap picked out 'Curly' White, the toughest an' lightest man in the lot, to do the ridin'.

"While they were gittin' him ready Two Bits just stood an' rubbed his nose on Cap's arm like he was sayin' that if we didn't hear the old troop bugles before mornin' it wouldn't be his fault.

"Then 'Curly' grabbed his gun an' swung into the saddle; an' we all hollered an' yelled an' made a break for the Injun lines on the side away from the post, like we was bound to go through. That give 'Curly' a chance, an' he took it, you bet. Old Two Bits shot up that valley like a streak—but there was a trail of Apaches behind him. We see 'Curly' drop the reins an' turn in his saddle an' go to shootin', an' the Injuns fell back a little.

"The race was nip an' tuck for a mile, an' once we see old Two Bits stagger like he was hit; but he kept his feet an' passed out of sight in the hills. Then the dark came down an' we waited. No we wasn't Injun bait that time—the bugles of the old Third was a-ringin' in the valley by daylight, an' them Apaches got a lesson they'll be a long time forgettin'.

"An' 'Curly' an' Two Bits?' Well, 'Curly' was shot clean through, but he lived an' is wearin' shoulder-straps today. An' Two Bits? Poor old Two Bits! He carried the word, an' he carried two big balls from an Apache rifle till he fell dead at the colonel's door.

"The men he saved put him here; an' I don't reckon none o' them that's sleepin' long-side grudges him his room."—Sharlot M. Hall, in the New Bohemian.

SPIRIT OF BOHEMIA.

The dwelling in Bohemia is, without the least profanity, the nearest approach to the "communion of saints and forgiveness of sins" of anything on this sphere. Today has a man injured me. Who cares? Not I, for who cares for one man's opinion? Can he take from me my world, my sunshine, my rejoicing in the thought of my own soul and the wisdom emanating from that of others? Not he! I forgive him, for he struggles against the superiority of Free Thought.—The Woman Bohemian, in the New Bohemian.

INDIANS ARE RESTLESS.

NEW YORK, July 9.—A dispatch to the World from Colon, Colombia, says: A Bluefields correspondent says that owing to oppression, the Indians are with difficulty kept from the war path. The sudden mobilization of troops on the Isthmus causes consternation and alarm. The newspapers believe trouble is expected.

OGDEN BUREAU.

Business and Editorial Office 519 Utah Loan & Trust Building. Telephone 135.

Ogden, July 10.

SERIOUSLY HURT.

Yesterday morning F. Tend, who is janitor of the Weber Stake academy, but who for a few days past have been working on the county road, in Weber canyon, was severely hurt on the head by a stone. He was at work near the mouth of the canyon, at the bottom of a steep slope, when a rock rolled down, striking him on the right temple. He remained unconscious for some time and was carried over to the hospital at Harkins' camp No. 1, where Dr. Joyce attended him. Later he revived and at his own request was brought down home in Dr. Joyce's buggy.

Though the injuries are serious, the doctor believes they will not result fatally.

COURT MATTERS.

As the case of the State vs. M. H. Lincicome was settled without coming to trial, Judge Rolapp's time was not fully occupied yesterday. This was a case where Lincicome, a Christian Scientist, was arrested and convicted in the lower court of violating the health ordinances, by failing to notify the authorities when he was called to attend a case of scarlet fever.

Other orders were made as follows:

Neille E. Fisher et al. vs. Harriet S. Emerson; taken under advisement.

Ogden city vs. M. H. Lincicome; dismissed.

F. A. Cook, assignee, vs. T. H. Ballantyne; defendant given eleven days' time to prepare.

Ogden city vs. Joseph Larson; the motion of plaintiff to dismiss appeal taken under advisement.

Bear River Valley Orchard Co. vs. P. M. Hanley et al.; hearing in order to show cause continued to July 14.

Other cases set for July 14 were W. G. Wilson vs. J. H. Winslow; Jane D. Brown Billings vs. Willis Brown; also hearings in the estates of Kimble B. Mercer and Lester M. Scoville.

The motion of William H. Hall for an order modifying decree in the case of Jarvis Conklin Mortgage Trust Co. vs. Ogden City Street Railway Co., was taken under advisement.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

The fire and police board met last night, transacted some routine business and passed upon payrolls.

Five hobos were run in last night.

The electric wire of the Ogden Street Railway company, from the power house to the machine shops at the mouth of the canyon, has been put in place by Brig Ballantyne. The current was turned on yesterday to show that all was in good working order, but the making of pipe will not be commenced for some days yet.

A meeting of the Weber County Suffrage association will be held in the county court house tomorrow at 2:30 p. m. The programme includes opening remarks by Mrs. Hilliard, a paper on the constitution by Miss Mercy Burton, a paper on the last legislature by Mrs. W. H. West; also one by Mrs. Mamie Richards, on the city ordinances. All ladies are cordially invited to attend.

Mrs. Blair, the young woman who was thought to have mysteriously disappeared a few day ago, has returned home to Logan with her parents. She was the guest of Willis Brown, of this city, for a week, while her father, who had forgotten Mr. Brown's address, was looking for her, with the aid of officers of three counties. Mrs. Brown first learned of the father's whereabouts through The Herald.

SEALS.

Rubber stamps and stencils made to order quickly. Anything repaired. Safes opened and the finest time locks repaired. Call on or write S. J. Griffin, corner Twenty-fourth street and Grant avenue, Ogden.

L. H. BEECRAFT, Manager.

Clairvoyant

The rush continues with Professor Stoddard, the world-renowned of Belfast, Ireland. The people all go to see him, as he is the only Clairvoyant in the city. He gives names, etc.; tells you the month, year and date of your birth. His predictions of future events are correct. He makes no mistakes, either in the past, present or future.

In love, law or business he has no equal. Thousands crowd his office and all are well pleased.

He Diagnoses Disease Free

He sells remedies that cure when all others fail.

Try one month's treatment of the wonderful remedies that he has on sale and you will never use any other.

Try the Female Regulator; safe and sure; never fails.

Lovers reunited and speedy relief for all.

Readings by mail $2.00.

Readings at Office, $1.00.

Ladies, beautify your complexion by using Prof. Stoddard's Cocatine.

Remedies for sale for Rheumatism and Stomach Troubles, that cure the most difficult cases in from one to six months.

Never before have such wonderful remedies been offered for sale.

Diagnoses of disease by mail Free.

Address:

PROF. STODDARD

508 East Third South Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Telephone No. 536; long distance. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT.

Utah State Gold Mining Company, place of business Salt Lake City, Utah; location of mines, Camp Floyd mining district, Utah county, Utah. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the board of directors held June 17, 1896, an assessment of a half cent (½) per share (being assessment No. 1) was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately to the undersigned treasurer at the office of the Consolidated Implement Co., No. 154 State street, Salt Lake City, Utah. Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the 20th day of July, 1896, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before will be sold Wednesday, August 5, 1896, at 11 o'clock a.m. at the office of the treasurer, No. 154 State street, to pay delinquent assessment, together with cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

GEO. A. SNOW, Treasurer.

Salt Lake City, Utah, June 20, 1896.

RUPTURE

PERMANENTLY CURED

Of Men, Women and Children without pain or in slightest inconvenience by the FIDELITY METHOD. Patients need not pay a dollar until cured. Cost is to 60 days required to cure. The truss discarded for ever. Over 11,000 cases cured in the last six years. There is no loss of time, patients can attend to their regular work. FIDELITY RUPTURE CURE CO. Rooms 429-30 Atlas Blk, Salt Lake City, Utah.

DELINQUENT ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

DELINQUENT ASSESSMENT NOTICE.—Lucky Bill Mining company. Notice.—There are delinquent upon the following described stock on account of an assessment, No. 10, of 2 cents per share, levied on the 11th day of May, 1896, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders as follows:

Names.	No. of Cert.	No. Shares.	Amt Due.
Brown, Van	Order	18	$ .36
Clyde, John McD	4564	50	1.00
Clyde, John	4565	100	2.00
Crieg, William	113	75	1.50
Felt, J. G.	2564	2,000	40.00
Felt, J. G.	2565	1,000	20.00
George, George	Order	21	.42
Hay, James H.	1024	300	6.00
Robert, Fred	234	840	16.80
Johnson, Clara	384	2,100	42.00

And in accordance with law and an order of the board of directors made on May 11, 1896, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at the office of the company, No. 56 South Main street, Salt Lake city, Utah, on the 11th day of July, 1896, at the hour of 11 a. m. to pay delinquent assessment, together with cost of advertising and expense of sale.

G. A. GIBBS,
Secretary Lucky Bill Mining Company.
Salt Lake City, Utah, June 15, 1896.

NOTICE.

NOTICE TO LIEN CLAIMANTS.—In the District court of the Third Judicial District, in and for Salt Lake county.—James B. Buzzo, plaintiff, vs. James Jennings, Sarah Jennings, William Kelley, Frank Kunkel, and Robert Roles, defendants.—Notice to whom it may concern:—Whereas the plaintiff in the above entitled action has begun an action to foreclose a mechanic's lien on that certain brick and stone building and the ground on which the same is located, on lot 2, block 10, Salt Lake city survey, Salt Lake county, Utah, belonging to James Jennings and Sarah Jennings, two of the defendants. Pursuant to the provisions of section 3, chapter 41, session laws 1894, to secure liens to mechanics and others, notice is hereby given to all persons holding or claiming liens on said premises to be and appear before said court on Saturday the 1st day of August, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., the same being a day of the regular term thereof, to exhibit then and there proof of their respective liens; and all persons failing to so exhibit their claims or liens on said day shall be deemed to have waived their liens against the property. And it is further ordered that this notice be published once a week for three consecutive weeks in The Salt Lake Herald, a newspaper of general circulation published in this judicial district.

Dated this 27th day of June, 1896.

M. L. RITCHIE, Judge.

James A. Williams, attorney for plaintiff.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—WHEREAS, Fred Smith, Lottie J. Smith, L. R. Ritchie and J. H. Hazzer, on the 15th day of May, 1893, executed and delivered to the Salt Lake Building & Loan Association of Utah, a bond conditioned for the payment of nine hundred dollars and interest, according to its terms, and to secure the payment of the sums of money specified in said bond, the said Fred Smith and Lottie J. Smith, on the same day executed and delivered to Frank L. Holland, trustee, a trust deed conveying to him in trust the following described real estate, situate in Salt Lake county, and territory of Utah, to-wit: Lot thirty-three and the south five feet of lot thirty-two in block ten, City Park subdivision of blocks twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two and twenty-nine, plat "A," Salt Lake City survey, together with 9 shares of stock of said association, which said trust deed was recorded in the office of the county recorder of said county in book 2 Q of mortgages, on pages 124-5 of the records of said office; and, whereas, said trust deed provided that default should be made in the payment of said bond or any part thereof, or of the interest, dues and does that may accrue thereon, as the same became due and payable, for more than six months, the said trustee at the request of the legal holder of said bond, may present to the said real estate, according to the terms of said trust deed. And whereas, default has been made in the payment of dues, interest and fines required by said bond for more than six months prior to this date, whereby the condition of said trust deed has been broken; now, therefore, notice is hereby given that I, Frank L. Holland, trustee, or in the event of my death, disability or absence from the city or state, or other disqualification, then Harvey Hardy, sheriff of Salt Lake county, state of Utah, as successor of the said Frank L. Holland, trustee, by virtue of the power vested in me by said trust deed and at the request of the Salt Lake Building & Loan Association of Utah, the owner and legal holder of said bond, will offer at public sale to the highest bidder for cash, at the west front door of the county court house (joint city and county building), facing on State street, in the city and county of Salt Lake, state of Utah, on Thursday, the 23th day of July, 1896, at 3 o'clock a. m., the above described real estate or so much as may be necessary, and the shares of the stock of said association duly assigned to the said association upon the trust above recited, as collateral security for the loan described herein