BOB THOMPSON HELD

Motion of the Defense for Dismissal Overruled.

THE BOND FIXED AT $2,500

OPPOSING ATTORNEYS SCORE EACH OTHER RATHER SEVERELY.

Mr. Waite Exerts Himself to Have the Defendant Held—Cases of Messrs. Bloor, Dixon and Horne Will Be Called Today—A Letter from George Goddard.

"I tell you gentlemen, I have come to the conclusion that the ups and downs of the Rocky mountain sport are simply—well."

So spake one of the interested parties in the Thompson-Carter matter, after Justice Wenger had held Bob Thompson in bonds in the sum of $2,500 to answer to the district court for the killing of James Carter yesterday morning.

Yesterday forenoon was devoted to hearing the arguments of counsel for the prosecution and defense, as announced would be the case in the issue of The Herald of that date. And while generally speaking arguments of counsel do not make the most interesting reading, those of yesterday were all right. Mr. Waite, representing the county and Mr. Straup for the defense made excellent speeches and the latter especially distinguished himself, by going after the assistant state's attorney and giving him a dose of forensic drubbing, which, had it been delivered in the same manner as Thompson's blows, physically, instead of vocally, would have resulted in making him a party defendant to a suit similar to the one, the first chapter of which ended yesterday.

Mr. Waite, however, was amply able to take care of himself, and conducted his side of the case with marked ability.

Mr. Waite made a few assertions in the course of his address to the court which gave counsel for the defense an opportunity of getting in, pugilistically speaking, to his short ribs, and he did so. Straup's speech is entitled to several appellations. It might have been termed a barbecue, for it certainly was a roast; there are those who would class it as a scorching, and who would intimate that the services of a fire department were necessary; some people would have said, had they heard it, that Straup was poking fun at the able gentleman who conducted the trial, or hearing, for the state, but be it as it may it pleased the spectators, caused the court to smile underneath the Napoleon III moustache which covers his dentriculated orifice and made Frederick Garfield Waite wince, and wince hard.

The court room was as thoroughly crowded as it was on the day previous, the interest in the arguments seemingly being as intense as was that manifested in the evidence. As is well known, the matter at point was the arguing of the motion of the defense that the defendant be dismissed.

The court having propounded the question which is used alike in the court room and the foot race, the duel and the swimming match, "Gentlemen, are you ready?" and both sides having asserted that they were and considerable in addition, Mr. Waite arose and in a few remarks said that while there was apparently lacking in this matter all the essential elements of crime; that there was no malice shown by the defendant, or by the deceased in the commission of the act; still he believed, in his own mind, that if the matter was pushed in a court of justice, where a jury could hear and determine the evidence; where a learned trial judge could preside, that the defendant would be convicted of involuntary manslaughter at least.

The above comprises about all that Mr. Waite said in his brief opening; in fact it is what he would term the "syllabus" of his speech.

Mr. Straup felicitated himself that the state's attorney took such a broad view of the matter and smoled a smile of deep and profound satisfaction. This smile was interrupted by the court, who took occasion to say that while the complaint charged the defendant with murder, of course it included the lesser grades of crime, under the statute, something no one present volunteered to dispute.

The court, assuming an easy position, signalled the defense to go ahead, whereat Mr. Straup piled his law books in such shape as to enable him to get quick action when he wished to illustrate, and began. He opened by stating that as a matter of fact no venire had been proven; that the assistant county attorney had omitted to prove by any witness that the alleged offense took place in this city, county or state, but that he was not disposed to argue that point, although he had a right to press the technicality, for such it was, if he chose. Laying the matter of venire aside, the only question is: "Was this a prize fight or a boxing exhibition or sparring match?"

A prize fight, said counsel, must be conducted in public. That is an essential feature. If the prize fight is not carried on in public it is something else. In support of this declaration, which, by the way, caused Mr. Waite to open his peepers somewhat wider than usual, Mr. Straup produced a large volume, bound in calf, from which he read a decision of the supreme court of the state of Mississippi in the appeal of the renowned John L. Sullivan, in which the court laid down this principle: This was not a prize fight because it was not carried on in public. No evidence was evinced to show that any but club members and their friends were there; in fact, from the testimony itself it would appear that there were not more than half a dozen people present.

Further arguing on the point that it was not a prize fight, counsel cited the decision of the supreme court of the state of Louisiana, in the matter of the celebrated case where the state sought to revoke the charter of the Olympic club, because it had permitted Sullivan and Corbett to fight there. The court, after hearing the testimony of several newspaper men, decided that the encounter was not a prize fight, but a boxing contest for points, where skill and endurance were the requisite qualities, and refused to revoke the charter.

A Mchigan case was also cited, where the supreme court reversed the ruling of a trial court and remanded back for trial the cause, where a man was convicted of prize fighting, when, as a matter of fact, he had engaged only in a glove contest.

With the authorities alluded to, the counsel went on to demonstrate that inasmuch as this contest was conducted in private, as was the contest in which Sullivan and Corbett participated in, that it was a contest with eight-ounce gloves instead of five, as was the case in the fight between the two champions, ergo, this could not have been a prize fight.

Reviewing the testimony generally, Straup maintained that as there was no brutality manifested by either of the men; that they were good-natured up to the last; that Carter was forcing the fighting in the last round, while Thompson was on the defensive; that no intent to commit a crime was present, he could not see in justice how the man could be held to answer, and urged the dismissal of the defendant.

MR. WAITE'S APPEAL.

Mr. Waite made a wonderful address, in some respects. He began by stating that, speaking for those whose duty it is to protect the law and see that they are enforced, they were in a sadly embarrassing condition and one which they regretted to fill. But they had a duty to perform and from the performance of that duty they would not shrink. For a long time Salt Lake city has been the only place in the United States which has permitted occurrences of this character to take place in direct violation of the statutes. No matter what the term may be—call it a boxing match, or a sparring match, or a prize fight—it is against the statute, and all who participated in the affair were guilty and could be punished. Counsel said he did not care why this statute was on the books, or who placed it there. Sufficient to say it had met with constant violation.

At this juncture counsel read the statute, which has already been published in these columns.

Continuing, he said there was a painful duty imposed upon the office of the county attorney, but while it was a painful one it was also an imperative one and must be performed.

Having thus outlined his position, Mr. Waite made the following remarkable declaration:

"Everyone knows that in this city thousands of illegal acts are daily being committed, and not only are they condoned, but we give those who commit them an immunity from punishment and protect them in the commission. They tell us that to prosecute the parties, to enforce the laws, which are honored more in the breach than in the observance, would be against public policy. But laws were made to be obeyed, and so long as this portion of the force of the county attorney's office remains in the place he now holds, they will be enforced. He will do his duty as he has sworn to do it.

"Under the statute, call this a sparring match, a boxing match or a prize fight, all who participated are guilty of a felony.

"I believe, because I have heard it, not that it has been in evidence in this case, but—"

Mr. Straup—I object to counsel bringing in anything which has not been testified to. Let him confine himself to the evidence.

Mr. McCallum—Let him go on; let him go on.

Mr. Straup—Well, go on.

Mr. Waite then continued: "I say I believe, as I have heard it from so many, that, considering his avocation, there never was a whiter man, white or black, than Bob Thompson, and I am thoroughly convinced that he is suffering mental agony because of the result of this affair; but that does not lessen his responsibility before the law.

"I believe, too, that the witnesses in this case have, so far as their regard for truth would permit, shaded the evidence in favor of the defendant. (Sensation in court). There seems to have been a sort of preconceived idea among all of them that this was not a prize fight. Now, sir, I believe—and honestly, too—that Bob Thompson, possessed as he is of great strength and science, can take that glove there and with a man who can neither guard, duck or dodge, hit hard enough to kill him on the spot." (Laughter all over the house, in which Bob joined.)

Counsel then related instances where fighters had been killed, and cited Andy Bowen and Con Riordan, "the terrible Swede," and one or two others.

Concluding, he admonished the court as to his duty in the matter, and urged that the defendant be held.

STRAUP REPLIES.

Replying, Mr. Straup said that he, in common with a great many others, had believed for many years that Salt Lake City was a good place to live in, but it had remained for the prosecuting attorney to tell him that it was one of the worst h—l holes on earth. He was surprised, confounded, astonished—in fact, all broke up. But (changing his method of delivery) why does counsel make such assertions? Does he not know that all over this land every night, in all the great cities, contests similar to this are taking place, and that, too, in public? From the remarks of the prosecutor one would suppose there was going to be another wave of reform.

"Sometimes when I read of the anarchistic utterances of men, the fiery statements they make about wrenching the government from its foundations, I tremble for the safety of my country. But when I hear or think of the county attorney, all my fear vanishes and I am again happy. I no longer see the dread clouds of internecine strife along the horizon. All is peace." (Laughter.)

Straup then mildly gave the county attorney a drubbing on his attempt to impeach his own witnesses. "He comes here and puts up a lot of reputable men on the stand, and when their answers do not suit him he says to the court, 'The testimony was shaded.' Like Iago of old he says 'I think' and 'I think.' If these witnesses did not speak the truth, why, with all the machinery of the state at your command, did you not issue your subpoenas and call in those who would?"

Straup referred to the cases of Bowen and Riordan, who died from heart disease while boxing, and pointed out that not a single conviction had resulted from any of the so-called killings in boxing matches and closed with an appeal for dismissal.

THOMPSON HELD.

When he had completed the court said: "The court is not required to decide except as to reasonable doubt. In this case the defendant's motion for dismissal will be overruled."

Mr. Straup—We rest.

Mr. Waite—As to the matter of bonds I will meet you half way.

Mr. Straup—What do you suggest?

Mr. Waite—That is for you to say, not me.

Mr. Straup—I move the defendant be released on his own recognizance.

Mr. Waite—Now I am willing to admit of reasonable bail being given, but that does not seem to be right.

Mr. McCallum—You will remember, Mr. Waite, that this is Thompson's home; that he lives here.

Mr. Waite—Oh, yes. I understand he lives here.

Mr. McCallum—How is $500?

Mr. Waite—Oh, that will never do.

The Court—I do not wish to make a farce of this matter at all. I will fix the amount at $2,500.

Mr. Straup—Your honor, I do not think we can give that amount. We want to give a good bond; not a straw one, and $2,500 is excessive. We cannot give that much. It is excessive. Why, in murder cases, the bonds have been fixed as low as $10,000, and all this man could be convicted of would be involuntary manslaughter to say the most. If we could give $50,000 we would, but we cannot. Five hundred is, I think, all we can raise.

The Court—Well, Mr. Straup, you make an effort, and if you cannot raise the bonds come back and I will listen to an application for a reduction in the amount.

OTHER CASES TODAY.

Messrs. Bloor, Dixon, Homer and others, charged with aiding and abetting a prize fight, will come up this morning at 10 o'clock. In all probability they will waive examination and will enter in bonds for an appearance at the district court.

Letter from George Goddard.

Salt Lake City, Aug. 4, 1896.

To the Editor of The Herald:

In your issue of August 3 I read with much pleasure a short criticism on the subject of "glove contests" over the signature of O. W. Powers. Every sentiment of which I heartily endorse.

To say that I was perfectly astonished at such sentiments expressed over the signature of a lawyer, but feebly conveys my astonishment, for I had indulged in the supposition that without exception the whole fraternity of the profession to which he belongs were in full accord with the "manly art" that some would have us believe these brutal exhibitions amounted to. Glove contests and prize fights are synonymous. In either a monetary consideration forms the basis of their business. It is a low, degraded calling, possessing no redeeming feature whatever, and demoralizing in its tendency in every civilized community. The homicidal result in the recent contest between Thompson and Carter, reflects but a dark shadow over the moral status of our entire community. A heavy responsibility rests upon some shoulders for the death of that man. It certainly does not lie on the man who struck the blow.

Two poor, ignorant creatures who knew no better than to cater to the taste and gratification of a morbid sentiment in others, who ought to know better than to tempt such men with money, to bruise, maim and risk the killing of each other. The absence or permission of such brutalizing performances and other kindred evils in any city, form a pretty correct index and reflection to the moral status of our legislature, city council, press and pulpit.

These, forming the leading factors in any city, in moulding its moral condition, I much regretted to learn that the first legislative body in our new born state of Utah refused unanimously to recognize a bill formulated by O. W. Powers, and presented by W. A. Howard, for the suppression of all such immoral exhibitions. I sincerely hope, however, that the unfortunate lesson taught us by the unexpected death of Mr. Carter will awaken in the breast of all morally disposed persons a determination to discountenance in the future all such like occurrences.

GEORGE GODDARD.

Thompson Released.

Later in the day the attorneys for Bob Thompson appeared in police court and on the showing made the bail bond was reduced to $1,500. Boyd Park, E. Crooks and others were on the bond. Thompson was released last evening. County Attorney Whittemore does not seem pleased over the prospects of obtaining a conviction. He said last evening that very rarely did this class of cases amount to much.

Of All Things in the World

A tonic is what nervous people require. To impart strength into the nervous organism is to insure its tranquility, provided causes of unhealthful excitement are avoided. A medicinal tonic that—like Hostetter's Stomach Bitters—commands the unqualified sanction of the healing profession, and which institutes a general reform in a bilious, dyspeptic and debilitated condition of the system, is surely entitled to a careful trial by intelligent people, capable of forming a due estimate of a medicine, from emphatic and often recorded professional evidence in its behalf. Not only are the nerves and stomach invigorated by the Bitters, but the system is also endowed with unwonted power of resistance to influences in air, water or daily avocation subversive of health. Prominently dangerous among the first named of these is malaria, against which Hostetter's Stomach Bitters affords a competent safeguard. Rheumatism and kidney troubles are also prevented and overcome by it.

COUNTY OFFICES.

AUDITOR WILL ISSUE WARRANTS WHEN THE LIST IS COMPLETED.

Treasurer Has Cancelled About Twelve Thousand Dollars' Worth of Warrants During the Past Month—Military Census Is Nearly Completed—Second Notice to the Taxpayers Being Prepared.

As soon as the clerk furnishes the list the county auditor will issue the warrants for the appropriations made at the last session of the board of county commissioners. The employees of the county are anxiously awaiting the time when they can get a chance to draw their warrants. It appears that there was about $3,000 short last month in the payment of the salary warrants, which amounted to about $13,000, while the fees deposited footed up to only $10,000 in round numbers.

Treasurer Lynn last month cancelled school warrants amounting to $641.79; salary warrants to the amount of $9,922.81, and general warrants amounting to 906.82. In addition to the principal of the general warrants, there was $142.83 interest. The combined total amounts to $11,624.25.

MILITARY CENSUS.

In about four days' time the county assessor will have completed the footings on the military census of the county. The work has been well done by the enumerators, but no approximate estimate can be made until all have made their reports. Not a single footing has as yet been made, neither will there be until all have completed their work.

TAX NOTICES.

In the office of the county collector the force of clerks and the collector himself are engaged in getting out the second notices to taxpayers, which will be mailed as soon as completed. The taxes are due in September, and the notices will all have reached their proper destination ere that time approaches.

BAND CONCERT.

Following is the programme for the Sixteenth Infantry band concert to be given at Fort Douglas at 8:30 this evening:

"America."
March, "Belle of The North,"...Graff
Overture, "Berlin in Smiles and Tears,"....Conradi
Selection from "Nabucco"....Verdi
Waltz, "Glen Island,"....Short
Scotch Melodies, "Robert Bruce,"....Bonnesseau
"Hail Columbia."

The Poetry of Tea.

Schilling & Co. are positively getting poetic:

"The persuasiveness of gentle beauty—how all-pervading and how lasting!"

To him who is under its influence, man, woman, nature, life, everything, is surrounded by a poetic charm, and he, of all men, knows happiness."

We wonder if the writer of this was under the influence of Schilling's Best? If so, won't Messrs. Schilling & Co. please send us a dozen or two for our poetic department.

Beautiful Saltair!

Do you know this is Walker Bros.' day at Saltair? Are you going to the grand ball tonight?

GARFIELD BEACH.

Trains between Salt Lake and Garfield Beach run as follows:

Leave Salt Lake.	Arrive Garfield.	Leave Garfield.	Arrive Salt Lake.
*7:45 a.m.	*8:45 a.m.	12:20 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
10:00 a.m.	10:40 a.m.	*3:35 p.m.	*4:00 p.m.
2:15 p.m.	2:55 p.m.	4:00 p.m.	4:40 p.m.
3:15 p.m.	3:55 p.m.	6:00 p.m.	6:40 p.m.
5:15 p.m.	5:55 p.m.	7:30 p.m.	8:10 p.m.
7:15 p.m.	7:55 p.m.	10:15 p.m.	10:55 p.m.

*Daily except Sunday.

Fare for round trip, 50 cents.

Olson's orchestra in attendance every afternoon and evening. Bathing, boating, dancing.

Depot corner First South and Fourth West.

D. E. BURLEY,
General Manager.

WORK OF THE COURTS

Judgment Against R. W. Sloan and Colonel Trumbo.

LATTER'S CASH ATTACHED

SUMMONS SERVED DURING HIS ABSENCE FROM THE CITY.

Bacon and Holland Hearing Continued Till Friday—Arguments Still Go on in the Gisborn-Marion Suit—More Judgments Against Utah Midland Railway Company—Court Cullings.

The Mammoth Mining company has commenced an action against the Salt Lake Building and Manufacturing company and C. P. Mason as receiver of the Salt Lake Copper Manufacturing company, alleging that the plaintiff bought and received from the defendant the Salt Lake Building and Manufacturing company lumber to the value of $264.26; that Receiver Mason claims that the title to the lumber was in him as receiver of the copper company, and that the amount should be paid to him, while the Salt Lake Building and Manufacturing company denies the receiver's title and right to the money, and claims that the money should be paid to him.

The plaintiff is unable to determine which of said claimants has the right to the money and prays that they be compelled to litigate their claims at their own cost.

JUDGMENT BY DEFAULT.

Against R. W. Sloan and Colonel Trumbo for $1,112.50.

Judgment was yesterday entered in the Third district court by default in favor of McCornick & Co. and against R. W. Sloan and Isaac Trumbo for $1,095 and $17.50 costs. The suit was begun on July 16 to collect $1,000 and interest on a promissory note payable to McCornick & Co., and signed by R. W. Sloan and indorsed by Isaac Trumbo. The note is dated August 19, 1895, payable four months after date. The return of the service of the summons shows that service was had on R. W. Sloan personally and that the summons was left at Colonel Trumbo's house during his absence from the city.

An attachment has been issued against the defendant Trumbo and cash belonging to him in the hands of the Bullion-Beck company was levied upon.

The filing of the suit on July 16 was withheld from the press at the request of the attorneys for the plaintiff.

Bacon Hearing Goes Over.

The preliminary hearing of J. H. Bacan, H. M. Bacon, F. L. Holland and W. B. Holland on the charge of receiving deposits for the Bank of Salt Lake at a time when they knew the bank was insolvent, which was set for yesterday morning by Justice Harvey, was continued until Friday at 10 a. m. for the reason that Colonel Ellis, leading counsel for the Bacons, was engaged in making the closing arguments in the Geyser-Marion suit in the district court, and because Mr. Varian of counsel for the prosecution was ill and unable to be present.

Arguments Still Go On.

Senator Brown concluded his argument yesterday morning in Judge Ritchie's court for the plaintiff in the mining case of Matthew T. Gisborn et al. against the Marion Mining company. The senator was followed by Colonel Ellis of counsel for the Marion company, who began the closing argument in this celebrated case.

The colonel had not concluded when court adjourned and will resume this morning.

Judgments Against Utah Midland.

Justice Harvey yesterday heard the twenty-one cases brought by as many individuals against the Utah Midland Railway company to recover an aggregate sum of about $2,000 owing them for services rendered and material supplied to the company. Messrs. Glendinning, W. H. Penrose, Moffat, A. T. Lawrence, Middlemiss and Wilkes, stockholders in the company, were made defendants, as well as the company, and his honor gave judgment against them individually.

Court Cullings.

The Commercial National bank of Salt Lake has entered four separate suits in the district court to recover $850, $650, $650 and $650, a total of $2,800, on four promissory notes secured by mortgages on real estate.

The Harris Furniture and Carpet company has begun suit against C. H. La Belle to regain possession of certain household furniture or its value, $300, alleged to be wrongfully held by the defendant.

George R. Thackeray has commenced suit against Belle Bahrenburg to collect $1,400, balance of a promissory note secured by a mortgage.

In the case of Clayton R. Turrell vs. Salt Lake and Los Angeles Railway company, sixty days' extension of time was granted to prepare and serve statement on motion for a new trial.

John Hagan, a native of Ireland, now a resident of Summit county, was admitted to citizenship.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

James H. Woodmansee et ux. to Ernest F. Schettler, part of lot 5, block 3, City Park ..... $ 200
John Mooney et ux. to E. F. Schettler, part of section 21, township 1 south, range 2 west 250
Louis Noalls to E. F. Schettler, part of section 21, township 2 south, range 2 west 35
Katherine Mill to E. F. Schettler, part of section 21, township 1 south, range 2 west 1
Osmond N. Conniff to Frank Thompson, lots 6 and 7, block 2, Biggs' First 20
Mary Goodfellow to Jesse Goodfellow, part of lot 1, block 155, plat A 150
George J. Bram to Lucy A. Pring, lots 8 and 9, block 6, Irvine Park 1
George J. Bram to Elizabeth L. Pring, lots 6 and 7, block 6, Irvine Park 1
Robert M. Middlemas to E. F. Crandall, part of lot 3, block 30, plat A 1
George J. Bram et ux. to John W. Pring, lots in Irvine Park 1
Theodore Schroeder et ux. to A. T. Schroeder, part of lot 4, block 24, plat F 1
John G. Logan to James F. Woodman, one-quarter Winnemuck mine and others 5
John G. Logan to James F. Woodman, one-quarter Remnant placer 5
Katrina Mill to Charles A. Olsen, part of section 21, township 1 south, range 2 west 600
Charles A. Olsen to Katrina Mill, lot 21, block 6, Golden Park 700
John Dahl et ux. to Charles A. Olsen, lot 21, block 6, Golden Park 275
Albert Smith et ux. to G. R. Smith, part of section 25, township 2 south, range 1 west 1
James W. Campbell et ux. to George A. Lowe, Nina Fraction lode 500
Jennie C. Lee to Sarah L. R. Nash, lot 3, block 14, plat F 750
Willis E. Foote et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, lots 2 and 3, block 2, Ehrich's subdivision 700
Emma Whitney et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, part of block 45, plat C 3,500
Willis E. Foote et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, lots 6 and 7, block 2, Ehrich's subdivision 700
C. E. Brainard et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, lots in Martin's subdivision 850
Willis E. Foote et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, lot 1, block 2, Ehrich's subdivision 350
C. L. Hannaman et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, part of lot 4, block 27, plat G 1,000
Willis E. Foote et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, lots 8 and 9, block 2, Ehrich's subdivision 700
L. C. Crossman et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, part of lot 5, block 32, plat F 100
O. T. Carlson et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, part of lot lot 3, block 29, plat F 100
L. C. Crossman et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, part of lot 5, block 32, plat F 100
L. C. Crossman et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, part of lot 4, block 32, plat F 100
L. C. Crossman et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, part of lot 5, block 32, plat F 100
Willis E. Foote et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, lots 4 and 5, block 2, Ehrich's subdivision 700
L. C. Crossman et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, part of lot 4, block 32, plat F 100
L. C. Crossman et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, part of lot 5, block 32, plat F 100
O. T. Carlson et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, part of lot lot 3, block 39, plat F 40
L. C. Crossman et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, part of lot 4, block 32, plat F 100
L. C. Crossman et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, part of lot 4, block 32, plat F 100
John Stephenson et al., by marshal, to James Thompson estate, lot 3 block 137, plat D 800
Jeremiah Stringham et al. to John Stringham et al., part of lot 4, block 20, Five Acre plat A 1

It makes no difference whether you buy a pound or a half-pound of Schilling's Best tea.

You get your money back any way if you don't like it.

Utah's famous medicinal water—Wa-sat-ka.

They All Come Back

"There are fads in medicine as well as in other things," said a busy druggist, "but the most remarkable thing about Hood's Sarsaparilla is that customers who try other remedies all come back to Hood's, and this is why the enormous sales of this great medicine continue the round, steady **To** keep up and whole year as a clock.

"Why is it?" "O, simply because Hood's Sarsaparilla has more real curative merit than any medicine I ever sold."

This is of daily occurrence in almost every drug store. Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured more sickness, and made more happiness through restoration to health than any other medicine.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the standard—the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Which?

Suppose a woman has two children; one she dresses in sack-cloth and the other in silks—which does she think the most of?

We have two teas—"Clipper," packed in cheap porous Japanese paper, that leaks and lets the strength out, and *Schilling's Best*, done up carefully and strong, protected by air-tight vellum.

Schilling's Best—at quick grocers'. If you don't like it, your money back.

Schilling's Best coffee, baking-powder, soda, spices, and flavoring-extracts, are also money-backed.

A Schilling & Company San Francisco

Are You Going to Have An Outing?

Don't go on digging away till you die of overwork.

Buy a Gun Or Rifle

And some of our new catch'em

Fishing Tackle

And go up into the mountains for a month. Have a good time for at least one month while you live.

Don't buy a bicycle now; they are too cheap. Wait till the price advances again. We are selling bicycles at cost.

'96 Sporting Goods Catalogue just out. Come and get one.

Browning Bros.,

155 Main street, Salt Lake City, Utah.
2461 Washington Avenue, Ogden, Utah.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair,

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Clairvoyant

The rush continues with Professor Stoddard, the world-renowned of Belfast, Ireland. The people all go to see him, as he is the only Clairvoyant in the city. He gives names, etc.; tells you the month, year and date of your birth. His predictions of future events are correct. He makes no mistakes, either in the past, present or future.

In love, law or business he has no equal. Thousands crowd his office and all are well pleased.

He Diagnoses Disease Free

He sells remedies that cure when all others fail.

Try one month's treatment of the wonderful remedies that he has on sale and you will never use any other.

Try the Female Regulator; safe and sure; never fails.

Lovers reunited and speedy relief for all.

Readings by mail $2.00.
Readings at Office, $1.00.

Ladies, beautify your complexion by using Prof. Stoddard's Cocatine.

Remedies for sale for Rheumatism and Stomach Troubles, that cure the most difficult cases in from one to six months.

Never before have such wonderful remedies been offered for sale.

Diagnoses of disease by mail Free.

Address:
PROF. STODDARD

508 East Third South Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Telephone No. 536; long distance.
Office hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Commercial National Bank.

CAPITAL PAID IN, $300,000.

General banking in all its branches.

Directors—F. H. Auerbach, John J. Daly, O. J. Salisbury, Moylan C. Fox, Thomas Marshall, W. P. Noble, George M. Downey, John Donnellan, Newell Beeman.

WELLS, FARGO & CO'S BANK

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Established 1852.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

J. E. DOOLY, Cashier.

T. R. JONES & CO.

BANKERS.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

WALKER BROS.

BANKERS.

Established 1859. Successors to THE UNION NATIONAL BANK, of Salt Lake City.

A General Banking Business transacted.

B. H. Schettler

BANKING & BROKERAGE

22 South East Temple Street.

Real Estate, Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold. Notary work.

—THE—

DESERET SAVINGS BANK

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Capital, $100,000. Surplus, $40,000

DIRECTORS.

James T. Little, President.
Moses Thatcher, Vice-President.
Elias A. Smith, Cashier.
Henry Dinwoodey, George Romney.
James Sharp, W. W. Riter.
John R. Barnes, John R. Winder.
John C. Cutler, D. H. Peery.
David Eccles, E. P. Eldredge.

Four per cent interest paid on savings deposits, compounded semi-annually. Accounts solicited from $1 upward.

Established 1841.
150 Offices,
The Oldest and Largest.

R. G. DUN & CO.

THE MERCANTILE AGENCY.

GEORGE OSMOND, General Manager Utah and Idaho. Offices in Progress Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Hotel Knutsford

New and elegant in all its appointments, 250 rooms, single or ensuite; 75 rooms with bath.

G. S. HOLMES, Proprietor.

GREAT SALT LAKE AND HOT SPRINGS RAILWAY.

Time table in effect Aug. 2, 1896.

Leave Salt Lake.	Arrive at Farmington & Lagoon.	Leave Lagoon & Farmington.	Arrive Salt Lake.
7:00 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	8:00 a.m.	8:45 a.m.
9:00 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	10:00 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
11:00 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	12:00 m.	12:45 p.m.
2:30 p.m.	3:15 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	4:30 p.m.
5:00 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	6:15 p.m.	7:00 p.m.
7:15 p.m.	8:00 p.m.	8:30 p.m.	9:15 p.m.

Sundays and legal holidays trains leave Salt Lake 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:15, 2:30, 3:45, 5:00, 6:15, 7:15 p. m.

Round trip to Beck's including bath, 35 cents. Children, 25 cents. Roung trip to Lagoon, including admission, 25 cents.

Special inducements to societies and Sunday schools. Depot Third West and South Temple streets. General office 161 South Main street. SIMON BAMBERGER, General Manager.

H. W. EARLY, Passenger Agent.

—THE—

Roessler & Hasslacher Chemical Co

CYANIDE

PEROXIDE OF SODIUM.

And all other Mining Chemicals.

Trade Mark

73 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.

National Bank of the Republic

Frank Knox ..... President.
Geo. A. Lowe ..... Vice-President.
Ed. W. Duncan ..... Cashier.
E. O. Gates ..... Assistant Cashier.
Capital paid in, $300,000.
Surplus, $20,000.

Banking in all its branches transacted. Exchange drawn on the principal cities of Europe. Interest paid on time deposits.

McCornick & Co., BANKERS,

SALT LAKE CITY - UTAH

Established 1873.
Transact a General Banking Business.

L. S. HILLS, President.
MOSES THATCHER, Vice-President
H. S. YOUNG, Cashier.

U. S. DEPOSITORY.

DESERET NATIONAL BANK.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

CAPITAL $500,000
SURPLUS $500,000

Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

THE CULLEN

RATES—$2 and $2.50 per Day.

S. C. EWING, Prop.

UNION PACIFIC System

THE THROUGH CAR LINE.

Trains arrive and depart at Salt Lake City daily as follows:

(In Effect May 10, 1896.)

ARRIVE:

From Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Park City and Ogden ..... 3:10 p. m.
From Helena, Butte, Portland, San Francisco, Ogden and intermediate points ..... 9:05 a. m.
From San Francisco, Cache Valley, Ogden and intermediate points ..... 7:10 p. m.
From Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver and Ogden ..... 3:10 a. m.
*From Frisco, Milford, and intermediate points ..... 9:45 a. m.
From Mercur, Tintic, Provo, Nephi, Sanpete Valley and intermediate points ..... 6:30 p. m.
**Mixed train from Terminus, Tooele and Garfield Beach ..... 4:00 p. m.

DEPART:

For Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Ogden and Park City ..... 7:00 a. m.
For San Francisco, Ogden, Cache Valley and intermediate points ..... 8:00 a. m.
For Ogden and intermediate points ..... 4:00 p. m.
For Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Butte, Portland and San Francisco ..... 7:00 p. m.
For Eureka, Mercur, Provo, Nephi, Sanpete Valley ..... 7:40 a. m.
*For Provo, Nephi, Milford, Frisco and intermediate points 6:00 p. m.
**Mixed train for Garfield Beach, Tooele and Terminus ..... 7:45 a. m.
*Trains south of Juab run daily except Sunday.
**Daily except Sunday.
*Daily except Sunday south of Juab.

CITY TICKET OFFICE, 201 MAIN ST.

Telephone No. 665.
Through Pullman Palace Sleepers, Latest Improved Tourist Sleepers, Free Reclining Chair Cars, Elegant Day Coaches.

D. E. BURLEY,
General Agt. Passenger Dept.
S. H. H. CLARK,
OLIVER W. MINK,
E. ELLERY ANDERSON,
JOHN W. DOANE,
FREDERIC R. COUDERT,
Receivers.
E. L. LOMAN, G. P. & T. Agt.
E. DICKINSON, Gen. Manager.

Current Time Table.

IN EFFECT JUNE 1st, 1896.

LEAVE SALT LAKE CITY.

No. 2—For Bingham, Provo Grand Junction and all points East ..... 7:50 a. m.
No. 4—For Provo, Grand Junctions and all points east ..... 7:40 p. m.
No. 6—For Bingham, Mt. Pleasant, Manti, Salina, Richfield and all intermediate points ..... 1:30 p. m.
No. 5—For Ogden and intermediate points ..... 5:30 p. m.
No. 8—For Eureka, Payson, Provo, and all intermediate points ..... 5:00 p. m.
No. 2—For Ogden and west ..... 11:45 p. m.
No. 1—For Ogden and west ..... 12:25 p. m.

ARRIVES SALT LAKE CITY.

No. 1—From Bingham, Provo, Grand Junction and the east ..... 12:15 p. m.
No. 3—From Provo, Grand Junction and the east ..... 11:35 p. m.
No. 5—From Provo, Bingham, Eureka, Richfield, Salina, Manti and all intermediate points ..... 8:25 p. m.
No. 2—From Ogden and the west ..... 7:40 a. m.
No. 4—From Ogden and the west ..... 7:30 p. m.
No. 6—From Ogden and intermediate points ..... 9:40 a. m.
No. 1—From Eureka, Payson, Provo and all intermediate points ..... 9:55 a. m.

Only line running through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Salt Lake City to San Francisco; Salt Lake City to Denver via Grand Junction and Salt Lake City to Kansas City and Chicago via Colorado points.

Through tourist or family sleepers without change, to Kansas City, Chicago and Boston.

Free reclining chair cars Salt Lake City to Denver.

Ticket Office, 15 West Second South Street.

D. C. Dodge, General Mgr. S. H. Babcock, Traffic Mgr.
F. A. Wadleigh, General Passenger Agt.

UTAH CENTRAL R'Y,

General Office 202 Wittingham Building.
DAILY TRAINS AS FOLLOWS.

Leave. Arrive.
S. L. City, 8:00 a.m. Park City, 10:20 a.m
Park City, 4:00 p.m., S. L. City, 6:15 p.m

Depot Main and Eighth South Sts.

J. McGregor, Clarence Cary, Receivers
F. E. Snafer, General Freight and Passenger Agent.