NEWS FROM NEARBY TOWNS.

Night School at Logan.

LOGAN, Nov. 15.—A free evening school will be held in the three large upper rooms of the Preston block on Tuesday and Friday evenings of each week. The services of the best teachers of the Agricultural and Brigham Young colleges and of the district schools of the city have been tendered for this purpose. The school will formally open on Tuesday, the 24th inst. It is intended for those who have not the advantage of our modern schools; also those who wish to review. In fact, it is for all and any, old and young. There are no charges whatever. The instruction will embrace all the common branches and as many advanced subjects as may be called for. Three hours will be given each school night in each of the three large rooms. There is room sufficient and the faculty are prepared to teach from 15 to 20 classes each night.

Professor John A. Widtsoe of the A. C. and George Thomas of the B. Y. college are the promoters of this commendable and praiseworthy idea. They have received a magnificent support from the presidency of this stake, and President W. J. Kerr of the B. Y. college, who have joint control of the Preston block, and have tendered it free of cost.

The merchants and other business and prominent men are in perfect sympathy with the move and are giving it their undivided support. The rooms are equipped with electric lights and are well warmed.

Judge L. W. Shurtliff of Ogden came to Logan this morning.

Lincoln J. Carter's "Tornado" came to Logan on this morning's train and will hold forth tomorrow evening at Thatcher's Opera House.

Park City Miner Injured.

PARK CITY, Nov. 15.—D. J. Sullivan, a miner at the Lucky Bill, was badly injured this morning about 8 o'clock. He struck an unexploded blast hole with his pick, causing a discharge of the explosives. He will probably lose his left eye, but the right one is uninjured. His face is badly bruised and cut. Mr. Sullivan is about 25 years of age and unmarried.

D. C. McLaughlin continues to improve today from his severe attack of pneumonia. He rested well last night, and his mind is now rational except at intervals. His brother, James McLaughlin, and Francis Smith of Muskegum, Mich., arrived this morning.

The Marsac mill started up again this morning, after one day's imperative shut-down, owing to the bursting of the big pump.

M. Oshima, director Imperial Steel Works, Tokio, Japan, in company with F. Obana, G. Yamaga, J. Takayuma and K. Komma, visited the Ontario mine today.

R. C. Chambers and C. L. Rood arrived from Salt Lake this morning.

Green River Ritings.

Manti Messenger: J. T. Farrer is running his coal mine again. He has let another 100-foot contract and intends laying track in the tunnel and put on a coal car next week. R. B. Thompson has the contract hauling the coal to Green River.

The Big Gold Plant will start up with a full force next week and expect to run steady throughout the winter.

Fred and Levi Farrer have gone on a photographing tour through Castle Valley and will be gone about 30 days.

We are glad to see R. L. Rogers on our streets again after his hard struggle with typhoid fever.

Ira Sutton and George A. Stanton are at the head of the list for raising big squash, they having gathered several from their patch weighing over 125 pounds.

Mrs. Laura Lang is visiting in Moab this week.

A party of surveyors are out locating a canal on the east; we wish them success.

Salt Laker in Idaho.

Cassia County Times: L. G. Hardy, the mining expert from Salt Lake city, who has been here on several occasions this season inspecting the mines in this district is in town this week.

Roll Up Yor Sleeves.

Silver City Avalanche: The election is over. Bryan is defeated. Aside from a question of majorities the result is fully known. It is a bitter pill for the people who were so enthusiastically supporting Mr. Bryan, and who realize the full sorrowfulness of the loss of the principles which he represented, but it must be swallowed down. The money power is triumphant, but the people are themselves to blame. For a time at least, things may look brighter and a shadow of prosperity may settle temporarily over the people. But the yoke is sinking deeper, and the burden becoming more weighty. The fight just ended must be taken up anew and forced to a successful issue in 1900.

Killed a Lion With a Pocketknife.

Evanston News Register: George W. Cooper and Charles Neiberger have proven themselves nervy and equally brave. They have demonstrated their superiority over a Wyoming mountain lion in a fistic encounter and have prescribed a new defensive tonic to the wild beasts of the Rockies.

One day last week as they were leisurely driving a team from Cox & Cox's tie camp to Piedmont they were momentarily astounded at the appearance of a big mountain lion flying through the air and with all the gracefulness of an acrobat landing on the double-tree of their vehicle.

It took but a moment for the men to regain their nerve, notwithstanding the fact that the only weapon they possessed was a pocket knife. Without a moment's hesitation Cooper sprang forward and seized the beast by the back of the neck, while Neiberger, not to be outdone by his companion, caught the animal by the tail. A lively tussel ensued, but the combined strength of the heroes soon overpowered the lion and with their pocket knife they managed to cut the beast severely about the neck. Their victory was now accomplished and in a few minutes the dead body of the intruder lay at their feet. The citizens report that there are many lions in that neighborhood whose effrontry will have to be nullified as a safeguard to the travelers on that route.

I. Kastor, the clothier, has purchased the hide, which measures eight feet. It is as fine a specimen as was ever brought to Evanston and will shortly be on exhibition in his establishment on Front street.

As Regards the Shops.

Green River Star: It has not yet been definitely decided whether or not the Union Pacific working hours in the shops will be increased. The shops along the system ran last Friday, because they were closed Tuesday on account of election. The equipment of the road is in prime condition, and it is hardly possible that the shops will be worked another day each week until the business of the road demands it. As the business of the road increases, so will the working days of the shops increase. It is expected that the winter business will be heavy this season, and if so an increase of working hours in the shops can be looked for.

The foregoing from the Omaha World-Herald will be interesting to the men working in the Green River shops, as it is an indication that before long the shops here as well as elsewhere, all along the Union Pacific system, will be working on full time. Traffic on the road still continues to be very good, and it is hoped that it will so continue for some time. While the fruit business has fallen off, there is a steady increase of merchandise shipments and as traveling men for the large jobbing houses are all reporting an immense increase in trade, it is probable that business will be good for several months.

WANTED TO COMPROMISE.

Washington Star: "Say, young feller," said Flowery Fields, the tourist, huskily accosting a Star reporter on F street the other night, "I've got a t'irst and I've got de Brooklyn boys besides. Dat's no lie. I kin see any old kind of a pink zebra or yaller monkey jes' by closin' me peeps fur a second, an' I t'ink I must have 'em bad. A good big hooter of booze 'ud be de dandiest t'ing in life fur me jes' right now. Dis is plain talk. How is it for he dime?"

The plain talk won the day. The reporter, bewildered by the beauty of the unvarnished tale, produced a 10-cent piece, dropped it into the truthful Flowery's begrimed paw and went his way, looking back to see the straightforward hobo disappear into a ginmill. About half an hour later, as he was hurrying along the avenue near Eleventh street, he heard the husky voice of a man following at his elbow, saying:

"Say, young feller, I've got a t'irst, and I've got de Brooklyn"—

"Look here, confound you," said the reporter to the "bum," "you gave me that one up on F street only a few minutes ago, and it went through all large as a silver half-dime, and these on getting out of one man in the course of an evening?"

"Well, now," replied Flowery, sheepishly, "dis is where I get it in de neck. I must have de bugs, fur a fact, to make a jay play like dis. But how kin you expect me to remember de looks of all de dead-easy blokes I run agin' in de course of a night's graft? It jest can't be done, dat's wot it can't. Howsomever, if on dis occasion you'd be willin' to compromise on a nickel"—

But the dead easy one was hopping on a cable car.

GYMNASTICS FOR SOLDIERS.

Army Regulars to Be Trained In Athletics—Miles Favors the Plan—English Soldiers Are Put Through an Elaborate System of Physical Culture.

Gymnastics will soon form an important part of the education of the regular soldier in Uncle Sam's army. The fact that they were not introduced long ago is rather strange in view of their general adoption in the great armies of the European powers. Heretofore it has been the sole aim of military commanders here to see that their men marched with soldierly correctness, handled their rifles in the prescribed fashion and maintained first-class physical health.

Now, however, the private must be able to accomplish many other things, all tending to increase his hardiness, his self-confidence and his endurance. General Miles is a believer in military gymnastics, and when he was stationed at Governor's Island, prior to his elevation to the generalship of the army, he did much toward introducing that class of work among the soldiers. Department commanders throughout the country are now interested in the subject, and before the winter is over it is probable that a regular formula of gymnastic exercises will be settled upon.

General Merritt has taken up the matter, and in circulars addressed to various department commanders he has outlined a genral plan of work, which will be pursued at all military stations during the winter. Prominently mentioned is instruction in running, including the principles of abdominal breathing. Beginning with a run of two or three minutes, the time should be increased until several miles can easily be covered. The rifle is added, and after that the pack, and then, with both, the soldier practices leaping ditches, scaling fences and walls, and helping his comrade to pass such obstacles.

SPONGE BATHS THE BEST.

Cold baths after gymnastic exercises are not recommended, nor are any tub baths, as they occupy much time, and the number of men who can be accommodated with them is limited. Besides, the only bath that will brace and exhilarate after the gymnastic drill, says the order, is the sponge bath. For this the apparatus needed is merely a comfortably warm room, free from draughts, supplied with a tub of tepid and another of cooler water, the latter perhaps of 65 to 70 degrees, and, finally, a basin, sponge and two towels for each man. Sponging all over with tepid water, quickly followed by the cooler water, and drying first with an absorbent and then with a coarse towel, will give the best effects.

Dumbbells of four pounds are recommended as about the best for the average soldier, while the bar bell drill is excellent for making the joints limber and the muscles pliable and active. Strong men can substitute the rifle for the bar bell.

Compared with the elaborate system of gymnastics pursued in the English army, the suggestions of General Merritt are very few and simple. English military authorities really devote more time to perfecting the physical well-being of the men than to almost any other branch of their training, and as a result, the humblest soldier in the service is considerable of an athlete.

TRAINING BEGINS AT ONCE.

Almost from the hour that the new recruit joins the army his physical training begins, and it does not end until he is mustered out, or until he is ordered off to active service, when, of course, the more serious business of making warfare takes up all of his time and attention.

Every one of the great recruiting depots scattered throughout the United Kingdom has a perfectly fitted military gymnasium. Regimental headquarters are also similarly fitted, and the old campaigner, fresh from a long service in India or Africa, must take up his gymnastic work as soon as he is settled on home soil again.

The new recruits are exercised in squads of 20 or 30, and the Swedish drill, with its endless variety of exercises, is largely employed to bring them into shape. One of the first of these is an exercise for bending and stretching the legs. The hands are placed on the hips, the man stands on his toes with his heels touching and then with knees pointing outward he squats down as low as possible, rising to an upright position immediately afterward.

DUMBBELLS FOR MUSCLE-MAKING.

Dumbbells largely enter into the work, and in a measure Sandow, the strong man, is responsible for this, as his marvelous strength is due almost entirely to the persistent use of dumbbells. The recruits go through standing exercises with the dumbbells for the purpose of building up the muscles in the arms and shoulders. Another method employed for strengthening the arms is for the men to lie flat on the ground, face downward, and then raise themselves in a horizontal position on the arms and toes.

For strengthening the stomach dumbbells are again employed, the men lying on the ground flat on their backs, and swinging the dumbbells with both hands over the head, backward and forward. To build up the muscles of the back the recruits assume a sitting posture on the ground, with feet stretched out straight before them, and move the dumbbells up and down at arms' length.

THE ADVANCED CLASSES.

These are merely the primary lessons they are put through. When their bodies are sufficiently developed they are placed in the classes where the work is of a more intricate character. In these classes the men are taught a variety of things which are of great service to them when on active duty. The task of getting over an eight-foot wall with perfectly smooth sides is reduced to a science and is performed in a couple of seconds. Each squad is divided into two sections. The second section men give those of the first a scientific lift which places them astride the wall, and the next instant the men on top reach down and catch their companions by the scruff of the neck and lift them up, so that they can scramble over the wall.

There are many obstacle races which the men must run every day. These include vaulting four-foot fences by placing one hand, the right, on the top bar, a 12-foot water jump and a risky bridge composed of long strips of three-inch planks. On these latter the men must use some of the arts of the tight rope walker, otherwise they fall through and have to begin the job over again.

When the men are proficient in these classes they go up still higher, and take part in the exercises on the parallel and horizontal bars. On these the work is as clever as that performed by professional athletes. In fact, the average English recruit, after he has been in the service a year, is well fitted for a job in a circus.

AN ELECTION BET.

The Herald has been asked to decide the following bet:

Before the election, A made a bet with B that he could name 16 states, the electoral vote of which would be given for Bryan for president. A named Colorado, Utah, Nevada, Idaho, Montana, South Carolina, North Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas, Missouri and Tennessee.

In all the states named the Bryan electors received a majority of the votes cast, but in Arkansas it transpired after the election that one of the electors elected was disqualified because he failed to comply with the state law requiring that officeholders, including presidential electors, shall pay poll tax and for that reason this particular elector is debarred from serving. On that ground B claims the bet is a draw. Is he justified in his claim?

We think not. The electoral vote of Arkansas will simply be one short of the number allowed, but Bryan will receive all the votes the state, under the circumstances, can legally cast, and therefore A wins the bet.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

TREETOP FISHING.

Novel Arrangement of a Florida Man for Supplying His Table.

"John! John!" shouted the rosy little wife of my host in central Florida, from the honeysuckle porch. "John, if you're going to have fish for supper, it's time to go up the tree."

Well, now, I've fished for all sorts of fish and in some odd places, says a Philadelphia Inquirer correspondent, who tells the story, but thus far I never climbed into a tree to get them, but I didn't ask any foolish questions. John simply replied over his shoulder, "All right!" and we continued our walk among the frost-blackened orange trees which were just beginning to recover, those that were alive at all, from the havoc of the preceding winter. We passed beyond the plantation and through the cool shadows of a "hummock," where cypress and palmetto trees were matted together and a winding creek was bridged with a single log. Somewhere along the path John picked up his rod and a can of bait. Then we came out upon the edge of the bayou. Lazy alligators floated at a little distance or stuck their noses out from their mud beds in the rushes, and having satisfied themselves that neither John nor the stranger had a gun they went on dozing serenely. A heron flapped away and rested himself in a convenient tree. A moccasin snake rolled from a dry log into the water. None of these incidents disturbed my friend, who led the way serenely to the foot of a big tree overhanging the still waters of the bayou. Up this tree we walked by a regular series of board steps, and at the top we erect upon a well-fastened platform, thoroughly shaded by the thick drapery of moss pendant from the network branches; and, thus ensconced, John proceeded to business, and in half an hour we had the finny wherewithal for a delicious supper. John enjoyed and I suppose still enjoys a practical monopoly of fishing in that lake, for no one thereabouts owns a boat, and, anyhow, the alligators don't approve of boats, the shores are too sedgy and water too shallow for casting, and "fishing trees" are not found in any considerable number thereabout. So I borrowed John's primitive tackle and thus earned the right to boast that I had fished, among other methods piscatorial, from a treetop.

MUCH IN LITTLE.

David Coulter, a Kansas prisoner charged with murder, has invented a cornhusking machine.

The sultan of Turkey is constantly attended by a eunuch, who will be beheaded if the sultan should die of poison.

The far-reaching fame of Alma-Tadema has possibly been responsible for the fact that few people know that his wife, Laura, is also an artist of no mean merit.

Mrs. Beck Meyer, a lady who represented the Scandinavian countries at the international women's congress at the World's Fair, is at present a special lecturer at Stanford university, California.

Lord Downshire, a young nobleman with a strong taste for mechanics, has had a complete railway, a mile and a half in length, laid down in his grounds at Hillsborough, County Down, Ireland.

Bishop William David Walker of the missionary jurisdiction of North Dakota, who has been chosen bishop of western New York, is the tallest man in the house of bishops. When Philips Brooks was bishop of Massachusetts he was next in Episcopal stature to the giant of North Dakota.

A special winter number of the London "Studio" is to contain an article of Stevenson's never before published. It is an account of the novelist's stay at Monastier in the autumn of 1878, and was originally intended to serve as the opening chapter of "Travels with a Donkey in the Cevennes."

Miss Ellen Dortch, now assistant librarian of the state library of Georgia, and who, the Atlanta Constitution says, is a young woman of great ability, would like to become chief librarian; and a bill is to be introduced at the coming session of the legislature making women eligible for the position. If the bill passes she is to get it.

Elmer Graydon, living near English, Ind., has named an infant son Abraham Lincoln Ulysses Grant William McKinley, and a neighbor, John Vaughn, not to be outdone, has named his infant son Thomas Jefferson Andrew Jackson James Monroe William Jennings Bryan. At last accounts both infants were doing as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

THE FRONTIER.

At the hushed brink of twilight, when as though
Some solemn journeying phantom paused to lay
An ominous finger on the awestruck day,
Earth holds her breath till that great presence go—
A moment comes of visionary glow,
Pendulous 'twixt the gold hour and the gray,
Lovelier than these, more eloquent than they
Of memory, foresight and life's ebb and flow.
So have I known in some fair woman's face,
While viewless yet was Time's more gross imprint,
The first faint, hesitant, elusive hint
Of that invasion of the vandal years
Seem deeper beauty than youth's cloudless grace,
Wake subtler dreams and touch me nigh to tears. —William Watson.

SURPRISED A BOSTON GIRL.

San Francisco Post: She was from Boston and was on her way to the geysers. She had rendered the stage-driver thoroughly uncomfortable by throwing great chunks of botanical and geological information at his head, and he had about reached the determination to frighten her with stories of highwaymen till she would get inside the coach, when some gnarled and twisted oaks attracted her attention.

"Do you know how old these trees are?" she asked, and was prepared to launch a whole row of figures at him, when he surprised her by answering her very promptly:

"Yes'm."

"How old are they?"

"Three thousand and six years."

"How do you arrive at such accurate results?"

"Well, a smart young woman from Boston wat knows all about it told me they were 3,000 years old, an' that was six years ago, so they must be 3,006 now, goin' on 3,007."

SPOILING A GOOD THING.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: A rich man of this city gave a chestnut party. The chestnut supply at the point he had selected for the party was scarce. There was a splendid tree, but its crop was light. Wealth is the true father of expedients. The rich man bought a generous supply of chestnuts and sent them out to be carefully scattered beneath the tree. When the party arrived at the nutting ground, the tree had been shaken, and on the ground lay a remarkably generous supply of nuts. The business of gathering them went merrily forward, when, all of a sudden, one of the older members of the party picked up a fallen leaf and looked at it suspiciously. Then she glanced up at the tree above her.

"Isn't it strange?" she said.

"Isn't what strange?" asked the rich man.

"That all these chestnuts should grow on an oak tree."

WHY SHE WANTED IT.

Chicago Post: "I really must get one of those knickerbocker hunting costumes," said the girl in blue.

"But you don't know anything about a gun," protested the one in gray.

"Of course not."

"And you wouldn't dare to go near one."

"That's also true."

"And you'd be afraid to go near anyone who had one."

"Quite right."

"And you wouldn't be able to do any hunting."

"You forget," said the girl in blue, "that husband hunting is still somewhat in vogue, and I don't know anything better for it than such a costume as that, now that the bathing season is over and we haven't quite reached the decollete period."

NOT NEEDED AT ALL.

Indianapolis Journal: "What's all the row here?" asked the plutocratic parent, as he came in and found his son in an angry altercation with his tutor.

"I am trying to teach him how to spell 'business,'" the tutor explained, "but he refuses to be taught."

"Well, he don't have to be learned how to spell business. I am raising him for a gentleman."

A BIOGRAPHY.

The world awoke in gusty spring
To hear the song birds caroling,
And every dell and every glade
Echoed the melodies he made.

Then came the ardent summer hour,
When cherished buds burst into flower.
When revelling roses drank the dew;
When days were long and skies were blue
And Fortune bade our dreams come true.

And next the days of autumn sent
The dignity of calm content.
And frosty tintings touched the wood,
And nature, all-beloved, stood
Garbed in a glory vast and good.

And last of all comes the caress,
The summer-touch of weariness;
And to his couch of sheltering snows
With duty done the old world goes
And smiles that he shall find repose.

A CLEAR CASE OF TELEPATHY.

From Brooklyn Life.

He (who has been snubbed all the afternoon)—Good-by.
She—Why, what a coincidence; I was just going to say that myself!

OGDEN BUREAU.

Business and Editorial Office 519 Utah Loan & Trust Building. Telephone 298.

Ogden, Nov. 15.

THE ESCAPE FROM JAIL.

Cleverness of the Work—Smith Caught at Corinne—Puzzling Circumstances.

The flight of J. M. Smith from the county jail was short and swift. He was brought back yesterday morning by Jailor Ted Wright, who captured him at Corinne about 6 o'clock a. m. He and Johnson must have separated immediately after leaving the jail and the latter was more successful in eluding the officers.

Smith had cut across country until he struck the Southern Pacific railway track, which he followed all night, reaching Corinne, as he hoped, in time to catch a west bound train, but, as it turned out, in time to meet Deputy Wright, who summarily bundled him back to jail.

Smith was regarded by all odds as the most clever of the two. Johnson's crime was that of taking a watch and some money from the pocket of a sleeping visitor in the Nord saloon. Smith's work has already been described in detail in The Herald as the scheme to fleece a number of Ogden business men by means of a change contract scheme, which is regarded as one of the cleverest bunco games of the decade.

But whoever made the key to unlock the door—such being the only method known to the officers by which they could get out—was clever, not only with head but also with hands. The lock is of the most improved kind, having six distinct grooves or tumblers, into which corresponding niches in the key must fit. With a perfect key, even though it be of wood, it would be easy to unlock the door, but the patience, skill and secrecy necessary for making and fitting such a key are rare indeed.

There were five prisoners in the jail at the time and of these the one in the most serious predicament is young Edson, awaiting trial for shooting Miss Ott and Will McCabe. He alone of the five could have hoped for any outside help, as his relatives and friends all live in and about Ogden, but Edson did not leave the jail.

Another strange circumstance is that Smith's partner, Weil, did not leave with him, though perhaps the lusty voice of John Chipp and the prompt action of Jailor Wright deterred him. All in all it is a strange case, and the cleverness of the escape is only equaled by the mystery of it, and by the prompt and energetic manner in which the pursuit was made and recapture effected. Sheriff Wright was en route from Denver to Ogden and knew nothing of the escapes until yesterday morning.

SUNDAY SCHOOL WORK.

The session of yesterday afternoon of the Weber county Sunday school association was full of interest and was well attended. At 2:30 Professor J. A. Smith led the song service after which Professor J. F. Engle spoke on "Bible Class Lessons," making a strong plea for systematic and logical methods of presenting subjects and for scientific teaching generally.

Rev. T. L. Crandall and Charles W. Luck led the discussion on the co-operation of parents with teachers.

At a little after 3:30 the children's mass meeting was held. Addresses were made by J. L. Loar and by Harry Tolles.

A very original and interesting exercise was the rendering of "Nearer, My God, to Thee," by Mamie Young and Lillie Swift, of the deaf and dumb school.

They were led by Professor F. M. Driggs and the exercise was very instructive.

The evening programme included some account of work in Washington, D. C., by R. J. Caskey, J. B. Caldwell and H. B. Steelman.

FUNERAL RITES.

The funeral services over the remains of William H. Stevens were held yesterday afternoon at the Second ward meeting house, the church being thronged with relatives and friends of the deceased.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

Thursday comes Carter's great play, "The Tornado."

Joseph A. West is expected back from Oregon this morning.

Mrs. R. T. Harris entertained very pleasantly a number of friends at luncheon Friday evening.

Mrs. N. O. Nye of Seventeenth street has gone to Kansas for a visit of a few weeks with relatives.

J. N. Dockham, of the State Journal, is recovering from his illness and will be about in a few days.

Manager Clark did a good thing for lovers of the drama when he booked "Tennessee's Pardner" at the Grand for tonight.

Forty-three carloads of cattle went through yesterday for the eastern markets, after stopping over about 24 hours at the Ogden stock yards.

Most of the insulators are on the poles of the Pioneer Electric Power company and the stringing of wires between here and Salt Lake is expected to begin tomorrow. The power house is nearing completion.

Sheriff Wright returned from Denver yesterday afternoon. Early yesterday morning he received a message from Deputy Sullivan, telling him of the escape from jail of Smith and Johnson and the subsequent capture of Smith.

AN ARTFUL SUGGESTION.

Cincinnati Enquirer: "I will write you a good recommendation as to your working ability," said 'Rastus's employer, who had been forced to part with him because of the mysterious disappearance of sundry small articles, "but I am afraid I can't say much for your honesty."

"Tell you, Mr. Blackwell," said 'Rastus, after a moment's thought. "Yo' might put in de words dat I is as honest as I kin be, kain't you?"

Don't Miss the Chance.

Great reductions on all kid gloves. You can save 25 per cent on every pair by buying your kid gloves this week at F. Auerbach & Bro.

The overskirt has developed from a possibility into a reality.

ONE HONEST MAN

Dear Editor: Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter the plan pursued by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor after years of suffering from Nervous Weakness, night losses, and weak, shrunken parts.

I have no scheme to extort money from any one. I was robbed and swindled by quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong, and anxious to make this certain means of cure known to all.

Having nothing to sell or send C. O. D., I want no money. Address, JAMES A. HARRIS, Box 214 Delray, Mich.

The Rosy Freshness

And a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder.

MY REPAIR shops repair wringers, boilers, guns, bicycles, typewriters, cash registers, slot machines, sharpen scissors, saws, axes and in fact can do anything in the repair line. S. J. Griffin's, corner Twenty-fourth street and Grant avenue. L. H. Becraft, Manager.

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From PROF. DR. RICORD of Paris is the only remedy for restoring strength under guarantee, and will bring back your lost powers and stop forever the dangerous drains on your system. They act quickly, create a healthy digestion, pure, rich blood, firm muscles, rugged strength, steady nerves and clear brain. Imported direct from Paris. Price per box, directions enclosed, $2.50. For sale by all respectable druggists. Mail orders from any person shall receive prompt attention. Dr. V. Condory, Agt. and Manager for U. S. A., 400 Quincy Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

NELDEN-JUDSON DRUG CO., Sole Distributors for Utah.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—IN RE ESTATE of Charles William Brown. Notice is hereby given pursuant to R. S. C. chapter 110, and amending acts, that all persons having claims against the estate of Charles William Brown, late of the city of Salt Lake, in the state of Utah, one of the United States of America, restaurant keeper, who died on or about the 8th day of June, 1893, at Salt Lake city, are required on or before the 28th day of November, 1896, to deliver to the undersigned, solicitor, for the administratrix of the said estate, at his office, 18 and 20 King street, West Toronto, Canada, their claims and full particulars thereof and the nature of the security (if any), held by them; and that after the 16th day of December, 1896, the administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which she shall then have notice; and the said administratrix shall not be liable for said assets so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received at the time of said distribution.

Dated at Toronto, the 9th day of October, 1896. W. J. WALLACE, Solicitor for Administratrix Lillie Brown.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

DELINQUENT NOTICE. GOLD BELT Mining and Milling company.—Location of mines Ohio district, Piute county, Utah. Location of principal place of business Salt Lake city, Utah.—Notice: There are delinquent upon the following described stock on account of assessment levied on June 15, 1896, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

NAME.	No. of Certificate.	No. of Shares.	Amount.
A. W. Caine	27	5,000	$16 67
A. W. Caine	33	5,000	16 67
A. W. Caine	127	300	1 00
Lizzie V. Parker	57	5,000	16 67
J. H. Hughes	25	500	1 67
L. A. E. Lyons	84	1,500	5 00
L. A. E. Lyons	133	100	34
William C. Turner	151	300	1 00
Elmer E. Merritt	159	300	1 00
Elizabeth M. Overstreet	174	100	34
W. M. Ames, trustee	182	10,000	33 34
David L. Gregg	184	2,500	8 33
David L. Gregg	185	5,000	16 67
David L. Gregg	186	1,250	4 16
David L. Gregg	187	1,250	4 17
David L. Gregg	188	5,000	16 66
David L. Gregg	189	5,000	16 67
David L. Gregg	190	10,000	33 34
David L. Gregg	191	700	2 33
David L. Gregg	192	625	2 08
David L. Gregg	193	349	1 14
W. H. Donnell	81	10,000	33 34
W. H. Donnell	176	1,626	5 42
D. A. Giles	94	5,000	16 67
D. A. Giles	162	4,000	13 33
J. A. Chute	45	10,000	33 34
J. A. Chute	128	611	2 04
J. A. Chute	177	2,500	8 33
W. M. Hicks	29	10,000	33 33
W. M. Hicks	46	10,000	33 34
W. M. Hicks	168	2,500	8 33
Annie M. Ames	97	10,000	33 34
M. K. Ames	136	5,000	16 66
W. F. Cotton	50	10,000	33 34
J. A. Chute	19	10,000	33 33

And in accordance with law and the order of the board of directors made on the 15th day of June, 1896, so many shares of each parcel of stock as may be necessary will be sold on the 19th day of August, 1896, at 11 o'clock a. m. at the office of the secretary, 160 South Main street, Salt Lake city, Utah, to pay the delinquent assessment thereon, together with the cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

W. M. HICKS, Secretary.

Salt Lake City, Utah, July 25, 1896.

The above sale is hereby postponed until September 16, 1896, at 12 o'clock, M. at same place. By order of the board of directors.

W. M. HICKS, Secretary.

The above sale is hereby postponed until October 19th, 1896, at 12 o'clock m., at same place. By order of the board of directors. W. M. HICKS, Secretary.

The above sale is hereby postponed until December 10, 1896, at 12 o'clock m. at same place. By order of the board of directors. W. M. HICKS, Secretary.

November 10, 1896.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

BOSS TWEED MINING COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that no election of officers and directors of said company having been held at the time provided in the articles of agreement and more than three months having elapsed since the time for such election and no time therefor having been designated by the board of directors and more than six of the stockholders of said corporation having called a meeting for that purpose to be held on the 28th day of November 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the office of Brown, Henderson & King, in the city of Salt Lake at No. 212 Main street, now therefore, notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Boss Tweed Mining company is hereby called at the time and place above mentioned for the purpose of electing the officers provided for in the articles of agreement of said company.

H. P. HENDERSON, Secretary.

Dated November 4, 1896.

NOTICE.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, PROBATE division, Third judicial district, in and for Salt Lake county, state of Utah. In the matter of the estate of William Beardshall, deceased. Notice.—Notice is hereby given that W. H. Haigh, James Duckworth and Peter G. Johnston, executors of the last will and testament of William Beardshall, deceased, have rendered for settlement and filed in said court, their final account of their administration of said estate and petition for final distribution of the residue of said estate among the persons entitled thereto, and that Saturday, the 28th day of November, A. D., 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the court room of said court, in the county court house, Salt Lake city and county, Utah, has been duly appointed by the judge of said court, for the settlement of said account and hearing said petition for distribution, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be settled and approved and final distribution made as prayed for.

Dated November 5, 1896.

C. E. STANTON, Clerk.

By FRED W. DENNIS, Deputy Clerk.

Moyle, Zane & Costigan, Attorneys for Executor.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.—SALT LAKE Board of Trade, principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the directors of the Salt Lake Board of Trade, held on the 26th day of October, 1896, an assessment of six dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable to the secretary at the general office of the company, in the rooms of the Ontario S. M. Co., Salt Lake City, before the 26th day of November, 1896. Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the 26th day of November, 1896, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the 15th day of December, 1896, at 4 o'clock p. m. to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expense of sale.

C. L. ROOD, Sec'y.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF the Colorado, Office of Chief Quartermaster, Denver, Colorado, Oct. 29, 1896.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock a.m. on the 30th day of November, 1896, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of attending bidders, for furnishing all the material and labor requisite for connecting the sewer system at Ft. Douglas, Utah, with the Salt Lake City sewer system, according to plans and specifications on file in this office, and the office of the quartermaster, Ft. Douglas, Utah, which will be shown, and blank proposals and circulars giving full instructions as to manner of bidding and terms of contract furnished on application. The government reserves the right to accept or reject any or all proposals. Envelopes containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for sewer construction," and addressed to the undersigned.

E. B. ATWOOD, Major & Chief Q.M.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

NOTICE OF SALE UNDER DEED OF Trust.—Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, James T. Little, trustee, named in a certain deed of trust wherein Joseph E. Wilson and Lerona A. Wilson, his wife, of Logan city, and county of Cache, state of Utah, are first parties, James T. Little of Salt Lake city, Salt Lake county and state of Utah, is second party, and The Deseret Savings Bank, a corporation of Utah, is third party or beneficiary, dated Sept. 27, 1893, and executed and delivered on the 29th day of September, 1893, whereby the said first parties conveyed to said James T. Little, trustee, said second party, all the real estate hereinafter described, in trust, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note of the same date for the sum of $2,000, payable to the order of The Deseret Savings Bank one year after date with interest on said sum at one per cent per month from date until paid, payable quarterly, which said note was made, executed and delivered by said first parties for value received to the said The Deseret Savings Bank, said third party; and by said deed it was provided that if default be made in the payment of the principal of said note or any part thereof, or the interest that might accrue thereon or any part thereof, as the same became due and payable, that then the undersigned might proceed to sell said described property at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, after giving due public notice thereof as in said deed required; and whereas said deed of trust was duly recorded on the 6th day of October, 1893, in the office of the county recorder of Cache county, territory (now state) of Utah, in book "J" of mortgages, pages 311-313, reference to which is hereby made; and whereas, no part of the principal sum due on said note has been paid, and no part of the interest due thereon has been paid except the sum of $256.05; and whereas said principal sum and the interest due thereon has been long since due and payable, and now remains unpaid, and the said The Deseret Savings Bank, the legal owner and holder of said note, has notified me of said non-payment of said principal sum, and of said non-payment of said interest, due and payable as aforesaid, and has requested me to sell said real estate in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust, to pay said principal sum due on said note as aforesaid, and the interest accrued thereon, and the costs of this sale, including compensation to said trustee, and $125 attorney's fee. Now, therefore, on Friday, the 27th day of November, A. D. 1896, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, of said day, at the banking house of the said The Deseret Savings Bank, corner of First South and Main streets, in Salt Lake city, Utah, for the purposes aforesaid and at public vendue, I shall sell to the highest bidder for cash, all of the right, title and interest that said Joseph E. Wilson and Lerona A. Wilson, his wife, or either of them had on the 9th day of September, 1893, or have since acquired of, in and to that certain tract of real estate in the county of Cache, state of Utah, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: The northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty-five (25), township twelve (12), north range one (1) east of the Salt Lake meridian. Also the south half and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of said section twenty-five (25), township twelve (12), north range one (1) east, Salt Lake meridian, excepting that tract heretofore conveyed to Alfred Hanson by Louis A. Mostman and wife by deed of date March 14, 1885, and recorded in book "S" of deeds, page 411, records of Cache county.