

BANK CLEARINGS SHOW DECREASES

Very Few Cities in the Increase Column.

DUN HOPEFUL, YET GLOOMY

ADVANCE AGENT OF PROSPERITY IS BEHIND TIME.

Government Bonds Strong, State Dull and Railroads Higher—Speculation on Wall Street Closes Strong at an Advancing Tendency

Table with columns for City, Feb. 26, and Feb. 25. Lists various cities and their corresponding values.

SEEN BY DUN.

Wave of Prosperity Appears to Be Coming Mightily Soon.

New York, Feb. 26.—R. G. Dun & Co. will say tomorrow in their weekly review of trade: Genuine improvement in business does not come with a rush, like the breaking of a great dam.

What enjoyed a brief rise, then dropped over 2 cents and closed 2 1/2 lower for the week. While western receipts were 40 per cent smaller than last year, for the past four weeks Atlantic exports, flour included, in the same weeks have been 6,345,215 bushels against 7,947,577 last year, and the exports of corn have been 4,852,282 bushels against 4,195,282 last year.

WALL STREET.

Government Bonds Strong, State Dull, Railroads Higher. New York, Feb. 26.—Money on call, easy at 1 1/2 per cent; last loan at 1 1/2 and closing 1 1/2 per cent.

of the hogs sell within a very narrow range and packers are taking all they can get. The strength recently displayed received a check today, and prices broke about 5c on receipts estimated at 31,000. At the decline trade was fairly active.

Sheep—Receipts have not been excessive. Live stock having run along pretty evenly with last week, but were considerably under those of a year ago.

Cattle—Receipts, 2,500. Common beef steers, 2.50@2.75; Texas fed steers, fair to choice, 2.50@4.20; other prices unchanged.

Hogs—Receipts, 31,000. Heavy packing and shipping lots, 2.40@3.25; common to choice mixed, 2.45@3.45; choice assorted, 3.40@3.70; light, 3.00@3.70; pigs, 2.25@3.70.

South Omaha Live Stock. Receipts, 2,500; market, slow. Light and mixed, 4.00@5.00; heavy, 3.25@3.45.

Cattle—Receipts, 1,500; market about steady. Steers, 2.50@4.00; cows, 1.50@3.50; feeders, 2.50@4.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 1,600; market weak to 10c lower. Muttons, 2.55.

Kansas City Live Stock. Kansas City, Feb. 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,873; market steady. Native dressed beef grades, 4.00@5.00; stockers and feeders, 3.75@4.20; cows and heifers, 3.40@3.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 10,000; market 10c to 15c lower. Pigs, 2.25@3.70.

Liverpool Wheat. Liverpool, Feb. 26.—Spot wheat quiet, poor demand; California club, 6s 3/4; No. 1 northern, 6s 4d.

Three Cents. Per cut for pure imported cattle soap, today only. AT WALKER'S.

VISITED THE UNIVERSITY.

LEGISLATURE MADE AN OFFICIAL CALL YESTERDAY.

Warmly Welcomed by the Professors and the Students—Speaker Perkins, Mrs. La Barthe, Senators Caine and Rideout Make Brief Addresses.

About half of the members of the legislature yesterday visited the University of Utah and thoroughly inspected every department, from the Desert Museum to the normal training school. President Tallmage personally escorted the guests through the various buildings, explaining all the special features of the institution, and many of the visitors regretted that they had not sufficient time at their disposal for a more extended examination.

When the main building had been inspected the students then attending recitations were summoned to the largest of the buildings in which all of the students can be assembled, and they can only be brought together in two or more separate halls.

When the main building had been inspected the students then attending recitations were summoned to the largest of the buildings in which all of the students can be assembled, and they can only be brought together in two or more separate halls.

Speaker Perkins upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

Senator Perkins, upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

Senator Perkins, upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

Senator Perkins, upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

Senator Perkins, upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

Senator Perkins, upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

Senator Perkins, upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

Senator Perkins, upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

Senator Perkins, upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

Senator Perkins, upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

Senator Perkins, upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

Senator Perkins, upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

Senator Perkins, upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

Senator Perkins, upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

Senator Perkins, upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

Senator Perkins, upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

Senator Perkins, upon being invited to make a speech, expressed his delight to look into the halls of the university, and said: "There is always a halo about these institutions, and I believe that the students of the future will be able to do more for their country than we have done."

THE SALT LAKE HERALD SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1897.

THE SINGLE STANDARD

Republicans Do Not Believe Their Party is Committed to It.

HOT DEBATE IN THE HOUSE

INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT BILL OPPOSED BY THREE.

Actual Vote on the Passage of the Measure Stood 279 to 3—Bill Passed Providing for the Arbitration of Labor Troubles Between the Management of the Interstate Commerce Commissioners and Their Employees.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The interpretation to be placed upon the declaration of the platform of the Republican national committee regarding the securing of an international metallic agreement was the subject of an animated and at times exciting debate in the house today.

The debate was had upon the senate bill providing for the representation of the United States at any international conference to be held for the purpose of reaching an agreement to fix the relative value of gold and silver, reported by the committee on coinage, weights and measures, which Mr. C. W. Stone (Rep., Ohio) moved to suspend the rules and pass.

The debate lasted two hours and was participated in by a dozen or more of the members.

The principal speeches against the bill were made by Messrs. Quigg (Rep., N. Y.), Johnson (Rep., Ind.), Knox (Rep., Mass.), and in advocacy thereof by Messrs. C. W. Stone (Rep., Ohio), Dingley (Rep., Maine), and Grosvener (Rep., Ohio).

Mr. Dingley's speech was the first he had made for many weeks, and his appearance was greeted with applause. The bill was passed on a yeas and nays vote of 279 to 3.

The operation of the rule permitting motions to suspend the rules and pass bills is limited to the consideration of the remainder of the session and under that rule the following measures were passed: A bill for the memorial building to be erected by the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Providing for arbitration of labor troubles between the management of interstate commerce commissioners and their employees.

Prohibiting the importation of impure and unwholesome tea.

At 5:25 the house adjourned.

MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL ARE PUZZLED.

The Big Canal Seems to Be the Only Belief—Another Meeting Held Yesterday.

The members of the council are much puzzled over the west side drainage question. It is rather a difficult problem, too, now that the building of the big surplus canal to the lake has fallen through.

The city engineer as well as the council members know the big canal is the only permanent drainage for the water of the city during the high water season.

But the council refused to co-operate and the city will not undertake to build it alone. The matter now confronting the council is how to drain the inundated portion at the least expense.

The committee on streets and Jordan canal met last Thursday night, and again yesterday. City Engineer Kelsey in his report last Thursday to the council pointed out that a canal constructed from Third South to run along Ninth West to Ninth North at a cost of \$2,000, a closer estimate places the cost at \$4,500, and even though this should be expended but four or five blocks would be benefited. A system of canals on various streets would drain almost the entire portion of the district normally under water during the spring, but this would cost \$2,500, and possibly \$3,000, the amount it would cost the city to build its half of the surplus canal.

"But after all these canals would be of little use during the high water. The only permanent drainage is the Jordan water in the Jordan now to the lake so as to prevent its overflowing its banks and to prevent its overflowing its banks and to prevent its overflowing its banks."

No matter how many ditches are built to carry the water off the low section will be inundated and the water will be there to the ditches will carry off the water.

The council understands the situation and will not be deceived by the engineer's plan. It is practically a waste of money.

RAGING OHIO.

A Belief That the Waters Will Recede Rapidly.

Cincinnati, Feb. 26.—The river is falling. At 8 o'clock tonight the news was given out at the waterworks that the gauge there showed by the slightest margin a quarter of an inch, a receding tide. Up to that hour from 8 a. m. the river had been stubbornly at a standstill of 61 feet 2 inches. It is more than likely that from now on the waters will go down rapidly.

RECECHAM'S PILLS

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders such as Headache, Dizziness, Fullness and Swelling of the Stomach, Sick Headache, Constipation, Indigestion and Bloating, Cold Chills, Flushing of the Face, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Castness, Blisters on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Bilious Affections. It cures the most obstinate cases of Biliousness, Indigestion, and all the ailments of the Bowels. It is a safe and reliable medicine, and is sold in all the principal cities of the world.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

RECECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restore females to complete health. They promptly remove obstructions or irregularities of the system. For a

WEAK STOMACH, IMPAIRED DIGESTION, DISORDERED LIVER

they act like magic—a few doses will work wonders upon the Vital Organism, strengthening the muscular system, restoring the long-lost complexion, bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the Roseate of Health the system generally. These are facts admitted by thousands in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that RECECHAM'S PILLS have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the World.

WITHOUT A RIVAL.

Annual Sales over 6,000,000 Boxes. Sold at Drug Stores, or will be sent by U. S. Agents, E. F. ALLEN & CO., 302 Canal St., New York, post paid, upon receipt of price. Book free upon application.

HIGH ANDERSON, FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT ESTABLISHED 1873.

P. O. Box 977. Telephone 195. 131 South Main St., Salt Lake City.

THE SALT LAKE HERALD SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1897.

THE SINGLE STANDARD

Republicans Do Not Believe Their Party is Committed to It.

HOT DEBATE IN THE HOUSE

INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT BILL OPPOSED BY THREE.

Actual Vote on the Passage of the Measure Stood 279 to 3—Bill Passed Providing for the Arbitration of Labor Troubles Between the Management of the Interstate Commerce Commissioners and Their Employees.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The interpretation to be placed upon the declaration of the platform of the Republican national committee regarding the securing of an international metallic agreement was the subject of an animated and at times exciting debate in the house today.

The debate was had upon the senate bill providing for the representation of the United States at any international conference to be held for the purpose of reaching an agreement to fix the relative value of gold and silver, reported by the committee on coinage, weights and measures, which Mr. C. W. Stone (Rep., Ohio) moved to suspend the rules and pass.

The debate lasted two hours and was participated in by a dozen or more of the members.

The principal speeches against the bill were made by Messrs. Quigg (Rep., N. Y.), Johnson (Rep., Ind.), Knox (Rep., Mass.), and in advocacy thereof by Messrs. C. W. Stone (Rep., Ohio), Dingley (Rep., Maine), and Grosvener (Rep., Ohio).

Mr. Dingley's speech was the first he had made for many weeks, and his appearance was greeted with applause. The bill was passed on a yeas and nays vote of 279 to 3.

The operation of the rule permitting motions to suspend the rules and pass bills is limited to the consideration of the remainder of the session and under that rule the following measures were passed: A bill for the memorial building to be erected by the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Providing for arbitration of labor troubles between the management of interstate commerce commissioners and their employees.

Prohibiting the importation of impure and unwholesome tea.

At 5:25 the house adjourned.

MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL ARE PUZZLED.

The Big Canal Seems to Be the Only Belief—Another Meeting Held Yesterday.

The members of the council are much puzzled over the west side drainage question. It is rather a difficult problem, too, now that the building of the big surplus canal to the lake has fallen through.

The city engineer as well as the council members know the big canal is the only permanent drainage for the water of the city during the high water season.

But the council refused to co-operate and the city will not undertake to build it alone. The matter now confronting the council is how to drain the inundated portion at the least expense.

The committee on streets and Jordan canal met last Thursday night, and again yesterday. City Engineer Kelsey in his report last Thursday to the council pointed out that a canal constructed from Third South to run along Ninth West to Ninth North at a cost of \$2,000, a closer estimate places the cost at \$4,500, and even though this should be expended but four or five blocks would be benefited. A system of canals on various streets would drain almost the entire portion of the district normally under water during the spring, but this would cost \$2,500, and possibly \$3,000, the amount it would cost the city to build its half of the surplus canal.

"But after all these canals would be of little use during the high water. The only permanent drainage is the Jordan water in the Jordan now to the lake so as to prevent its overflowing its banks and to prevent its overflowing its banks."

No matter how many ditches are built to carry the water off the low section will be inundated and the water will be there to the ditches will carry off the water.

The council understands the situation and will not be deceived by the engineer's plan. It is practically a waste of money.

RAGING OHIO.

A Belief That the Waters Will Recede Rapidly.

Cincinnati, Feb. 26.—The river is falling. At 8 o'clock tonight the news was given out at the waterworks that the gauge there showed by the slightest margin a quarter of an inch, a receding tide. Up to that hour from 8 a. m. the river had been stubbornly at a standstill of 61 feet 2 inches. It is more than likely that from now on the waters will go down rapidly.

RECECHAM'S PILLS

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders such as Headache, Dizziness, Fullness and Swelling of the Stomach, Sick Headache, Constipation, Indigestion and Bloating, Cold Chills, Flushing of the Face, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Castness, Blisters on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Bilious Affections. It cures the most obstinate cases of Biliousness, Indigestion, and all the ailments of the Bowels. It is a safe and reliable medicine, and is sold in all the principal cities of the world.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

RECECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restore females to complete health. They promptly remove obstructions or irregularities of the system. For a

WEAK STOMACH, IMPAIRED DIGESTION, DISORDERED LIVER

they act like magic—a few doses will work wonders upon the Vital Organism, strengthening the muscular system, restoring the long-lost complexion, bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the Roseate of Health the system generally. These are facts admitted by thousands in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that RECECHAM'S PILLS have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the World.

WITHOUT A RIVAL.

Annual Sales over 6,000,000 Boxes. Sold at Drug Stores, or will be sent by U. S. Agents, E. F. ALLEN & CO., 302 Canal St., New York, post paid, upon receipt of price. Book free upon application.

HIGH ANDERSON, FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT ESTABLISHED 1873.

P. O. Box 977. Telephone 195. 131 South Main St., Salt Lake City.

THE SALT LAKE HERALD SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1897.

THE SINGLE STANDARD

Republicans Do Not Believe Their Party is Committed to It.

HOT DEBATE IN THE HOUSE

INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT BILL OPPOSED BY THREE.

Actual Vote on the Passage of the Measure Stood 279 to 3—Bill Passed Providing for the Arbitration of Labor Troubles Between the Management of the Interstate Commerce Commissioners and Their Employees.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The interpretation to be placed upon the declaration of the platform of the Republican national committee regarding the securing of an international metallic agreement was the subject of an animated and at times exciting debate in the house today.

The debate was had upon the senate bill providing for the representation of the United States at any international conference to be held for the purpose of reaching an agreement to fix the relative value of gold and silver, reported by the committee on coinage, weights and measures, which Mr. C. W. Stone (Rep., Ohio) moved to suspend the rules and pass.

The debate lasted two hours and was participated in by a dozen or more of the members.

The principal speeches against the bill were made by Messrs. Quigg (Rep., N. Y.), Johnson (Rep., Ind.), Knox (Rep., Mass.), and in advocacy thereof by Messrs. C. W. Stone (Rep., Ohio), Dingley (Rep., Maine), and Grosvener (Rep., Ohio).

Mr. Dingley's speech was the first he had made for many weeks, and his appearance was greeted with applause. The bill was passed on a yeas and nays vote of 279 to 3.

The operation of the rule permitting motions to suspend the rules and pass bills is limited to the consideration of the remainder of the session and under that rule the following measures were passed: A bill for the memorial building to be erected by the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Providing for arbitration of labor troubles between the management of interstate commerce commissioners and their employees.

Prohibiting the importation of impure and unwholesome tea.

At 5:25 the house adjourned.

MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL ARE PUZZLED.

The Big Canal Seems to Be the Only Belief—Another Meeting Held Yesterday.

The members of the council are much puzzled over the west side drainage question. It is rather a difficult problem, too, now that the building of the big surplus canal to the lake has fallen through.

The city engineer as well as the council members know the big canal is the only permanent drainage for the water of the city during the high water season.

But the council refused to co-operate and the city will not undertake to build it alone. The matter now confronting the council is how to drain the inundated portion at the least expense.

The committee on streets and Jordan canal met last Thursday night, and again yesterday. City Engineer Kelsey in his report last Thursday to the council pointed out that a canal constructed from Third South to run along Ninth West to Ninth North at a cost of \$2,000, a closer estimate places the cost at \$4,500, and even though this should be expended but four or five blocks would be benefited. A system of canals on various streets would drain almost the entire portion of the district normally under water during the spring, but this would cost \$2,500, and possibly \$3,000, the amount it would cost the city to build its half of the surplus canal.

"But after all these canals would be of little use during the high water. The only permanent drainage is the Jordan water in the Jordan now to the lake so as to prevent its overflowing its banks and to prevent its overflowing its banks."

No matter how many ditches are built to carry the water off the low section will be inundated and the water will be there to the ditches will carry off the water.

The council understands the situation and will not be deceived by the engineer's plan. It is practically a waste of money.

RAGING OHIO.

A Belief That the Waters Will Recede Rapidly.

Cincinnati, Feb. 26.—The river is falling. At 8 o'clock tonight the news was given out at the waterworks that the gauge there showed by the slightest margin a quarter of an inch, a receding tide. Up to that hour from 8 a. m. the river had been stubbornly at a standstill of 61 feet 2 inches. It is more than likely that from now on the waters will go down rapidly.

RECECHAM'S PILLS

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders such as Headache, Dizziness, Fullness and Swelling of the Stomach, Sick Headache, Constipation, Indigestion and Bloating, Cold Chills, Flushing of the Face, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Castness, Blisters on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Bilious Affections. It cures the most obstinate cases of Biliousness, Indigestion, and all the ailments of the Bowels. It is a safe and reliable medicine, and is sold in all the principal cities of the world.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

RECECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restore females to complete health. They promptly remove obstructions or irregularities of the system. For a

WEAK STOMACH, IMPAIRED DIGESTION, DISORDERED LIVER

they act like magic—a few doses will work wonders upon the Vital Organism, strengthening the muscular system, restoring the long-lost complexion, bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the Roseate of Health the system generally. These are facts admitted by thousands in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that RECECHAM'S PILLS have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the World.

WITHOUT A RIVAL.

Annual Sales over 6,000,000 Boxes. Sold at Drug Stores, or will be sent by U. S. Agents, E. F. ALLEN & CO., 302 Canal St., New York, post paid, upon receipt of price. Book free upon application.

HIGH ANDERSON, FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT ESTABLISHED 1873.

P. O. Box 977. Telephone 195. 131 South Main St., Salt Lake City.

THE SALT LAKE HERALD SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1897.

THE SINGLE STANDARD

Republicans Do Not Believe Their Party is Committed to It.

HOT DEBATE IN THE HOUSE

INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT BILL OPPOSED BY THREE.

Actual Vote on the Passage of the Measure Stood 279 to 3—Bill Passed Providing for the Arbitration of Labor Troubles Between the Management of the Interstate Commerce Commissioners and Their Employees.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The interpretation to be placed upon the declaration of the platform of the Republican national committee regarding the securing of an international metallic agreement was the subject of an animated and at times exciting debate in the house today.

The debate was had upon the senate bill providing for the representation of the United States at any international conference to be held for the purpose of reaching an agreement to fix the relative value of gold and silver, reported by the committee on coinage, weights and measures, which Mr. C. W. Stone (Rep., Ohio) moved to suspend the rules and pass.

The debate lasted two hours and was participated in by a dozen or more of the members.

The principal speeches against the bill were made by Messrs. Quigg (Rep., N. Y.), Johnson (Rep., Ind.), Knox (Rep., Mass.), and in advocacy thereof by Messrs. C. W. Stone (Rep., Ohio), Dingley (Rep., Maine), and Grosvener (Rep., Ohio).

Mr. Dingley's speech was the first he had made for many weeks, and his appearance was greeted with applause. The bill was passed on a yeas and nays vote of 279 to 3.

The operation of the rule permitting motions to suspend the rules and pass bills is limited to the consideration of the remainder of the session and under that rule the following measures were passed: A bill for the memorial building to be erected by the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Providing for arbitration of labor troubles between the management of interstate commerce commissioners and their employees.

Prohibiting the importation of impure and unwholesome tea.

At 5