BAD WRECK AT MILLERSBURG, O.

Cleveland, Akron & Columbus Crashes Into the B. & O.

SEVEN PEOPLE SERIOUSLY INJURED

HEROIC CONDUCT OF THE ENGINEER OF THE B. & O.

Five Hundred Passengers Aboard the C. A. & C. Were Employees of the Ohio Rubber Companies Out For a Picnic—A Claim That the Excursion Train Had the Right of Way.

Akron, O., June 26.—The first section of the Cleveland, Akron & Columbus train, having on board the employees of the Goodrich Rubber company, the Diamond Rubber company and the Akron India Rubber company, ran into a Baltimore & Ohio engine at Millersburg this morning. It was not intended that the excursion train should stop at Millersburg, and it was going through the town at a high rate of speed when the engineer discovered a Baltimore & Ohio train on the track ahead of him in front of the depot. He whistled for brakes and applied the air, but the train dashed on and struck the Baltimore & Ohio train. The collision was terrific. The engineers and firemen of both engines jumped and saved themselves. Both engines and both baggage cars were badly wrecked.

There were 500 passengers on the excursion train and great excitement prevailed.

The C. A. & C. train had the right of way.

Following is the list of those seriously injured:

Philip Rosemond, left leg broken at the hip; very seriously hurt.

John Wiese, internally injured.

Alax Cajeron, back and left leg badly bruised.

Chauncey Lilly, nose broken; severe bruises.

Frank Hilton, leg severely injured.

Edward Hilton, injured about head.

Arthur Cope, internal injuries.

All these were riding in the baggage car, having their bicycles with them.

From an officer of the Goodrich Rubber company, who was at the scene of the accident, the following story was secured:

The C. A. & C. picnic train, while running at a rate of 20 miles an hour, struck the regular west bound Baltimore & Ohio a little north of Millersburg depot, which it had just left. The baggage car of the picnic train, in which were the wheelmen with their wheels, was almost entirely crushed. The shock throughout the entire train was very violent and several of those in the last car were thrown violently from their seats to the floor, receiving slight injuries and bruises.

The engineer of the Baltimore & Ohio valiantly stuck to his engine to the last minute. He and the engineer of the C. A. & C., when the trains were about 20 feet apart, after reversing the engines, jumped and saved their lives.

The officials of the road are as yet unable to locate the cause of the collision, but it is said that the B. & O. conductor told his engineer that the special was not due until 9:16 a. m., and that he should go ahead, when in reality the orders read that the special was due at 8:15 a. m.

ONE ROBBER KILLED.

Another One is Badly Wounded—Toughs of Texas.

Springfield, Mo., June 26.—At Buffalo, 40 miles north of here, last night, Frank Taylor was killed and his brother John badly wounded while attempting to rob the wood mill. John escaped. The Taylors were members of a recently organized gang of robbers made up of young Dallas county men. Two weakened and notified the sheriff that an attempt would be made to rob the mill. The sheriff's men surrounded the premises while the robbers were at work, and on the refusal to surrender, fired into the building. Frank Taylor was instantly killed and his brother John badly wounded. John, however, managed to escape through a rear entrance. The two informers are in jail.

WINCHESTER GUNS.

Opinion in Which Half a Million People Are Interested.

New Haven, Conn., June 26.—Judge Hoyt M. Wheeler of the United States circuit court of the southern district of New York has handed down a decision in favor of the defendants in the famous suit of Bannerman vs. the Winchester Repeating Arms company of this city. About 500,000 persons were directly interested in the result of this suit, as they were liable for damage for infringements if the plaintiff won the suit.

The suit was brought in October, 1894, by Francis Bannerman of Brooklyn, against the Winchester Repeating Arms company to enjoin them from making the Winchester model 86 rifle and the Winchester repeating shotgun, model 93, alleging that the supporting forearm action by which these guns are manipulated was an infringement upon patents owned by him. Bannerman claimed $10,000 damages and a royalty upon all the guns of these models which the Winchester had made up to the time the suit was brought.

Judge Wheeler decided that the Winchester guns do not infringe upon the patents of Bannerman and dismissed his bill for damages and an accounting.

BEARING ON CONTRACTS.

Important Opinion Rendered by the Supreme Court of California.

San Francisco, June 26.—An important opinion bearing upon contracts which are held to be against sound morals and public policy was rendered by the supreme court today in the case of Max Wasserman vs. Louis Sloss, as president of the Alaska Commercial company. The latter corporation was engaged in the sealing industry in Alaska and held certain leases from the governments of the United States and Russia. As these were soon to expire and a renewal was necessary, the defendant Sloss represented to Wasserman that in order to enable him to interest certain persons high in authority and in influence in the matter it was necessary for him to have a necessary amount of stock at his disposal. Wasserman thereupon gave him 400 shares of stock, but Sloss refused to return them and suit was instituted to compel him to do so. The trial court gave judgment of non-suit against Wasserman, but the supreme court holds that the action was not one to enforce contract in any sense, and therefore reverses the judgment and orders a new trial, as the stock was not used for the illegal purpose for which it was transferred.

For the Heathens Abroad.

Springfield, O., June 26.—Bishop C. C. McCabe, of the Methodist Episcopal church, who is here to confer with the Rev. William Brewster, returned missionary, announces that he intends to build a fine orphanage in Hing Hua district, China, and donate it to missionary work.

FLORIDA'S RACE WAR.

Good Reason to Believe That is is Virtually Over.

Key West, Fla., June 26.—The excitement which prevailed here yesterday has somewhat abated and there is little danger of the anticipated race war. There was no organized disturbance during the night owing probably to the drastic measures taken by the sheriff who promptly shot down a negro in time to thoroughly awe a gang of colored men which seemed inclined to make trouble. The negro was wounded but it is said not fatally.

The militia are keeping close guard on the jail where Johnson is confined and it seems hardly probable that there will be any necessity for the United States troops. Johnson is the negro accused of assaulting Mrs. Atwell and the whole trouble arose out of threats made by white men that they would lynch Johnson.

The trial of Johnson will be continued today and it is possible there will be some more shooting. The militia, however, has taken good precautions, and the sheriff and his men are determined to prevent either the lynching of Johnson or target practice between whites and blacks.

Several negroes have been arrested, but not in connection with the killing of William Gardner, over whose murder the whites are still in a dangerously revengeful mood. The negro prisoners are lodged in jail, charged with attempt to create a disturbance.

CURRENCY REFORM.

CHIEF BUSINESS OF CONGRESS NEXT WINTER.

Secretary Gage Will Draw Up and Present to the Solons a Bill Having the Approval of the Administration.

Chicago, June 26.—A special to the Times-Herald from Washington says:

The currency reform is to be the chief business of congress next winter. President McKinley has decided fully that he will not send to congress at this session a message suggesting the creation of a currency commission, as he had intended a short time since. Instead of a commission to investigate the subject and report to congress, an administration bill is to be drawn and presented to congress next winter.

The preparation of this measure is to be the special work of Secretary Gage, but he is to have the assistance of Comptroller Eckels and of a number of other officials and public men who are close students of the currency and banking problem.

This measure, when prepared, is to be submitted to the president, and after receiving his approval, will go to Speaker Reed and to a number of leading Republican senators. If any of these have serious objections to its details, an effort will be made to harmonize all the differences so that when the work of passing it through congress is entered upon, there may be no delays through Republican dissensions.

It is said that this administration measure will be a comprehensive and adequate treatment of the currency question. It will be in line with the best and most progressive state of the science of banking and currency. And an effort will be made to put the national banking and national currency system upon a thorough modern and scientific basis.

There will be ample provision for a safe and elastic credit currency on some plan similar to that employed in Canada, or to that recommended in what is known as the Baltimore plan. The gold reserve will be protected as other nations protect their bullion reserve, by destroying the endless chain.

The vexing problem of what to do with the greenbacks will be met fairly and squarely. It is not proposed to retire them summarily, but to gradually convert them into other forms of paper money which will not possess the power of draining the gold reserve whenever exporters of foreign bankers wish to do so. All that is done in this line will be done gradually and in such a way that the country will not notice the change.

Nominations Yesterday.

Washington, June 26.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

War—Colonel C. H. Carlton, Eighth cavalry, to be brigadier general.

Justice—Hiram C. Truesdale of Arizona to be chief justice and Fletcher M. Doan, George R. Davis and Richard E. Sloane, all of Arizona, to be associate justices of the supreme court of Arizona.

Interior—Edward W. Beattie of Montana to be surveyor of Montana.

Treasury—To be collector of internal revenue, Michael W. Sutton of Kansas for the district of Kansas, H. S. Harkins for the district of North Carolina.

Navy—List of naval cadets, graduates of the naval academy, nominated to be second lieutenants, ensigns and assistant engineers in the navy.

Postmaster—W. W. James, Monterey, Cal.

Mrs. Ratcliffe in a Bad State.

Chicago, June 26.—Officers have arrived in the city today to take back Edward T. Ratcliffe, the actor accused of brutally beating his wife, and who is now at liberty on $5,000 bail. An effort will be made to persuade Ratcliffe to return without the usual legal formalities, but should he refuse to do so, requisition papers will at once be forwarded from New York. Mrs. Ratcliffe is said to be still in a very serious condition.

Astor Buys Cuban Bonds.

New York, June 26.—The Herald says: John Jacob Astor has purchased one of the $1,000 6 per cent bonds of the republic of Cuba, which were issued last April. Dr. W. Edward Webb has purchased one of the $500 6 per cent bonds. These bonds are offered at 50 per cent of face value, and fall due ten years after the evacuation of Cuba by the Spanish forces.

Luetgert Held Without Bail.

Chicago, June 26.—Adolph L. Luetgert, the wealthy sausage manufacturer accused of murdering his wife and disposing of her body, was today refused release on writ of habeas corpus. Judge Gibbons held him for trial without bail. The prisoner was at once arraigned and entered a plea of not guilty, his attorney, ex-Judge Vincent, asking for an immediate trial.

They Favor the Treaty.

San Francisco, June 26.—The building trades council has passed resolutions favoring the proposed treaty of annexation of the Hawaiian islands.

Mrs. Oliphant Dead.

London, June 26.—Mrs. Margaret Oliphant, the authoress, died last evening of cancer. She was 70 years old.

It is a great mistake to suppose that a simple tonic gives strength; it only stimulates the stomach to renewed action. To impart real strength, the blood must be purified and enriched, and this can only be done by such a standard alterative as Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

On Hand.

And on the street our gloves are perfect fitting; all sizes and qualities.
BROWN, TERRY & WOODRUFF CO., 168 Main street.

AN IMPORTANT ARREST

John Henry in Jail as a Fort Bridger Suspect.

HARTSHORN CHARGED WITH SELLING BOOZE TO INDIANS.

Henry Brought in by Sheriff Preece of Uintah County and Hartshorn by Marshal Berry—The Evidence Against the Former Said to be Dead Certain — "White Ribbon Charlie" Gets News of the Matter and Makes His Escape—Hearing Tomorrow.

Deputy Marshal Berry of Fort Du Chesne and Sheriff Preece of Uintah county arrived in the city last evening, having in custody John Henry, supposed to be one of the men engaged in the Fort Bridger robbery, and John Hartshorn, who is charged with selling liquor to the Indians on the Uintah reservation. Both men are confined in the county jail and will have a hearing before Commissioner Twomey some time during the early portion of this week.

According to the story told by Sheriff Preece, Henry is without doubt one of the men engaged in the Fort Bridger crime. There is evidence to show that he rode the same horses which were used by the men who did the deed, to the place and back again. Besides this he has been in company with bad men for some time, and although he comes of a good family at Vernal, it appears the officers have no doubt of the fact that he was one of the men who did the deed.

Henry is a man possibly 26 years of age, and for two years is said to have been keeping company with the men who have been engaged in doing some of the bad work in that section. His partner, Charlie Stephens, better known as "White Ribbon Charlie," got away. The sheriff had him located, but just as he was about to make a move and get him, friends gave the alarm and he escaped. He is a bad man, according to the sheriff, and to have gone after him alone would have meant a killing, so the job was let out until later, when another effort will be made. The escape of Charlie leads the officers to believe that he is guilty beyond a doubt, and as Henry and he were together, it is thought this circumstance adds to the certainty of a conviction on the matter.

Henry was seen in his cell at the county jail last evening, and said that he was at home when arrested. He was not served with a warrant and did not know exactly what the charge against him was, but presumed it was in connection with the matter of the Fort Bridger business.

"What will be your defense?" asked The Herald man, "will you be able to prove an alibi, or anything of that sort?"

To this Henry made no reply, the word alibi evidently being a notch too high for him.

"Where were you on the day the Fort Bridger robbery took place?" was the next question.

"On the mountain," was the answer. "I was where I could not have made the ride to Fort Bridger and back, as they say. I could not have done it; no sir."

Henry said he did not know when he would have a hearing, but presumed he would be taken back to Wyoming.

In this connection the sheriff relates that the statement that Henry was "on the mountain" is not sufficient. There are mountains all around, and it would be easy to say one was "on the mountain" in that section of country. Sheriff Preece said he would not have arrested Henry had he not been certain that he was guilty, and declares he has a chain of evidence which will be sure to convict.

The matter will be brought to the attention of Inspector Nichols today, and witnesses will be sent for to come here and see if they can identify the man. There are plenty who saw them at Fort Bridger, and it is believed that identification will be an easy matter.

The horses are said to be the same, and no danger of a mistake. In addition, "White Ribbon Charlie" has been described so as to make sure of no mistake. With his peculiar face, marked and furrowed with lines and several front teeth out; with a peculiar voice, which cannot be disguised, it is certain he was one of the men, and the description of his companion tallies exactly with that of Henry.

Hartshorn, the younger man, is charged with selling liquor to the Indians. He is a young fellow who says he was arrested by Major Berry.

"You are not concerned with the Fort Bridger matter, are you?"

"No, I guess not; I was in jail at the time, and I guess they cannot connect me with that matter."

Hartshorn will have a hearing tomorrow morning.

Both officers were very tired when they reached the city on the 11:40 train last evening, having rode since noon the day before in coming here. They were at the Walker last evening, where they were seen by a Herald man. The arrest of the younger man is of minor importance, compared with that of Henry's apprehension.

ANOTHER OPINION.

This Time it Was About Preference Rights.

Replying to several questions propounded him by the state board of land commissioners, the attorney-general yesterday delivered an opinion in the matter of amending an application, after the time to file the same has expired. The law, says the official, under which the applications are made, requires certain qualifications as to citizenship, time and the nature of the occupation of the land, for which the applicant claims the right of preference. It also requires the application of the preferred claimant must be made before the first day of next month, but does not specify the form or, in other words, what the application should contain. The attorney-general says the applicant should follow as nearly as possible the form drafted by the board and the questions set out should be answered, but the mere fact that there was a failure to answer some or inadvertence in stating all the facts, would not deprive him of his rights. The attorney-general says the filing of an application for a preferred claim would entitle the applicant to a preference right if he could satisfy the board that he comes within the law. Inasmuch as the board has the right to decide contests and determine qualifications, the attorney-general advises there is a certain amount of discretionary matter resting with it.

THE HERALD FLAG.

Great Interest Being Manifested in Its Raising.

Much interest is being taken in the flag which The Herald proposes to raise on the summit of Ensign peak on the morning of the 24th of July—50 years from the day when Old Glory's colors were kissed by the rays of the golden sun.

Several contributions have been made and others are coming in almost daily. The Herald wishes it distinctly understood that it is not begging for subscriptions; it is perfectly willing to pay every cent that the flag and the staff and the erection thereof will cost; but it would like to be able to say that many hundred of persons—especially the little ones—had contributed their mites in order that, in years to come, they might, as they see Old Glory fluttering from the historic peak, feel that they had a personal interest in it; that they had done at least a little to cause history to repeat itself on one of the most memorable days in the history of the great west.

The staff and flag are not designed to be merely temporary. Those who aid in its building, even though now mere children, will be able, some of them, at least, we hope, to point to the Stars and Stripes on the historic mount and say to their children: "When I was no older than you are now, I paid my nickel to help place the flagstaff there: thus recognizing the patriotism of the pioneers, who hoisted the Flag of Freedom on what was then Mexican ground."

FASHIONABLE GATHERING

At Saltair Beach Last Evening—First Fashionable of a Series.

The fashionables gathered in force last evening at beautiful Saltair, the occasion being the initial party of a series to be given under the direction of the Christensen brothers. A printed programme of the dances was provided and followed out, and the scheme gives promise of becoming very popular.

The attendance was larger than on any previous Saturday. Saturday night will be the society night at Saltair this season.

Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Hoyt Sherman, Mrs. Arthur Brown, Miss Eloise Sherman, Miss Laura Sherman, Miss Sibyl Anderson, Miss Edna Shearman, Miss June Sadler, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. McCornick, Miss Keogh, Miss McCornick, Miss Aiff, Miss Colton, Miss Webber, Miss Josie Katz, Miss Edith Shearman, Miss Hanauer, Miss Ida Hanauer, Miss Rankle, Miss Allie Miller, Miss Margaret Miller, Miss Inez Trent, Miss Jasomine Young, Miss Esther Freed, Miss Anna McMillan, Miss Edna Remington; Messrs. Hooper, Lawrence, Judd, Hempstead, Walker, Kimball, Hammel, Savage, Webber, Goodwin, Royal, Clark, Porter, Shearman, Gray, Dr. Critchlow, Vern Hardy, Trent, Thorne and many others.

THE WOOL GROWERS.

THE STATE ASSOCIATION CALLS A MASS MEETING.

To Consider the County License Tax and Other Matters of Importance.

The Utah Woolgrowers' association yesterday issued a call for a mass meeting of the woolgrowers of the state, the object being set out in the following circular letter:

"Dear Sir—The executive board of the association has deemed it necessary to call a mass meeting of the woolgrowers of the state to consider the 'county license tax' and other matters pertaining to the welfare and protection of the woolgrower. The meeting will be held in this city on Saturday, July 17, 1897. The time of day and place will be published in the Salt Lake daily papers.

"It is of vital importance that we have a large attendance and every portion of the state represented. That the 'license tax' is a question which needs our united efforts to overcome can be readily seen. We urge you to be present and trust you will endeavor to have every woolgrower in your locality attend.

"Trusting that you will give this your earnest attention and aid us in securing a large attendance, we remain, yours respectfully,

"JESSE M. SMITH, President.
"E. H. Callister, Secretary."

MEMORIAL SERVICE.

In Commemoration of the Martyrdom of Joseph Smith.

A meeting will be held at the Second ward meeting house this evening in commemoration of the martyrdom of the Prophet Joseph Smith. A very attractive programme has been arranged as follows:

Opening song, "Joseph Smith's First Prayer.".....by the School
Invocation.....Bishop L. G. Hardy
Singing, "The Seer".....School
Singing, Sacramental hymn.....School
Exercises .....Kindergarten Class
Quartette, Gallies.....
Short Lecture, "Life of Joseph to the Establishment of the Church" ..... Miss Edith Lovesy
Testimony of the Three Witnesses.. .....J. C. Sainsbury
Song, "O My Father".....
.....Mrs. Dean Caine Alder
Guitar accompaniment by Professor Schettler.
Short lecture, "Dedication of Kirtland Temple".....C. Hyldahl
Singing, "Poor Wayfaring Man of Grief".....
Short lecture, "Martyrdom of the Prophet and Patriarch".....
.....Lydia D. Alder
Recitation, "O Give Me Back My Prophet Dear,".....Rida Taylor
Remarks ..... Bishop Hardy
Singing, "Weep, Weep, Not for Me Zion,"
Benediction.

Real Estate Transfers.

Abstract of instruments filed in the office of the recorder June 26, 1897, compiled by the Security Abstract company: Mary L. Hodgson to Zion's Benefit Building society, part of lot 1, block 37, plat D..... $3,213
James E. Shaw to J. E. S. Tomlinson, lot 1, block 2, West Temple addition 200
Charles Reitcher to Mrs. Ella T. Park, part of lot 3, block 27, plat B 22
Robert Sherwood to John A. Hasselgren, lot 5, block 1, Sherwood Forest additoin..... 400

He Was Born Lucky.

San Francisco, June 26—In the United States district court Judge DeHaven announced the appointment of George E. Morse, nephew by marriage of President McKinley, as clerk of the court, vice S. Hoffman, resigned.

Two Failures in 'Frisco.

San Francisco, June 26.—The firm of J. G. Johnson & Son, wholesale butchers, filed its voluntary petition in insolvency today. Its liabilities aggregate $25,000; assets, $24,000, of which one-half is encumbered.

The Bay State Mining and Development company also filed its petition in insolvency today. Liabilities, $14,000; assets, certain mining property in Amador county of uncertain value and now under attachment.

United Commercial Travelers.

Columbus, O., June 26.—The United Commercial Travelers of America elected as supreme chancellor R. F. Somerville, Dayton, O.; supreme past chancellor, James Kimball, Salina, Kan.; supreme secretary, C. B. Flagg, Columbus, O.; supreme treasurer, W. E. Carpenter, Columbus, O.; supreme conductor, W. L. Day, Concordia, Kan.; supreme page, C. E. Hobbs, Boston; supreme sentinel, B. E. Seariman, Fort Worth; executive committee, John Dickey and S. H. Strayer, Columbus, O.; supreme surgeon, C. M. Taylor, Columbus, O.; supreme chaplain, James C. Nesbitt, Columbus; auditing committee, T. H. Slayton, Cincinnati; B. G. Carr, Lexington, Ky., and H. A. Marks, Detroit.

You Need It,

Light weight underwear in silk and balbriggan, wool, lisle and plain balbriggan; all sizes for all men.
BROWN, TERRY & WOODRUFF CO., 166 Main street.

OGDEN BUREAU.

Business and Editorial Office 519 Utah Loan & Trust Building.
Telephone 239.

Ogden, June 27.

A MERRY WAR STARTED.

The John Scowcroft & Sons Co. Defies the Coffee Trust—Law May be Invoked.

It became generally known yesterday that the house of John Scowcroft & Sons company had come under the ban of the house of Arbuckle Bros., and that the latter firm had cut off the former from receiving the staple commodity, Arlosa coffee. This was due to the fact that the Ogden firm insisted on treating the goods as their property after they had paid for it. The Arbuckle Bros. claim the right to dictate the price at which they shall sell the coffee. In other words, they are endeavoring to maintain a coffee monopoly and while their customers are willing to sell at cheaper prices and be content with lesser profits, they will not permit this. The John Scowcroft & Sons company threw down the gauntlet and defied the trust.

Mr. Scowcroft said yesterday in answer to questions:

"Yes, it is true we are cut off from the sale of Arbuckle's coffee. The facts are, Arbuckle Bros. sell their Arlosa brand of coffee on what is known as the consignment plan. We order the amount we require for our business, which has been running from 20,000 to 32,500 one-pound packages per month. Arbuckle Bros. bill the goods at what is known as the card rate, which is the price at which we sell the coffee. On making our remittance to Arbuckle Bros. we deduct 1½ cents per pound from the invoice, and which is supposed to be our profit on the transaction, but, before any firm can purchase this coffee, Arbuckle Bros. require a signed contract that the above conditions will be carried out, failing which a fine of $50 is imposed on the violator and his supply of coffee is cut off until the fine is paid. This fine was levied against us on the 3rd inst., Arbuckle Bros. claiming we have cut the price on their coffee, which we do not deny, as we can operate the business for less than $1.50 per case of 100 pounds, considering the large quantity we handle. Of course, we signed the contract; we had to; it was the only way we could get the coffee, but notwithstanding this fact we have always asserted our right when we had bought and paid for goods to sell them at whatever price we pleased, in fact, give them away if we wanted to. The $50 fine is a mere trifle to us; we stand on principle.

"Yes, we are making arrangements for another brand of coffee which we will shortly introduce and which, owing to its good quality, will, we think, be popular with the public."

Mr. Scowcroft has been looking up his legal rights in the matter and it is understood that competent attorneys consider the discrimination against the Scowcroft company a direct violation of the anti-trust laws of the state constitution. A lively time is looked for unless the Arbuckle Bros. recede from their position, as the Scowcroft people seem to be as fully determined in this dispute over coffee as the Boston people were over tea a hundred years ago.

The Washakee Club.

The Washakee club has recently been organized in Ogden. It is the outgrowth of the former W. J. Bryan Silver club. The officers elected are:

C. A. Smurthwaite, great chief; F. R. Christensen, grand war chief; Dr. P. A. Cook, big medicine man; Elijah Parr, little medicine man; A. J. Webber, wendego. Board of sachems consists of ten members, yet to be appointed.

Members of the Bryan Democratic society are entitled to become members of the Washakee club by signing the constitution. Other applicants for membership to be admitted by four-fifths majority.

When W. J. Bryan speaks in Ogden this club will entertain him, and he will be initiated a warrior.

The aims of the organization are set forth as follows:

PREAMBLE.

Realizing that the present financial policy of our government is stifling enterprise and sapping the foundation of the liberties of the American people through the contraction of our currency and the consequent concentration of wealth and power in the hands of a few individuals, and that the Democratic party, by its Chicago platform, is pledged to the adoption of remedial legislation when again entrusted with the affairs of government; therefore, we, the undersigned, have adopted this constitution for the Washakee club, a Democratic society organized in Weber county, state of Utah:

Article I. This organization shall be known as the Washakee club.

ARTICLE II.

The object of this organization shall be generally to maintain and defend the Chicago platform of 1896, to promulgate and perpetuate the principles therein set forth, to assist in securing the free coinage of silver as advocated by said platform, to render aid by both moral and financial support in the great campaign of education now being waged by the silver forces of our country under the leadership of Hon. W. J. Bryan against the power of corporate greed which seeks by the enforcement of an unsound financial system and policy to reduce the great body of American producers to a condition of absolute servitude, and particularly to preserve and perpetuate the time-honored principles of pure Democracy.

ARTICLE III.

Section 1. The officers of this society shall consist of a great chief, grand war chief, big medicine man, little medicine man, grand wendego and a board of sachems.

Sec. 2. The great chief, grand war chief, big medicine man, little medicine man and grand wendego shall be elected at the annual meeting of the society, which shall be held on the first Monday in May of each year; provided, that the first election of officers shall be held on the third Monday of June, 1897. They shall hold office for one year or until their successors are elected and qualified.

Sec. 3. The board of sachems shall consist of great chief, the grand war chief, the grand wendego, the big medicine man and ten other members to be appointed by the great chief. Five members of the board of sachems shall constitute a quorum.

ARTICLE IV.

Section 1. It shall be the duty of the great chief to preside at the meetings of the society. He shall also preside at the meetings of the board of sachems and perform such duties as usually devolve upon presiding officers.

Sec. 2.—In case of the absence or disability of the great chief, the duties of that office shall be discharged by the grand war chief.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the big medicine man to attend to the correspondence of the society, keep an accurate record of its transactions and perform such other duties as the society may direct.

Sec. 4. The little medicine man shall act under the directions of the big medicine man.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the board of sachems to provide a place of meeting, to call special meetings and to propose to the society ways and means for the best accomplishment of its purposes.

ARTICLE V.

The regular meeting of the society shall be held on the first Monday in May in each year. Special meetings may be held at the call of the board of sachems or as may be determined by a majority of the members present at any regular or special meeting.

ARTICLE VI.

Section 1. All persons who subscribe to and indorse the principles set forth in the Chicago platform of 1896 are eligible to membership in this society.

Sec. 2. Any person approved by four-fifths majority of the members present at any regular or special meeting may become a member of this society by paying an initiation fee as provided by the by-laws, signing this constitution and complying with the following requirements: He must pass through the regular initiatory ceremony as prescribed by the ritual of this society. He must make a solemn declaration that he favors the immediate adoption of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1 by the United States government independent of any other nation or nations whatsoever; that he will exercise his power and privileges as a citizen in the attainment of this great end; that he will not lend his support either directly or indirectly to any candidate for political preferment who does not occupy an unequivocal position favorable to the silver issue and to the Chicago platform; that he favors and at all times will labor to maintain the free expression of the popular will upon all political questions; that he deprecates and denounces machine politics, and that he will at no time take part in any movement that has for its objects the subversion or repression of the voice of the people.

ARTICLE VII.

This constitution may be amended at any special meeting called for that purpose, by a two-thirds vote of the members present, provided that one month's notice shall be given of the intention to so amend.

ARTICLE VIII.

Nine members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, provided that a smaller number may initiate candidates who have been regularly elected to membership.

Citizens' Mass Meeting.

A meeting of all committees, and all who are interested in showing hospitality to the Endeavorers who will visit Ogden on July 4 and 5, will be held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. There will be good music and able speakers, and every one who desires to maintain the city's past reputation as the most hospitable city in the inter-mountain country should be present.

Full particulars will be given at this meeting regarding the Utah excursion to California. If you are expecting friends with any of the eastern delegations, come to the meeting and find out just when they will arrive. Attend this meeting and show your interest in carrying forward this good work.

WANT TO MEASURE THE WATER

Prof. Fortier Submits a Proposition to the Commissioner—Sprinkling Proposition.

The board of county commissioners held a session yesterday.

County Attorney Peery sent in a communication formally notifying the board that after July 15 he would be able to get along without an assistant. Mr. Peery thanked the members of the board for their courtesy in furnishing an assistant during the busy season, and commended Mr. Smith for able assistance rendered. On motion of Mr. Seaman Mr. Smith's services were ordered dispensed with from July 15.

Mr. Seaman reported that the county attorney considered that an appropriation by the board made to assist in the entertainment of the Christian Endeavor visitors would be illegal. However, he had secured aid in the way of teams to transport the visitors to places of interest, the aid being furnished gratuitously.

Chairman Armstrong reported having visited the roads in Ogden valley and found them in good condition.

A communication was received from Samuel Fortier of the United States geological survey and the experiment station at Logan. The letter called attention to a pamphlet issued by the station on the water supply of Cache valley. By way of explanation, Mr. Fortier said that the work of measuring the streams was done in part by the use of money appropriated by the board of county commissioners of Cache county, but that the station and the geological survey had expended over $2 for every $1 so appropriated. The work involved the measurement of over 420 streams, at least three times during the season, so as to obtain the average flow. The character of the streams was also noted, and the amount of water left over for Box Elder county. The return waters from seepage and the uses to which they might be directed were considered.

Professor Fortier asked aid from the county in making a similar survey of the Weber river and its tributary streams, which would include the Ogden river. The plan is to begin at the headwaters of the Weber in Summit county and to make measurements beneficial alike to Weber, Morgan and Summit counties.

The advantages will be that it could be determined how the diversion of water in Summit county affects the prior right of owners in Morgan and Weber counties and the amount of water flowing into Morgan county might be compared with the flow through Weber canyon, after deducting the irrigation waters of Morgan valley. The flow at Devil's Gate could also be compared with what flows into the lake, less the combined flow of all the Weber river canals in Weber county. The professor does not expect much help from Summit or Morgan counties, and unless Weber county comes to the front the plan must be abandoned.

The work will cost about $1,000, besides the cost of publishing 2,000 copies of the report. About half the sum will be furnished by the geological survey and the experiment station. If the help is furnished Mr. Fortier agrees that every stream or canal in Weber county, irrigating more than 20 acres, will be measured and the data published.

The matter of allowing bounties on certain wild animals and birds was taken under advisement.

THE SPRINKLING MATTER.

A proposition was made for sprinkling the Ogden canyon road, whereby the county is to sprinkle the road from the first bridge up, provided that the city sprinkle from the first bridge to the center of town, and provided other parties will raise $135.

The Browns Are Coming.

Baseball enthusiasts are impatiently waiting the outcome of the game next Tuesday afternoon between the Fort Douglas Browns and the Ogden Y. M. C. A.'s. It should be a very close, exciting game, judging from the record made by both teams this year. The game will be played at the Driving park, and it is to be hoped the proprietors will endeavor to have the grounds in fine shape, so that good playing may be the order of the day. The Fort Douglas players are gentlemen, and may rest assured that, win or lose, they will be well treated by the Ogdenites.

Ogden City Sued.

A suit was filed late last evening by Willis P. Beardsley against Ogden City to collect $600 and interest. Beardsley has been city auditor for several terms and claims to have been something else, viz., assistant treasurer or special tax collector in the years 1894 and 1895. The complaint recites that during those years, R. A. Moyes was city treasurer, and that he received only $600 for his services, but Beardsley performed the duties of special tax collector, gathering in the sewer tax. The collection of special taxes, it was urged, was not a part of his duties, and that either the treasurer or Beardsley should receive compensation for that duty. The treasurer has assigned whatever claim he may have to Beardsley.

Local Briefs.

The barbers have challenged the bartenders to play ball.

Some time Saturday morning a valuable elevator was stolen from the court house grounds. It belonged to Judge Rolapp, who has offered a reward of $20 for the arrest of the thief.

George W. Baker is back in Ogden after a brief visit to Salt Lake. He brought with him a Mrs. Baker, who was formerly Miss Atwood of Murray. Mr. and Mrs. Baker will reside on Twenty-second street, near Adams.

William Geddes, the Denver contractor, arrived in Ogden last night. He has the contract for building a seepage dam for the Pioneer Electric Power company, and work on the excavation has already been begun. It is supposed Mr. Geddes has come to push the work by putting on a larger force of men.

Sheriff Storrs of Utah county passed through Ogden yesterday en route home from Pocatello, where he went to get the men accused of robbing the store of Ord Bros. at Lehi. He came empty handed, however, as the men escaped from the guards at Pocatello before Storrs arrived there. The confederates arrested by the Ogden police are still in jail, but it is doubtful if a case can be made against them, as the ringleader appears to have been the Pocatello man.

OSTEOPATHY.

U. M. Hibbetts, the Osteologer.

From the American School of Osteopathy and A. T. Still Infirmary of Kirksville, Mo., has located in Ogden and at present is stopping at the Reed hotel; office rooms, 206 and 207, third floor.

WHAT IS OSTEOPATHY?

Osteopathy is a science, based upon an exact, definite and verifiable knowledge of the anatomy and physiology of the human body, and from such reasoned conclusions from this practical knowledge as makes discoverable the great laws of the human system by which nature, apart from artificial and medicinal stimulation, may recover from displacements, disorganizations and consequent disease and regain strength and health.

We treat all diseases successfully, among which are nervous diseases, (in all forms), as general nervous prostration, headaches, sciatica, lumbago, St. Vitus dance, locomoto-ataxia, and all forms of neuralgia. General diseases—Loss of voice, enlarged tonsils, incipient consumption, asthma, awry neck, catarrh, granulated sore eyes, pleviglum erysipelas, scrofula, spinal curvature, goiter, all dislocations, hip joint disease, milk leg, liver and kidney diseases, Bright's disease, all stomach and intestinal affections, catarrh of stomach, dyspepsia, constipation, piles.

Female diseases a specialty—Irregular and painful menstruation, protapsus, leucorrhea, nervousnerr, sterility.

We benefit at least 90 per cent of all chronic affections abandoned as incurable by other systems of treatment; 75 per cent rejoicing in absolute cure, and we ask your careful investigation of our claim.

No charge for consultation.

S. J. Griffin, Corner Twenty-fourth and Grant, Ogden, Utah.

Agent for Crescent and Columbia bicycles. Wheels rented, 25 cents per hour. Fishing rods made and repaired. Model and rubber stamp making a specialty.

INSPECTION SATISFACTORY.

GENERAL OTIS WELL SATISFIED WITH THINGS AT THE FORT.

Review and Inspection Conducted With Military Pomp and Circumstance—A Member of the Twenty-fourth Insane.

General Otis, in command of the department of the Colorado, who arrived in the city on Friday evening for the purpose of making an official inspection of the garrison and post at Fort Douglas, went up to the fort yesterday morning and made a thorough inspection of the troops, the barracks and the general appointments of the post and expressed himself as very well satisfied with the condition of things at the military city.

The inspection took place at 8 a. m. and the review of the troops an hour and a half later, both being attended with the usual military pomp and circumstance.

General Otis and party will remain in the city over today and then return to Denver.

OTHER MILITARY MATTERS.

Denver, June 26.—A court-martial has been detailed at Fort Huachuca, Ariz.

First Sergeant Armstead Earls, retired, who was found guilty of embezzlement by court-martial at Fort Grant and who was dishonorably discharged and sentenced to forfeit all pay due or that might become due to him, has been treated with clemency at the unanimous recommendation of members of the board. Dishonorable discharge has been remitted and the forfeiture limited to $89.40, that being the amount of the expenses of the trial.

Private George Washington, Twenty-fourth infantry, has been ordered to Washington for admission to the hospital for the insane.

From private information received by General Otis it appears that Washington's insanity was developed when he was doing guard duty at Fort Douglas, Utah, and was caused by his fear of wild animals.

Teachers and others contemplating a trip east to spend their vacation should call on or address I. A. Benton, agent Rio Grande Western railway, Salt Lake, for rates and information. The great Rock Island, in connection with the Rio Grande Western, have a very low rate to Missouri river and Chicago, and make direct connection with all Rio Grande Western trains for eastern points, leaving Pueblo every evening at 6:35, and Colorado Springs at 8:10 p. m.; through solid vestibule train to Chicago, consisting of Pullman sleepers, chair car, (seats free) and their famous Rock Island dining car; all meals served a la carte.

Today's Game at Beck's.

Following is the list of the Pioneers and Browns as they will bat in the game at Beck's Hot Springs at 1:30 today:

Jubilees—McGinnis, right field; Ostler, shortstop; Mathews, left field; McFarland, third base; Andrews, first base; Dunn, center field; Knickerbocker, catcher; Barnes, second base; Barker, pitcher; Kidder and Sears, substitutes.

Browns—Jackson, catcher; Reed, second base; Hughes, shortstop; Courtio, third base; Wheeler, left field; Loring, first base; Armstrong, pitcher; Corbin, center field; Richards, right field.

The grand stand prices have been put at 15c. extra.