MARRIAGE DECLARED VOID

Patrick McAfee Escapes From His Marital Troubles.

THE PLAINTIFF DEFAULTS

WAS MARRIED BY CONTRACT AT SAN JOSE, CAL.

And According to Affidavits Had Never Been Divorced, Hence the Ceremony with McAfee Was Void—Mrs. Hamilton's Trial For the Murder of Her Husband Set For October 11—Other Criminal Settings and Arraignments.

The divorce suit of Georgia Spencer McAfee against Patrick McAfee, which was scheduled for trial yesterday and which it was expected would occupy several days, was disposed of in about ten minutes by the marriage ceremony between the parties being declared void.

Mr. Straun, of the firm of Powers, Straup & Lippman, when the case was called, said his firm had withdrawn as counsel for Mrs. McAfee.

Senator Brown said the defendant was in court and ready for trial.

Fred McGurrin, of counsel for the defendant, asked that the alleged marriage between the parties be declared void, and in support of his application read affidavits showing that the plaintiff had been married under the name of Pearl Spencer by contract to Philip Lanz at San Jose, Cal.; that they lived together as man and wife and introduced each other as such, and that they had never been divorced.

Patrick McAfee, the defendant, took the stand and testified that he came from Ophir to Salt Lake and put up at the St. Elmo hotel on April 28 last. He was then, he said, "pretty full," and remained so for several weeks. He had no recollection whatever, he said, of obtaining a marriage license and going through a marriage ceremony with the plaintiff on May 13 last, and had never cohabited with her. Had known her but a few days. She was employed at the St. Elmo hotel. Did not see her at all the night after the ceremony was performed.

This was all the testimony, and his honor ordered that a decree be entered annulling the alleged marriage ceremony entered into between the parties, as demanded in the defendant's cross-complaint.

HOW IT WAS DONE.

McAfee is a miner who made a lucky strike in the Ophir region and sold out his interest, receiving therefor $20,000 in cash. He then proceeded to get drunk and succeeded very well. While in his cups he carried huge sums of money about with him, and one night he was found asleep in his room at the St. Elmo hotel, the door open and several thousands of dollars in bills scattered about the bed. Georgia Pearl, the plaintiff, was a chambermaid at the hotel where McAfee was stopping, and after an acquaintance of a few days, McAfee and Miss Georgia Pearl, accompanied by a friend, went to the county clerk's office and, obtaining a marriage license, went through a marriage ceremony on May 13, and four days later the plaintiff filed suit for divorce, alleging cruelty in that McAfee insisted on doing unnatural and disgusting things, and also setting up habitual drunkenness. She prayed for a decree of divorce, alimony and a large portion of McAfee's lately acquired wealth. Attachments were got out and restraining orders preventing McAfee from disposing of his money, and matters remained more or less in that condition until yesterday, when the proceedings above narrated were had and the case finally disposed of.

CRIMINAL SETTINGS.

Including Cases Against Mrs. Hamilton and Mrs. Thomas.

Judge Norrell yesterday made a setting of criminal cases for trial from Sept. 20 to Oct. 18, both dates inclusive. The two most important cases are those of Lou Hamilton for the murder of her husband, and Cora Thomas for a similar charge, set for Oct. 18.

The settings are as follows:

Monday, Sept. 20.—State vs. J. G. Gannon, assault with a deadly weapon with intent to do bodily harm. State vs. Rena E. Gannon, assault with a deadly weapon with intent to do bodily harm.

Tuesday, Sept. 21.—State vs. A. A. Willis and Ed Livingstone, burglary.

Wednesday, Sept. 22.—State vs. A. A. Willis, grand larceny; state vs. Charles Barnett, assault with a deadly weapon with intent to do bodily harm.

Thursday, Sept. 23.—State vs. Charles Lee, attempting to commit grand larceny; state vs. Frank White, James Parker and Samuel D. Simpson, attempting to commit grand larceny.

Friday, Sept. 24.—State vs. Thomas Clennell, grand larceny.

Monday, Sept. 27.—State vs. Joseph Williams, Henry Lewis, James Curran, James Robinson and Edward Lewis, destroying and injuring a public jail.

Tuesday, Sept. 28.—State vs. James T. Monk, misdemeanor; state vs. James T. Monk, felony.

Wednesday, Sept. 29.—State vs. John Powell, carnally and unlawfully knowing a female under 18 and over 10 years of age; state vs. J. L. McKenna, assault with a deadly weapon with intent to do bodily harm.

Thursday, Sept. 30.—State vs. James Raymond and Harry Leslie, housebreaking; state vs. Mrs. C. P. Christensen, secreting mortgaged property.

Monday, Oct. 11.—State vs. Lou Hamilton, murder.

Monday, Oct. 18.—State vs. Cora Thomas, murder.

Arraignments Before Judge Norrell.

J. L. McKenna, charged with assault with a deadly weapon, was arraigned before Judge Norrell and entered a plea of not guilty.

In the case of George Pierpont, charged with fornication, the defendant's counsel entered a demurrer to the information and Saturday was set for arguments on the same.

James T. Monk, heretofore arraigned on the charge of concealing and removing the records of his office of mining recorder, entered a plea of not guilty.

Venire of Petit Jurors.

The following are the names of the gentlemen drawn for service as petit jurors in the criminal division of the district court for the September term of court. The venire was made returnable Sept. 20:

Joseph Lerwill, Joseph L. Haywood, Elmer Hill, John Treweek, R. H. McKaig, John Butters, John Lollin, James A. Hilton, S. C. Ewing, Hyrum A. Bagley, E. E. Darling, William Evans, James Hegney, Elias Morris, A. L. Simondi, William Husbands, C. E. Stanton, J. Wash Young, Edward W. Price, I. A. Benton, W. P. Lynn, E. A. King, J. C. Dugan and Josiah Lees.

Miscellaneous Notes.

Mary Ann Jack has entered suit against Brigham S. Young et al. to recover $784.50 on a promissory note secured by a mortgage.

John McDonald has filed an action against William Groesbeck et al. to collect $566 on a promissory note.

Henry P. Henderson has entered suit against Albert J. White et al. to quiet title to a certain piece of real estate described as lot 3, block 5, plat G, Salt Lake City survey.

STRAIGHTOUT REPUBLICANS.

CITY COMMITTEE HAS NO TRUCK WITH NON-PARTISANS.

Meeting Held Last Night—Apportionment of Delegates to the City Convention From the Various Precincts, and Other Business.

There were present at the Republican city central committee meeting last night at the office of Chairman Parsons five committeemen from the municipal wards. They were D. C. Eichner of the First, J. H. Anderson of the Second, F. D. Kimball of the Third, Joseph Lippman of the Fourth and Joseph W. Cottle of the Fifth. F. M. Ulmer was proxy for J. J. Thomas. The resignation of J. C. C. Glenfield was handed in, and George H. Ingram was named as his successor.

When The Herald reporter asked the secretary if the committee had discussed a fusion with the non-partisans he was informed that the subject had not been broached. It was a straightout, stalwart Republican affair. A second interrogation as to what was discussed or done, and the secretary gave The Herald young man a typewritten report, signed by the officers of the meeting, in which it is stated that the precinct primaries are to be held Friday, Oct. 1, the municipal ward conventions Friday, Oct. 8, and the city convention Monday, Oct. 11.

The convention, it is stated, is for the purpose of nominating candidates for mayor, recorder, treasurer, justice of the peace, attorney and auditor, to elect a city Republican committee and to transact such other business as may properly come before it, and it is called to meet in the Salt Lake theatre, on Monday, Oct. 11, at 10 o'clock a. m.

The convention will consist of 609 delegates apportioned to the election precincts as follows:

First municipal ward will be entitled to 145 delegates as follows: First precinct, 12; second, 13; third, 11; fourth, 9; fifth, 13; sixth, 18; seventh, 13; eighth, 16; ninth, 16; tenth, 11; eleventh, 13. Total, 145.

Second municipal ward, 157 delegates. Precinct twelfth, 13; thirteenth, 12; fourteenth, 7; fifteenth, 7; sixteenth, 8; seventeenth, 9; eighteenth, 10; nineteenth, 14; twentieth, 15; twenty-first, 15; twenty-second, 12; twenty-third, 11; twenty-fourth, 7; twenty-fifth, 8; twenty-sixth, 9. Total, 157.

Third municipal ward, 93 delegates. Precinct twenty-seventh, 9; twenty-eighth, 8; twenty-ninth, 9; thirtieth, 8; thirty-first, 10; thirty-second, 14; thirty-third, 11; thirty-fourth, 10; thirty-fifth, 8; thirty-sixth, 6. Total, 93.

Fourth municipal ward, 85 delegates. Precinct, thirty-seventh, 11; thirty-eighth, 12; thirty-ninth, 9; fortieth, 12; forty-first, 9; forty-second, 17; forty-third, 15. Total, 85.

Fifth municipal ward, 129 delegates. Precinct forty-fourth, 13; forty-fifth, 10; forty-sixth, 12; forty-seventh, 12; forty-eighth, 15; forty-ninth, 18; fiftieth, 14; fifty-first, 19; fifty-second, 16. Total, 129.

EVICTIONS CAUSE A RIOT.

STRIKERS ARE HEADED BY THEIR WOMEN.

No Further Attempts at Eviction Will Be Made for the Present—Deputies Were a Badly Scared Lot.

Pittsburg, Sept. 7.—The efforts to evict the striking miners of the Pittsburg & Chicago Coal company at Orangeville, one and a half miles from Gastonville, resulted in a riot of no mean proportions, and the utter failure of the company to accomplish its object. About 7 o'clock last night 20 deputies from Washington, Pa., in charge of Chief Deputy Joseph H. Westwerll, reached Finleyville, where they were met by a large crowd of strikers and their friends. Each deputy was armed with a Winchester rifle and a revolver, but in spite of this the strikers, headed by 100 Polish women, closed in on them and the deputies received rough treatment. They were gradually forced back and finally retreated to Gastonville, followed by about 200 armed men and women. At Gastonville the deputies took refuge in the office of the company, where they were kept all night, during which the building was bombarded with stones and bricks and an occasional shot was fired.

At 7 o'clock this morning the trouble of the night reached a climax, when the deputies sallied out from their besieged quarters and started to march to Orangeville. Each one carried a Winchester and revolver. Headed by the women, the strikers rushed on the deputies with stones and clubs and pick handles, and blows fell thick and fast. One big woman wrested a rifle from a deputy's hands and struck him on the head with it, inflicting serious injury. By this time 1,000 men, women and children had joined the crowd. They came from Venetia, Snowden, Calamity and Finleyville. The deputies slowly made their way to Orangeville, never firing a shot. They finally took refuge in a vacant house, closely followed by the mob, which quickly surrounded the building and threatened to burn it.

Finally one of the strikers approached the house with a flag of truce and a conference was held. The deputies were ordered to leave town, and after a short parley decided to do so. They emerged from the house a badly scared lot of men, and walking between the opened ranks of the strikers, started for Gastonville. Almost every man in the posse was cut and bleeding, and several were badly hurt. One had his right hand almost severed by a sharp stone. As the defeated deputies ran the gauntlet, they were greeted with hisses, curses and ridicule. The strikers then closed behind them and marched them to the station, where they took the train for Washington.

After their departure the mob dispersed and everything is quiet now. The officials of the company say no attempt will be made to evict the miners for the present.

TILLMAN TALKS.

"Labor and Capital In Their Relation to Politics."

Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Senator Tillman was the orator of the Labor day celebration of the Rochester trades union. His subject was "Labor and Capital and Their Relation to Politics." The senator advised the Democrats of the state to refuse to accept a candidate for the court of appeals who had not voted for Bryan and who did not stand on the Chicago platform.

Referring to the injunction granted against the striking miners, the senator severely criticised the judges who granted the orders and asserted that until an end was put to "government by injunction," there could be no liberty in this country.

The speaker ridiculed the bimetallic commission, and deplored the spectacle of the United States going to European countries and begging for bimetallism. It would be just as sensible to ask for an international agreement in passing tariff laws, he said, as to ask for an international monetary agreement.

HOTEL FRAUDS NABBED.

Duke and Duchess of Rio Grande In Jail.

VERY PECULIAR COUPLE.

WOMAN HAS TALENT AND IS KNOWN IN CHICAGO.

Man Said to Be a Brazilian Nobleman In Disguise—Minister Deposed on Account of Intimacy With the Servant Girl—Young Westwood's Record In Chicago—Mysterious Murder at Colorado Springs—Confessed Too Late.

London, Sept. 7.—The Duke and Duchess of Rio Grande were arraigned in the Marlborough police court this morning, charged with defrauding hotels and boarding houses. The duke is said to be a Brazilian nobleman, and the duchess, it is asserted, is a niece of ex-United States Senator O. D. Conger of Michigan.

The prisoners were brought up in the midst of a motley assemblage of ragged criminals. They had slept in cells at Holloway and showed the effects of the uncomfortable night they had passed. Nevertheless, the duke rested his chin jauntily on his gloved hand. He is a short, dapper man with pompadour-cut hair, pointed beard and waxed moustache. The duchess is a handsome woman about 30 years of age, with refined features. Her face was swollen with weeping. The duchess said her father lived in a village in northern New York, and was an artist and a member of the Artists' Board of Awards at the Chicago exposition.

A hotelkeeper and the landladies of two boarding houses confronted the couple in court today. Mrs. Elizabeth Standley, one of the landladies, said a lady (the female prisoner) with an infant and nurse, went to her house on June 29, at night, and engaged a room, saying that her husband was dining at the club. The husband (the man prisoner) arrived late, explained that he had been yachting and that his baggage was delayed. They stayed at Mrs. Standley's till Aug. 25, making many excuses when asked for money or when asked why their baggage was not forthcoming. Mrs. Standley was compelled to have the duke and duchess expelled from her house. The landlady said she felt sorry for the lady, as her husband neglected her shamefully. While residing with Mrs. Standley the duke and duchess gave the names of Monsieur and Madame Edgar Serge de Niel. The lady said her husband was a duke and a count, that he had half a dozen titles and some "emperor" was about to confer another title upon him. This portion of the evidence caused the presiding magistrate to remark sarcastically, "and that will make seven titles."

After testimony from other landladies who had failed to be paid, the defense claimed the prisoners offered security in bills, but the magistrate said it was a clear case of defrauding the hotel and boarding houses, and he remanded the prisoners for a week, offering to release the female prisoner on £50 bail, half the amount of the entire charge against the prisoners. The latter were eventually returned to Holloway jail in the black maria.

An American who refused to give his name was present in court today. He said: "I will find bail for the woman, but the husband may rot in jail. She is well known in Chicago and is a woman of the highest talents and character. She became fascinated with the worthless man, her husband, married him and had perfect faith in him. I presume he is a duke. I have lived in Brazil and know that anyone can get titles there."

The female prisoner appealed to the United States embassy for protection on the ground that she was an American, but the embassy officials replied that she had forfeited her citizenship by marrying a foreigner. The embassy, however, will be represented at the trial. The woman is well known in New York as Miss Clara Conger. She married De Niel there in 1885. The Brazilian minister says there is no such title as the Duke of Rio Grande.

Slept With a Corpse.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Sept. 7.—Coroner Murlow investigated today the death of an unknown man found in a shack in this city, and decided that murder had been committed. Suspicion points to one Schmidt, in whose shanty the body was found. A bullet hole is plainly discernible in the man's forehead, although the body is badly decomposed. It could not have been a case of suicide, for the door of the shack was locked on the outside with a padlock, and had to be broken down by the police. There was no gun to be found. Evidently the man struggled desperately before yielding his life, for the walls are spattered with blood. As the body was without clothes, there is no trace of the identity of the murdered man. Schmidt has not been seen for four or five days. The theory given out by the coroner is that Schmidt, who is supposed to be demented, killed the man and slept in the shack several nights, until driven off by the smell of the decomposing body.

Illegal Payments.

Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 17.—Ex-Secretary of State McFarland today filed an answer in the action brought by the state through the attorney general to recover moneys alleged to have been wrongfully obtained by clerks in consideration of employment given them on the census. The answer throws the entire responsibility on the executive council which authorized the payment of salaries and was supposed to know the purpose for which the funds were used. The council was composed of the governor, secretary of state, auditor and treasurer.

Confessed Too Late.

Detroit, Sept. 7.—A special to the News from Bancroft, Mich., says that Harry F. Leadby of Rochester, N. Y., died here yesterday. Before his demise he stated that he had been guilty of killing a Miss Emerson in Rochester, and of embezzlement from a Rochester fire insurance firm.

A correspondent in Rochester today interviewed Charles T. Leadley, father of the accused. He acknowledged that the man was his son, but said nothing about the crimes mentioned.

Had One Defender.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 7.—A special from Everett announces the conviction by a committee of the Puget Sound Methodist conference of Rev. W. T. Ford, formerly pastor of a church in this city, on the charge of intimacy with his servant girl.

Ford has been expelled from the church. The vote was 12 to 1.

Westwood's Chicago Record.

San Francisco, Sept. 7.—Chief of Police Lees has received further information regarding the Chicago record of Sir Harry Westwood Cooper. He secured from Mrs. Murphy, his landlady there, $1,400, taking her check in exchange for worthless drafts on the Bank of New South Wales. Her attorneys, Dunn and Byron, learning of this, warned her that Cooper was a swindler, they having had some experience with him. Instead of heeding their warning she turned their letters of warning over to Cooper.

IN RAILWAY CIRCLES.

SENATOR FORAKER AND THE U. P. FORECLOSURE.

Will Also Investigate the Condition of U. P. Sinking Fund and Land Patents—General Passenger Agent Early Goes to Denver For a Vacation—Notes and Personals.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Senator Foraker of Ohio arrived in Washington today. He is chairman of a subcommittee of the senate committee on Pacific railroads which is charged with the investigation of several matters connected with the Pacific railroads, among them being the condition of the sinking fund held in the treasury on account of the Union Pacific road and the alleged fraudulent patenting of lands to this company. This is under a resolution introduced by Senator Pettigrew which was passed by the senate at its last session. The other members of the sub-committee are Senator Harris of Kansas and Senator Stewart of Nevada. Senator Stewart is in Washington and called upon Senator Foraker this evening. Senator Harris is expected to arrive tomorrow. The meeting may be wholly informal. The sub-committee will confer with the attorney general regarding the sale of the Union Pacific which has already been ordered by the circuit court of the Eighth district. Senator Foraker says the sale will include the government's interest which also means the sinking fund and if the sub-committee make any investigation of the sinking fund it must be before the sale takes place. It is the understanding of the sub-committee that the sale will take place within 30 days after the decree is entered and it therefore became necessary for the sub-committee to act at once if any action was to be taken. He did not know whether the committee could do anything in the matter, the members meeting here more for the purpose of ascertaining just what can be done, if anything. It is possible that the sub-committee will begin the necessary proceedings to obtain information concerning the issue of patents, which is another branch of the Pacific railroad inquiry.

His Vacation.

General Passenger and Ticket Agent Early, of the Salt Lake & Ogden railway, will leave for Denver and other eastern points this morning, to take a short rest from the heavy duties he has been performing for several years past. While in Denver he will be the guest of Mr. S. K. Hooper, of the Denver & Rio Grande, and that is enough to insure a pleasant stay in the Queen city. While the visit to eastern points is taken solely in the interest of cessation from toil, Mr. Early will not close his eyes to anything that can possibly add to the attractiveness of Lagoon, and may return with several new features. Mr. Early will be absent a couple or three weeks. Manitou, Colorado Springs, "The Loup," and every point of interest in our neighbor state will be visited.

Rates For the Festival.

Denver, Sept. 7.—At a meeting of the passenger agents of the Trans-Missouri lines held here today, it was decided to grant a rate of one fare for the round trip to Denver on the occasion of the coming Festival of Mountain and Plain. This rate will apply to the state of Colorado, the western half of Nebraska and Kansas and the whole of the state of Wyoming and Utah and the territory of New Mexico. Owing to peculiar conditions the Rock Island was allowed to announce a rate of 80 per cent of one fare.

Employees Make Demands.

Springfield, Mo., Sept. 7.—Committees of the orders of Trainmen, Conductors, Firemen and Engineers have formulated a series of demands to be presented to the St. Louis & San Francisco railway officials on Friday next. Certain work is objected to by all the men unless extra pay is granted, and the conductors and brakemen want better wages. President Robinson today said that his company intended to at once put the standard rules now in vogue in the east in force on this road.

B. & O. Repair Shops Rebuilt.

The erecting and repair shops of the B. & O. at Mount Clare, in the city of Baltimore, which are the oldest shops in the United States, have been completely modernized. The locomotive erecting shop has been rebuilt and is supplied with two 50-ton electric cranes, which lift the heaviest locomotives and move them to any point as though they weighed but a ton. The compressed air appliances are of the latest pattern and the cost of making the improvements will be saved in two years, as the new machinery accelerates the work at a less expense than in times gone by.

New Road From Phoenix.

Phoenix, Ariz., Sept. 7.—United States Attorney Ellinwood today filed in the office of the territorial secretary notice of intention to construct a railroad from Phoenix through Tempe and Mesa to Globe, a distance of 100 miles, with a branch line from Queenawash, a distance of 15 miles to Florence. The notice is filed in the interest of the Santa Fe road. The preliminary survey has been made.

Railway Notes.

Z. C. M. I. factory employees go to Lagoon today.

Quite a number of tourists visited Saltair yesterday.

Pocatello, Ida., Sept. 7.—The strike of Japanese track laborers on the Oregon Short Line has ended and all the strikers have returned to work.

THIS READS WELL.

Tourists' Experience In Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone.

Yellowstone Lake, Wyo., Sept. 7.—W. M. Hill of Osawatomie, Kan., came very near losing his life today by falling into the Grand canyon of the Yellowstone. He descended the canyon to Red Rock, below Point Lookout, and while walking around, slipped and started to roll down the slanting canyon wall some 1,500 feet. He managed to roll over on his back and, by digging his heels and elbows into the sand, slackened his speed until he struck a projecting ledge on the brink of a precipice 600 feet high. He was discovered by tourists, who lowered a rope to him, pulling him up. During his descent, Hill's clothes were almost torn from his body and the sand scraped off considerable skin.

GERMANS BUY A PORT.

It Is to Be Used as a Coal and Naval Station.

San Francisco, Sept. 7.—The Examiner says news has been received from China that the port of Tung Yung Kok, near Foochow, is to be sold to Germany as a coaling and naval station. Negotiations have been in progress for some time, and the Chinese government has favorably considered the proposal in recognition of Germany's services to her in the retrocession of Liaotung peninsula.

Explained.

Washington Star: "It seems to be a case of genuine attachment," said the young woman. "She hasn't jilted him yet."

"No," replied Miss Cayenne. "She heartily dislikes the girl that he is going to give the engagement ring to next."

YELLOW FEVER SITUATION.

Not a Single Case Reported in New Orleans.

A STRICT QUARANTINE.

NO THREATENED EXODUS FROM THE CITY.

Additional Deaths Reported at Ocean Springs—Town Now Cut Off From the World—Serious Suffering Is Certain to Follow Unless Means For Relief Are Soon Taken—Doctors and Telegraph Operators Worked to Death—Other Cases.

New Orleans, Sept. 7.—Night fell on New Orleans without a single case of yellow fever having been reported to the state board of health. But one imported case has thus far been developed here, and death has wiped that out. The board of health tonight declared that in spite of all reports to the contrary, not one of the many who had come hither from Ocean Springs had been stricken with the disease. In the afternoon dispatches of the Associated Press contained a statement made on authority of the Marine hospital at Washington that Dr. Oliphant, president of the local health board, had telegraphed Dr. Wasdin at Mobile that two deaths had occurred here, but that there were three new cases. Dr. Oliphant affirms with emphasis that he signed no such dispatch, nor did any representative of his in the interest of the board of health.

Dr. Oliphant says that either the marine hospital service has been imposed upon or incorrect information has been given out. This morning at the Gelph residence, where the first and fatal case was reported yesterday, the premises were thoroughly impregnated with sulphur, and it is believed every lingering germ therein has been killed. The four inmates, two servants and the mother and brother of the boy, are absolutely quarantined. Physicians are promptly reporting cases of fever that come under their observance.

During the day it was reported a trainload of people from the coast had been side-tracked beyond the city limits, awaiting such action by the board as would permit them to come into town.

There seemed to be no threatened exodus from the city. All but one road reports business outgoing as normal.

Only one additional death has been reported at Ocean Springs, with symptoms of yellow fever—a mulatto. No new cases have been reported during the afternoon. Ocean Springs has now been absolutely cut off from the outside world, and the only means of reaching the town is by wire or mail.

The telegraph operator there is well nigh worked to death.

Serious suffering is certain to follow. It is said this afternoon that there was only one ton of ice in the town, and that there was no way to get more. Physicians at the Springs get but little rest, and it is not so certain the medical supplies will not soon be exhausted, but in the course of a day or two means will be found whereby relief will be supplied.

If required city physicians will volunteer to aid the local doctors.

TO THE RESCUE.

Government Will Render All Possible Assistance.

Washington, Sept. 7.—The general government will render all assistance in its power to check the spread of yellow fever. This will be done mainly through the agency of the marine hospital service. Dr. Waller Wyman, the head of the bureau, returned to this city this afternoon and assumed active charge in directing the work in assisting the state officials of Mississippi in their efforts to confine the disease to the locality where it appears to have started. Dr. Wyman says the situation at Ocean Springs is entirely in the hands of the state board of health, which the marine hospital bureau is doing everything possible to assist. Dr. Guiteras, the well-known expert in yellow fever, who was requested to go to Ocean Springs by Dr. Wyman, will reach there tomorrow morning. His opinion on the disease is awaited with interest by the bureau.

The marine hospital service has ample camp material and equipment on hand. The splendid outfit which has been at Gainesville, Ga., will be started tonight on a train for the vicinity of Ocean Springs. It will be taken to within 30 or 40 miles of the place, and if a camp of detention is found necessary the outfit will be used as occasion may require. The bureau also keeps portable apparatus at Savannah, Ga., intended for use in epidemics. It consists of machines for disinfecting and fumigating purposes. They have been started for the vicinity of Ocean Springs.

"Your Daughter is Dead."

St. Louis, Sept. 7.—The first victim of the yellow fever plague at Ocean Springs was a St. Louis girl, Miss Penelope Schutze, daughter of F. C. G. Schutze, a well-to-do retired merchant of this city.

On Saturday came a dispatch saying she was very ill with fever. The family were greatly alarmed, but on Monday they were horrified by a brief telegram from the hotel people saying: "Your daughter died on Sunday of yellow fever."

Three at Biloxi.

Biloxi, Miss., Sept. 7.—At 10:30 o'clock tonight three well defined cases of yellow fever have been discovered. They are under guard and no fear is felt.

LEE GOT HIM OUT.

American Citizen Brutally Treated By Spaniards.

New York, Sept. 7.—The Ward line Yumuri, which arrived here today from Tampico and Havana, brought Lorenzo Vives, who was arrested last December at the Hotel Angleterre, in Havana and imprisoned at Cabanas for three months. Vives is an American citizen. He denounces in bitter terms the hotel proprietor, who is a captain in the Spanish volunteers. He reported to the Spaniards that Vives was a Cuban spy and caused his arrest. With no friends at hand, Vives was held at the Cabanas fortress until he was taken out with a large number of prisoners to be transported to Africa, but Consul General Lee interfered and demanded his release, as an American citizen. Vives was sent to jail, and later, through the efforts of General Lee, obtained his release.

Vives admitted that he had been sent out on a secret mission by the Cuban junta, but the Spanish authorities were unable to prove this. He says the only thing that saved him was the fact that he was an American citizen.

VICTORY FOR GERMANY.

Marquis of Salisbury's Latest Proposition.

London, Sept. 7.—The Marquis of Salisbury's latest proposition for the settlement of terms of peace between Turkey and Greece is generally regarded as a victory for German diplomacy, and much bitter feeling is displayed in England over the British premier's backdown. A fresh proposal is what Germany has been holding out for, namely, the control of the Greek revenue interests of all the creditors of Greece as well as for the security of the loan to Greece for the purpose of paying her indemnity to Turkey.

GRIFFO AND M'KEEVER.

A FIFTEEN-ROUND CONTEST WHICH IS CALLED A DRAW.

Mc. Hits Grif. When and Where He Pleases and In the Final Round the Latter Was Very Tired—Track and Diamond.

Philadelphia, Sept. 7.—Young Griffo of Australia and Charley McKeever of this city met at the Olympic club at Athens, Pa., tonight in a 15-round contest, which was decided a draw, although a majority of the 2,000 spectators believed that McKeever had a shade the better of the contest. For the first seven rounds Griffo put up an excellent fight and showed his old time form. McKeever was slow throughout these rounds, but in the eighth he began to loosen up and in the last five rounds laid it all over the Antipodean. Especially in the fourteenth did the local man show up well. He hit Griffo where and when he pleased and in the final round Griffo seemed very tired and kept away from McKeever.

McCoy-Ryan Fight.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 7.—All is now ready for the McCoy-Ryan fight, which takes place here tomorrow night. The Alhambra has been re-arranged and new seats in tiers constructed, so that it is expected that 4,000 people will have seats.

At Chicago.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 7.—Results at Harlem:

First Race, Four and a Half Furlongs.—Effie Cline won, Miss Hoy second, Chinkapin third. Time—:55¾.

Second Race, Mile.—Ragner won, Ovation second, Ashland third. Time—1:43.

Third Race, Seven-eighths of a Mile.—Protus won, Foncliff second, Swordsman third. Time—1:28¾.

Fourth Race, Three-quarters of a Mile.—Bell Punch won, Fred Brown second, The Professor third. Time—1:14.

Fifth Race, Mile.—Sullross won, Travis second, Trilby third. Time—1:43.

Sixth Race, Three-quarters of a Mile.—Adowa won, Crockett second, Mamie Callan third. Time—1:14½.

September Doncaster.

London, Sept. 7.—At the first day's racing of the Doncaster September meeting today Mr. Hamyar Baze' 5-year-old chestnut horse Carleton Grange won the great Yorkshire handicap plate; L. De Rothschild's Jacquemart second and Sir R. Waldie Griffith's Astoria third. This race was for 1,300 sovereigns for 3-year-olds and upwards. The race was run over the old St. Leger course, one mile, six furlongs and 132 yards.

THE DIAMOND.

Washington, Sept. 7.—By winning today's game Washington went to the top of the second division. Attendance, 2,000. Score: Washington, 7; Louisville, 1.

New York, Sept. 7.—Tebeau and the Indians came from Philadelphia to New York today to play off two postponed games. They were played as a double header, and the Giants took both. New York won the first game in the second inning with two singles, a passed ball, a two-bagger and a home run, which netted them four runs. McAllister relieved Cuppy in the fourth inning and but one hit was made off him, a home run by Van Haltren. Seymour pitched all kinds of ball, but with men on bases managed to pull out of the hole.

In the second, being able to hit the ball when men were on bases was what took the game. Off the seven hits the Giants got a total of 13 bases. McAllister also pitched the second game. Ruesie was in good shape and kept the Cleveland's hits scattered. Score: First game—New York, 6; Cleveland, 1.

Second Game.—New York, 4; Cleveland, 1.

Brooklyn, Sept. 7.—The Brooklyn-Pittsburg game postponed at Pittsburg on July 21 was played off at Eastern park this afternoon, and was won by the Pittsburgs. Score: Brooklyn, 4; Pittsburg, 7.

TAMMANY WILL WIN.

That Is the Opinion of the Hon. Richard Croker.

New York, Sept. 7.—Richard Croker was a passenger on the steamer New York, which arrived today. Mr. Croker's fellow passengers have come to the conclusion that he is to be the Tammany half candidate for Mayor of Greater New York. During the voyage many efforts were made to draw Mr. Croker out on this subject, but not only to newspaper men, but to his most intimate friends on board, did he decline to state his purposes. The understanding among Mr. Croker's friends, however, is that he is strongly inclined to permit the use of his name as a candidate for mayor, though he is naturally unwilling that an announcement should be made to this effect before he has had an opportunity to confer with his lieutenants.

"I have not the slightest doubt that Tammany hall will carry the greater city by 50,000 votes and upward," said Mr. Croker to the special correspondent of the Associated Press.

"New York never had one reform administration after another. One such government as this appears to be all the people can stand under. The present so-called reform administration has been chiefly noted for its increase of the tax rate, accompanied by a high appraisement. If there has been any corresponding improvement in the quality of the government, the people have not discovered it."

Opportunity.

Detroit Journal: "Moscow," the traveled person went on to say, "is magnificent."

The indicted banker's daughter inclined her head graciously.

"My ma's cow," she rejoined, "is a corker, too. Of course she's not so famous as Mrs. Leary's cow, but that is a matter of opportunity, don't you know."

And if the latest Chicago census was to be believed, there were others.

BLOWN UP BY GLYCERINE.

Terrible Explosion Occurs at Cygnet, Ohio.

USED IN AN OIL WELL.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY QUARTS BREAK LOOSE.

Not a Whole Pane of Glass In Any Building In the Town, and Every House and Store Was Shaken to Its Foundation—Six Persons Known to Be Killed, and There Are More to Be Heard From—Well Was a Gasser.

Cygnet, O., Sept. 7.—A terrible explosion of nitroglycerine occurred here this afternoon at 3 o'clock, resulting in the death of six persons, whose names are known, and others at present unknown. The killed are:

Sam Barber.
Allen Fallis.
John Thompson.
Charles Bartel.
Henry Lansdale.
—— Havens, boy.

The explosion occurred at Grant's well, at the rear of the National Supply company's office building in the village limits. This well had just been shot by Samuel Barber, the shooter for the Ohio & Indiana Torpedo company. The well was a gasser, and when the 120 quarts of glycerine let down into the well exploded the gas ignited and with a terrific roar the flames shot high above the derrick. As soon as the drillers saw the flames several climbed into the derrick to shut off the gas, but they had hardly gotten there when there was a terrific explosion. The burning gas had started the remaining glycerine in the empty cans standing in a wagon near the derrick. In another wagon nearby were some cans containing another 12 quarts of the stuff, and this was started by the force of the first explosion. The second was blended with the first in a mighty roar and the town and surrounding country for miles trembled from the shock. The National Supply company's building was completely demolished, and nothing remains where the wagons stood but a big hole. There is not a whole pane of glass in any window in the town, and every house and store was shaken to its foundations. There was awful excitement, and all the remaining population of the town rushed to the scene. Who the men are who were in the derrick and who were killed cannot be learned now owing to the excitement. The damage to the Ohio Oil company will amount to $2,000. Their outbuildings are a total wreck and many others are damaged. The town has a population of about 1,200.

Many bystanders were wounded.

MYSTERIOUS HINTS RENEWED.

HOW DID YOUNG VON HANKE MEET HIS DEATH?

Was It a Sequel to the Black Eye It Is Said He Gave Emperor William?

London, Sept. 8.—Mr. Henry Labouchere in Truth today renews the mysterious hints which have been in circulation since the death of Lieutenant von Hahnke of the German navy, son of General von Hahnke, chief of Emperor William's military cabinet, who met his death by drowning in July last, while accompanying his majesty on his trip to the Northland aboard the imperial yacht Hohenzollern. In so doing Mr. Labouchere once more publishes the intimation that the lieutenant's death was a sequel to the black eye which Emperor William received about that time. According to one story, the black eye was caused by a blow from a rope which was being whirled about by the wind. Another story has it that the emperor so coarsely abused Lieutenant von Hahnke that the latter committed suicide. Finally, still another version of the affair is that the lieutenant, stung by the emperor's sharp words, resented them to the extent of blacking his majesty's eye, and then took his own life.

Truth, in today's comments on the affair, says: It is worthy of remark that the authorized version was most obligingly impressed by the officers and men of the Hohenzollern upon every tourist they met.

The official version of the affair, in brief, seems to be that Lieutenant von Hahnke, who was accompanied by a brother officer, accidentally ran into the river Grondalsy on his bicycle while trying to avoid a collision with a shying pony.

The river, it is further explained, is a raging torrent from which escape is impossible. Mr. Labouchere adds:

"We received a letter saying that on the day following Hahnke's death a dummy figure of the same size and weight was tossed into the torrent in order to test its effect. When the dummy was down in it it was found to be torn to pieces, and everybody agrees that von Hahnke's body must have met a similar fate."

Yet, since the appearance of Truth's remarks, it is announced from Berlin that the body has been recovered after being six weeks in the raging torrent and that it will be brought home for burial.

In conclusion, Mr. Labouchere remarks: "Perhaps in time the full facts in this very remarkable affair may be made known."

Sewell's Mistake.

Truth: Helen—When I well and I are married, I'm to have my own way in everything.

Grace—Guess you won't.

Helen—Indeed I will. That's the bargain. Don't you remember I told you he proposed to me in a rowboat and asked if I'd float through life with him just that way?

Grace—Yes.

Helen—Well, he was rowing, but I was steering.

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