THE HIGHLAND BOY

Rumors That the Company Will Build a Smelter.

SOMEWHAT PREMATURE

AS SUCH ACTION DEPENDS UPON CERTAIN CONTINGENCIES.

The Mill Working In a Most Satisfactory Manner—The Northern Light—The Mine and Mill In Shape to Give a Good Account of Themselves—Bullion-Beck a Seller—Chloride Point Touches the Dollar Mark On the Exchange—Valuable Mine Sold—Forfeiture of Bond—Valuable Eagle Valley Property Reverts to Former Owners—Are After the Bromide—Showing In the Columbia.

During the past few days reports have been in circulation on the streets to the effect that the Highland Boy Mining company, operating in Bingham, was to build a smelter for the reduction of its copper ores; in fact, that the company had already begun work on the excavation for the plant in the valley south of this city.

In order to get at the true facts in the case, a representative of The Herald called on Manager Weir yesterday and directed his attention to the rumors afloat regarding the intention of the company in this respect, and in reply to interrogatories on the subject, Mr. Weir said:

"The reports that you have heard are all premature; although there is no telling what our company may do in the premises in the future, as what we may do in this direction depends largely on the smelting and freight rates we are able to secure, and if these are not satisfactory, it is quite likely that I will recommend to the company the erection of reduction works of our own for the treatment of our copper ores. As a matter of fact, our company, at a meeting held a month ago, authorized the building of a smelter if it should become necessary to do so on account of excessive railroad and smelting charges, and funds were provided for this work as soon as it was decided to build, but if our copper ore is contracted for for next year on favorable terms to us, no further movement in the direction of the building of a smelter for our own use will be made for the time being, and the energies of the company will be directed to the extensive development of our Bingham property, from which, without any difficulty at all, we can now ship 100 tons of ore daily for an indefinite period, and the supply of ore carrying average values of from 10 to 12 per cent copper, 3 ounces silver and from $4 to $5 per ton, is seemingly inexhaustible, the ledge of this mineral being over 100 feet in width."

In speaking of the Highland Boy, Mr. Weir stated that the mill was running as regular as clockwork, treating about 80 tons of ore daily of an average value of from $8 to $10 in gold to the ton, the regulation recovery being 85 per cent of the mill values.

Mr. Weir is now giving employment to 70 men at the mine and mill, fully half of the men at work being engaged in doing development work.

Mr. Weir has discontinued the shipment of cyanides, and is now retorting the product of the mill and sending it in in the shape of bullion, as he has evolved a system by which the cyanides can be easily reduced to gold bricks, which are much nicer to handle than the cyanide product.

The next melt will take place about the 1st of the month.

THE NORTHERN LIGHT.

The Mine and Mill Now In Shape to Give An Account of Themselves.

Hon. James Chipman, one of the board of managers of the Northern Light mine, has returned from Lion Hill where he saw R. G. Legg installed as superintendent of this prospective bonanza.

Mr. Chipman was at the mine two or three days and he states that the mill is now running regularly and in evident good shape, 50 tons of mineral being treated daily at the start, the ore now in the tanks carrying values of 23 ounces silver and $2 in gold to the ton, and it is believed that a satisfactory saving, if not a high one, is being made, and already the zinc shavings are beginning to show positive assurances of the precipitation of the precious metals to a gratifying extent, Mr. Chipman bringing home with him a small bottle of cyanides which look as if they would run well.

The mine, according to Mr. Chipman, is looking well and large bodies of ore have been blocked out, and the indications are that the mill can be operated to its full capacity from now on without any difficulty.

From barrel tests made by Metallurgist Hendrie, it has been shown that a very high extraction of the silver values can be made, and if the commercial run shows equally as well there is no doubt as to the future of the enterprise.

Mr. Chipman states that a few days ago a cave-in occurred in the mine. No one was hurt, but the break brought down several hundred tons of good milling ore, exposing the hanging wall of the vein, and leaving standing in place fine bodies of mineral.

It will be some time yet before it is determined definitely how successful the present run will be, but there is seemingly no doubt regarding the outcome in the minds of those who are intimately acquainted with the property.

Superintendent Legg is not a stranger by any means to the Northern Light, as he worked in the mine a number of years ago, before it passed into the hands of the present company, on which account he is familiar with the workings of the mine, its formation and general characteristics, on which account it is believed that good results will follow his management, as he is accounted a first class miner.

BULLION-BECK A SELLER.

Chloride Point Touches the Dollar Mark On the Exchange.

The stock market opened up brisk and strong on the floor of the exchange yesterday, and there was something of the old-time activity in the pit.

The leading feature of the call of listed stocks was the transfer of 200 Bullion-Beck at $5.95, and it begins to look as if this old favorite would soon regain some of its wonted activity. Ajax also made a spurt and closed in good form at 40 cents in the bidding. Four Aces found friends on the floor and was a ready seller at 9½ cents, although an effort was made to bear the stock. Geyser-Marion was quiet, while Mammoth and Mercur were on the weak side of the market and failed to respond with transfers. For some reason Northern Light was exceptionally strong, 51 cents being bid for the stock as soon as it was called. Sacramento was steady at former quotations, but inactive. Overland advanced to 82½ cents in the bidding, with offerings at $1.50, while Sunshine also recorded decided gains.

In the unlisted stocks there was a strong rivalry between Chloride Point and Sunbeam for the lead in the way of rapid gains. Chloride Point disclosed considerable activity, seling all the way from 98½ cents to $1. Sunbeam registered transfers at 11⅞ and 11½ cents, and was firm at the close at the figures given below. South Swansea was also a prime favorite and orders were filled at $1.20. Homestake was in favor and before the close had changed hands at 3 and 3¼ cents. Dexter was very firmly held, while Grand Central made gains and closed at $1.10 in the bidding.

The transactions of the day were as follows:

SALES OF STOCKS.

200 Bullion-Beck at $5.95.
1,000 Four Aces at 9½ cents.
500 Chloride Point at $1.
100 Chloride Point at 98¾ cents.
200 Chloride Point at 98½ cents.
200 Chloride Point at 98¼ cents.
1,000 Sunbeam at 11⅞ cents.
500 Sunbeam at 11½ cents.
600 South Swansea at $1.20.
1,000 Homestake at 3 cents.
2,000 Homestake at 3¼ cents.

The closing quotations were as follows:

CALL OF LISTED STOCKS.

NAME OF STOCKS.	Highest Bid	Lowest Asked
Anchor	$ .50	.....
Ajax	.40	.45
Bullion-Beck	5.82½	6.05
Centennial-Eureka	21.00	26.50
Daly	.70	.90
Daly-West	4.10	5.55
Dalton & Lark	.02¾	.....
Eagle	.05½	.07
Four Aces	.08¼	.09½
Geyser-Marion	1.02½	1.05
Galena	.64	.67
Herschel	.....	.10
Horn Silver	1.30	1.60
Mammoth	1.92½	2.00
Mercur	8.00	8.25
Northern Light	.31	.35
Overland	.82½	1.50
Ontario	3.25	4.00
Sacramento	.45¾	.47
Sunshine	.31	.....
Silver King	16.75	18.50
Utah	.55	.68

CALL OF UNLISTED STOCKS.

NAME OF STOCKS	Highest Bid	Lowest Asked
Chloride Point	$ .98	$ 1.00
Sunbeam	.11	.14
South Swansea	1.20	1.22½
Swansea	1.95	2.05
Buckeye	.01½	.02½
Homestake	.03¼	.03¾
Little Pittsburg	.01⅞	.02½
Dexter	1.20	1.60
Dalton	.00⅝	.00⅞
Grand Central	2.10	2.50
Omaha	.20	.30
Emerald	.02	.07
Jumbo	.15	.25
Pacific	.03	.10½
Copper Queen	.00½	.02
Beaver Lake	.....	.10

Dividend Paying and Investment Mining Stocks.
W. E. HUBBARD & CO.,
TEL. 505. 15 W. 2d So. St.

FORFEITURE OF BOND.

Valuable Eagle Valley Property Reverts to Former Owners.

In January of this year a group of valuable claims in Eagle Valley district, Lincoln county, Nevada, were secured under bond by Dr. J. Nelson and his associates, a payment being made at the time, provision being made for a larger payment later on, besides which other conditions were exacted, one of which was the erection of a mill on the ground by a certain date.

The group in question is owned by Messrs. Allen G. Campbell, R. C. Lund and Ben Johnson, and it is learned that the property has reverted back to these gentlemen, as The Herald is informed by Mr. Johnson that the contracts were not being fulfilled, on account of which failure Mr. Johnson has taken possession of the property.

It is understood the reason ascribed by Dr. Nelson for relinquishing his bond on the group, is that it is worthless, but Messrs. Lund and Johnson are very well satisfied to take it back, and consider that they have lost nothing by the return of the mine.

Showing In the Columbia.

From one of the officers of the Columbia Mining company, who has just returned from an inspection of the property of the company, it is learned that the mine is looking better and better as work in its development progresses.

The Columbia group is located on Lion hill, and adjoins the Chloride Point on the north and west. The original workings on this ground are what is known as the Rosa shaft, and from the bottom of this a drift has been run east on a fine showing of ore, towards the Chloride Point workings. Recently, however, a drift was started to the northwest and into the hill, and it is learned that at a point 50 feet from the bottom of the shaft the face of the drift has exposed a 15-inch body of high grade chloride ore, and that as work advances the ledge is steadily increasing in size.

On the Columbus the working shaft has now reached a depth of 150 feet, and it is expected that within 50 feet more the ore body disclosed in the Chloride Point workings will be exposed.

Samples of ore from this northwest drift are now on exhibition at the office of the company, and they are pleasing to look at.

Are After the Bromide.

Vernal, April 15.—It has been learned from reliable sources that negotiations are pending by which the famous Bromide mine, on Douglas mountain, may pass into the hands of an eastern company.

It was learned from the same source that the mine is showing up better with every foot of development work.

The main south drift is now over 200 feet from the shaft, and has been through high grade ore all the way. Should the sale fail to be consummated, the present management intends putting in reduction works this spring.

Ontario Shipment.

Park City, April 18.—The Ontario completed a shipment of 100 tons of ore today.

Silver and Lead.

The silver and lead quotations yesterday were as follows:

Bar silver, 56 cents.
Lead, brokers', $3.50.
Copper, lake, $12; casting, $11.12½.

Ore and Bullion.

The ore and bullion receipts yesterday were as follows:

T. R. Jones & Co., bullion, $17,700; ores, $6,700.

National Bank of the Republic, ores, $2,500.

Bamberger & McMillan, ores, $24,028.

Mining Notes and Personals.

Chloride Point reached par yesterday.

The Horn Silver was in yesterday with six carloads of crude ore.

Frank Hines, the former superintendent of the Northern Light, is in the city.

The Yuba, of Pioche, Nev., is in the market with a lot of crude ore and concentrates.

The Discret View, a Bingham producer, was on the market yesterday with a 26-ton shipment of ore.

John Heimrich, one of the directors of the Mercur company, is expected to arrive from Nebraska tomorrow.

Sunbeam was active on the curb yesterday and sales of several thousand shares were reported at 12½ cents.

The Swan and Bemis concentrator at Bingham is now about ready for business and within a few days more will be grinding away on ore.

T. R. Higgins, of the North Mountain, at Cherry Creek, Nev., expects to leave for the mine the latter part of the week.

Nels St. Clair left the first of the week for Boise, Ida., near which place he will examine mining properties owned by a Salt Lake company.

Charles Butters, who has made a name as well as fame as a South African mining operator, is expected to arrive in Salt Lake almost any day now.

Ralph Guthrie made an application for membership in the stock exchange yesterday, and pending the vote on the same was given the privileges of the floor.

The 24-ton shipment of ore from the Washington mine, the new bonanza near Frisco, which, it is believed, is destined to repeat the history of the Horn Silver, was disposed of on the open market yesterday.

The South Swansea was leading another 100-ton shipment yesterday. The company has just settled for a carload shipment that said on controls showing values of 28 per cent lead and 75 ounces in silver to the ton.

Max Smith, of the Bank of Commerce, who made a visit to Lion Hill the first of the week, brought back with him some fine looking ore from the Hercules, and it is understood that this property is in a most encouraging condition, and at a very interesting stage just at the present time.

A. S. Day, who was out to Bingham last Sunday and made an examination of the Cuba, in Carr Fork gulch, states that two shifts are now at work in the development of this promising property, one being engaged in extending the drift on the vein, while the other is at work sinking on the ore body in the winze. Mr. Day states that the Cuba is in a promising condition and that the men are taking out some good ore.

Will Orr, the capable metallurgist for the McArthur-Forrest cyanide people is in the city from the Chloride Point mill, where he has been for the past week familiarizing himself with the plant, as he will assist Gill S. Peyton in starting up the same as soon as the electric power for the works is brought in from Mercur, which will be at an early date, the power company having been delayed by the non-arrival of the poles for the line.

N. Butts, who was associated with the early history of Mercur, and who was one of the original locators of the Golden Gate ground, is in the city from California, where he has been for the past two or three years engaged in successful mining operations. Mr. Butts is on his way to Idaho, where, in the neighborhood of Boise, he has valuable placer properties. Mr. Butts has many friends in the city who are pleased to see him once again.

J. H. McDonald, one of the pioneer merchants of Stateline and an owner of a third interest in the Creole, one of the prospective bonanzas of this promising gold camp, is in Zion visiting relatives and friends. Mr. McDonald has leased his interest in the Creole to Mr. Popkees, and he states that the mine is showing up big with lots of high grade milling ore in sight while the Popkees stamp mill is working in a most satisfactory manner and with a good recovery.

FROM DISTANT LANDS.

DOMINION OF CANADA, DENMARK AND NETHERLANDS.

All Will Be Represented at the Mining Congress—Word Received From Utah Mining Men—Montana Delegates Named.

The correspondence received at the mining congress headquarters yesterday morning indicates a growing interest in the success of the great convention. A letter from the Hon. Clifford Sifton, minister of the interior of the Dominion of Canada, expresses his regret at not being able to attend because of the press of official duties, and says further, "Permit me to add that I take the greatest possible interest in the movement, and would be pleased if it were possible for me to be present." S. M. Parent, the mayor of Quebec, writes acknowledging receipt of an invitation to appoint delegates, and says, "I beg to state in reply that I am most grateful for your cordial invitation, and that your letter will be submitted to the council at Quebec and taken into consideration by that body at the next meeting."

Mayor Buckbee of Eureka, advises Secretary Johnson of the appointment of the following delegates to represent his city: G. W. Riter of the Eureka Hill mine, John Kirby of the Bullion-Beck, Newt Dungan of the Centennial-Eureka, Pat Donnelly of the Grand Central, and W. H. Bassett of the Gemini. All of the delegates named are thoroughly practical men in mining work and make a very strong representation for Tintic capital. Michael Therriault of Kalispell, Mont., sends in the names of the delegation from Flathead county, appointed at the suggestion of the governor. They are William Read of Columbia Falls, John L. Hart of Libby, George F. Stannard of Kalispell, Frank Langford of Tobacco and E. L. Preston of Troy.

W. C. Clark, the mayor of Manchester, N. H., acknowledges receipt of the official call and promises to give the matter his immediate attention.

Mayor Frank B. Mason of Clarksville, Tex., notified the secretary that he has appointed Hon. Joseph Rosenthal, a thoroughly experienced mining man, to represent that city and to see to the appointment of a full delegation.

Julian Sonntag, secretary of the California State Miners' association writes that the state association is practically an executive committee of all the associations of miners in the state; that there are 12 county associations represented in the central organization, some of them with as many as 1,000 members, and under the rule he believes each of these county associations should be allowed to name five delegates to the congress. Continuing, Mr. Sonntag makes some suggestions as to the advisability of having representative mining men on the delegations. "As far as California is concerned," he adds, "the California Miners' association feels very friendly toward this congress and they want to send a good delegation. If your executive committee agree with me that the county miners' associations throughout this state are entitled to a representation, you will have a large delegation."

Mr. Sonntag was assured by Secretary Johnson that his view of the rights of county associations is entirely correct, and that each is entitled to name five delegates.

Denmark, the Netherlands and the Argentine Republic were also heard from in response to invitations for the appointment of delegates. The minister of the Netherlands has referred the matter to his home government, the Danish minister suggests the attendance of the Danish consul in Utah at the sessions of the congress and the charge d'affaires of the Argentine legation says action will be taken upon the invitation.

Never Felt Better.

"My brother was troubled for several years with a severe cough and also with rheumatism. He has taken a few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and is relieved. He never felt better in his life. He now coughs but seldom and never feels anything of the rheumatism." Cora Evans, Panguitch, Utah.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy, efficient. 25c

A torpid liver robs you of ambition and ruins your health. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cleanse the liver, cure constipation and all stomach and liver troubles. Smith & Swift, druggists, 142 Main.

KEY TO HEALTH
1 or 2 of Gray's Laxative Pellets taken at night will produce a healthy action in the morning, dispel colds and prevent sickness.
25c at Drug stores

FEDERAL GRAND JURY

Drawn Yesterday By Order of Judge Marshall.

ALSO THIRTY PETIT JURORS

SHORT ORDERS AND SETTING OF CASES FOR TRIAL.

Judgments Aggregating $16,435 Entered Against John Beck By Confession — Ex-Marshal Brigham Wins a Damage Suit Brought Against Him—Mrs. Wach's Suit Against the City On Trial—Mrs. Dent Turned Loose.

Judge Marshall in the federal court ordered 23 grand jurors drawn for the May term and 30 jurors to constitute the regular panel of the petit jury of the May term, both venires returnable at 10 a. m. on Monday, May 2.

The following named persons were drawn for service on the grand jury:

Louis Hook, J. W. Houston, James Sharp, F. M. Lyman, jr., Salt Lake; James P. Lowe, Smithfield; John Reading, Centerville; Isaac Brockbank, Salt Lake; William Haslam, Wellsville; H. B. Clawson, jr., Charles Smith, Salt Lake; F. W. Clark, Morgan; George Spiers, Tooele; Franklin J. Hewlett, Joseph Bull, jr., A. D. Dutton, Robert Clerghorn, Robert S. Campbell, A. J. Cannon, Arnold J. Giauque, Salt Lake; Thomas Clancy, Provo; H. C. Bleasdale, Byron Groo, John Meakin, Salt Lake.

PETIT JURORS.

The following named persons were drawn on the petit jury:

M. S. Browning, Ogden; John Hanford, W. S. Henderson, Frank W. Taylor, Salt Lake; George J. Wells, Willard; Anson C. Call, Randolph; Levi L. Heywood, Bountiful; John Robinson, R. S. Anderson, F. M. Bishop, David Henderson, Joseph J. Daynes, Salt Lake; M. L. Pratt, Provo; J. M. Chamberlain, Salt Lake; C. C. Brown, Ogden; M. S. Prendergast, Salt Lake; Andrew Knudson, Provo; G. H. Islaub, Ogden; James Caffrey, Springville; George M. Cannon, J. T. Harris, B. W. Ashton, Salt Lake; John Goodfellow, Bountiful; Eli L. Price, James E. Jennings, T. R. Jones, A. Hanauer, Salt Lake; H. S. Reynolds, Springville; F. W. Brazier, Charles Mader, Salt Lake.

Short Orders.

The following business was transacted before Judge John A. Marshall yesterday:

Some 12 accounts of the United States marshal were approved by the court.

The accounts of A. A. Noonan and Francis L. Dageet, justices of the peace, were resubmitted and taken under advisement.

The account of D. H. Twomey, United States commissioner, for services for quarter ending March 31, 1898, was submitted and taken under advisement.

The accounts of Jerrold R. Letcher as clerk of the circuit court and district courts were approved.

Frank B. Stephens took the oath and was admitted to practice in United States courts on motion of C. S. Varian.

Christine Schucraft vs. John A. Fritsch; on motion of plaintiff, no objection being made, the report of sale by Master in Chancery Lewis, was confirmed.

Dess Butch vs. Germania Lead Works; leave granted to defendant to file a supplemental answer setting up settlement of case.

Simon F. Mackie vs. Brickyard Gold Mining company; the plaintiff not wishing further time in which to again amend his complaint, on motion of defendant, the cause was ordered dismissed without prejudice at the cost of plaintiff. Appeal bond of plaintiff fixed in the sum of $100 to cover costs.

Maiola Foot etc. vs. Southern Pacific company; on motion of plaintiff defendant interposing no objection, it was ordered that this cause be remanded to the state district court from whence it was removed to United States circuit court, at the cost of the party removing the same. It was removed from Ogden by the defendant company.

United States vs. George F. Cloward; stealing United States mail; defendant ordered to appear and plead to indictment May 2, at 10 a. m.

All the civil cases of the United States against different parties for timber trespass were passed on motion of the United States attorney.

Cases of Strawberry Cattle company vs. J. M. Thomas et al., also against E. J. Nash, and also against John Cummings, were passed.

Charles H. Shaffner vs. R. L. Polk et al.; passed for term on motion of plaintiff.

John H. Billings vs. Elias H. Parsons; passed.

Setting of Cases.

The following is the setting of causes to be heard by Honorable Moses Hallett, United States district judge for Colorado, in the order given:

Tuesday, May 10—Central Pacific Railroad Co. vs. William Johnson; ejectment. Central Pacific Railroad Co. vs. William Johnson et al.; ejectment.

Wednesday, May 11—L. E. Holden vs. Utah & Montana Machinery Co.; damages.

Thursday, May 12—Crown Point Mining Co. vs. Ontario Silver Mining Co.; damages claimed at nearly $2,000,000.

The following cases were set for trial to be heard by Judge Marshall:

Tuesday, May 3—United States vs. Richard H. Cabell; embezzlement.

Wednesday, May 4—United States vs. J. W. Cunnington; embezzlement. United States vs. Frank McBride; embezzlement.

Friday, May 6—United States vs. Thomas E. Jeremy; perjury.

Monday, May 16—J. W. Loofbourow, administrator, vs. Union Pacific Railway Co. et al.; damages. Lucy A. Clark, administratrix, vs. Clark et al., receivers; damages.

Tuesday, May 17—Howard Carlisle vs. Tribune Publishing Co. et al.; damages.

Wednesday, May 18—A. B. Child vs. Clark et al., receivers; damages.

Thursday, May 19—Strawberry Valley Cattle Co. vs. Ben Argyle; damages.

Friday, May 20—Beaver Valley Land & Irrigation Co. vs. W. H. Westfall; suit on contract.

Monday, May 23—J. W. Wedel vs. Clark et al., receivers; damages.

Tuesday, May 24—Robert N. Watson vs. Clark et al., receivers; damages.

Wednesday, May 25—Herbert Macmillan, etc., vs. Southern Pacific Co.; damages.

Thursday, May 26—Dess Butch vs. Germania Lead Works; damages.

Friday, May 27—Tobio Dambressesio vs. Germania Lead Works; damages.

Monday, May 30—A. J. Self vs. Clark et al., receivers; damages.

Tuesday, May 31—Irving M. Herkimer vs. Silver King Mining Co.

Wednesday, June 1—John O'Hara vs. Oregon Short Line Railway Co. et al.; damages.

DISTRICT COURT.

Judgments Aggregating $16,435 Entered Against John Beck.

Judgments were yesterday entered by confession against John Beck, in favor of Edward Siebert, for the sum of $750, on two promissory notes, and in favor of Sarah Everard, for the sum of $15,435.45, and $1,000 attorney fees, on four promissory notes. One of the notes is for $10,000, and is secured by 103,000 shares of stock of the Buckeye Mining company, and 50,000 shares of the Bullion-Beck Tunnel company, of the nominal value of $20,000.

The Ex-Marshal Wins.

The suit of Nellie Bonner against ex-United States Marshal Brigham was yesterday on trial before Judge Norrell and a jury. Mrs. Bonner alleged that on Jan. 17, 1894, the defendant wrongfully seized certain furniture and household goods, of the value of $680, and that while said goods were in the possession of the marshal, at 48 Market street, the marshal so negligently kept the property that it was nearly all destroyed by fire, to the plaintiff's loss in the sum of $765.25.

The property was seized by the marshal under a judgment and execution issued from United States Commissioner Pratt's court, against Mrs. Bonner, for $122.50 and costs. The defendant denied that the property seized was worth more than $88 and denied the damage by the fire exceeded $25.

Attorney John Lu Taylor appeared for the plaintiff, and Attorney Waldemar Van Cott represented the defendant.

The case reached the jury late in the afternoon, and a verdict for the defendant was returned.

A Water Case.

The South Jordan Canal company yesterday filed a suit in the Third district court against the Salt Lake City Water and Electrical Power company, and Allen G. Lamson, praying that the defendants be required to show cause why they should not be enjoined from interfering with the waters of the South Jordan canal, and for $5,000 damages, alleged to have been sustained by the plaintiff by reason of the alleged wrongful acts of the defendants in appropriating said waters to their own use, and depriving the plaintiff of the same.

The plaintiff alleges that for 22 years it has owned the waters of the South Jordan canal, and distributed the same among its stockholders for irrigation purposes, and that on Feb. 1 of the present year, and at divers other times, the defendant, by force of arms, entered upon the canal, put in flumes and otherwise obstructed the flow, so as to deprive the plaintiff of its use.

An order was issued for the defendants to show cause before Judge Hiles, on April 23.

Damage Suit Against the City.

The damage suit in which Mary Ann Wach seeks to recover $2,150 damages from Salt Lake City was called for trial before Judge Cherry and a jury late yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Wach alleges that she was damaged in the sum named by the defendant raising an embankment in front of her store during the construction of the gravity sewer, by which ingress and egress to and from her premises was prevented for a month or two.

Messrs. Moyle, Zane and Costigan represent the plaintiff, and City Attorney Hall and Assistant City Attorney R. W. Young are for the city.

The hearing was just begun when court adjourned until today.

Mrs. Dent Turned Loose.

Mrs. J. W. Dent, who made a gun play at Al Shaver, the slayer of her husband, when Shaver was leaving the court room, after being found guilty of involuntary manslaughter, fulfilled her promise to appear at the sheriff's office yesterday morning. She said she was very much excited when she made the demonstration against Shaver, and that she didn't really know whether she would have shot at him or not.

She denied having bought the revolver with the intent of killing Shaver, and said she had kept it in the house for quite a while, feeling, since her husband was killed, that she needed some protection, especially as hse lived alone with her daughter in the house. She promised to behave herself in the future, and was allowed to go her way.

Miscellaneous Notes.

Judge Higgins held court yesterday in this district, and made the following orders:

Rachel McMaster vs. Emma Morse et al.; referred to Judge Cherry, on motion of the plaintiff.

Wells, Fargo & Co. vs. Jesse W. Fox et al.; continued until tomorrow.

George E. Romney vs. L. E. Marger; judgment for the plaintiff by default.

F. S. Murphy et al. have entered suit against J. H. Bennett et al. to recover $2,900 alleged to be due for material furnished to George Morrow for the erection of a residence on property owned by Mr. Bennett, and on which the plaintiff claims to have a mechanic's lien.

The assignee of the shoe house of Eastman & Co. was yesterday authorized to proceed to sell off the stock of the firm. The order was signed by Judge Cherry.

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart of Groton, S. D.: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four Doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God, I am saved, and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at Z. C. M. I. drug store. Regular size, 50c and $1. Guaranteed or price refunded.

M. L. Yocum, Cameron, Pa., says: "I was a sufferer for ten years, trying most all kinds of pile remedies, but without success. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was recommended to me. I used one box. It has affected a permanent cure." As a permanent cure for piles DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve has no equal. Smith & Swift, druggists, 142 Main.

FRAMING OF PICTURES.
Cheapest and best mouldings and mats in latest styles. The Johnson Co., 56 S. W. Temple St. C. E.

Annual Sales over 6,000,000 Boxes
BEECHAM'S PILLS
FOR BILIOUS AND NERVOUS DISORDERS
such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Giddiness, Fulness after meals, Headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Cold Chills, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations.
THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. Every sufferer will acknowledge them to be
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BETTER THAN GUNS

Is a Coal Supply For Vessels of the Two Contending Nations.

UNCLE SAM'S ADVANTAGE

HAS SPAIN ON THE HIP IN THIS RESPECT.

Great Britain's Instructions Directing Her Colonies to Regard Coal as Contraband of War Is Worth More to Us Than a Naval Victory at Sea—Reasons For Such Conclusions.

New York, April 18.—In directing her colonies to regard coal as contraband of war in the event of hostilities between the United States and Spain, Great Britain has taken action, administration officials say, in line with the wishes of the president and naval authorities, says the Washington correspondent of the Herald.

Pressure will be exerted upon France, Hayti and San Domingo to accomplish the same result, and some attention is being given by the state department to South American countries, with a view to securing from them a declaration of the contraband character of coal, as well as an announced determination on their part not to sell either to Spain or American men-of-war a supply of fuel greater than that necessary to enable the belligerent vessel to steam to the next home port.

So far as the Danish West Indies are concerned, the authorities have purchased in their ports all the coal that it is possible to secure. With coal a declared contraband of war, administration officials and naval experts say it will be impossible for Spanish vessels to operate in the West Indies or in the Pacific and, as a result, the chances of success for American arms would be immediately enhanced.

IN THE FAR EAST.

Great Britain's declaration of the contraband character of coal will affect the United States at only one point—in the far east. The United States now has at Hong Kong a fleet of six vessels—the cruisers Baltimore, Olympia, Raleigh, Boston, and the gunboats Concord and Petrel—and these ships are awaiting the word to rush to Manila.

If the fortifications at the Philippines should stand off the American fleet for any length of time, the operations of the vessels would be greatly embarrassed, for, by England's declaration, her colonists will be allowed to sell to either belligerents a supply sufficient only to take them to their home port.

Appreciating the position assumed by the British government, Commander Dewey, acting under instructions from Secretary Long, has purchased a large quantity of coal and has stored it on board two colliers, which will accompany his fleet to the Philippines. Extended operations would necessitate a renewal of the supply, and the central position of Hawaii is pointed to by naval experts, who want it for a naval base.

Hawaii is 4,000 miles from the Philippines. Her position in the family of nations would compel her to observe strict neutrality and not to favor one belligerent more than another, but her annexation to the United States, it is pointed out, would result in placing supplies for the Asiatic squadron 2,000 miles nearer to the vessels than would be the case if coal, munitions of war, etc., had to be shipped from the United States. It is also pointed out that Hawaii will find it necessary to sell coal to a Spanish vessel coming in at Honolulu sufficient to take it a portion of the way to its next home port, just as she would sell coal to an American ship.

In the event that coal is declared contraband of war by France, Hayti and San Domingo, naval authorities say it will be impossible for Spanish vessels to secure fuel in the West Indies.

Official information has reached the state department, as The Herald announced this morning, that Spain has been shipping large quantities of coal and provisions into Havana and San Juan, and the president is contemplating action which will prevent any further supplies from being exported from this country.

OUR ADVANTAGE.

Strong representations have been made to the president by Secretary Long and naval experts to get him to instruct the secretary of the treasury to decline to grant clearances to ships carrying provisions and coal to Spanish ports.

With coal contraband of war, it will be possible for American cruisers to seize vessels carrying it to Spanish possessions. The Canary islands will be admittedly a Spanish base of operations, and it will be the effort of this government to blockade them and seize any vessels which may try to bring contraband from any country to them. This will be especially the case with Cuba and Porto Rico.

SPANISH NEED OF COAL.

Principal Reason For Dispatching Her Fleet This Way.

New York, April 18.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says:

In view of Spain's efforts to collect coal at Havana and San Juan, no doubt exists in political circles that the naval plan for the Spanish government contemplates the dispatch of the fleet to western waters.

It is officially admitted that this government has determined not to permit any coal to be taken to the Cape Verde islands on board the British tramp ship Hampstead, and that negotiations are under way for the sale of that vessel and her cargo to the United States. The Hampstead, although she was to have sailed Saturday, has not gone, and her purchase will probably be announced. It is admitted by officials that they are trying to meet trick with trick. There is but a small amount of coal at St. Vincent, and it would be necessary for the Spanish fleet to go to some other point for fuel within a short time, as the supply at Cape Verde cannot last any length of time. It was to help the fleet now gathered at that point that the Hampstead was ordered to proceed to Cape Verde after purchasing a supply at Lambert's Point. The United States is in great need of colliers, especially one loaded with coal, and it would, therefore, be only too glad to take from Spain the vessel and her cargo and use her for offensive purposes against her first employer.

Official information received by the authorities also indicates that there is but a small quantity of coal at the Canary Islands. A desperate effort is being made by Spain to ship supplies to that point, and also to Cape de Verde, which is evidently to be the anchorage of the fleet until war breaks out. It is impossible for Spain to procure coal in England, because of the strike now in progress in the coal mines, and because the English coal dealers refuse to receive promises to pay, and will only sell to the Madrid government for cash.

It is known that Spain has been floating considerable paper in continental Europe, but she has been unable to force any of it on the English merchants. Whether Spain pays cash for goods purchased in the United States is not known, but it is believed that what little money she has she is spending for protection and the coal she is sending to Havana.

Coal at Cape de Verde.

New York, April 18.—A dispatch to the Herald from St. Vincent, Cape de Verde Islands, says:

The Spanish cruisers Infanta Maria Teresa and Cristobol Colon, are filling their coal bunkers here. The supply is running short. It is understood that 2,000 tons will be brought here in a few days, probably from the United States, where it is known orders have been placed.

Spanish officers bought 610 tons from a local dealer April 7, and immediately made a contract for 1,000 tons additional, which has not arrived.

The Spanish transport Panon Francisco arrived this afternoon, having on board a cargo of coal, intended for the Spanish squadron.

TOILERS IN LINE FOR CUBA.

Action of Trades Unions at Chicago and New York.

Chicago, April 18.—The Federation of Labor, at its regular weekly meeting, unanimously adopted a resolution that the people of this country should retaliate against any foreign country that might intermeddle in the present crisis by refusing to buy its products and manufactures.

After this resolution had been adopted, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, addressed the federation, and among other matters touched on the war question. He said he was not an 11th hour convert to war with Spain. As long ago as the Cincinnati convention he had advocated a free Cuba and a war for that purpose, if necessary.

New York, April 18.—Bishop Potter presented a set of resolutions against war at the meeting of the Central Labor Union last night, but they were defeated by a vote of nearly 2 to 1. The resolutions were signed by the bishop, Ernest H. Crosby, William Frederick Adams and John C. Crosby.

PERIL TO CALIFORNIA SHEEP.

Prediction That 100,000 Head Will Die of Starvation Soon.

San Francisco, April 18.—A Chronicle special from Fresno, Cal., says:

Unless something at present unforeseen happens, fully 100,000 head of sheep and cattle will die of starvation in this county alone in the next few months, on account of the lack of grazing grounds. It is understood that an urgent representation has been made to Senator White, asking that the Sierra reservations in this part of the state be thrown completely open to sheep and cattle this year, with no restrictions as to the national parks.

The Sure La Grippe Cure.

There is no use suffering from this dreadful malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having pain all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no life or ambition, have a bad cold, in fact are completely used up. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you prompt and sure relief. They act directly on your Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new being. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For sale at Z. C. M. I. drug store, only 50 cents per bottle.

A little boy asked for a bottle of "get up in the morning as fast as you can." The druggist recognized a household name for "DeWitt's Little Early Risers," and gave him a bottle of those famous little pills for constipation, sick headache, liver and stomach troubles. Smith & Swift, druggists, 142 Main.

INDIAN OUTBREAK FEARED.

Reds Uneasy Since the Mobilization of Troops.

Denver, Colo., April 18.—Telegraphic orders were received from Washington today, by Colonel Volkmar, adjutant general of the department of the Colorado, directing that a detachment of 30 picked cavalrymen from the Seventh cavalry, stationed at Fort Grant, be dispatched at once to Fort Sill to guard the Apache prisoners of the government. It is said that since the issuance of the mobilization, orders, the Indian prisoners have displayed considerable uneasiness, and that an outbreak among them is feared.

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