

SILVER AND LEAD

Silver, 61 3/4 per ounce. Lead, \$4.20 per 100 pounds. Copper, 16 1/2 per pound.

THE SALT LAKE TRIBUNE

WEATHER TODAY.

Forecast for Salt Lake Today is: Fair and Warmer.

TWENTY-EIGHTH YEAR.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH: TUESDAY, MAY 9, 1899

NUMBER 250

CAUSE OF THE FILIPINOS THREATENED BY MUTINY

Six Thousand Native Soldiers Are In Open Rebellion Against the Government of Aguinaldo.

Forces Drawn Up Against Each Other In Line of Battle—Downfall of Insurgent Cause Imminent.

(Special to The Herald.)

New York, May 8.—A special from Manila says that the destruction of Aguinaldo's government is but a matter of a few days. What the Americans have so far failed to accomplish, the insurgents themselves are doing. Six thousand Filipinos are in open mutiny against their commander-in-chief, and a bloody fight is imminent. The rebellious ones are under General Mascordos, and at this time his forces and those under General Luna are drawn up against each other in line of battle. The state of affairs threatens the immediate downfall of the Filipino government. With mutiny among his own forces and so closely pressed by the American troops, it is impossible that Aguinaldo can carry on a warfare further. It would be safer for him and his government to surrender to the Americans than to fall victims to treachery in his own ranks. The situation is thoroughly appreciated by General Otis, and he will push his campaign with renewed vigor. The outbreak has been expected by the Americans, for there has been discussion in the Filipino ranks for some time.

TWO TOWNS CAPTURED BY GRANT'S GUNBOATS

Fighting Utah Captain Shells Cities and Takes Prisoners.

Manila, May 8.—The army gunboats Laguna de Bay and Covadonga, under command of Captain Grant, which started up the San Fernando river for Guagua yesterday, as was announced, have returned today. Major General MacArthur, having failed to connect with the expedition.

The gunboats found rebels entrenched at Sosman and Guagua on the water-fronts of the towns. The vessels steamed past the works, shelling the occupants and driving them on to the hills.

The landing parties from the boats entered both towns, capturing at Sosman a Spanish captain in uniform, who was ostensibly a prisoner in the hands of the rebels, and also a native officer.

Arriving at Guagua, the town and a small gunboat were found to be burning, and the rebels were seen in the place in consequence of the bombardment.

At Sosman the landing party captured a number of Filipino flags and a quantity of arms, chiefly bolts and bows and arrows, and beside, a lot of hand instruments, which the men explained as they marched back to the boats.

Captain Grant's expedition will probably return up the San Fernando river after having been reinforced, on sight of the purchased light draught Spanish steamers.

How the Daring Washington Captain Lost His Life.

Manila, April 2 (per transport Itanobe to San Francisco, May 8).—It is noteworthy that the soldiers have performed their tasks with such signal bravery and patience. Instances of personal bravery are numerous and the American troops have never faltered under fire.

In one of the side encounters along the firing line, which have become such every-day events that they are not regarded as such, the soldiers have performed a place in history. Captain Fortson of the Washington regiment lost his life. Insurgent sharpshooters, hived in a stone house under mask of a French flag, were sniping the line of the Washingtons near Pasig, making life uncomfortable. A stalwart private, a sharpshooter, who had distinguished himself by solitary night excursions, from which he never failed to bring in one or two Filipino guns, captured from his victims, and who will be recommended by General Lawton for a medal of honor when his name has been reported, volunteered to set fire to the house. He crept up, in Indian fashion, through the shrubbery, and soon after his departure the flames broke out.

Then Fortson, with a squad of soldiers, charged the place and attempted to climb a high stone wall, while the natives from a sheltered position above poured down bullets at close range. The charge succeeded. In their experience fighting Spaniards these Filipinos never had encountered men who dared such seemingly certain death. They were dazed, and ran like madmen. But brave Fortson fell before their fire.

CLEARING THE COUNTRY. Otis Tells of Operations—Troops Are Cheerful.

Washington, May 8.—The war department received a cablegram from General Otis, giving the situation in the Philippines, some parts of which have been omitted by the war department in making it up. The dispatch is as follows: "Manila, May 8.—Adjutant General Lawton at Maash and Balang, scouting parties to the north and east. MacArthur at San Fernando. Population of country between Manila and northern points held by troops, returning home: appear cheerful and contented. Army gunboats operating in rivers. Have cleared country west of MacArthur of insurgents. Signs of insurgents' weakness more apparent daily. OTIS."

WAR OFFICIALS ENCOURAGED. Pleased With Information Received From Otis.

Washington, May 8.—The war department officials seem to be even more en-

BIG RAILROAD TRUST

Consolidation of Boston-Chicago Lines.

SCOPE OF THE NEW DEAL

PLAN TO PREVENT THE CUTTING OF RATES.

Pool Includes the Pennsylvania, Vanderbilt and Baltimore & Ohio Interests, Which Will Divide the Management of the Roads That Are to Be Absorbed.

Cleveland, O., May 8.—The Leader will say tomorrow: According to a high official of the Vanderbilt lines in this city, the details of a big railroad trust which is to include all the lines between Boston and Chicago are now being worked out and the consolidation may be completed within the next few weeks. The recent purchase of the New England, the Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, was in line with the plans for the consolidation which have been in operation since the late fall of last year. It is not the purpose to have all the lines under one management exactly, but to have a trust which will divide the management of the roads that are to be absorbed. The trust will be organized in such a way that it can use to the best advantage.

The first of the scope of the plan came when the Vanderbilts announced the other day that they controlled all the lines between Boston and Chicago, with the exception of the Boston & Albany, with which they have a traffic agreement and which they expect to take in soon. The Vanderbilts now control all the trunk lines between Buffalo and New York, with the exception of the Erie, the Lackawanna and the Lehigh Valley. The Erie, it is said, will come under the control of the trust, and the Lehigh Valley may go to the Baltimore & Ohio. The Lackawanna is now operated in connection with the Nickel Plate, a Vanderbilt line.

West of Buffalo, the Vanderbilts have the Lake Shore, the Nickel Plate, the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, the Big Four, the Michigan Central, which with the Flint & Pere Marquette, that is soon to be absorbed, will give the trust control in Michigan. The Big Four, which is to be operated in connection with the Monon, is now being purchased by the trust. The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton is expected to be absorbed soon. The Lake Erie Western, which is now being purchased, is expected to give the Vanderbilts a line from Sandusky to Peoria. His, these lines, which are now being purchased, will almost completely the Vanderbilt system.

The Pennsylvania is expected to acquire the Chesapeake and Columbia, the Wheeling & Lake Erie, the Cleveland, Canton & Southern, and the Ohio Southern, as well as the Baltimore & Ohio, which is expected to be absorbed. The Erie, the Lackawanna and the Lehigh Valley, which are now being purchased, will almost completely the Vanderbilt system.

The purpose of the consolidation is said to be to prevent rate cutting and to accomplish this by dividing the joint traffic association was organized to do.

A Wall Street Rumor.

New York, May 8.—The Wall and Exchange says: "The annual meeting of the Canadian Pacific occurs this week, and it was rumored today in Wall street, that President Wm. C. Van Horne will retire from the office which he now holds, in favor of Mr. G. Shaughnessy, the new vice president. The change, it is understood, is at President Van Horne's suggestion. He wishes to maintain his connection with the road in the capacity of chairman of the board of directors."

SALE OF COPPER PROPERTY

COLORADO MINE REPORTED BOUGHT BY UTAH CONCERN.

Price Paid \$100,000 and Properties Are Said to Be as Rich as Any in the Country.

(Special to The Herald.)

Montrose, Colo., May 8.—A deal from James N. McBride of this county to the La Sal Copper Mining company has just been closed. The consideration is \$100,000. The property sold was the Red Bird, Red Chief, Angel, Benito, Horse Shoe, Malachite, Blue Bird, Cumberland, Canon, Deer, Silver Bell, Detroit, White Pine and Lulu lode claims, and several mill sites, all in Paradox valley, Montrose county, Colorado.

This group comprises the property which has been worked the past year by the La Sal Copper Mining company, on La Sal creek. This company has been shipping steadily the past few months the ore just as it comes from the mine. The returns have been decidedly satisfactory, netting about \$3.50 per car. The ore has a very heavy per cent of copper, but is also rich in precious metals.

The La Sal company is said to be a Utah concern. "The La Sal company has now acquired full control of the property, which is as rich as any on earth," said a prominent mining man this morning. "The Red Chief, which is the only one of the group that has been developed, makes a showing that cannot well be equaled. The high-grade ore carries from 50 per cent to 50 per cent of copper, and from 100 to 150 ounces of silver per ton. The ore has been treated by the smelters here and in Pueblo have shown a mean average of \$109 per ton."

KILLED AT A FINE.

Disastrous Blaze in Thresher Plant at Massillon, O.

Massillon, O., May 8.—The largest conflagration in the history of Massillon swept Russell & Co's mammoth thresher and engine plant tonight, destroying property valued at fully \$200,000. The fire started in the warehouse at 8 o'clock, and in spite of the efforts of the various hose companies, gained steady progress.

The structure was fully 300 ft. long, and was filled with threshing machines, and all were consumed. Canton was wired for assistance, but arrived too late to be of assistance. The machine shops were saved.

Albert Bamberger, a volunteer fireman, was killed by a falling wall. In the same catastrophe Christian L. Banzel, a workman, was probably fatally injured.

SUCCESSOR TO ADMIRAL DEWEY

Rear Admiral Watson to Command Asiatic Station.

ORDERED TO PROCEED TO MANILA AT ONCE

Big Banquet Arranged in New York For the Hero.

He Will Leave the Philippines Probably In Two or Three Weeks, and Will Sail for Home Via the Suez Canal—Preparations to Give Him the Grandest Welcome Ever Accorded a Sailor or Soldier—The Olympia Will Bring Him Home.

Washington, May 8.—The navy department has selected a successor to Admiral Dewey to command the Asiatic station.

Orders were today issued detaching Rear Admiral Watson from command of the Mare Island navy yard and ordering him to report to Admiral Dewey at Manila to relieve that officer when he feels that he can be spared there.

Rear Admiral Kempff, at present on detached duty at the Mare Island navy yard, will accompany Admiral Watson in command of the Mare Island navy yard.

BANQUET FOR THE ADMIRAL.

New York Preparing for Grandest Affair Ever Given.

New York, May 8.—Admiral Dewey has cabled to this city his acceptance of an invitation to a banquet to be given in his honor by 100 prominent citizens.

It is likely that Admiral Dewey will return to this country as soon as peace negotiations with the insurgents in the Philippines will be concluded. He will return via the Suez canal, and come to New York. While the exact date of his departure must depend in a large measure upon the progress of the peace negotiations, it is expected by the Washington authorities that the hero of Manila will leave the Philippines within a week or two.

Thirty-seven citizens have already announced their intention to subscribe \$100 each for a banquet in honor of the great captain, and there is no doubt that the list will be filled by the sixty-three others necessary to make the 100 men and the \$10,000 planned for.

Thus, when Admiral Dewey does arrive, which is believed will not be until late in August or early in September, there will await him, in addition to the civic celebration, which will be most elaborate, a banquet, the most splendid ever prepared for an officer.

President McKinley and Secretary of the Navy Long will be invited to the banquet. Whether or not they will attend is another matter. If they cannot attend their private wishes no doubt they would come here to honor the sailor, but etiquette plays a large part in such matters.

WILL COME BY SUEZ.

Dewey Will Sail From Manila Direct to New York.

Washington, May 8.—It was stated at the navy department today that Admiral Dewey will come from Manila direct to New York when he returns to the United States. He will not be until late in August or early in September, there will await him, in addition to the civic celebration, which will be most elaborate, a banquet, the most splendid ever prepared for an officer.

By order of the governor and commander in chief.

STRIKE STILL UNSETTLED.

No Prospect of Settling the Difficulty at Buffalo.

Buffalo, May 8.—The strike is practically unchanged. All efforts made to bring about a settlement have been frustrated by the absolute refusal of the strikers to consider any proposition that did not include the abrogation of Contractor Connors' contract and the refusal of the Lake Carriers' association to consider the contract.

Bishop Quigley had been asked and had consented to receive delegations from the different interests affected by the strike, and during the day he conferred at his residence with delegations from the strikers, from the Lake Carriers' association and the state board of arbitration.

The proposition submitted by the striking shovellers during the conference at the bishop's house provided for the abrogation of the contract with Mr. Connors and the letting of another contract to the grain-shovellers' union at the same price as bid by Mr. Connors. It also provided for the appointment of a paymaster, not connected with any saloon interests and the appointment of a local board of arbitration with power to settle all differences in the future that might arise in connection with the contractor or among the men. The proposition was rejected.

THE POLICE CALLED OUT.

Italian Strikers Threaten Trouble in New York.

New York, May 8.—Several hundred Italians at work on the Jerome park reservoir went on strike today. The contractor asked for an advance and a hundred policemen were sent to the reservoir.

The strikers attempted to coerce the men who would not go out with them, and for a time there seemed imminent danger of trouble. The police came up and Foreman Timothy O'Connor stepped up to Michael Samboraso, a leader of the strikers, and told him to get away from the place. Samboraso retorted by trying to brain O'Connor with a shovel. The Italian was arrested before he did any damage. He was fined \$5 in a police court.

The strikers number 1,200. They had struck for \$1.50 in dynamite at \$1.25 a day. A quantity of dynamite is stored around the reservoir, and it was to protect this that the police were called.

Short Fruit Crop.

Tacoma, Wash., May 8.—Reports to State Commissioner Baker indicate that Yakima county will have only half a crop of peaches, while apricots are all killed. Walla Walla there will be a light crop all round.

RESORT TO HABEAS CORPUS

HOW THE COLORADO VOLUNTEERS MAY BE RELEASED.

The Only Method Open to Governor Thomas, and Would Even Then Probably Lose His Case.

NEW YORK, MAY 8.—A special to the World from Washington says: "It is possible, war department officials say, that the governor of Colorado may be able to set the question of the right of the United States to use the volunteers in foreign service before the courts through the medium of habeas corpus proceedings."

"This might be done on the allegation that the volunteers are held against their wishes. War department officials say it would be easy to prove by the orders which have been issued that all the volunteers were perfectly free to ask for and obtain their discharge when the treaty of peace was signed."

"The executive committee of the authorities say, that the governor would lose his case if brought on this point, but they regard habeas corpus proceedings as the only course open to him."

CORBIN WRITES TO THOMAS.

Explains to Colorado Governor the Whole Situation.

Washington, May 8.—Adjutant General Corbin did not care to discuss the interview of Governor Thomas of Colorado, today, further than to say that already orders had been issued for the return of the volunteers in the Philippines and that they would come home as fast as the transportation could be provided.

General Corbin says he has written a letter to Governor Thomas which explains the whole situation. This letter will not doubt be received by the governor today. The general would not make it public, but he had no objections to the governor doing so when received.

How They May Secure Men to Work Their Properties.

Wardner, Ida., May 8.—At a conference of the following kind: Sinclair, General Merritt, Sheriff France and Judge Lindley, the following proclamation was issued: "Whereas, the following notice has been sent upon the mineowners of Shoshone county by the duly constituted state authorities by whom martial law has been declared, to-wit: 'The mine-owners of Shoshone county: Certain organizations or combinations existing in Shoshone county have shown themselves to be criminal in purpose, inciting and as organizations procuring property to be destroyed and murders to be committed, by reason whereof it has been necessary to declare martial law in Shoshone county. You are therefore notified that the employment of men belonging to said or other criminal organizations and the commission of any act which must cease, in case this direction is not observed, your mines will be closed.'"

"Therefore, in order to carry into effect the spirit of the foregoing notice, and restore the industries of the district as far as possible, it becomes necessary to establish a system by which the mine-owners of Shoshone county and who are law-abiding people, may obtain work and that order and peace may be established, the following is promulgated: 'All parties applying for underground work in any of the mines will be required to obtain from Dr. Hugh Francis, the duly appointed and authorized agent for the state of Idaho for this purpose, or his deputy, at Wardner, or at Wallace, a permit authorizing the employment of men to work in the mines. Bunker Hill and Sullivan, Last Chance, Empire State, Idaho, Consolidated Tiger, Postman, Mammoth, Standard, Helena, Frisco, Gem, Morning, Hunter, and such others as may be hereafter included in the above list."

"Mineowners must refuse employment to all applicants for underground work without presentation by the parties seeking employment of a duly signed certificate authorizing the same. Such certificates to be deposited in mine-owners' office, subject to periodical inspection. All parties now under employment in any of the mines above named will be required to procure within ten days from this date the certificates above referred to as a condition to their remaining in the service of the respective mine-owners."

"By order of the governor and commander in chief."

NEBRASKA GIRL DESPONDENT OVER DEATH OF SWEETHEART.

Boomer, Neb., May 8.—Mary Vlach, the 16-year-old daughter of a farmer residing near this city, committed suicide while despondent over the death of her soldier sweetheart, George Hoar, who fell before Calococan while fighting with the First Nebraska.

Hoar was a neighboring farm boy and the two had attended the same country school. The sorrowing girl, who fell before Calococan while fighting with the First Nebraska.

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FOR MURDER OF HER MOTHER.

Sensational Trial Attracting Attention in Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 8.—The jury to try Bertha Bollenstein for the murder of her mother at their home, 203 Spring Garden Avenue, Allegheny, Oct. 2 last, was completed at 1 o'clock this afternoon and the trial proceeded. The balance of the day being occupied in the statement of the case by the prosecuting attorney and the hearing of several witnesses.

The terrible nature of the crime for which Mrs. Bollenstein is arraigned is the killing of her mother. Her own father was completed at 1 o'clock this afternoon and the trial proceeded. The balance of the day being occupied in the statement of the case by the prosecuting attorney and the hearing of several witnesses.

The trial of the young woman as a consequence is being watched with morbid interest, and one of the evidences of the excitement is that during the house corridors this morning long before the doors of the criminal court were opened.

WILL GET SMALL AMOUNT.

Copper Subscribers to Receive But 20 Per Cent.

(Special to The Herald.)

New York, May 8.—James Sillman, president of the National City bank, has authorized the statement that no subscriber for stock of the Amalgamated Copper company will receive more than 20 per cent of the amount of his subscription.

The formal notices of allotment will be mailed on Friday, May 13, and they will call for payment on May 22. Subscription rights were weak on the curb this morning, at the opening being offered at 100 1/2 per bid.

Increase Price of Flows.

Chicago, May 8.—The Northwestern Pulp Manufacturers' association met at the Great Northern hotel today. It was unanimously voted that the advance in the price of raw material is so great that 25 per cent should be added to the selling price of manufactured goods.

THE HERALD BULLETIN.

PAGE ONE Successor to Admiral Dewey. Utah Soldiers Kidnaped. Sale of Copper Mines. Big Railroad Trust. Make More Arrests.

PAGE TWO. Baseball Games Yesterday. Miles' Duty Is Done. Not the Real Hero. Names the Bribers.

PAGE THREE. Labor Conventions in Session. Miners Discuss Wardner Trouble. Salt Trust's Plans.

PAGE FOUR. Dirt Will Soon Fly. Wasatch County Irrigation Case Decided.

PAGE SIX. Pennsylvania Smelter to Resume. Mining Stock Market. In Honor of Joan of Arc. Blow to American Meats.

PAGE SEVEN. Germany in Good Humor.

PAGE EIGHT. City Railway's New Power Plant. Salt Palace Grounds.