

Silver, 50% per ounce. Copper, 16c per pound. Lead, A. S. & R. Co.'s price, 54.57 1/2; New York Exchange, 54.67 1/2; 44.72 1/2; New York brokers, 54.50.

Forecast for Salt Lake Today Is Fair; Warmer This Afternoon.

GERMANIA STRIKE IS STILL EFFECTIVE

Only a Small Proportion of the Men Went to Work Yesterday.

Deputy Sheriffs Were on Hand Again Last Night to Protect the Company's Property From Possible Damage.

The strike at the Germania smelter is still on, though it has assumed peculiar complications. The men at the Pennsylvania, the old Mingo and the Highland Boy, are ready to go out if a leader arises among them. That is, this is the statement of several men who work at each place. Some of the Germania men did not tell them there was to be a strike, claiming that they would have talked out too. There has, as yet, been no violence, and no bloodshed. The men are calm and peaceful and are determined that they will have an advance in wages or quit work. The continuance of the strike depends on their determination. Men from Sandy said yesterday, that if the Germania closed down they would quit work at the other trust smelter. Though the strikers are peaceful to all appearances, Superintendent Tucker

used to discuss the grievances of the men with a committee at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of the day before, and the men say that he was even insulting to them. But he was pleasant enough yesterday after some reflection, and this notice was pasted on the walls about the building, Tuesday night and yesterday morning.

April 3rd, 1900.

"To the workmen of the Germania smelter: "In regard to raising wages, the matter has been submitted to the operating committee at Denver and it will be impossible to secure a decision before one week.

"In the meantime, the writer requests the men to come to work until the question is settled and would be glad to meet a committee of the men to talk over the matter, should they so desire.

J. H. TUCKER, Superintendent. Varying Accounts of Decision. The stories which Mr. Tucker tells of

BOERS INVEST LORD ROBERTS

Efforts to Pen British Up at Bloemfontein.

KRUGER CONCEIVES AN AUDACIOUS PLAN

'Little Bobs' Prepares to Deliver Crushing Blow.

English Hampered by Lack of Remounts and Convoys—Prisoners Rescued From the Boers—Burgers Cross the Modder River and Gather Closer to Bloemfontein—Hopes That Mafeking Will Soon Be Relieved.

London, April 5.—It looks today as though the Boers had conceived the audacious plan of attempting to invest Lord Roberts at Bloemfontein, or at least to endeavor to delay his northward advance by harassing the British lines of communication. On his side, Lord Roberts is concentrating his forces and preparing to take every advantage of the bold but risky tactics

WAS GREAT DAY FOR IRELAND

Queen Victoria Visits the City of Dublin.

GIVEN AN OVATION FROM ALL QUARTERS

Not the Least Attempt Made at Disturbance.

Aged Sovereign Was Met at the Gates of the City and Tendered the Keys by the Lord Mayor—Imposing Spectacle When the Royal Party Entered—Decorations Outrivalled Those of London During the Jubilee.

Dublin, April 4.—Queen Victoria landed in Ireland this morning for the first time in thirty-nine years. The disembarkation from the royal yacht was accomplished at 11:30. The command of the forces in Ireland, the Duke of Connaught; the lord lieutenant, Earl Cadogan, and their staffs greeted her majesty, and the ride from Kingstown to Dublin commenced in splendid weather and before huge and good-

DEWEY SAYS HE IS EARNEST

Will Accept Presidency of United States.

HIS PLANS ARE NOT YET FULLY MATURED

Refuses to Say to What Party He Belongs.

Leaves Everyone in the Dark as to His Political Inclinations and Says He Would Be the People's Candidate—Does Not Expect Republican Nomination—Col. Bryan Declines to Discuss the Subject—Much Surprise Created.

Washington, April 4.—Admiral Dewey tonight expressed himself as very much gratified over the manner his decision to be a candidate for the presidency has been received by his friends. Many telegrams have come to him today, particularly from the south and some also from the far west, endorsing his course and stating that he will receive the support of the signers in the campaign which he will make.

The admiral was in excellent humor when seen at his home tonight and talked interestingly of a number of things in connection with his proposed candidacy, though concerning most questions asked him he requested that nothing be said at this time, as in due time he would make a statement to the public on the subject.

"Why is it, admiral, that you have decided to become a candidate for the presidency?" he was asked. "Really, on that point," he answered, "there is nothing to add to what has already been printed on the subject. If the American people want me to be their candidate for this high office I shall gladly serve them. My determination to aspire to it was influenced by many friends, who have written letters suggesting that I should be a candidate.

Urged From All Quarters. "These communications have come from all over the country, some from New York, a large number from the south and some from the Pacific coast. It was in response to these suggestions that I have taken the course announced. Since the United States has had received a number of telegrams from my friends, commending the action I have taken and promising me their support, I am deeply gratified to them for their kindness. These are the considerations which have urged me to change my mind from the original statement I made on my return from Manila that I would not be a candidate for the office."

"Now tell me something about your plans for the future," suggested the reporter. "On that point I am not prepared to make any statement," answered the admiral. "I am consulting with my friends as to the course to be pursued. When the proper time arrives, I will make a statement of my intentions as to the future, and this will be very soon. Pending that I prefer not to say anything for publication regarding them."

Admiral Dewey has some very decided opinions on matters of public moment, and while expressing them in private prefers not to make any public announcement of them at this time.

His Warm Reception. Platforms for parties, he believes, are not made by candidates for the high office of president. In connection with his determination to run for office the admiral dwells with much interest and gratification on the warmth of the reception that he has everywhere received in his various trips throughout the country, including the south particularly, and numerous personal declarations that the people wanted him for president.

Much comment has been indulged in today by the public as to which of the great political parties the admiral will ally himself with, and from whom he expects to receive the nomination for the presidency. To questions bearing on this subject he declared that he prefers not to make any statement at this time. To those who have talked with him privately on the subject, however, and who are fully acquainted with his views, it is evident that he does not expect the nomination to come from the Republican party.

The admiral, his friends say, has very decided views on the question of expansion, on that of a tariff for Porto Rico and of others of great public interest, but he declined politely tonight to intimate these views, saying that this is not the proper time for that.

PLAN TO HEAD OFF BRYAN. Dewey Said to be the Tool of Eastern Gold Democrats. New York, April 4.—A Washington dispatch to the Evening Telegram says: "It has developed that the announcement of Admiral Dewey's candidacy is a part of a well-laid plan of eastern Democrats to head off Mr. Bryan's nomination."

The Evening Telegram's dispatch continues: "The admiral will not admit that there is any organization behind his candidacy or state whether he would like the Republican or Democratic nomination. He told us today that he was in the hands of the American people, and was as willing to obey orders from them as he has been from his superiors in the navy. He said: "I have every reason to believe that there is a popular demand for my nomination. I decline to say whether I am a Democrat or a Republican. I want to be the people's candidate. I fully realize that in announcing my willingness to become a candidate that my troubles are beginning, but a man who has the interests of his country at heart cannot share its share of them, and I am willing to risk all that may come to me."

"From every state in the union and from all classes of the people I have received gratifying evidence of a desire for my nomination. The demand has become so general that I felt constrained to give serious consideration to the matter, and although I had previously stated that I would not accept a nomination, conditions have so changed in the past few months that I cannot longer as a loyal American citizen

ANARCHIST TAKES SHOT AT THE PRINCE OF WALES

England's Future King Narrowly Escapes Death in Railway Train at Brussels.

Two Bullets Fired But Both Went Wild—Would-be Assassin a Mere Boy.

Brussels, April 4.—As the train was leaving the northern station for the Southern railroad station an individual fired a revolver at the Prince of Wales, but missed his royal highness.

The attempt upon the life of the Prince of Wales occurred at 3:55 p. m. The would-be assassin jumped upon the footboard of the prince's salon car as the train was starting and fired into the car, aiming at the Prince of Wales. The man was immediately arrested.

The would-be assassin is a tinsmith named Spido, a resident of Brussels, 15 years old. His pockets were found to be full of anarchistic literature. He fired two shots at the prince. The Princess of Wales and others were in the car, but no one was touched.

When examined by the station official Spido declared he intended to kill the Prince of Wales and that he did not regret his action, and was ready to do it again if given a chance.

Why He Wanted to Kill. Spido subsequently said he wanted to kill the prince "because he caused thousands of men to be slaughtered in South Africa."

Hearing the shots the station master rushed to the scene and knocked down the would-be assassin's arm as he prepared to fire a third shot and a number of persons threw themselves on the prince's assailant. In the confusion a second man, who was quite innocent, was seized, roughly handled and beaten.

After the Prince of Wales had ascertained that the man who fired the shot had been arrested he declared himself and the princess uninjured, and the train started.

The attack is condemned even at the labor headquarters here, and at the Maison du Peuple, where the extreme anarchists meet, a leading member of the young socialist guard was loud in his denunciation of this evening of Spido's action.

The Journal de Bruxelles says: "This outrage will provoke the indignation of all honest people in every civilized country, and especially Belgium. We stigmatize it as the crime of a youth disordered brain. We deeply regret that it was committed in Belgium, and we congratulate the Prince of Wales upon his fortunate escape from the bullet of a rascal."

An eye witness says that the train was already in motion, and when the engineer heard the pistol he shut off the steam, applied the brakes and stopped the train. As the train stopped started after Spido's arrest the public loudly cheered the prince, who acknowledged the demonstration from the car window.

An examination of Spido's revolver showed that four chambers had been discharged, but that two of the cartridges had missed fire.

Spido has a round, boyish face, black eyes and dark hair. At the examination before the magistrate it was ascertained that he had purchased a penny ticket in order to reach the de-

pot platform, where he walked up and down quite awhile at the same time the prince was promenading.

Had Made Threats. Persons who attended the Maison du Peuple yesterday say they heard Spido declare that if the Prince of Wales came to Brussels he ought to have a bullet in his head, and they also heard him offer to bet 5 francs that he would fire at the prince.

According to Le Patriote, some news of the views expressed at the meeting referred to was conveyed to the station master, who had taken what he thought were extra precautions.

Spido appeared at the station in his best clothes, having explained to his father that he was going to seek employment.

The Prince of Wales appeared quite unaffected by the incident. He asked whether the revolver was loaded, and on being informed in the affirmative, smiled and begged that the culprit might not be treated too severely. "Le Chronique" says: "Belgium should not be held responsible for the act of a mad man whose conduct she repudiates."

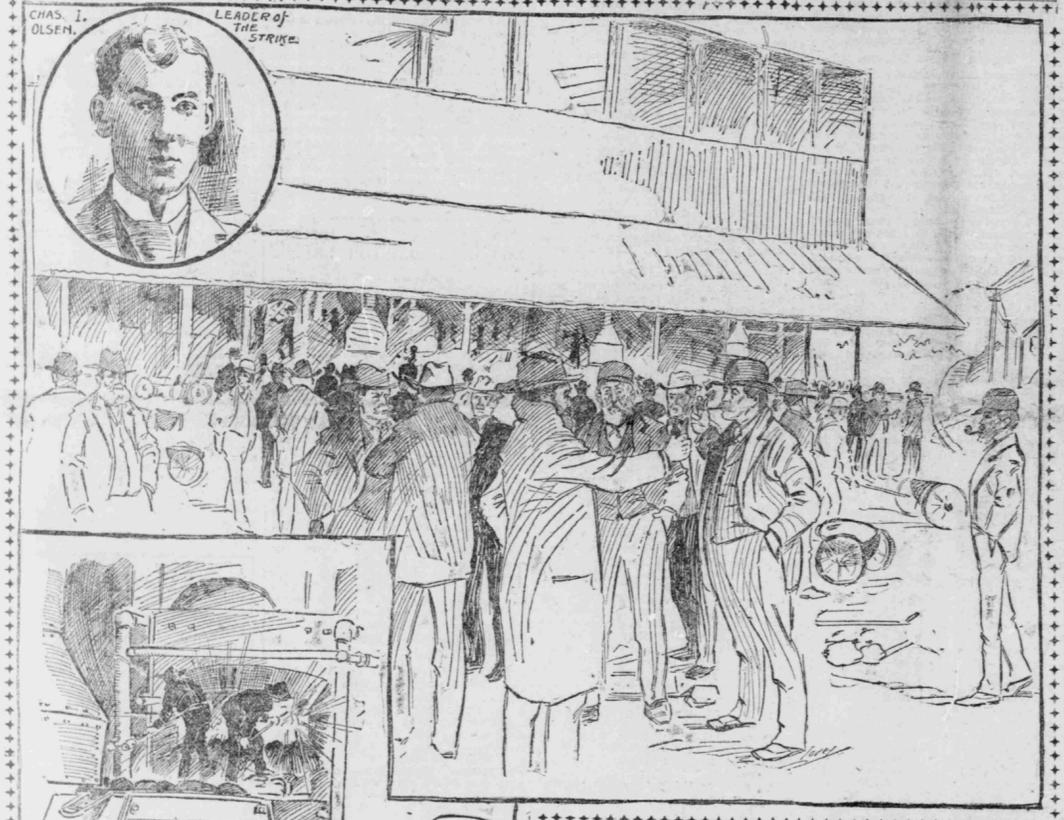
EXCITEMENT AT LONDON. Bitter Indignation Caused By the Attempted Assassination. London, April 4.—The news of the attempt on the life of the Prince of Wales spread with marvelous rapidity in all parts of London and created the most intense excitement and bitter indignation among all classes. The fact that the attempted assassination occurred in a city where Dr. Leyds, diplomatic agent of the Transvaal, has made his headquarters, was generally taken to indicate that the would-be assassin was a Boer sympathizer, and this so inflamed passions that most bitter invectives were hurled against the Boers and everything connected with them.

The government was wholly ignorant of the attempt on the life of the Prince of Wales until the press dispatches on the subject were communicated to the foreign office. The Marquis of Salisbury immediately telegraphed to the Prince of Wales his congratulations on his escape, while the United States charge d'affaires, Henry D. White, who was calling on the premier, promptly repaired to Marlborough house and left his card there.

All the officials were greatly disturbed by the occurrence, and the general opinion was that it must be connected in some way with the Transvaal, especially as the Prince of Wales has always heretofore been such a favorite on the continent and never before has been molested in the slightest degree. One high official remarked: "That settles the question of the Prince of Wales' visit to the Paris exposition."

Some fears were expressed as to the effect the occurrence may have in Dublin. It was pointed out that such attempts are contagious. On the other hand, those who are best acquainted with Ireland contended that the only effect would be to increase the determination of the Irish that no untoward incident should mar the success of the queen's visit.

The news of the attempt on the life of the Prince of Wales was immediately telegraphed to Queen Victoria.



SCENES AND INCIDENTS AT THE GERMANIA YESTERDAY.

has no confidence in their remaining so. At his request three deputy sheriffs, with Sam Dowse in charge, were sent down to the plant last night, and they were there all night to protect the plant from possible violence and interference. A false move or a sudden quarrel might precipitate a riot.

Denial is Made. There has been fierce denial of the story of the strike as published in The Herald yesterday morning. Superintendent Tucker in an interview yesterday said there was little basis for the statements and the office of Sheriff Howells has been so exercised and excited that it declares there was no foundation for the story, and yet, deputy sheriffs armed to the teeth, patrolled the grounds last night.

These are the developments of yesterday. A quasi-agreement between Manager Jones and Superintendent Tucker, and a committee of the workmen was reached at 7 o'clock yesterday morning; the smelter is working only sixty-five instead of 165 men on a shift; about 140 men have quit work and will return to the Germania Mercantile company, in which most of the employees purchased their provisions. He has stopped credit to strikers, and at 7 o'clock this morning, a meeting of the strikers was held at the home of Charles D. Olson, the young man who is looked upon as the leader of the contest.

The situation at present is confused and indefinite. Only two of the big furnaces of the plant are in operation and two others are "frozen," so that they cannot be cleaned out and put in operation for a week or ten days, even if there was a full force.

Attempt at Settlement. A committee of five of the leading workmen called on Superintendent Tucker at 7 o'clock yesterday morning at his invitation. This was the time for the morning shift to go to work. He had, as he said himself yesterday, re-

of the enemy. He is not likely to strike at any of their forces until he is certain of delivering a crushing blow.

There is little doubt that Lord Roberts is hampered by the necessity for remounts and transports, and the loss of the convoy guns and all of Colonel Broadwood's baggage was a serious matter. The Boers are now trusting to what they believe to be their superior mobility.

The Daily Mail has the following from Bloemfontein, dated Tuesday, April 13, saying: Colonel Porter, with ninety carabineers and Scots Greys and two guns, performed a brilliant deed Sunday. He charged a large body of Boers and rescued ninety odd British prisoners, including eleven officers, who were captured the previous day. There were no casualties on the British side.

Boers Cross the Modder. The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Times, telegraphing Tuesday, says: "The Boers are across the Modder some force, east of Bloemfontein. Our mounted infantry has been in touch with them all day at Bushman's Kop, twelve miles distant. The late mishap will not be wholly unfortunate if it clearly exposes the unwisdom of the policy of leniency, which is not adapted to the present situation."

The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Daily Mail, telegraphing Tuesday, says: "General Clements' force traversed Petrusburg Sunday morning and is now encamped a day's march from here."

A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Mafeking, dated March 25, by a runner to Gabrone, says: "Last night I received the welcome news of the dispatch of a column by way of Vryburg to relieve us. The messenger reported that he had encountered no Boers on the route."

"Other runners from the north tell of the rapid approach of Colonel Plummer's column. The Boers continue the bombardment, but it is believed now that there are not more than 2,000 around us, many having left daily."

PALMER BOUND OVER. Seducer of Miss Alexander Held to Answer. W. H. Palmer, the traveling photographer who was arrested some time ago on a charge of adultery, was yesterday bound over to the district court by Justice Nielsen. Only one woman was examined in the case. Palmer offers no defense, and in default of bonds was sent to the county jail.

natures' crows. At the entrance to the city the queen received an address of welcome, and handed the lord mayor the following reply:

"I thank you heartily for the loyal welcome and good wishes which you have tendered me on behalf of yourself and your fellow citizens on my arrival in the ancient capital of my Irish dominion."

"I came to this fair country to seek a change and rest, and to revisit scenes which recall to my mind the warm welcome and good wishes which I received given to both myself and my beloved husband, I am deeply gratified that I have been able at this time to see again the motherland of those glib-tongued themselves in the defense of my crown and empire with cheerful valor as conspicuous now as ever in their glorious past."

"I pray that the Almighty God may ever guide and direct you in the high functions which you exercise for the benefit of your fellow citizens."

Queen Was Affected. The queen appeared to be much affected by the warmth of her welcome. Mr. Burke, a son of the former city sword bearer, took the place of Mr. James Egan, the sword bearer, who had refused to officiate, but the lord mayor himself handed the sword and keys to her majesty, who touched them.

The ceremonies at the city gate were most picturesque. London's jubilee mayor, Sir George Faudet-Phillips, said the ceremonies were the finest he had ever seen, far surpassing those of the great jubilee. In reply to the address of welcome of the town's commissioners of Kinestown, the queen handed the following to the chairman:

"I thank you for your loyal and dutiful address and for the warm welcome which you have greeted me. On receiving you again in Irish soil I received with heartfelt satisfaction your assurances of devotion and affection towards me. I am looking forward with much pleasure to my visit to this part of my dominion, and may God bless Ireland's welfare and prosperity."

As this written reply was handed to the chairman, her majesty said, "I am pleased to find myself in Ireland again."

Clouds Cleared Away. A slight shower marred for the moment the prospects of the day, but it was soon over and the weather remained splendid. No sooner had the queen arrived at the vice regal lodge and lunched than she drove out again in Phoenix park, being much cheered. It is understood that she expressed herself as wonderfully pleased with the

MINE OWNERS THREATEN TO CURTAIL ORE OUTPUT

(Special to The Herald.)

Denver, April 4.—Notwithstanding the demands of the Cripple Creek mine owners at their meeting yesterday for a reduction of smelter and railroad charges on ore and their threat to curtail the output to an amount necessary for running expenses until their demands are granted, there is no prospect of any agreement. It is believed that the mine owners will be any compliance with such demands either in the immediate or remote future. Former Governor J. E. Grant, western manager for the trust, announced this morning that there was no chance of a reduction in smelter rates. The smelters are supplied with all the ores they need for full operation for several months.

Mr. Grant, who is the trust's western manager, was asked how he reconciled the refusal to reduce charges and the fact that the earnings were so large that handsome dividends could be paid

on so large capitalization, and he replied that he had no knowledge of facts such as were reported from the east. Mining men, who hopefully talk about the outlook, have some hopes of other influences changing the situation, but this idea may be modified when the expressions of the smelter managers on the question are read.

Railroads hauling ore from Cripple Creek have received no official notification of the Colorado Springs meeting and determination to close the mines, and nothing in the way of regard to lowering the rates until the matter is taken up with the traffic officials.

The greatest anxiety is felt in business and labor circles, for the threatened curtailment of output would mean the idleness of probably 6,000 men in mines and railroads and a falling off in the gold production of Colorado of from \$10,000,000 to \$15,000,000 this year.

WANTS TO COME HOME. Captain Leary is Relieved From Duty at His Own Request. Washington, April 4.—To set at rest stories that have been in circulation to the effect that Captain Leary is to be relieved of the naval governorship of the Island of Guam because of dissatisfaction with his administration of affairs, the navy department has seen fit to establish beyond question the fact that the officer is to be relieved solely at his own instance. It is stated, moreover, that the department is more than satisfied with the manner in which Captain Leary has discharged the difficult and delicate duties confided to his care. His letter is as follows:

"Government House, Agaña, Guam, Feb. 8, 1900.—I have the honor to request that upon the expiration of my sea cruise as a captain, on the 24th of July, 1900, which will make my two and a half years, I be relieved from my present duties and ordered to my home."

"With the fifteen months immediately prior to my appointment commanding the ram Katabidi, I will have had forty-five months of almost continuous sea service, and as my presence will be needed at home for domestic reasons, I respectfully request relief. Very respectfully, R. LEARY, "Governor of Guam. "Secretary of the Navy."

THE HERALD BULLETIN.

- PAGE ONE. Attempt to Assassinate Prince of Wales. Was Great Day For Ireland. Germania Strike is Still Effective. Dewey Says He Is Earnest. Boers Invest Lord Roberts. PAGE TWO. Went Up in Flames. Ogdan Street Railway Deal. Fight For Seat For Quay. PAGE THREE. Mountain News. Public Schools Will Close May 11. PAGE FOUR. Editorial. PAGE FIVE. Deseret Company Is No More. Work of the Women. PAGE SIX. Utah Mining Dividends. Mining Stock Market. PAGE SEVEN. Wordly Duel in House. Financial and Commercial. PAGE EIGHT. Will Gather May 10. Killed on Desert.