CHING IS IN CUSTODY

Japanese Hold Prince as a Possible Negotiator.

LI IS GIVEN PROTECTION

M'KINLEY WILL DECIDE WHETHER TO LEAVE PEKIN.

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Pekin, Aug. 26, via Taku, Sept. 10, and Shanghai, Sept. 11.—The Japanese found Prince Ching, leader of the conservative, pro-foreign party, in the western hills, twenty miles distant, and are holding him there with the view of a conference and in the hope that he may establish communication with the dowager empress.

Papers have been found in the emperor's room at the palace containing lists of the foreigners killed and the foreigners' property destroyed.

The search upon the part of the allies for Chinese troops has been suspended.

M'KINLE YIS TO DECIDE.

Withdrawal From Pekin Now Rests With President.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The question of withdrawing the American troops at once from Pekin is now before the president and a speedy decision is expected and required. There are differences among officials in Pekin on this subject and the issue is for the president to decide. The action of the French government as reported by cable dispatches in joining Russia in orders for the withdrawal of troops has brought about the contingency touched upon in the reply to Russia in the following language: "The result of these considerations is that unless there is such a general expression by the powers in favor of continued occupation as to modify the views expressed by the government of Russia and lead to a general agreement for continued occupation, we shall give instructions to the commander of the American forces in China to withdraw our troops from Pekin after due conference with the other commanders as to time and manner of withdrawal."

Meanwhile the state department is doing its best to force the Chinese government, through Li Hung Chang, to restore peace in the provinces and cease outrages upon American citizens, which have been continued up to the present day. Reports coming by mail are just reaching the state department as to some of these occurrences.

Under date of July 31, 1900, the consul of the United States at Fu Chau reports to the department of state that advices received from three native pastors at Shao Wu, about 250 miles from Fu Chau, and a mission station of the American board indicate that during a riot which occurred at Shao Wo on July 24 the large church belonging to the mission, one chapel, a large hospital building, two residences occupied by the missionaries and several native houses were destroyed by the mob, every article of furniture being carried away. The consul also states that no loss of life is reported as having occurred during the riot. Rev. M. Walker and Rev. Mr. Hinman of the Shao Wu mission were at Fu Chau on July 31, where they had been for several months previously.

Uncle Sam Will Protest.

Minister Wu has communicated the following: "A communication from the privy council states an edict has already been issued commanding Sir Ribert Hart to confer with the representatives of the foreign nations for the loan of a steam vessel to convey Li Hung Chang without delay to Pekin, where he is to associate himself with Prince Ching in dealing with all pending questions.

Li Hung Chang sent this message:

"Having received imperial orders ordering my speedy departure for the north, it behooves me to make arrangements to start on my journey soon. Please inform secretary of state and request instructions be telegraphed to the United States commanders at Tien Tsin and Pekin to co-operate in affording me protection if required."

To the above communication Secretary Hill has handed Mr. Wu the following reply:

"In reply to the request of Earl Li that instructions be telegraphed to the United States commanders at Tien Tsin and Pekin to co-operate in affording him protection if required on his journey, the government of the United States so far as its own forces are concerned will be happy to facilitate in every proper way the journey of Earl Li to Pekin and will so instruct its commanders.

"Department of State, Washington, Sept. 12, 1900."

TROOPS TO STAY NEAR PEKIN.

France May Not Withdraw Far From the City.

Paris, Sept. 12.—The officials of the French government were careful to explain to the Associated Press that the withdrawal of the French troops would be confined to the city itself, and that they might camp under the very walls of Pekin in order that the military advantages secured be not abandoned and that the future may not call for another conflict. The country between Pekin and Tien Tsin, it is added, will not be surrendered by the foreign troops.

GO OUT AGAINST BOXERS.

Americans and Others In an Expedition.

(Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.)

Tien Tsin, Sept. 8 (via Shanghai, Sept. 11).—A body of 4,000 allied troops, including 200 men of the Fifteenth infantry under command of Major Robertson, marched today against the cities of Sheng-Hae-Sien and Tufe, where the presence of Boxers threatens the Tien Tsin region.

The advance was made in two columns for the purpose of flanking the towns. General Dorward personally commanded the expedition.

The Japanese siege guns were taken with the expedition, which included a large force of cavalry.

One regiment of German cavalry and one British battery have arrived.

STORIES OF MASSACRE.

Over 15,000 Native Christians Said to Be Killed.

London, Sept. 13, 3:15 a. m.—All the correspondents in China are sending terrible stories of wholesale massacre of missionaries and native Christians.

It is asserted that during July between 15,000 and 20,000 converts were massacred in the northern provinces.

Large numbers of missionaries are still unaccounted for, and small hope is entertained of their escape.

MONEY IS CONFISCATED.

Russians Collect Part of Indemnity In Advance.

Pekin, Wednesday, Sept. 5.—The Russo-Chinese bank which, as announced yesterday, closed here today and removes to Shanghai, will confiscate, as part of the indemnity to be paid to Russia, the imperial university fund of 5,000,000 taels deposited with it, against which the Chinese drew for the payment of their troops.

RUSSIANS FAIL IN ATTACK.

Beaten Back Near Taku—Peace Terms Proposed.

New York, Sept. 12.—A special dispatch from Shanghai, dated yesterday, says:

"The Russians failed, after two attacks, to take the Chinese fortifications at Pei Ting, north of Taku.

"Prince Ching has informed Li Hung Chang that a certain power proposed four conditions to be accepted before agreeing to an armistice—the neutralization of Tien Tsin, the creation of Heh Lang Kiang and a buffer state, the placing by the powers of international garrisons at the treaty ports and the execution of the Boxer chiefs."

Detectives Guard Salisbury.

London, Sept. 12.—The residence of Lord Salisbury here is watched by Scotland yard detectives, owing to threats which are now said to be the work of a practical joker. Lord Salisbury left Schulcht today for England.

PESTILENCE MENACES STRICKEN GALVESTON

(Continued from page 1.)

courageous by the offer of the White Screwmen's association tendering the services of all its 500 members. They were placed at the disposal of the various ward chairmen and foremen appointed for each division.

Mr. Van Vleck, general manager of the Southern Pacific railroad, authorized the committee to draw on that company for $5,000. Mr. Van Vleck returned to Houston to send a bargeload of supplies.

The Galveston, Houston & Henderson railroad is operating relief trains over its line to Texas City Junction and thence over the Texas City terminal to, or nearly to Texas City.

A boat is carrying dispatches from Galveston to Texas City. Arrangements have been made to start a passenger service tomorrow. The steamer Lawrence will take passengers to Texas City.

Transportation Is Given Free.

Destitute persons who have relatives to go to elsewhere will be furnished with credentials by the relief committee and will be taken to Texas City free of charge and carried by the Galveston, Houston & Henderson to Houston free. Mr. Van Vleck is arranging transportation for them from Houston to points whither they are destined. This service will begin at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Work on the waterworks has not progressed so satisfactorily as had been hoped for. The machinery has been cleared of the debris and the pipes found to be badly damaged, and plumbers, steam fitters and boiler makers are at work on them. It may be possible to turn water into the mains tomorrow.

All saloons were closed by the chief of police on Sunday. At a meeting of the general committee with the city officials, this morning, the policing of the city was discussed. Mayor Jones announced that Adjutant General Schurry would take charge of the situation with the soldiers. The city is patrolled by about 2,000 policemen, special policemen, soldiers and deputy sheriffs. Deputy Chief of Police Amundsen is acting as chief. Chief of Police Ketchum is engaged in other work outside of the police department. Sheriff Thomas has charge of the deputy sheriffs and special deputies, and J. H. Hawley is in command of the military forces, guarding property and protecting the inhabitants during the disturbed state of affairs.

Forty-Seven Negro Vandals Killed.

Orders were issued to the soldiers and police to kill any person caught in the act of robbing the dead. Up to Tuesday morning forty-seven negro vandals have been killed as a penalty of their crime. They were shot dead, and their bodies were carted away with dead victims of the storm.

No liquor is permitted to be sold under any circumstances unless ordered by the chairman of one of the committees or by a physician, who must state that it is to be used for medical purposes. All persons not having business on the streets after dark must be identified. Unless identification is forthcoming they are arrested. No person is allowed to work in or about any building unless he has a written permit from the police. No person is permitted to carry furniture or other property through the streets unless he has a written permit from the proper authorities.

No gambling is permitted.

Heroes Rescue Forty.

During the storm Saturday night the young men of the Boddiker family, with the aid of a skiff, rescued over forty persons and took them to the university building where they were sheltered from the wind and waves.

People tell of getting out of their houses just in the nick of time. They tell of seeing people struck by flying timbers and crushed to death before their eyes. One man was cut off from his family just as he thought he had them rescued and saw them sink beneath the water on the other side of a barrier. He turned in and helped to rescue others who were in peril. One woman carried her 5-month-old babe in her arms from her house, only to see a beam strike the child on the head, killing it instantly. She herself suffered a broken leg and bruised body.

Eighteen people were caught in the Grothger grocery store, and it is presumed that all were lost, as many have been reported dead who were known to have been in the building, which was swept away entirely. The firemen buried eight persons south of Avenue O today. The graves were marked with pieces of garments worn by the persons.

Swims Bay to Find Family.

Will Love, a printer on the Houston Post, who formerly lived in Houston, swam the bay Monday to reach his family, who he found to be alive in Galveston. He swam from pier to pier on the railroad bridge, and at each he rested.

In the Bolivar lighthouse, which stands 120 feet high on Bolivar point, across the bay from Galveston, about 150 persons sought refuge from the storm Saturday evening. Many were unfortunates whose homes had been swept away by the hurricane, and others residents of Galveston, and who had come to the bay shore in frantic efforts to reach Galveston and their families. The refugees spent an awful night in the lighthouse Saturday night. The supply of fresh water was soon exhausted, and an effort was made to get water by catching rainwater in buckets suspended at the top of the lighthouse. The experiment was a success in a way, but it demonstrated a remarkable incident of the force of the wind. The buckets were soon filled with water, but it was salty and could not be used. The salt spray was carried into the air over 130 feet, and was mingled with the rainwater that fell in the buckets. From the top of the light tower, several venturesome storm sufferers viewed the destructive work of the wind on Galveston island. Twelve dead bodies were recovered near the lighthouse.

Negro Loses His Life.

Mr. Mutti, a store keeper, lost his life after a display of uncommon heroism. When the storm struck the city he hitched up a one-horse cart and started out to rescue his neighbors. Cartload after cartload he carried in safety to a fire company house. On three occasions the cartload of human beings, some half dead, others crazed with fright, was carried for blocks by the raging current, but he landed all of them safely, even to his last load, when he met his death. As he attempted to pass into the building on his last trip, the fire house succumbed to the wind and collapsed. Some of the wreckage struck Mutti, and he was mortally injured.

The official records of the United States weather bureau give some valuable additional information about the storm. Unfortunately the recording instruments were destroyed or crippled beyond operation about 5:10 o'clock Saturday evening. The wind gauge recorded a two minute blow at the rate of 100 miles an hour and was then demolished by the hurricane, which continued to increase in violence. While the exact velocity of the wind was not recorded after the destruction of the instruments, the weather bureau reports estimate the maximum velocity at between 110 and 120 miles an hour. It did not maintain this terrible rate for any length of time, perhaps, for half a minute, but it was sufficient to wreck anything that met the full force of the storm.

A journal of the local office of the weather bureau contains a report of an apparent tidal wave of four feet which swept in from the gulf between the hours of 7 and 8 p. m. At that time the wind veered to the southeast. At that time there was a tide of five feet and a terrible swell in the gulf during the storm and before the tidal wave of four feet rose, this wall of water increased the force and speed of the sea that washed over the city.

MAP SHOWING REGION ALREADY AFFECTED BY STORM THAT WRECKED GALVESTON.

Hurricane first struck West Indies and Florida Coast, crossed Gulf of Mexico, taking in Texas, and passed nothward and north-eastward, sweeping the great lakes. Storm is now moving down St. Lawrence valley and toward North Atlantic Coast.

GALVESTON THANKS SYMPATHIZERS AND TELLS OF THE PRESSING NEEDS

Chicago, Sept. 12.—The following statement was received at 11 o'clock tonight:

"Galveston, Tex., Sept. 12.

"To Charles S. Diehl, G. M., the Associated Press, Chicago.

"A summary of the conditions prevailing at Galveston is more than human intellect can master. Briefly stated the damage to property is anywhere between $15,000,000 and $20,000,000.

"The loss of life cannot be computed. All is simply guess work.

"Those buried in the sea and ground will foot up a horrible total of at least 3,000. Many estimate the loss on the island in the city of Galveston and the immediate surrounding districts as between 4,000 and 5,000 deaths. I do not make this statement in fright or excitement. The whole story will never be told, because it cannot be told.

"The necessities of those living are pressing. Not a single individual escaped property loss. The property on the island is half swept out of existence.

"What our needs are can be computed by the world at large by the statement herewith submitted much better than I could possibly summarize them. The help must be immediate.

(Signed) "R. G. LOWE, Manager Galveston News."

"Galveston, Tex., Sept. 12.

"To the Associated Press:

"We are receiving numerous telegrams of condolences and offers of assistance. As the telegraph wires are burdened, we beg the Associated Press to communicate this response to all.

"Nearby cities are supplying and will supply sufficient food, clothing, etc., for immediate needs. Cities further away can serve us best by sending money. Checks should be made payable to John Sealey, chairman of the finance committee.

"All supplies should come to W. A. McVittie, chairman of the relief committee. We have 25,000 people to clothe and feed for many weeks and to furnish with household goods. Most of these are homeless and the others will require money to make their wrecked residences habitable.

"From this the world may understand how much money we will need. This committee will from time to time report our needs with more particularity. We refer to dispatches of this date of R. G. Lowe, which the committee fully endorses. All communicants will please accept this in lieu of direct response, and be assured of the heartfelt gratitude of the entire population. (Signed)

"W. C. JONES, Mayor,
M. LASKER,
"J. D. SKINNER,
"C. H. M'MASTER,
"R. G. LOWE,
"CLARENCE OWSLEY,
"Committee."

OFFICIAL REPORTS OF CONDITIONS

Austin, Tex., Sept. 12.—Governor Sayers today made the following statement to the Associated Press correspondent on the Galveston flood situation:

"Conditions at Galveston are fully as bad as reported. Communication has been re-established between the island and the mainland, however, and hereafter transportation of supplies will be less difficult.

"The work of clearing the city is progressing fairly well, and Adjutant General Scurry, under direction of the mayor, is patrolling the city for the purpose of preventing depredations. The most conservative estimate as to the number of deaths is 2,000.

"Contributions from citizens of this state and also from other states are coming in rapidly and liberally and it is confidently expected that within the next ten days the work of restoration by the people of Galveston will have begun in good earnest and with energy and success.

Of course the destruction of property has been very great, not less than $10,000,000, but it is hoped and believed that even this great loss will be overcome through the energy and self reliance of the people."

Over $100,000 Is Received.

During the day the contributions have fairly deluged the governor, more than $100,000 having been received. Among the large contributors are to be noted the Standard Oil company with $10,000; the St. Louis Commercial club for a like amount, and the Huntington interests for $5,000.

This afternoon Governor Sayers received the following official report from General Manager Trice of the International & Great Northern railway, who is conducting the operations of the relief corps at Galveston:

"Houston, Tex., Sept. 12.—The cars containing the tents and rations were turned over to the barge line this morning and forwarded to Galveston, arrangements here having been made for all freight to be handled by barges hauled by tugs from Clinton to Galveston, and passengers by our line to Texas City, any boat from Texas City to Galveston. This is the best arrangement that can be made, and it prevents delay to either the freight or the passenger service, for if we handled the freight with the passengers to Texas City, to transfer from the cars to the boats would cause too much delay to the passenger service. We brought in one train consisting of about 300 Galveston people to Houston today, and will get another trainload in by tonight, mostly women and children, which will make about 600 that we will get out of Galveston today. The passenger and freight service between Houston and Galveston is all free for sufferers and we are issuing transportation to all points north of Houston to all sufferers not able to pay their way."

The following report was also received from Adjutant General Scurry:

"Galveston, Sept. 12.—Mayor of Houston ordered Houston military companies here, sixty-five men and officers came; thirty more to come tomorrow. Mayor of Galveston directed me to take command.

Streets patrolled for the purpose of preventing thieving.

"Work of clearing the city progressing fairly well.

"Most conservative estimate made of deaths 2,000."

Condition Along the Coast.

Governor Sayers today began receiving reports from various points along the gulf coast which would indicate that there has been great property damage done for several hundred miles, and that the list of Galveston fatalities and suffering will be largely augmented. Down the coast from Galveston the town of Dickinson was laid waste and five people killed. The towns of Alvin, Alta Loma, Texas City and Brookshire are wrecked and hundreds are destitute. Richmond is so badly demolished that it will require weeks to clear the town. Missouri City and Stafford, just opposite, were entirely demolished and the few people remaining at these places have no homes to cover their heads. Bay City, in Matagorda county, is reported wrecked, with much loss of life, though no official report has been made to that effect. Patteon, Rollover, Bolivar Point, Quintana, Sugar Land, Belleville, Wharton, Fairview, Missouri City, Sartartia, Arcola and El Campe are also reported heavy sufferers, both in point of property destroyed and lives lost.

Owing to the fact that the telegraph service is still badly crippled, Governor Sayers cannot ascertain the exact number of dead at the points named, but it is approximated at 500.

Tugs Start to Give Aid.

Reports reaching the governor show that the railroads, telegraph and telephone companies have suffered an immense loss by the storm. The governor was informed today that quite a number of tugs from New Orleans and other available points had either arrived or were en route to Galveston, and by Saturday the transportation problem would be solved so far as getting people from the island to the mainland was concerned.

Hundreds applied again today to Governor Sayers for permits to go to Galveston, but he refused all, saying that there were already too many people there, and in case of emergency the local managers of the relief corps were better able to act on their discretion than if dictated to by him.

MORE NAMES ADDED TO ROLL OF DEAD

Galveston, Tex., Sept. 11, via Houston, Tex., Sept. 12.—The following names are added to the death list:

Mrs. Zwigel and two daughters.
Mrs. Chaffee and child.
Mrs. Mary Pierson.
Alice Pierson.
Frank Pierson.
Mrs. Nelson and daughter.
Mrs. Johnson.
—— Friedman, wife and son.
Mr. and Mrs. Dempsey.
Mrs. Maria Lewis, colored.
Mrs. Anderson.
Mrs. Hattie Anderson.
Reader family.
Hoffman family.
Mrs. H. Clem Kuhn and two children.
Willie Day.
Mrs. James Holland.
Mr. and Mrs. H. Lockman.
Sam Williams, colored.
Mrs. Nathan Moore.
Julius Ferget.
Charles Boss.
D. Boss.
Mrs. Fritz Feither.
—— Englehart.

More White Families Die.

Mrs. W. J. Johnston and two children.
Mrs. John Holland.
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lawson and child.
Mr. Henry Seidenstricker.
Mr. and Mrs. William Roehm and six children.
Charles Schulte.
Charles B. O'Decker.
Mrs. H. Dunning and three children.
Alfred Ludwig, mother and sister-in-law.
Richard Dunning.
Mrs. Higgins.
A. E. Goth and wife.
Joseph Manley, mother and two nieces.
Mr. Manly, sr.
Ravey family.
A. Albertson and wife.
Mrs. Oscar Lindquist and three children.
Mrs. Lackey's father and mother.
Mrs. Park and two daughters.
P. Levin and family.
Mrs. Jack Ardson and nine children.
Mrs. W. T. Knowles and two children.
Mrs. J. Schuler and six children.
Herman Tix.
—— Sargeant.
Mr. and Mrs. Dorffe and two daughters.
Corrine Carter and family.
Herman Martin and part of family.
Harry Freitag.

Mother and Daughter Perish.

Mrs. Kuhnel and two daughters.
Fritz Weisemann.
Tom Torr.
Mr. and Mrs. Toby Adams, colored.
Mrs. Alexander Allen and five children, colored.
C. Y. Clark, colored.
Mrs. Thomas Calhoun and three children.
Mrs. Waring of Chicago.
Perry Jasters.
Robert McPherson, colored.
George Ashe, sr.
George Ashe, jr.
Mrs. Annie Dunton.
W. Dammel and wife, colored, school principal.
Ed M. Dade, colored.

List Grows By Families.

Mrs. Gottlieb and seven children.
John Menzel, wife and five children.
John Roebel, wife and five children.
Herman Van Buren and three children.
R. Schutte, wife and two children.
Assistant City Electrician Wilke, wife and boy.
Mrs. Peter Humberg and five children.
Professor Ruehrmond, wife and two children.
Charlotte Gentry, colored.
Ada and Hattie Rowe, colored.
George Rowe, colored.
Rev. and Mrs. Thomas W. Cain.
John McGuire.
Mrs. Charles Roukes.
Otto Reuter.
Henry Reuter.
Mrs. Annie Casey.
Mr. and Mrs. Turner.
Henry Bell, colored.
Arthur P. Morse, wife and three children. Mr. Morse was a printer on the Tribune.
Buck Lloyd, printer, and wife.
Albert Ludwig, printer.
Will Rice, proof-reader Galveston News, wife and child.
John Christian.

Colored Persons In the List.

Mrs. Holmes, colored, school teacher.
Henry Direkes and family.
Five of Fiegel family.
Adalaide Ulrige, colored.
Jordan Tresvant.
Mrs. Turner.
Mrs. Turner.
Mrs. E. C. Williams, colored.
Professor Weiss.
Seila Sexalis.
W. R. Jones and child.
Julia Labatt.
Joseph Labatt.
Henry J. Labatt.
Mrs. Lucy Green.
Matilda Woodrow.
Millie Van Liew.
Robert Hughes.
— Schofield.
Maria Lewis.
Mrs. Washington.
"Grandma" Cuney, mother of the late Wright Cuney.
Agnes Lewis.
George Alpin and wife.
Fred Day.
Annie Scott.
Ben Ford.

Professor and His Family.

Professor Gobson and family.
Mrs. Ella Piner.
Effie Harris.
Edith Randolph.
Mrs. King.
Celia Warren.
Mr. and Mrs. Gabe Lewis.
Alexander Bell, wife, two sons and one daughter.
Mr. and Mrs. Webber.
William Lyle, grandmother and sister.
Mrs. Powers and child.
Mrs. August Frank and daughter.
Frank Shaw.
Mrs. Evans, two daughters.
Mrs. Lucy Berger.
William Yeager.
Charles Schultz.
Fred Schultz and wife.
Mr. and Mrs. August Jeffer Brook.
George Agin.

Dies With Her Baby.

Mrs. Smith and baby.
Mrs. Nathan Moore.
Mrs. Sam Anderson.
Mrs. Mary Scull.
Mrs. Williams.
Mrs. Thurman.
J. R. Brooks.
Virgie Lemmon.
Mrs. Bland.
Mrs. Florence Bland, colored, and seven children.
Henry T. Davis, sr.
Florence Homer, colored.
Mrs. Miller and five children, colored.
Mrs. Piney, colored.
Mrs. Trostman and three children.
Ida and Cora Patrick.
C. Cuney.
Mrs. Mary Burnett.
Mrs. Toothaker.
Miss Jennie Toothaker.
William Miller, wife, son-in-law, daughter and five children.
Lucia Miner.
H. E. Idemann.
Charles Darby.
Mrs. Flehr.
Jacob Smith.
Charles Tilebach, wife, mother-in-law and two children.
Mrs. Leon Rattiseau and four children.
Mrs. Sam Dowell and two children.
Mr. and Mrs. Stawinski.
Mrs. M. L. Park.
Miss Lucy Park.
Mr. J. H. Everhart, wife and daughter.
E. Seixas and two daughters, Arma and Lucille.
Mrs. Gary Burnett and two children.
Mrs. Hock and son.
Peter Stockfletch, wife and six children.
George Schwotsel, wife and daughter Lula.
—— Joseph.
I. Krausse, wife and two daughters.
Mrs. Matilda Olsen and two children.
Minson O. Kelso, jr.
Roy Kelso (baby).
Edward Webster.
Mrs. Sarah Webster.
George and Joe Webster.
T. C. Toor, wife and five children.
Mrs. W. D. Thomsen and two children.
Dr. John B. Sayers.
Tom Sayers.
Roberts, watchman G. H. & N. Ry.
Mrs. Peters.
Mrs. Henry Delcie and child.
Mrs. John A. Hayman and five children.
Sam Tovrea, wife and child.
Mrs. Shilke, son and infant.
Mrs. William H. McManus.

PROPERTY LOSS IS OVER $15,000,000

Houston, Tex., Sept. 12.—Based on reports believed to be accurate, the following statement, showing a total loss of much over $15,000,000, is probably as nearly correct as can be arrived at regarding the loss in Texas as a result of last Saturday's storm:

	Lives Lost.	Property Losses.
Galveston	5,000	$10,000,000
Houston	2	200,000
Alvin	9	100,000
Hitchcock	2	75,000
Richmond	3	75,000
Fort Bend county	19	300,000
Wharton		40,000
Wharton county	8	100,000
Colorado county		250,000
Angleton	3	75,000
Velasco		50,000
Brazoria county	4	30,000
Sabine		40,000
Patton		100,000
Rollover		10,000
Wennie		10,000
Belleville	1	50,000
Hempstead	1	15,000
Brookshire	2	35,000
Waller county	3	100,000
Arcola	2	5,000
Sartatia		5,000
Other points		100,000
Dickson	7	30,000
Texas City	3	500,000
Columbia	8	150,000
Sandy Point	8	10,000
Near Brazoria	15*	10,000

*Convicts.

Damage to railroads outside of Galveston, $200,000; damage to telegraph and telephone wires outside of Galveston, $30,000; damage to cotton crop, estimated on average crop of counties affected, 50,000 bales at $60 per bale, $3,000,000; losses to livestock cannot be estimated, but thousands of head of horses and cattle have been killed all over the storm district.

TUG TAKES TELEGRAMS.

Over 4,000 Dispatches Carried to Stricken City.

Houston, Tex., Sept. 12.—The Western Union Telegraph company today sent to Galveston by tug several packages of telegrams dated from nearly every city in the country. There are over 2,000 of these messages. Two thousand others had been sent previously on trains and boats. It is expected communication will be established with Galveston in two days at the outside.

There are no wires into Galveston, despite reports to the contrary, and the Mexican cable has been torn loose.

ACTIVE IN CALIFORNIA.

Golden State Citizens Send Money and Supplies.

San Francisco, Sept. 12.—California is responding quickly and generously to Galveston's cry for aid. Already $3,268 have been contributed, including a check for $1,000 sent by the San Francisco theatrical managers in advance of a combined benefit to be given in a few days, the receipts of which are expected to run high in the thousands. The board of trade will immediately forward a draft, the size of which will be decided today. The Santa Fe Railroad company has tendered the free use of a full train to convey provisions and goods of all kinds to the stricken city, and these are being freely contributed. All of the flour mills have expressed their willingness to donate liberally of their stocks, and the wholesale provision houses will probably follow suit.

Tulare county, through its native sons, now here, promises to furnish a supply of dried fruit as well as suitable clothing. Santa Clara and Alameda counties will do the same, besides sending considerable money. The Postal Telegraph company will transfer money free of charge to the sufferers. Governor Gage has sent a telegram to Governor Sayers, offering all the assistance in his power.

ORMAN IS NOMINATED

(Continued from page 1.)

The Democratic convention was still in session at 2 o'clock.

STANCHFIELD IS NAMED.

New York Democrats Nominate Him For Governor.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 12.—The Democratic state convention tonight nominated this ticket:

Governor—John J. Stanchfield of Chemung.

Lieutenant Governor—William Mackey of Erie.

Secretary of State—John T. Norton of Rensselaer.

Comptroller—Edwin S. Atwater, Dutchess.

Treasurer—John B. Judson, Fulton.

Attorney General—Thomas F. Conway, Clinton.

Engineer and Surveyor—Russell R. Stuart of Onondaga.

The head of the ticket was not selected without sarcastic exchange of compliments between the leaders. But when the will of the convention had finally been registered, ex-Senator Hill was first to propose the unanimous nomination of John J. Stanchfield.

This attitude proved so spontaneously effective that representatives of almost every county who had opposed Mr. Stanchfield were immediately upon their feet and one by one they were recognized by Chairman Raines to second the nomination.

An evidence of that purpose of avoiding friction upon all questions other than the gubernatorial candidate upon the part of both Mr. Hill and Mr. Croker was manifest throughout the proceedings.

The first ballot for a candidate for governor resulted: Stanchfield, 294; Coler, 194; Mackey, 1.

Relative to trusts, the platform specifically condemns "the corporate combination known as the ice trust," and denounces all combinations of capital known as trusts as inevitably and intolerably unjust both to producer and consumer, "one result of which is to destroy all individual enterprise and to rob the young men of the country of the fair competition which, in Democratic times, constitutes the great glory of the nation and permitted the advancement and independence of our youth."

INDIANS GREET ROOSEVELT.

Form Part of Parade In South Dakota.

Chamberlain, S. D., Sept. 12.—When the Roosevelt train arrived here today a company of rough riders, members of Colonel Grigsby's Third regiment, was at the station with a large part of the inhabitants of the town and surrounding country. A wagon load of full-blooded Indian maidens formed a part of the parade, and a brass band composed entirely of young Indians led the procession, which escorted Governor Roosevelt and his party to the speaker's stand.

STORM STILL RUINS.

(Continued from page 1.)

Willie Gustie, Detroit.
J. H. Feaber, Toledo.

The deck was one mass of broken timbers, broken chairs and general debris.

The life rafts were blown to pieces and hurled through the windows of the cabin, where were congregated all the passengers. Scarcely one escaped injury.

The weather was moderate until 8 o'clock when the wind changed from southwest to northwest, putting the steamer right in the teeth of the gale.

HOPE WAS ABANDONED.

But the Steamer Lawrence Weathered Lake Michigan Gale.

St. Joseph, Mich., Sept. 12.—The steamer Lawrence, which had been given up for lost, reached port this evening, laboring in an awful sea.

The steamer left Milwaukee for this port at 11 a. m. yesterday with some fifty persons aboard.

Secretary G. W. Farmer of the Transit company, stated at noon today that all hope had been abandoned. Intense excitement prevailed here, as a great amount of wreckage was seen drifting today ten miles north of this port.

It was thought possible that this came from the missing steamer. The Lawrence was an old craft, but considered seaworthy.

DAMAGE ABOUT BUFFALO.

Buildings Hurt, Crops Ruined and Yachts Wrecked.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 12.—Reports from Crystal beach, a summer resort on the Canadian side of Lake Erie, say that every dock has been destroyed by the terrific wind storm of last night and all the boats of the Buffalo Canoe club and many sea yachts anchored there were completely wrecked. The damage there has been very heavy.

The wind here attained a velocity of seventy-eight miles an hour. Trees were blown down and awnings and chimneys destroyed.

A woman while picking up debris in her yard took hold of an electric light wire and was killed. Her husband was badly injured.

At Bay Beach, the headquarters of the Buffalo Yacht club, much damage was done.

In this city a number of small craft, several scows and a dock were driven ashore.

At the pan-American grounds, several buildings, including the United States building, were damaged. The officials say the damage soon will be repaired and the buildings finished according to contract.

The damage to fruit in this section of the state is estimated at over $500,000.

STEAMER IS LOST.

Fourteen of the John B. Lyon's Crew Perish.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 12.—The John B. Lyon, a 255-foot steamer, owned by J. C. Gilchrist of this city, foundered about five miles off Connaut, O., and fourteen of her crew of sixteen were lost.

MINSTRELS ARE KILLED.

Car Containing Performers Is Wrecked In Illinois.

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 12.—A special to the Commercial Appeal from Cairo, Ill., says:

The special car of Duncan Clark's Female Minstrel troupe was wrecked at Mounds this afternoon and of sixteen occupants nine are now dead and six others are seriously injured, some of them perhaps fatally.

The Dead.

Ettie Foy Elliott.
May Martin.
Ottis Well.
Duncan Clark.

The injured are all in the hospital here. Duncan Clark, the manager, will probably recover.

Seriously Injured.

Alice Williams.
Ollie Engright.
Etta Patterson.
Patrick Patterson.
Margarita Compella.
Anna Bell.
Betty Ruby.
Kitty Howard.
Faith Hamilton.

Brings Skins From North.

San Francisco, Sept. 12.—The North American Commercial company's steamer Homer has arrived from the Pribyloff islands, via Dutch Harbor. The Homer brings home 22,470 seal skins, valued at $300,000; eighteen barrels of blue and white fox skins, valued at $18,000, and from Dutch Harbor thirty-six barrels of fur.