RABBIT HUNTING CONTEST

WILL TAKE PLACE BETWEEN PROVO AND PAYSON.

All Arrangements Completed—Special Train Will Take Hunters to Sanpete.

(Special to The Herald.)

Provo, Feb. 17.—The big rabbit hunt between Provo and Payson, which will take place at Mount Pleasant tomorrow, is looked forward to with considerable anxiety by both sides. The hunters will be taken to Sanpete over the Rio Grande Western in the morning, leaving Provo at 9:15, arriving at the hunting grounds at about 12:30 p. m., when the hunt will begin and continue until 4 p. m. They expect to return by special train at about 5:30 p. m. Both sides have men on the hunting grounds today making a survey of the territory. Sheriff Storrs who has been chosen captain for the Provo team, is spending today on the grounds and will remain there until the hunters arrive tomorrow.

Those who will take part in the sport are:

Provo.	Payson.
George Storrs, (capt.)	David Burnett
R. A. Barney	Burt Phelps
Jake Westphal	Billy Wilson
Bert Twelves	Ed Bates
George Howe	O. A. Daniesl
Levi Carpenter	Nate Rockhill
Frank Carter	John Francom
Thos. Gammon	Chas. Brewerton
Al Davis	Cone Colvin
W. K. Farrer	John Sant
Sam Jepperson	L. A. Colvin
W. K. Spafford	N. E. Gardner
W. N. Freshwater	Paul Douglass
Del Roberts	Oro Simons
N. S. Martin	Philo Wightman
Joe Yates	L. A. Simons

Judges.

J. R. Twelves	C. S. Six
Warren Loose	George Moore
Harry Stinsen	Jack Dixon

Rabbit Pickers.

Milt Jaques	Joe Cowan
Geo. Wilson	Clarence Fairbanks
Geo. Robins	Joe Barnett
W. J. Adams	Sam Douglass

Skating in Norway.

Christiana, Feb. 17.—In the skating championship races here today, the 500 metres race was won by Gundersen, in 47 3-5 seconds, and the 5,000 metres race by Wathen, in 9:24 3-5. Gundersen will receive the royal cup, the gift of King Oscar.

SEATTLE KENNEL CLUB.

Will Give a Bench Show from April 10 to 13.

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 17.—The executive committee of the Seattle Kennel club, which will give a bench show in Seattle April 10 to 13 inclusive, has decided to offer special inducements to Oregon and California dog handlers.

To the handlers bringing the largest string of dogs from Oregon a cash prize of $20 will be given. The California handler who brings the largest string from his state will receive $25. British Columbia is given a $25 prize, or $5 more than Oregon, because there is so much difficulty connected with passing the dogs through the customs house.

A cash prize of $10 will also be given to the handler bringing the largest string of dogs, no matter where they come from, so long as they are owned outside of Seattle, or King county.

A special prize of $5 cash will be given in every class to the winner of first prize where there are ten entries or more.

Seattle is figuring on receiving and sending big entry lists to Portland and California.

CARNIVAL STOPPED.

Gov. Vansant of Minneapolis Will Not Stand for Prize-Fighting.

Minneapolis, Minn., Feb. 17.—Governor Vansant has put a stop to the proposed pugilistic carnival scheduled to take place here tomorrow under the auspices of the Exposition Athletic club. The governor came to Minneapolis yesterday and held a conference with Mayor Ames. The mayor was favorable to the contests, but the governor was obdurate. While the governor could not officially stop the fight, owing to the lack of time, unless the mayor sanctioned his act, the latter did not wish to take strong opposition to defy the governor and hence notified the management of the athletic club that the contests could not take place.

The fighters arrived in the city yesterday and George Siler, the referee, this morning.

SAENGERFEST ASSOCIATION.

Loses Two Prominent Directors on Account of Recent Trouble.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 17.—Mayor Fleischman and W. N. Hobart have resigned as directors of the Cincinnati May Music Festival association. Mr. Hobart has been a director in this association for a quarter of a century and he has been its president for eighteen years. These resignations are due to the opposition of others in the festival directory to the Jeffries-Ruhlin contest. Mr. Hobart is a director in the Saengerfest Athletic association. While the fight promoters had much abuse heaped on them, it is claimed that some of their associates in the May Festival directory were most severe and the retiring members do not care longer to be associated with them.

MET IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Corbett and Sullivan Sparred Friendly Bout.

Sporting Editor Herald:

Please answer in your paper the following: Did Corbett and Sullivan ever meet in a friendly bout before they fought for the championship? Yours truly, A SUBSCRIBER.

Yes, Sullivan and Corbett met in a friendly contest at San Francisco on June 4, 1891, about one year and three months before they fought for the American championship at New Orleans.

Rowan-Rolly Go Tonight.

"Dummy" Rowan and Howland Rolly will meet in a twenty-five round contest in the Park City opera house this evening. Rolly is a novice, but considerably heavier than the "Dummy" and should put up a good scrap. The admirers of the silent man in this city, however, expect to see him win, and one thing is certain he will give a good account of himself. A number of the local admirers of the game, including Sammy Clark and Joe Sands, will make the trip to the Park to witness the fight.

Stopped by Sheriff.

Toledo, O., Feb. 17.—Two attempts were made this afternoon to pull off a fight between Kid Moore of Cleveland and Fred Green of Toledo. Both were stopped by Sheriff Newton.

You can help anyone whom you find suffering from inflamed throat, laryngeal trouble, bronchitis, coughs, colds, etc., by advising the use of BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP; the great remedy for coughs and colds. Price, 25 and 50 cents. Van Dyke's drug store, corner Main and Third South.

A Bread That Has a Reputation is

ROYAL BREAD. ROYAL BREAD.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

O. G. Schulenburg of Butte arrived in Salt Lake yesterday on his way home from a short trip to St. Louis. Mr. Schulenburg is president of the Leviathan group of mines near Butte. Speaking of the political situation in Montana at the Knutsford yesterday, he said: "Ever since the opening of the legislature up in Montana there has been a dead-lock in the senatorial race, and from all indications it will continue. As far as can be learned there has been no money used to influence votes, it is an honest dead-lock and for that reason it will continue. The legislators have their individual choices of men, and all the speech-making and planning and promises wont change any of them. It is a rare thing for these times to see an honest dead-lock. There may appear on the scene a dark horse, but I doubt it very much, and if such a dark horse doesn't put in his appearance it looks as though they wont elect a senator."

"Canal building and immigration is fast making a state out of Idaho," said C. B. Hurtt, of Boise, secretary of the Riverside Irrigation company, at the Kenyon yesterday. "We have been adding to the length of our canal near Boise at the rate of seven to eight miles a year, which means additional land watered each year. This spring we will extend it about six miles, which brings it to its limit, making it thirty miles long. We irrigate some 15,000 acres of land now, and judging from the recent increase of immigration to the state all this land will be occupied very quickly. Immigration has been on the increase for several years. From the extensive advertising done by the state people seem to make Idaho a center of location in the west. Most of the emigrants to our section of the state come principally from Minnesota and Illinois. They are a good class of people, not the very poorest class, but good solid citizens seeking places where comfortable homes and good livings can be had."

C. P. Lamprey, general manager of the Erie Dispatch railroad, arrived in Salt Lake from Cleveland, O., yesterday, accompanied by Harry P. Potter of Omaha, agent for the same line. Mr. Lamprey and Mr. Potter are here to meet C. W. Colby of San Francisco and H. S. Stebbins of Seattle, agents for the Erie Dispatch, who came in late last night. Mr. Lamprey's visit to Salt Lake is strictly in the interest of his line. This is his first visit to Zion. He expresses himself as being very much pleased with the beauty of the City of the Saints, and the fine scenery of the mountains. Like most easterners the mountains are a wonder he never tires looking at.

"The mines up in Butte are putting out ore right along, no stopping, no dearth of metal, no lack of employment and everything is lovely," said Walter W. Wilson, of Butte, superintendent of the Speculator mine, at the Knutsford yesterday. "There is more copper up in our country than anything else, but recently the miners have been after gold. There is no lack of copper mining, but some gold has been got out, and it is thought that there is more to be had for the searching. This the miners have been doing, and as a result I can say that gold is coming to the front up there. What the future of gold mining in Butte will be I cannot say, but at present it looks very good. The town is booming as far as work is concerned."

Charles D. DeHart of Carthage, Ills., cashier of the Hancock County bank at Carthage, is at the Walker. Mr. DeHart is on his way home after a pleasure trip to the coast. "This is my first trip to the west," said he yesterday, "and I am very much pleased with the country. Salt Lake especially is a place of great interest to me, as to many others, and I couldn't miss the opportunity to see it. My town is the place, you know, where Joseph Smith was killed. The Mormons will never forget historic Carthage jail. My trip to the coast was not very pleasant on account of the bad weather. When I struck San Francisco it was raining. I went on to San Bernardino and the same weather awaited me there. Next I thought I would try my luck at Los Angeles, but it was raining there just as hard. I didn't see the sun for more than a few minutes at a time during my entire stay on the coast. The country is all soaked up. Everything is just as wet as it can be."

Dr. G. R. Gilbert of Omaha is at the Kenyon. Dr. Gilbert is the surgeon for the Union Pacific at Omaha and has been up in Idaho looking for a new location to practice medicine. He has just come in from Challis, Ida., and says that he has determined to locate at that place. "Idaho is a fine country," said he yesterday, "and I think I shall like it very much there. The people of Challis have no physician at present, and so I have decided to go there. I shall go to Omaha and return in about two weeks. While in Idaho I saw all kinds of weather. When I left Challis the sun was shining and it was nice and warm. About ten miles out near Pine Tree pass it began to snow and it actually became so cold that my hands nearly froze once when I had occasion to take my gloves off. When we got to Blackfoot it was raining and the roads were one sea of mud. Then, on arriving in Ogden, we found it snowing and blowing, making the whole trip one round of change in weather."

The Knutsford.—Mrs. Fred Harris, W. W. Wisbon, Sutter; O. G. Schulenburg, St. Louis; John Gately and wife, Chicago; F. E. Bronson, Partage, Wis.; A. J. Diehl, Ann Arbor, Mich.; C. P. Lamprey, Cleveland; Harry P. Potter, Omaha; C. W. Colby, San Francisco; H. S. Stebbins, Seattle; G. G. Russell, Helper; W. T. Acty, San Francisco; John C. Slack and wife, Pittsburg; F. W. Murphy, Denver; E. V. Invilliers, H. M. Chance, S. H. Rippey, Miss Opal Hicks, Philadelphia; Walter G. Filer, Kimberley; H. E. Osborne, L. J. Gaspan, Waukesha, Wis.; M. Kennedy, John O. Simmons, New York.

The Kenyon.—W. R. Bracken, Pittsburg; G. T. Lowenthal, New York; H. F. Meahahen, Chicago; C. B. Hurtt, Boise; J. B. Flemming, St. Paul; H. P. Brandes, Portland; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Matlis, Odebold, Ia.; W. C. Bradburg, Denver; D. J. Lindsay, Chicago; G. F. Adkins, Seattle; L. F. Shephard, Ely, Nev.; H. Simmons, St. Louis; M. K. Klepper, New York; W. H. Pawlass, W. H. Williams, Ogden; James Teeney and wife, Alburg, Md.; G. R. Gilbert, M. D., Omaha; H. N. Denney, Syracuse, N. Y.; W. H. Philbrick, American Falls; W. E. Terhune, Toledo, O.; F. Strevell, New York; J. Sternberger, San Francisco; M. Duneen, Cheyenne; W. A. Grainger, Kansas City; James B. McChacken, Ogden; J. H. Droste, St. Louis; John R. Bruff, New York; W. W. Armstrong, Park City.

Tho Cullen.—Amos Franklin, Challis, Ida.; William A. Haller, St. Louis; Thomas C. Wilson, Idaho Falls; Miss J. Decker, Miss Mabel Fubeck, Park City; F. M. Root, Denver; R. D. McDonald, Bingham; J. A. Odbert, Marysvale; Lewis Anderson, Manti; G. G. Mack, Chicago; Peter Olsen, Woodside, Frank W. Beless, Denver; C. H. Leffler, F. M. Valuer, Harry L. Ransley, Lepsic, O.; D. A. Nixon, Nevada.

The Walker.—Charles S. DeHart, Carthage, Ills.; F. E. Rust, Seattle; A. H. Taylor, Ogden; A. A. Athne, Idaho; J. P. Gunn, Pocatello; H. Lesswung, Warshap; F. A. Manning, San Francisco; A. Keys, Yankton, S. D.; F. W. Wood, E. French, Boise; Andrew Morris, B. J. Johns, Aspen, Colo.; William Frazer, Bingham; Evans Jones and wife, Hornah, Wyo.; J. B. Graham, Bingham; Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Clark, Gunnison, N. Y.; Charles Benson, Bingham; J. A. Bush, Bingham; John Roach, J. W. Wright, Illinois.

The White House.—C. H. Rampton, J. H. Weir, Mercur; J. E. Hill and wife, Lincoln, Neb.; R. H. Lee, Bingham; D. Freeman, Grand Junction; J. H. Kirk, Tooele; R. E. Booth, Highland; F. H. Wilbur, Pony, Mont.; R. J. Jones, Butte; C. H. Hixson, Lincoln, Neb.; Mrs. J. Robbins, J. Robbins, Bingham; H. McIntosh, Montana; M. F. Broffet, Scofield; C. J. Jackson, St. Louis; John D. Killbrack, Jr., Perron; Leo Johnson, Grantsville; A. Peters, Bingham; G. H. Layton, Denver; M. Calwson, Castle Rock, Wyo.; George Scriver, Charles Crouse and wife, Rock Springs; V. Rapp, Richfield; I. A. Jones, from Logan; John Landstrom, Alex Landstrom; V. Johnson, George Arbogast, W. Robbins, Bingham; W. H. Moler, W. R. Burton, Elgin, Ills.; Frank Mays, Bingham; H. Checkets and family, Helper; William Ball, Tuscarora; A. Scott, Gale.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Senator W. A. Clark of Montana went west yesterday morning.

Walter G. Filer came up from Kimberley yesterday and registered at the Knutsford.

R. J. Jones, a prominent miner of Butte, came in from the east yesterday and registered at the White House.

The Homeliest Man in Salt Lake City as well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get free a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, a remedy that is guaranteed to cure and relieve all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Price, 25c. and 50c. For sale by Godbe-Pitts Drug company, Salt Lake City, Utah.

COSTLY WATER SUIT

People Claiming Three Times Jordan's Flow.

HEARING GOES SLOWLY

TRIAL WILL CONSUME SOME TIME YET.

As the trial of the big water case before Judge Morse drags on in the district court a situation bordering upon the humorous develops to vary the monotony of the seriousness of things in the litigation that has such an important relation to the water interests of Salt Lake City, the principal canal companies and others claiming rights in the flow of Jordan river. For five weeks the case has been on trial and during the latter two or three weeks claimants to portions of the river flow adverse to the interests of the city and the large canals have been offering testimony in support of their claims. So much of this testimony has been offered that it would be necessary for the river to flow three times its normal volume in irrigating seasons to supply all the water claimed by the small ditches after the division has been made among the big canals above.

Much of the testimony of this sort offered is by farmers and millers who lay claim to all the water they can get. The only measurements they have made are gauged by the ditch-full. When the ditch is full they are enjoying their rights, as one of the attorneys in the case expressed it, and when there is a shortage, even in seasons of drought, they affect to believe that some one is encroaching upon their rights.

Suit Brought by City.

The case at issue was instituted by the municipality and some of the principal canal companies to quiet their title to a sixth each of the river's flow, which rights, it is alleged, the Jordan Narrows Power company and several of the claimants below are disputing by adverse uses during the past few years. As the case drags along it is apparent that all who claim water below the point of diversion of the big canals are siding with the power company, which is seeking to establish rights to all of the flow of the river above its plant for power generating purposes.

Should these claims be decreed in favor of the power company and its supporters, the result to the municipality would be most disastrous, for it would be estopped from taking its canal out at the highest point, thereby preventing the consummation of the plan to make Utah lake do its fullest duty as a reservoir to enable the city to make an advantageous exchange with the owners of a portion of Big Cottonwood water to be piped into the city.

Until the city's right to a sixth of the flow of Jordan river at the lake outlet is again decreed by the court, no great amount of money will be expended in carrying out the plans to effectually solve Salt Lake City's problem of scarcity of water in dry seasons and for all of its future needs. It will probably require another three weeks to conclude the trial and probably a year yet to secure a final adjudication from the supreme court. The expense to the city in having its title to the right so long used in Jordan Narrows is very considerable. The legal points are being watched by Richards & Varian and the preparation of testimony has fallen to the lot of City Engineer Kelsey, but without any other officer of the municipality helping to fight the case, when there are scores of attorneys, engineers, witnesses and persons employed on the other side to look up testimony.

Had the city years ago placed permanent measuring weirs in the river and at the intake of its canal, as it was urged to do, there would have been no difficulty in producing an indisputable record of the flow at all seasons and irrefutable evidence of the city's rights. Since a year ago the record of measurements has been accurately kept, but prior to that time it is difficult to specifically refute the testimony of witnesses on behalf of those who have been seeking to establish claims adverse to the city and the big canal companies.

Litigation Is Expensive.

The long, costly and vexatious litigation that is calling for an adjudication in the district court has given rise to a sentiment in favor of the passage of the bill pending in the legislature to place the irrigation interests of the people on a consistent basis. Especially the farmers whose vital interests are at stake, favor the proposed law and so far as known only the lawyers are opposed to the measure, for as things have been these many years they have waxed fat over the many water cases and they evidently hope to see a continuation of the controversies.

The bill that is pending in the legislature and has the endorsement of the governor and the state engineer is an adaptation of the Wyoming law on irrigation which has given such general satisfaction in the neighboring state that only one appeal has been taken to the courts in ten years from the adjudications of the state board of control. Primarily the purpose of the law is to put an end to the disastrous litigation over water rights.

The bill proposes to arrange for the proper measurement and division of water under authority of a board of control of irrigation and to provide for the recognition and adjudication of existing and vested water rights. It is said by farmers and engineers who have studied the provisions of the bill that the proposed law offers the correct solution of the many water problems that have vexed the people and wasted their means without purpose for these many years.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Yesterday's Record at the Local Office of the Weather Bureau.

Maximum temperature, 37 degrees; minimum temperature, 31 degrees; mean temperature, 34 degrees, which is 2 degrees above the normal. Accumulated deficiency of temperature since the first of the month, 12 degrees. Accumulated excess of temperature since Jan. 1, 162 degrees. Total precipitation from 6 p. m. to 6 p. m., .86 inch. Accumulated excess of precipitation since first of the month, .78 inch. Accumulated excess of precipitation since Jan. 1, .29 inch.

QUICK POLICE WORK.

While Man Complains of Lost Overcoat, Policeman Arrests Thief.

About 1 o'clock this morning T. G. Gunnison approached Officer Smith at the corner of Commercial and Second South, informing him he had been relieved of his overcoat. Mr. Gunnison stated that he had laid his coat down for a few moments in a room in the rear of the New State saloon, and when he returned it had disappeared. While the gentleman was standing talking to the officer and giving him a description of the missing overcoat a man passed by with a coat under his arm. Smith turned and asked Mr. Gunnison if the coat resembled his, and he said it did. They started after the man, and after going a few paces he turned around to see if he was being watched, and just then Officer Smith placed his hand on his shoulder, saying: "I want you." The coat proved to be the lost one, the prisoner stating it had been given to him, a story which the officer declined to accept. He was taken in charge, and at the station gave his name as Tom O'Burke, aged 26 years, and a miner by occupation.

LONDON MARKET FEELS BETTER

SETTLEMENT PASSES WITHOUT ANY SERIOUS RESULT.

Gold Is Flowing Into England—American Stocks Are Irregular, But Close Is Firm.

London, Feb. 17.—Last week on the stock exchange was uneventful. The settlement was successfully negotiated, firmness prevailed and a good amount of business was done. The exchequer issue was fairly successful, as more than double the amount asked for was tendered at an average of £97, 5s, 8d. Consols were ⅞ higher on the week, and the war loan 1¼, while other gilt-edged securities ranged from ½ to 1 point.

More attention was given to the foreigners than had lately been the case, and especially South Americans, which the continent bought freely. Americans alternately rose and fell, but closed firm at about the best figures of the day.

Gold is again flowing in from India, Egypt, Australia, Russia and France, and is being retained here. Rates closed easy—until Monday 3 per cent; for a week, 4 per cent; on three months' bills, 3⅝ per cent.

FINANCE IN GERMANY.

Mexican Rentes Weaken on Rumor Diaz Is Ill.

Berlin, Feb. 17.—The bourse last week showed less demand for state funds, prices declining slightly until Friday; but yesterday there was a marked improvement. Imperial 3s closed 8 pfennigs down for the week, and Prussians 65. Among foreign rentes Mexicans weakened upon the rumored illness of President Diaz. Chinese were firm. Argentines were heavily bought upon the strength of the belief that a funding operation is near.

The market seemed to have lost all interest in American railway securities; but Transvaal certificates were a very strong feature, again advancing over 10 points, speculators believing that the railway will soon be made British government property under favorable terms for German holders.

Bank stocks were strong, rising on the expected increase in earnings.

Coal and iron shares were strong during the first half of the week, but during the latter half they weakened.

Although money remained abundant throughout the week, the private rate of discount advanced ¼ on the fear that money rates in England and the United States will rise. Therefore an early reduction in the official rate of discount is regarded as doubtful.

MRS. NATION SPENDS SUNDAY ON A RAMPAGE

Continued from Page 1.

which she said the eyes of the of the entire country were on Kansas, and then Mrs. Nation spoke.

She prefaced her remarks by reading some verses from Jeremiah, where the phophet could see great victories in store for the people. She said it applied to the present battle with the elements of the liquor traffic and that victory was at last within the grasp of the faithful.

"It remains for a few little women with their little hatchets," she said, "to do this great work of the Lord. I have found a hatchet of great use in the Lord's work."

"Women," she said, as she suddenly stepped forward, with a dramatic gesture, "women, we must be about the work of the Lord this very afternoon. There are yet some hell holes here which have not closed up, in spite of the promises to the contrary, and we must smash them this afternoon. This very afternoon."

"Amen, yes we will," exclaimed a hundred women, many of them shedding tears in their excitement.

Mrs. Nation said she was going to remain, "right here in Topeka," until after the city election, so she could help in the election of the mayor.

The meeting then adjourned, after passing some resolutions protesting against the pending resubmission resolution in the legislature, and, as the meeting adjourned, Mrs. Nation asked the "Home Defenders" to meet her at the close of the meeting. She was going on another smashing tour.

Arrested in the Vestibule.

But her plans were destined to be fruitless. Deputy Sheriff Lawson was waiting in the vestibule of the church all the while, and when Mrs. Nation came out he stepped up to her with the remark that he had a warrant for her arrest.

Mrs. Nation smiled good-naturedly. "Another warrant," she exclaimed. "What can that be for. They have served three upon me already today."

"It's for defacing property," said the officer.

"Let's see it," said Mrs. Nation. "Defacing property, why I defaced no property. I just destroyed it. I never deface any property. That's a ridiculous charge to bring against me. But come along, Mister Officer, I am not afraid of a jail. I have had considerable experience with them lately, while I have been about the Lord's work."

Turning to the eager crowd of wondering people, she said:

"They have gotten another warrant for me. I'm going to jail again. I will be right out, though, women, and so go on making your arrangements."

Fully 2,000 persons followed Mrs. Nation and the officer as they started to the county jail. The officer drew his revolver to keep the crowd back. It was with the utmost difficulty that the jail was reached.

All along the way Mrs. Nation was in the best of humor. The route to the jail was through the most aristocratic part of the city and as the people ran to their doors to watch the strange sight of a great mob filing up Topeka avenue on a quiet Sabbath afternoon, they were met with smiling greetings from Mrs. Nation. Young men in the residences pleasantly nodded and then tipped their hats.

The news of the arrest of Mrs. Nation had reached the downtown district by this time, and as the officer hove in sight with his prisoner, he saw the street in front of the jail an immense jam. Further up the street hundreds of other men, women and children were running to the jail as fast as their feet would carry them.

The chief of police with a detail of officers was on the scene and it took much hard work, together with the vigorous use of clubs, and threats of worse treatment, to get an opening in the crowd sufficient to permit Mrs. Nation to be taken into the jail office.

Negro Signs Her Bond.

There was some delay in getting a bond for Mrs. Nation, and in the meantime she entertained the lawyers and newspaper men present in some of her characteristic ways.

Mrs. Nation soon became anxious about her bond.

"Oh, now I see," she said, "why they are keeping me here this way. They knew I was going about the Lord's work this afternoon, and the devil put it into their heads to keep me here so I could not do it.

"Oh, say, Mr. Sheriff Cook, 'There's something rotten in Denmark' this afternoon. Why are my bondsmen not sent for? Oh, 'there's a method in all this madness' as Shakespeare and once."

"It will be here soon," said the sheriff. "Please be quiet, Mrs. Nation."

But the bond did not come.

Mrs. Nation then went out on the front steps of the jail and appealed for somebody to sign her bond. Nick Chiles, a negro jointist, came in and signed it and soon Mrs. Nation was free.

She was followed up the avenue by thousands, but at last reached her lodging place.

The city is excited tonight, but no more raids are expected until tomorrow.

MISS ANTHONY OPPOSED.

Says the Hatchet Is the Weapon of Barbarism.

Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 17.—Miss Susan B. Anthony, when asked today for her opinion of Mrs. Nation and her followers, warmed to her subject with the fire and enthusiasm of former years.

"The hatchet is the weapon of barbarism," said she, "the ballot is the one weapon of civilization.

"In Kansas, since 1887, Mrs. Nation, with all the women of the state, has had the right to vote for mayor, for the members of the common council and for every other office of the municipality. Women equally with men have the responsibility. Therefore, the duty of Mrs. Nation and all the women of Kansas is to register and vote for only such men or women who will pledge themselves to do their duty. By this process, the women would see the fruit of their labors, proving to themselves and the world the power of the ballot over the hatchet."

SHOULD LEARN SELF-CONTROL.

Kansans Have a Lesson, Says a St. Paul Minister.

St. Paul, Feb. 17.—At the People's church today Dr. Samuel Smith, in his sermon, criticised the crusade in Kansas without reserve.

"This is nothing less than anarchy," said he. "If the hatchet is lifted against the saloon, no wonder that churches are also wrecked and men are mobbed. The doctrine of the sanctity of the state is the most dearly bought wisdom of human history. Bleeding Kansas should learn the lesson of self-control."

JUST PLAIN BURGLARS.

"Crusaders" Are Thus Viewed by Railroad Lawyer.

Atchison, Kan., Feb. 17.—B. P. Waggener, general attorney for the Missouri Pacific, in view of the recent breaking open of the Missouri Pacific depot at Goffs, Kan., by women temperance crusaders, has advised the company in protecting its depot against the raiders, to treat them as common burglars.

Mr. Waggener is strong in his denunciation of the manner in which the depredations were committed at Goffs and Effingham last week and says the perpetrators at both places will be prosecuted, as will also all other crusaders who forcibly enter Missouri Pacific depots.

Hutchinson Is Aroused.

Hutchinson, Kan., Feb. 17.—At a mass meeting of citizens today resolutions were adopted demanding that every joint in town remove its goods and fixtures from town before Wednesday noon. Unless this order is complied with, the resolution says the law enforcement league will use whatever means are necessary to abate the places. The resignation of the city and county officials are demanded unless they take immediate steps to enforce the prohibition law.

Mass Meeting at Lyons.

Lyons, Kan., Feb. 17.—A mass meeting held here today appointed a committee of seventy-five citizens to assist the county officers in securing evidence of the sale of liquor in Rice county.

Texas Smashers Foiled.

Drockwall Tex., Feb. 17.—This morning at 3 o'clock a band of thirty men and women made an attempt to enter the freight house at the depot here, for the purpose of destroying some whisky there, but were frustrated.

HUGGED HIS WIFE.

That's Why a Cache County Man Was Arrested.

(Blackfoot News.)

The little town of Newton, Utah, had a novel case before its justice of the peace last week. A citizen of the town was arrested and tried for hugging his wife. Think of a man hugging his wife giving offense to the conservators of the peace and dignity of a town!

But it was this way: The husband had been called from home on business and when he returned found his home quarantined on account of smallpox. His wife rushed out in the yard to tell him, and some neighbor saw him hug her at the meeting, and reported him and had him arrested. The justice was human; he had a wife of his own and knew of no punishment for a man mutely expressing his love for his wife in time of great trouble like a smallpox quarantine.

IRISH HISS VICTORIA'S NAME

New York, Feb. 17.—Believers in the cause of independence for Ireland assembled at the Academy of Music tonight to do honor to Major John McBride, who organized the Irish Transvaal brigade, and also to Maud Gonne. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Clan na Gael.

The name of Queen Victoria was greeted with hisses albeit of a somewhat subdued sort. Likewise reference to Lord Salisbury was received with vigorous hissing. The full measure of scorn, however, was reserved for the name of Joseph Chamberlain.

Three cheers were given for Major McBride when he took the floor. Among other things he said was:

"We have dropped the flag for the time, but we hope to pick it up again, and then we will not lay it down until every vestige of the empire of hell is swept from the earth."

Miss Gonne spoke next, and introducing her, the chairman said:

"A woman died in England last month (hisses) over which the Anglo-maniacs expressed great sympathy, and went into mourning. She is put forward as all that is best and most representative in the English, but so far as we are concerned, they are welcome to her."

When Miss Gonne stepped forward most of the audience rose and greeted her with loud applause. Miss Gonne, in part, said:

"The hour of Ireland's destiny seems near at hand. We have come to America to consult with you before the crisis comes. In Victoria's reign Ireland has become a dying nation. Ireland has spent thirty years in parliamentary agitation. She is dying of it."

The meeting was closed with the singing of the Boer national anthem followed by the Irish national song.

FROM SECTION HAND TO RICH POLITCAL BOSS AND THENCE TO JAIL

(Special Correspondence.)

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 15.—Alexander McKenzie, who was recently sentenced to one year in jail in San Francisco for maladministration of his office at Nome, Alaska, is a man with an interesting history, and one which is not generally known except to the old-time residents of North and South Dakota.

The fact that this sentence was imposed upon McKenzie has created some consternation among high officials in Washington and in the Dakotas. For many years Mr. McKenzie was the recognized Republican boss of the territory of Dakota, and after the separation and admission of the territory as two states, he controlled the Republican party in North Dakota with an iron will. He made governors, congressmen and United States senators. His will was supreme usually at state conventions and at the session of the legislature at Bismarck, the state capital. Had it not been for the influence which McKenzie wielded, it is not now believed that Senator Hansbrough would have been twice elected to the position he now occupies in the upper branch of the national congress. It is said that it was through the instrumentality of McKenzie that Senators Casey and Pierce were first sent from North Dakota as that state's representatives in the United States senate. It is also believed that it was McKenzie's fine Italian hand that prevented former Representative Johnson from being twice elected to the senate by the North Dakota legislature.

Once a Multi-Millionaire.

The man who is now in the Alameda jail in California made his home at Bismarck, was the land agent of the great Northern Pacific railroad, and was classed as a multi-millionaire for several years. Without doubt, later on in his life, Mr. McKenzie lost a good deal of the money that he was said to be worth during the boom days in Bismarck. At any rate, the later transferred his business adventures to New York City, meanwhile keeping his residence in North Dakota, so that he could manipulate state conventions and legislatures, and bring about the election of men favorable to his interests, to seats in the United States congress, and as governors of the state, and dictate the appointees of these governors. This made McKenzie, as it will readily be seen, a powerful factor, not only in North Dakota, but for some years prominent in official circles in New York City. His last business venture, that of the receivership of the land office at Nome, has brought about his business and political downfall.

Began a Section Hand.

McKenzie is an uneducated man. He came to North Dakota as a section hand on the Northern Pacific railroad, when that road was being built from St. Paul to the west coast. In this respect he differed little in the start of life from James J. Hill, now one of the greatest railroad magnates in the world. Mr. Hill began his career in the northwest as a "roustabout" on one of the Mississippi river steamers, when St. Paul was the head of navigation on this river.

While Mr. McKenzie is in jail in California, Mr. Hill is taking a party on a private yacht to various points of interest on the globe, and will be absent from this country about the length of time it will take for Alexander McKenzie to serve out his sentence in jail.

ALLEGES UNFAIRNESS AGAINST DENVER

Chicago, Feb. 18.—Colonel George W. Cook of Denver, past department commander of the G. A. R. of Colorado and Wyoming, and a member of the national council of administration of the G. A. R., arrived here today for the purpose of arousing sentiment among the members of the order against the recent action of the executive committee of the council at a meeting in St. Louis in changing the place of the forthcoming encampment from Denver to Cleveland.

Mr. Cook declared that Denver has not been treated fairly by the executive committee, and declares tonight that he had it "from excellent authority" that a prominent member of the committee stated during the last encampment in Chicago, "that while Denver would be chosen here, Cleveland would finally receive the prize." This alleged statement, Mr. Cook quotes as evidence of the insincerity which he charges.

HUNTINGTON ESTATE PAYS $667,000 TAX

New York, Feb. 17.—The executors of the will of C. P. Huntington have paid to the state $667,000, that being the amount they estimated as due to the state as an inheritance tax on the property left by Huntington. Later representatives of the estate and of the tax department will together go over the estate and determine the exact amount of the tax. There is also a federal tax to be paid.

The tax just paid was on personal property and such real estate as Mr. Huntington held in New York. Comptroller Coler is represented as having received nearly $7,000 as his commission.

Jew-Baiter Is Defeated.

Paris, Feb. 17.—Considerable interest was felt in today's second balloting in the eleventh Arrondisment of the department of the Seine to replace M. Baudin, radical socialist, who recently resigned. On the first balloting, which took place a fortnight ago, M. Regis, the notorious Jew baiter, had declared his intention to wrest the seat from the socialist, headed the list, the other votes divided among several socialist candidates, including M. Allemane. Today's decisive election gives the victory to M. Allemane.

Crowe Confession Scouted.

Omaha, Feb. 17.—Edward A. Cudahy, father of the boy alleged to have been kidnaped by Pat Crowe, says regarding the alleged interview between Editor Van Metre of the Waterloo (Ia.) Tribune and Pat Crowe, that he is inclined to believe the story an outgrowth of an imaginary newspaper writer. Chief Donahue late last night received a dispatch from Fort Thomas, Ariz., saying Crowe was there last week.

Grand Duke Issues Pardons.

Weimar, Feb. 17.—The grand duke of Saxe-Weimar has signalized his accession to the throne by proclaiming a comprehensive amnesty, including political offenses.

DR. MAESER'S FUNERAL.

Reduced Rates From Utah County.

Via Oregon Short Line, Tuesday, Feb. 19, on account of Professor Maeser's funeral. For full information as to rates and special train service see Oregon Short Line agents.

Sir Francis Cooke Dead.

London, Feb. 17.—Sir Francis Cooke, who, in 1885, married Miss Tennessee Claflin of New York, died this evening.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION FREE

MME. A. RUPPERT'S WORLD RENOWNED FACE BLEACH ALMOST WITHOUT COST

NO MATTER HOW BLEMISHED THE SKIN, FACE BLEACH WILL MAKE IT PERFECT

Madame A. Ruppert says:

"My Face Bleach is not a new, untried remedy, but has been used by the best people for years, and for dissolving and removing forever pimples, freckles, moth patches, blackheads, eczema, tan, sunburn, sallowness, roughness or redness of the skin, and for brightening and beautifying the complexion it has no equal.

It is absolutely harmless to the most delicate skin.

The marvellous improvement after a few applications is most apparent, for the skin becomes as nature intended it should be, smooth, clear and white, free from every impurity and blemish. It cannot fail, for its action is such that it draws the impurities out of the skin, and does not cover them up, and is invisible during use. This is the only thorough and permanent way.

During this month, I will offer to all a trial bottle of my world renowned Face Bleach, sufficient to show that it is all that I claim for it, and any reader of this can send me 25 cents in stamps or silver, and I will send the trial bottle, securely packed in plain wrapper, sealed, all charges prepaid.

My book 'How to be Beautiful' will be mailed free to all who will write for it."

MADAME A. RUPPERT,
6 East 14th Street, New York

Mme. Ruppert's Gray Hair Restorative actually restores gray hair to its natural color. Can be used on any shade of hair, and is not a dye, and does not discolor the skin nor rub off. Perfectly harmless and always gives satisfaction.

Mme. Ruppert's Depilatory removes superfluous hair in five minutes, without pain; will not injure the most delicate skin.

Mme. Ruppert's Egyptian Balm for softening and healing the face and hands.

Mme. Ruppert's Hair Tonic positively removes dandruff, all scalp diseases, stops falling hair, and in many cases restores hair.

Mme. Ruppert's Almond Oil Complexion Soap, made of pure almond oil and wax. Delightful for the complexion and warranted not to chap the most delicate skin.

All of the above toilet preparations are always kept in stock and can be had from our local agent.

Mme. A. Ruppert's celebrated Complexion Specialties are for sale in Salt Lake City by
THE LACE HOUSE CO.

A REAL TEST

**Dr. Bennett, the Well-Known Electrical Authority, Says There Is Not a Case of Weakness, Lost Vigor or Vitality in Man or Women That Cannot Be Cured by the Proper Application of Electricity, and Will Forfeit $1