SUGAR MARKET IS UNSETTLED

Another Cut Made by Western Refineries.

MR. CUTLER NOT ALARMED

OXNARD'S VIEW OF THE SUGAR TRUST WAR.

The sugar situation is still complicated. Locally there is a feeling of uneasiness and a wide difference of opinion as to the effect the recent action of the sugar trust will have in Utah. T. R. Cutler, the leading sugar man of the state, is confident that the sugar interests of Utah will not be affected at all by the sensational cut made by the trust in the Missouri river valley. On the other hand, Henry T. Oxnard, the president of the American Beet Sugar association, is convinced that the recent reduction is but one move on the part of the sugar trust in its settled purpose to crush out all the beet sugar factories in the country.

Cut by Western Refineries.

As if to strengthen Mr. Oxnard's statement, J. W. Heywood, the local representative of the Western Sugar Refining company, announces that he proposes to protect the local interests of his concern against this action of the trust. With this in view he announces that on Monday morning next the price of all grades of cane sugar will decline twenty points, and all beet sugar thirty points. This is a new move. Up to this time the difference in the price of the cane and the beet sugar has been 10 cents per sack. This last announcement makes the difference 20 cents per sack. Mr. Heywood's circular gives the price of beet sugar in San Francisco at $4.20; this, with the 75 cents freight added, would make the price here $4.95. The cane sugar will be $4.40 in San Francisco and $5.15 here.

But the most significant statement in Mr. Heywood's circular is this: "Prices are not guaranteed against decline while sugar is in transit." This is taken to mean that radical changes are looked for at any moment, and is proof of the unsettled condition of the sugar market.

Cutler Not Alarmed.

T. R. Cutler was seen in his office in the city yesterday and asked for his views on the situation in the light of recent developments.

"I am not a particle alarmed," he said, and his manner backed up his words. "In the first place," he said, "the trust is not furnishing the sugar at the low price. I got a telegram today from our representative in Kansas City, the Meinrath Brokerage company, stating that there is a sugar famine there, and urging me to rush forward all the sugar possible at the old prices. In the next place I am of the opinion that this cut is a move of the sugar trust against the American Beet Sugar company. That organization guaranteed prices for the season, and this move of the trust will knock the ground right from under it. The war will not affect us here in Utah at all. There may be a reasonable cut in prices, but it will not be due to the action of the trust."

TO KILL BEET SUGAR INDUSTRY

Mr. Oxnard's View of the Trust's Latest Move.

San Francisco, Oct. 5.—Commenting today on the reduction of the price of sugar in the Missouri river market by the sugar trust, Henry T. Oxnard, president of the American Beet Sugar association, defined it as another move to crush out beet sugar production in order that the trust might have no opposition.

"If they can succeed in the Missouri river valley," said he, "they will then turn their attention to the beet factories in Michigan and other sections and by the power of concentrated capital crush out successively and individually the beet sugar producers. The trust tries to deceive the public by claiming that the beet producers can still make money at the low price it is trying to establish. This is false and if it had been true, then the trust would have tried to establish a still lower price. They are not sacrificing 1½ cents per pound in the Missouri river markets to make a price that will still be profitable to the beet sugar men.

"But this particular move on the part of the sugar trust will fall flat. The beet sugar factories will not sell their sugar in the Missouri river valley at 1½ cents under the market when a fraction of that 1½ cents will move their sugar to every other market in the United States. What the next move of the trust will be remains to be seen.

"The trust also attempts to justify its action by insinuating that the beet factories have gone out of their rightful sphere in making refined sugar instead of raw sugar to be refined by the trust. Independent beet sugar producers have always made and sold refined beet sugar. It would be putting ones head in the lion's jaws with a vengeance for the beet factories to equip themselves only for the making of raw sugars at prices to be fixed by the trust. Besides it is an economical blunder to perform in two operations what can be done as well in one.

"The movement on the part of the sugar trust in selling its refined sugar far below the cost to it of the raw material and in the special market which is now reached to some extent by the beet sugar producers, cannot but call down on the head of the trust the condemnation not only of the beet sugar producers, but also of all fair-minded people in the country, and having done this they have placed themselves in an exceedingly poor position to go before congress and ask for the perpetuation of their power as refiners; although they have recently arranged to increase their capital stock to the extent of $15,000,000 to rivet their control of the raw cane product.

"In view of this action on the part of the sugar trust the United States congress can illy afford to inaugurate the policy of reducing the present rate of duty by reciprocity or in any other way which would have the certain effect of enriching the trust on one hand and on the other the killing of the most promising industry in the agricultural business of America.

SUGAR CROP FOR 1901.

Product of Utah is Estimated at 15,000 Tons.

Washington, Oct. 5.—Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, after careful consideration of the reports and estimates of leading beet sugar producers, today estimates the beet sugar production for 1901 at 198,500 tons.

The cane sugar production is estimated as follows: Southern states 300,000 tons; Porto Rico, 100,000 tons; Hawaii, 300,000 tons. Total, 700,000 tons.

The beet sugar production in tons of western states, is as follows: California, 80,000; Colorado, 20,000; Utah, 15,000; Washington, 2,000; Oregon, 2,000.

Beet Men Will Retaliate.

New York, Oct. 5.—The Journal of Commerce says: As a result of the misunderstandings existing between the American Sugar Refining company's interests and the Beet Sugar company, it is understood that the beet interests, whose profits have been affected by the decrease of 1½ cents in the price of granulated sugar in their territory, will not recognize the cut price of 3½ cents per pound as the basis for their own dealings with customers. The beet people will retaliate, however, by offering their supplies in competition in the eastern markets.

PROF. O'SHEA WILL LECTURE.

Wisconsin Educator to Attend the Teachers' Convention.

There was an important meeting yesterday of the executive committee of the State Teachers' association in the office of the board of education. There were present Mrs. Emma J. McVicker, Superintendent Brown of Utah county, Superintendent Whitesides of Davis county, Superintendent Christensen of Sanpete county, State Superintendent Nelson, Professor Samuel Doxey of the Salt Lake schools, Professor Cummings of the University of Utah, Professor David O. McKay of Ogden and Secretary William Wallace.

It was an important meeting because the regular programme for mid-winter meeting of teachers was to be made out. It was decided that Professor M. V. O'Shea of the School of Education of the Wisconsin university would be the star lecturer for the teachers' meeting. He will deliver three lectures, one on "Suggestion in Education and the Affairs of Life," one on "Studies from George Eliot's 'Mill on the Floss'" and one on "Individuality and Adolescence." Professor O'Shea has the reputation of being one of the best speakers living on this class of topics, and great things are promised for him. The meeting will be in the holiday week.

Frank Evans resigned the office of treasurer of the association because of the press of other duties, and Professor Samuel Doxey was chosen in his place by the executive committee.

Hotel Arrivals.

The Kenyon.—J. H. Eccles, Scofield; M. D. Higbee, W. Houcher, Cedar City; C. Bommel, Ogden; John A. McAlister, Logan; Myron Bumer, F. A. Montgomery, Mt. Pleasant; Duncan Lamont, Miss Lamont, Denver; Queen A. Gott, Helper; Sam S. Smith, Genoa, N. Y.; B. H. Westervelt, Denver; William L. Hall, Washington, D. C.; A. West, New York; Thomas Hughes, Sydney, N. S. W.; W. B. Bumble, E. H. Remington, Attlebow, Mass.; G. S. Smith and wife, Charles Smith and family, Rossville, Ills.; B. Thomas Morris, Ann Falls, Oklahoma; W. O. Stanley, San Francisco; Miss Jennie Bruce, St. Joe, Mo.; H. P. Brandes, Portland, Ore.; A. V. McCotter, New York; M. Greenkel, E. Meyer, Chicago; Joseph Pingree, Ogden; W. McMullen, Boston; H. C. Tavey, Chicago; A. O. Harrison, Milwaukee; Edward B. Jones, Denver; W. W. Byrne, San Francisco; J. T. Libby, Provo; H. Robinson, New York; George T. Swensen, Logan; J. S. Page, Payson; F. A. Bennett, New York; C. C. Kelly, Colorado; C. Hampshire, Mt. Pleasant; W. M. Wolfe, Provo; H. A. Follette, W. E. Clark, W. I. Goodfellow, Chicago; J. H. Robertson and family, Cincinnati; E. D. Wickham, Rutland, Vt.; Charles B. Hamer and wife, Bellfoutaine, O.; William Wolff, San Francisco; J. S. Barrett, Idaho; Walter Hoge, Paris, Ida.; A. C. Richardson, Corinne; Alonzo Tidwell, Nephi; William Butterfield, American Fork.

The Knutsford.—J. A. Kurst and wife, Kenton, O.; E. F. Rice, Rochester; O. M. Todd, Denver; Saul Benger and wife, Lyndi Burger, Heber Burger, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. McClure, New York; F. T. Swain, St. Louis; W. H. Fitts, Colorado Springs; Mrs. Ruby Dauson, San Francisco; H. W. Hasey, New York; R. G. Brooks, T. G. Wolf, Scranton, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Flanagan, Sedalia, Mo.; H. J. Talbott, Portland; A. G. Carter, Chicago; D. C. Stover, Freeport, Ills.; George Wellstein, Cedar Rapids, Ia.; D. W. Hunter, Colorado Springs; B. Duncan and family, Los Angeles; W. F. Connebill, Zanesville, O.; J. Schuat, Louisville, Ky.; A. E. Swanson, Buffalo, N. Y.; D. Rivers, New York; W. W. Rice, Park City.

The Walker.—M. Wild, Ogden; D. Stevens, Filmore; J. F. Dunne, Oakley, Ida.; J. W. Johnson, Vernal; Thomas John, Provo; John B. Ferguson, Robinson; J. W. Chandler, San Francisco; R. A. Fuller, Knox, Pa.; H. E. Noyes, Provo; Alvia Nelson, Peter Jensen, Mrs. Jensen, Bear River City; H. J. Bibb, wife and son, Fort Hall; Thomas Wise, Kansas City; E. W. Hansen, Ferry Cordon, Logan; H. Barber, J. E. Rundall, Ogden; J. E. Ball and wife, Coalville; Mrs. Reeves, Mrs. Woodhead, Evanston, Wyo.; C. F. Olsen, Hyram; Joseph Jensen, Hurley, Ida.; A. M. Stewart, Lehi; W. H. Jackson, Mercur; Thomas Douglas, Ogden; D. H. Walker and wife, Syracuse; M. Poulton, Ogden; Robert Murdoch, Joseph Wilsen, Logan; M. J. Kaylen, Bingham; B. Conrad, Chester; E. M. Cunningham, Provo.

The White House.—John A. Smith and wife, Tooele; J. S. Bells and wife, Payson; W. Hood, Alta; H. Gardner, T. E. Williams, Spanish Fork; J. W. Kessell, Scofield; J. K. Gilbert, Miss M. Gilbert, Provo; Miss Ellen Donaldson, Scofield; John W. Tate and wife, Tooele; B. Lewers, Charles Lewers, Clear Lake; J. Pack and wife, Kamas; D. L. Evans, Malad; Mrs. Huff, Mrs. C. E. De Forest, Oasis; O. A. Johnson and wife, Miss P. Steel, E. M. Johnson, Clover; T. M. Evans, Stockton; John England and wife, Tooele; J. W. Austin and family, Lehi; A. J. Nelson and wife, Draper; B. F. Luke and wife, Orangeville; E. R. Miller and wife, Smithfield; John T. Openshaw, E. Greenhaigh, Santaquin; B. F. Woodward and wife, Diamond; Mrs. J. F. Reynolds, Miss C. Reynolds, Stockton; A. R. Rasmussen, L. Mecham, S. F. Halverson, Ogden; W. S. Marks, Tooele; C. A. Callis, Coalville.

Cullen.—S. C. Stump, Toledo, O.; W. A. McCullough and family, Knightsville; J. M. Duncan, Columbus, Neb.; Martie Roylance, Provo; George W. Collier and wife, New York; J. O. Smith, Columbus; M. M. Jensen, Mantua; C. H. Austin, Ogden; A. Bevan and wife, Tooele; G. H. Turnbull, Provo; Joseph T. Jones, Teton City, Ida.; Mrs. Sarah Clark, Mrs. John F. Smith, Mrs. Charles Simmonson, Ogden; V. C. Hegsted, Rexburg, Ida.; Ed Conant and son, Conant, Ida.; Paul Damon Lamont, Miss Lamont, Denver; John Parker, W. D. Benner, Eaton, O.; Thron Thronson, Peterson; W. E. Racker and wife, Lehi; T. D. McKinley, Detroit; Swen O. Nielson, Pennier; Mrs. Poulson, J. P. Madsen, Manti; O. C. Raymond, Plain City; A. Cooper, McCammon; W. R. Moon, Montana; M. H. Hardy, Provo; J. D. Call, Brigham City; C. H. Lashhard, Bingham; J. L. Martin, San Francisco; B. Wilkins, Park City; Mrs. C. F. Ercanbood, Silver City; Robert Keating and wife, Philadelphia; J. A. Bagley and wife, Montpelier; Alfred Bridge and wife, Paris; J. W. Pollock, Chicago; I. S. Ostler, T. L. Foote, Nephi; A. D. Young, Ogden; A. C. Wall and wife, Mt. Pleasant.

The Wey.—Lorenzo Hansen and wife, S. B. Millen and wife, Logan; M. Burke, Colorado Springs; W. T. Webb, Arizona; N. J. Coleman and wife, Davenport, Ia.; W. J. Smith and wife, Ogden; C. W. Willett, Missouli, Mont.; A. L. Bennett, E. D. Burns, Deweyville, Utah; T. A. Carter, Garland; Miss Alice Burns, Miss Mabel Carter; Miss Edna Carter, Miss Jessie Alt, Deweyville; Miss Minnie Browne, Mark Browne, Ogden.

The Manitou.—J. A. Love, Baxter, Wyo.; Dr. R. M. Francis, wife and child, Bush, Colo.; J. E. Havener, wife and child, D. A. Penrod and wife, Fort Collins; F. B. Linfield, Logan; J. J. Hill, Franklen; R. P. Hill, Springville.

Through Mists of Rain.

I.

Through mists of rain, the old familiar place—
The valley, hill and plain;
And over all an unforgotten face
Through mists of rain.

II.

The sad, sweet smile—the tender, pitying eyes
I shall not see again;
Tear-shadowed memories in ghostly guise
Through mists of rain.

III.

The voice that thrilled me with Love's sweet unrest—
Its pleasure and its pain;
A lock of hair Love laid upon my breast
Through mists of rain.

IV.

O summer gardens, lost to all delight—
Dim hills, and flowerless plain,
It may be that she looks Love's way tonight
Through mists of rain.

—Frank L. Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution.

DUFFY EQUALS WORLD'S RECORD

Runs the 100 Yard Dash in 9 4-5 Seconds.

HARGRAVE OF YALE, SECOND

FLANNIGAN WINS DISCUS AND HAMMER THROW.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 5.—In the games under the sanction of the A. A. U. at Churchill Downs today the 100-yard running record—9 4-5 seconds—was equalled by A. T. Duffy of Georgetown university. Duffy was two feet ahead of his nearest competitor, H. Hargrave of Yale, at the tape.

The mighty Flannagan, after breaking the world's record for sixteen-pound hammer throw and discus throw yesterday, today threw the hammer and circle only far enough to beat his competitors. He also won the sixteen-pound shot throw today. Five thousand people saw the events.

Dash, 100 yards—A. T. Duffy of Georgetown university, first; H. Hargrave, Yale, second; William Hunter, Louisville, third. Time :09 4-5.

Running broad jump—F. G. Maloney, University of Chicago, 20 feet 5 inches, first; O. H. Kacke, 20 feet, 2½ inches, Chicago, second; J. H. Pettet, University of Chicago, 19 feet 7¾ inches, third.

Dash, 440 yards—R. Barertt, Chicago, first; W. K. Holland, Georgetown university, second; F. M. Horton, University of Chicago, third. Time :50 4-5.

120-yard Hurdle—F. G. Maloney, University of Chicago, first; H. Arnold, New York, second; H. A. Friend, University of Chicago, third. Time, 15 2-5.

16-pound Shot—John Flanagan, Ireland-American A. C., New York, 39 feet ½ inch; P. A. Sheridan, New York, 37 feet, 8 inches; J. R. Pettet, University of Chicago, 35 feet, 7¾ inches.

220-yard Dash—H. Hargrave, Yale, first; G. Senn, University of Chicago, second; C. I. Applegate, Lexington, Ky., third. Time, 22 1-5.

16-pound Hammer Throw—John Flanagan, Irish-American Athletic club, New York, first, 169 feet, 8½ inches; C. L. Leue, Cincinnati, Y. M. C. A., second; M. Sheridan, Pastime Athletic club, New York, third.

Discus Throw—John Flanagan, New York, first, 114 feet, 10½ inches; M. Sheridan, Pastime Athletic club, second, 110 feet, 5½ inches; F. A. Martin, First Regiment Athletic club, Chicago, third, 87 feet, ½ inch.

Running High Jump—O. H. Kocke, First Regiment Athletic club, Chicago, first, with 5 feet, 9¾ inches; E. Freymark, St. Louis, second, 5 feet, 6 inches; C. Clapper, Central Y. M. C. A., Chicago, third.

NEW LYCEUM FORMED.

Prominent Men Organize Debating Society at Ladies' Literary Club Last Night.

The efforts of Mrs. Elsa Searing Marston of San Francisco and Raymond Fuller of Chicago, representing the University association, who have been in Salt Lake several weeks soliciting membership to the association, culminated in the formation of a debating society last night. The preliminary meeting was held at the Ladies' Literary club.

The following officers were elected: President, P. L. Williams; vice president, Fisher Harris; secretary, Ernest M. Fowler; members of executive committee, Dr. J. C. E. King, Henry Lawrence, C. S. Varian, Governor Heber M. Wells, Frank B. Stephens and Professor J. Paul.

The movement is the outgrowth of the famous world's congress of the Columbian exposition, and has for its object the discussion of social and economical subjects. The first subject touched upon was "Trusts," and introduced Professor Harlbert Fuller of Chicago, who delivered the first of a series of lectures which will follow semi-monthly.

Professor Fuller said: "The popular impression prevails that there are no trusts. Call they corporations or combinations, anything you please. The real object of the trusts is to get rid of the waste and competition, and one of the wastes is the commercial traveler, whose expense account and commission add materially to the cost of production. Are the trusts to be condemned on that account? While individuals suffer society gains.

"It is the same as opposition to improved machinery. The real evil is not in the trust itself, but in the schemes and methods resorted to for overcapitalization, and a still greater evil is the influence of trusts on legislation.

"The only remedy is in the appointment of a federal commission over them with a cabinet member at the head." A discussion followed the lecture.

The next meeting of the society will be addressed by Henry D. Lloyd of Boston, who will speak on "Wealth vs. Commonwealth."

Personal Mention.

William Igleheart has returned from the east.

W. V. Rice of Park City is a guest of the Knutsford.

Dr. W. D. Donoher of Park City is a guest of the Knutsford.

J. A. and Mrs. Bagby of Montpelier, Ida., are guests of the Cullen.

O. M. Ladd of the Colorado Fuel & Iron company is at the Knutsford.

D. W. H. Fitz, formerly sheriff of Colorado Springs, is at the Knutsford.

Captain Briant S. Wells and family departed for Fort Sheridan, Ills., last evening.

C. H. Lashbrook, a prominent business man of Bingham, is registered at the Cullen.

O. M. Hall, a prominent San Francisco insurance man, is stopping at the Knutsford.

Harry R. Roth of the Home Insurance company, New York, is a guest of the Knutsford.

Milton Gunckel, general agent of Carpenter's "Quo Vadis company, is a guest of the Kenyon.

W. G. Wilson, stewart of the Angeles, G. S. Holmes' new hotel at Los Angeles, is a guest at the Knutsford.

Thomas Hughes, a wealthy tourist of Sydney, N. S. W., stopped over at the Kenyon yesterday en route east.

W. F. Adams, cashier of the National Bank of the Republic, has left the city for a three weeks' pleasure trip east.

Dr. Leon L. Watters has gone to Cincinnati, where he has been appointed professor of chemistry at the Cincinnati university. Dr. Watters is a son of Mr. and Mrs. I. Watters of this city.

A. C. Pearson of the Utah Sugar company of Lehi is at the White House. Mr. Pearson declares that the sugar war, just announced, is not directed against the beet sugar interests at large, but rather against those who have been cutting prices.

According to information just received from President Christian D. Fjeldstead he is expected to arrive home from Scandinavia on or about the 8th inst. He writes that a site upon which to erect a meeting house in the city of Copenhagen has been secured.

Captain F. F. Stoll and Mrs. Stall leave today for New York City, where they will remain until Dec. 1, after which they will resume their residence at Washington. Captain and Mrs. Stoll during their year's residence in Salt Lake have made many friends, who deeply regret their departure.

RAIL OFFICIALS TO MEET HERE

Important Conference is Called by E. H. Harriman.

TRAFFIC MATTERS TO BE UP

ATTENDANCE IS IMPERATIVE ON THOSE SUMMONED.

E. H. Harriman has called a conference of general officers of the lines under his control, to be held in Salt Lake, Oct. 15.

General Traffic Manager J. C. Stubbs of the Harriman roads will be in attendance, as will President Burt of the Union Pacific. Among the others who are expected to attend are General Passenger Agent E. L. Lomax and Freight Traffic Manager J. A. Munroe of the Union Pacific, General Manager J. Kruttschnitt and Passenger Traffic Director E. O. McCormick of the Southern Pacific, President A. L. Mohler of the Oregon Railway & Navigation company, and General Manager Bancroft, Traffic Manager T. M. Schumacher and General Passenger Agent D. E. Burley of the Oregon Short Line.

Telegrams from Mr. Harriman make attendance imperative upon all those summoned.

The supposition is that traffic matters are primarily to be discussed. Important steps are expected as a result of the conference. One of the fruits of the recent meeting of Harriman traffic officials in Chicago was the opening of the Denver gateway, announced in yesterday's Herald, and other moves equally important are expected to follow the coming conference. As shown by the move mentioned, the Harriman and Gould interests are drawing closer together in traffic matters. The coming meeting may develop still further steps in this direction.

MILLIONS FOR MACHINES.

Harriman Lines Name Committee to Select Appliances.

Within a short time the three Harriman lines entering Utah will spend millions of dollars for machinery alone. In carrying out one of the most extensive campaigns of improvement ever mapped out in railroading, a tremendous fortune is to be spent for this single item of machinery. The Oregon Short Line and the Union Pacific have already undertaken the erection of splendid new shops at Pocatello and at Omaha, and later magnificent new shops are to be built at Salt Lake for the Short Line, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific.

In order to select the best machinery obtainable, a committee of three master mechanics has been picked out by the Union Pacific and the Short Line. This committee is now on its way east, where it will spend some time determining the best machinery for every purpose. D. J. Malone of Pocatello, master mechanic of the Idaho and Montana divisions has been selected to represent Superintendent of Motive Power Dunn of the Short Line on this committee. The Union Pacific is represented by two men from the Omaha headquarters.

The Pocatello shops will be equipped entirely for repair work, but everything will be of the best. For example, the equipment will include a latest improved electric crane which can handle a locomotive as easily as a child can lift a stick of candy.

The Omaha shops will have every facility for repairs and for rebuilding cars, and an added feature will be equipment for making structural steel and iron for the chief engineer's department. Here will be manufactured steel for bridges, water tanks, stations and for other purposes on the Union Pacific, the Short Line, and the Oregon Railway & Navigation company.

COMPROMISE IS EXPECTED.

Settlement of San Pedro-Short Line Fight Predicted.

An impression is growing in many quarters that a compromise between the Oregon Short Line and the San Pedro will soon be announced. Along these lines, the Los Angeles Herald, discussing E. H. Harriman's recent election to the presidency of the Southern Pacific, says:

"Probably the most noticeable phase of Mr. Harriman's character, as a railway manager, is his preference for harmonious relations with competitors. He is not a "fighter." He believes in the theory that money and energy expended in fighting would be more serviceable if used in improving railway service. It will not be surprising, therefore, if the news soon comes that the project for extending the Oregon Short Line to Los Angeles has been abandoned. Mr. Harriman is not likely to sanction the building of an expensive railway to practically parallel the Los Angeles & Salt Lake route. It is much more probable that he will favor an amicable arrangement with the managers of that road, transferring so much of the Short Line extension as may be available, and securing the eastward traffic of the Los Angeles & Salt Lake railway."

MAY SUPPLANT TELEGRAPH.

Telephone Being Tried as Medium For Operating Trains.

Chicago, Oct. 5.—Tests to determine the value of operating trains by telephone and doing other service now performed by the telegraph are being made by officers of the Santa Fe system. The tests cover short distances and are for the purpose of demonstrating to just what extent the telephone may be used in railroad work either as a substitute in many ways for the telegraph or as a supplement to it.

The Burlington is also trying the experiment of using the telephone instead of the telegraph in dispatching trains on its newly acquired Black Hills & Fort Pierre branch in South Dakota.

Railroad Notes.

Hoyt Sherman, general agent of the Colorado & Southern, has been putting in some time in Spokane and other northwestern cities, convincing shippers of the merits of his road.

There are rumors that shippers of certain classes of goods may have to pay higher freight rates soon. The change is predicted in the increasing of the minimum weight for carload lots for several classes of goods.

As a result of a conference between the grievance committee of the Brotherhoods of Locomotive Engineers and of Firemen with General Manager Dickinson of the Union Pacific, the recent order compelling freight crews to run from North Platte to Cheyenne has been annulled. The men protested that the run was too long.

The railroads have come to the rescue of the Pan-American exposition and for the rest of the time the exposition is open remarkably low rates will prevail. The rate from Chicago to Buffalo of $6 for the round trip went into effect yesterday. The rate from New York is $4. Other rates are in proportion. Extraordinary precautions have been taken to keep the tickets out of the hands of the brokers.

BULLET FIRED BY RECKLESS BOYS HITS WOMAN AND CAUSES A PANIC

The reckless firing of a gun in the near vicinity of a residence came near resulting last night in serious injury to Mrs. Sophia Reesor, who lives at 1049 West South Temple street. While standing in her doorway a bullet, supposed to have been fired by careless boys, struck her, penetrating her clothes and bruising the flesh of her body, but fortunately doing no serious damage. Mrs. Reesor fainted from the shock, and there was much excitement aroused in the neighborhood for a while by the belief that she had been murdered. A message was immediately sent to the police station that a woman had been shot, and some of the neighbors ran toward the Jordan river, from which direction the bullet seemed to have come, and collared two boys, who were found with revolvers. Mrs. Reesor had in the meantime been taken into her house, and an examination showed that the spent bullet had not done any more damage than to bruise the skin.

The two boys suspected of doing the shooting were turned over to the officers, and gave their names as Duncan McLeod and Varius Parry. They admitted that they had been shooting with 32 and 38-calibre guns, but declared that they never shot in the direction of the Reesor house. They stated that two others boys across the creek had shot in the direction of the house, and had been warned by them to stop. Upon the condition that the boys would strive to learn the identity of the other two they were released. The officers do not doubt that their story is correct.

ONE HUNDRED KEGS OF POWDER TO BE EXPLODED IN ONE BLAST

One hundred kegs of powder will be exploded in a terrific roar in Red Butte canyon at 2 o'clock next Wednesday afternoon. As this immense amount of explosive turns into gas and smoke it is expected that 10,000 cubic yards of red sandstone will be torn from the resting place it has had for hundreds of centuries.

This spectacle will be witnessed in the red sandstone quarries operated by R. B. Miller, and formerly owned by John W. Young, three and a half miles from the mouth of the canyon. Mr. Miller has invited his friends to witness the setting off of this immense blast. He is preparing to station men in the vicinity to find places of safety for all spectators, and to patrol the district so that nobody will be hurt as the thousands of tons of rock are thrown into the air or tumble down the mountain side.

Amusements.

The Salt Lake Opera company presented "The Wedding Day" at the Theatre yesterday afternoon and last evening before two of the largest audiences of its career. If it were not so much a matter of individual opinion it would be stated here that the work is the most brilliant the organization has produced with the possible exception of "The Queen's Lace Handkerchief." That it is the most pretentious and that last night's triumph was broader and more distinct than any other, there is no room for doubt.

It has often been remarked that the element of surprise has much to do with the success of any dramatic or musical production. The fact that the opera was to local play-goers new and unhackneyed, and in this respect unlike scores of the immortal, but oppressively familiar works that have held the stage for several generations, must have been partially responsible for its magnificent reception. The composer, Julian Edwards, having an interesting libretto to begin with, has put a distinctive mark on it. In the first act he seems to have confined his efforts to crowding into the score the sweet, dainty melodies, usually termed "catchy," but which are, as a rule, more than that. In act II he became more ambitious, working through a serious scheme to a climax that approximates grand opera. And how the company gave that second finale! The most devoted patrons of the house declared it was the grandest of the company's long succession of accomplishments. The chorus all through, in fact, was heard to better advantage than ever before, demonstrating the fine efforts of Director McClellan with his band of singers. The writer witnessed a performance of "The Wedding Day" at the Tivoli in San Francisco, but heard no such singing, a condition which may be attributed to the avaricious inclination of foreign managers to engage a chorus on its appearance rather than voice.

The opera furnishes abundant comedy for Mr. Spencer, whose Polycop will rank well with his best creations. The house was in an uproar whenever this susceptible caterer had the middle of the stage. His Luralee song in the first act is one of the opera's hits. Mr. Goddard's experience in rendering army generals, dukes, barons, etc., meets with a material addition in the role of the Duc de Bouilion. He also was accorded warm recognition. Mr. Pyper has been seen in better parts than that of the Viscomte, but he loses no opportunity that presents itself in the current production and was in splendid voice last night. Mr. Graham is a comical Planchette, but, unfortunately, the character foregoes even a single chance to display the fine qualities of his voice.

Of the women of the company, too much cannot be said. Miss Clark's second appearance betrayed a vast improvement in her acting since "Fatinitza" and her voice still has the charm which reaches a responsive chord in the possibilities of an audience's enthusiasm. Miss Luella Ferrin, the new member of the organization, made an unusually pleasing impression on this, her first appearance. The young woman's art will be developed from a beginning full of promise. Her voice has a certain delicacy of tone that has not been heard in the opera company in late seasons. The most praiseworthy bit of acting on Miss Ferrin's part was her scene in the first act with the general, wherein he falls before her bewitching smile, the smile being, by the way, not a vague symptom, nor yet an acquirement by the stage manager's dictation. In this scene Miss Ferrin ran away from the instincts of the amateur and became engulfed by the demonstration of approval from the house. Miss Edna Dwyer returned to the company as Madam de Montbazon, a leader of the Fronde. Her reception was most hearty and her performance was the most artistic in the entire cast.

Four of the girls, Misses Kidwell and Barrow, Mrs. Browning and Mrs. Peterson, perform a dance during one of Spencer's topical songs. The dance could be put on in the tabernacle without great impropriety, but its barrenness of the spice to which play-goers are accustomed seemed not to detract from its popularity. Another big hit was the soldier's chorus from "Erminie," rendered by Miss Clark and ensemble.

Standing room only was obtained before the doors opened last night. Manager Whitney is authority for the statement that financial records were broken all to pieces. "The Wedding Day" will be repeated tomorrow and Tuesday nights and next Saturday afternoon and evening.

A large audience attended the entertainment at the New Grand last evening, which was under the auspices of the St. Paul's Ladies' Guild for the benefit of the parish home fund. The musicians who performed were Professor H. E. Giles, pianist; Mr. Scheid and Gertrude Damon, vocalists, and Miss Sibyl Anderson, violiniste. Walter Jenkins and Mrs. Putnam were the accompanists.

The concluding feature of the entertainment was a one-act farce entitled "A Happy Pair," cleverly performed by George Westervelt and Mrs. Charles Richards. A good sum was realized from the event.

The first organ recital under the new arrangement, which provides for these popular events at the tabernacle only on Sunday afternoon, will be given by Organist McClellan at 4:30 today. In addition to the organ numbers, it is expected that Professor Weihe will render a violin solo.

Mountain States.

Secure Professor Hoag.

Paris, Ida., Oct. 4.—At a meeting of the state board of education held on Tuesday the services of Professor Richard T. Haag, the well-known educator, were secured to take the principalship of the church school this winter. The date of opening will be Monday, Oct. 14. It was expected that the Academy building would have been ready for formal opening this fall, but in consequence of the apathy exhibited by the people in some of the wards in not meeting their assessments, the opening will not occur until next year, when it is anticipated that the building will be entirely completed, and a complete faculty will have been secured.

Court at Paris, Idaho.

Paris, Ida., Oct. 4.—Judge Joseph C. Rich is holding the fall term of district court here. Following is some of the business so far disposed of:

State of Idaho vs. Jacob Schmidt and Henry Schmidt, grand larceny, dismissed on motion of the state's attorney.

State of Idaho vs. A. A. Covey and Stephen Covey, violation of sheep quarantine laws, dismissed on defendants paying all costs.

State of Idaho vs. Arthur Bates, violation of sheep quarantine laws, dismissed, defendants paying all costs of prosecution.

News From Paris, Idaho.

Paris, Ida., Oct. 4.—Samuel Hall of Bennington died of general debility Tuesday night.

Chris Sorrenson of Liberty died from typhoid fever Wednesday morning. There is quite a lot of typhoid in Liberty this fall.

Frank Budge has gone to Chicago to study medicine. Dave Sutton and Emmett J. Howell have also gone to Chicago for the same purpose.

Wash Nebeker's boy, who was sick with what was reported to be diphtheria, died from that disease and was buried Friday night. There is no other case in town.

Miss Baker left for her home in Logan on Tuesday, leaving her patient, Mrs. Oliver H. Budge, out of danger and in good condition.

The Y. L. M. I. A. of the Bear Lake stake have raised the magnificent sum of $317 for the academy, to assist in its completion. They have also presented it with a large picture of the pioneer stake officers of this organization. President Nancy E. Pugmire and the other workers are to be congratulated on the excellent work they have accomplished.

Lost Man is Found.

Elk Mountain, Wyo., Oct. 3.—Anderson, the young Swede who was lost in the mountains for thirteen days, has been found. The cold and lack of food unsettled his mind, but he is recovering slowly. During the thirteen days he was without food and was clad in thin clothes. He is emaciated, and looks like a skeleton.

BEEKEEPERS MEET.

Utah Association Holds Annual Session—Interesting Reports From State Are Read.

The Utah Beekeepers' association met in annual session yesterday in the city and county building, and after listening to reports from various districts of the state and hearing the president's address, the old officers were re-elected.

In his address President Lovesey stated that the honey crop in Utah this year amounted to from a half product to a failure. The reasons attributed for this condition are lack of irrigation water to mature blossoms late in the summer, the ravages of grasshoppers in some localities, the fumes from the smelters in other places, early season dampness in others, and to a destructive insect in alfalfa blossoms in Uintah county. He deplored such a situation on recalling that formerly many colonies of bees produced as much as 300 pounds of honey in a season from each colony.

Remarks upon pertinent topics were made by Joseph Cornwall and E. Johnson of Mill Creek, Joshua Terry of Draper, Inspector Evans of Utah county, Mr. Falkman of Weber county, G. H. Bartlett of Vernal, Mr. Critchlow of Ogden, Mr. Bullock of Box Elder county, George Hone of Payson, William Blake of Vineyard and by Mr. Wilder of Hunter. The latter gave it as his opinion that the chemical spraying of fruit trees to rid orchards of destructive insects does no harm to the bees suching the blossoms.

Letters from John A. Smith of Heber, George Cramer of Tooele and R. T. Rhees of View, Weber county, were read, urging attention to the honey gathering industry and bespeaking continued success for the association.

An Engineer's Fast Run.

An engineer on one of the roads entering here, in speaking last night of fast runs, said: "Although my machine is not slow, once let a cold get six hours the start of me and my machinery is no match for it. I have for years kept a bottle of Kemp's Balsam constantly in my cab, and when a cough or cold gets a start of this standard remedy it is indeed a "cold day." Price, 25c and 50c. For sale by Godbe-Pitts Drug company.

KEARNS FAVORS CANAL

Will Ask Congress For Appropriation For Preliminary Survey Work For Eastern Utah.

Senator Thomas Kearns is deeply interested in the proposition to reclaim arid lands in eastern Utah by means of a canal which will tap the Grand river in western Colorado. C. Fitch of the hydrographic department of the government brought the matter to the senator's attention, and he will do all he can to further the project.

"At the coming session of congress," said Senator Kearns, "I will endeavor to secure an appropriation to cover the cost of surveying a route for the canal. It is not possible to say how long the canal will be, or how much land can be reclaimed until the surveys are made and the reports completed.

"I would like to see the work done at the earliest possible moment, for there is a vast area of land in the eastern prt of the state that could be brought under cultivation by irrigation. At present the waters of the Grand river are doing little or no good to anybody.

"As soon as the senate convenes I expect to present my request for the survey appropriation. If the plan is found to be feasible appropriations for construction work will be asked and the canal built along the line that will result in the reclamation of the greatest possible area."

ATTITUDE OF GOVERNMENT

Will Make the Survey if Petition Approved.

"How will the government interest itself in the diversion of the Grand river into eastern Utah for irrigation purposes?" repeated C. H. Fitch of the government hydrographic service last night. "The only way possible will be through a petition filed on the part of the people. If the petition finds approval the government will make the surveys and investigations as to the feasibility, regardless of whether the work is contemplated by the state or private interests. A canal starting in Mesa county, Colorado, and carrying the waters now wasted westward into Utah is of sufficient public interest to secure the assistance of the government in determining its feasibility. As I understand the proposition, it is not intended to dig the canal to any particular stream, but to depend upon irrigation and evaporation to exhaust the water supply.

"I went to see State Engineer Doremus today in relation to the project, but did not have an opportunity to talk with him on the subject. I understand he is in favor of it, however."

Names in the Cabinet.

(New York Press.)

President Roosevelt is surrounded by on official family of short names. In the cabinet we have Root, Hay, Smith, Long, Gage, Knox—all names of one syllable, which is most unusual. The presidents' most intimate friend is Wood. The man he is most fond of in New York is Riis. His most intimate political enemy is Platt. His chief political adviser and for years his sponsor is Lodge. His private secretary is Loeb. His secretary while governor of New York was Youngs. All names of one