DROPS WEAVER AS THE RECEIVER

Judge Appoints New Head to Water Company Affairs.

W. M. BRADLEY IS THE MAN

CONFLICT OF INTERESTS IS THE REASON GIVEN.

JUDGE MARSHALL, in the federal court yesterday morning, removed William C. Weaver as receiver of the Beaver River Irrigation & Ogden Waterworks company and appointed William M. Bradley in his stead.

Weaver was removed on lines identical with those of his predecessors—William Adamson and W. H. Rowe—to-wit: That one man cannot serve two masters at once.

The removal grew out of a number of notes and mortgages turned over to Weaver on his taking charge of the receivership of the defunct corporation. These notes and mortgages were not listed as part of the assets of the company, but as belonging to Samuel M. Jarvis and Roland R. Conklin.

There has been considerable controversy as to whom these papers belonged, it being contended by some that they are the property of the defunct corporation. Judge Marshall, in his opinion, sums up the situation in a nutshell: "It is not intended by this court to intimate any opinion as to the ownership of these notes and mortgages. That question has not been litigated as yet, nor are the facts before this court. It is sufficient that if it ever does arise, the receiver of the court must not be on both sides of the question."

Proceeds Not Turned Over.

Weaver holds the notes and mortgages and never transferred to either Conklin or Roland any sums collected therefrom, holding these subject to the final disposition of the court. Despite this, the court held that the duties of Weaver as receiver and agent for Jarvis and Conklin would conflict.

Judge Marshall, in ruling, held that: "The receiver must be impartial to creditors who claim liens on the funds held by him as receiver. If he is the agent of one of the claimants, in the custody of such funds, the agency is at variance with his duty to the court. If a suit to annul the attempted transfer be necessary it must be brought by the receiver.

Must Not Be on Two Sides.

"Is he to bring suit against his own principal? In administering the assets of the insolvent corporation, or in directing suits to be instituted, the court must be to a large extent guided by the representations of the receiver—by the facts which his investigations may disclose. In this case the duty of the receiver to make such investigations and to disclose such facts, is distinctly adverse to his duty to his principal, to protect the principal's property in his hands as agent. No man should be subject to such conflicting duties. Impartiality and unprejudiced judgment will not often flow from such a source.

"It is proper to say that no charge is made affecting the integrity of the receiver nor the ability with which he has acted as such. It is simply that his relations to the court and his contractual relations to Jarvis and Conklin are radically inconsistent—so radically so as to debar him from longer acting as receiver."

The newly appointed receiver yesterday afternoon before Clerk Letcher of the United States court filed the usual $5,000 bond and assumed duties of office.

Mr. Weaver's Comment.

(Special to The Herald.)

Ogden, Utah, March 26.—Mr. Weaver stated that he had simply taken the notes and mortgages in question from his predecessors in office, had consulted with his attorneys as to the propriety of his holding them, and he was advised that owing to the necessity for joint action by the receiver and trustees in the releasing of any of these mortgages and for convenience in bookkeeping it was to the best interests of the parties concerned that the receiver hold them.

Mr. Weaver's personal interests will probably keep him in Utah for some months.

IN THE COURTS

Judge Hall has announced that he will make a setting of equity and non-jury cases on April 1 for trial beginning April 21. On April 14 to 17, both inclusive, his honor will call the law and motion calendar.

Margaret May Moses et al. filed a $500 damage suit against the Highland Boy Gold Mining company yesterday to recover for the death of Alfred Moses, who was killed while in the employ of the company in 1901. An answer setting up that Moses was guilty of contributory negligence, accompanied the complaint, but a judgment by consent was entered in favor of the plaintiff for $250, thus disposing of the case.

J. P. Mullen has filed a $17,500 damage suit againstEderichs & Burke for personal injuries. Mullen complains that while he was working for the defendants on a building which they were erecting in the locality of West Jordan on February 18 last, he was severely injured by a fall. He alleges negligence on the part of the defendants in not providing a safe apparatus for him to work with.

H. L. Pickett was yesterday admitted to practice in the federal court.

Louisa B. Paul's personal injury suit against the Salt Lake City Railroad company, in which judgment is demanded for $3,182.50, was called before Judge Morse and a jury yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Paul fell from a car and injured herself in November, 1900, on B street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, and she alleges that the accident was the result of negligence on the part of the company's employes in allowing the car to start while she was in the act of leaving it. The company pleads contributory negligence on the part of the plaintiff.

Anna K. Kirk has instituted divorce proceedings against her husband, James Kirk, on the ground of desertion. The marriage took place in December, 1899, and Mrs. Kirk says that her husband deserted her in April, 1900.

The injunction suit brought against the Telluride Power company by C. R. Wright some time ago was called in Judge Ball's court yesterday, but went over until May 1. In the meantime the company will file a condemnation suit against the plaintiff. The main question at issue is whether or not the pole line of the company runs along a public highway in the disputed locality. The county commissioners say that the premises in dispute are a pair of a public highway, and have granted the company a right of way. Wright, representing himself and others, says that there is no public highway there.

The April Fool Gold Mining & Milling company was made defendant in a $5,000 damage suit yesterday, in which John Corkish is plaintiff. Corkish alleges that on June 25, 1900, while he was employed in connecting the 700 and 800-foot levels in the mine, an explosion occurred, which blew both eyes out and his right hand off. Negligence on the part of the company is alleged in not providing a safe place in which the plaintiff could work. The explosion, it is alleged, was caused by an unskilled workman in an upraise.

The $10,000 damage suit of the Miller Tailoring company vs. ex-Sheriff T. P. Lewis and S. H. Auerbach, for an alleged wrongful seizure of certain goods, reached the jury in Judge Morse's court at noon yesterday. Later, a verdict was returned in favor of the plaintiff for $307.

B. B. Mann, former manager for Utah of the Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance company of Philadelphia, has filed an action against the company to collect $497, alleged to be due him for salary and commissions while in the company's employ. The action was filed in the civil branch of the city court.

The supreme court affirmed the judgment of the lower court yesterday in the case of Emil Olsen et al. vs. the Oregon Short Line Railroad company, appellant. The plaintiffs secured judgment in the trial court for $5,000 for the death of August Olsen, who was killed by a Short Line train at Harrisville in December, 1897. The opinion is written by Chief Justice Miner and Justices Bartch and Baskin concur.

W. C. WEAVER.

TEXT BOOK CONVENTION.

Superintendent Nelson Calls For One in the City on May 31.

State Superintendent of Public Instruction A. C. Nelson has issued a call for the state text book convention, which will meet in this city on May 31. At this convention text books for the county schools will be selected for the ensuing five years. The committee which will make the selection comprises State Superintendent Nelson, the principal of the state normal school and all of the county superintendents.

The convention will be a big affair, and will last for some time, as all of the big school book houses of the country will be represented, and some time will be required for the making of the committee's selection. It has not been fully decided as to where the convention will be held, but it is supposed that suitable quarters can be found in the city and county building.

Deals in Realty.

The following transfers were filed in the office of the county recorder yesterday:

E. Q. Knowlton to P. H. Young, for $3,700, 3x10 rods in lot 3, block 60, plat C. The property is on J street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Walter G. Tuttle to Ina Johnson, for $2,000, subject to a trust deed of $1,900, an irregular piece of land in Park place, near the intersection of State and First North streets.

W. G. McGinty to Anna H. Perkins, for $3,000, thirty feet by seven rods in lot 4, block 34, plat F. The property is on Twelfth East, between South Temple and First South.

Articles of Incorporation.

The Home Builders company filed certified copies of its articles of incorporation in the offices of the secretary of state and county clerk yesterday. The company is a Colorado corporation, and its capital stock is $10,000, represented by shares of stock of the par value of $1 each. F. A. Faulkenberg is president of the company and W. J. Wise is secretary. Parley P. Christensen of this city is the resident agent for Utah.

The Anaconda Mining company filed articles of incorporation in the county clerk's office yesterday. The capital stock is $15,000, divided into shares of the par value of 10 cents each. The officers are John O'Donovan, president, and Angus McKellar, secretary. The company owns the Garey group of six claims in the Uintah mining district, Summit county.

City Court Cases.

The case of J. M. Stull, who is accused of battery against J. S. Ellsworth, was called in city court yesterday, but on the request of the prosecution was continued until this afternoon.

J. J. Fitzgerald, accused of petty larceny, was heard in the city court yesterday and entered a plea of not guilty to the charge. He is charged with having stolen a chisel from the New Star saloon, and was sentenced to a fine of $20.

A notice of appeal was filed yesterday in the case of the city against C. E. Hahn, bartender at 220 South State street. Hahn was arrested Sunday on the charge of violating the Sunday closing ordinance, and appeared in the city court where he was fined $50.

DUNKARDS ARE SEEKING NEW HOMES IN THE WEST

Minneapolis, Minn., March 26.—Over 3,000 homeseekers passed through Minneapolis tonight en route to North Dakota and states further west. Estimates by the various roads handling this movement place the total for today at 5,000 people. With the additional 1,500 or more taken out by the westbound trains last evening the homeseekers' rush through this gateway in the past twenty-four hours has been well up to 7,000, one of the biggest days in the history of the big immigration movement toward this part of the country.

The homeseekers included about 2,000 Dunkards, chiefly from Illinois, Ohio and Indiana, who are traveling in six complete trains over the Great Northern railroad along whose lines in northwestern Minnesota and North Dakota they will make a permanent settlement. Forty passenger coaches and 100 freight cars were required to carry the party and their household effects.

Bequest to Charity.

London, March 27.—A dispatch from Cape Town in this morning's Daily Express says that Dr. Jameson is authority for the statement that Cecil Rhodes left Groteschuur, his residence near Cape Town, to the people of that city, as well as large sums of money to charities.

John Fitzpatrick Dead.

Chicago, March 26.—John E. Fitzpatrick, ex-state inspector of police and ex-chief of detectives, died tonight from shock following a surgical operation.

BAREFOOT BOYS STATESMEN NOW

Oleomargarine Discussion Brings Out Reminiscences.

DANGER TO THE HUMBLE COW

MR. HOAR SAYS IT EXISTS IN PROPOSED LEGISLATION.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Throughout today's session of the senate the oleomargarine bill was under discussion. The debate was interesting at all times and some phase of it were amusing. Mr. Hansbrough of North Dakota concluded his speech, begun yesterday, in support of the measure, maintaining that the oleomargarine industry had been outlawed by the legislatures of many states and that it ought to be made by congress to take off its mask and place its product on the market for what it really was.

Mr. Stewart of Nevada declared that the proposed legislation was unnecessary and there was no reason for it.

Mr. Dolliver sharply arraigned Mr. Stewart for a statement that much butter was made in conditions of squalor and disease. Illustrating the interest of the greatest of our people on the farm, he described an incident which occurred on the late President McKinley's last western tour. As the train was passing through Iowa early one morning the president was observed to be laughing to himself as he watched the antics of two boys warming their feet on the spot where a cow had been lying during the night.

"Gentlemen," said President McKinley, "one of the pleasantest and most delightful recollections of my boyhood is the solid comfort which those boys are now having—warming frostbitten feet in the place where cows have been lying. I wonder how many of you have had a similar experience."

One after another of the members of the cabinet, governors, senators and representatives, who were of the party, bore witness to the same experience, beginning with John Hay, who did his feet warming partly in Ohio and partly in Illinois, and ending with Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, who warmed his feet in the heather of Scotland.

Mr. Hoar said one of the greatest dangers to the cow was the establishment of the principle that the taxing power of the government could be used as a means of punishing and suppressing vice or crime or of any form of wrongdoing.

TO KEEP OUT THE COOLIES.

Favorable Report Is Made on the Chinese Exclusion Bill.

Washington, March 26.—The report of the house committee on the Chinese exclusion bill was filed today by Representative Perkins of New York, who drafted it. The report says in part:

"The committee is unanimous in the opinion that the admission of Chinese laborers in this country would be a serious evil. Every endeavor has been made to report an act which will secure the exclusion of Chinese coolies. We recognize the fact that frauds under the present exclusion laws result chiefly from the abuse of transit privileges and the introduction of Chinese claiming to be merchants who are really laborers. We have endeavored to guard against this evil.

"On the other hand this country desires to obtain its fair share of commerce with the east and with China, and in our treatment of the privileged classes the genuine merchants, students, etc., allowed by the treaty to enter this country, we have endeavored to avoid any discourtesy or annoyance which was not required to prevent fraud."

The report says that the few provisions of the Kahn bill stricken out were such as might have brought into question the constitutionality of the measure. The report further says: "The committee has stricken out the provision of the Kahn bill which forbade the employment of Chinese on ships carrying the American flag on the Pacific. We regard this provision as foreign to the purposes of the bill, which is to prevent the entry of the Chinese into this country. We also regard it as injudicious. The result of such a provision would be to compel steamships that now float the American flag on the Pacific to take British register. This is certainly not the way to build up our merchant marine, for which there is a great demand. The work done by the Chinese on these ships in the intense heat of the tropics is work which our American workmen could not do, should not do and would not do."

Representative Clark of Missouri has reserved the right to make a dissenting report against the employment of Chinese sailors on American ships.

COSTS MONEY TO JOIN LONDON AMERICAN CLUB

New York, March 26.—A most engrossing subject in clubland continues to be the new club founded by Anglo-American millionaires, says the London correspondent of the Herald. As already announced, it will be called the Columbia, and it is further said it will be the most elaborate, the most extensive and the most expensive club in Europe. The entrance fee, which is to be 50 guineas ($262), with an annual subscription of 15 guineas ($78), is much higher than any sums ever exacted in any London club.

Why Suffer With Headache

When one dose of Sherman's Headache Cure will rid you of it? They are instantaneous in their effect, and perfectly harmless. Keep a box in the house for emergencies. They cure neuralgia, 25c and 10c a box. For sale by Godbe-Pitts Drug company.

Death of Mining Engineer.

Berkeley, Cal., March 26.—E. A. Frengel, a mining engineer, died today from injuries received by falling down an elevator shaft at Baker City, Ore., last February.

CRADUATES FROM HIGH SCHOOL

List of Candidates This Year Numbers Eighty-six.

COMPLETE COURSE IN JUNE

MANY WILL CONTINUE IN COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY.

YESTERDAY afternoon Professor G. A. Eaton gave out the list of prospective and possible candidates for graduation from the High school in June. The list numbers eighty-six, most of whom have all their work completed up to date, but in a few cases conditions are yet to be removed. The following are the names of the prospective graduates:

Amy Addoms,	Edith Kingsbury,
Alice Andrew,	Tillie Larson,
Caroline Arnold,	Thomas Latimer,
Henry Arnold,	Samuel Lawson,
Lulu Barr,	Pearl Leith,
June Bintz,	Celie Levy,
Ina Bothwell,	Edith Lowther,
May Bourgard,	Winifred Lynn,
Ray Bradford,	Aileen Maclean,
Max Brown,	Evelyn Mason,
Edith Carlson,	Mary Mayne,
Mabel Cartwright,	Deseret McCleery,
Myrtle Cartwright,	Flora McDougal,
William Case,	Annie McIntyre,
Niels Christensen,	Nephi McKenzie,
Maude Chugg,	Zeta Morris,
Edna Coates,	Arthur Murphy,
Harriet Cohn,	Alta Newcomb,
Ethel Connelly,	Elizabeth Officer,
Emma Cooper,	Jesse Paul,
Edith Cornell,	Lillie Pearce,
Helena Critzer,	Lillie Richards,
Nellie Cullen,	Eva Richardson,
Mabel Dailey,	Kathryn Riddle,
Ethel Deane,	Ethel Scranton,
Marguerite Donnellan,	Mary Sharp,
	Owings Sheckell,
Ethel Druce,	Ethel Shepard,
Edna Edwards,	Helen Shepard,
Orson Eldredge,	Grace Smith,
Clara Enright,	Edith Sparey,
Roy Fletcher,	Lewis Sowles,
Ella Folsom,	Nicholas Smith,
Fred Evans,	Nellie Sutton,
Kate Folsom,	Brenton Tempest,
Lucy Gaby,	Pauline Terhune,
Allie Godbe,	Mona Thompson,
Helen Halm,	Florence Tuddenham,
Roy Higson,	
Sadie Howell,	Georgie Vadner,
Florence Jennings,	Mert Wheeler,
Marion Jones,	Clare Williams,
Frankie Kearns,	Susie Wilton.
Blanche Kimball,	

Will Continue Studies.

A number of these students expect to enter some college or university in the fall, and in connection with this fact it may be interesting to know of the High school's standing in relation to various prominent colleges of the country. According to a recent statement made by Professor Eaton, the following schools will admit without examination graduates of the classical and scientific courses of the Salt Lake High school: Leland Stanford, Universities of California, Utah, Nebraska, Colorado, Wisconsin, Chicago, Michigan, Colorado School of Mines, Cornell university, Mt. Holyoke, Smith, Vassar, Wellesley and Oberlin colleges and Armour institute, Chicago.

Yale, Harvard, Princeton and most of the New England colleges do not admit students on credit, requiring in all cases an entrance examination. With the exception of such schools, however, the Salt Lake High school graduate from the classical and scientific courses is ready to enter any regular college course.

Lentz Loses His Case.

Washington, March 26.—The house committee on elections No. 2 has decided the case of John J. Lentz vs. Emmett Tompkins, for the Columbus, O., district in congress in favor of Tompkins. The report will be made next week. The contest was made on the ground of alleged irregularity at the polls.

One of Heinze's Suits.

New York, March 26.—The suit of E. Rollins Morse of Boston against the Montana Ore Purchasing company, came up again today before Commissioner Kline. No testimony was taken, the attorneys for both sides agreeing to a postponement until the last day in April. The reason given for the adjournment was that Franklin Bien, the lawyer for the defendant company, had been unable to serve subpoenaes upon several of the directors of the Amalgamated Copper company.

REWARD OF MERIT

A New Catarrh Cure Secures National Popularity in Less Than One Year.

Throughout a great nation of eighty million it is a desperate struggle to secure even a recognition for a new article, to say nothing of achieving popular favor, and yet within one year Stuart's Catarrh

Tablets, the new catarrh cure, has met with such success that today it can be found in every drug store throughout the United States and Canada.

To be sure, a large amount of advertising was necessary in the first instance to bring the remedy to the attention of the public, but everyone familiar with the subject knows that advertising alone never made any article permanently successful. It must have in addition absolute, undeniable merit, and this the new catarrh cure certainly possesses in a marked degree.

Physicians, who formerly depended upon inhalers, sprays and local washes or ointments, now use Stuart's Catarrh Tablets because, as one of the most prominent stated, these tablets contain in pleasant, convenient form all the really efficient catarrh remedies, such as red gum, blood root and similar antiseptics.

They contain no cocaine nor opiate, and are given to little children with entire safety and benefit.

Dr. J. J. Reitiger of Covington, Ky., says: "I suffered from catarrh in my head and throat every fall, with stoppage of the nose and irritation in the throat affecting my voice and often extending to the stomach, causing catarrh of the stomach. I bought a 50-cent package of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at my druggist's, carried them in my pocket and used them faithfully, and the way in which they cleared my head and throat was certainly remarkable. I had no catarrh last winter and spring and consider myself entirely free from any catarrhal trouble."

Mrs. Jerome Ellison of Wheeling, W. Va., writes: "I suffered from catarrh nearly my whole life, and last winter my two children also suffered from catarrhal colds and sore throat so much they were out of school a large portion of the winter. My brother, who was cured of catarrhal deafness by using Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, urged me to try them so much that I did so, and am truly thankful for what they have done for myself and my children. I always keep a box of the tablets in the house and at the first appearance of a cold or sore throat we nip it in the bud and catarrh is no longer a household affliction with us."

Full sized packages of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are sold for 50 cents at all druggists'.

Send for book on cause and cure of catarrh. Mailed free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

PATRICK LOSES RIGHT TO LIFE

Jury Finds Him Guilty of Aged Millionaire's Murder.

TO DIE IN ELECTRIC CHAIR

SUCH WILL BE THE SENTENCE OF THE LAWYER.

NEW YORK, March 26.—Albert T. Patrick, lawyer, was this evening convicted of the murder on Sept. 23, 1900, of the aged millionaire recluse, William Marsh Rice. The penalty under the statute is death in the electric chair.

A scant three hours of deliberation at the close of a trial prolonged for nine weeks and replete with sensational interest sufficed to enable the jury to reach their verdict. The issue of the trial establishes the charge that Patrick conspired with Mr. Rice's valet, Charles F. Jones, to obtain possession of the aged Texan's estate, estimated at $7,000,000, and that Jones killed his employer by the administration of chloroform at the direct instigation of Patrick.

At the close of Recorder Goff's charge, which occupied the morning session of the court, the jury retired. This was at 1:50 p. m. At 5:55 they notified the officer in charge that they were ready to return to court, rather more than an hour of the intervening time having been devoted to luncheon.

In anticipation of a scene of excitement in the event of a verdict of guilty, the unusual step was taken of ordering all women to leave the court room. Among them were the prisoner's two sisters and Mrs. Francis, with whom he boarded.

Prisoner Hears His Fate.

With grave faces the members of the jury filed into their places, and some minutes of painful tension elapsed while messengers were endeavoring to find the counsel, who had departed, not expecting a verdict for many hours.

Calm as ever, and with confidence seemingly unshaken, the prisoner was escorted into the court room. He walked rapidly and took his stand facing the jury with head erect and hands loosely clasped behind his back.

At the word "guilty," pronounced by Foreman Machell in a tone low but distinct enough to be heard throughout the court, not the slightest change passed over Patrick's face, and he remained standing in an almost listless attitude while the customary poll of the jury was being taken. His aged father, Captain Patrick, sitting near him and straining to catch the statement of the foreman, started for an instant as its import reached him, and then sat calmly awaiting the further proceedings.

District Attorney Pleased.

A smile of triumph lit up the face of Assistant District Attorney Osborne, who hastened from the court immediately after Recorder Goff had, at the request of the prisoner's counsel, fixed a week from Monday as the day on which to pronounce sentence. The verdict was known almost immediately in the corridor, where the women relatives and friends of the prisoner were waiting, and a scene of great excitement ensued.

Screaming hysterically, the prisoner's eldest sister ran about the corridor, begging to be allowed to see her brother. Mrs. Francis fainted, and on recovering, broke from the attendants and rushed into the court room, from which Patrick had just been removed. There she again swooned. Both women were removed to an ante-room and were sent home in a carriage.

Captain Patrick, after taking leave of his son, who was led back to the Tombs, would only say: "It is hard. We will have to try again."

None of the jurors could be induced to reveal how the verdict had been reached, an agreement having been made to tell nothing. A motion will be made for a new trial when the prisoner is arraigned for sentence.

WORLD'S FAIR OFFICIALS.

St. Louis Exposition Men Start on Their Way West.

St. Louis, March 26.—C. F. Taylor, chief of the department of agriculture and acting chief of the department of horticulture of the World's fair, and Charles M. Reeves, secretary of the joint committee on legislation and state and territorial exhibits, left tonight on a western tour of exploitation to last about three weeks. They will meet the governors of New Mexico, Nevada, California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Utah and Wyoming, as well as the members of the business organizations of the capitals of those states; also the leading citizens of several other cities, including San Francisco, Portland and Tacoma.

ROBERTS WAS EAGER TO GO TO FIGHT THE BOERS

London, March 26.—At the conclusion of a biography of Field Marshal Lord Roberts, written by James McLaren Cobban, which has just been published, the reply of Lord Roberts to Lord Lansdowne when the latter requested him to take supreme command against the Boers, is given in the following words:

"My Lord, for nineteen years I have led an abstemious life in the hope of this day."

Commenting upon this answer Mr. Cobban says Lord Roberts foresaw, after the battle of Majuba Hill, that the issue must be finally fought out between Britain and Boer.

FUNSTON AND ROOSEVELT.

Topeka, Kan., March 26.—General Frederick Funston was in this city today on his way to California. General Funston delivered himself of a scathing denunciation of the eastern newspapers which criticised his speech before the Lotus club in New York. He said: "I have been nagged by that class of papers until I am tired. Editorially they wilfully misinterpret my remarks and I am glad to express my independence of their opinions and their talk, and that of their kind, about my using dishonorable and unfair means in the capture of Aguinaldo. Also, that I violated the articles of war. They know a great deal more about the articles of golf than they do about the articles of war. Everything is permissible in a campaign except the use of poison or the violation of a flag of truce.

"As a matter of fact, only four of my men in the expedition were dressed in the insurgent uniform. The others were dressed as Filipino peasants.

"President Roosevelt approved heartily of my remarks before the Lotus club banquet and was very anxious to have me go to Boston on the invitation of Senator Lodge and make the same speech there, but my orders were such that it was impossible for me to go."

Monument For McKinley.

Albany, N. Y., March 26.—A bill appropriating $10,000 for the erection of a monument in Buffalo in memory of President McKinley was passed by the state senate today. Governor Odell sent an emergency message to the legislature urging the immediate passage of the bill.

SCROFULA

I bequeath to my children Scrofula with all its attendant horrors, humiliation and suffering. This is a strange legacy to leave to posterity; a heavy burden to place upon the shoulders of the young.

This treacherous disease dwarfs the body and hinders the growth and development of the faculties, and the child born of blood poison, or scrofula-tainted parentage, is poorly equipped for life's duties.

Scrofula is a disease with numerous and varied symptoms; enlarged glands or tumors about the neck and armpits, catarrh of the head, weak eyes and dreadful skin eruptions upon different parts of the body show the presence of tubercular or scrofulous matter in the blood. This dangerous and stealthy disease entrenches itself securely in the system and attacks the bones and tissues, destroys the red corpuscles of the blood, resulting in white swelling, a pallid, waxy appearance of the skin, loss of strength and a gradual wasting away of the body.

S. S. S. combines both purifying and tonic properties, and is guaranteed entirely vegetable, making it the ideal remedy in all scrofulous affections. It purifies the deteriorated blood, makes it rich and strong and a complete and permanent cure is soon effected. S. S. S. improves the digestion and assimilation of food, restores the lost properties to the blood and quickens the circulation, bringing a healthy color to the skin and vigor to the weak and emaciated body.

SSS

Write us about your case and our physicians will cheerfully advise and help you in every possible way to regain your health. Book on blood and skin diseases free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

The Lace HOUSE

Announces to the Ladies of Salt Lake City that today, Thursday morning, we inaugurate

THE GREATEST

Ladies' Ready to Wear Suit Sale

Ever Held in this intermountain country. We have just received a purchase of 100 Ladies' Strictly Tailored Suits

Worth up to $35.00

up to date in every little detail as to cloth, cut and workmanship, in Venetian, Cheviots, Homespuns and Broadcloths, beautifully trimmed and silk lined, in Blouse, Etons and Reefer Effects. The entire 100 suits will be placed on sale for three days only, Thursday, Friday and Saturday at

$12.95 Each

The LACE HOUSE SALT LAKE CITY

Only three days left to buy an up-to-date Easter Suit, worth up to $35.00 for $12.95

J. A. Cunningham, President. Dr. F. S. Bascom, Vice President. E. W. Wilson, Cashier.

BANK OF COMMERCE, ATLAS BLOCK.

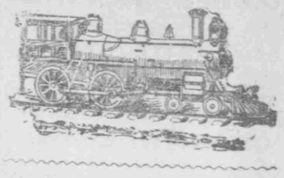
Transacts General Banking Business.

DIRECTORS.

J. A. Cunningham, Boyd Park, Dr. F. S. Bascom, J. D. Kendall, W. W. Chisholm, E. E. Rich, E. B. Critchlow.

MILLIONAIRES STOP PLANS FOR A BIG HOTEL

New York, March 26.—Plans for a large hotel at Fifth avenue and Forty-second street, which have caused much annoyance among the multi-millionaires of that district, have been checked. The movement for the erection of the hostelry was ended by the purchase of the site, 100x150 feet, by William K. Vanderbilt and William D. Sloane. It is said $1,000,000 was paid. They will hold the land for a buyer who will sign an ironclad agreement to erect thereon nothing but a high-grade residence.



THE DENVER & RIO GRANDE AND THE RIO GRANDE WESTERN

Current Time Table

In Effect JAN. 1, 1902.

LEAVE SALT LAKE CITY.

No. 5—For Grand Junction, Denver and points east ..... 8:30 a.m.
No. 2—For Provo, Grand Junction and all points east ..... 3:15 p.m.
No. 4—For Provo, Grand Junction and all points east ..... 8:20 p.m.
No. 10—For Bingham, Lehi, Provo, Mt. Pleasant, Manti, Marysvale and intermediate points ..... 8:00 a.m.
No. 8—For Eureka, Payson, Heber, Provo and intermediate points ..... 5:00 p.m.
No. 5—For Ogden and the west.. 9:50 a.m.
No. 3—For Ogden and west ..... 11:00 p.m.
No. 1—For Ogden and west ..... 12:45 p.m.
No. 42—For Park City ..... 8:25 a.m.

ARRIVE SALT LAKE CITY.

No. 6—From Provo, Grand Junction and the east ..... 9:35 a.m.
No. 1—From Provo, Grand Junction and the east ..... 12:35 p.m.
No. 3—From Provo, Grand Junction and the east ..... 10:50 p.m.
No. 9—From Provo, Bingham, Eureka, Marysvale, Manti and intermediate points ..... 6:00 p.m.
No. 6—From Ogden and the west 8:20 a.m.
No. 2—From Ogden and the west 3:05 p.m.
No. 4—From Ogden and the west 8:10 p.m.
No. 7—From Eureka, Payson, Heber, Provo and intermediate points ..... 10:00 a.m.
No. 41—From Park City ..... 5:15 p.m.

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ARRIVE.

From Ogden, all points east, Butte, Portland and San Francisco ..... 8:45 A.M.
From Ogden and intermediate points ..... 9:35 A.M.
From Ogden, all points east, and San Francisco ..... 3:10 P.M.
From Ogden, Cache Valley and intermediate points ..... 6:50 P.M.
From Ogden, Butte, Portland and San Francisco ..... 8:20 P.M.
From all points south, except Tintic ..... 9:35 A.M.
From Nephi, Tintic, Mercur and intermediate points ..... 6:00 P.M.
From Tooele and Terminus ..... 6:00 P.M.

DEPART.

To Ogden, Cache Valley and all points east ..... 7:00 A.M.
To Ogden, Butte, Portland and San Francisco ..... 9:45 A.M.
To Ogden, all points east and San Francisco ..... 12:45 P.M.
To Ogden, intermediate points and all points east ..... 6:15 P.M.
To Butte, Portland, intermediate points and San Francisco. 10:50 P.M.
To Tintic, Mercur, Nephi and intermediate points ..... 7:55 A.M.
To all points south, except to Tintic and Mercur ..... 7:05 P.M.
To Terminus and Tooele ..... 7:45 A.M.

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