

AGUINALDO WAS NOT A PATRIOT

Dewey Says the Leader Cared Only for Personal Gain.

ADMIRAL AIDED A ROBBER

HERO OF MANILA HAS HIGH REGARD FOR HIS JUDGMENT.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Admiral Dewey continued his testimony before the senate committee on the Philippines today. Replying to questions put by Senator Patterson he said that he had begun negotiations with the governor general of the Philippines, General Jaudens, for the surrender of the city, and that negotiations were conducted through the Belgian consul, who, after the death of the British consul, had been very courteous in acting as a go-between. It was a diplomatic negotiation, no letters being written.

The admiral said he had informed General Merritt of the proffer of General Jaudens, but he did not believe that Merritt had taken "much stock" in it. He assured him that such was the case, said the admiral, "but told him of the arrangement that before the surrender should take place I was to engage an outlying fort and make the signal, according to the international code, 'do you surrender,' after which the Spaniards were to hoist the white flag on the southern bastion, and may say that I was the first to discover the flag notwithstanding I had stationed fifty men to look out for it. It was a thick day, and I chanced to be the first to discover it."

He also said he had read the testimony of General MacArthur, saying that he knew of no agreement of the kind mentioned, but that it had been his (Dewey's) business to communicate with anyone except the commanding official.

Merritt Mistrusted Spaniards. Asked by Mr. Patterson to explain his statement that General Merritt had not accepted the report that the Spaniards had agreed to capitulate, Admiral Dewey said that he had believed that Merritt had been deceived. "I don't believe," he said, "that the general entirely trusted the Spanish authorities. Still he did not say so in so many words. I may add that I have since learned that some of the Spanish officers were tempted to fire at us. Even my own flag lieutenant did not accept their proffer as in the best faith. I knew, however, that they would surrender, and I understood the straits they were in."

Replying to a question as to whether the agreement to surrender had been made public at the time of the attack upon Manila, Admiral Dewey said he thought not. "There are," he said, "lots of things which are not communicated to the public."

Mr. Patterson sought to secure from Admiral Dewey an admission that Aguinaldo had issued a proclamation of independence to the Philippines about the time of the sinking of the Spanish squadron, but the admiral said he did not remember it, although it was possible that he might have done so.

Gave Aguinaldo a Press. Mr. Patterson then read the paper forwarded by Consul General Pratt, May 20, 1898, in which Aguinaldo said that Providence had opened the way for independence to the Philippines and of the Americans as their liberators. The admiral said, however, that he did not remember to have seen the paper. He had, he said, given Aguinaldo a press and probably had used this press for getting out his proclamations.

Having laid the foundation by securing these statements, which were in reiteration of what the admiral had said in his testimony yesterday, Mr. Carmack asked the witness why he had been so much to aid a man whom he regarded as a "common robber and plunderer."

The admiral did not reply immediately. His face reddened and he laughed. He then said the senator had not quoted him accurately, but admitted that he had said Aguinaldo had gone to Manila for pillage and plunder. He added:

"You know the old saying that 'all is fair in war.'"

"Do you consider it fair in war to assist a known plunderer and robber in an enemy's territory to pillage without restraint?"

"I believe it is, as I read history."

"Then you admit that you assisted this robber and plunderer to organize, etc.?"

Admiral Quizzes Senator. "I did not then call him a robber and plunderer; I called him the insurgent leader," he said here, "but he was there for money and loot. I think that was what he was there for. Do you," he asked, "bring me any evidence, other than your own opinion, that he was there for anything else?"

"I do," replied the senator. "Well, I don't," said the admiral, and as if to express his opinion still more emphatically he repeated: "I don't," and added, "I swear I don't."

"Do you think you know Aguinaldo better than General Otis?" asked Senator Carmack.

"In some things, I think I do," the admiral replied. "I think my judgment is better in some matters than the general's. I don't believe he ever saw Aguinaldo, and I saw him fifty times. Moreover, I know his history."

"Do you think you know him better than General Bell?"

SUICIDE LEAVES NOTE STATING THAT HE IS A THIEF AND DEFAULTER

New York, June 27.—James E. Pearson, 64 years of age, a well known lawyer, was found dead in his office in Brooklyn today. He had killed himself by inhaling illuminating gas. In his hand was the photograph of a woman. He left a letter, in which he said: "I am a defaulter and thief, and where all the money is gone I cannot tell. My wife and children are left penniless." Pearson had six children.

THREE DEATHS MAY RESULT FROM ATTEMPT TO CROSS RIVER ON RAFT

East Spokane, Wash., June 27.—Yesterday afternoon Engineer Ernest Larner of Kalspell, Mont., who was running a work train on the Great Northern at Essex, in company with R. Orner, night operator at Essex, built a raft and crossed the east fork of the Flathead river, about two miles below the town, while fishing. They had taken off all their clothes except their underwear, in case they fell in. The middle of the stream being reached, they lost control of the raft and had to swim to the opposite shore. A rancher who was with them had not ventured across. He told them to stay on hand and he would return to Essex for tools to build another raft, but when he returned he could find no trace of the men.

Parties were organized to search for the men, and this afternoon they were found in an unconscious condition. The men suffered terribly, as the temperature is low there all the time. In the rescuing party was Conductor Mike Sweeney, who ventured across the river with a rope, to aid in the rescue of the unfortunate men. He had about reached the opposite shore when he, too, struck the whirlpool and was drowned before his friends could reach him. Up to the present time no trace of Conductor Sweeney's body has been found. The other men were rescued this evening with boats. They were in a serious condition, almost dead with the extreme cold and exposure.

SAY REPUBLICANS PROTECT TRUSTS

Condemned For Not Taking Action on Reciprocity Measure.

NO TARIFF ON TRUST GOODS

OUR GOODS SOLD CHEAPER IN EUROPE THAN HERE.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—A caucus of the Democratic members of the house, held today, adopted the following resolutions: "Resolved, First, that we condemn the Republican majority in congress for their failure to pass a measure providing reciprocity with Cuba. The bill which passed the house of representatives was heartily supported by the Democratic minority after the protection to the sugar trust had been removed by a solid vote, aided by a small number of the Republican members. As it passed the house the bill carried relief to Cuba. It reduced the price of sugar to American consumers and struck a heavy blow at the notorious and obnoxious sugar trust. The refusal of the Republican senators to consider this measure unless the protection to the sugar trust should be restored gives evidence that the present and Republican party in congress are willing to refuse relief to Cuba and totally ignore American consumers, rather than abandon their alliance with the trusts.

The failure of all reciprocity legislation with Cuba rests upon the willing administration which is willing to reduce the duty on the raw sugar of our producers but unwilling to destroy the sugar trust monopoly.

"Second, That the Republican majority in congress is dominated and controlled by the trusts and monopolies, which have the great industries of our country in their grasp, is shown by its action in passing an anti-trust bill through the house of representatives in the closing hours of the session, the senate refusing to consider the same as a substitute to tide over the election of 1900. That bill has been abandoned and we now refuse and fail to bring in any measure to suppress the trusts, or to favorably act on the anti-trust bills introduced by Democrats during this congress.

"Third, That we favor the passage of a measure to amend the present tariff laws so as to more fully protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies, and also a measure to reduce the duties on all articles and commodities manufactured and produced in the United States by trust or trusts so as to destroy such illegal combinations and to reduce the rate duty on any article or commodity manufactured in the United States more cheaply than in a foreign country more cheaply than in the United States.

Sure Enough. (Philadelphia Press.) Kwofer—There's no doubt about that old saying about driving a horse to water. Kidder—Yes, and although a man may drive a pen, a pencil must be lead.

"A conception of daring and originality."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

"Overflows with those mysteries of which Dr. Doyle is the master."—N. Y. Sun.

"The same old Sherlock Holmes, only more so."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

"The longest of Sherlock Holmes stories; it is best of them."—Philadelphia Press.

"It was certainly Sherlock Holmes' most remarkable case, as it was certainly the most exciting adventure so far recorded of him."—Newcastle Chronicle.

"In this book we have Sherlock Holmes at his zenith."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Roosevelt's Intuition. When President Roosevelt was a police commissioner he kept a close watch on the doings of the individual members of the force, and when he heard of a patrolman who had shown commendable bravery in his duties that patrolman was likely to be singled out for reward.

In speaking of his ideas of keeping politics out of the police department, one day Mr. Roosevelt said: "I remember a policeman who plunged into the North river when it was filled with floating ice and rescued a woman who had jumped into the water to drown herself, but who changed her mind when chilled by the icy bath."

The woman did not ask her rescuer what he had done for her, but she accepted his aid, and I did not make any such inquiry before voting to give the man a sergeant's stripes. I did not know his political affiliation then, and I do not know it now. But from the fact that his name was Murphy I judged that he was a 'tariff reformer'."

CASH for accepted ideas. State if patented. THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md. Subscription price of the PATENT RECORD \$1.00 per annum. Samples free.

There Are Praises on all Sides for The Hound ... of the ... Baskervilles! The First Complete Novel in Which A. CONAN DOYLE Has Placed His Masterly Creation SHERLOCK HOLMES Illustrated \$1.25 MCLURE, PHILLIPS & CO., New York.

All Goods at Cost. Hamilton's at Cost. All pattern and Shirt Waist Hats at Cost. All Summer Shirt Waists and Plique and Duck Skirts at Cost. All Walking Suits and Short and Long Skirts at Cost. All Fancy Summer Dresses, Tailor-made Suits and Fancy Costumes at Cost.

To Close Out All Spring and Summer Goods. HAMILTON'S, 120 Main Street.

We Treat and Cure CATARRH, Bronchitis, Neuritis, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Skin Disease, Blood Disease, Rheumatism, Malaria, Nervous Diseases, Kidney Disease, Female Complaints, Insomnia, Dysentery, Paralysis, Rickets, Scrofula, Consumption in First Stages, Liver Disease, Diseases of the Bowels.

WEAK MEN Pay When Cured. If you suffer from any of the weaknesses or diseases caused by ignorance, excess or congestion—YOU ARE THE VERY PERSON WHO WANTS TO TALK TO US.

DR. SHOR'S & SHORES, Expert Specialists, LYON BLOCK, 56 West 2nd St., SALT LAKE CITY.

FANCY CHINA PLATES CUT IN TWO. The old must go to make room for the new, so this week you may have Your Choice for 49c Each.

SCOTT-STREVELL HARDWARE CO. P. S.—See the line of German Blue Enamelled Ware in our window.

Great Rock Island Route. Some service is better than others. Ours is as nearly perfect as money and experience can make it. Those who have tried it say so; if you do you will see.

DINING CARS. Ticket Offices: DENVER—800 17th Street. COLORADO SPRINGS—225 Peak Avenue. PUEBLO—220 North Main Street. SALT LAKE CITY—100 W. 2nd South.

What's the use of having a headache when you can cure it with two tablets of BROMO-LAX. CONTAINS NO QUININE.

Delinquent Notice. THE MADELINE MINING COMPANY. Location of principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah. Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the board of directors of the above company will be held on the 6th day of May, 1902, at 11 a. m. for the purpose of assessing the stock of the company, and for the purpose of assessing the delinquent shareholders as follows:

Table with columns: Name, Cert. No., Shares, Amt. Includes names like H. Rogers, E. H. Powell, W. F. Smith, etc.

APRIL FOOL GOLD MINING & MILLING COMPANY. Location of principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah. Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the board of directors of the above company will be held on the 6th day of May, 1902, at 11 a. m. for the purpose of assessing the stock of the company, and for the purpose of assessing the delinquent shareholders as follows:

Table with columns: Name, Cert. No., Shares, Amt. Includes names like Clarence K. McCorkle, John Lusetti, Mrs. Clara Luther, etc.

Assessment Notice No. 23. THE TETCO MINING COMPANY OF UTAH. Location of principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah. Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the board of directors of the above company will be held on the 31st day of May, 1902, at 11 a. m. for the purpose of assessing the stock of the company, and for the purpose of assessing the delinquent shareholders as follows:

Table with columns: Name, Shares, Amt. Includes names like H. S. Joseph, James Larson, Moore, etc.

Delinquent Notice. THE VICTOR GOLD & SILVER MINING COMPANY. Principal place of business at Salt Lake City, Utah. Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the board of directors of the above company will be held on the 9th day of May, 1902, at 11 a. m. for the purpose of assessing the stock of the company, and for the purpose of assessing the delinquent shareholders as follows:

Table with columns: Name, Shares, Amt. Includes names like H. S. Joseph, James Larson, Moore, etc.

Assessment No. 9. BEN BUTLER MINING & MILLING COMPANY, a corporation; principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah. Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the board of directors of the Ben Butler Mining & Milling Company, held at Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 28th day of June, 1902, an assessment of one (1) cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, issued and outstanding, payable immediately to J. B. Jacobs, president of the company, at his office, 25 Progress building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the 28th day of July, 1902, will be delinquent and assessed for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the 16th day of August, 1902, at 2 p. m. to pay the delinquent assessment together with costs of advertising and expense of sale.