

FORTUNE JUST ESCAPED THEM Attorney and His Client Arrested For Conspiracy.

CONTEST SUDDENLY ENDED SENSATIONAL CLOSE OF FAMOUS BENNETT WILL CASE.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Sept. 25.—The contest of Laura Biggar for the estate of Henry M. Bennett, a Pittsburg capitalist, was withdrawn in court here today. When the case was called, C. C. Hendricks, counsel for Miss Biggar, announced that he desired to discontinue the contest. "My client," he said, "has signed her readiness to rest content with the provisions made for her by the will."

Both Arrested. The two were arrested and held in \$5,000 in each case. Stanton is the justice of the peace who is alleged to have married Miss Biggar to Mr. Bennett. C. C. Hendricks, a physician and owner of a sanitarium, Miss Biggar had asserted that a child, of which Bennett was the father, had been born to her in Dr. Hendricks' sanitarium. The present case first came up in court before Judge Wilbur A. Hooley Friday, when the path of the will was set aside as the probate of the will. Miss Biggar was a beneficiary under that document, but if the truth of her statement about her marriage to Bennett and the birth of the baby were demonstrated, she would be the legal heir to the entire estate. According to her claim, the baby died fifteen days after its birth.

The hearing began. The estate is said to be worth more than \$1,000,000. When the warrants were served Stanton and Hendricks asked for an immediate hearing. The complaints were not prepared, but immediately, but the defendants insisted on having a hearing at once and the court decided that they were acting within their rights. The hearing on the alleged conspiracy case was accordingly begun. Among the first of the witnesses to be called to the stand was John P. Lanning, who drew Mr. Bennett's will. Mr. Hawkins testified that on one occasion Miss Biggar had remarked in his presence that if she was not taken care of in the will she would sue the estate for her long services in caring for Mr. Bennett during his illness, or else bring suit against the estate as Mr. Bennett's common law wife. The survivors of the catastrophe have taken refuge in the hills. A relief committee and search parties have been organized at Modica. The disaster here is said to have been due to a marine water-spout. The British steamer Capra was wrecked at Catania after a terrible struggle with the sea.

LOSES THE BEQUEST. Miss Biggar Was a Beneficiary Under the Will.

Pittsburg, Sept. 25.—The sudden and sensational turn of affairs today in the contest at the late Henry M. Bennett by Laura Biggar did not surprise those in Pittsburg who, with Miss Biggar, were beneficiaries under the will. Both Stanton and Hendricks were called to the stand, and R. M. Gulick, who was a partner of the late Mr. Bennett, and both of whom were on intimate terms with her, were called to the stand at the claim of Miss Biggar that she had been married to Mr. Bennett. Both said at the time that Mr. Bennett intended no time to such an event. In behalf of Miss Biggar it is alleged that since the death of Mr. Bennett her condition has not been such as to allow of her being held responsible for her own actions. Understanding this, however, it is believed that Miss Biggar's action in contesting the will, in which it was stipulated that she was to receive her share of the estate, will deprive her of what Mr. Bennett really meant she should have.

Miss Biggar and Mr. Bennett first met here in 1892, when she appeared at the Bijou as Iza in "The Clemenceau Case." Mr. Bennett lost his wife in 1897 and from that time on he and Miss Biggar were close associates. During Mr. Bennett's illness in the fall of 1900, when it became necessary to amputate one of his legs, Miss Biggar was his nurse and attended to his nursing, and he insisted on having her near him all the time.

REPUBLICANS LOSE THE DENVER TIMES

Denver, Sept. 25.—The announcement is made today that the Denver Evening Times has been sold to United States Senator Thomas M. Patterson and R. C. Campbell for \$100,000, the change of management to occur Oct. 1. Senator Patterson is the principal owner of the Rocky Mountain News, and Mr. Campbell, who is Mr. Patterson's son-in-law, is business manager of the News. It is said that the Times will be issued from the News office and will be an entirely separate publication. It will be changed from a Republican to a Democratic paper.

FORGOT FIRST DUTY OF A TRUE SOLDIER

Nantes, France, Sept. 25.—Commandant Leroy Ladurie of the Nineteenth infantry, was arrested for refusing to obey an order to aid in closing unauthorized schools, has been tried by court-martial and dismissed from the service. Ladurie admitted the charge of disobedience, but declared that his conscience forbade him to participate in such a measure, and evicted women, which he did not consider to be duties of the army.

In Splendid Shape. Indianapolis, Sept. 25.—Secretary-Treasurer W. B. Wilson of the United Mine Workers of America left tonight for Pittsburgh where he will meet with Mitchell tomorrow to discuss the present strike situation. Mr. Wilson said that he was in splendid shape and was negotiating toward settling the great strike. The finances of the mine workers are still in splendid shape, Mr. Wilson says.

NOTED EDITOR DEAD. Lond., Sept. 25.—John Laley, editor of the Sketch and of the Penny Illustrated Paper, died here today, after a long illness. He was born in 1842.

WORSE OFF THAN EVER Secretary Hay's Note Drove the Jews of Their One and Only Chance.

Washington, Sept. 25.—The report that the government of Roumania has again refused to permit the passage of Jews intending to emigrate to America, though not officially confirmed, is regarded by the Washington authorities as an imminent and direct recognition by Roumania of the accuracy of the statements made by Secretary Hay in the note respecting the evils of this Jewish emigration and the underlying causes. The reported suspension of emigration would be regarded as removing the only direct issue between the United States and Roumania, and would mean the cessation of the recognition by Roumania of the accuracy of the statements made by Secretary Hay in the note respecting the evils of this Jewish emigration and the underlying causes. The reported suspension of emigration would be regarded as removing the only direct issue between the United States and Roumania, and would mean the cessation of the recognition by Roumania of the accuracy of the statements made by Secretary Hay in the note respecting the evils of this Jewish emigration and the underlying causes.

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WENT OUT TO FIGHT AND WAS MURDERED

Chicago, Sept. 25.—John Daly, janitor of an apartment building in Cottage Grove avenue, was fatally stabbed last night by a colored man, name unknown, who was formerly janitor of the same building. The colored man had demanded of the janitor some furniture which he asserted had been left there by him. Daly refused to admit the negro to the basement and he then went to the flat occupied by the owner, F. Griesbach, and renewed his demand. The men quarreled, and Daly, who was interfering on behalf of his employer, was invited to go to the rear of the building and fight it out. He accepted the invitation and an hour later his employer found his dead body lying in the back yard. He had been stabbed in the neck and had died of death. His assailant has not yet been captured.

LITTLE CHILDREN LEFT MOTHERLESS

Chicago, Sept. 25.—Mrs. William H. Bensing has shot and killed herself at her home in Irving Park, leaving motherless her seven children, the oldest of whom is 13 years of age. Her husband was killed in the Spanish-American war and died near Chattanooga while on his way home at the close of the war.

HEINZE MAN FOR CONGRESS

Montana Labor Party Puts Up One Martin De. Butte, Mont., Sept. 25.—A special treaty Helena says that De is the nominee for congress of the labor party. The state convention chose him at the closing session this morning. Henry Conroy is the other nominee. After choosing the other candidates. After choosing members of the central committee and conference and executive committees the convention adjourned. A spirited contest for the position of central committee man of Silver Bow was held. Forbes Buchanan won, beating Joseph Shannon by one vote on the second ballot. The conference committee will effect a fusion with the Heinze forces in the naming of the nominee for associate justice of the state supreme bench.

MINE ON FIRE. Prescott, Ariz., Sept. 25.—Smoke was discovered at an early hour this morning in the mine at Prescott. The mine was working a night shift for some time at a late hour. The mine was not a man of the mine and one other man attempted to go to the mine to see what the smoke was so strong that they were brought to the surface partially overcome without being able to locate the fire. It is known to be below the 20-foot level. The origin of the fire is unknown.

TWO DAYS IN ADVANCE. New York, Sept. 25.—J. P. Morgan & Co. today notified the shareholders of the various companies and corporations for which they act as fiscal agents that they would anticipate October interest and coupon payments next Monday, two days in advance of the required time. The payments, it is estimated, will approximate \$1,000,000. The action is taken to "elieve existing financial conditions."

A YEAR'S WAGES IN VERY SMALL \$101 EACH DAY. Pennsylvania Miners Average

MITCHELL AT PHILADELPHIA FACTS AND FIGURES PRESENTED IN AN ADDRESS.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 25.—President John Mitchell of the United Mine Workers of America took up at length the charges of lawlessness on the part of the miners in a speech at the Third regiment armory tonight under the auspices of the South Philadelphia Business Men's League. He made the counter charge that the operators are guilty of lawlessness in the employment of professional criminals as coal and iron policemen. Mr. Mitchell came here at the invitation of the league to address its meeting. He received about \$700 which had been contributed by various organizations for the benefit of the miners. Mr. Mitchell, in his address, said in part: "I have some doubts in my mind whether the residents of Philadelphia have cause to feel aggrieved at Mr. Isler or to feel grateful to him. It is true that the trust he represents is extorting from you fabulous prices for coal, but as a compensating feature he has taken from Philadelphia the largest portion of the criminal class that formerly resided here and now has them commissioned by the governor of Pennsylvania as police. Philadelphia criminals are now preserving the law in the coal fields. "But I did not come here for the purpose of discussing that phase of the question. I came here to discuss to you something about the coal strike. It is not the miners' fault that the residents of Philadelphia are paying \$15 a ton for coal. It is the fault of the coal trust. In this strike the people have passed judgment. I am willing to say that if 90 per cent of the American people would not cast their votes in favor of the coal trust, it would be left to them I would order the strike off now. "Recently the papers, or that small number of them friendly to the coal trust, have been printing stories of lawlessness and they say the miners want to go back to work. Let me say to you that for more than eight weeks the militia of Pennsylvania have surrounded the miners and not one single strike has returned to work. It is true that my people are suffering for the necessities. It is true that their children are going about barefooted. But the Pennsylvania coal miners have for years lived on little and a little less is no terrible hardship. Wages For a Year. "Some of the papers have printed tabulated statements of the earnings of anthracite workers. Let me call your attention to one authority upon the earnings of miners and that is one who complains that that authority is either friendly or fair to the miners, I am sure Mr. Isler himself. In a public statement recently issued he says that the average earnings of men under his company were \$1.85 a day. The largest number of days the anthracite miners have worked was 194, which means that under his company according to his figures the miners earned the grand total in a year of \$363. It is \$1.85 a week or \$1.01 a day."

NOT THE MINERS' FAULT. But I did not come here for the purpose of discussing that phase of the question. I came here to discuss to you something about the coal strike.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 25.—The Russian foreign office has not yet acted on Secretary Hay's note regarding the Roumanian coal strike. It is not inclined to insist on the performance of the Berlin treaty. It is pointed out that even if the powers should act on Secretary Hay's proposal, it would be to the disadvantage of Roumania. The Roumanian anti-Semitic legislation was non-religious and purely economic. London, Sept. 25.—Thus far the British government has received no replies from the signatories of the Berlin treaty to its note supporting Secretary Hay's proposal. The Roumanian government has received no replies from the signatories of the Berlin treaty to its note supporting Secretary Hay's proposal. The Roumanian government has received no replies from the signatories of the Berlin treaty to its note supporting Secretary Hay's proposal.

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Washington, Sept. 25.—Counsel for Miss Rebecca Taylor, who was dismissed recently from the war department as a result of her public criticisms of the administration's policy in the Philippines, today filed a demurrer to Secretary Taft's answer to her petition for a mandamus to compel the secretary to restore her to a clerkship. She alleges that her removal was without cause or authority and that it was because of her political opinions and that a clerk has vested rights to the office until removed by the proper authorities acting within the range of their authority, which she claims in this case. Her demurrer contends that no head of an executive department is empowered to remove a subordinate in violation of the law or the orders of the president.

DENIES SECRETARY'S RIGHT TO DISCHARGE

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ARGENTINE REPUBLIC FEARS INTERVENTION

Buenos Ayres, Sept. 25.—The Prina (Press), a daily paper of this city, publishes today a very violent article calling attention to the alleged tendency of the United States towards imperialism and the danger to the Argentine Republic which it sees in the Prina, which will never accept European or North American intervention in its affairs. The article concludes with saying that the Argentine government should make an inquiry into the matter and find out the real character of the aims of the United States. It says that the Prina is a diplomatic movement and prepare for defense, and destroy the idea of the possibility of an intervention.

HARD ON CHILDREN. When Teacher Has Coffee Habit.

Best is best, and best will ever live. When a person feels this way about Postum Food Coffee, they are glad to give testimony for the benefit of others. Miss Evelyn Purvis, of Free Run, Minn., says: "I have been a coffee drinker since my childhood, and the last few years it has injured me seriously. One cup of coffee taken at breakfast would cause me to become nervous that I could scarcely go through with the day's duties, and this nervousness was often accompanied by depression of spirits and heart palpitation. "I am a teacher by profession, and have to struggle against crossness when in the school room. When talking this over with my physician, Dr. Johnson, of Eden, Miss., he suggested that I try Postum Coffee, so I purchased a package and made it carefully according to directions. I found it excellent in flavor, and nourishing. In a short time I noticed very gratifying effects; my nervousness disappeared, I was not irritated by the pills, I live now full of sunshine, and my heart troubled me no longer. I attribute my change in health and spirits to Postum alone."

FOREIGN GOSSIP. Munich, Bavaria, Sept. 25.—King Charles of Romania has been arrested by Bucharest, capital of Roumania.

London, Sept. 25.—The Madrid correspondent of the Morning Leader says thirty miners have been killed at Masarag, a town in the province of Murcia, by poisonous gas.

London, Sept. 25.—It is reported here from Moscow that a loveless youth belonging to an aristocratic family, named Kremura, has murdered Mrs. Stomora, a Russian prima donna, at Kaluga, Russia.

St. Johns, N. F., Sept. 25.—A severe gale has been raging along the coast for the last few days, doing much damage to property. Three more Labrador fishing schooners have been lost, with the cargoes, but the crews escaped. A fourth schooner has been lost and the crew of seven of this vessel perished.

London, Sept. 25.—The Athens correspondent of the Standard draws attention to the case of emigrants to the United States, which he says is probably due to the failure of the current crop in Greece. Official figures show that 8,000 persons have emigrated during the past year, and that this exodus continues.

KAIGHN FOUND GUILTY OF VOLUNTARY MANSLAUGHTER (Continued from Page 1.)

Mr. Eichnor's Reply. District Attorney Eichnor then began his final argument. He again asserted that the story of Miss Coates about the assault was a farce upon the face of it, and said that he still stood upon what he had said about who had concocted the story. He characterized the story as preposterous and too thin to be believed by any sensible man. "It carries the lie upon the face of it," said he, "I would not say, though, that if you, gentlemen on the jury, believe that story, don't stay out five minutes—return a verdict of not guilty of the murder of the man." Mr. Eichnor denied that Haynes had had a gun and argued some further points brought forth by the defense. Judge Morse then delivered his charge to the jury. The charge contained thirty-three different points. He first charged that the three defenses proposed by the defense were improper, unjustification and insanity were proper defenses, and could properly be made in conjunction. In regard to the first defense, the judge said that the boy was justified if it appeared that he had reason to believe that he was in bodily danger when he fired the fatal shot. In regard to the justification plea, he charged the jury that Miss Coates was a relative of Kaighn within the scope of the statutes, and that plea was competent. The insanity plea, he said, was not competent, and that if there was any doubt as to the boy's sanity, a verdict of not guilty should be rendered. At 5 o'clock the jury retired to deliberate upon the case.

GREAT POWERS SILENT Apparent Unwillingness to Compel Roumania to Observe the Berlin Treaty.

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DUEL TO THE DEATH IN ARIZONA DESERT

Phoenix, Ariz., Sept. 25.—George Wells arrived here today from Congress with a bullet in his forehead and another in his back. He was mortally wounded. The bullets were extracted, and this evening he was taken to the hospital. He is now in a critical condition. The duel was fought in the desert near the town of Maricopa. The two men were engaged in a dispute over a piece of land. The duel was fought at midnight. The winner was Wells. He was shot in the forehead and back. He is now in a critical condition.

CONGRESS WILL BE OPENED BY ORMAN

Colorado Springs, Colo., Sept. 25.—Governor James H. Orman today announced that he would open the session of the national legislative congress, which begins in this city Oct. 6. The headquarters of the local committee on the situation of the country, having previously had trouble over a card game, ordered the bullet that penetrated a gun and told him to defend himself. Before argument could be made, Letson ordered the bullet that penetrated a gun and told him to defend himself. Before argument could be made, Letson ordered the bullet that penetrated a gun and told him to defend himself.

ANOTHER VICTIM OF DEADLY AUTOMOBILE

Chicago, Sept. 25.—Minnie Brockman, the 4-year-old daughter of Henry Brockman, janitor of an apartment building, was killed today by a motor car. The car was driven by Vinton Cassard, a man who was driving on the boulevard and Michigan avenue, last night and was so severely injured that she died at the hospital. The car was driven by Vinton Cassard, a man who was driving on the boulevard and Michigan avenue, last night and was so severely injured that she died at the hospital.

ROYAL Eat the Royal BREAD

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LARGE FISH MAY YET BE LANDED

St. Louis Grand Jury Will Report Next Monday. MORE INDICTMENTS CERTAIN

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 25.—The June grand jury met this afternoon for its final session, several witnesses being present to testify. It is said that the report of the body will be sent to the court next Monday and several indictments are expected as a result of the disclosures. The grand jury convened Sept. 6 to hear the disclosures of Delegate J. K. Murrell that revealed the workings of the house delegates combine. The investigations of the jury, according to the Murrell disclosure, have resulted in the indictment of nineteen delegates and the combine who voted for the lighting bill were bought. The grand jury's investigation has been mainly along the line suggested by the confession of Murrell, looking to the discovery of the identity of the bribe givers. The men who are said to have furnished Delegate Kelly with the \$47,500 which he is alleged to have distributed to the nineteen members of the combine, were the subjects of the investigation. At the request of Circuit Attorney Folk, Judge Douglas, in the criminal court, this afternoon issued a subpoena for the house delegates combine, commanding one of the employees of James Campbell, a well-known broker, to bring into court two checks for sums aggregating \$47,500, which were given to the Grand Broker Campbell is out of the city. These checks, one for \$27,500, the other for \$20,000, are dated Nov. 23, 1899, the date of the election of Kelly. Kelly is said to have distributed \$47,500 to the house combine at Delegate Julius Lehmann's birthday party. Money Distributed. Broker Campbell's employee will be asked to explain the purpose for which the two checks were given. John K. Murrell stated on his return from Mexico that at the "birthday party" \$47,500 had been distributed by Charles F. Kelly to the house combine, comprising nineteen members, each receiving \$2,500. On this information Kelly and several other colleagues of Murrell were indicted. All are now charged with bribery both in this case and in the suburban bill and safe deposit case. The canvass of St. Louis banks was recently made by the committee of the grand jury to see the banks for the convenience of taking all their books before the grand jury. The checks were found to have been duly drawn, paid and returned to the bank by Campbell. The lighting bill was passed in the city council Oct. 27, 1899, and in the house of delegates on Nov. 23 following. Shortly after the passage of the bill by the house came the "Lehmann birthday party."

CHANGED THEIR NOTES. The eighteen members of the house of delegates who changed their votes on the bill after its defeat at first, together with Robertson, who was admitted to the grand jury, were voted for its passage, are the same men who are now indicted on the charge of accepting the \$47,500 bribe.

Neither Campbell nor his cashier were found up to 3 o'clock. Campbell's office, the deputy sheriffs were told that Campbell was out of the city and that Reed had not been at the office since yesterday. HUNTING IN NORTH WOODS. Stories Told by Real Adirondack Hunters. (New York Tribune.) "The moon beamed upon the bald summit of Whitecap, and the party prepared about a camp upon the shore of Lake Placid hailed it as a hunter's moon. Before it became an hour older they would be out upon the trail of the bear. The moon was shining, and his heart thumped as a soldier's might before the battle. "You get the 'buck fever,'" said Sam, an old hunter, encouragingly. "I tell you, when a man gets that fever he's liable to do anything. I've known one to shoot in the air, shoot through the bottom of a boat and sink her, or tremble so they could not shoot at all. "One night I was up a tree with a guide waiting for a deer to come one and feed. After we'd waited three and three-quarters of an hour we saw the bushes on the edge of the woods near us begin to shimmer. The moon was shining, and we could get a glimpse of a sleek deer coming down to feed. Right at the edge of the wood he stopped, stood there and sniffed for a minute and wouldn't come into the open, but began nibbling around in the trees. "That guide shook as if he had the ague. He trembled so that he had to hold on to the tree with all his strength to keep from falling. Well, we lost that deer, all on account of the 'buck fever.' He says that was the way he always felt when a deer was near and he could not see it well enough to take aim. "I remember, I was in another hunter's camp one day when I sat on a log waiting for a deer. It came near me, and I got the fever so bad my heart pounded, and I could scarcely breathe. Couldn't lift my gun to save my life. "Wa-a, I want to know!" exclaimed a North Woods farmer who had joined the party. "Eat the Royal BREAD. Wholesale and Retail. Ask your grocer for it. H. B. WINDSOR, ESTABLISHED 1883. General Insurance and Adjusting. Phone 128-Z. PROGRESS-HERALD BUILDING.

ORIENTAL HONEY. One of Philadelphia's rich young bachelors returned from a trip to the Pacific coast with a Chinaman as valet having been induced to engage him by Sam. Friends, who said that Oriental makes admirable servants, remarks the Times. One morning the Chinaman found a half dollar on the floor, and was told by his employer to keep it for his honesty. Some days later the bachelor missed a scarf, and inquired of the valet as to its whereabouts. "I found it on the floor, and me kept it for my honesty," was the explanation.

His Quiet Rest. "Why do you call yourself 'Poor Richard'?" a fool once asked of Dr. Franklin. "To deal more shrewdly with the tax collector," replied the maker of the almanac.

PARK CITY AND RETURN, \$1.50 Via R. G. W. Ry., Sept. 25th, 8:15 a. m.

Facts About Munyon's Witch-Hazel Soap And Its Imitators

Imitation, it is said, is the sincerest flattery—but too much flattery of this sort is dangerous for the public. The placing of Munyon's Witch-Hazel Soap on the market was the result of a long period of research and experiment. Professor Munyon and his chemists had devoted untiring efforts to the discovery of new things in soap making—and Munyon's Witch-Hazel Soap, consequently, offered the public the advantages of properties never before embodied in a soap. First among these was witch hazel. Other manufacturers had tried to utilize the wonderful curative properties of witch hazel in their soaps, but had always failed. Some had gone so far as to succeed in making witch hazel soap, but within a few days the witch hazel would be found to have evaporated; when the consumer got the soap it would be just like any other of the ordinary toilet soaps. In Munyon's Witch-Hazel Soap, by a new process, the entire strength of the witch hazel was retained, permanently, and it was found to have upon the cuticle, down to the very last remnant of the soap, the same effect as a direct application of the soothing extract of witch hazel itself. It did not take the public long to discover this, and consequently from week to week the sales of Witch-Hazel Soap increased until all soap-selling records in the United States were broken. Then came the "flattery"—dozens of imitators put worthless soaps composed chiefly of cheap fats and harmful alkalis on the market. Their sole purpose being to find a name for their name; Witch-Hazel Soap. But in these soaps there is absolutely not a drop of witch hazel. It is a fact well known to all soap makers that Munyon's Witch-Hazel Soap is sold at the smallest possible margin of profit. The process of incorporating the witch hazel into the soap is a very expensive one. It is not possible to market witch-hazel soap, even if the Munyon formula were used as a common property, at a lower price than that at which Munyon's Witch-Hazel Soap is sold to the trade. Consequently, the public will do well to beware of imitations and substitutes. If they want a real witch-hazel soap—one that will absolutely correct all skin disorders, that will make the skin soft as velvet and sweet-smelling as roses; that will eradicate dandruff, scales and crusts from the scalp, that will stop falling hair and restore its color and vigor, that will cure babies of chafing, rash, hives and similar eruptions, and that will beautify any complexion, no matter how fair, they must get Munyon's "Witch-Hazel Soap." There are so-called witch hazel soaps on the market which sell at the price of a common clothes-washing compound. But the only safe and sure plan to follow is to say to your druggist: "Give me Munyon's Witch-Hazel Soap; 15 cents per cake." MUNYON'S HOMEOPATHIC HOME REMEDY CO., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S. A.

Give me Munyon's Witch-Hazel Soap; 15 cents per cake.

MUNYON'S HOMEOPATHIC HOME REMEDY CO., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S. A.

DRY GOODS STORE 222-224 MAIN ST

Cold Snap Specials!

For Saturday Night, from 7 to 10 o'clock, Only.

Flannelette Skirts

Ladies' Flannelette knee length skirts, made of the best quality flannelette with a home made hem, come in pinks and blue; special values. Special at— 35c

Outing Flannel Gowns

Ladies' Outing Flannel Night Gowns, made of heavy, long fleeced flannelette with a home made hem, come in pinks and blue; special values. Special at— 50c

Hamilton's Correct Dress for Women

All the latest Fall Novelties can be seen this week. Pattern Hats and all the new model Street Hats will be shown with our handsome, custom tailored-made Suits and Wool Costumes, Wraps, Jackets, Monte Carols and Fancy Coats.

Hamilton's, 120 Main Street

HAIL TO MEN!

Even unto old age you may feel the vigor of youth, with its light heart, elastic step, courage and tireless energy. You may be free from pains and aches and defy your years.

There is a fountain of perpetual youth, and you have only to reach out your hand and take it. You can drink of it until your heart shouts with gladness, and with all your might you will proclaim, as other men have, "I AM A MAN!"

Like the giants of old, you can be in your prime at 60—strong, vigorous and full of life. You can drink of it until your heart shouts with gladness, and with all your might you will proclaim, as other men have, "I AM A MAN!"

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