MATTER WILL NOT BE PUSHED

Goldman Precipitated the Latest Trouble at Cheyenne.

PERRY'S EYESIGHT RUINED

STRIKE LIABLE TO CONTINUE FOR MANY MONTHS.

(Special to The Herald.)

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Dec. 2.—The authorities can do nothing in the George Goldman assault matter and the case will be dropped. It was charged that Goldman, who is a gang foreman in the Union Pacific machine shop, was assaulted in the Elkhorn saloon Friday by strikers and that B. F. Perry, district president of the machinists' union, had a hand in the trouble. So many conflicting stories are told, and the fact having been ascertained that Goldman precipitated the trouble, the matter will not be pushed.

President Perry denies that he assaulted Goldman, or that he has assaulted any one during the strike. He says he was not in the alley in the rear of the Elkhorn saloon and never saw Goldman that he knows of until yesterday.

Perry Peaceable.

President Perry claims he has urged his men to "cut out" the slugging in this fight, and as he has done no fighting himself, except when assaulted by strike-breaker Price and Union Pacific guards, he cannot understand why he should be blamed for the numerous assaults. He denies the statement made by Superintendent of Motive Power McKeen that he had assaulted five or six men during the past two weeks.

Perry is in pretty bad shape. The sight of one eye is gone entirely and the other eye is giving him trouble. During the fight with railroad guards last summer Perry was struck over the eye with a club. He did not think much about the injury at the time, but two months ago his eye gave him trouble, and about a month ago he consulted physicians when the discovery was made that the sight had been destroyed.

No Prospect of Settlement.

In speaking of the possibility of a settlement of the Union Pacific strike President Perry said: "I do not look for a settlement of the trouble so long as Horace G. Burt is at the head of the Union Pacific. He is a fighter and will not give up. Ultimately the directors will take a hand and will remove Mr. Burt.

"There may be something doing in January, but I have serious doubts whether the strike will be settled then. In my opinion this is a fight to the finish and will not end under a year at the earliest. We are receiving $350 weekly in benefits and this amount is distributed among the men. A large percentage of our men have secured work elsewhere and they are helping those that remain behind. We are getting along nicely and can hold out for an indefinite period."

Mr. Perry said there were about 580 men went on strike on the entire system, and not more than 20 per cent now remain. All are within easy call; however, and in case of a settlement could be gotten together in a few days.

BILL AMENDATORY OF THE IRRIGATION ACT

(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, Dec. 2.—Representative Bell of Colorado today introduced a bill amending the irrigation act passed at the last session. The amendments are designed principally to meet conditions existing in Colorado, and do not affect the general character of the irrigation law.

The amendments permit the acquisition of reclaimed lands under cash entry as well as the homestead law, where the land is part of a former Indian reservation opened to settlement through purchase from the Indians. Another amendment permits the secretary of the interior to lease for mechanical, manufacturing, electrical or general power purposes water used in irrigation systems for periods not exceeding thirty years, when such use of water will not materially injure or decrease the efficiency of water for irrigation or domestic purposes.

SUMNER HAS A PLAN TO BEAT HIGGINSON

United States Flagship Iowa, Port of Spain, Island of Trinidad, Dec. 2.—Despite the superiority of Admiral Higginson's squadron over that of Admiral Sumner, the latter is confident that he will be able, during the coming naval war game, to seize without disaster the port to form a base of operations against Cuba and the American coast. As a result of the conferences between Admirals Sumner and Crowninshield and the commanding officers of the vessels under their command, most of whom have taken part in the naval college war games with the Caribbean sea as the scene of operations, a plan has been adopted, which, it is asserted by those who know, is practically certain of success.

ALL WANT TO COME HOME.

Officers Find Life in the Philippines a Burden.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Owing to the numerous applications from officers serving in the Philippines for leaves of absence and transfers to the United States, Major General Davis, commanding the division, has established a series of rules to govern in such cases. Permission to visit the United States will not be granted except under very extraordinary circumstances, unless the applicant has been in the Philippines three years, of which time two years immediately preceding the application shall have been continuous, and in such cases only when the officer can be spared and conditions warrant. After two years' continuous service an officer whose services can be spared may be granted two months' leave to travel in the Orient, the leave to begin and end in Manila. Officers in poor health may be sent to San Francisco for treatment, provided the medical boards report that such change of climate is necessary.

FAVORABLE REPORT.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Commissioner General Sargent of the immigration bureau has returned from California, where he made an investigation into the character of the Universal Brotherhood school at Point Loma, in connection with the question of whether the eleven Cuban children now held at New York and destined for that school should be admitted. While Mr. Sargent has not made his final report, it is learned on good authority that he finds the school provided with ample means to take care of the children, and that he will report in favor of their admission. The department undoubtedly will follow his recommendation in this matter, and the children will be admitted within a day or two.

FRED DUBOIS IS BUSY

Some of the Things Accomplished by the Idaho Senator at the National Capital.

(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, Dec. 2.—Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, who was a spellbinder during the recent political campaign in Idaho, had a reception at the Horner hotel yesterday in honor of Mrs. France of Wardner, Ida. Many ladies of the Spanish War Nurses' association were present. C. E. Arney of Pocatello has assumed the duties of private secretary to Senator Dubois, succeeding Judge J. L. Flenner. Senator Dubois has been advised that, at his request, the allowance for clerk hire at the Idaho Falls postoffice has been increased from $520 to $1,000; also that the United States fish commission has directed trout sent to various streams in Idaho as follows: One thousand for Emigrant creek, 2,000 for Snake river, Bingham county; 2,000 for Spring creek, Fremont county; 3,000 for Pass and Cedar creek, Custer county; 2,000 for Big Lost river, Blaine county.

Through the efforts of Senator Dubois, a pension of $6 monthly is granted to Gaylor Griswold of Whitebird, carrying $900 back pay and pension. James W. Randall, Renault, has been increased to $14 monthly.

Senator Dubois has introduced bills for increase of pensions to E. C. Hill, Kendrick; W. P. Hard, Pocatello; J. A. Fisher, Rathdrum, and granting original pensions to J. W. Jackson and Charles Vetch.

M. A. Cornwall of Moscow is the guest of Senator Dubois.

An adverse report has been made by the postoffice department upon an application made by Senator Dubois for the extension of mail service from tri-weekly to daily trips on routes from Concord to Adams, Yoursville to Florence and Hunt to Calendar. The department says they are the most expensive routes in Idaho, costing $4,729 per annum to operate. An extension would increase the expense to $9,948, while the total income from the cancellation from all offices on the routes aggregate only $568.

MISSED HIS MARK.

Denver, Colo., Dec. 2.—Joseph W. Gilluly, treasurer of the Denver & Rio Grande Railway company, narrowly escaped death at the hands of a burglar at his home at 1145 Pennsylvania avenue tonight. The man had entered the house through a second-story window, and when discovered by Mr. Gilluly fired one shot and made his escape. The bullet barely missed its mark. Mr. Gilluly's daughter, Miss Mabel, is to be married tomorrow to W. V. Hodges, a well known attorney, and the burglar was after some of the wedding presents.

GEORGIA CAYVAN IS ILL AND DESTITUTE

New York, Dec. 2.—Announcement was made today that Georgia Cayvan, who was leading lady at the Lyceum theatre, and who is now in the sanitarium, had come to the end of her resources, and that a benefit performance is to be given for her, so that she may be able to live in comfort. The benefit will be given on the second Tuesday in January, and is to be organized by a committee to consist of Al Hayman, Frank McKee, Frank Sanger, Charles Frohman, Klaw & Erlanger, Daniel Frohman and Charles Burnill. A bill for the performance will be arranged by Daniel Frohman, to include many of the prominent attractions now in New York. It is hoped to secure a sum sufficient to place the actress beyond need for the rest of her days. The announcement contains the information that Miss Cayvan's recovery is doubtful.

RICE FAMINE IS NO LONGER POSSIBLE

Manila, Dec. 2.—The price of rice has been broken, and the native operators have insured the supply of this food stuff at reasonable rates. The Philippine commission, when a rice famine was threatened at the beginning of November, appropriated $6,000,000 Mexican and quietly purchased more than 20,000 tons of rice in India and on the Asiatic coast, to be sold to the sufferers at a cash price which it was thought would cover just the cost. The plans of the commission were concealed in order to prevent possible combination on the part of the operators with a view to raising prices. The government may lose money on its purchases, but it is satisfied in having provided for the sale of rice to the people at a low figure.

SALARIES ARE TOO SMALL.

Burden of the Report of Attorney General Knox.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Attorney General Knox, in his annual report submitted to congress today, renews his recommendation for an increase of the salaries of judicial officers throughout the country. The report shows that the number of cases remaining undisposed of in the United States supreme court at the close of the October (1902) term was 244 on the appellate and 1,411 on the original docket. At the close of the previous term there were 336 cases undisposed of. The number of cases dockcted at the term was 383; number disposed of 375.

The statement of criminal prosecutions in the United States courts shows that 16,550 prosecutions terminated during the last year. Of the 9,692 criminal prosecutions pending July 1, 1902, 582 were for violation of the customs laws; 3,504 for violation of internal revenue laws, 722 for violation of the postoffice laws, ten under the election laws, 109 under the naturalization laws, 369 under the intercourse laws, 182 under pension laws, 74 for embezzlement, and 3,835 miscellaneous prosecutions. On July 1, 1902, there were 2,150 United States convicts in the various prisons and reformatories of the country.

THE IMMIGRATION BILL.

Senator Penrose Will Push the Measure This Winter.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Senator Penrose, chairman of the senate committee on immigration, said today that if there should be a favorable opening he would make an attempt tomorrow to call up the immigration bill, which passed the house in the last session and was favorably reported by the committee, and that if not he would make the effort later in the session. "I mean to press the bill," he said, "and I hope to see it become a law during the present session, although I expect that much opposition will be encountered, just as was the case in the consideration of the Chinese bill."

The present effort on the part of the opponents of the bill will be directed toward postponing consideration until after the statehood bill shall be taken up on the 10th inst. They then count on that measure to keep the immigration bill in the background until the appropriation bills force themselves to the front.

LIVESTOCK SHOW.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—Despite the inclement weather, today proved one of the biggest days in point of attendance in the history of the International Livestock exposition, 40,000 people having passed through the gates during the day and evening. The judges were kept busy on the many important entries that gathered in respective rings, and when they ceased their labors tonight had made the greatest showing on record for the number of animals judged.

FAULT OF THE CLIMATE.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The relaxing effects of tropical climates in the matter of military discipline are becoming more and more evident in the Philippines, and for the second time in a little over a year the commandng general has been obliged to call attention to this fact in general orders. In the last order he scores the men and officers indiscriminately for carelessness in their observance of regulations and standing orders in respect to dress, courtesies and discipline.

ROBBERS MAKE BOLD RAID

Montana Bank Held Up and $2,000 Secured at the End of Wicked Looking Revolvers—Escape of the Desperadoes.

BUTTE, Mont., Dec. 2.—A special to the Inter-Mountain from Billings, Mont., says: The bank at Bridger, in Carbon county, was held up by three masked men today and Cashier Trumbo was relieved of $2,000. Immediately after the robbery the men left on horseback for the Crow reservation. A pursuing party has been organized and the men will be lynched if caught. The scene of the robbery is in the vicinity of the famous Hole-in-the-Wall country, for years the hiding place of thieves and desperadoes.

The robbery occurred at noon. Cashier Trumbo was at work inside the rail when he was aware of two men entering the bank. He looked up to see two big Colt's revolvers pointing directly at his head. A third man, also armed, stood at the door, half in and half out, evidently to prevent interference.

Up Went His Hands.

"Hold up your hands!" said one of the two masked robbers. Mr. Trumbo complied. At this instant Mail Carrier Frank Williams appeared at a side door and was immediately covered by two guns.

Williams and Trumbo were ordered to the wall, both with their hands high up. While one man covered them with his guns, the other man ran behind the counter and grabbed all the money in sight.

All three men stepped out of the door, mounted their horses, which stood there, reins thrown on the ground, and drove the spurs into the animals. The alarm was quickly given. Every horse in sight was pressed into service and pursuit was begun.

Many Shots Fired.

A mile and a half out of the town the posse began shooting from the saddle. The robbers wheeled in their seats and returned the fire. The posse, seeing that it had to deal with desperate men, hesitated for a moment and presently the robbers disappeared in the timber. They have not been seen since. It is believed the men will make for the famous Hole-in-the-Wall country.

The bank robbed is the Stock Growers' bank of Carbon county and is the only one in the place. Bridger is a coal mining town situated at the southern terminus of a branch railway which leaves the Northern Pacific railway at Alurel, in Yellowstone county.

Bandits at Bay.

The last word from the scene of the chase was received in Bridger at 7 o'clock this evening. This stated that the bandits had crossed the Red Lodge branch of the Northern Pacific at Roberts and had then turned north and were headed in the direction of Columbus, on the main line of the Northern Pacific.

At 3:30 word was received from Bridger that the bandits had been brought to bay on Sand creek, several miles northwest of Bridger, and their capture seemed almost certain.

C. L. Merrill, who led the posse of four men, returned to Bridger at 3 o'clock for refreshments. He stated that his posse overtook the robbers at Sand creek. They dismounted and led their horses far up among the rim rocks, fortifying themselves behind the bowlders. Thirty or forty shots were exchanged between the posse and the robbers, but no one was hurt.

Merrill left the three men on guard, and while he went back to notify all other posses the robbers made their escape. How the robbers escaped from the trap on Sand creek is not explained, but it is presumed that they found an accessible place in which to get out of the canyon, and, after resting their tired horses, continued their journey westward. A heavy snow is reported as falling in the country south of Columbus, which may impede the work of the pursuers.

Stole Their Horses.

A message from Joliett by way of Bridger states that the robbers stole the horses they were riding in the neighborhood of Joliett last night.

The leader of the gang is described as a man of middle age and of medium size. He wore a great fur coat quite well worn. The bandit who assisted in holding up the cashier was a young man, about 22. He wore a brown overcoat, brown cap and his face was partially hidden by a dirty black muffler. The robber who held the horses was apparently a man of 20 years, small eyes and black mustache, of about medium size and wore a black chinchilla overcoat.

News of the robbery was telephoned and telegraphed in every direction, and posses were formed at Gebo, Joliett and other towns. The amount taken is believed to be in the neighborhood of $10,000. Had the robbery been committed on the day before, the haul would have been a large one, as Monday was payday at the mines.

BILL TO AMEND THE ANTI-TRUST LAW

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Senator Cullom today introduced a bill to amend the Sherman anti-trust law. It prohibits interstate commerce in articles produced by trusts, the penalty for violations being a fine of from $500 to $5,000.

The bill authorizes the attorney general or any district attorney to make application to federal judges for the summoning of persons before them to answer questions as to material violations of the anti-trust law in advance of the trial of a case, and requires the judges to issue orders for the appearance of such persons upon this application.

In such cases witnesses are to be protected against prosecution on account of their revelations, but they are to be deprived of the right to refuse to answer because of self-incrimination.

Annual reports are requested to be made by all persons, firms and corporations engaged in interstate commerce. They are to be filed with the interstate commerce commission, and they are to be subject to the scrutiny of the attorney general, but not of the general public. The attorney general is authorized to appoint fifteen special agents to seek out violations of the law.

BIG BATCH OF PRESIDENTIAL PLUMS SENT TO SENATE FOR CONFIRMATION

Washington, Dec. 2.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Justice — Oliver Wendell Holmes, Massachusetts, associate justice of the supreme court of the United States; Francis M. Wright, Illinois, judge of the court of claims; John T. Debolt, Hawaii, first judge of the circuit court of the first circuit of the territory of Hawaii.

United States Attorney—Solomon H. Bethea, northern district of Illinois.

United States Marshal—William H. Mackay, jr., district of Kansas; C. F. Lloyd, district of Montana; Dewey C. Bailey, district of Colorado.

War—James F. Smith, California, member of the Philippine commission and secretary of public instruction in the government of the Philippine islands.

State—Henry West, District of Columbia, commissioner of the District of Columbia; Robert A. McCormick, Illinois, ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Austria-Hungary; Charlemagne Tower, Pennsylvania, ambassador and plenipotentiary to Germany.

Envoys Extraordinary and Ministers Plenipotentiary—Charles Page Bryan, Illinois, to Switzerland; Leslie Coombs, Kentucky, to Guatemala and Honduras; Arthur S. Hardy, New Hampshire, to Spain; John B. Jackson, New Jersey, to Greece, Roumania and Servia; William B. Sorsby, Mississippi, to Bolivia; David Thompson, Nebraska, to Brazil.

Consuls of the United States—William F. Doty, New Jersey, at Tahiti, Society islands; Albert R. Morawetz, Arizona, at Nogales, Mexico; John B. Richardson, Kansas, at Utilla, Honduras.

Director of the Census—William R. Merriam of Minnesota.

Registers of Land Offices—John B. West at Lewiston, Ida.; John F. Armstrong at Sacramento, Cal.; Harry D. Sims at Boise, Ida.; Neal J. Sharp at Hailey, Ida.

Receivers of Public Moneys—Richard Fysh at Independence, Cal.; Charles H. Garby, Lewiston, Ida.

Secretaries of Embassies—H. Percival Dodge, Massachusetts, at Berlin; R. S. Reynolds Hitt, Illinois (second secretary) at Berlin; Peter A. Jay, Rhode Island (third secretary) at Paris.

Postmasters—Alaska: R. S. Hubbard, Douglas. California: Eli J. McBride, Dixon; Philo Hanick, Ukiah; F. H. Lewis, Vacaville; L. C. Taylor, Wasteland; P. M. Solo, Concord; R. E. Taylor, Gridley. S. G. Berger, Ontario; A. E. Meigs, Ocean Park; L. L. Shaw, Santa Ana. Oregon: L. A. Githens, Athena; H. Proctor, Elgin; F. E. Wilcox, Milton; M. E. Merwin, Independence. Washington: C. A. Gwynn, Garfield. Wyoming: E. S. Drury, Encampment.

BILL INTRODUCED CREATING A GENERAL STAFF IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY

Washington, Dec. 2.—Representative Hull, chairman of the house committee on military affairs, today introduced a bill creating a general staff corps of the United States army. It provides for a staff to be composed of officers detailed from the army at large, under such rules as the president may prescribe. The proposed duties of the staff are to prepare plans for the national defense and for the mobilization of the military forces in time of war; to investigate and report on all questions affecting the efficiency of the army and its state of preparedness for military operations; to render professional aid to the secretary of war and to general officers and other superior commanders, and to act as their agents in forming and co-ordinating action of all the different officers in carrying out their orders.

It is proposed that the general staff corps consist of one chief of staff of the army with the rank and pay of a lieutenant general, one major general and one brigadier general, to be detailed by the president from officers at large not below the grade of brigadier general; four colonels, six lieutenant colonels and twelve majors, to be detailed from the corresponding grades in the army at large; twenty captains, mounted.

Details shall be for four years and officers detailed may be assigned to any branch of the service. The bill provides further that the chief of staff, under the direction of the president and secretary of war, shall have supervision of all troops of the line and of the several administrative staff and supply departments, and shall be a member of the board of ordnance and fortifications.

Under the bill inspections of troops are to be made habitually by commanding officers and inspections of the army at large by the general staff. The inspection of money accounts now made by the inspector general of the army is transferred to the treasury department. Provision is made for the gradual reduction and final abolishment of the inspector general's department as a separate organization.

The measure was introduced in the senate by Senator Proctor. The bill was drawn by the war department and differs considerably from the measure of the past session.

THE MOTION CARRIED.

Berlin, Dec. 2.—After an embittered political and personal debate the reichstag declared, by 198 to 45 votes, that Baron von Kardorff's motion to vote the tariff bill as a whole was admissible under the rules. The socialists abstained from voting. Herr Singer remarked that the whole proceeding was a breach of the rules and of the constitution, for which he was called to order. The discussion of the Kardorff motion itself then began.

DIVIDEND DECLARED.

New York, Dec. 2.—The directors of the Manhattan Elevated Railway company today declared a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. This is an increase of ½ per cent. Notice was also given that a special meeting of stockholders will be held on Jan. 16 to submit for their approval a proposition to increase the capital stock of the company to $60,000,000. This increase was provided for by the terms of the lease of the Manhattan to the Interborough company.

The Captious Hotel Clerk.

(Cleveland Plain Dealer.)

"And have you no baggage?" inquired the hotel clerk of the actress.

"Baggage," repeated the lady, scornfully. "Here, take this sealed package and be careful of it. It contains me diamonds."

The clerk looked at the package thoughtfully.

"Even one small battered trunk would suit me much better," he grimly murmured.

STORMS OF GREAT VIOLENCE.

Many Wrecks Reported Off the British Coast.

London, Dec. 3.—Storms are continuing with great violence on the coasts of the United Kingdom. Many wrecks are reported, and bodies of men lost in these disasters already are being washed ashore. Navigation around the northeast coast is almost paralyzed. The Norwegian bark George Ville has been wrecked at South Ronaldshay, in the Orkneys. Three of her crew were drowned, and her captain and three others of the ship's company were picked up on the Orkney coast after having been seven hours in the water.

The British schooner Eliza Bain was wrecked at Sunderland tonight while trying to make the harbor, and it is believed that all hands were lost. The Danish barkentine Delos landed at Plymouth today thirteen of the crew of the Norwegian steamer King Sigard, which were rescued by the Delos when the King Sigard was upon the point of sinking in the Bay of Biscay.

BOXER CHIEF IS INSOLVENT

Wants Full Pardon and Pay For His Troops.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 2.—According to advices received from Pekin by the steamer Kagu Maru the Chinese government has received an insolent message from the ex-Boxer leader, General Tung Fuhsiang, who had taken refuge in the walled city of Hochentze in Kansu. He has strengthened the wall and deepened the moat and has sixty battalions of troops under arms. In his message to the Pekin government he says he wants a full pardon, pay for his troops, and positions for his adherents.

The Pekin and Tien Tsin Times publishes a report from Newch that Russia is disgusted by the heavy expenses of their advanced position at Port Arthur and contemplates dismantling the forts and returning to the extreme north of Manchuria, making Vladivostock the final terminus of the transcontinental railway.

CHEAPER GOLD.

London, Dec. 2.—The decline in the price of gold during the last few days has been viewed with considerable satisfaction in financial circles, as it indicates a slackening in the demand from the various quarters of the world, militating against the likelihood of gold exports or a rise in the bank rates and the demands for gold from the continent to take advantage of the situation to strengthen its gold reserves for preparation of the increased demand for money generally expected at the year end. Cheaper gold here is also said to lessen the prospect of gold being drawn to London from the United States.

ADAMS WAS BEATEN.

Denver, Dec. 2.—The canvassing board tonight finished the official vote on congressman at large and congressman from the First district. Fraicis E. Brooks (Republican) for congressman at large has 840 plurality over Alva Adams (Democrat), and in the First district John F. Shafroth (Democrat)) has 2,792 plurality over Robert W. Bonynge (Republican.)

TWO SAILORS DROWNED.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 2.—John Perry, a seaman of H. M. S. Amphion, fell from the wharf at the naval yard today and was drowned. Thomas Rowland, a sailor of the ship Brabloch, loading at Chemainus, was drowned when attempting to go aboard.

IN THE COURTS.

Suit was begun in the district court yesterday by Jesse C. Little against the Deseret Savings bank to compel the defendant to set forth its claims to a certain piece of property, together with what estate or interest it claims in the property, and that on a hearing of the case the defendant's interest may be declared without right or foundation, and costs of the action are also asked. The defendant, according to the complaint, claims an interest in property which is said to be the plaintiff's.

In Judge Hall's court yesterday a decree of divorce was granted Ivy B. Hass from her husband, Joseph R. Hass, on the grounds of cruel and inhuman treatment. They were married by a deputy county clerk June 14 of this year, when the girl is said to have wanted just one day to be 16 years of age. They made a bridal trip to Denver, and immediately on their return she began divorce proceedings.

The jury in the case of Edward Redmon, charged with having robbed a young woman of her diamond earrings in the Occidental saloon, returned a verdict of guilty in the district court yesterday, with a recommendation for mercy. Redmon will be sentenced on Monday.

Suit was begun in the district court yesterday by the Utah Savings & Trust company, administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of James F. Woodman, deceased, against Simon Bamberger to recover the sum of $2,504.17, with interest, alleged to be due on a promissory note executed on June 30, 1896, and payable thirty days after date.

Harry Claypole, alias Pool, charged with entering the home of Miss Vera Higgins and robbing a young man who was calling, appeared in the district court yesterday to answer to the charge. Miss Higgins took the stand and testified against the man, as did the man Clarence, who was compelled, at the point of a revolver, to show the burglar through the house. The case occupied the afternoon, and was continued until this morning.

BETRAYED BY A ROOSTER.

How Admiral Jouett Captured the Blockade Runners.

(Washington Cor. New York Sun.)

Of no officer in the navy are more amusing stories told than of the late Admiral Jouett. He was not only a conscientious and brilliant officer, but also one of the kindest men, the merriest souls and the cleverest story tellers that ever wore the navy blue.

A favorite tale with him, and one that his cronies never tired of hearing repeated, was his account of the capture of a blockade runner which came about by his hearing a rooster crow.

"In the early days of the war," the admiral would say, "I was a youngster of a lieutenant in command of the Montgomery, an old sea monster of a merchantman converted into a man-of-war, which, like the Mary Dunn of Dover, had three decks and no bottom.

"Her battery was poor, and the case gun, a ten-inch Columbiad, had been condemned years before. The powder was wet and the fuses of the shell defective.

"We were cruising off the coast of Louisiana, out of sight of land, awaiting the supply steamer from the north. There was little to eat, nothing to do and I was still suffering from the wound I received when we captured the Royal Yacht.

"One densely foggy morning at about 4 o'clock I was pacing up and down the deck with the midwatch, when I suddenly heard a rooster crow. It was some moments before the significance of that crow occured to me. Then, turning to one of the officers, I said:

"'Are there any chickens aboard?'

"'No, sir.'

"'Didn't the boats bring off any yesterday?'

"'I think not,' was the answer.

"'Well,' said I, 'when we swung up north I heard a rooster crow. A blockade runner has certainly gone out. Call all hands. Make sail'—it was a stiff wind—'for Havana. Send word to the engineer to give me all the steam he can and send extra men to the fire room.'

"I had been ill for a long time, dangerously ill, and at this order the under officers exchanged significant glances.

"'No, gentlemen,' said I, divining their thoughts, 'I am not crazy. I heard a rooster crow and we'll find him when this fog lifts.'

"When the fog lifted at 7:30 a. m. before us lay a schooner, all sails set, making for Havana. The condemned gun was fired, but the powder was worse than the gun, and the ball, after rolling on the water for half a mile, sank.

"We soon overtook her, however. She was flying the Louisiana state flag, showing a pelican, and as we ranged alongside her we found fourteen hard and desperate looking men in the stern.

"'Haul down that rag,' I yelled at the top of my voice.

"My order met with no response. Thirty marines stood on the poop deck of the Montgomery with muskets loaded with ball and buckshot cartridges.

"'Sergeant, ready!' was the command. 'Haul down that —— rag, —— you,' I called out again, and down fell the pelican from its proud position.

"'How in thunder did you know we were off here?' asked the captured captain.

"'You've got a rooster on board,' replied I, 'and he gave us warning of your vicinity at 4 o'clock this morning.'

"'I'll wring his neck!' growled the furious rebel.

"'No you won't,' I sharply announced, 'he's mine by right of capture,' and since then I have always maintained that the Biblical rooster was not the only historic chanticleer."

ONE ATTITUDE OF THE UNIONS.

Let the Fathers Do the Work and Keep the Children at School.

(M. G. Cunniff in The World's Work.)

Two match boxes lie on my desk, given me by officers of the Cigarmakers' International union. The sides are of celluloid. One side reads, "Smoke no cigars that do not bear this label;" below is the union label in facsimile. The other side reads, "These cigars are not union made;" below is a list of widely advertised cigars. It is a form of boycott.

"What is the story?" I asked a label agent.

"The story," he said, "is that those cigars are made by the trust. They are made by machines that roll them out at the rate of perhaps 1,000 a day. A cigarmaker can make by hand perhaps 150."

"Would you stop the machines?" I asked.

"No," he thundered, "we can't check mechanical progress—we don't want to. We want cigarmakers to run the machines at a living wage. When the typesetting machine came in, the Typographical union insisted that regular printers should run them at the regular wages. The machines moved printing up a notch—they didn't lower wages. But cigar making machines are run by girls—children! And on starvation wages! That's what we want to stop."

"Like child labor in cotton mills?" I asked.

"Just!" he snapped. "Admit that a father among the unemployed, with young daughters earning from $6 to $8 a week on a cigar making machine, under a coarse and perhaps vicious foreman—I could tell you tales—is not so pretty an American sight as a father earning $18 a week and keeping his children at school. That is what we work for—to help our children—to give them a better start, please God, than we had. Let the machines come in, by all means, but let us run them. Don't fire us, to turn our fingers skilled at cigar rolling, and good for nothing else, to idleness or to a new trade too late—and put our children in our places."

Pointed Paragraphs.

(Chicago News.)

Truth is more of a stranger than fiction.

Lots of girls give themselves away for the asking.

Some old hens sit all right until they get into a chicken salad.

A trunk is usually strapped when ready to start on a journey.

When a man goes out on a lark he sometimes comes back in an ambulance.

It is impossible for a great man to prevent his greatness from cropping out.

Letters give information only after they are posted. It is different with some men.

Be sure of your ability to keep your head above water before trying to get in the swim.

It is said that even the beans take a course of Browning in the classic precincts of Boston.

A good cure for obesity is to put up at a boarding house where you will be treated as one of the family.

When a young man marries the only daughter of a millionaire he doesn't have to wait fifty years to celebrate his golden wedding.

Pin Money.

(New York World.)

A new woman's bank, opened in Thirty-fourth street recently, ended its first day's business with deposits aggregating $35,000. It seems only a few years since it was a difficult and somewhat embarrassing matter for a woman to secure bank accommodations. Now she is tempted by lures of handsomely furnished rooms, pretty stationery, new styles in checkbooks, so important has her patronage become to banks that make a specialty of it.

The French woman has always been a financier, the American only recently. With her emancipation has come an understanding of business affairs, the transaction of which in a former generation was left to the men folks. The new way is the better by far.

FREE TO WEAK MEN.

DO YOU ADMIRE PHYSICAL PERFECTION in man or woman? Would you like to feel as if you could muzzle a lion? Let me send you a most interesting book telling how you can be made to feel like a Samson. All human weakness comes from a loss of electricity from the body. My electric belt restores it, and my book tells of the gladdening effect it has on you. Cut this ad. out and send it, I mail the book, sealed, free. Write today.

DR. M. B. McLAUGHLIN,
931 Sixteenth Street, Denver, Colo.

SALT LAKE THEATRE GEO. D. PYPER. MANAGER. CURTAIN 8.15.

Friday and Saturday, Next
Saturday Matinee

A Fantastic Comedy by CLYDE FITCH

CAPTAIN JINKS OF THE HORSE MARINES

WITH

ELIZABETH KENNEDY

And a harmoniously selected company, including

Theodore Babcock

40—PEOPLE IN THE ORGANIZATION—40.

Produced under the direction of the author. Scenery by Unitt. Costumes by Anderson.

"Go and see Captain Jinks and get all the Bad Tastes of a Rather Malevolent Season out of your months."—Alan Dale in N. Y. Journal.

GRAND THEATRE
JONES & HAMMER, Mgrs.

PRICES: Night—25c, 50c, 75c. Matinee—25c.

Matinee Today at 3 P. M.
TONIGHT, Last Time.

The Latest State-named Comedy Drama,

"PENNSYLVANIA"

A heart story of the Wyoming valley. A play with natural characters, witty dialogue, intense climaxes, funny situations and a select company.

NEXT ATTRACTION.—Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Matinee Saturday at 2:15 p. m., the thrilling detective story, "CAUGHT IN THE WEB."
Seats on sale

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Boys' and Youths' SCHOOL SHOES, $1.45

The good, strong, "WEAR WELL" kind, made of "KANGAROO" and "CASCO" calf. Sizes up to 5½. ON SALE IN BARGAIN ROOM.

Davis MONEY BACK SHOES

'Phone, 695. 238-240 Main Street.

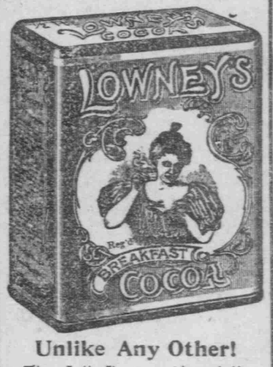
Do you want to buy a pair of Glasses for your father or mother for Christmas?

If so, buy of us and we will fit the lenses after Christmas without charge.

Leyson's JEWELERS. 154 MAIN ST.

Gold Medal

At Pan-American Expositino.



Unlike Any Other!

The full flavor, the delicious quality, the absolute PURITY of Lowney's Breakfast Cocoa distinguish it from all others.

No "treatment" with alkalies; no adulteration with flour, starch or ground cocoa shells; nothing but the nutritive and digestible product of the choicest Cocoa Beans.

Ask Your Dealer For It.

There's Something New Here!

Usually is—but this is more than the ordinary newness.
They call them Amulets.
They're the highest concentration of sachet powder.
Compressed into a convenient form.
Heart shape.
Attached to Draperies they impart an everlasting fragrance to a room of your favorite perfume.
Four odors,
Violet.
Heliotrope,
Lilac.
Persian orchids.
10c each or $1.00 per dozen.

F. C. SCHRAMM,
Prescription Druggist.
Where the Cars Stop.
McCornick Block.

R·I·P·A·N·S

I had been troubled with indigestion for six or seven years. I had scarcely any appetite and for two years had not eaten any breakfast, and what little I ate at others meals gave me great distress. I would bloat and have pain in my stomach, so that at times I was unable to work. A friend gave me a Ripans Tabule one day when I was feeling badly and I took it, and to my surprise it relieved me.

At Druggists.

The Five-cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

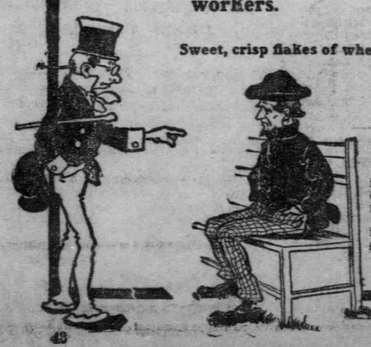
Jim Dumps declared, "It is a fact:
To win success a man must act,
But when digestion fails to work
The man himself becomes a shirk.
'Force' suits my case, it gives me vim;
I'll move the world," says "Sunny Jim."

"FORCE"

The Ready-to-Serve Cereal

makes willing workers.

Sweet, crisp flakes of wheat and malt.



Like a Giant Refreshed.

"I had been suffering from dyspepsia occasioned by severe mental labor, but 'Force' has corrected it, and I feel like a giant refreshed."
"HARRINGTON FITZGERALD."

Stomach Troubles

Render life miserable and by lowering the vitality, greatly increase the liability to contract other diseases; in the struggle for wealth, health is forgotten. We eat too fast.

PITTS' DYSPEPSIA POWDERS will instantly relieve all stomach troubles. Heartburn, Flatulence, Belching, Sour Stomach, Nausea and Gastritis—suitable for both the old and young. Mailed to any address for 50 cents a box, by

THE OLD RELIABLE
GODBE-PITTS DRUG CO.,
Corner Main and First South,
Salt Lake City.