

Silver, 85 1/2c. per ounce.
Copper, 11 1/2c. per pound; New York.
\$2.15 per 100 pounds.
Lead, \$2.50 per 100 pounds.

ROOSEVELT'S ACTION HAS CREATED A SENSATION

Interference in Utah's Choice of United States Senator Has Set Tongues Wagging.

Senator Dubois of Idaho Makes Some Pointed Remarks Concerning Recent Campaigns.

(Special to The Herald.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Publication in local papers of a special dispatch from Salt Lake, giving the substance of the Kearns interview, evoked much discussion and caused great surprise at the action of the president in taking a hand in the Utah senatorial election.

Representative Sutherland, when asked for an expression of opinion tonight, said he had nothing to say at this time.

The Washington Star tonight reproduces the Kearns interview and in part says:

WHAT M'KINLEY DID.

"It is declared on the highest authority that the action of President Roosevelt is similar to that of the late President McKinley. A prominent member of the Republican national committee stated to a Star reporter today that two years ago last month President McKinley assumed the attitude that is now taken by President Roosevelt in relation to the proposition to elect an apostle of the Mormon church to the United States senate. It is declared that President McKinley stated to Mr. Smoot, who came to this city to look over the situation and ascertain public sentiment, that it would be very unwise and highly indefensible from a political point of view for Mr. Smoot to be elected to the United States senate, and strongly urged him not to be a candidate or to permit himself to be elected. It is understood that this statement was made after a long conference between Smoot, Chairman Hanna, Vice Chairman Payne and other members of the Republican national committee with President McKinley.

SOME NEW FEATURES.

"President McKinley, it is stated, with great earnestness appealed to Smoot not to suffer himself to be elected, stating that it would be certain to bring opprobrium upon his state, to the irreparable injury of the state and its people. This statement was made by Mr. McKinley from the viewpoint of public policy. At that time there was great feeling in the east over the Roberts case, but two members of the national Republican committee state that the situation is unchanged from what it was two years ago, unless it be that two features in the Utah situation are more prominently brought to light.

"The first of these is that it is now asserted that apostles of the church have access to the marriage records, the only evidence which would punish thousands of polygamists in Utah, and they refuse to give them up to officers of the law. Secondly, when one takes the oath of allegiance of apostleship he disqualifies himself from taking the oath of allegiance required of United States senators."

SENATOR DUBOIS SURPRISED.

Senator Dubois said this evening: "I am surprised at the reported interference of President Roosevelt and Senator Hanna with the selection of a senator by the Utah legislature. It has been persistently rumored for more than two years that an understanding existed between Senator Hanna, chairman of the national Republican committee, and the first presidency of the Mormon church by which the Mormons were to support the Republican ticket and the Republican leaders were to guarantee that Mormons should not be interfered with. In the 1900 and 1902 campaigns the high officials, Republican apostles of the Mormon church, used their ecclesiastical positions in support of the Republican ticket, and Democratic Mormons in high church positions were silent. Mormon people were brought into politics and church leaders used their influence in politics for the Republican party, and at the earnest instigation of national Republican leaders. It comes with exceeding bad taste from President Roosevelt, who is a direct beneficiary of this action of the Mormon leaders, to object now to the Mormons selecting whoever they see fit to represent them in the senate.

SMOOT'S RIGHTS IN THE MATTER.

"Reed Smoot is an apostle, but his services and those of other apostles were not only most cordially welcomed by Republican leaders, but earnestly sought by them. By all rules of politics he should be elected senator. The Mormons have carried out their part of the contract and turned the state from Democracy to Republicanism, and have the right to demand that the Republican leaders at least allow them to manage their own local politics to suit themselves, so long as they don't violate the laws of the country. There is no reason why Reed Smoot should be denied a seat in the senate if elected. In my judgment he would be seated without a dissenting vote.

APOSTLE HAS VIOLATED NO LAW.

"It is not charged that Smoot has violated, or is violating, any law of the land. He has all the qualifications of United States senator, and this being so, the legislature of Utah is sole judge whether he should represent them or not. I regret exceedingly that Republican leaders have induced high ecclesiastics of the Mormon church to take an active part in politics. It is hurtful and regrettable that the Republicans having done this it comes with bad grace from them to object to high ecclesiastics of the Mormon church asking for their share of high political positions."



THE BOY—I WONDER WHO DONE THAT!

A WOMAN'S FIENDISH DEED ATTEMPT TO KILL ALFONSO

Threw a Lighted Lamp on a Bed in Which a Mother Was Peacefully Sleeping With Her Infant—Both Victims Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 10.—Mrs. Mary Kline and her infant child died in the city emergency hospital today from the effects of burns received in their home last evening. The mother was in bed with her babe when the woman, now dead, was aroused by a large lamp being thrown at her, so she alleged, by a woman named Mrs. Mary Davis.

At the hospital the agonized woman declared that her burns were due to the fiendish designs of a woman named Mrs. Mary Davis, who had come into her room and thrown the lamp upon the bed. The woman had quarreled frequently and the tragedy of last night was the climax of a feud of long standing.

MADRID, Jan. 10.—As King Alfonso, Dowager Queen Christina and the court were returning from church this afternoon, a man, who afterward gave his name as Felto, fired a pistol at one of the carriages in the royal procession. The bullet went wild and no one was injured. The king heard the shot and put his head out of the carriage window, but he was immediately dragged back into his seat by the queen mother. The escort of civil guards threw themselves upon the would-be assassin and overpowered him.

Felto was taken to the police station, where he said he did not desire to kill the king but the grand chamberlain, the Duke of Sotomayor, at whose carriage he had aimed. He was searched and in his pockets were found unmailed letters marked "registered" and addressed to President Roosevelt, King Edward, the emperor of Germany and the president of the high court of justice at Mexico, and also receipts for a number of registered letters and a visiting card of the mayor of Madrid.

LIFE UNSAFE IN ELY WOLCOTT MEN CONFER

Sheriff Newman Will Call For Troops if Necessary to Uphold the Law.

Elko, Nev., Jan. 10.—In an interview this morning Sheriff G. P. Newman of Ely gave the following to the Independent: "I brought Traylor and Gaskill to Elko for the reason that, in my judgment, their lives were in danger in Ely. I did not propose to take any chances and I certainly did not propose to surrender the prisoners under any circumstances. There was, and I believe still is, a reign of terror in Ely and it may need heroic measures to restore law and order. I am going back as soon as I can get away from here and I propose to uphold the law at any cost. I hope it will not be necessary to call on the governor, but if it is I certainly shall ask for troops. I want to see a grand jury drawn there at once and sift this thing to the bottom. There should be no delay in having the grand jury called and the matter ended once and for all."

Portion of the Members of Colorado Republican Central Committee Have Meeting.

Denver, Jan. 10.—Notwithstanding the announcement last night by State Chairman Fairley that the call for a meeting of the Republican central committee for this afternoon was unauthorized, a meeting of a portion of the members was held at the home of Mrs. Fairley, where they were represented, either in person or by proxy. They are all said to favor Wolfcott.

PROMINENT BANKER ARRESTED FOR LARCENY

Boston, Jan. 10.—Edward Dunning of Brookline, of the firm of Dunning & Co., bankers of this city, was arrested today on a warrant charging him with the larceny of some \$23,000 from Francis A. Brooks of this city.

Gov. Odell Favors Platt's Election

New York, Jan. 10.—In reply to questions as to his attitude toward the reelection of Senator T. C. Platt, Governor Odell made the following statement: "I am unequivocally and unreservedly for Senator Platt's reelection to the senate and I believe that the Republican party offers him this service to, or because of his service to it, and any rumors which may have been in circulation to the contrary are false and unreliable. I shall not only ask, but expect my friends to aid in this direction and I shall do all in my power to accomplish this result."

RUSSELL AGAIN CHOSEN AS EDITOR

Stanford University, Cal., Jan. 10.—Isaac Russell, 94, of Salt Lake City, has been re-elected editor-in-chief of the Chaparral, the comic publication of the university, for the ensuing semester. Russell is a member of the junior class and editor of the 1904 Quad, the annual class publication.

FRANCE AGAIN WITH HER CHANCES

Paris, Jan. 10.—It is said at the foreign office here that there are no grounds for the report that France will join in the Venezuelan blockade of the allies. On the contrary, the French officials are well satisfied with the present status of the claims of France, as Venezuela has given assurances that France will receive the same treatment as the other nations would be accorded through resort to forcible measures.

HAWLEY THEIR CHOICE

Boise, Ida., Jan. 10.—At the joint caucus of the Democratic members of the legislature tonight most of the names selected as their candidate for senator.

GALA DAY AT ONTARIO

Ontario, Cal., Jan. 10.—Several hundred people with a brass band gathered on the grounds of the Salt Lake railroad this afternoon to witness the completion of laying rails of the road to the center of town. A speech of welcome was made by J. S. Miller on behalf of half of the people to which W. A. Olmsted, engineer in chief of construction, replied, Oranges were distributed to all the workers.

VENEZUELAN COMMISSION WILL MEET IN THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Washington, Jan. 10.—While arrangements have not yet been made for the meeting of the Venezuelan commission, some attention has been given to the subject, and it appears that the United States government will be expected to provide accommodations for the body. It is probable that accommodations will be prepared in one of the big houses, for the state department has no available room for such purposes. Signor Mayor Desplanches, the Italian ambassador here, is, by virtue of seniority, entitled to preside at the proceedings and in the nature of a joint meeting, and his long diplomatic service is regarded as peculiarly fitting him for the important work. All four of the prospective members of the commission, namely, Signor Mayor Desplanches, the Italian ambassador; Sir Michael Herbert, the British ambassador; and Count Quadt and Baron Sternberg, as well as Minister Bowen, speak English perfectly, and it is likely that this language will be the official communication in the commission's work.

MRS. TINGLEY STARTS ANOTHER SUIT AGAINST GENERAL HARRISON GRAY OTIS

San Diego, Cal., Jan. 10.—While Samuel M. Shortridge of San Francisco was pressing the argument for the defendant in the Tingley-Times \$50,000 libel suit this afternoon, a sheriff's deputy stepped into the court room and served upon General Harrison Gray Otis, president of the Times-Mirror company, a summons in an action for \$5,000 brought by Mrs. Katherine A. Tingley, alleging that he is a party to a conspiracy with his city editor, Harry A. Irwin, and a Times reporter named Lanier to get Mrs. M. Leavitt, the woman who gave the interview upon which the libel suit is based, and to extort money from the plaintiff. The complaint is predicated upon the following letter, which Mrs. Tingley alleges that she received through the mail: "Los Angeles, Cal., March 2, 1901. 'Confidential.' 'Mrs. Katherine A. Tingley, H. U. E., Point Loma.' 'Dear Madam—You once, on the festival of laying the foundation stone of your temple, just as you were starting east, divided the bouquet and gave me some of these flowers. Pressed in sweet remembrance of that interview, I now wish to inform you that all your bouquet past is in hand, from the time, as Kitty Vescott, you lived in Newburyport, Mass., till now, to be published to the public. 'How much is it worth to you to stop same? Let me know your views thereon at once, ere too late. 'Very respectfully, 'E. W. SCHMITT.' 'Special Agent.' The plaintiff alleges that no money was paid and that upon the 28th of October, 1901, the article was published upon which the libel suit now hangs. The words 'special agent,' which follow Schmitt's signature, are republished by General Otis as having any possible reference to the Times, with which, he says, Schmitt was never employed or connected in any way whatsoever. General Otis says that he has no knowledge of Schmitt.

WIND RIVER APAPHOES ARE NOT SUFFERING

(Special to The Herald.) Washington, Jan. 10.—Indian Commissioner Jones was shown a press dispatch from Lander, Wyo., to the effect that the Arapahoe Indians on the Wind River reservation are in a starving condition through lapse of annuity payments. Mr. Jones said that report of this nature has been made by the agent in charge of the reservation and, while there might be individual cases of privation, he is of the opinion that there is no general distress and that the situation is exaggerated.

LACK OF FUEL THROWS MANY MEN OUT OF WORK

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 10.—The Pennsylvania State coal strike has closed down indefinitely today on account of the lack of fuel, throwing several thousand men out of work. The company is crowded with orders.

NEGRO WOMAN WILL HOLD HER POSITION

Washington, Jan. 10.—Senator McLaurin of Mississippi today conferred with President Roosevelt and Postmaster General Payne regarding the Indianola postoffice case. The present attitude of the administration is that the postoffice shall be reopened and Mrs. Catts reinstated as postmistress. If the responsible authorities will furnish assurance of protection.

COAL ADVANCES

Hazleton, Pa., Jan. 10.—The Lehigh Valley Coal company today increased the price of all prepared sizes of coal, for the local trade, as follows: 25 cents a ton, C. Pardee & Sons; 25 cents a ton, C. Pardee & Sons.

KNOX NOT DOING HIS FULL DUTY

Attorney General Censured by Coal Consumers.

WILL MOVE ON WASHINGTON

PEOPLE IN EARNEST OVER THE FUEL SITUATION.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—A national convention at Washington for the purpose of impressing upon President Roosevelt the urgent need for relief from the stringency of the coal situation was decided on today at a conference in the Grand Pacific hotel. The call for the gathering will be issued probably Monday by Mayor Maybury of Detroit, acting as chairman of the permanent committee of the Detroit coal convention. It was this committee which today agreed on the necessity for a meeting at the national capital. The conference was called to order this morning and at an adjourned session it was voted to reconvene the Detroit convention at Washington at the earliest practicable date. This decision followed a series of speeches in which Attorney General Knox was censured, it being alleged in the meeting that he had not enforced the laws by which, it was averred, redress could be secured.

On to Washington.

There was much divergence of opinion at first as to the most effective method to be pursued to obtain relief from the present price of coal. Suggestions were made that an open letter be addressed to President Roosevelt, that a convention be called at Detroit or Chicago, or that congress be appealed to for action. The proposal to "move on Washington in a body" finally prevailed. It being agreed that the enforcement of existing laws offered adequate means of relief. The permanent committee of the Detroit coal convention, composed of W. C. Maybury, mayor of Detroit; Rev. R. A. White, Chicago; E. M. Lahiff, Chicago; United States Senator Mason, Judge Edward Quinn, Chicago; Father R. B. Condon, Reedsburg, Wis.; T. E. Tarsney, corporation counsel of Detroit; W. C. P. Breckenridge, Kentucky; George W. Alexander, Providence, R. I.; and Judge W. A. Babcock, Cleveland.

A Formal Statement.

Following an executive session, Mayor Maybury explained the action of the conference in a formal statement. "It was the order of the convention at Detroit," he said, "that this committee should call the convention to reconvene whenever such a course was deemed necessary. The decision of the committee is that the convention be reconvened at Washington as the place to meet, the gathering to assemble at the earliest practicable date. The convention will not be confined to the delegates who attended the Detroit session. It is the purpose of the convention at Washington by virtue of their credentials to represent the organizations of the country to send delegates, to be called by the representatives to attend the convention, it being the desire to make the personnel of the gathering as widely representative as possible."

In conclusion, Mayor Maybury explained that the date for the gathering at the national capital would be fixed according to the developments that telegraphic correspondence would evoke with relation to the convenience of those expected to take a prominent part in the convention. The speeches made by Senator Mason, Mr. Tarsney, Rev. R. A. White and Mayor Maybury indicated that the convention at Washington would be largely to the presentation of charges that Attorney General Knox had failed to grant the relief as promptly as possible. In fact, more than three hours of speech-making were consumed chiefly with arguments of that effect.

MATTER EXAGGERATED.

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