

**A TIP!**  
If you want to do business  
Advertise in The Herald.  
It gets results.

**THE WEATHER.**  
FOR SALT LAKE.  
Fair.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 6, 1870. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1903. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

# CITIZENS OF UTAH HAVE FILED THEIR PROTEST

## United States Senate Asked to Set Aside the Election of Reed Smoot.

### Document in the Hands of Senator Burrows, Chairman of Privileges and Elections Committee.

(Special to The Herald)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Senator Burrows, chairman of the privileges and elections committee, this evening received a protest from citizens of Utah against seating Senator-elect Smoot. Senator Burrows has not decided when he will present the protest in the senate. It is possible he may defer filing it until after the credentials of Smoot are presented, but after a conference with other members of the committee the protest may be presented prior to the receipt of the credentials.

Senator Burrows says the regular procedure after protest is presented will be its reference to his committee, to which the credentials of Smoot and other protests, if any, are referred. The nature of the charges or the grounds of the protest will determine the future action of the committee. If the charges are of a serious nature hearings will be ordered to determine the truth of the same. If not the committee may pass upon them without further testimony than shown on the face of the protest.

Senator Burrows received telegraphic notice two weeks ago from the Ministerial association that a protest would be sent by it against seating Smoot and that a representative of the association would come to Washington and appear before the committee against Smoot, but up to the present time this promised protest has not arrived.

Although it is impossible here to ascertain either who signed the protest or what is the line of reasoning and argument followed in it, an intimation was given The Herald last evening that the grounds of the protest are two in number:

First—That Mr. Smoot, as an apostle of the Mormon church, is tied up with a body of high churchmen who have wilfully and persistently violated the constitution by interference in the political affairs of the state of Utah.

Second—That he, in common with his fellow apostles and other high church officers, has encouraged and honored men who are living in polygamy. That this course has been pursued and these honors conferred, though in direct violation of the solemn pledges on which statehood was obtained.

These two grounds are, it is believed, substantially the basis of the attack on Smoot's seat. Each line of argument is supported by voluminous evidence and the citation of names. These instances are not, however, anything more than personal in the protest, nothing relating to Mr. Smoot's private life.

The protest has about twenty signatures. The protest of the Ministerial association, to which reference is made, it is understood, will be filed later, simply as an endorsement of the citizens' protest.

# BOWEN AND THE ALLIES BUSY WITH PROTOCOLS FOR THE ARBITRATION

Washington, Feb. 8.—The representatives of the allies here are busy engaged in the preparation of the protocols which they are to sign with Mr. Bowen, Venezuela's representative, for reference to The Hague of the question whether or not they are to accept the arbitration of the dispute between them. The blockade will be raised when the protocols are signed. There is constant communication with their governments on this subject and are anxious to cover every detail which should be comprised in an instrument of this character. Mr. Bowen is anxious that the protocols shall be identical so far as this may be practicable, and he is directing his efforts to that end, and also that they shall be signed on the same day.

**Bowen Is Active.**

Minister Bowen was in communication with the English and Italian ambassadors and the German ambassador today. He saw Sir Michael Herbert at the latter's home, the ambassador still having a disagreeable cold. From the instructions he has received Ambassador Herbert has presented the draft of a protocol which he submitted to Minister Bowen. It is the first of the three protocols which have been prepared, and the manner in which it was drawn was very satisfactory to Venezuela's representative. Nothing seriously objectionable had been inserted in its provisions, and the minister found only one or two places where he felt called on to suggest any changes. He is convinced that the British ambassador is making every effort to bring the vexatious matters to a close and to arrange a protocol which will be mutually satisfactory.

**Early Settlement Expected.**

The Italian ambassador was at Mr. Bowen's apartments on two occasions today with reference to the terms of the protocol, and the German minister is working diligently on the German protocol. He saw Mr. Bowen today for a conference regarding some feature of the instrument.

# SPREADING THE FAITH Movement of Hebrews to Establish Churches All Over the Country.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 8.—Nine of the thirty members of the executive board of American Hebrew Congregations met here today at the Hebrew Union college. Samuel Woolmer of Peoria, Ill., was elected president to succeed Julius Freiberg of the same city.

A movement was started to establish Jewish churches in the largest towns throughout the United States. In the largest towns synagogues will be built and rabbis stationed. Sabbath schools will be established. In communities where there is a lack of worship necessary to support a church circuit rabbis will be provided, who at stated intervals will visit the community and conduct religious services.

The members of the executive board who took part in the meeting today were: Samuel Woolmer of Peoria, Ill.; Judge Cohen of Pittsburgh; M. Mahler of Cleveland; Lewis J. Goldman, Lewis Krown, Lewis Heinsheimer, Sol Fox, Bernard Bettman, Lipman Levy, Jacob Ottenheimer and M. Loth of Cincinnati. Among other matters considered was that of civil and religious rights. That the matter might be given a more thorough consideration, a committee, composed of the following, was appointed to report at the special meeting, April 15: Simon Wolfe of Washington, D. C.; chairman; David Alder of Milwaukee; Israel Cohen of Chicago; Jacob Farth of New York; W. Herman of San Francisco; Nathan Frank of St. Louis; Judge Cohen of Pittsburgh; Lewis Heinsheimer of Cincinnati; and Henry L. Frank of Butte.

The president and the vice president of the board are expected to visit the headquarters in Washington, D. C. It was announced that the Isaac Wise memorial fund has reached \$15,000.

# SPREADING THE FAITH COLD-BLOODED MURDER

## Two White Men Shoot Down Un- armed Negroes at a Festival.

Waycross, Ga., Feb. 8.—Meager details of a riot that occurred between two white men and a crowd of negroes at a negro festival, were given today. Two negroes are said to have been killed and nine others wounded, one of them mortally. Three of the wounded were women, but their injuries are not serious. The shooting was done while the negro festival was in progress last night.

The report is that two white men, well known in the section, went to the festival and after having a little difficulty with some of the negroes, locked the two doors of the building in which the negroes were dancing and commenced firing into the crowd with shotguns. The shooting quickly cleared all except the wounded, and the white men are said to have entered the building and tied the dead and wounded together.

An inquest was held by the coroner over the dead bodies of the two men, but the verdict has not been announced. Beach's mill is in Coffey county, about twenty miles from Waycross. In this section of Coffey county several riots have occurred between the negroes and whites during the past ten years.

# EFFORT TO REVIVE THE DREYFUS CASE

Paris, Feb. 8.—The Temps publishes an interview with M. Clemenceau regarding the statement that he is acquainted with the contents of the alleged document to be used in the revival of the Dreyfus affair, which is never seen in possession of the minister of war, under the special care of Colonel Faurie. M. Clemenceau says he does not remember ever having met Colonel Faurie, and that he has never seen the document referred to. All the published facts involving him, says M. Clemenceau, are incorrect. The Presse has endeavored to interview Colonel Faurie, but he replied that by order of the minister of war he could not make any communication on the matter.

# CRUSHED AND MUTILATED. Body of an Aged Peddler Found at Cleveland, Ohio.

Cleveland, O., Feb. 8.—Solomon Spiegelstein, an aged peddler, was found dead in a lower room of his apartments at 122 Orange street today, with his head and body crushed and mutilated in a horrible manner. Ignatz Zahn, his roommate, has been arrested by the police and is being held on suspicion.

# PLAN OF REFORM.

Constantinople, Feb. 8.—The Austrian and Russian embassies will present to the Porte this week the plan of the proposed reforms in Macedonia.



# GEN. URIBE-URIBE DEAD Former Colombian Revolutionary Leader Fills a Suicide's Grave.

Kingston, Jamaica, Feb. 8.—The British steamer Para, which arrived here today from Colon, brings news of the suicide on Jan. 30 of the former Colombian revolutionary general, Uribe-Uribe. General Uribe-Uribe published a letter Dec. 12 advising Colombia to await the lapsing of the Panama concession in 1904, which would leave the Colombian government a free hand in the matter of the canal.

The reports brought by the Para indicate the possibility of another revolution in opposition to the Panama canal treaty.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The report that General Uribe-Uribe had committed suicide causes considerable surprise here. After his surrender to the Colombian authorities he performed valuable services for the Colombian government, including various guerrilla chieftains to desert to the government and to surrender. Subsequently he went to Bogota and was cordially received. He was less than forty years of age, was a brilliant fighter and was long a thorn in the side of Colombia.

Colombian officials here also are surprised and grieved at reports of the suicide. The last name of the general is not known. He is reported to have received his first payment in cash, Germany and Italy being content to receive their share in kind. The fact develops today that some other claimant powers are considering a treaty which would give the United States the right to carry her cause to The Hague, since a difference would affect their claims.

# KILLED HER HUSBAND, CHOPPED HIS BODY INTO PIECES AND BURNED IT

Monticello, N. Y., Feb. 8.—Mrs. Lafayette Taylor of Centerville, Sullivan county, today confessed to having killed her husband, Lafayette Taylor, and burned the body on Jan. 25 to escape detection. Taylor disappeared on the night of Jan. 25 and was supposed to have deserted his family. On Feb. 6 Mrs. Taylor attempted to sell a horse to a Centerville man, who would not buy for fear that Taylor might come back and claim it. Mrs. Taylor then confessed to the murder. She said she had killed him and burned the body. A 14-year-old daughter of the Taylors was asked about the story her mother told about having killed her father. She said the story was true. Mrs. Taylor was arrested and today made a confession. Her story is that her husband, who was a hard drinker, came home on the night of Jan. 25 very drunk and began to abuse her. She secured a revolver, which she had purchased a few days before, and tried to frighten him. He attempted to take it from her and in the struggle he went off the bullet striking him over the eye and killing him instantly. She was so frightened for fear of being arrested for murder that she decided to cut up the body and burn it. Her five-year-old daughter witnessed the shooting and helped her to cut up the body in small pieces. She then carried the pieces to the kitchen stove, together with the clothing of the victim. The burned bones were ground up and mixed with the household refuse. The bones were covered up with paint. The Taylors lived on a farm a mile from the town, and the chance of discovery were few. Mrs. Taylor is about 40 years of age. She says she confessed because the crime haunted her. She was brought to the Monticello jail tonight.

# PACKING HOUSE UNION Various Organizations of Em- ployes Have Banded Them- selves Together.

Kansas City, Feb. 8.—Delegates from five of the leading labor organizations in Kansas City, Kan., representing about 6,000 workers in the packing house industry of that city, met today and formed a new central labor body for Kansas City, known as the Packing House Union. Michael Donnelly, national president of the Amalgamated Beef Cutters and Butcher Workers' union of North America, addressed the meeting, and it was under his direction that the union was organized.

The unions represented at the meeting today were the Cattle Butchers, the Sheep and Hog Butchers, the Packers, the Boners and the Cooperage Workers. The other unions which are eligible to representation in the new council are the Packing House Firemen and Engineers' organization, the Tin Can Workers, the Electrical Workers, Cigar Workers, Ohio Workers and the Meat Cutters unions, including the workers in retail establishments. Mr. Donnelly will go to St. Joseph Tuesday and organize a packing house trades union there.

The Packing Trades council will not ask for an increase in wages, at present at least, said Mr. Donnelly today. "This is not the principal object of forming the new council at this time. Experience has taught us that the business of the packing house workers can best be transacted through a central body composed exclusively of men engaged in some branch of packing house work."

# STRAINED IN MONTANA. Helena, Mont., Feb. 8.—The box office receipts of "Corianton," which has been playing here for two nights, have been attached and the scenery as well. The at- tachment is at the instance of a firm of New York lawyers who have a claim against the Deseret Dramatic company of Salt Lake, which is backing the company. There is also due the players through a central body composed exclu- sively of men engaged in some branch of packing house work.

# WOULD NOT TALK. New York, Feb. 8.—An effort was made today to see John D. Rockefeller in regard to the telegrams re- ported to be sent by him to various senators, but at his home he sent out word by a servant that he "begged to be excused."

# REPUBLICANS OF IDAHO HAVE DECIDED TO MAKE A BLUFF AT GOING AFTER THE RAILROADS TRAVERSING THE STATE.

BOISE, Ida., Feb. 8.—It has developed that a plan is on foot to pass a bill through the legislature providing for the appointment of a railway commissioner. The matter is kept very quiet, but it is understood the leaders of both houses are agreed upon the programme and they have strength enough to pass it. The bill is to be similar to a measure now pending in the state of Washington, but will provide for a single commissioner instead of a commission. This commissioner is to be given the power to regulate and fix rates for passengers and freight, to look after bridges, tracks, etc., with the view of insuring safety in travel. A system of appeals will be provided for. The commissioner will have authority to summon witnesses and to punish for refusal to give testimony. The understanding is that the bill will be made a party measure.

# GEN. URIBE-URIBE DEAD Former Colombian Revolutionary Leader Fills a Suicide's Grave.

Kingston, Jamaica, Feb. 8.—The British steamer Para, which arrived here today from Colon, brings news of the suicide on Jan. 30 of the former Colombian revolutionary general, Uribe-Uribe. General Uribe-Uribe published a letter Dec. 12 advising Colombia to await the lapsing of the Panama concession in 1904, which would leave the Colombian government a free hand in the matter of the canal.

# PITILESS STORM SWEEPS THE SOUTH SEA ISLANDS

## One Thousand Natives Engulfed by Tidal Wave, Which Rolled Mountain High.

### A Few of the Inhabitants Saved Themselves by Climbing Tall Coconut Trees—Great Loss of Pearls.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.—News of a fearful loss of life in a destructive storm that swept over the South Sea islands last month reached here today on the steamer Mariposa, direct from Tahiti. The loss of life is estimated at 1,000 souls. On Jan. 13 last a huge tidal wave, accompanied by a terrific hurricane, attacked the Society islands and the Pasmotu group with fearful force, causing deaths and devastation never before equaled in a land of dreaded storms, a verification of man's inability to contend with wind and sea.

The storm reigned several days, reaching its maximum strength between Jan. 14 and Jan. 16. From the meager advices received at Tahiti up to the time of the sailing of the Mariposa, it is estimated that at least 1,000 of the island's inhabitants lost their lives. It is feared that later advices will add to the long list.

The first news of the disaster arrived at Papeete, Tahiti, Jan. 26, on the schooner Elmo. The captain of the schooner placed the fatalities at 500. The steamer Excelsior arrived at Papeete the following day with 400 destitute survivors. The captain of the Excelsior estimated the total loss of life to be 800. These figures comprised only the deaths on the three islands of Hao, Hikueru and Makokou, whose ordinary population is 1,800. On Hikueru, where 1,000 inhabitants were engaged in pearl diving, nearly one-half were drowned. On an adjacent island 100 more were washed out to sea. Makokou and Hao are depopulated. Conservative estimates at Tahiti place the number of islands visited by the tidal wave and hurricane at eighty. All of them are under the control of the French government at Papeete.

# REPUBLICANS OF IDAHO HAVE DECIDED TO MAKE A BLUFF AT GOING AFTER THE RAILROADS TRAVERSING THE STATE.

BOISE, Ida., Feb. 8.—It has developed that a plan is on foot to pass a bill through the legislature providing for the appointment of a railway commissioner. The matter is kept very quiet, but it is understood the leaders of both houses are agreed upon the programme and they have strength enough to pass it. The bill is to be similar to a measure now pending in the state of Washington, but will provide for a single commissioner instead of a commission. This commissioner is to be given the power to regulate and fix rates for passengers and freight, to look after bridges, tracks, etc., with the view of insuring safety in travel. A system of appeals will be provided for. The commissioner will have authority to summon witnesses and to punish for refusal to give testimony. The understanding is that the bill will be made a party measure.

# REPUBLICANS OF IDAHO HAVE DECIDED TO MAKE A BLUFF AT GOING AFTER THE RAILROADS TRAVERSING THE STATE.

BOISE, Ida., Feb. 8.—It has developed that a plan is on foot to pass a bill through the legislature providing for the appointment of a railway commissioner. The matter is kept very quiet, but it is understood the leaders of both houses are agreed upon the programme and they have strength enough to pass it. The bill is to be similar to a measure now pending in the state of Washington, but will provide for a single commissioner instead of a commission. This commissioner is to be given the power to regulate and fix rates for passengers and freight, to look after bridges, tracks, etc., with the view of insuring safety in travel. A system of appeals will be provided for. The commissioner will have authority to summon witnesses and to punish for refusal to give testimony. The understanding is that the bill will be made a party measure.

# REPUBLICANS OF IDAHO HAVE DECIDED TO MAKE A BLUFF AT GOING AFTER THE RAILROADS TRAVERSING THE STATE.

BOISE, Ida., Feb. 8.—It has developed that a plan is on foot to pass a bill through the legislature providing for the appointment of a railway commissioner. The matter is kept very quiet, but it is understood the leaders of both houses are agreed upon the programme and they have strength enough to pass it. The bill is to be similar to a measure now pending in the state of Washington, but will provide for a single commissioner instead of a commission. This commissioner is to be given the power to regulate and fix rates for passengers and freight, to look after bridges, tracks, etc., with the view of insuring safety in travel. A system of appeals will be provided for. The commissioner will have authority to summon witnesses and to punish for refusal to give testimony. The understanding is that the bill will be made a party measure.

# REPUBLICANS OF IDAHO HAVE DECIDED TO MAKE A BLUFF AT GOING AFTER THE RAILROADS TRAVERSING THE STATE.

BOISE, Ida., Feb. 8.—It has developed that a plan is on foot to pass a bill through the legislature providing for the appointment of a railway commissioner. The matter is kept very quiet, but it is understood the leaders of both houses are agreed upon the programme and they have strength enough to pass it. The bill is to be similar to a measure now pending in the state of Washington, but will provide for a single commissioner instead of a commission. This commissioner is to be given the power to regulate and fix rates for passengers and freight, to look after bridges, tracks, etc., with the view of insuring safety in travel. A system of appeals will be provided for. The commissioner will have authority to summon witnesses and to punish for refusal to give testimony. The understanding is that the bill will be made a party measure.

# REPUBLICANS OF IDAHO HAVE DECIDED TO MAKE A BLUFF AT GOING AFTER THE RAILROADS TRAVERSING THE STATE.

BOISE, Ida., Feb. 8.—It has developed that a plan is on foot to pass a bill through the legislature providing for the appointment of a railway commissioner. The matter is kept very quiet, but it is understood the leaders of both houses are agreed upon the programme and they have strength enough to pass it. The bill is to be similar to a measure now pending in the state of Washington, but will provide for a single commissioner instead of a commission. This commissioner is to be given the power to regulate and fix rates for passengers and freight, to look after bridges, tracks, etc., with the view of insuring safety in travel. A system of appeals will be provided for. The commissioner will have authority to summon witnesses and to punish for refusal to give testimony. The understanding is that the bill will be made a party measure.

# REPUBLICANS OF IDAHO HAVE DECIDED TO MAKE A BLUFF AT GOING AFTER THE RAILROADS TRAVERSING THE STATE.

BOISE, Ida., Feb. 8.—It has developed that a plan is on foot to pass a bill through the legislature providing for the appointment of a railway commissioner. The matter is kept very quiet, but it is understood the leaders of both houses are agreed upon the programme and they have strength enough to pass it. The bill is to be similar to a measure now pending in the state of Washington, but will provide for a single commissioner instead of a commission. This commissioner is to be given the power to regulate and fix rates for passengers and freight, to look after bridges, tracks, etc., with the view of insuring safety in travel. A system of appeals will be provided for. The commissioner will have authority to summon witnesses and to punish for refusal to give testimony. The understanding is that the bill will be made a party measure.

# REPUBLICANS OF IDAHO HAVE DECIDED TO MAKE A BLUFF AT GOING AFTER THE RAILROADS TRAVERSING THE STATE.

BOISE, Ida., Feb. 8.—It has developed that a plan is on foot to pass a bill through the legislature providing for the appointment of a railway commissioner. The matter is kept very quiet, but it is understood the leaders of both houses are agreed upon the programme and they have strength enough to pass it. The bill is to be similar to a measure now pending in the state of Washington, but will provide for a single commissioner instead of a commission. This commissioner is to be given the power to regulate and fix rates for passengers and freight, to look after bridges, tracks, etc., with the view of insuring safety in travel. A system of appeals will be provided for. The commissioner will have authority to summon witnesses and to punish for refusal to give testimony. The understanding is that the bill will be made a party measure.

# REPUBLICANS OF IDAHO HAVE DECIDED TO MAKE A BLUFF AT GOING AFTER THE RAILROADS TRAVERSING THE STATE.

BOISE, Ida., Feb. 8.—It has developed that a plan is on foot to pass a bill through the legislature providing for the appointment of a railway commissioner. The matter is kept very quiet, but it is understood the leaders of both houses are agreed upon the programme and they have strength enough to pass it. The bill is to be similar to a measure now pending in the state of Washington, but will provide for a single commissioner instead of a commission. This commissioner is to be given the power to regulate and fix rates for passengers and freight, to look after bridges, tracks, etc., with the view of insuring safety in travel. A system of appeals will be provided for. The commissioner will have authority to summon witnesses and to punish for refusal to give testimony. The understanding is that the bill will be made a party measure.