

CHAMBERLAIN'S NIGHT

Colonial Secretary Entertained By Constitutional Club.

SPEECH OF PREMIER BALFOUR

TARIFF QUESTION TOUCHED UPON GINGERLY.

London, June 26.—The Constitutional club today entertained Colonial Secretary Chamberlain at luncheon and presented him with an address enclosed in a casket, in recognition of his services to the nation. Premier Balfour made the presentation speech. Referring to Mr. Chamberlain's fiscal proposals, he said it would be absolute folly for the conservative unionist party to make opinions on economic questions a test of party loyalty. The present economic position of the country demanded the most careful consideration. The country was now in the position of an aeronaut who kept his balloon in the air by throwing out sand bags. That was a very proper course so long as he had sufficient sand bags, but when these were exhausted it was time to reconsider the position. It must not be supposed because self-government had been given to the colonies they could be regarded as separate political entities. On the contrary, they were integral portions of the British empire. The question at issue was not, but Mr. Chamberlain, more than any man dead or living, had given life to the expression of the idea of imperial unity.

Mr. Chamberlain received a remarkable ovation when he rose to reply. His hosts sang "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," and then cheered Mrs. Chamberlain, who was among the spectators. The secretary opened his remarks with repudiating the suggestions of personal competition between himself and Mr. Balfour, remarking that he could not conceive of any occurrence that could shake the political friendship existing between them. He desired on the eve of his departure to publicly state that he believed that the leadership of Mr. Balfour was essential to the success of the unionist party. He believed that the alliance was dissolved and weakened, the "home rule snake" was only scotched and not killed, and would come to the front again.

Turning to the problem occupying the center of the political field, Mr. Chamberlain declared that the commercial union of the British empire was far more profitable than their political union. It was not true that he had raised the cry of preferential tariffs for the benefit of the party, but it was because there was no other alternative to a man holding his position, and he believed that by the time he could be elected he would be able to give as well as to receive. The time was surely drawing near when a decision must be reached on this question, but he was now speaking for himself alone, and he did not ask anyone to commit himself to the acceptance of his views.

On the inquiry about to occur, he continued, all questions should be regarded on their merits. A policy of retaliation could be better described as a policy of retaliation. The ministers would endeavor to break down the existing wall of hostile tariffs, and if they failed in these negotiations they would endeavor to retain for their own country the vast possibilities for production and opportunity for employment, the lack of which was driving British subjects to foreign lands. Great Britain wanted something to bargain with. Durifig a long business and political career he had never been able to make a satisfactory deal until he had something to give as well as to receive. The time was surely drawing near when a decision must be reached on this question, but he was now speaking for himself alone, and he did not ask anyone to commit himself to the acceptance of his views.

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GERMAN ELECTION RIOTS. Many Persons Wounded and Others Arrested.

Berlin, June 26.—With four districts not yet heard from and with two rebellious results in the two conservative parties resulting thirty-two, the national liberals forty-four, the right liberals twenty and the third radicals nine, the South German radicals six and the center party twelve, and the socialists twenty-five. The minor factions elected twenty-two members. The news announced that Dr. Barth was defeated.

Dr. Becker, national liberal, who defeated Herr Ulrich, socialist, at Offenbach, yesterday, was attacked by an unknown person in the street and severely wounded. A man named Bohem who accompanied him was also wounded.

Election fights between the police and the populace occurred at Dortmund yesterday evening. The police used their swords, wounded several persons and arrested many others. Similar excesses are reported from Hofburg, Bavaria.

INJUNCTION ASKED. Cramp Shipbuilding Company in the Courts.

Philadelphia, June 26.—The motion of H. H. Granger and A. H. McNeil for a preliminary injunction to restrain the Cramp Shipbuilding company from increasing its capital stock and its mortgage indebtedness was heard today in common pleas court. Among the plaintiffs were H. E. Stotes and the Praxel & Co., who attended to the details of forming the syndicate. The directors of the company are Samuel Dickson, a member of the board, president of the Cramp company, and Charles H. Cramp, the company's president.

Granger and McNeil, minority stockholders, contend that the plan of recapitalization would be contrary to the constitution of the state. They also contend that the commission to be paid to Drexel & Co. is exorbitant.

FREIGHT HANDLERS WILL LOSE STRIKE. Chicago, June 26.—The Freight Handlers' union involved in the Chicago & Alton strike sought a peaceable settlement of the trouble today through the agency of the teamsters' joint council, taking the direction of the strike out of the hands of President Curran. A committee of three from the local unions, appointed at a meeting last night, met a committee of the teamsters to arrange plans for ending the strike, which they now concede will end in victory for the railroads.

PROSECUTION DROPPED. Chicago, June 26.—Harold C. Reed, or Mills, to escape whom Miss Laura Stickler is said to have jumped from a hotel window several weeks ago, was discharged today. Miss Stickler, who signed the warrants for Reed's arrest, charging him with abduction and assault, failed to appear in court.

REDUCED RATES EAST. Eastern Excursions. June 30, July 5 and 8. Via Oregon Short Line. Chicago, \$5.00. St. Louis, \$5.50. Missouri river points, \$6. Tickets good returning for ninety days. City ticket office, 200 Main street.

Fred Graham sings Salt Palace Sunday.

PUNISHMENT FOR ASSASSINS

Meaning of King Peter's Reappointment of Ministers.

GENERAL ORDER TO THE ARMY

FULSOME FLATTERY OF THE MEN WITH THE GUNS.

Belgrade, June 26.—Foreign Minister Kalievich has sent a circular to the Serbian representatives abroad, explaining that King Peter reappointed the cabinet because he considered that he could not do better than entrust the government to the men in whom parliament had a few days ago expressed its full confidence.

One of the first tasks of the ministry would be to order new elections, and the king would then be able to select a second cabinet from the predominant political party.

King Peter held a reception this morning. Only two foreign diplomats, the Russian and Austrian ministers, attended. The representatives of three or four other countries apparently were willing to recognize King Peter, but not the Serbian cabinet, in which Colonel Maschin, one of the chief consulars, holds a portfolio.

The king's reappointment of the minister yesterday is regarded as equivalent to a notification that no punishment will be meted out to the assassins of King Alexander and Queen Draga.

The "Dear Army." King Peter issued the following general order today: "To My Dear Army: 'In setting foot on the soil of our dear fatherland, my cradle and the cradle of my ancestors, my heart gives greeting, first to you, the hope of the Serbian, my dear, heroic army. On ascending the throne of my glorious ancestors, I also take supreme command of the whole Serbian army. Under the leadership of my illustrious grandfather, by its virtues and military successes astounded the world and in the later war for the liberation of Serbia, you have shown many proofs of military merit. I feel happy that the supreme command has been entrusted to me.

Falcons of Serbia. 'Officers, non-commissioned officers and men: At this solemn moment I greet you with the words 'God be with you, you falcons of the Serbian people.' I am happy to see you all united around my throne, imbued with loyalty to me and to the ideals of our fatherland. I will endeavor to maintain this spirit by judging and estimating each and all of you solely by your military merit. You are all equally dear to me. I merely ask that you will devote yourselves heartily to the calling you have chosen and that you will assist me to guide you in the steps of honor and glory.

Charged with Fraud. Timber Land Operations Before United States Commissioner.

Portland, Ore., June 26.—The examination of Miss Marie Ware, former dividing English subject at Eugene, and Horace G. McKinley, a timber land operator, on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the United States out of public lands, was commenced today before United States Commissioner Sladen.

Specifically stated, the accusation against them is that of having fraudulently forged the names of fictitious persons to homestead applications and of conspiring to have entered at the United States land office at Roseburg, a warrant for the arrest of the father of S. A. D. Puter, who is now supposed to be in St. Paul.

It is alleged that he was concerned in the conspiracy to defraud the government. It is known that hundreds of fraudulent entries of public land have been made in Oregon during the past two years and that thousands of acres of public land have been secured by speculators.

Secretary Cortelyou Gives Notice to Hungry Republican Politicians.

Washington, June 26.—Secretary Cortelyou today issued the following statement: "In order to correct a widespread impression that on July 1 many new positions will be created in the department of commerce and labor, Secretary Cortelyou announced today that, owing to the limited appropriation for salaries in the department, and to the bureau of the department, and to the fact that the transfers to take place in accordance with the law on July 1 do not create any new positions, practically no more appointments can be made until additional appropriations are secured. Unlike the other executive departments, the department of commerce and labor has no new appropriation becoming available July 1. The civil service requirements obtain throughout the department, and vacancies as they occur in the ordinary routine of departmental business must be filled in the usual way through the civil service commission."

KANSAS PARSIMONY. Legislature Failed to Aid the Flood Sufferers.

Topeka, Kan., June 26.—The extra session of the Kansas legislature ended this morning at 11 o'clock. The bill which was passed, only two of which were of general nature. Most of them gave Kansas counties the right to restore bridges that had been washed away by the flood. County Commissioners are authorized to borrow money from the county fund to any extent that seems best to them. To the last an effort was made to pass a bill appropriating money for the relief of the sufferers, but it was defeated. This action of the legislature has caused a great amount of criticism.

LUNCHEON WITH ROOSEVELT. Sir Thomas Lipton's Visit to the White House.

Washington, June 26.—Sir Thomas Lipton, the challenger for the America's cup, lunched with President Roosevelt at the White House this afternoon. The other guests were Andrew D. White, the former American ambassador to Germany, William Fife, the designer of the yacht "Thetis," and George W. Squires, secretary of the War Sangers, Assistant General George W. Squires, secretary of the War Sangers, and Secretary Moody.

The conclusion of luncheon Sir Thomas Lipton left for New York. Lottie Levy sings Salt Palace Sunday.

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BIRTHDAY OF KING EDWARD III OBSERVED BY THE BRITISH PEOPLE

London, June 26.—King Edward's birthday was officially celebrated today in London at the home naval and military stations. All the government buildings were decorated with flags, salutes were fired, the warships at all the ports dressed ship and the troops were reviewed. The main feature was the trooping of the colors on the Horse Guards' parade here, which the king attended on horseback. This was the first time he had ridden a horse since his illness. The parade ground was highly distinguished by the presence of Queen Alexandra, the Princess of Wales, the Duchess of Albany, the Duke and Duchess of Pife, the Duchess of Cornwall, the Prince and Princess of Battenberg and their children, and the khedive of Egypt occupied seats in the central windows of the Horse Guards' building, while all the other vantage

SANTA FE COMPANY APPEARS AS PROSECUTOR OF UNION PACIFIC

Chicago, June 26.—The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad came out openly as an accuser of the Union Pacific railroad before the interstate commerce commission today, its representative taking a prominent part in trying to prove that the latter company had been allowing P. H. Peavey & Co. rebates in the form of elevator service at Council Bluffs, Kan. That the Santa Fe was the instigator of the inquiry was hinted at by J. C. Stubbs of the Harriman system, who criticized the practices of the commission in investigating charges against railroads in cases where the inquiry is based on secret information furnished by business competitors.

Santa Fe Man Spoke. At the opening of the session Attorney Gardner Lathrop announced that he was present as the representative of the Santa Fe railroad and that he desired to answer the imputations made by Mr. Stubbs as to the actions of Vice President Paul Morton in instigating this investigation. He declared that in

NOME DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE OILED BY COURT AND GRAND JURY

Nome, Alaska, June 18, via Seattle, June 26.—Failing to substantiate sensational charges he made against the federal grand jury May 9 resulted two days later in the removal from office of George Paul Griggs, acting district attorney. In the same order District Judge Moore appointed John L. McGinn as United States district attorney. District Judge Moore acting during the winter. During his absence George H. Griggs, his son, acted as district attorney. The removal of Griggs, according to Judge Moore's order, runs until the disability of Melvin Griggs by reason of his absence from Nome, be removed, or until his successor is appointed.

United States Marshal Frank Richards was severely arraigned before the grand jury, which made its report to Judge Moore on June 11. The document covered fifteen typewritten pages. The grand jury and the state department relative to the proceedings of the grand jury, which made its report to Judge Moore on June 11. The document covered fifteen typewritten pages. The grand jury and the state department relative to the proceedings of the grand jury, which made its report to Judge Moore on June 11. The document covered fifteen typewritten pages.

AN ALLEGED SWINDLE PANAMA CANAL TREATY

Foreigners Given a Chance to Bite at a Get-rich-quick Scheme.

New York, June 26.—An investigation has been ordered by the authorities at Washington of an alleged gold mining concern with offices in this city. For three months past, it is said, the concern has been advertising freely in all the foreign newspapers. One of the advertisements translated into a Greek paper published here, reads: "Have you \$5? Do you wish to make them \$10 within a month, \$100 within a year and \$1,000 within a short time?"

The board of managers named in the advertisement is composed of men asserted to be holding high public positions, such as "senator from the state of Ohio," "comptroller of the United States treasury," "treasurer of the United States," etc. There also appears the name of a member asserted to have been "formerly secretary of the treasury." None of the names given, however, is known at all in public life in this country.

It is alleged that the company has disposed of considerable stock to the sign investors, and the affair will be investigated by agents of the treasury department.

The man whose name appears as president of the mining company declares that the advertisements are "brimful of typographical errors, and that the person named in the advertisement as treasurer in reality a New York custom house official.

FORTUNE IN SACHEL. Carelessness Upon the Part of Lady Herbert.

Newport, R. I., June 26.—Despite the delicate state of her health, the British ambassador, upon her departure from Newport, Rhode Island, where she sails for England shortly, her journey was greatly disturbed by the loss of a satchel containing \$15,000. A servant in whose care the satchel had been placed laid it beside the steps of a restaurant on the dock. After a time the satchel again carried it to the freight room and placed it in a corner. When an agent of the ambassador rushed up and demanded the return of the grip several minutes later he told what it contained there was consternation among the men who had been kicking a foot on the satchel.

ONE WEEK REMAINS FOR ACTION ON TREATY

Washington, June 26.—Advices received at the state department by Minister Squires at Havana indicate that but one week's time remains for action upon the Cuban coalition treaty as a resolution has been introduced by the government of congress on July 4. Mr. Squires makes no mention of the treaty in his message, but the officials here feel confident that it will be approved. The chief risk is believed to be that of an amendment, which would involve fresh action by the United States senate and Minister Squires is directing his efforts to prevent such an amendment.

BOSTON EXCURSIONS. June 30 to July 3. Via Oregon Short Line. Rate of \$52.05 round trip for the N. E. A. Tickets good returning Sept. 15. Particulars furnished by Short Line agents.

Held's concert Salt Palace Sunday.

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OTHER KIND WORDS SPOKEN

DINNER GIVEN BY AMBASSADOR TOWER.

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It is with a very great pleasure that I have been permitted to present to you Rear Admiral Cotton and the officers of the United States navy who accompany him upon this visit to Kiel in response to your invitation. They come here with their ships of war upon a mission of peace, bringing with them cordial sentiments of friendship from America to Germany. I am convinced, sir, that you and your people entertain the same sentiments in return towards the president and people of the United States. Your interest in us has proved on many memorable occasions, especially upon that of the visit of his royal highness, Prince Henry, who was received throughout the country by demonstrations of hearty and sincere welcome, and who, when he embarked, left behind him the universal wish that he would visit us again.

Benefit to Civilization. "You have also given proof of these sentiments in the present you made of magnificent casts to Harvard university.

Mutual understanding between nations, as between individuals, is best attained by personal intercourse, which leads to better acquaintance. It is a happy outcome of an occasion like this that friends strengthen their friendship, which in the case of two great powers like Germany and the United States, leads to the whole civilization, extension of commerce and the peace of the world.

The closer our acquaintance becomes the more we are sure to discover how near our paths lie to each other, how readily we may follow them together and how much we have each to gain by the maintenance of harmony in the future as well as in the present and in the past. America wishes this, sir, with all sincerity. There are hundreds of thousands of people of German birth or German extraction living in the United States, who look back from their new home with feelings of tender affection toward their fatherland. They are among the best of our citizens.

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WICKANOOIL. A reliable remedy for all pain. Its action on aching bones or body is quick and sure. It controls all kinds of muscular or nervous pain, allays inflammation and soothes overwrought nerves. For cramps, colic, diarrhoea, neuralgia, rheumatism, insect bites, sunburn, tender feet, lame back, earache and toothache, it's invaluable. Only 25 cents a bottle at all druggists.

A BARGAIN WEEK. ONE of the busiest weeks of a big busy season has almost passed, and we're going to make the closing day the most interesting of them all by naming some Extraordinary Bargains.

From 3 o'clock p. m. until 9 p. m., Saturday (TO-DAY), we offer our entire stock of New Shirt Waists at an actual cut of Just One-Half from the regular price.

Table listing various waist prices: \$7.50 Waist for 35c, \$10.00 Waist for 50c, \$12.50 Waist for 75c, \$15.00 Waist for 1.00, \$17.50 Waist for 1.25, \$20.00 Waist for 1.50, \$22.50 Waist for 1.75, \$25.00 Waist for 2.00, \$27.50 Waist for 2.25, \$30.00 Waist for 2.50, \$32.50 Waist for 2.75, \$35.00 Waist for 3.00, \$37.50 Waist for 3.25, \$40.00 Waist for 3.50, \$42.50 Waist for 3.75, \$45.00 Waist for 4.00, \$47.50 Waist for 4.25, \$50.00 Waist for 4.50.

Six Hours of Unprecedented Waist Selling. The sale will include everything in Wash Waists in cotton and linen fabrics, consisting of Oxford, Damasks, Canvas, Linens, Lawns, Tissues and all Fancy Weaves.

Shirt Waist Suits. HALF PRICE. During the Shirt Waist Sale Saturday afternoon and evening we will offer our entire line of Shirt Waist Suits at Half Price Also.

More Saturday Afternoon and Evening Specials. Our Entire Line of Ladies' and Children's White and Colored PARASOLS AT HALF PRICE. 50c on the Dollar. Another Entire Line of Ladies' Black Lace and Drop Stitch HOSIERY Sold Regularly at 50c to 60c a pair, 25c to 30c Saturday only at 20c a pair.

Ladies' Corsets, sold regular at 50c a pair only 25c. I will pay you to come early for these. Amoskeag Gingham will be sold at 5c per yard. Red and Black Madras 2 1/2 CENTS PER YARD. A B C Zephyr Gingham, 2 1/2 cents per yard. West End Cotton Challes, 2 1/2 CENTS PER YARD. ONLY 10 YDS TO A CUSTOMER. These goods are sold regular at 75c to 10c per yard.