IF IT HAPPENS IT'S IN THE HERALD

THE SALT LAKE HERALD.

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SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, SATURDAY, JULY 30, 1904

LAST EDITION

WEATHER FOR SALT LAKE
Generally Fair.

THE METALS
Silver, 58⅝c per ounce.
Copper (casting), 12c per pound.
Lead, in ore, $3.50; New York, $4.20.

SHANGHAI AND CHEFOO RUMOR

Port Arthur Again Taken by the Japanese Army.

CONFIRMATION IS LACKING

NO DETAILS GIVEN OF THE FINAL ASSAULT.

London, July 29.—(Midnight.)—Up to this hour the Japanese legation has received no news indicating the fall of Port Arthur.

Washington, July 29.—(4:15 p. m.)—The Shanghai dispatch reporting the fall of Port Arthur was communicated to the Japanese minister here. Up to this time, however, no official news on this subject has reached the legation.

SHANGHAI, July 29.—(Night.)—A telegram received here from Weihaiwei confirms other telegrams received here today from Chefoo to the effect that Port Arthur has been captured. The Weihaiwei telegram says also that the British fleet, which has been cruising, will return there tomorrow.

At Weihaiwei there is a British wireless telegraph station, and the British warships are equipped with this means of communication. It is possible that Weihaiwei has been in wireless communication with the fleet, and that the information of the fall of Port Arthur was received in this manner.

HAS HEARD NOTHING.

Russian War Office Awaiting News From the Front.

St. Petersburg, July 30.—At 12:30 a. m. the general staff announced that there was no news from Port Arthur and no more reason to credit the report that it had fallen than the many similar ones previously in circulation.

It was pointed out that no line of official news has been received from Port Arthur this week, and that since the occupation of Yinkow by the Japanese anything from the fortress was likely to reach Mukden first and then be given out by Viceroy Alexieff. There is no official confirmation of the reported sinking of a cruiser and gunboat on July 25.

The information contained in the dispatches of the Associated Press that the center of gravity of the military area will be shifted north is strengthened tonight by the knowledge that one of the prominent Russian correspondents is proceeding to join Lieutenant General Linevitch's headquarters near Vladivostok. This might indicate a move toward Korea from this direction.

It has been ascertained that General Kuropatkin was at Anping during the fight at Ta Tche Kiao, and it is believed he is still there, which would indicate that he expects General Kuroki will advance on Liao Yang.

SUPPOSED. ETC.

Rumor Based on the Return of the British Fleet.

London, July 29.—(8:45 p. m.)—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram company from Weihaiwei, dated today, says:

"It is supposed here that Port Arthur has been captured, as the British fleet is returning here tomorrow."

Presumably this report is from the same source as the dispatch from Shanghai, reporting a Weihaiwei rumor that Port Arthur has fallen. The only basis for the report known here is that when Russia no longer occupies Port Arthur, the British, by the treaty, will evacuate Weihaiwei, and the inference is that the British fleet is returning to Weihaiwei to remove the stores, etc., from that place.

Not much credence is attached for the moment to the Weihaiwei rumor, though similar reports are flooding the continent.

The British-China fleet left Weihaiwei July 8, so as not to be too near the scene of hostilities, owing to the fear that its presence near the gulf of Pechili might be interpreted as giving moral support to the Japanese. On July 18 the fleet was cruising in Yung Cheng bay, 63 miles southward of Chefoo.

Yung Cheng bay is about 30 miles southeast of Weihaiwei.

PORT ARTHUR REFUGEES.

Heavy Fighting Reported on Both Land and Sea.

Che Foo, July 29, 10 p. m.—A junk containing thirty refugees from Port Arthur, who are all foreigners of the better class, arrived here tonight, having left Port Arthur on Thursday.

The refugees report exceedingly heavy fighting by land and sea, to the east and to the northeast of Port Arthur, occurred on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week, and they express the belief that a general assault was begun on Thursday. They say that this bombardment was the heaviest experienced since the beginning of the siege, and that the Russian forts made very little reply to the Japanese fire. These foreigners confirm previous reports of the serious condition of the Japanese fleet.

Field Marshal Marquis Oyama, accompanied by his staff, left Port Dalny on Tuesday. He is conducting the Japanese operations in person.

The fresh meat supply in Port Arthur is exhausted. Only the troops are getting sale meat. Non-combatants are subsisting mainly upon oatmeal and rice.

CUMBERSOME BOOTS DELAY THE RETREAT

Liao Yang, July 29.—Russian soldiers are complaining of the weight of their accoutrements, which is exceedingly onerous in the mountains. Their boots are especially cumbersome and the stitched soles wear out easily. It is said they should be replaced by low American boots with nails in the soles.

A special dispatch from the front to a newspaper begs the people at home not to send perfume satchels or gloves, saying that such presents are insulting while soldiers need indispensable articles like boots and linen.

BALLOONS HAVE A CHANCE.

Washington, July 29.—Today marks the termination of the agreement entered into by the powers at The Hague peace conference, to which Russia and Japan were signatory, whereby the use of war balloons for throwing destructive explosives was prohibited for five years.

SENATOR DUBOIS MEETS PARKER

Mormon Question Urged Upon Presidential Candidate.

MATTER WILL GET ATTENTION

SMOOT COMMITTEE TO COME WEST THIS FALL.

ESOPUS, N. Y., July 29.—The Mormon question was taken up with Judge Parker by Senator Fred Dubois of Idaho. The senator was chairman of the Idaho delegation at the St. Louis convention. This delegation was instructed for Hearst but Senator Dubois announced a change of vote before the result of the first ballot could be announced. The senator met the presidential candidate for the first time today.

Judge Parker was so much interested in the political conditions in western states that he did not give Senator Dubois an opportunity to broach his mission until the arrival of Mayor McClellan of New York and his party, who called for an hour. After the New York party left Rosemount Senator Dubois asked Judge Parker to take up the Mormon question as set forth in the Democratic platform, in his letter of acceptance of the Democratic nomination. Judge Parker exhibited great interest in the subject and promised to make it a study before closing his letter.

Chance in the West.

Conditions in several of the western states, Senator Dubois said, gave the Democrats a good chance of success. He mentioned particularly Idaho, Colorado, Montana and Nevada. In Washington it has been settled that former Senator George W. Turner will be nominated for the governorship. There is a local fight on in Washington over an effort to compel the railroads to pay "their just share of taxation," which, Senator Dubois declares, would weaken the Republican party, and, added to the personal popularity of Senator Turner, would enable the Democrats to carry Washington.

Frank Morgan, a newspaper man of Washington, accompanied Senator Dubois to Rosemount, and both were guests of Judge Parker at luncheon.

Smoot Committee.

Senator Dubois, who is a member of the committee on privileges and elections which conducted the investigation of the protest against the seating of Senator Reed Smoot of Utah in the senate, announced that the investigation would be continued in Utah soon after the election. It is likely that the committee will also visit Mormon settlements in Idaho, where special inquiry will be made into the subject of church domination of politics. The investigation was started early in the last session of congress and continued until adjournment. The committee obtained authority from the senate to continue the investigation in any part of the United States where, in the opinion of the chairman, it is necessary to go.

ARABIA HAS ARRIVED AS A RUSSIAN PRIZE

St. Petersburg, July 29.—A brief report was received by the czar today from Vice Admiral Skrydloff, announcing the arrival of the German steamer Arabia, captured by the Russian cruiser Gromoboi on July 22 at Vladivostok and repeating almost verbatim the statements made in the Associated Press dispatch from Vladivostok today referring to the capture of that vessel and adding:

"The presence on the Arabia of cargo declared by the imperial government to constitute contraband compelled Admiral Jessen to send the vessel to Vladivostok, as being the nearest Russian port, in order that the matter might be examined by the local prize court."

ASSESSMENT RATES NOT LARGE ENOUGH

Boston, July 29.—Attorney General Parker today gave an opinion sustaining the Massachusetts insurance commissioners' action in prohibiting the supreme lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen from doing business in Massachusetts. The commissioners' prohibition refers to the supreme lodge only.

The attorney general's opinion finds that the supreme lodge of the A. O. U. W. has not put in force the mortuary assessment rates required by Massachusetts statutes, and that the rates are not adequate to maintain solvency according to the standards of the national fraternal congress.

MURDERERS MUST BE TAKEN BY OFFIFIALS

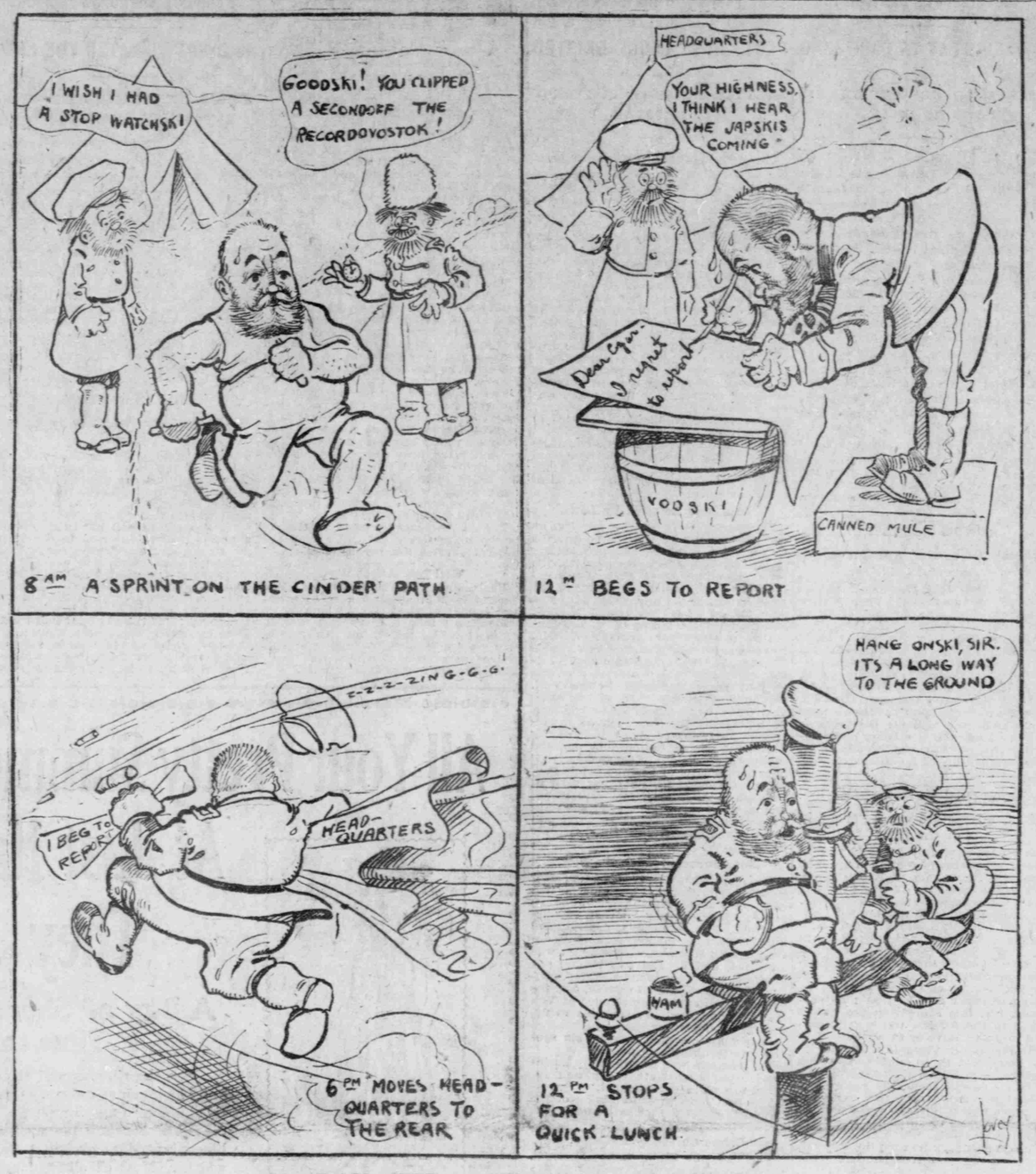
Shanghai, July 29, evening.—Referring to the recent murder by Chinese near Ichang, in Hupeh province, of the Belgian bishop, Monsignor Verhaegen, and his brother, the Rev. Theotimus Verhaegen, the viceroy of Hu-Kwang, has issued a communication allowing the officials of Singanfu ten days in which to have the murderers arrested. A reward of five hundred taels is offered for the capture of each murderer. Should they escape the officials are to be punished.

PERSONAL INTERVIEW.

Washington, July 29.—Minister Leishmann has cabled the state department from Constantinople, that he had a long interview with the sultan today. No details are given but it is assumed by the officials here that the interview was satisfactory. He has been trying many months to gain personal access to the sultan so that he made substantial progress.

BIGAMY CHARGED.

Butte, Mont., July 29.—Governor Toole today ordered the requisition of the acting governor of California for the transfer from this state to San Francisco of D. S. Germain, who is wanted there to answer to the charge of bigamy. Germain was arrested at Hamilton about a week ago on a description sent to the officers of that place by the San Francisco authorities. It is said that he has a wife in San Francisco and another in Oregon.



A DAY WITH ADMIRAL ALEXIEFF

COMPLETE RUPTURE IMMINENT

Vatican Has Replied to the French Note—Embassy Expected to Leave Rome Today—Details Are Not Obtainable.

PARIS, July 29.—The vatican's reply to the French note demanding the recall of the letters summoning bishops of Dijon and Laval to Rome was received at the foreign office this morning, and it is being translated for the council of ministers. It consists of two notes, dealing separately with the cases of the two bishops. The impression prevails that a rupture is almost inevitable.

Paris, July 29, 6:05 p.m.—The council of ministers, after sitting until 5 p.m., discussing the vatican situation, decided to keep its decision secret.

Premier Combes, when questioned after the ministers had adjourned, declared that diplomatic etiquette forbade him to speak. This statement is interpreted to indicate a complete rupture of diplomatic relations with the holy see.

The French government's note will be telegraphed this evening to M. Decourcel, the secretary in charge of the French embassy to the vatican, who will communicate it to the vatican authorities tomorrow.

It is believed that the embassy staff will leave the vatican tomorrow, and that the papal nuncio will leave Paris.

WITTE NEXT IN LINE.

London, July 30.—The Daily Telegram's Berlin correspondent says that Czar Nicholas sent a telegram to M. Witte, president of the Russian council of ministers, asking his advice and offering him the post of minister of the interior with the title of chancellor.

SALT LAKERS ARE CONFIDENT

Golfers Put In Yesterday Practicing On the Butte Links and Expect to Make a Good Showing In the Matches Today and Saturday.

(Special to The Herald.)

BUTTE, Mont., July 29.—A cold, raw wind blew over the Butte golf course today, making play anything but pleasant, and incidentally running up the scores of most of the players. All the members of the Salt Lake team practiced hard all day, putting in most of the time on the greens and learning the approaches. Every green on this course is beautifully guarded, and the pitfalls are many for the careless golfer. A number of interesting matches were played during the afternoon. Fred Hale played an all-square game with Green, the Butte club instructor, and his showing greatly encouraged Hale's team mates.

The first eighteen holes of the team match for the Leyson cup will be played tomorrow afternoon.

On the form shown by the Salt Lake men so far, the teams will probably be matched as follows: Copp vs. Green, McGurrin vs. Hodgens, Hale vs. Roe, Harkness vs. McCrimmon, Holman vs. Barker, Satterlee vs. Cory, Steiner vs. Arthur, Officer vs. Rooney. George Topliff may make the ninth number of the Salt Lake team.

It's going to be close. Weeks of hard practice have caused a remarkable improvement in the play of the local men. If the Salt Lake crowd takes the coveted cup back with them it will only be after a hard fight. At any rate, there's going to be some pretty playing.

WORSE THAN USELESS

Excursion Steamers Inspected, But No Action Taken to Cure Defects.

New York, July 29.—The equipment of the steamer Grand Republic, sister ship to the General Slocum, was 225 life preservers short when she was inspected early this year, according to the testimony of Peter C. Petrie, an assistant hull inspector, at today's session of the federal commission's investigation of the Slocum disaster. The inspector said that when he reported the matter to Captain Jones the latter replied:

"I've got lots of them between decks."

"I went to a cabin in the forward part of the boat between decks," testified the inspector, "and found between 1,200 and 1,500 life preservers. I made the crew hand them to me one by one and I looked every one over. Out of the whole lot I found only 130 that I passed."

Petrie said he did not order the condemned preservers destroyed, as he had no authority to do so, but he suggested to the captain that it would be a good plan to get them out of the way. He saw Captain Pease a month later, when the captain told him, in reply to a question that he still had the condemned life belts on board his steamer.

WORK OF FEDERAL GRAND JURY

Officers of the General Slocum and Officials of the Company Indicted—Prosecuting Attorney Will Insist Upon Heavy Bail.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Captain Van Shaick and Federal Steamship Inspector Fleming and former Inspector Lundberg were indicted today by the federal grand jury in connection with the disaster to the General Slocum on June 15 last, when nearly 1,000 lives were lost. Van Shaick was the commander of the Slocum.

United States District Attorney Burnett said that indictments also were reported against President Barnaby, Secretary Atkinson and Treasurer Dexter of the Knickerbocker Steamboat company, and Captain John Pease, the commodore of the company's fleet. General Burnett said that when these men and Captain Van Shaick and Inspectors Lundberg and Fleming are arraigned for pleading on Monday he will insist upon bail being fixed at $25,000 in each case.

MAKES A NEAT $10,000 PICK-UP

Good Fortune That Came to the Family of Peter Poulson, of Pleasant Grove, as the Result of a Small Investment.

(Special to The Herald.)

PROVO, Utah, July 29.—About fourteen years ago Peter Poulson and his son, Neils Poulson, of Pleasant Grove, invested in some lottery bond scheme conducted from Italy, probably by the Italian government. They paid installments until they had paid $90 into the concern, and then let the matter drop. Nothing was heard from the investment and it was charged up to experience. About two weeks ago an agent of the company from San Francisco dropped into Pleasant Grove and informed Neils Poulson—Peter Poulson, the father is dead that there was $3,300 coming to them on the investment and that the money was waiting in a Salt Lake bank for them. All that was necessary was for Mr. Poulson to accompany the agent to Salt Lake and have the money turned over to him by signing an instrument relinquishing all claims against the company. This seemed an easy way to get $3,300, and Mr. Poulson went to Salt Lake, intending to get this amount, but some way he became suspicious that there was more than $3,300 coming and refused to relinquish his claim. The agent then departed for San Francisco, and sure enough Mr. Poulson's hunch was all right, for some time later he received a letter from the San Francisco office that there was $10,000 for him in a Salt Lake bank, and this amount has now been paid over to the family. Mr. Poulson gets one-half and the remainder is to divided between him and five other heirs of his father.

The details of the transaction are not known, but a reliable Pleasant Grove gentleman, a relative by marriage of Mr. Poulson, vouches for the correctness of the main fact—that Mr. Poulson and the other members of the family received the $10,000.

ONE AND ALL INSANE

Holy Roller Apostle Discovered Naked and Half Famished and Arrested.

Corvallis, Ore., July 29.—Joshua Creffield, the Holy Roller apostle, was discovered in hiding under the dwelling house of O. Shurt in this city this morning and is now confined in the county jail in this city. The house where he was found is the same at which household articles, musical instruments, wearing apparel and other articles of value were burned several months ago. When discovered Creffield was naked and in a half-famished condition. During late weeks one by one the followers of the sect have been sent to the insane asylum and to the boys' and girls' home at Portland. In all half a dozen have been sent to the asylum.

HAILED AS A VICTOR.

St. Petersburg, July 29.—President of the Ministerial Council Witte returned today from Berlin. His success in concluding the Russo-German commercial treaty is hailed as a great victory.

FOREST FIRES RAGING IN THE NORTHERN PART OF MONTANA

Kalispell, Mont., July 29.—A dozen fires are raging in different portions of timbered regions in the Flathead country and the damage already done is great.

Forest Supervisor Haines has all the men he is allowed to employ and has been furnished with sixty additional men by the the Great Northern railroad to fight the fire at Belton. He checked the fire on the north side of the track but the fire on the south side is raging. Several hundred acres of timber have been destroyed. There is a serious fire on the North Fork of the Flathead river just south of the Kintla lake fields and unless this is soon checked great damage will be done to growing timber. Other fires are raging within the county and are being fought by those living near.

A fire at Athens, just west of Kalispell, has been burning for six days and at one time threatened destruction of a large saw mill and of Huntley and Schagel. Another fire is doing much damage is at Marion, another at the east end of Haskell tunnel and one west of the tunnel, while still another is in the fine timber near Atlantic.

Another large fire has made its appearance near Columbia Falls and is destroying valuable pine timber. Fires are burning seven miles northwest of Kalispell and still others have broken out in the timber east of the Kootenai range.

With all these fires raging at the same time the whole region is covered with smoke so dense that at times the sun is obscured. It is estimated that at least 5,000 acres of timber have already been burned over.

TRY TO BLOW UP PARK CITY MINE

Attempt to Dynamite St. Louis-Ontario Hoisting Works.

MAY HAVE BEEN ACCIDENT

EMPLOYES ADHERED TO THE THEORY OF MALICE.

(Special to The Herald.)

PARK CITY, July 29.—An unsuccessful attempt was made today to blow up the hoisting works of the St. Louis-Ontario Mining company, which are located east of Park City, just over the Wasatch county line. After C. J. La Plete, the superintendent and general manager of the property, together with the shift, had gone to the boarding house for dinner, some unknown person went to the hoisting works and put a quantity of giant powder in the building and exploded it by means of a long fuse.

The explosion occurred about 1 o'clock, or just about the time the crew should have returned to resume work. La Plete and his men were on the trail returning from dinner when the explosion occurred. The force of it was great enough to badly damage the corrugated iron building, besides completely destroying the mine car and bucket, which were standing at the corner of the shaft, and to break the windows in the boarding house, 200 yards away. The authorities here were notified, and Marshal McDonough and Policeman Watson went over to the shaft. The only clue they could find was the footprints of a man on the trail to the Wasatch road, the tracks being plain, the the heavy rain of yesterday and this morning had destroyed all other tracks.

Byron Hartwell, one of the owners of the property, is inclined to the belief that the explosion was not the result of an attempt to blow up the place, but rather the result of carelessness on the part of the employes. The people at the mine are sure, however, that an attempt was made to blow it up, and claim that there was no powder around the hoisting works when they went to dinner.

KOREA ESCAPED BY THE MEREST CHANCE

Tokio, July 29.—(8 p. m.)—The steamship Korea arrived at Yokohama at 7 o'clock this morning. She saw no Russian warships, and was not aware of danger. She saw the steamship Doric, which was prepared to give warning of danger, but did not speak her. She did not speak the steamship Lyra, which left Yokohama last Tuesday for Seattle.

The Korea did not go to Midway island because she was late and was trying to make up lost time. The weather was thick yesterday, and this possibly accounts for her escape. Captain Seabury was astonished when the boarding launches informed him yesterday of the risk he had been running.

COAL MINERS' TROUBLE.

Possibility That There Will be No Strike After All.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., July 29.—In a lengthy statement today S. D. Warriner, a member of the mine conciliation board, said that no complaint had been received by the conciliation board from either the miners or the operators of Coxe Bros. company in reference to check weighmen, but a complaint had been received from the Pennsylvania Coal company. This complaint was referred to an umpire and the latter did not sustain the contention of the miners.

The statement says operators are in favor of checkweighmen, but do not believe that it was contemplated by the anthracite coal strike commission that the operators should discharge such of their employes as do not desire to join with the majority of their fellows in the request for the appointment of check weighmen.

GENERAL WOOD IS TEACHING SWIMMING

Washington, July 29.—General Leonard Wood, commanding the department of Mindanao, Philippines, has taken steps to have swimming taught the soldiers of his command as the result of numerous accidents in the water. General Wood has issued a general order in which he says:

"Definite arrangements should be made at every station at the seaside or near the lakes or streams suitable for swimming, so that the men can be taught to swim. This necessary and healthful practice should be encouraged and if found necessary made compulsory."

OREGON DEMOCRATS OPEN THE CAMPAIGN

Portland, Ore., July 29.—The Democratic national campaign was opened tonight at a mass meeting held in an uptown theater. The speaker were Franklin K. Lane of San Francisco, Cal., and George E. Chamberlain of Oregon. The hall was well filled and the speakers were frequently interrupted by bursts of applause, and especially when the name of the presidential or vice presidential candidate, or of some favorite political leader was mentioned.

COAL FOR RUSSIA.

Cardiff, July 30.—A newspaper says that within the last few days Russia has made contracts for nearly 200,000 tons of Welsh coal which is supposed to be for the Vladivostok region.

HARRIMAN INTERESTS REQUIRED TO GIVE A BOND OF THREE MILLIONS

Wilmington, Del., July 29.—Argument was heard before Judge Bradford in the United States circuit court today on the form of a decree to be issued in the Northern Securities case, the court having decided recently that an order could issue granting a temporary injunction restraining the Northern Securities company from making a pro-rata distribution of its assets.

The Northern Securities company was represented today by Elihu Root and F. L. Stetson and Judge R. F. Levitt, R. V. Landerbury and Maxwell W. Evarts represented the Harriman-Pierce-Oregon Short Line interests. Mr. Levitt had prepared a decree which was submitted to the court. Mr. Root objected to the form of decree and wanted it framed so that the Northern Securities company could pay a dividend out of the funds it has now on hand and also to distribute the stock except what is tied up in this particular case.

Judge Bradford held that this could not be done as it was the duty of the court to protect all stockholders and retain all funds on hand until the final disposition of this case. He told the attorneys that he would prepare a decree and that it would be filed in Trenton some time next week.

He also notified counsel for Harriman et al. that they would be required to give a bond of $2,000,000.

VEST WORSE.

Sweet Springs, Mo., July 29.—Ex-Senator George Vest passed a restless night and today was considered worse.

SETTLEMENT IS STILL FAR AWAY

Packers and Strikers Determined to Fight to the End.

ARBITRATION AGAIN FAILS

SOME DISTURBANCES IN STOCKYARDS SECTION.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Unable to arrange a conference with representatives of the New York packers, Michael Donnelly, president of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen of America, has ordered a strike of all the members of his organization employed in New York by Swarzschild & Sulzberger and the United Dressed Beef companies. The order was telegraphed to New York tonight.

That the probabilities of a settlement by the opposing interests in Chicago are as remote as ever was plainly demonstrated today when Henry C. Wallace of Des Moines, Iowa, and A. L. Ames of Buckingham, Iowa, called on the packers with a proposal from the strike leaders offering to concede the most important points in the controversy if the employers would agree to renew peace negotiations. Mr. Wallace and Mr. Ames were told by the packers that there was no possible chance for any further conciliatory move and that the packers were now in a position where they could ignore the labor unions and that they proposed to ignore the strikers. The packers answer was delivered to the strike leaders and the men from Iowa left tonight for home.

Anxious to Work.

From a statement made by President Donnelly tonight it would appear that the men are becoming anxious to return to work.

"We shall be glad to confer with representatives of the packers at any time," said Mr. Donnelly. "While I cannot say that our position is in any way changed, we are not anxious to keep up a running fight and shall be glad if a settlement can be effected."

Following the arrest of George Golden, chief of the packing teamsters' union, for picketing, riots became more frequent near the stockyards this afternoon. In one disturbance a mob captured a loaded meat wagon after it had left the stockyards, upset the wagon and threw the meat into the street. The most serious riot of the day occurred in South Chicago where five men were arrested for trying to prevent the delivery of meat. Although the strikers and their friends became boisterous when it became known that Golden had been arrested and made all sorts of threats, no one was seriously injured in any of the many disturbances that occurred. The police have the situation so well in hand that before the rioters can get fairly started in their purpose they are scattered by the blue coats.

Work Going On.

More business was done today by the packers than at any time since the strike began. With today's additions to the new employes obtained from outside sources the statement was made tonight by one of the packers that fully 12,000 men were at work in the seven plants where the union men are on strike. This is nearly half as many as went on strike. The packers declare that they have more unskilled labor than they want, and that when all the skilled labor which they have procured in other cities reaches Chicago, all the by-products plants will be opened for operation.

DEFIED THE POLICE

President Golden of the Teamsters' Union Arrested.

Chicago, July 29.—President George F. Golden, of the Teamsters union, strike picket today, defied Police Inspector Nicholas Hunt and was arrested. Golden discovered a wagon owned by Terry & Co., being driven past his office. He called to the teamster: "Where are you going?"

"Anywhere I please, so long as I attend to my own business," was the reply, whereupon Golden ordered the driver to turn back.

The inspector heard the command and reassured the teamster, telling him to go on about his business. Then came a war of words. Hunt, shaking his club at the strike leader, declared there would be an immediate arrest if Golden did not shut up. He refused and the arrest followed.

The arrest caused great excitement and within two minutes several thousands men had gathered to watch the proceedings.

"This is an outrage," declared Golden. "I have been guilty of no offense against the law."

At the time of Golden's arrest the police also took into custody G. T. Buser, who was in the teamsters headquarters. He was charged with interfering with an officer.

Both prisoners were taken to the station in a patrol wagon. Bail was refused them, and they were sent to cells vehemently protesting against what they declared was an outrage.

It was the first time that a chief of the striking thousand was taken into custody.

Released on Bail.

Later, however, President Golden, after a stormy talk with Police Inspector Hunt, in which International President Shea of the International Teamsters organization took part, was liberated on bail.

Declaring that the Lord had commissioned him to end the packing house strike by killing all the strikers, John A. Leed, a negro, caused much excitement at the stockyards today. He was arrested after a struggle and found to be carrying a loaded revolver. The police are in doubt whether Leed is insane or only shamming.

Eighty negroes being transported from the stockyards in two cars on the Lake Shore road were thrown into a panic by a furious attack by a mob of 200 throwing stones, which demolished nearly every window in both cars. Explosion of a torpedo warned the engineer to stop.

Instantly a mob rushed out from places of concealment and the rock throwing began. Three policemen standing upon the platforms beat back the rioters, while the frightened negroes hid under the car seats, while the train pulled away from the scene.

Armour's Attempt Failed.

Attempt to smuggle out non-union meat from the stock yards through subterfuge today resulted in an exciting chase and the complete failure of the plan. The meat had been loaded by Armour & Co. into a wagon by the Great Western Art company, and eluding the vigilance of the pickets the driver had passed out of the yards. The pickets shortly after learned the facts. They mounted a street car, overtook the driver and compelled the man to turn back to the yards, where the meat was unloaded.

Disorders at Nelson Morris & Co.'s